



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 25, 2026 – 02:53 PM UTC

PDB ID : 7L6N / pdb_00007l6n
EMDB ID : EMD-23206
Title : The Mycobacterium tuberculosis ClpB disaggregase hexamer structure with three locally refined ClpB middle domains and three DnaK nucleotide binding domains
Authors : Yin, Y.Y.; Feng, X.; Li, H.
Deposited on : 2020-12-23
Resolution : 7.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

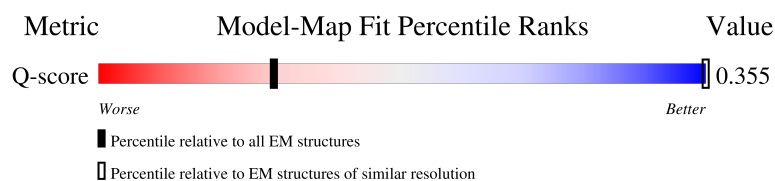
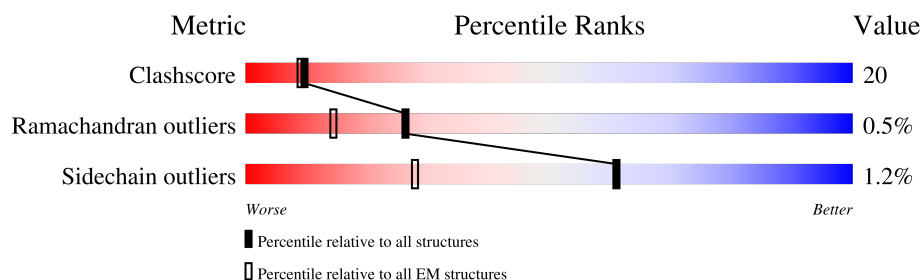
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 7.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	483 (6.50 - 7.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	848	
1	B	848	
1	C	848	
1	D	848	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	E	848	
1	F	848	
2	N	33	
3	I	625	
3	J	625	
3	K	625	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	AGS	D	902	-	-	X	-
4	AGS	E	901	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 36999 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Chaperone protein ClpB.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	674	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5222	3253	954	1004	11		
1	B	672	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5207	3241	952	1004	10		
1	C	675	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5224	3251	955	1008	10		
1	D	562	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4321	2701	790	821	9		
1	E	548	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4230	2647	772	802	9		
1	F	546	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4219	2641	770	799	9		

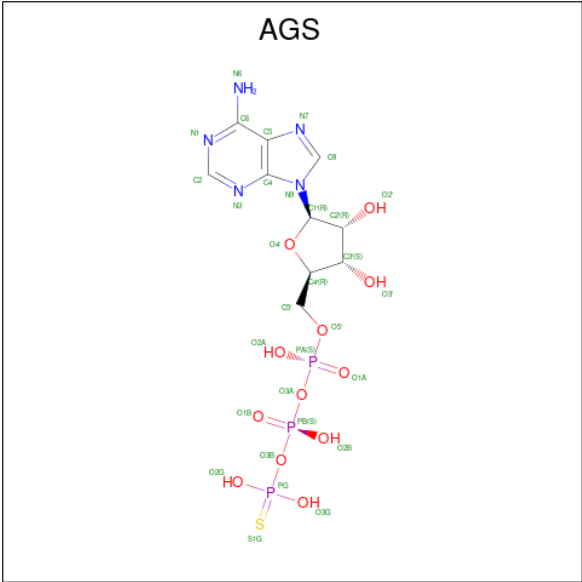
- Molecule 2 is a protein called Substrate.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
2	N	26	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			130	78	26	26		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Chaperone protein DnaK.

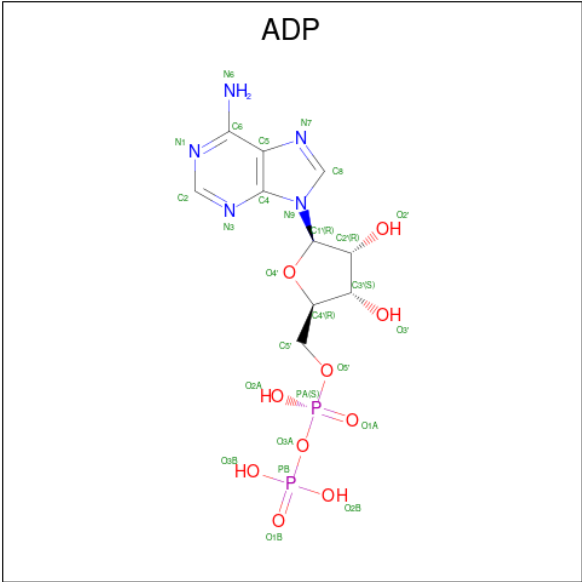
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	I	357	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2694	1675	474	539	6		
3	J	357	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2694	1675	474	539	6		
3	K	357	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2694	1675	474	539	6		

- Molecule 4 is PHOSPHOTHIOPHOSPHORIC ACID-ADENYLATE ESTER (CCD ID: AGS) (formula: C₁₀H₁₆N₅O₁₂P₃S) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

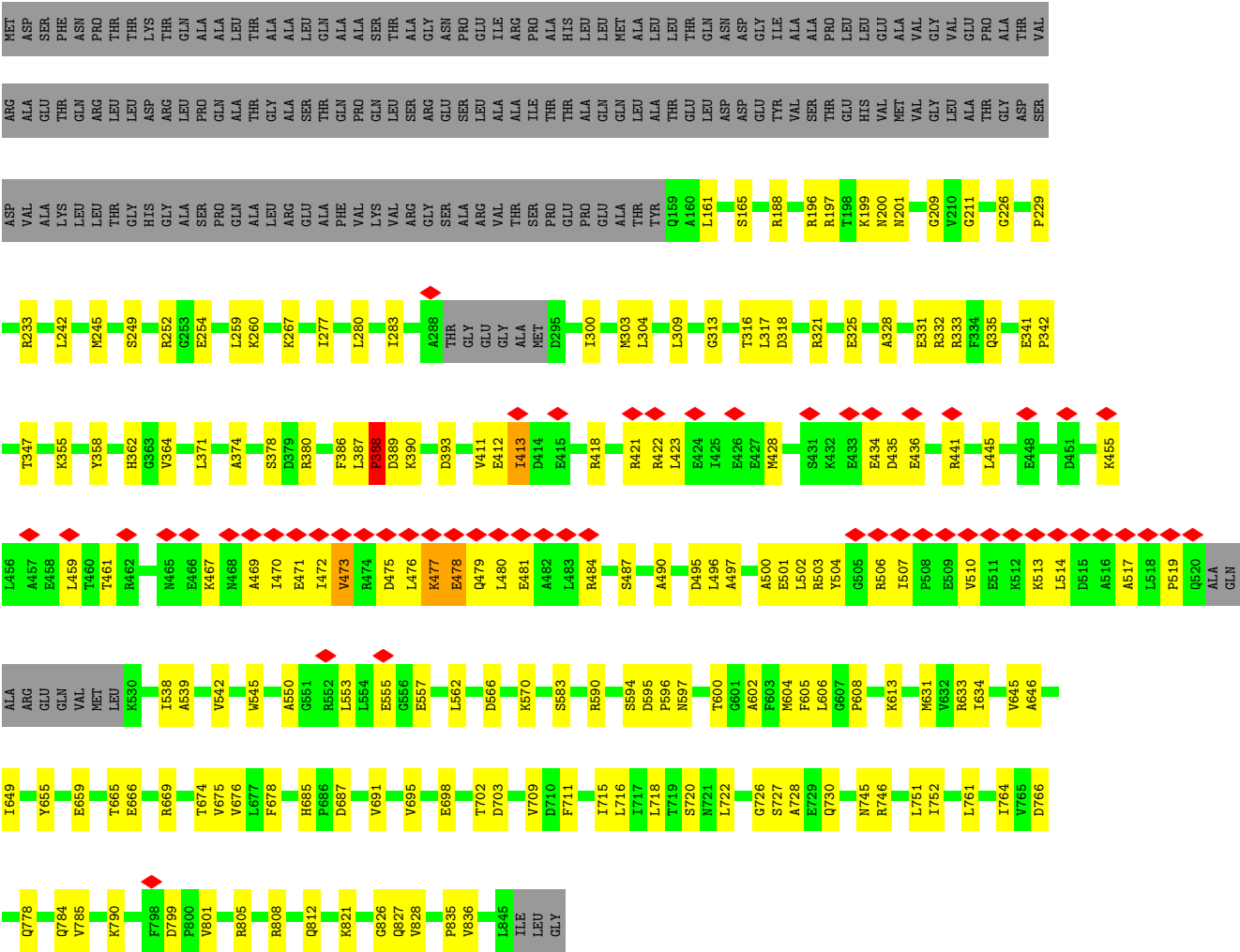


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0
			31	10	5	12	3	1	
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0
			31	10	5	12	3	1	
4	B	1	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0
			31	10	5	12	3	1	
4	B	1	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0
			31	10	5	12	3	1	
4	C	1	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0
			31	10	5	12	3	1	
4	C	1	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0
			31	10	5	12	3	1	
4	D	1	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0
			31	10	5	12	3	1	
4	D	1	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0
			31	10	5	12	3	1	
4	E	1	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0
			31	10	5	12	3	1	
4	F	1	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0
			31	10	5	12	3	1	

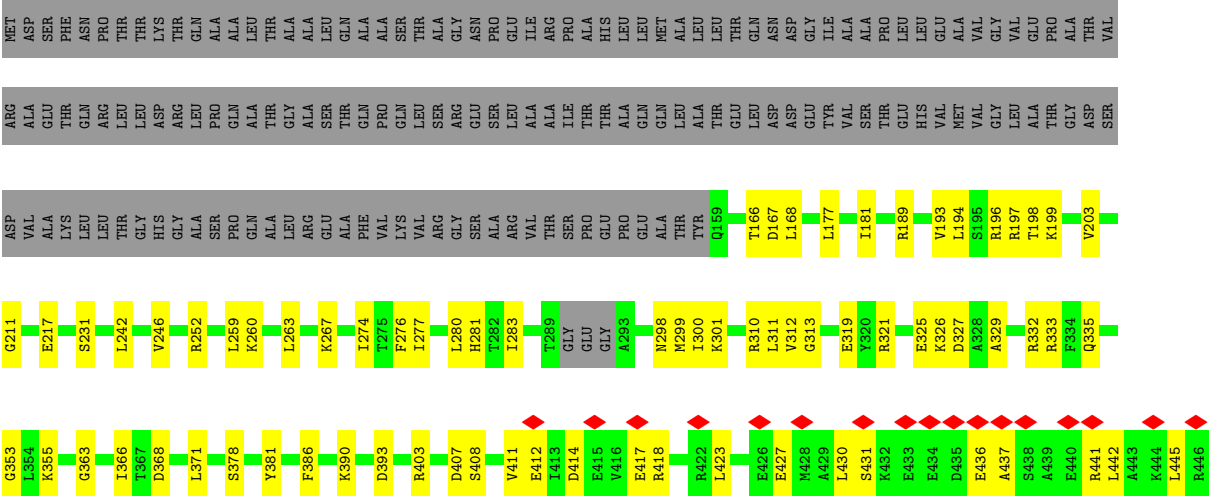
- Molecule 5 is ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: ADP) (formula: C₁₀H₁₅N₅O₁₀P₂) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

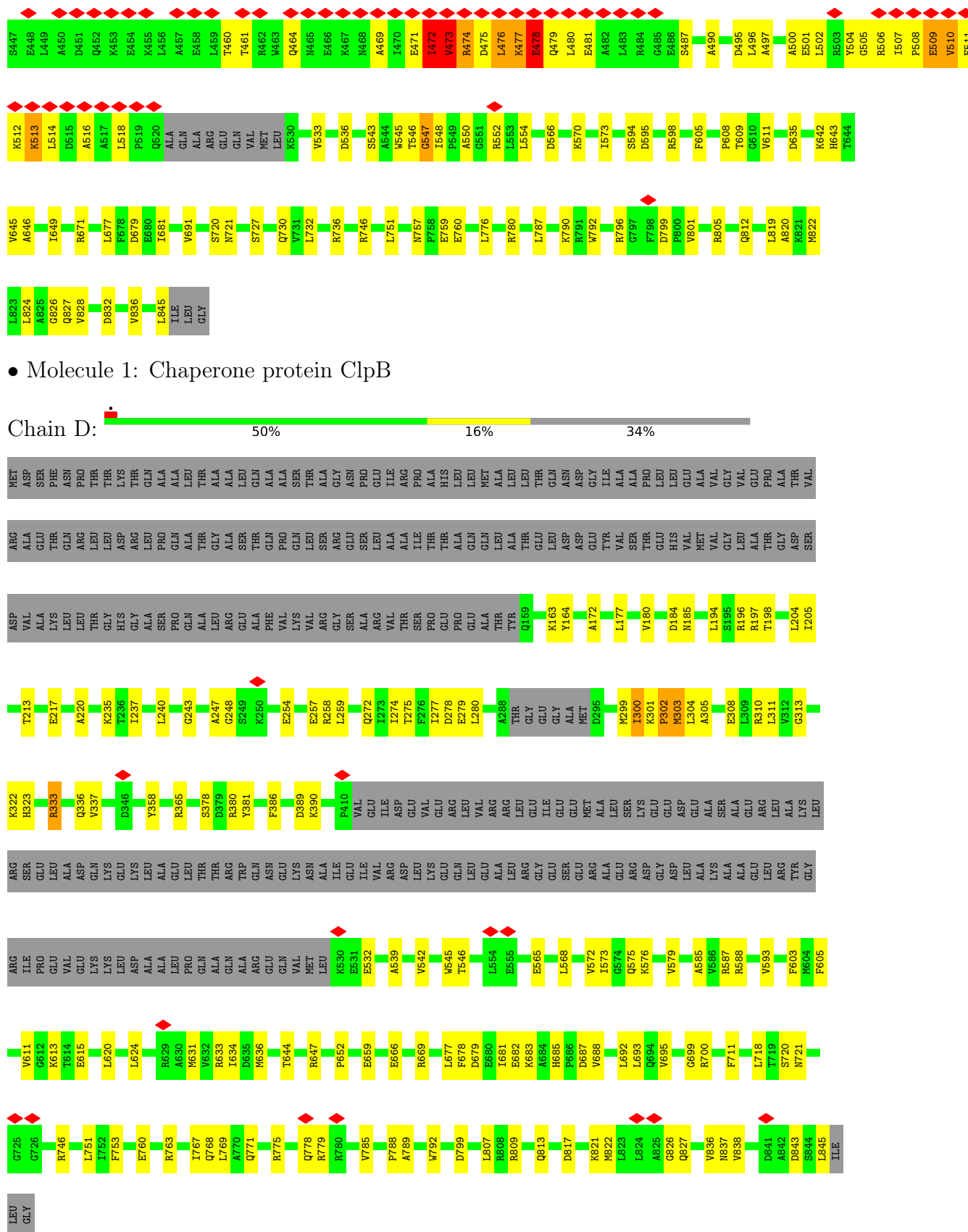


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
5	E	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			27	10	5	10	2	
5	F	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			27	10	5	10	2	

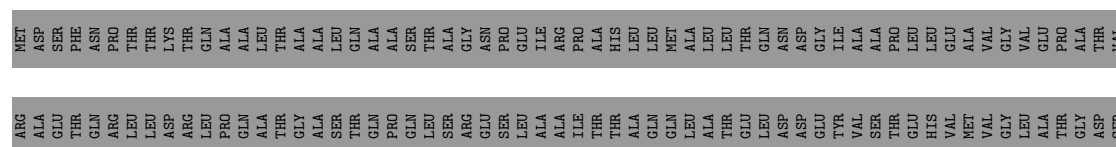


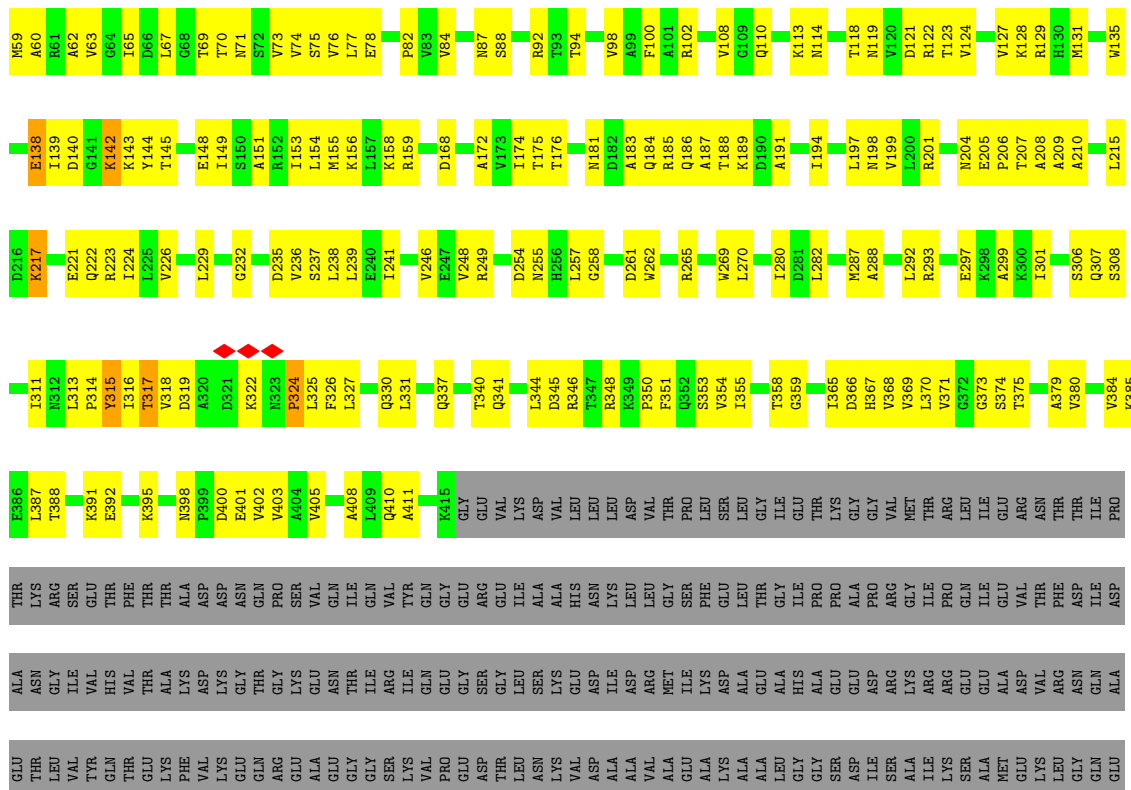
● Molecule 1: Chaperone protein ClpB



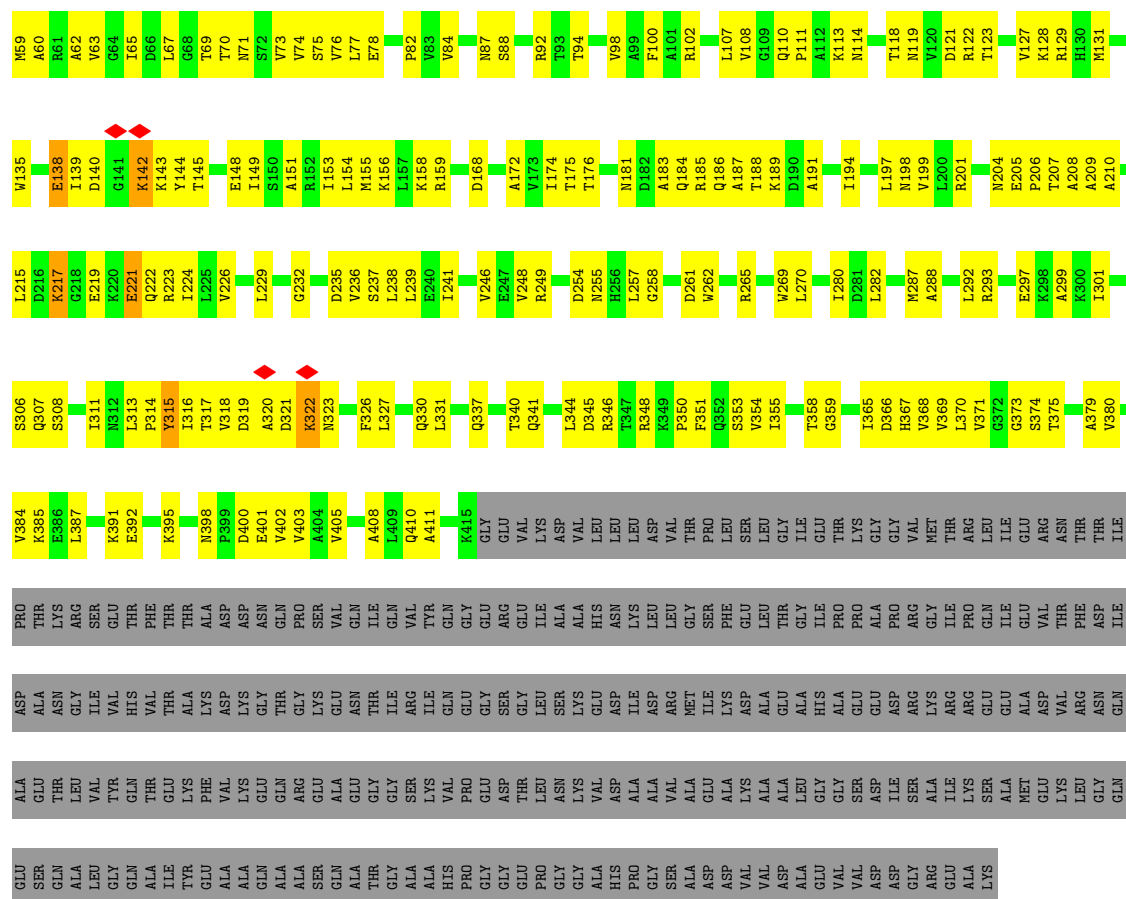


• Molecule 1: Chaperone protein ClpB





Chain K:



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	45000	Depositor
Resolution determination method	OTHER	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	2	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	50.570	Depositor
Minimum map value	-13.833	Depositor
Average map value	0.042	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	1.510	Depositor
Recommended contour level	7.1	Depositor
Map size ($\text{\AA}$)	386.64, 386.64, 386.64	wwPDB
Map dimensions	360, 360, 360	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ($\text{\AA}$)	1.074, 1.074, 1.074	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ADP, AGS

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.32	0/5286	0.53	1/7126 (0.0%)
1	B	0.30	0/5271	0.60	6/7106 (0.1%)
1	C	0.29	0/5288	0.53	0/7130
1	D	0.28	0/4380	0.53	0/5914
1	E	0.22	0/4286	0.49	1/5786 (0.0%)
1	F	0.19	0/4276	0.47	0/5774
3	I	0.42	0/2727	0.68	1/3695 (0.0%)
3	J	0.42	0/2727	0.67	0/3695
3	K	0.42	0/2727	0.68	0/3695
All	All	0.31	0/36968	0.56	9/49921 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 9 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	388	PRO	CB-CA-C	9.93	127.95	111.56
1	B	388	PRO	CA-N-CD	-9.63	98.51	112.00
1	B	413	ILE	N-CA-C	-8.53	104.86	113.47
3	I	321	ASP	CA-C-O	-6.36	114.15	120.82
1	B	386	PHE	CA-CB-CG	-6.30	107.50	113.80

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen

atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5222	0	5289	195	0
1	B	5207	0	5264	181	0
1	C	5224	0	5278	191	0
1	D	4321	0	4378	135	0
1	E	4230	0	4290	165	0
1	F	4219	0	4283	144	0
2	N	130	0	31	2	0
3	I	2694	0	2716	182	0
3	J	2694	0	2718	178	0
3	K	2694	0	2718	172	0
4	A	62	0	24	7	0
4	B	62	0	24	7	0
4	C	62	0	24	10	0
4	D	62	0	24	13	0
4	E	31	0	12	14	0
4	F	31	0	12	3	0
5	E	27	0	12	3	0
5	F	27	0	12	2	0
All	All	36999	0	37109	1464	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 20.

The worst 5 of 1464 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:E:801:VAL:HG23	1:E:802:TYR:CE1	1.38	1.55
3:I:222:GLN:NE2	3:I:241:ILE:CG2	1.69	1.54
3:I:222:GLN:NE2	3:I:241:ILE:CB	1.68	1.49
1:D:301:LYS:HG2	1:D:333:ARG:NH2	1.27	1.43
1:E:801:VAL:HG23	1:E:802:TYR:CD1	1.52	1.42

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	668/848 (79%)	590 (88%)	76 (11%)	2 (0%)	36	72
1	B	666/848 (78%)	605 (91%)	60 (9%)	1 (0%)	43	78
1	C	669/848 (79%)	592 (88%)	72 (11%)	5 (1%)	18	56
1	D	556/848 (66%)	480 (86%)	75 (14%)	1 (0%)	43	78
1	E	540/848 (64%)	477 (88%)	62 (12%)	1 (0%)	43	78
1	F	538/848 (63%)	472 (88%)	65 (12%)	1 (0%)	43	78
3	I	355/625 (57%)	318 (90%)	34 (10%)	3 (1%)	16	54
3	J	355/625 (57%)	318 (90%)	33 (9%)	4 (1%)	11	46
3	K	355/625 (57%)	317 (89%)	34 (10%)	4 (1%)	11	46
All	All	4702/6963 (68%)	4169 (89%)	511 (11%)	22 (0%)	26	63

5 of 22 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	466	GLU
1	B	388	PRO
1	C	516	ALA
3	I	315	TYR
3	I	322	LYS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	549/682 (80%)	540 (98%)	9 (2%)	55	70
1	B	547/682 (80%)	541 (99%)	6 (1%)	65	76
1	C	548/682 (80%)	537 (98%)	11 (2%)	48	66
1	D	455/682 (67%)	449 (99%)	6 (1%)	61	74
1	E	448/682 (66%)	445 (99%)	3 (1%)	76	81
1	F	448/682 (66%)	446 (100%)	2 (0%)	84	84
3	I	291/500 (58%)	286 (98%)	5 (2%)	53	69
3	J	291/500 (58%)	288 (99%)	3 (1%)	68	78
3	K	291/500 (58%)	288 (99%)	3 (1%)	68	78
All	All	3868/5592 (69%)	3820 (99%)	48 (1%)	61	75

5 of 48 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	303	MET
1	F	311	LEU
1	D	333	ARG
1	E	210	VAL
3	I	138	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 55 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	782	GLN
1	E	730	GLN
3	K	394	ASN
3	J	394	ASN
1	D	827	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

12 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	ADP	F	902	-	28,29,29	1.40	5 (17%)	43,45,45	1.81	8 (18%)
4	AGS	C	901	-	32,33,33	0.75	2 (6%)	45,52,52	0.73	1 (2%)
4	AGS	F	901	-	32,33,33	0.62	1 (3%)	45,52,52	0.71	1 (2%)
4	AGS	B	901	-	32,33,33	0.84	3 (9%)	45,52,52	0.79	1 (2%)
4	AGS	A	902	-	32,33,33	0.81	3 (9%)	45,52,52	0.81	1 (2%)
4	AGS	A	901	-	32,33,33	0.76	2 (6%)	45,52,52	0.76	1 (2%)
4	AGS	D	902	-	32,33,33	0.57	1 (3%)	45,52,52	0.72	1 (2%)
4	AGS	E	901	-	32,33,33	2.04	6 (18%)	45,52,52	1.89	10 (22%)
4	AGS	D	901	-	32,33,33	0.76	1 (3%)	45,52,52	0.75	1 (2%)
5	ADP	E	902	-	28,29,29	0.54	0	43,45,45	0.60	0
4	AGS	B	902	-	32,33,33	0.81	4 (12%)	45,52,52	0.81	1 (2%)
4	AGS	C	902	-	32,33,33	0.83	3 (9%)	45,52,52	0.78	1 (2%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	ADP	F	902	-	-	0/16/32/32	0/3/3/3
4	AGS	C	901	-	-	4/21/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	AGS	F	901	-	-	7/21/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	AGS	B	901	-	-	4/21/38/38	0/3/3/3

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	AGS	A	902	-	-	5/21/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	AGS	A	901	-	-	5/21/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	AGS	D	902	-	-	3/21/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	AGS	E	901	-	-	2/21/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	AGS	D	901	-	-	6/21/38/38	0/3/3/3
5	ADP	E	902	-	-	7/16/32/32	0/3/3/3
4	AGS	B	902	-	-	5/21/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	AGS	C	902	-	-	2/21/38/38	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 31 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	E	901	AGS	PG-S1G	7.96	2.07	1.90
4	E	901	AGS	C5-C4	4.74	1.47	1.39
5	F	902	ADP	C5-C4	4.66	1.47	1.39
4	E	901	AGS	C5-C6	2.78	1.48	1.41
4	B	901	AGS	PB-O3A	-2.75	1.56	1.59

The worst 5 of 27 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	E	901	AGS	C5-C4-N3	-5.86	118.64	126.72
5	F	902	ADP	C5-C4-N3	-5.65	118.94	126.72
4	E	901	AGS	N3-C4-N9	4.62	135.02	127.17
5	F	902	ADP	N3-C4-N9	4.52	134.86	127.17
4	C	902	AGS	PB-O3B-PG	-4.40	117.07	133.17

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 50 torsion outliers are listed below:

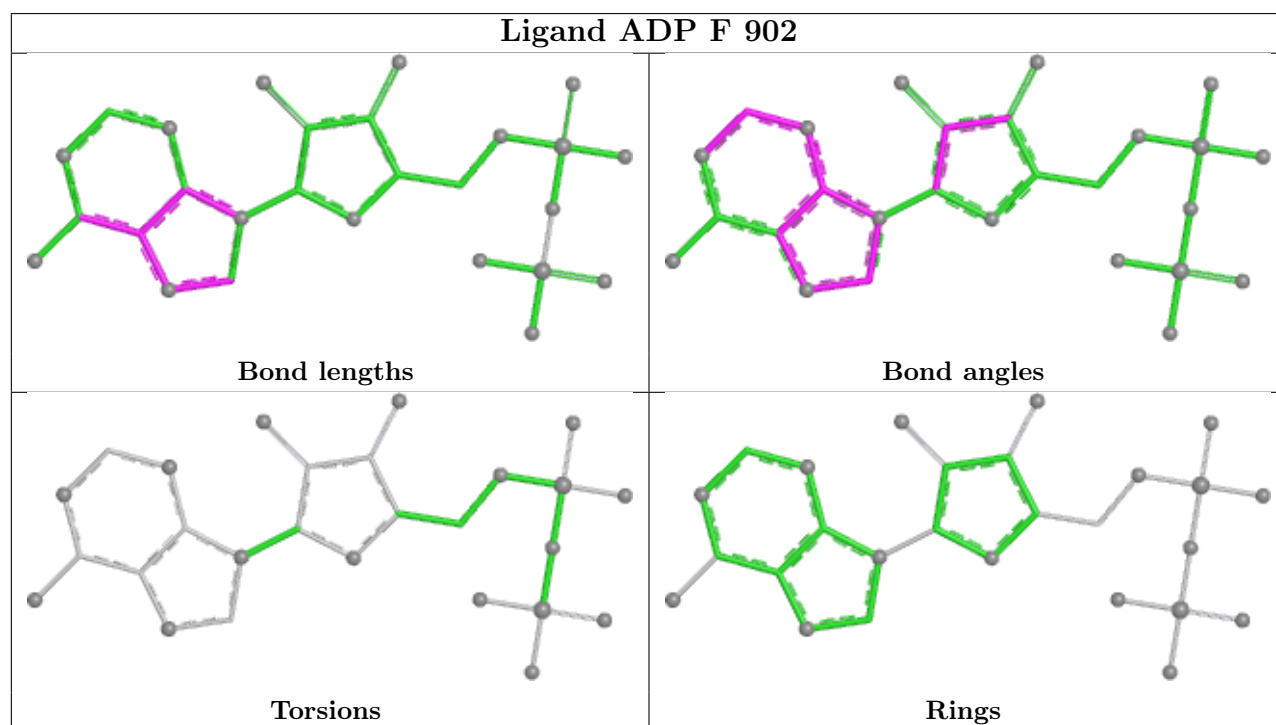
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	901	AGS	PB-O3B-PG-O2G
4	A	901	AGS	PB-O3B-PG-O3G
4	A	901	AGS	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
4	A	901	AGS	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
4	A	901	AGS	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A

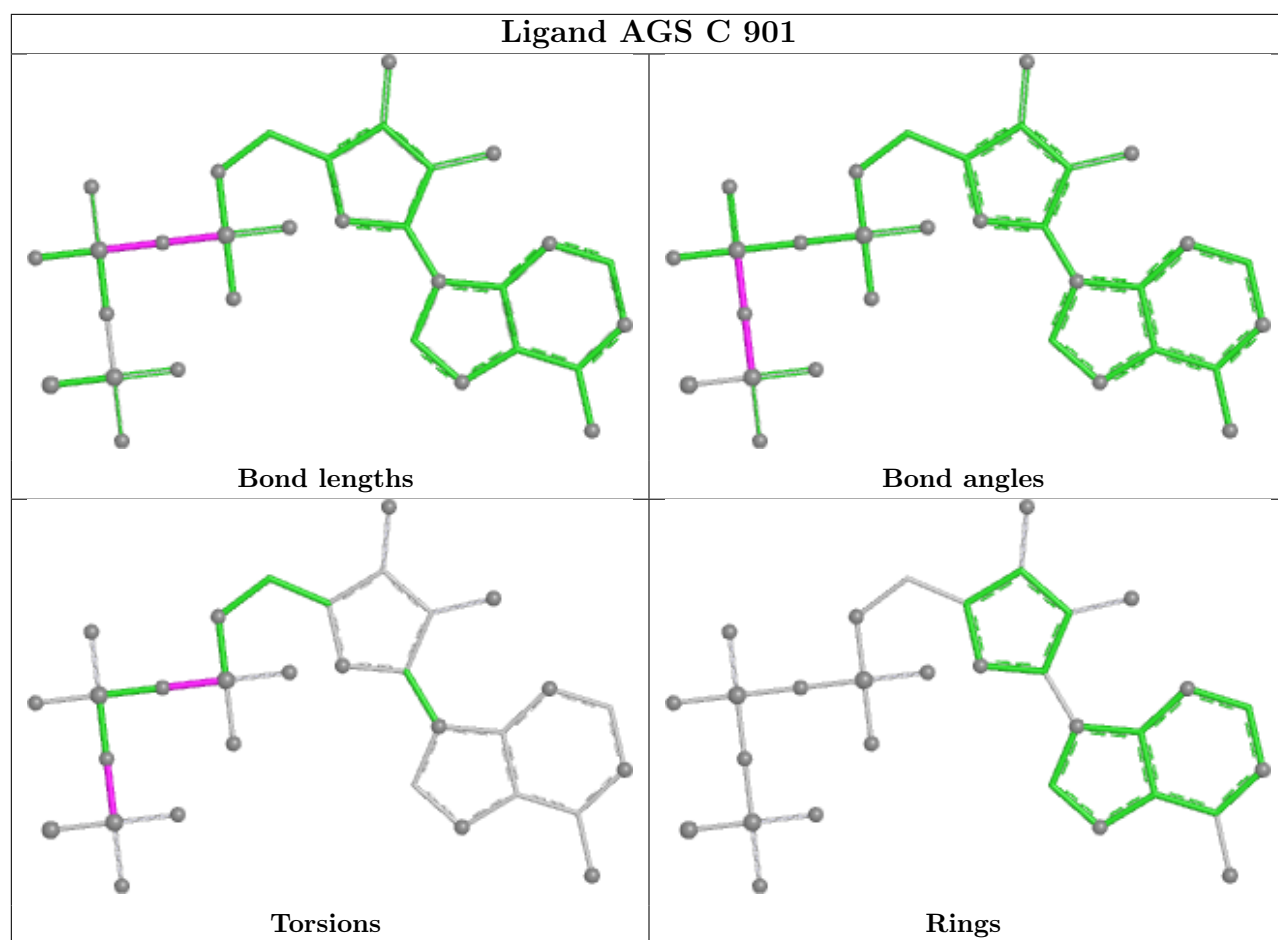
There are no ring outliers.

12 monomers are involved in 59 short contacts:

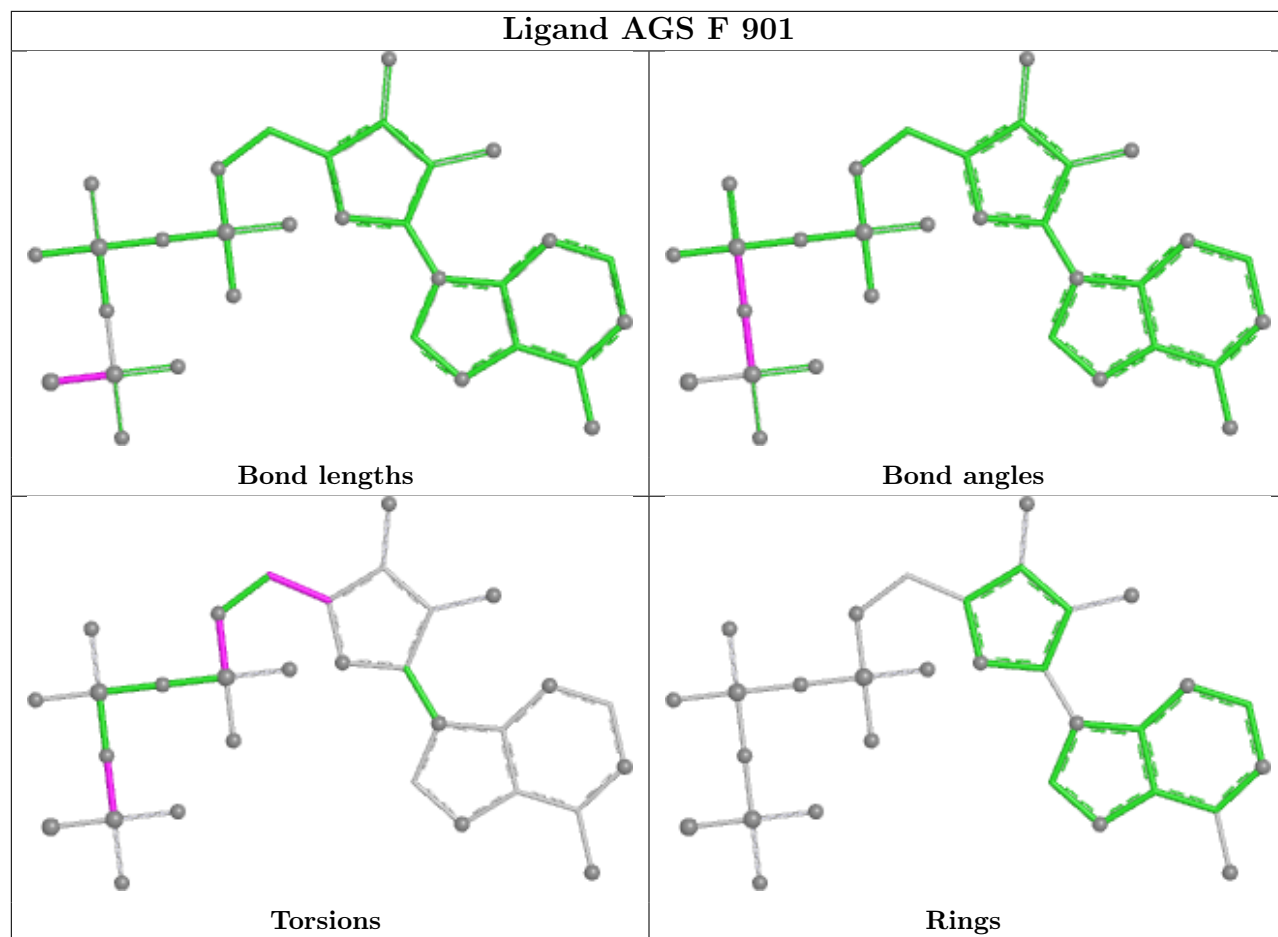
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	F	902	ADP	2	0
4	C	901	AGS	6	0
4	F	901	AGS	3	0
4	B	901	AGS	3	0
4	A	902	AGS	4	0
4	A	901	AGS	3	0
4	D	902	AGS	9	0
4	E	901	AGS	14	0
4	D	901	AGS	4	0
5	E	902	ADP	3	0
4	B	902	AGS	4	0
4	C	902	AGS	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

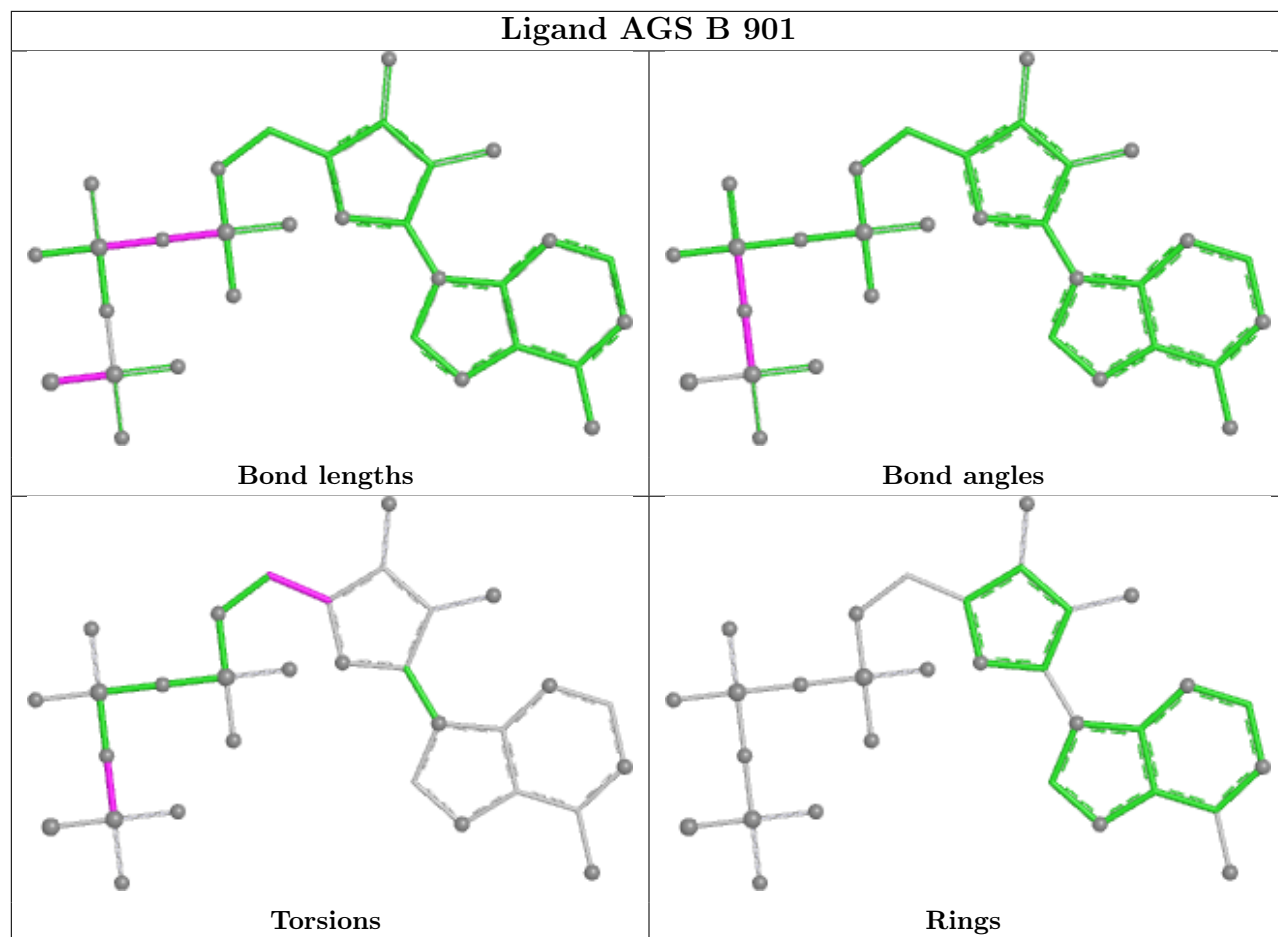


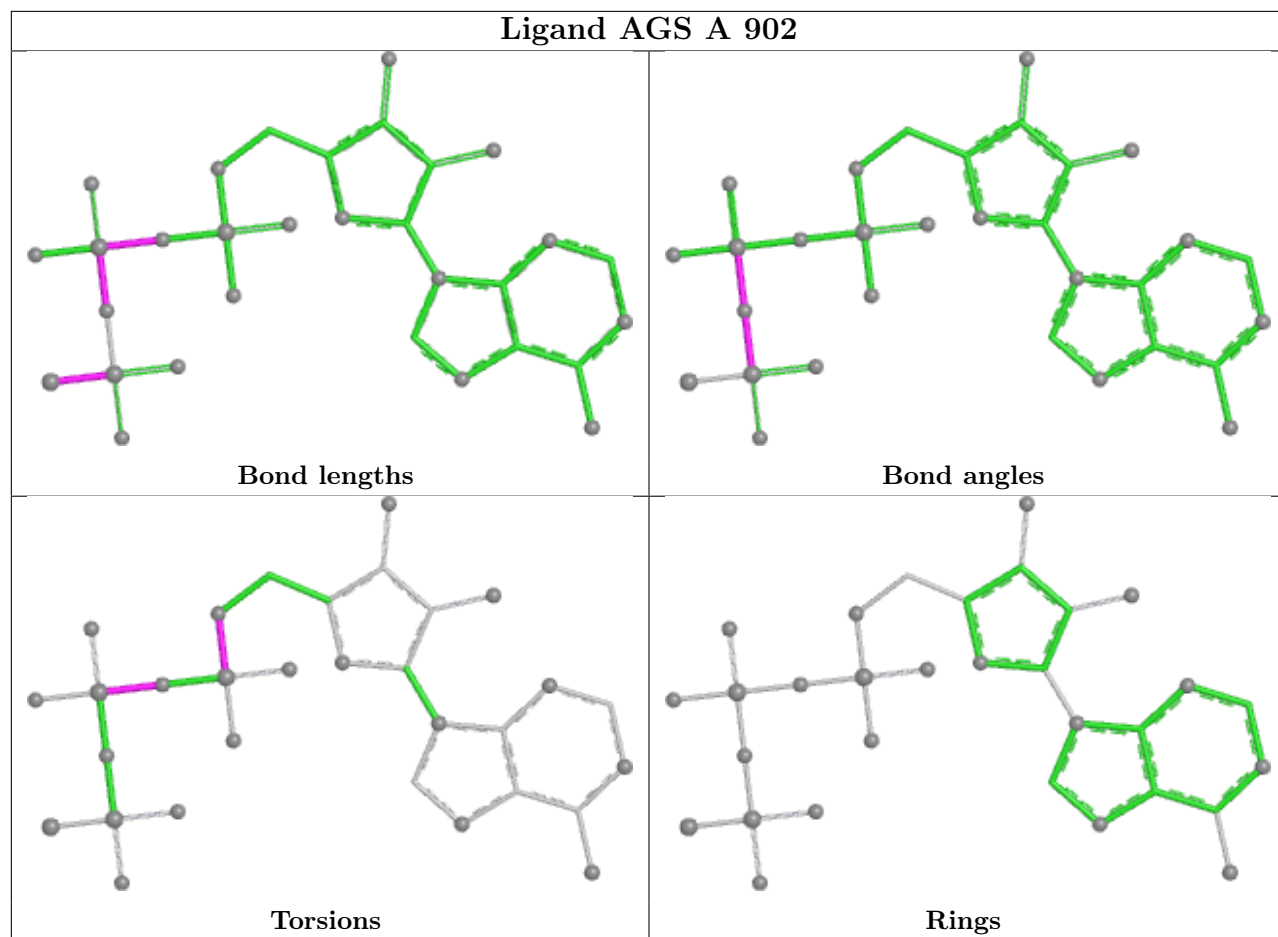


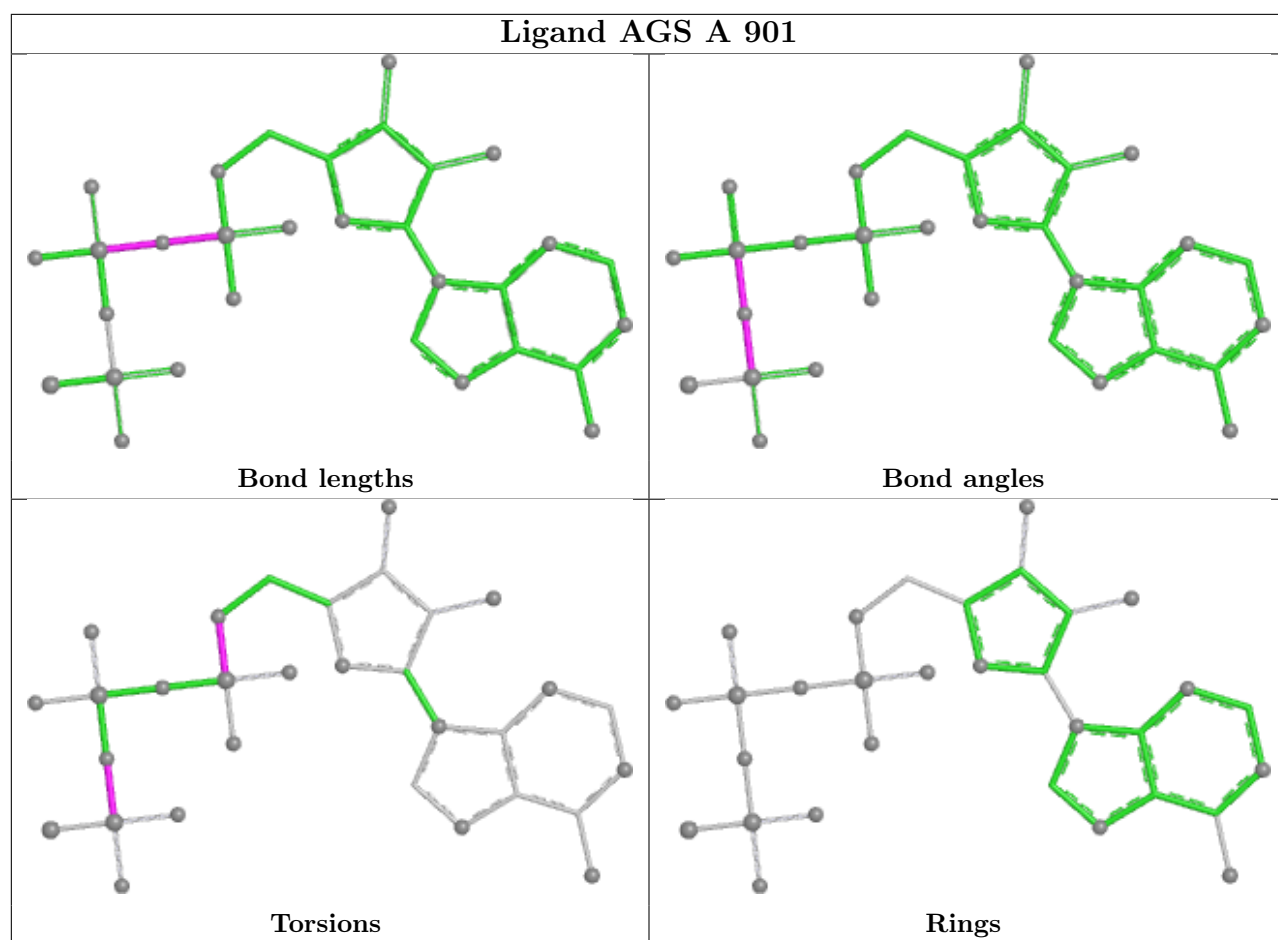
Ligand AGS F 901

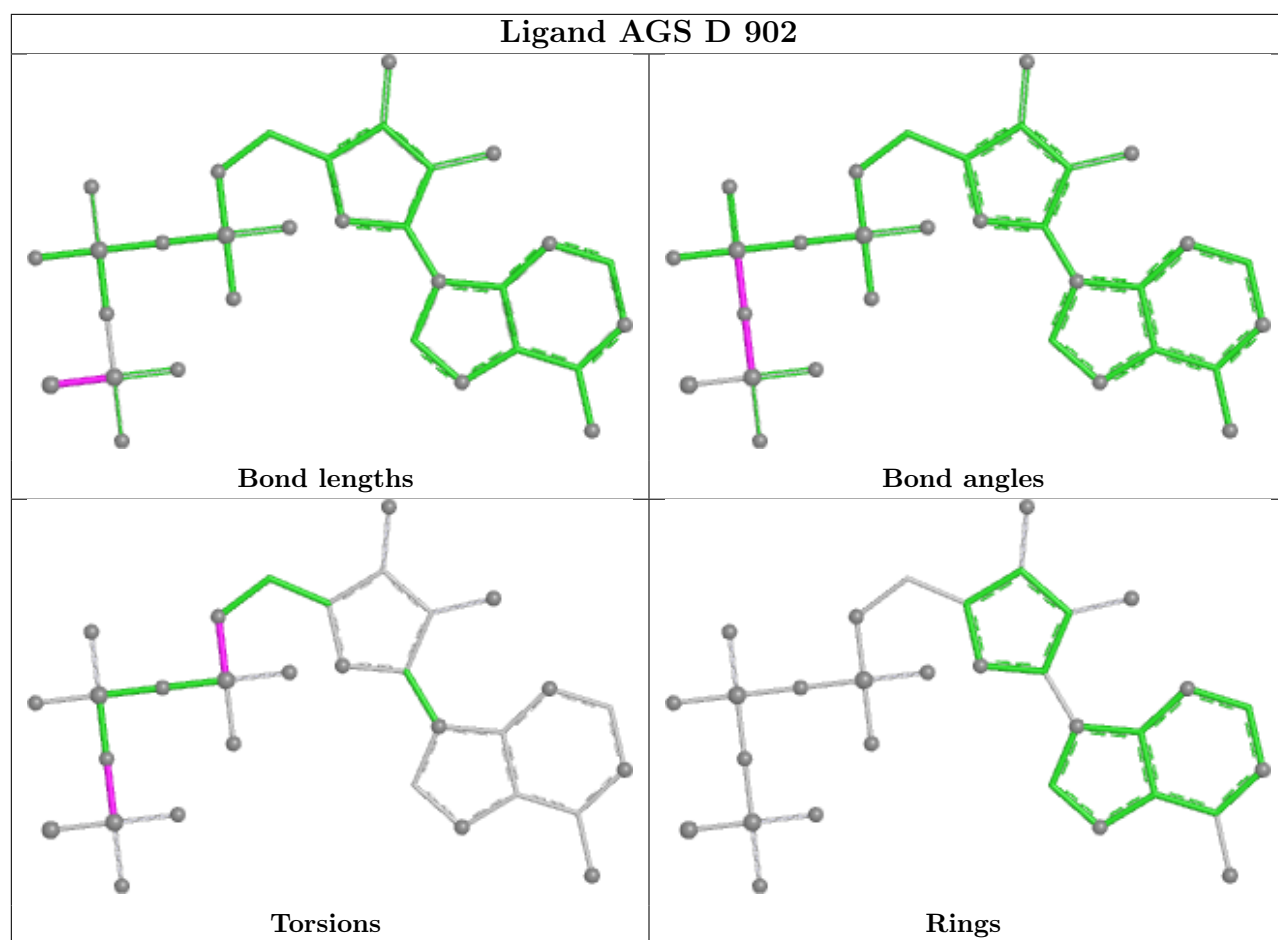


Ligand AGS B 901

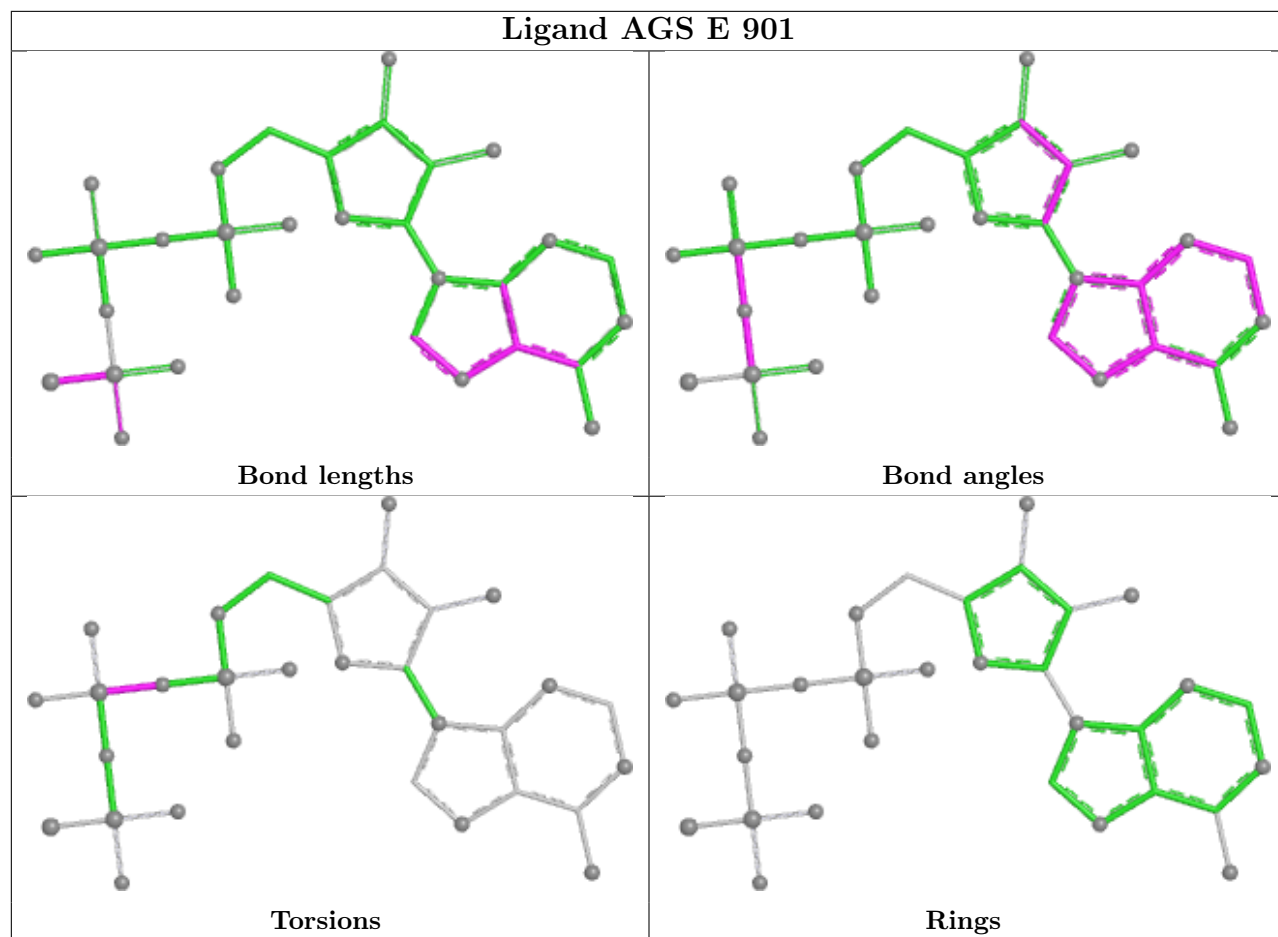




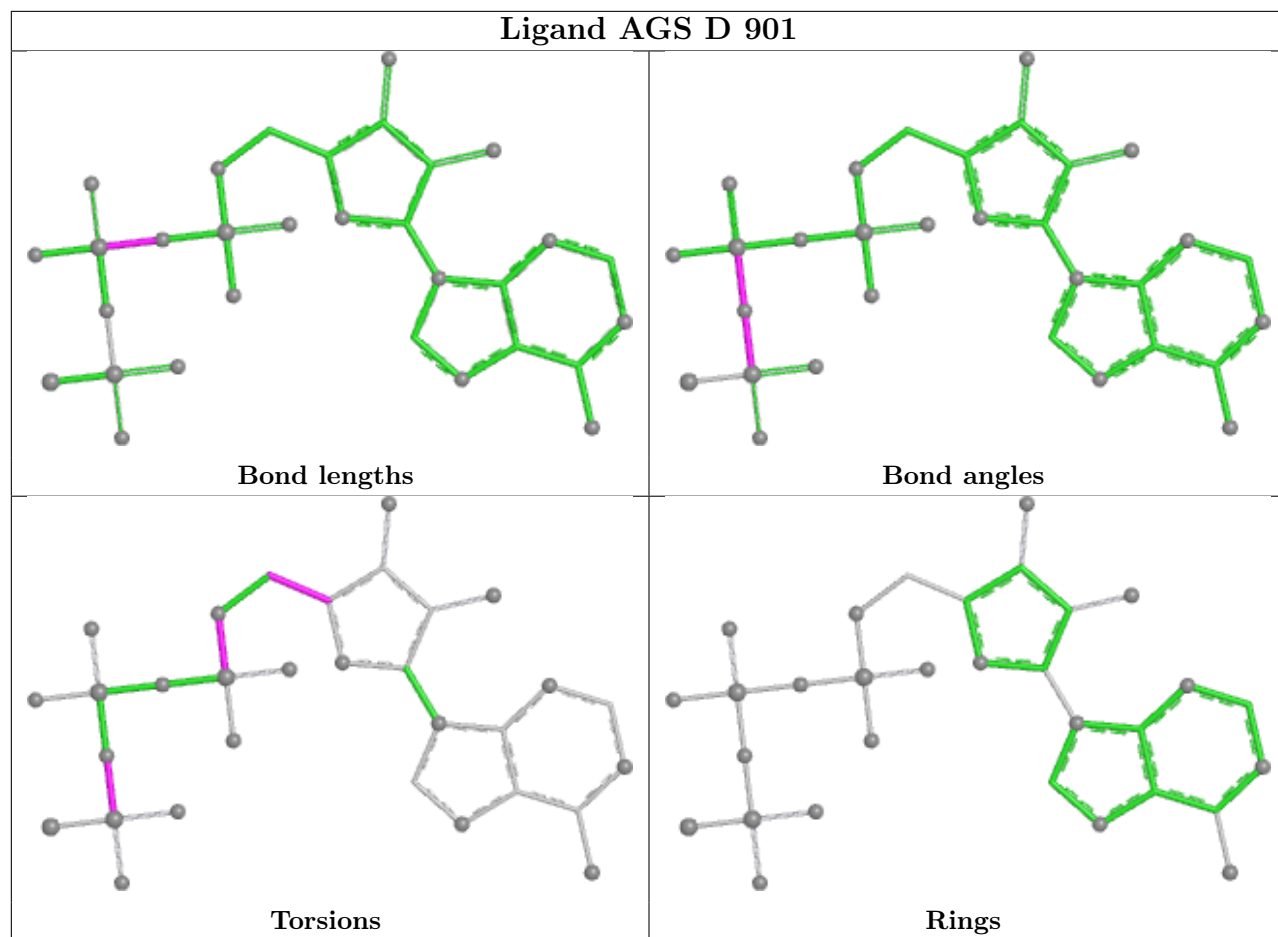




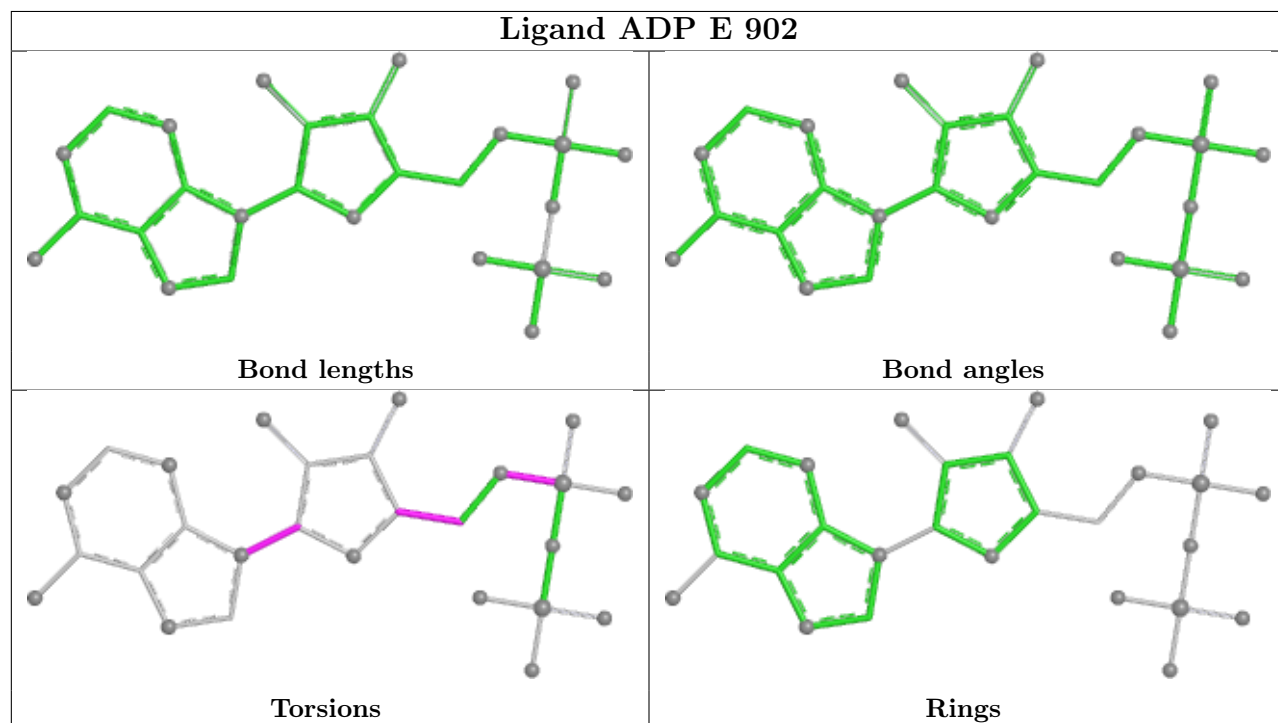
Ligand AGS E 901



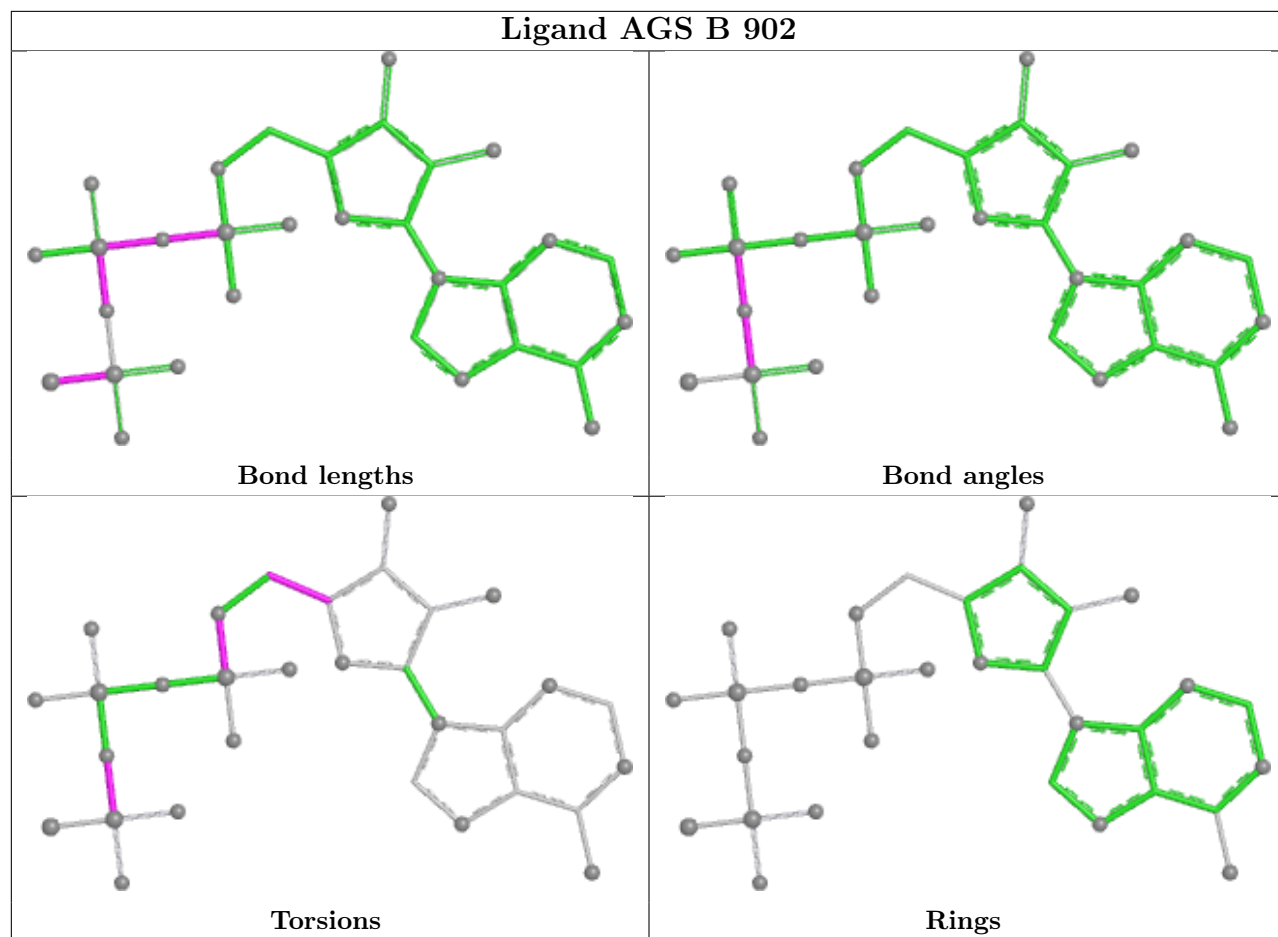
Ligand AGS D 901

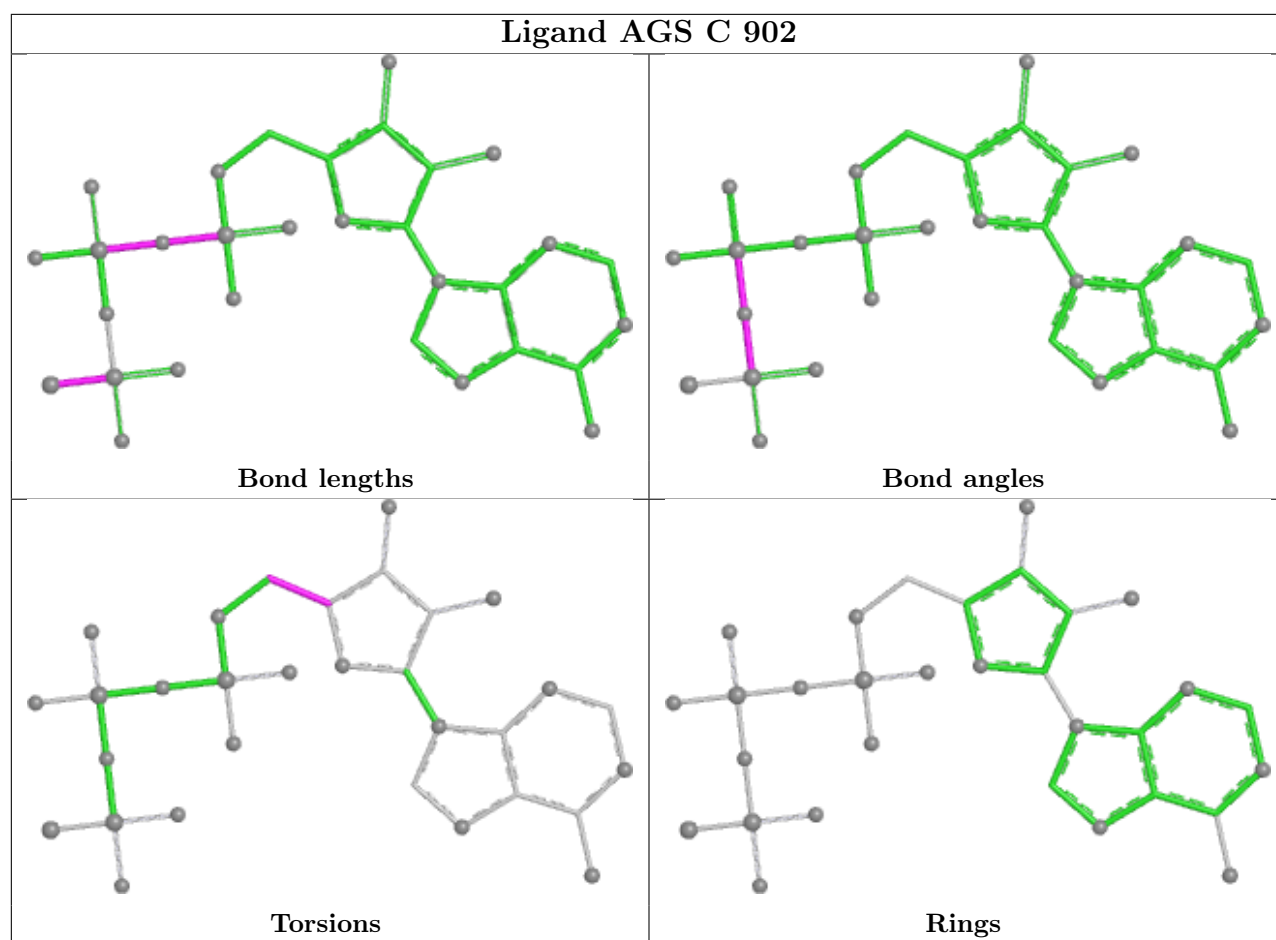


Ligand ADP E 902



Ligand AGS B 902





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

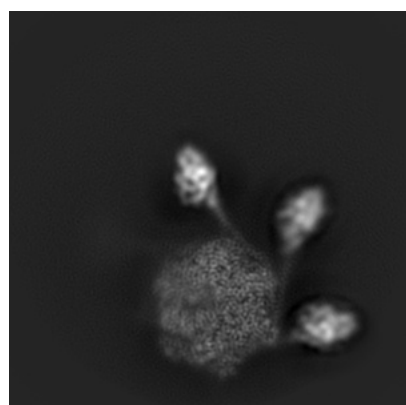
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-23206. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

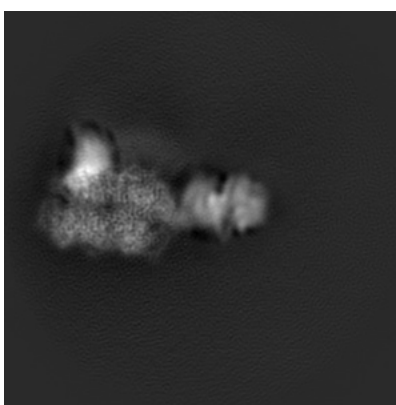
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

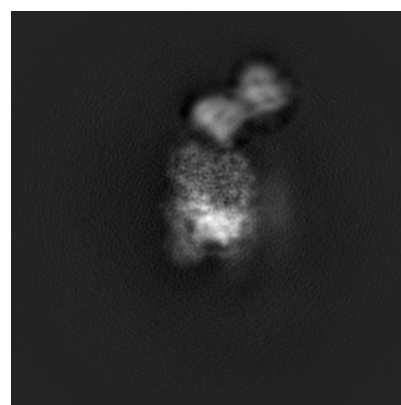
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

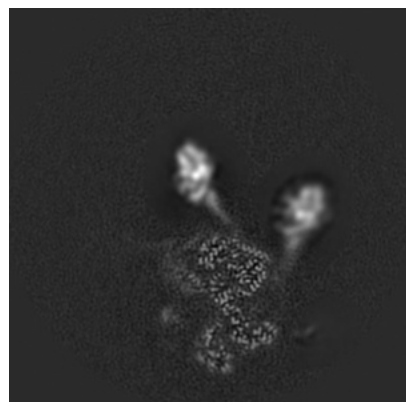


Z

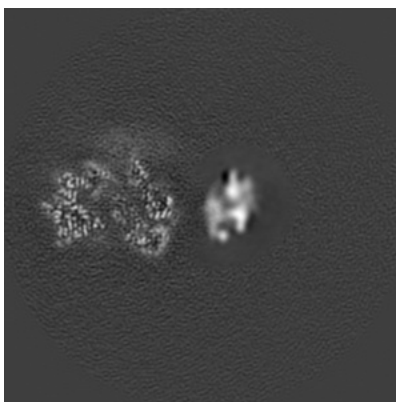
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

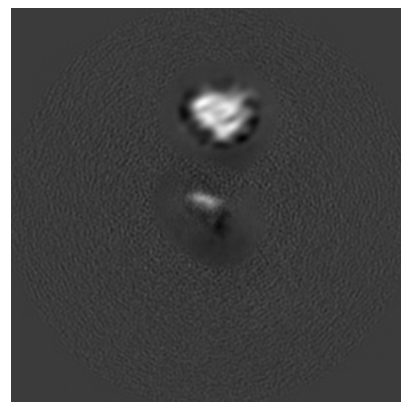
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 180



Y Index: 180

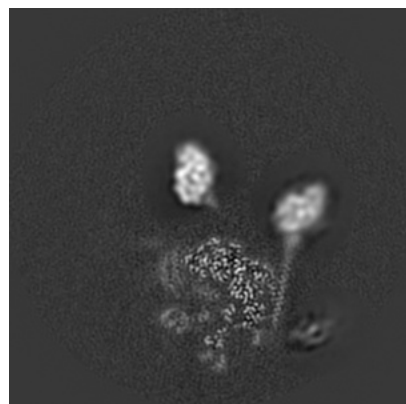


Z Index: 180

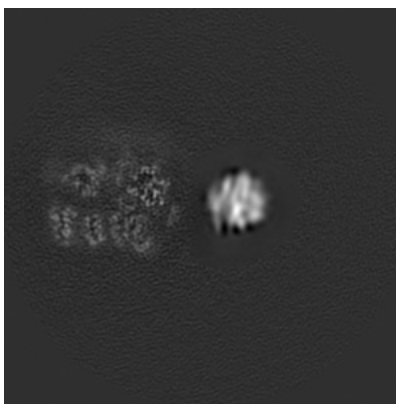
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

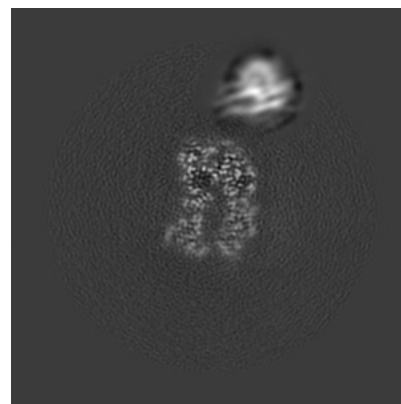
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 189



Y Index: 169

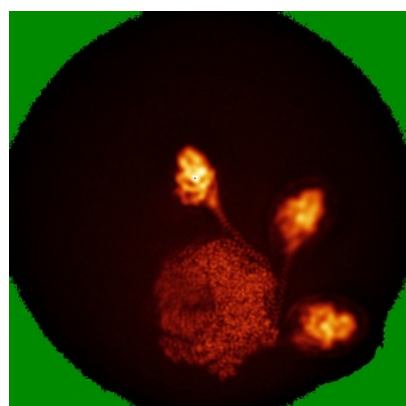


Z Index: 75

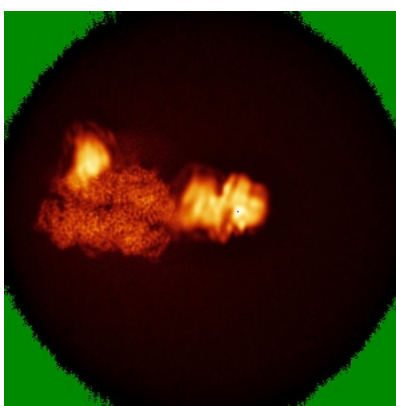
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

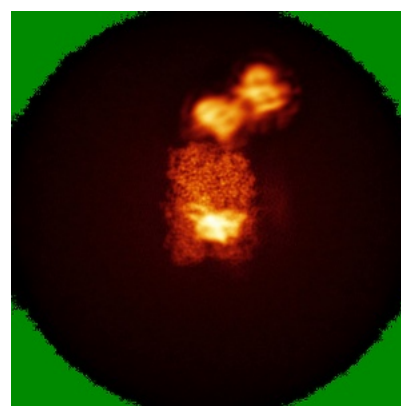
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

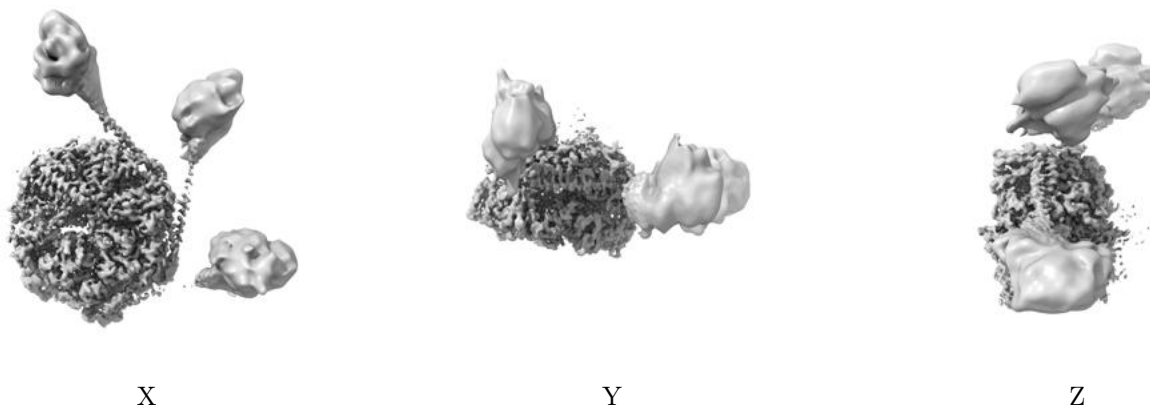


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 7.1. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

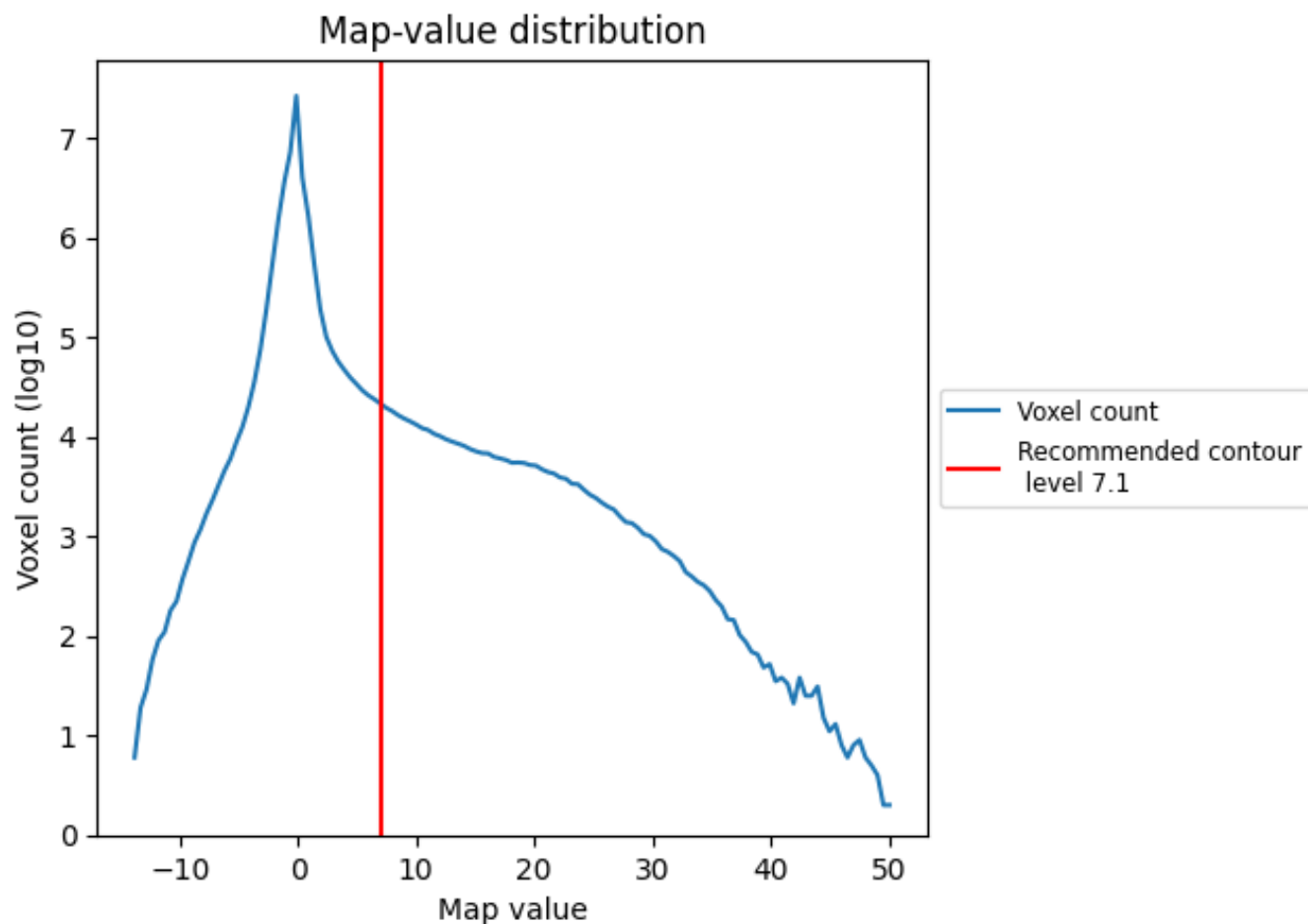
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

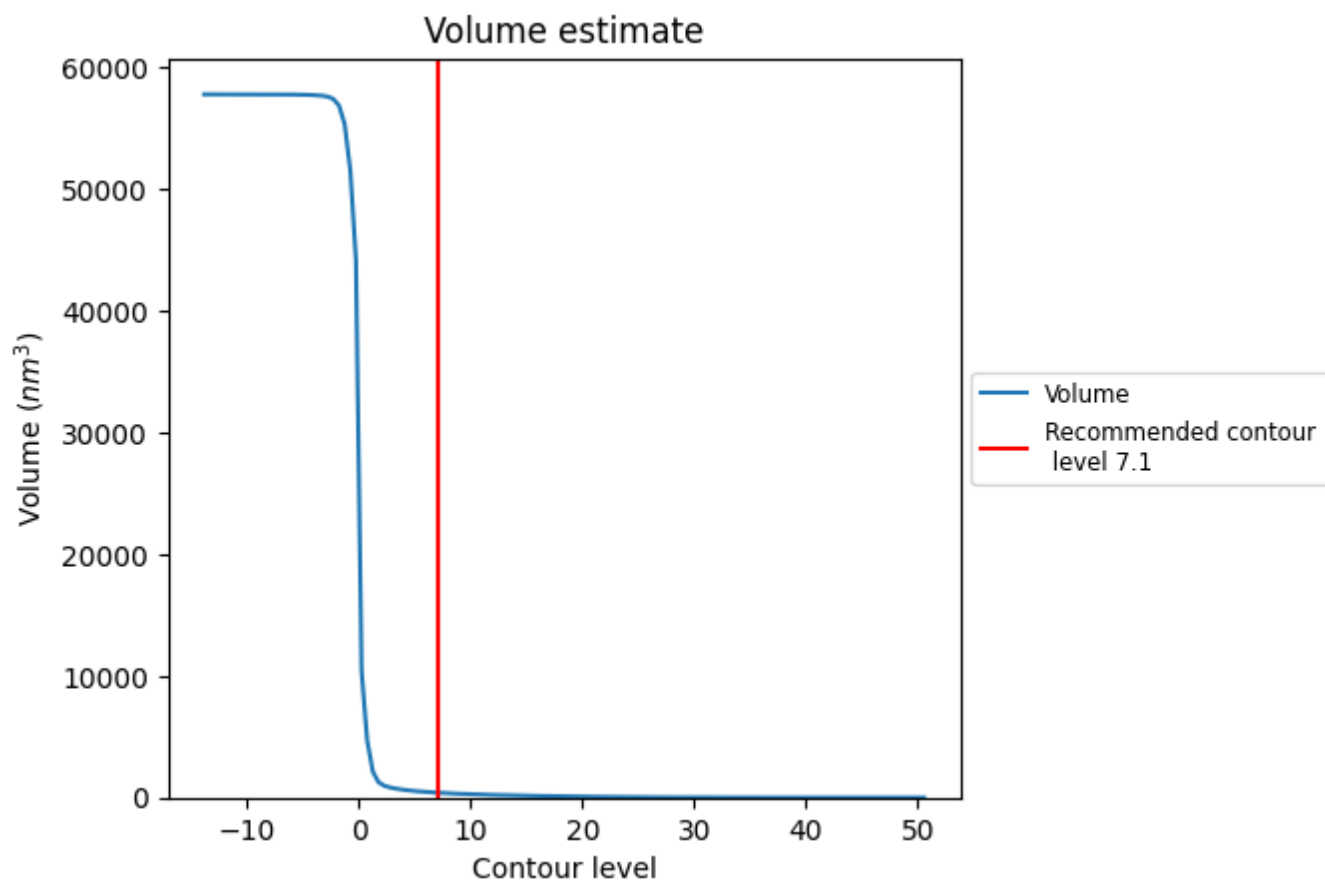
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

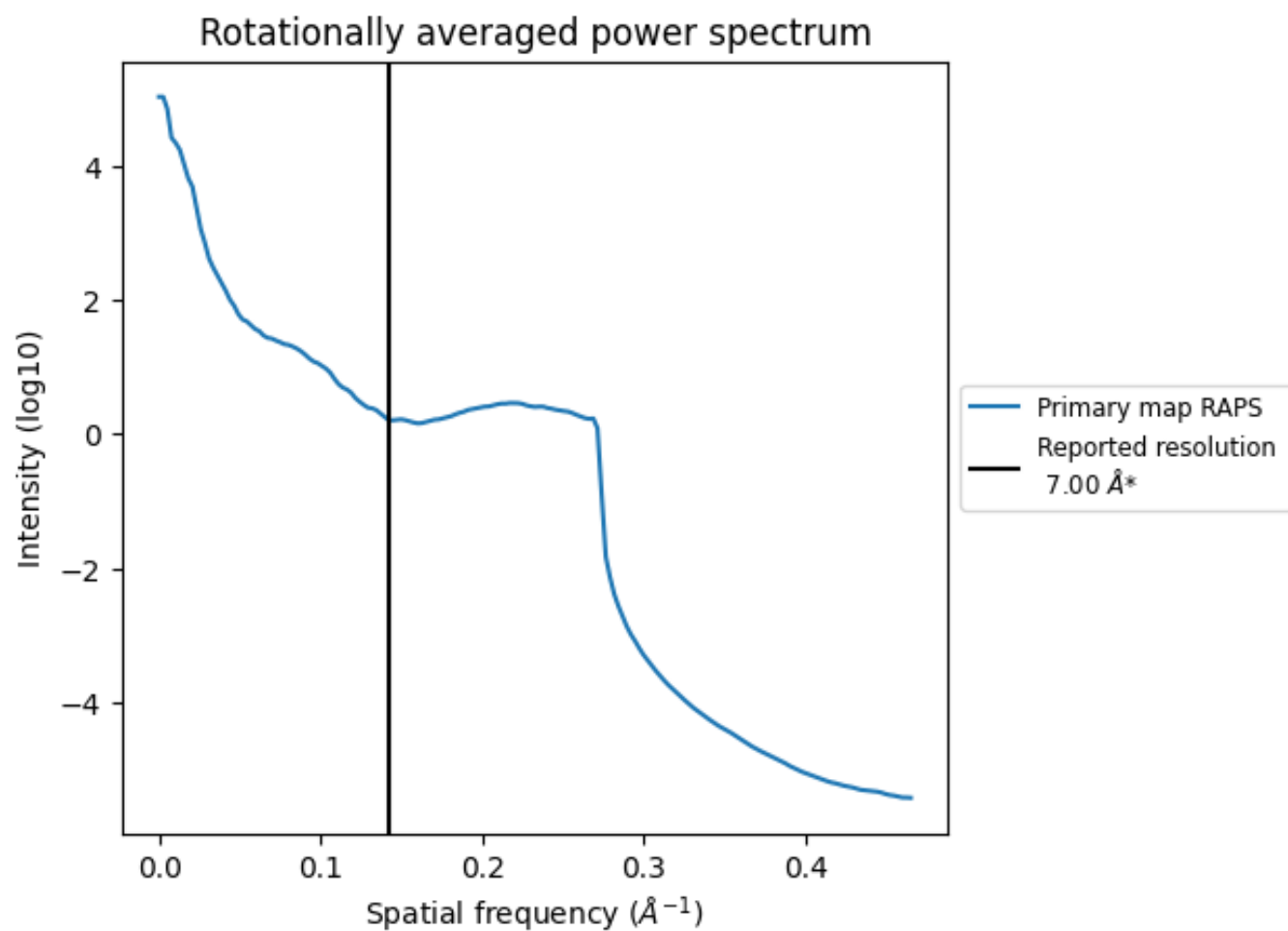
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 397 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 359 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.143 Å⁻¹

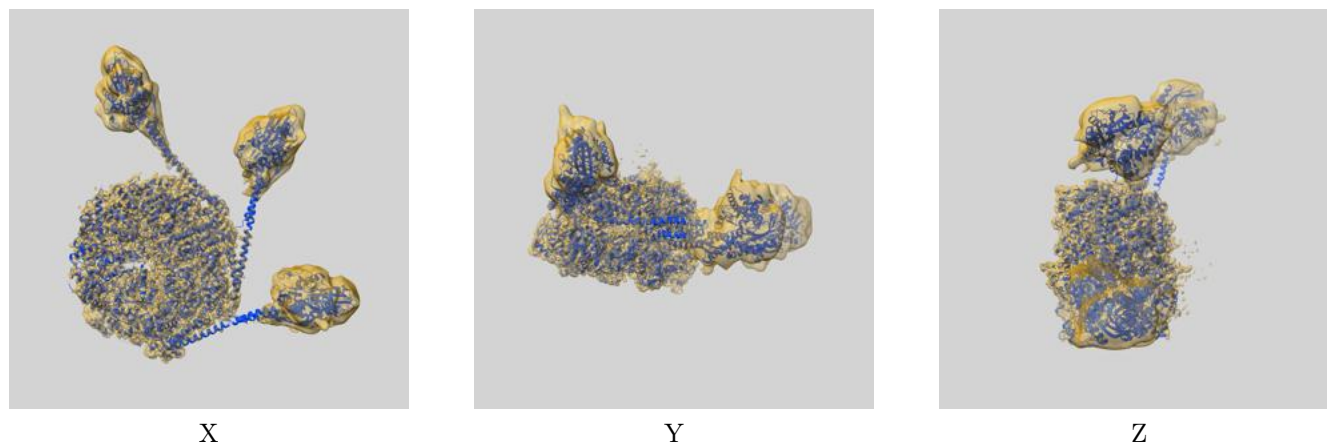
8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

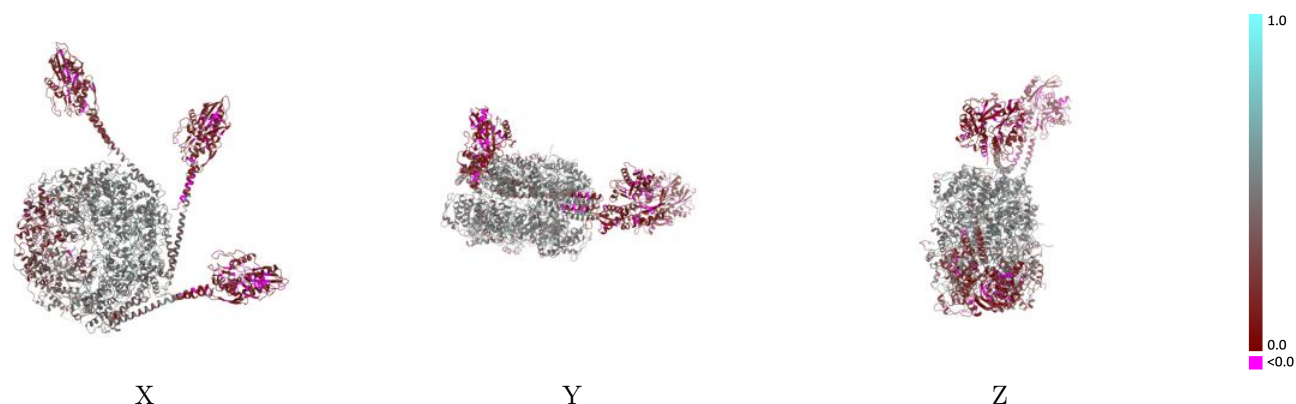
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-23206 and PDB model 7L6N. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [7](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



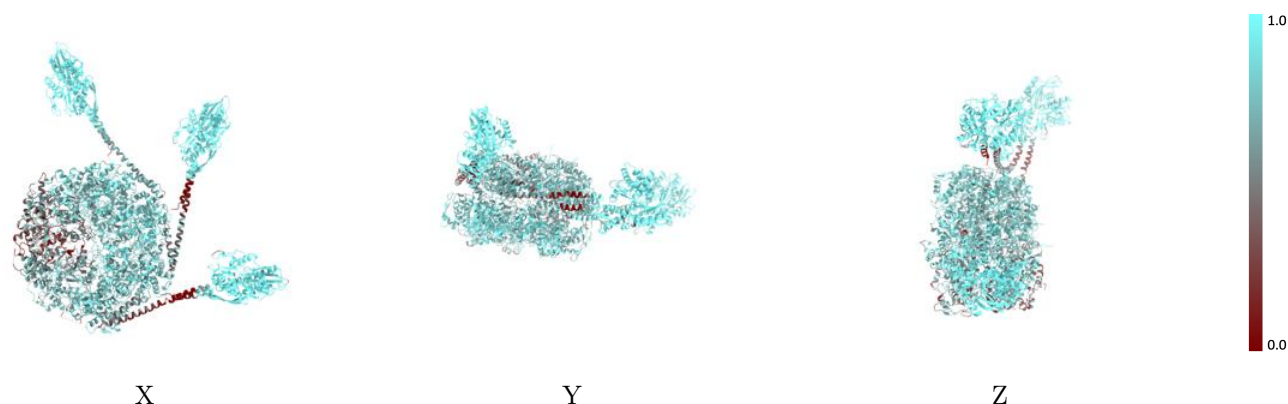
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 7.1 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



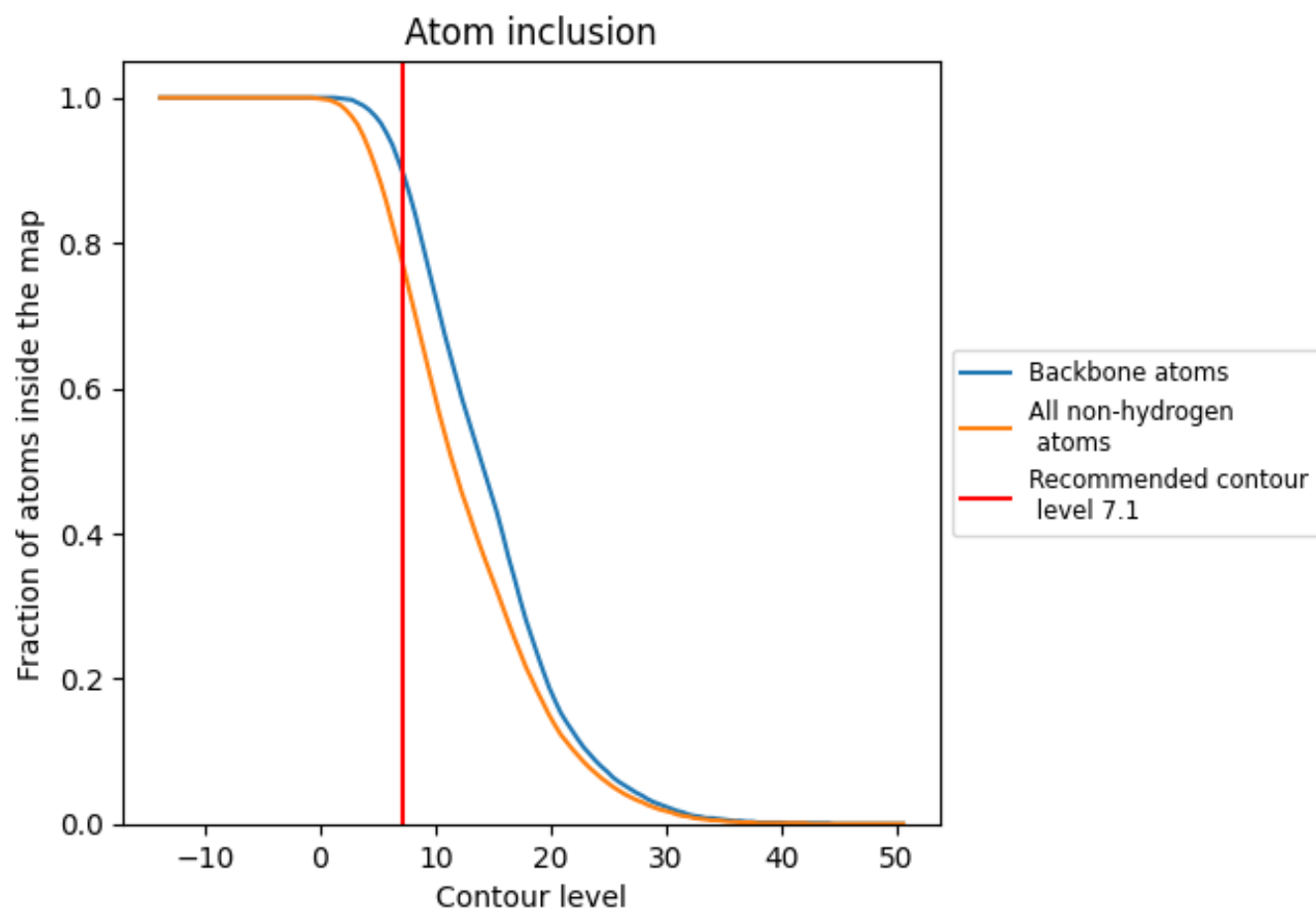
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (7.1).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 90% of all backbone atoms, 78% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (7.1) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7760	0.3550
A	0.8010	0.4420
B	0.7820	0.4530
C	0.7610	0.4530
D	0.8000	0.4560
E	0.6270	0.3510
F	0.5040	0.3330
I	0.9860	0.1440
J	0.9640	0.1230
K	0.9660	0.1140
N	0.8540	0.4860

