



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 08:26 PM UTC

PDB ID : 1LEG / pdb_00001leg
Title : Crystal Structure of H-2Kb bound to the dEV8 peptide
Authors : Luz, J.G.; Huang, M.; Garcia, K.C.; Rudolph, M.G.; Apostolopoulos, V.;
Teyton, L.; Wilson, I.A.
Deposited on : 2002-04-09
Resolution : 1.75 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

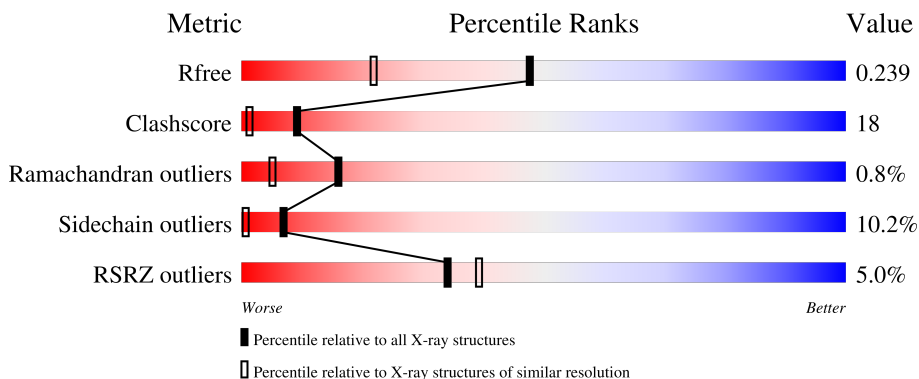
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.75 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	3183 (1.76-1.76)
Clashscore	190562	3299 (1.76-1.76)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	3274 (1.76-1.76)
Sidechain outliers	187428	3274 (1.76-1.76)
RSRZ outliers	180081	3183 (1.76-1.76)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	274	5% 71% 22% 7%
2	B	99	4% 67% 26% 6%
3	P	8	12% 25% 62% 12%
4	C	3	33% 67%

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3572 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called H-2 CLASS I HISTOCOMPATIBILITY ANTIGEN, K-B ALPHA CHAIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	274	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2233	1408	393	423	9			

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	121	CSO	CYS	modified residue	UNP P01901

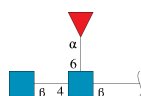
- Molecule 2 is a protein called BETA-2-MICROGLOBULIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	99	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			821	524	138	152	7			

- Molecule 3 is a protein called NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase MLRQ subunit.

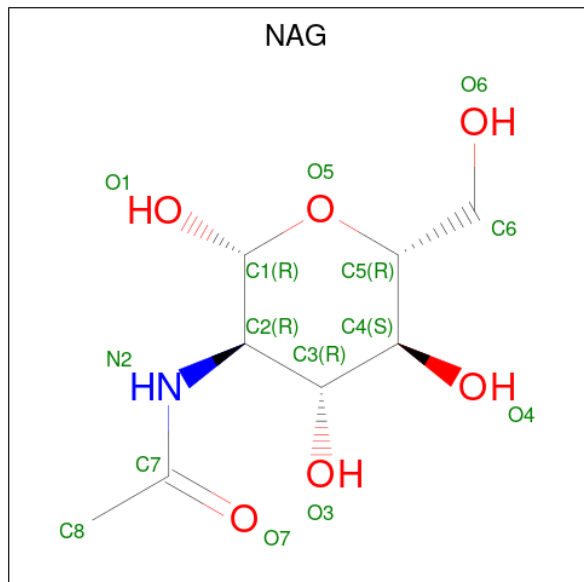
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	P	8	Total	C	N	O		0	0	0
			76	51	10	15				

- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



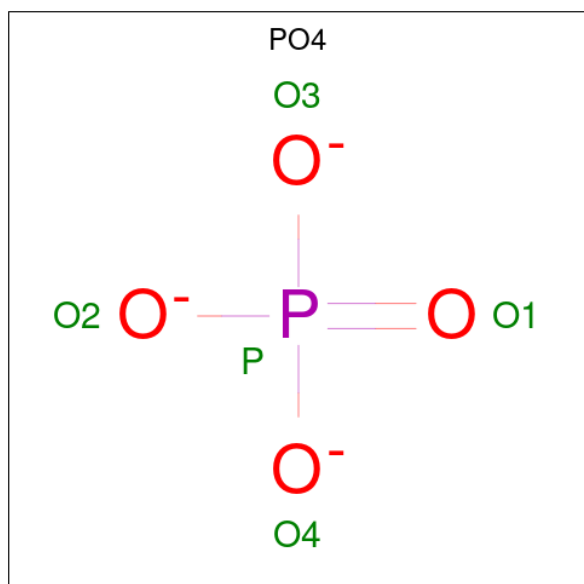
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	C	3	Total	C	N	O		0	0	0
			38	22	2	14				

- Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 6 is PHOSPHATE ION (CCD ID: PO4) (formula: O_4P).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	O	P	0	0
			5	4	1		

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	B	1	Total	O	P	0	0
			5	4	1		

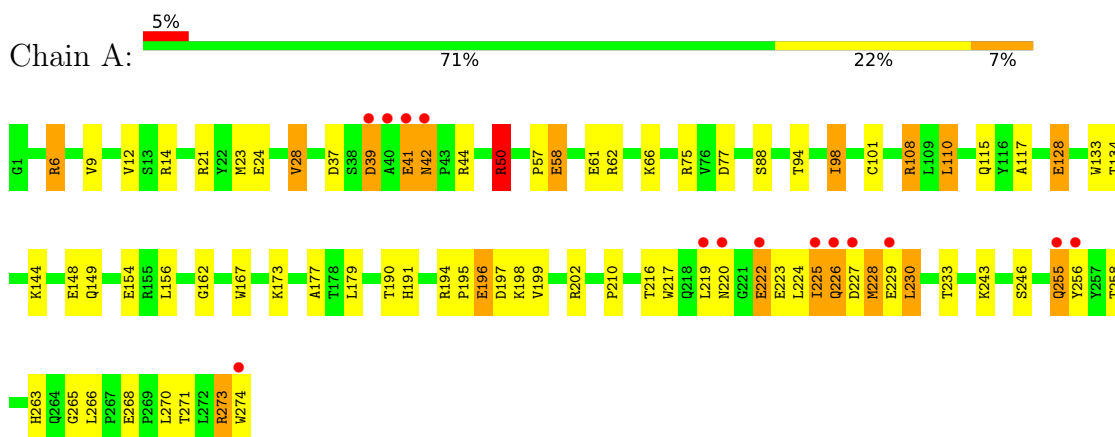
- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	281	Total	O		0	0
			281	281			
7	B	92	Total	O		0	0
			92	92			
7	P	7	Total	O		0	0
			7	7			

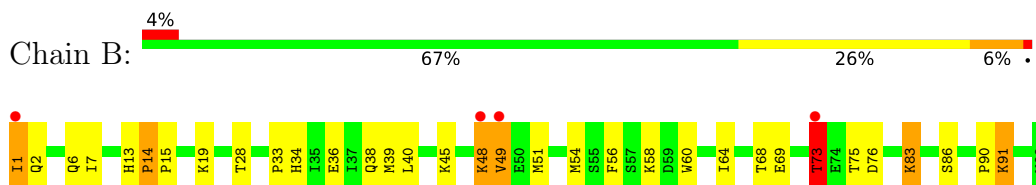
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: H-2 CLASS I HISTOCOMPATIBILITY ANTIGEN, K-B ALPHA CHAIN



- Molecule 2: BETA-2-MICROGLOBULIN



- Molecule 3: NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase MLRQ subunit



- Molecule 4: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	135.69Å 87.69Å 45.21Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	10.00 – 1.75 10.00 – 1.75	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (10.00-1.75) 85.4 (10.00-1.75)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.31 (at 1.65Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.1	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.217 , 0.241 0.215 , 0.239	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2294 reflections (4.03%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	18.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.234	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.45 , 74.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	3572	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	25.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.30% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CSO, PO4, NAG, FUC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.58	0/2286	0.92	6/3102 (0.2%)
2	B	0.57	0/847	1.06	7/1148 (0.6%)
3	P	3.42	2/78 (2.6%)	1.49	3/102 (2.9%)
All	All	0.78	2/3211 (0.1%)	0.97	16/4352 (0.4%)

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	P	8	VAL	C-OXT	24.95	1.73	1.23
3	P	8	VAL	C-O	-14.05	0.95	1.23

All (16) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	28	VAL	N-CA-C	-8.10	95.93	107.75
3	P	6	TYR	CA-C-N	-7.72	109.70	122.21
3	P	6	TYR	C-N-CA	-7.72	109.70	122.21
2	B	49	VAL	N-CA-C	6.96	123.81	109.34
2	B	6	GLN	N-CA-C	-6.65	98.40	109.24
1	A	110	LEU	N-CA-C	-6.47	104.08	112.68
3	P	8	VAL	CA-C-O	6.28	139.84	121.00
1	A	75	ARG	N-CA-C	-5.79	104.97	111.28
1	A	162	GLY	N-CA-C	5.78	115.47	110.21
2	B	48	LYS	N-CA-C	5.74	118.00	111.11
1	A	50	ARG	N-CA-C	5.40	117.17	111.28
2	B	15	PRO	N-CA-C	5.25	119.32	111.14
2	B	14	PRO	N-CA-C	-5.24	104.30	110.70
2	B	73	THR	N-CA-C	-5.20	101.63	109.85
2	B	28	THR	N-CA-C	5.19	116.88	109.14
1	A	98	ILE	N-CA-C	-5.11	100.96	108.11

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2233	0	2119	72	0
2	B	821	0	796	36	0
3	P	76	0	70	13	0
4	C	38	0	34	5	0
5	A	14	0	13	0	0
6	A	5	0	0	0	0
6	B	5	0	0	1	0
7	A	281	0	0	6	0
7	B	92	0	0	3	0
7	P	7	0	0	0	0
All	All	3572	0	3032	113	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 18.

All (113) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:P:8:VAL:C	3:P:8:VAL:OXT	1.73	1.29
3:P:2:GLN:HE21	3:P:3:TYR:H	1.08	0.98
1:A:195:PRO:O	1:A:196:GLU:HG3	1.73	0.88
1:A:173:LYS:NZ	4:C:3:FUC:H63	1.88	0.88
2:B:73:THR:HB	2:B:76:ASP:OD2	1.74	0.88
1:A:50:ARG:HH11	1:A:50:ARG:HG3	1.41	0.85
7:A:1092:HOH:O	4:C:3:FUC:H4	1.76	0.85
3:P:8:VAL:OXT	3:P:8:VAL:CA	2.25	0.85
2:B:48:LYS:HD3	2:B:68:THR:OG1	1.76	0.84
1:A:223:GLU:HB3	1:A:225:ILE:HD13	1.59	0.84
1:A:263:HIS:CD2	1:A:265:GLY:H	1.95	0.84
1:A:263:HIS:HD2	1:A:265:GLY:H	1.25	0.83
1:A:128:GLU:HG3	7:A:1116:HOH:O	1.81	0.80

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:50:ARG:HH11	1:A:50:ARG:CG	1.95	0.79
2:B:2:GLN:HE21	2:B:86:SER:HA	1.47	0.79
1:A:62:ARG:NH1	3:P:1:GLU:OE2	2.20	0.75
1:A:258:THR:HG22	1:A:273:ARG:HG3	1.69	0.74
1:A:50:ARG:HG3	1:A:50:ARG:NH1	2.02	0.71
1:A:225:ILE:O	1:A:226:GLN:HB2	1.91	0.71
2:B:38:GLN:HB2	2:B:45:LYS:HD3	1.71	0.71
1:A:6:ARG:HH11	1:A:6:ARG:HG3	1.55	0.70
1:A:173:LYS:HZ1	4:C:3:FUC:H63	1.54	0.70
1:A:173:LYS:HZ2	4:C:3:FUC:H63	1.56	0.68
1:A:6:ARG:HG3	1:A:6:ARG:NH1	2.10	0.66
2:B:38:GLN:HB2	2:B:45:LYS:CD	2.24	0.66
1:A:117:ALA:HB2	2:B:60:TRP:CE2	2.32	0.64
1:A:12:VAL:HG22	1:A:94:THR:HG23	1.81	0.63
1:A:57:PRO:HD2	1:A:58:GLU:OE2	1.99	0.62
1:A:266:LEU:HD13	1:A:270:LEU:HG	1.80	0.62
1:A:58:GLU:H	1:A:58:GLU:CD	2.08	0.62
1:A:216:THR:HB	1:A:225:ILE:HD11	1.83	0.61
2:B:73:THR:HG22	2:B:75:THR:H	1.66	0.60
1:A:219:LEU:HB3	1:A:224:LEU:HD21	1.83	0.59
1:A:23:MET:HE1	2:B:54:MET:HG3	1.86	0.58
1:A:9:VAL:HG22	1:A:24:GLU:HG2	1.84	0.58
3:P:2:GLN:HE21	3:P:3:TYR:N	1.92	0.58
1:A:101:CYS:HB2	7:A:1272:HOH:O	2.04	0.56
2:B:2:GLN:NE2	2:B:86:SER:HA	2.20	0.56
1:A:194:ARG:HD3	1:A:198:LYS:HB3	1.86	0.56
2:B:48:LYS:CE	2:B:69:GLU:H	2.18	0.56
3:P:8:VAL:OXT	3:P:8:VAL:HA	2.05	0.55
2:B:19:LYS:HD3	7:B:1074:HOH:O	2.06	0.55
2:B:83:LYS:HE3	2:B:90:PRO:CG	2.37	0.55
1:A:44:ARG:HH22	1:A:61:GLU:HA	1.72	0.55
1:A:23:MET:CE	2:B:54:MET:HG3	2.37	0.55
2:B:38:GLN:HB2	2:B:45:LYS:CE	2.38	0.54
2:B:91:LYS:HE2	7:B:1078:HOH:O	2.07	0.54
1:A:42:ASN:O	1:A:42:ASN:CG	2.50	0.54
2:B:48:LYS:HE3	2:B:69:GLU:H	1.72	0.54
3:P:2:GLN:NE2	3:P:3:TYR:H	1.91	0.54
1:A:222:GLU:HG2	1:A:222:GLU:O	2.08	0.54
2:B:39:MET:H	2:B:45:LYS:NZ	2.06	0.54
2:B:36:GLU:CD	2:B:83:LYS:HD2	2.33	0.53
1:A:258:THR:HG23	7:A:1215:HOH:O	2.09	0.52

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:83:LYS:HG3	2:B:90:PRO:HB3	1.91	0.52
1:A:144:LYS:NZ	1:A:148:GLU:OE2	2.37	0.51
1:A:195:PRO:C	1:A:196:GLU:HG3	2.33	0.51
1:A:50:ARG:CG	1:A:50:ARG:NH1	2.63	0.51
1:A:177:ALA:HA	4:C:1:NAG:H82	1.92	0.51
1:A:14:ARG:NH1	1:A:21:ARG:HB2	2.25	0.51
1:A:66:LYS:HG3	3:P:4:LYS:HG2	1.91	0.50
1:A:255:GLN:HE21	1:A:273:ARG:NH1	2.10	0.50
2:B:1:ILE:CD1	2:B:1:ILE:N	2.75	0.49
2:B:1:ILE:N	2:B:1:ILE:HD12	2.26	0.49
1:A:6:ARG:HH11	1:A:6:ARG:CG	2.25	0.49
1:A:217:TRP:HD1	1:A:228:MET:CE	2.25	0.49
1:A:191:HIS:HB2	1:A:274:TRP:NE1	2.28	0.49
1:A:210:PRO:O	1:A:263:HIS:HE1	1.97	0.48
1:A:190:THR:OG1	1:A:202:ARG:HB3	2.14	0.48
1:A:263:HIS:HD2	1:A:265:GLY:N	2.02	0.48
1:A:117:ALA:HB2	2:B:60:TRP:CD2	2.49	0.47
1:A:133:TRP:CH2	1:A:156:LEU:HD23	2.50	0.47
2:B:13:HIS:O	2:B:14:PRO:C	2.58	0.47
1:A:258:THR:HG22	1:A:273:ARG:CG	2.42	0.47
1:A:225:ILE:H	1:A:225:ILE:HD12	1.79	0.47
1:A:217:TRP:HD1	1:A:228:MET:HE2	1.80	0.46
1:A:28:VAL:HG11	1:A:179:LEU:HD13	1.95	0.46
1:A:225:ILE:H	1:A:225:ILE:CD1	2.29	0.46
2:B:7:ILE:HD12	2:B:91:LYS:HD3	1.96	0.46
1:A:256:TYR:N	1:A:256:TYR:CD1	2.81	0.46
1:A:263:HIS:CD2	1:A:265:GLY:N	2.76	0.46
1:A:230:LEU:C	1:A:230:LEU:CD1	2.89	0.45
1:A:167:TRP:CE2	3:P:1:GLU:HG3	2.52	0.45
2:B:38:GLN:OE1	2:B:45:LYS:HD3	2.17	0.44
2:B:51:MET:HE3	2:B:64:ILE:HG12	1.98	0.44
1:A:167:TRP:CD2	3:P:1:GLU:HG3	2.52	0.44
2:B:48:LYS:HE3	2:B:69:GLU:HB2	1.99	0.44
2:B:38:GLN:HB2	2:B:45:LYS:HE2	2.00	0.44
2:B:34:HIS:HA	7:B:1020:HOH:O	2.16	0.44
1:A:225:ILE:HD12	1:A:225:ILE:N	2.33	0.43
2:B:83:LYS:HE3	2:B:90:PRO:HG3	2.00	0.43
2:B:1:ILE:HD12	2:B:1:ILE:H1	1.82	0.43
1:A:224:LEU:O	1:A:225:ILE:C	2.61	0.43
1:A:115:GLN:HG2	7:A:1100:HOH:O	2.19	0.43
1:A:228:MET:HB2	1:A:246:SER:O	2.19	0.43

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:128:GLU:HG3	1:A:128:GLU:H	1.55	0.42
1:A:133:TRP:O	1:A:144:LYS:HE2	2.19	0.42
2:B:83:LYS:HG3	2:B:90:PRO:HG3	2.01	0.42
3:P:4:LYS:HB3	3:P:4:LYS:HE3	1.71	0.42
2:B:36:GLU:OE2	2:B:83:LYS:HD2	2.20	0.42
2:B:33:PRO:O	6:B:990:PO4:O3	2.37	0.42
2:B:83:LYS:CG	2:B:90:PRO:HG3	2.48	0.42
1:A:77:ASP:CG	3:P:8:VAL:HG13	2.45	0.41
1:A:255:GLN:HB2	7:A:1175:HOH:O	2.19	0.41
1:A:233:THR:OG1	1:A:243:LYS:HD2	2.20	0.41
1:A:217:TRP:HB2	1:A:228:MET:HE3	2.02	0.41
3:P:2:GLN:HG3	3:P:3:TYR:N	2.35	0.41
1:A:108:ARG:CG	1:A:108:ARG:HH11	2.34	0.41
2:B:39:MET:H	2:B:45:LYS:HZ2	1.68	0.40
1:A:217:TRP:HB2	1:A:228:MET:CE	2.51	0.40
1:A:37:ASP:OD1	1:A:39:ASP:HB2	2.21	0.40
1:A:41:GLU:O	1:A:42:ASN:HB3	2.20	0.40
1:A:110:LEU:HD23	1:A:110:LEU:HA	1.89	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	271/274 (99%)	264 (97%)	5 (2%)	2 (1%)	18	7
2	B	97/99 (98%)	96 (99%)	0	1 (1%)	12	3
3	P	6/8 (75%)	5 (83%)	1 (17%)	0	100	100
All	All	374/381 (98%)	365 (98%)	6 (2%)	3 (1%)	16	5

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	225	ILE
1	A	226	GLN
2	B	49	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	231/231 (100%)	205 (89%)	26 (11%)	5	0
2	B	94/94 (100%)	87 (93%)	7 (7%)	13	2
3	P	8/8 (100%)	7 (88%)	1 (12%)	4	0
All	All	333/333 (100%)	299 (90%)	34 (10%)	7	1

All (34) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	6	ARG
1	A	39	ASP
1	A	41	GLU
1	A	42	ASN
1	A	50	ARG
1	A	58	GLU
1	A	88	SER
1	A	98	ILE
1	A	108	ARG
1	A	128	GLU
1	A	134	THR
1	A	149	GLN
1	A	154	GLU
1	A	196	GLU
1	A	197	ASP
1	A	199	VAL
1	A	220	ASN
1	A	222	GLU
1	A	227	ASP
1	A	228	MET

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	229	GLU
1	A	230	LEU
1	A	255	GLN
1	A	268	GLU
1	A	271	THR
1	A	273	ARG
2	B	1	ILE
2	B	40	LEU
2	B	56	PHE
2	B	58	LYS
2	B	73	THR
2	B	83	LYS
2	B	91	LYS
3	P	8	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (9) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	87	GLN
1	A	114	GLN
1	A	188	HIS
1	A	192	HIS
1	A	255	GLN
1	A	263	HIS
2	B	2	GLN
2	B	29	GLN
3	P	2	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
1	CSO	A	121	1	3,6,7	0.77	0	1,6,8	0.15	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	CSO	A	121	1	-	0/1/5/7	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates

3 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
4	NAG	C	1	4,1	14,14,15	0.69	0	17,19,21	0.70	1 (5%)
4	NAG	C	2	4	14,14,15	0.76	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.84	0
4	FUC	C	3	4	10,10,11	0.49	0	14,14,16	0.94	1 (7%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the

Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.
'-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	C	1	4,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	C	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	FUC	C	3	4	-	-	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	C	2	NAG	C1-C2	2.31	1.55	1.52

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	C	3	FUC	C1-C2-C3	2.63	113.47	109.64
4	C	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.17	119.99	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

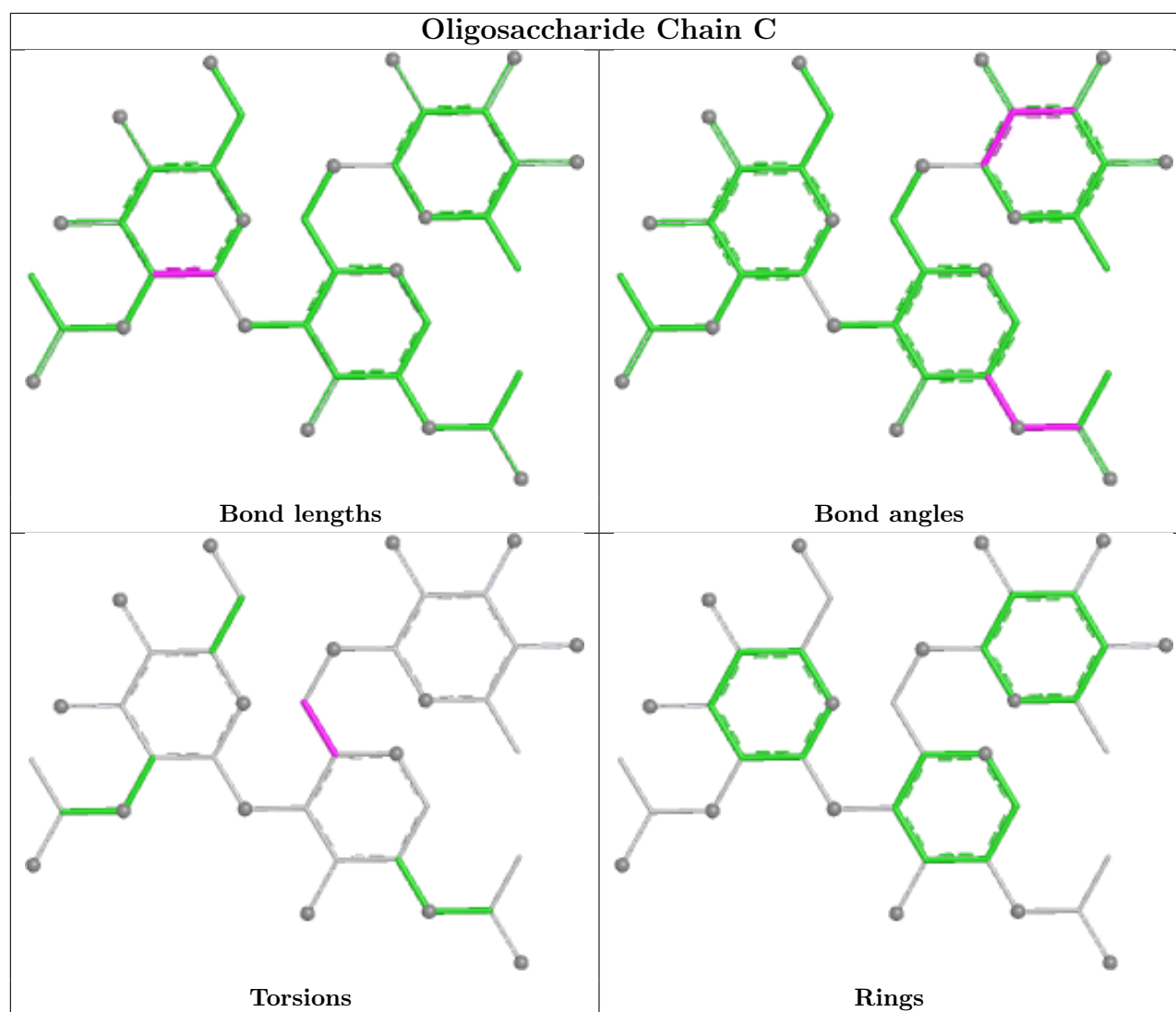
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	C	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	C	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	C	3	FUC	4	0
4	C	1	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
6	PO4	B	990	-	4,4,4	0.93	0	6,6,6	0.77	0
5	NAG	A	900	1	14,14,15	0.57	0	17,19,21	0.70	0
6	PO4	A	991	-	4,4,4	0.87	0	6,6,6	0.81	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	A	900	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	B	990	PO4	1	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	273/274 (99%)	-0.00	14 (5%) 33 39	11, 18, 46, 65	0
2	B	99/99 (100%)	0.04	4 (4%) 42 48	11, 21, 39, 59	0
3	P	8/8 (100%)	0.68	1 (12%) 8 9	18, 26, 33, 35	0
All	All	380/381 (99%)	0.02	19 (5%) 34 39	11, 19, 44, 65	0

All (19) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	B	1	ILE	5.3
1	A	225	ILE	4.7
1	A	226	GLN	4.4
1	A	274	TRP	4.0
2	B	48	LYS	3.7
1	A	220	ASN	3.6
1	A	255	GLN	3.5
1	A	42	ASN	3.2
1	A	41	GLU	3.1
1	A	40	ALA	2.9
1	A	222	GLU	2.9
2	B	73	THR	2.8
2	B	49	VAL	2.5
3	P	8	VAL	2.4
1	A	256	TYR	2.4
1	A	227	ASP	2.2
1	A	219	LEU	2.1
1	A	39	ASP	2.1
1	A	229	GLU	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

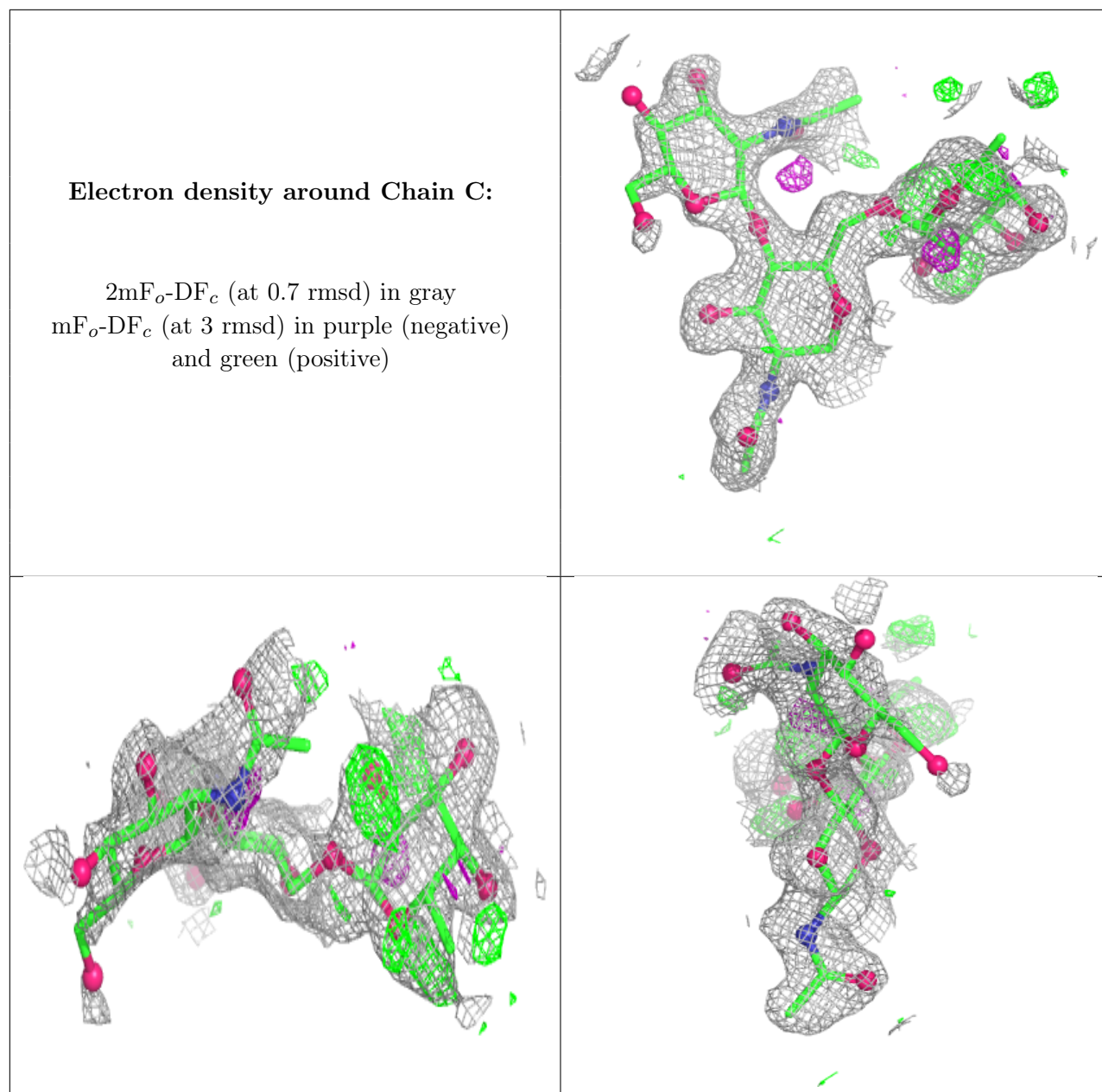
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	CSO	A	121	7/8	0.86	0.09	17,17,22,25	0

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
4	NAG	C	1	14/15	-	-	25,35,52,60	0
4	NAG	C	2	14/15	-	-	59,63,69,72	0
4	FUC	C	3	10/11	-	-	25,52,63,70	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.4 Ligands ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
6	PO4	A	991	5/5	0.61	0.12	69,72,79,100	0
5	NAG	A	900	14/15	0.73	0.12	51,61,65,69	0
6	PO4	B	990	5/5	0.88	0.10	44,45,54,55	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.