



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 5, 2026 – 08:51 PM UTC

PDB ID : 5LI4 / pdb_00005li4
EMDB ID : EMD-4052
Title : bacteriophage phi812K1-420 tail sheath protein after contraction
Authors : Novacek, J.; Siborova, M.; Benesik, M.; Pantucek, R.; Doskar, J.; Plevka, P.
Deposited on : 2016-07-14
Resolution : 4.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

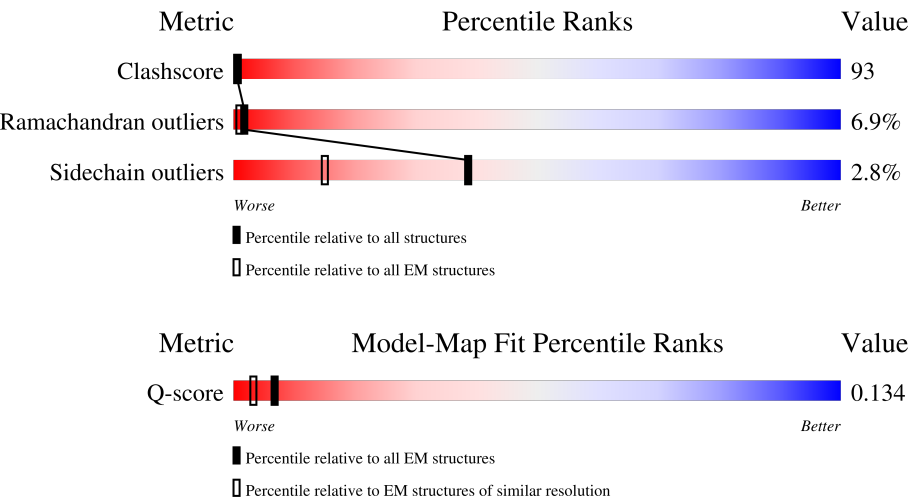
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	5410 (3.70 - 4.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	587	38% 24% 27% 21% • 27%
1	B	587	39% 24% 27% 20% • 27%
1	C	587	37% 24% 27% 20% • 27%
1	D	587	38% 24% 27% 20% • 27%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	E	587	39% 24% 27% 21% • 27%
1	F	587	37% 24% 27% 21% • 27%

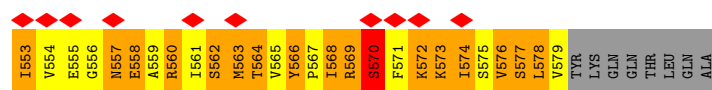
2 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 20070 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

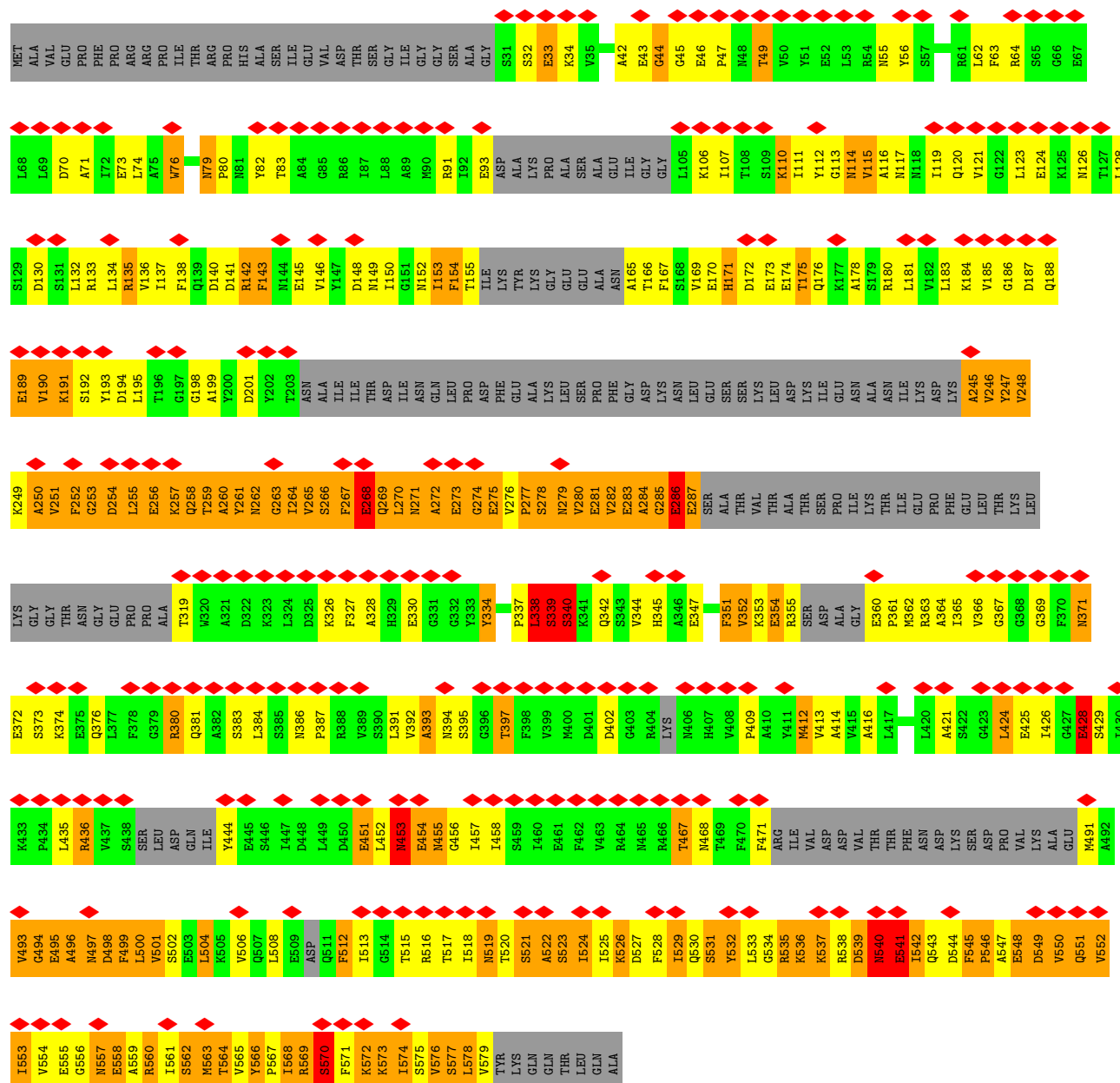
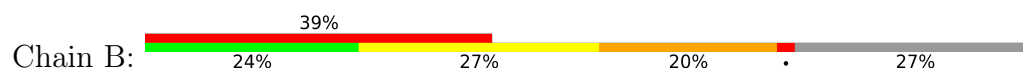
In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called tail sheath protein.

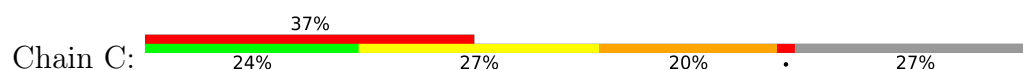
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	427	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3345	2110	567	661	7		
1	B	427	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3345	2110	567	661	7		
1	C	427	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3345	2110	567	661	7		
1	D	427	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3345	2110	567	661	7		
1	E	427	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3345	2110	567	661	7		
1	F	427	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3345	2110	567	661	7		

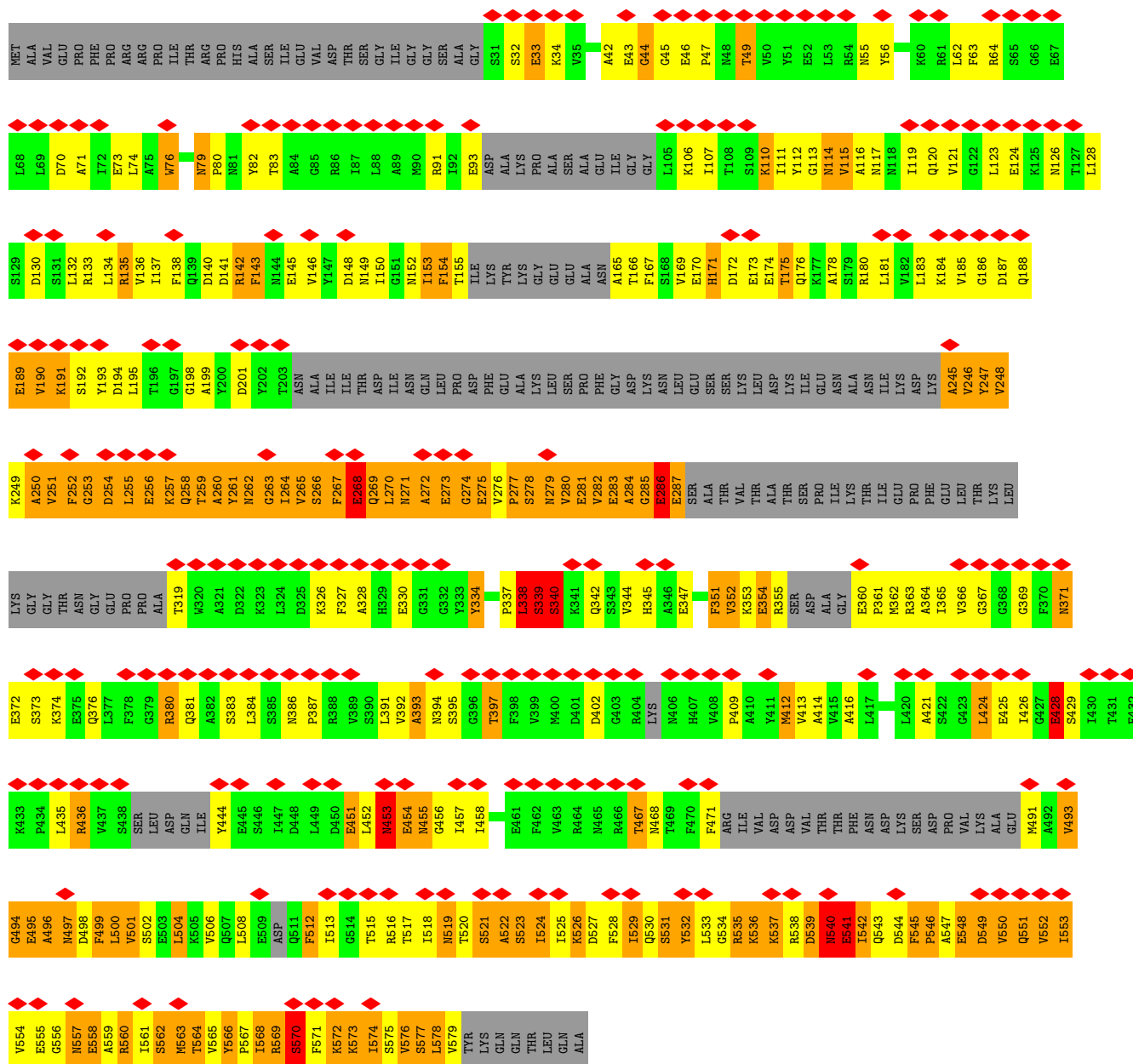


• Molecule 1: tail sheath protein

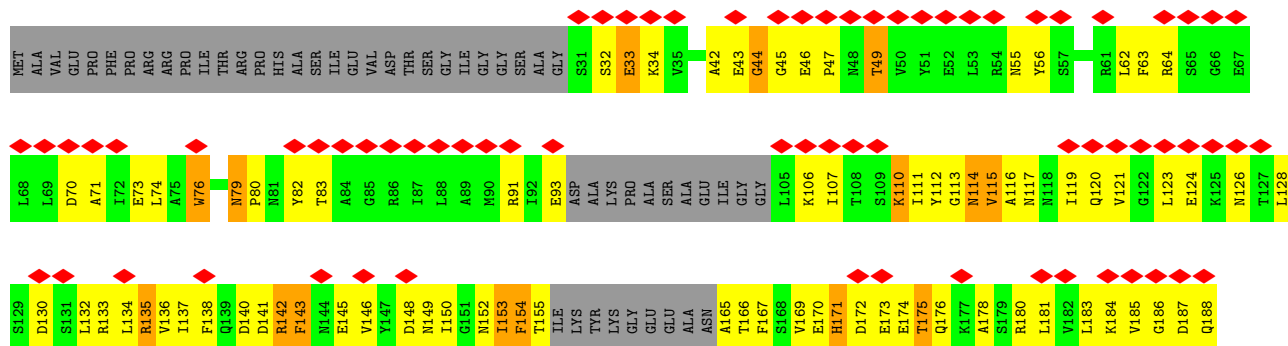
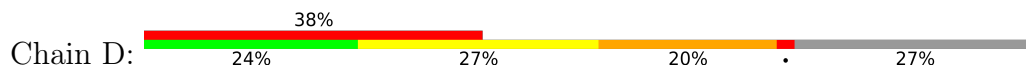


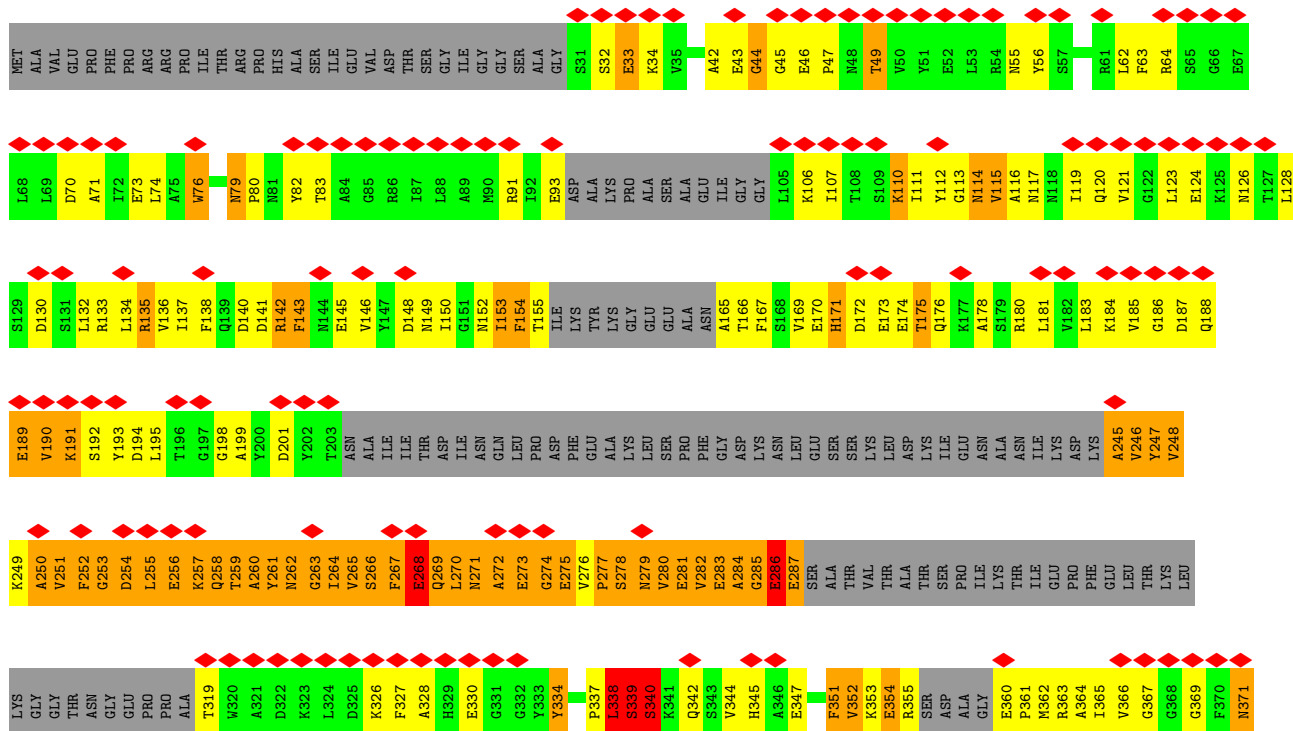
• Molecule 1: tail sheath protein

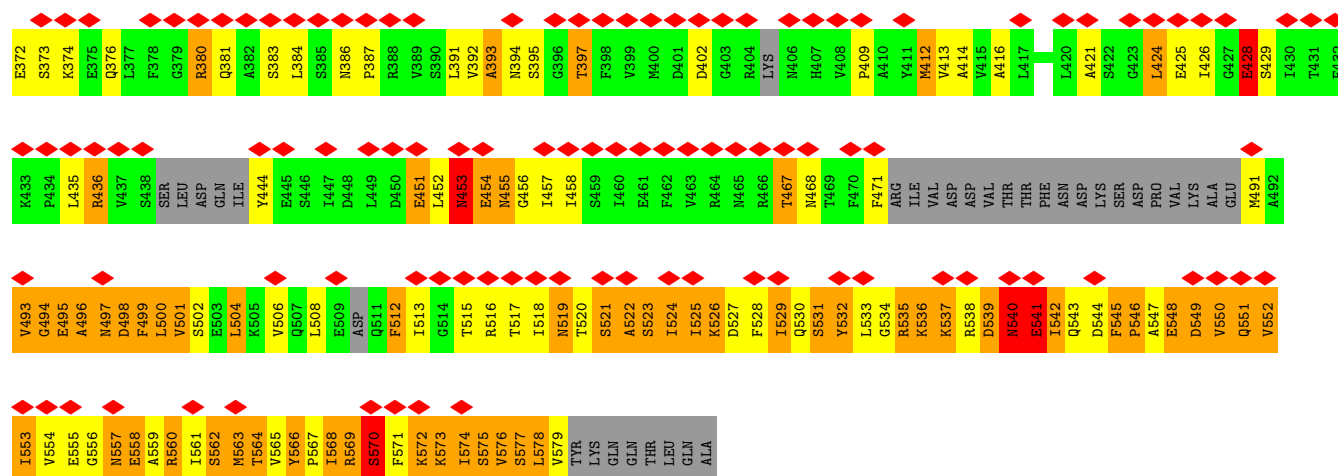




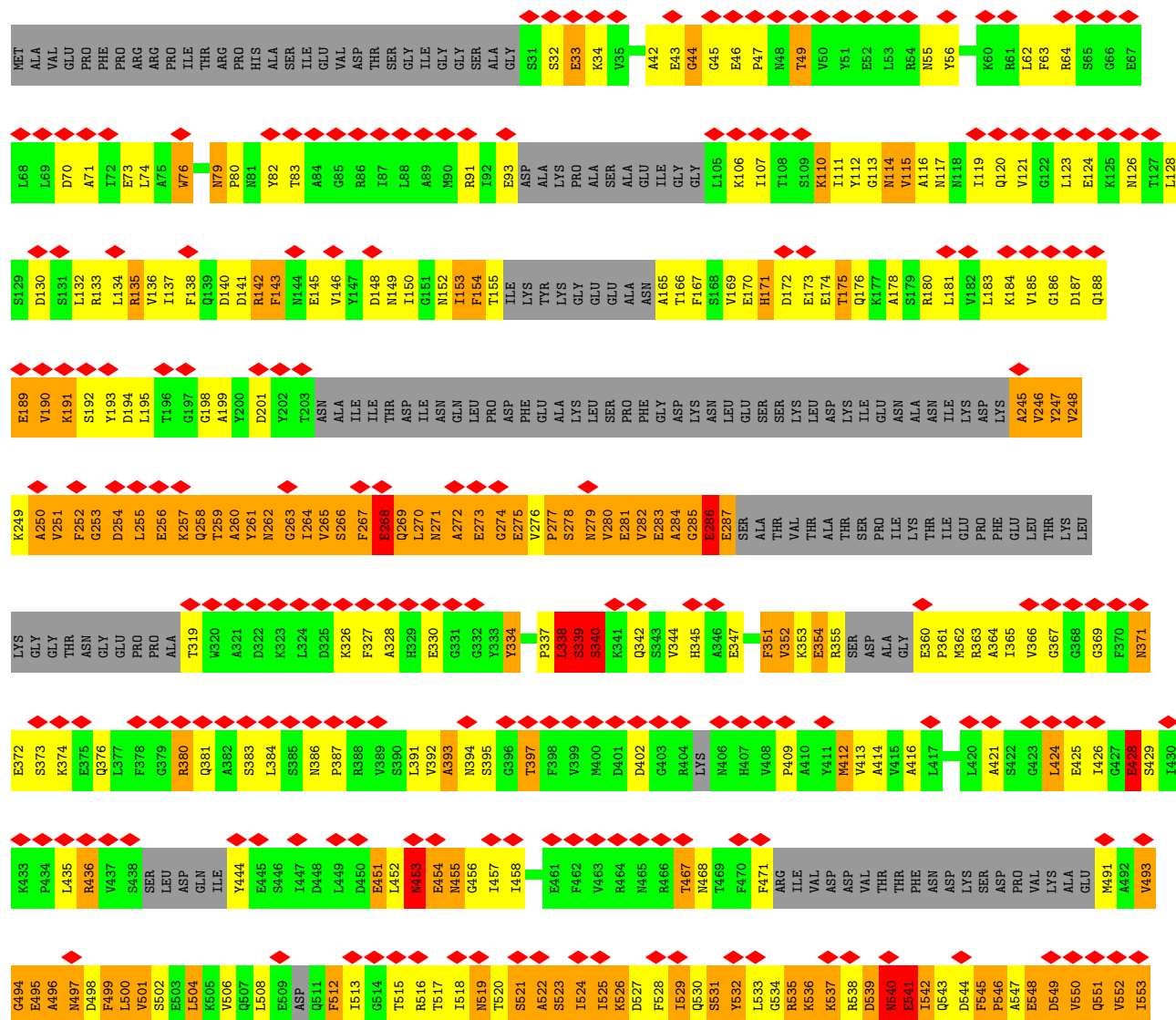
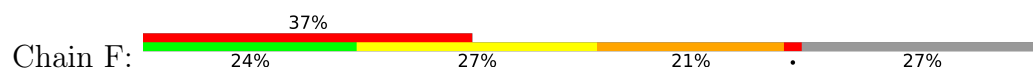
• Molecule 1: tail sheath protein







• Molecule 1: tail sheath protein



V554	E555	G556	N557	E558	A559	R560	I561	S562	M563	T564	V565	Y566	P567	I568	R569	S570	F571	K572	K573	I574	S575	V576	S577	L578	V579	TYR	LYS	GLN	GLN	THR	LEU	GLN	ALA
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4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	HELICAL	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	HELICAL, twist=30.7°, rise=18.8 Å, axial sym=C6	Depositor
Number of segments used	3628	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING ONLY	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	20	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON II (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	29.763	Depositor
Minimum map value	-9.325	Depositor
Average map value	0.774	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	3.115	Depositor
Recommended contour level	13	Depositor
Map size (Å)	318.2, 318.2, 318.2	wwPDB
Map dimensions	185, 185, 185	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.72, 1.72, 1.72	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	3.26	316/3390 (9.3%)	2.07	111/4563 (2.4%)
1	B	3.26	317/3390 (9.4%)	2.07	111/4563 (2.4%)
1	C	3.26	315/3390 (9.3%)	2.07	111/4563 (2.4%)
1	D	3.26	314/3390 (9.3%)	2.07	111/4563 (2.4%)
1	E	3.26	315/3390 (9.3%)	2.07	111/4563 (2.4%)
1	F	3.26	315/3390 (9.3%)	2.07	111/4563 (2.4%)
All	All	3.26	1892/20340 (9.3%)	2.07	666/27378 (2.4%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	1	12
1	B	1	12
1	C	1	12
1	D	1	12
1	E	1	12
1	F	1	12
All	All	6	72

The worst 5 of 1892 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	C	546	PRO	N-CD	52.33	2.21	1.47
1	D	546	PRO	N-CD	52.34	2.21	1.47
1	F	546	PRO	N-CD	52.33	2.21	1.47
1	A	546	PRO	N-CD	52.31	2.21	1.47
1	B	546	PRO	N-CD	52.31	2.21	1.47

The worst 5 of 666 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	516	ARG	NH1-CZ-NH2	19.41	144.54	119.30
1	C	142	ARG	NH1-CZ-NH2	19.38	144.49	119.30
1	F	142	ARG	NH1-CZ-NH2	19.38	144.49	119.30
1	A	142	ARG	NH1-CZ-NH2	19.38	144.49	119.30
1	D	142	ARG	NH1-CZ-NH2	19.38	144.49	119.30

5 of 6 chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
1	A	340	SER	CA
1	B	340	SER	CA
1	C	340	SER	CA
1	D	340	SER	CA
1	E	340	SER	CA

5 of 72 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	33	GLU	Peptide
1	A	334	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	340	SER	Peptide
1	A	354	GLU	Peptide
1	A	369	GLY	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3345	0	3270	619	0
1	B	3345	0	3270	618	0
1	C	3345	0	3270	611	0
1	D	3345	0	3270	614	0
1	E	3345	0	3270	617	0
1	F	3345	0	3270	618	0
All	All	20070	0	19620	3697	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 93.

The worst 5 of 3697 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:47:PRO:CD	1:C:191:LYS:HD2	1.24	1.66
1:C:252:PHE:CE2	1:C:257:LYS:HG2	1.12	1.65
1:D:252:PHE:CE2	1:D:257:LYS:HG2	1.12	1.65
1:A:282:VAL:CG1	1:A:287:GLU:HG2	1.17	1.64
1:B:252:PHE:CE2	1:B:257:LYS:HG2	1.12	1.64

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	406/587 (69%)	321 (79%)	57 (14%)	28 (7%)	1	12
1	B	406/587 (69%)	321 (79%)	57 (14%)	28 (7%)	1	12
1	C	406/587 (69%)	321 (79%)	57 (14%)	28 (7%)	1	12
1	D	406/587 (69%)	321 (79%)	57 (14%)	28 (7%)	1	12
1	E	406/587 (69%)	321 (79%)	57 (14%)	28 (7%)	1	12
1	F	406/587 (69%)	321 (79%)	57 (14%)	28 (7%)	1	12
All	All	2436/3522 (69%)	1926 (79%)	342 (14%)	168 (7%)	2	12

5 of 168 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	34	LYS
1	A	339	SER
1	A	340	SER
1	A	409	PRO
1	A	424	LEU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	363/495 (73%)	353 (97%)	10 (3%)	38	59
1	B	363/495 (73%)	353 (97%)	10 (3%)	38	59
1	C	363/495 (73%)	353 (97%)	10 (3%)	38	59
1	D	363/495 (73%)	353 (97%)	10 (3%)	38	59
1	E	363/495 (73%)	353 (97%)	10 (3%)	38	59
1	F	363/495 (73%)	353 (97%)	10 (3%)	38	59
All	All	2178/2970 (73%)	2118 (97%)	60 (3%)	38	59

5 of 60 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	453	ASN
1	F	339	SER
1	D	339	SER
1	F	338	LEU
1	F	537	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 35 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	E	557	ASN
1	F	120	GLN
1	F	453	ASN
1	C	120	GLN
1	B	557	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
1	A	3
1	B	3
1	C	3
1	D	3
1	E	3
1	F	3

The worst 5 of 18 chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	A	545:PHE	C	546:PRO	N	7.96
1	B	545:PHE	C	546:PRO	N	7.96
1	C	545:PHE	C	546:PRO	N	7.96
1	D	545:PHE	C	546:PRO	N	7.96
1	E	545:PHE	C	546:PRO	N	7.96

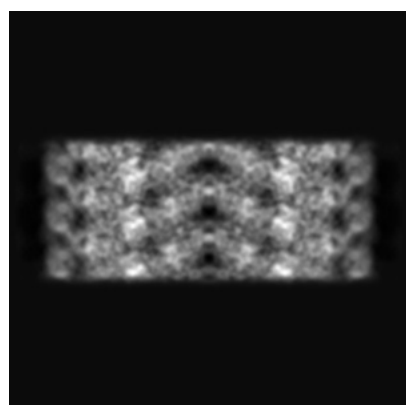
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-4052. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

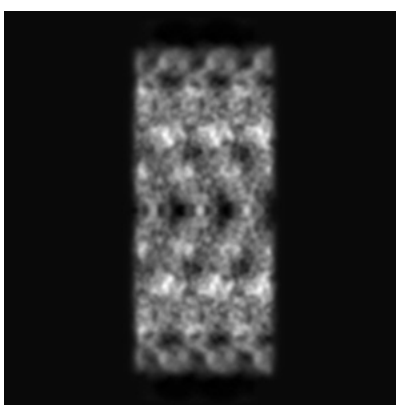
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

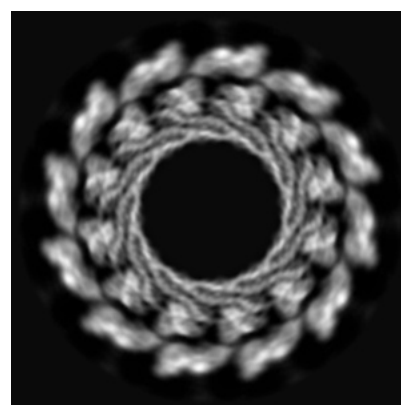
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

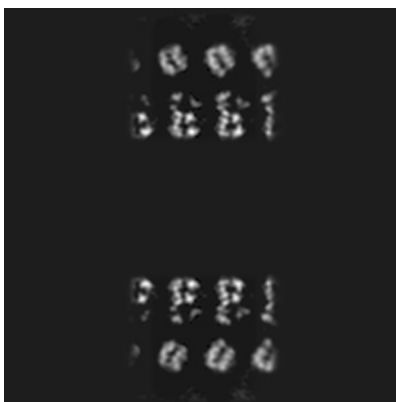
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

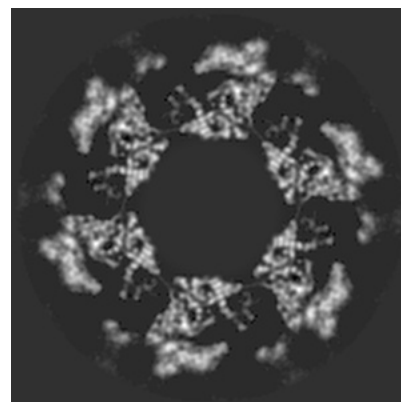
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 92



Y Index: 92



Z Index: 92

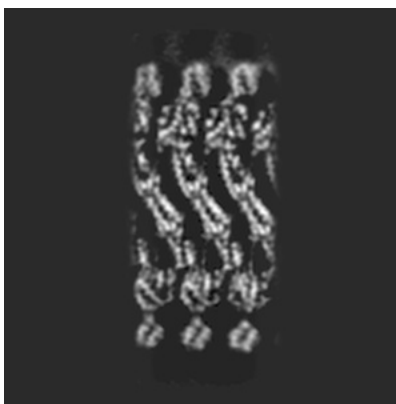
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

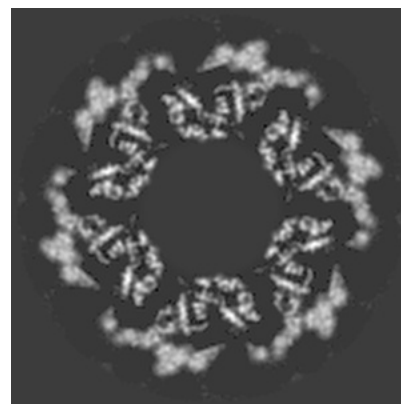
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 57



Y Index: 127

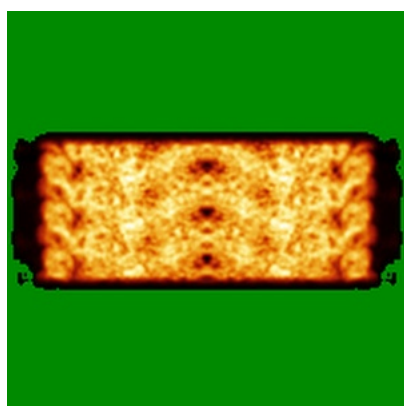


Z Index: 94

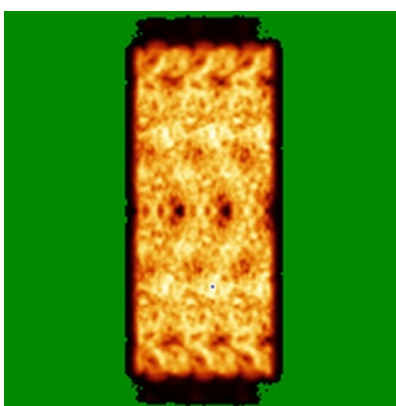
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

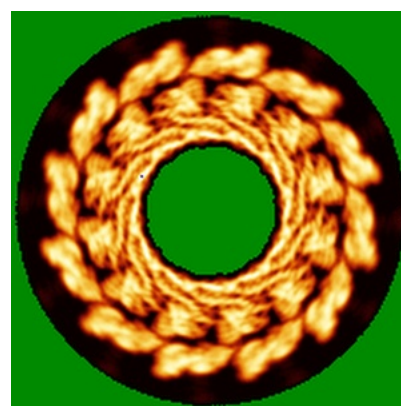
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views

This section was not generated.

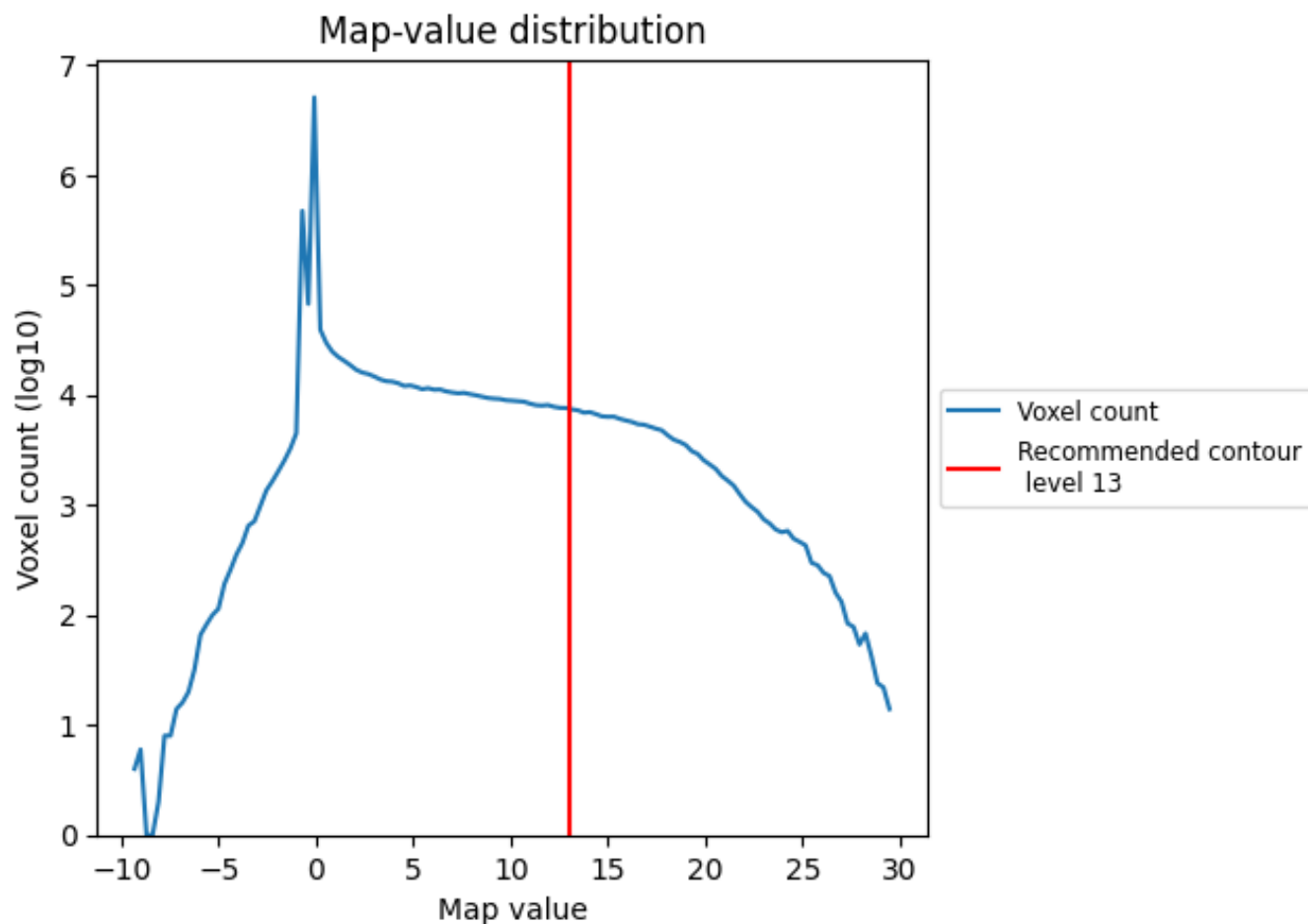
6.6 Mask visualisation

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

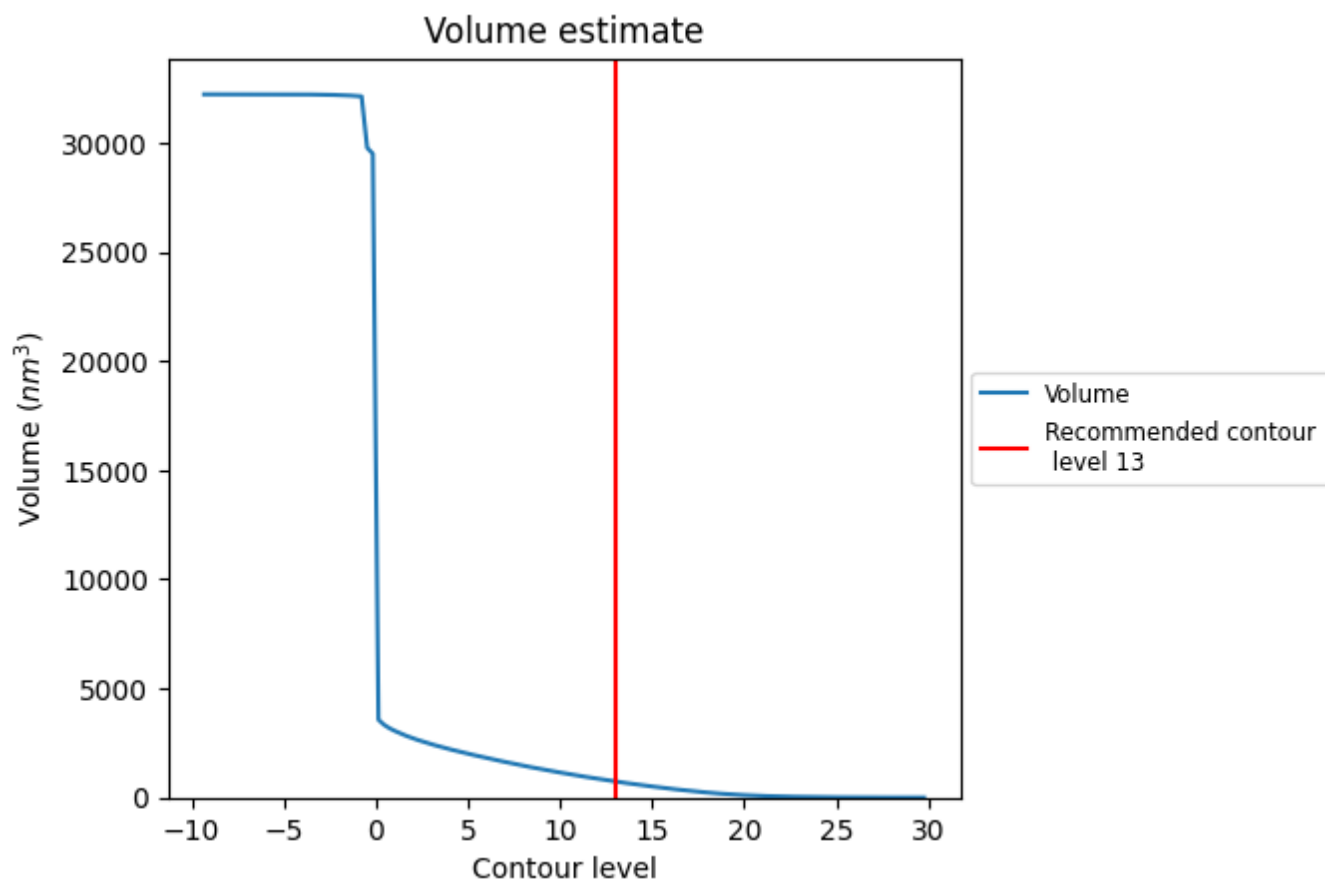
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

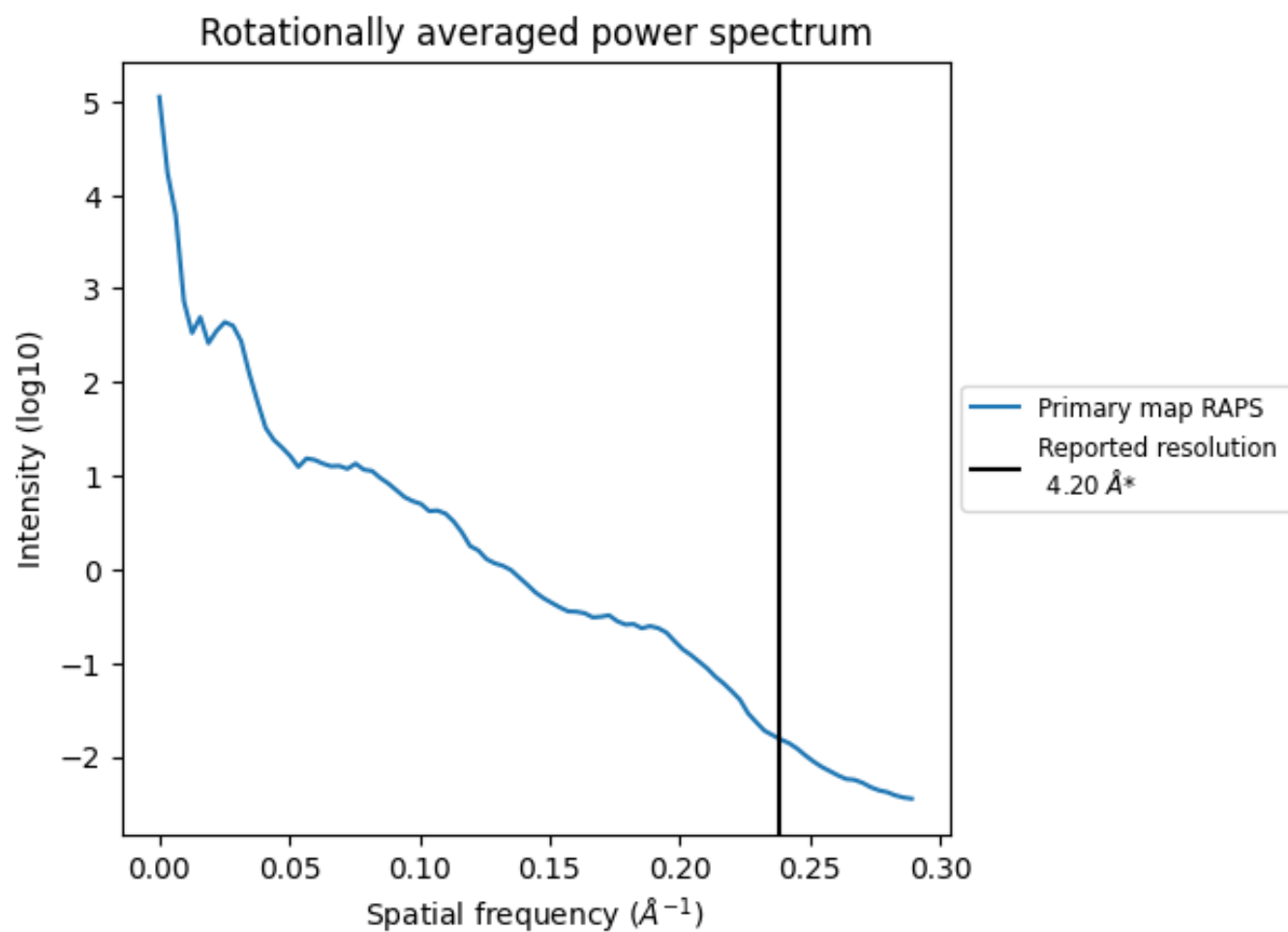
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 739 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 667 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.238 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

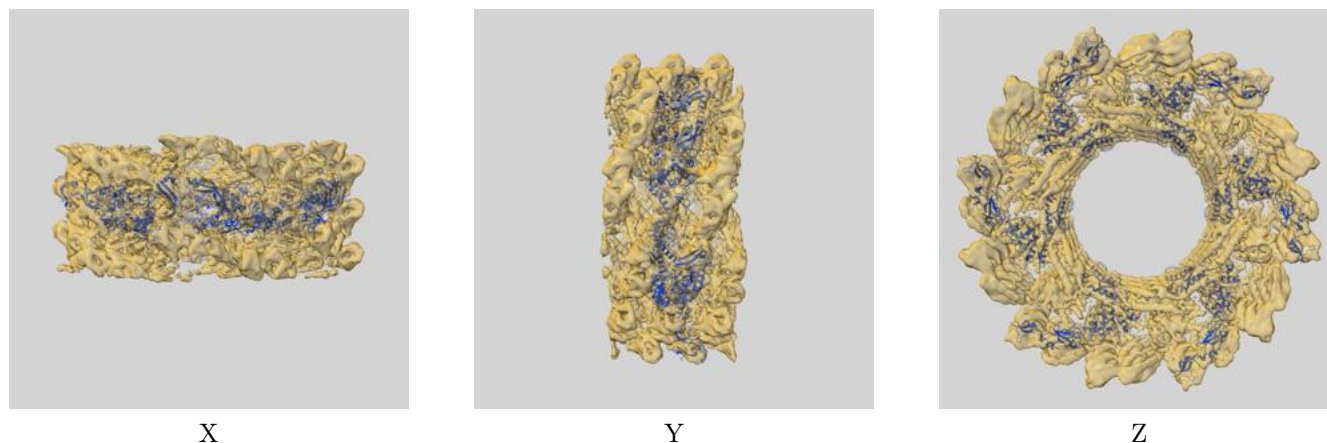
8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

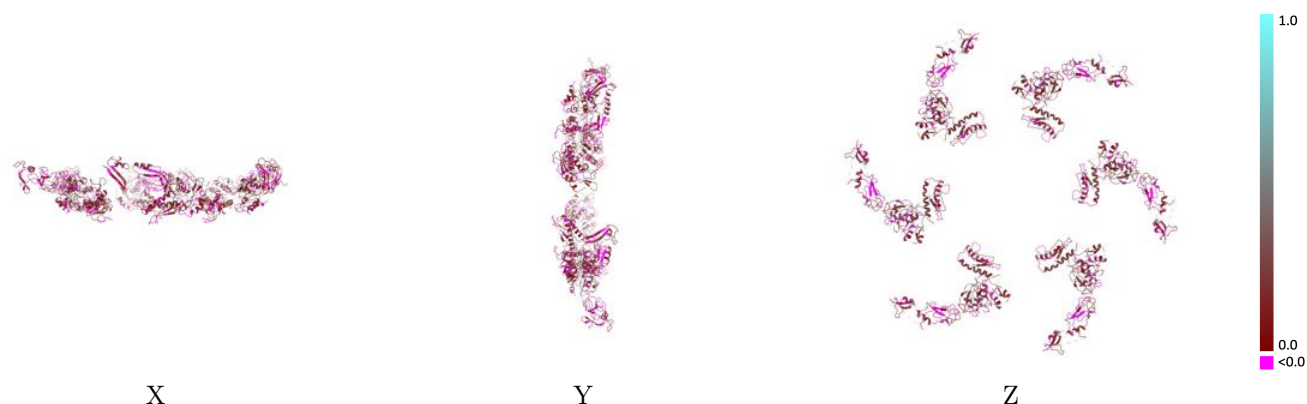
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-4052 and PDB model 5LI4. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [5](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



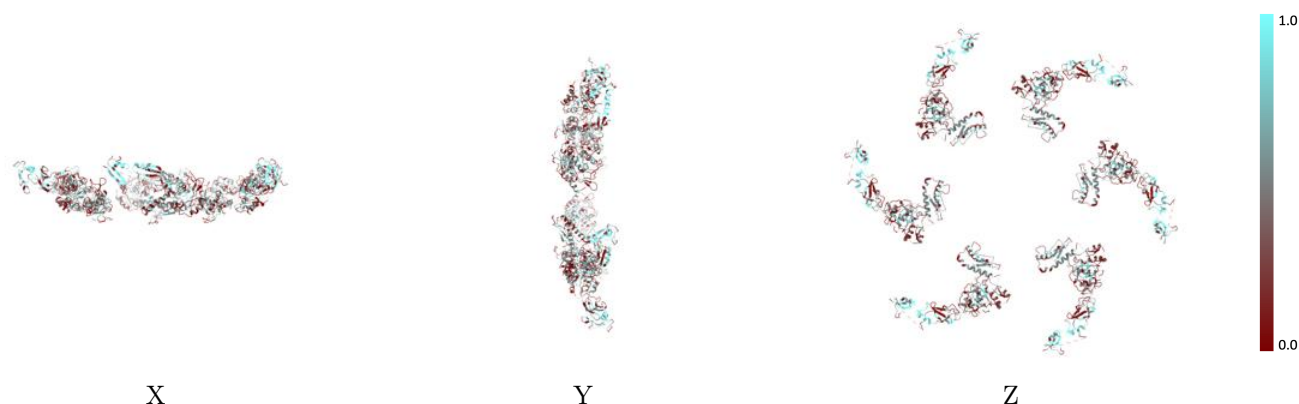
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 13.0 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



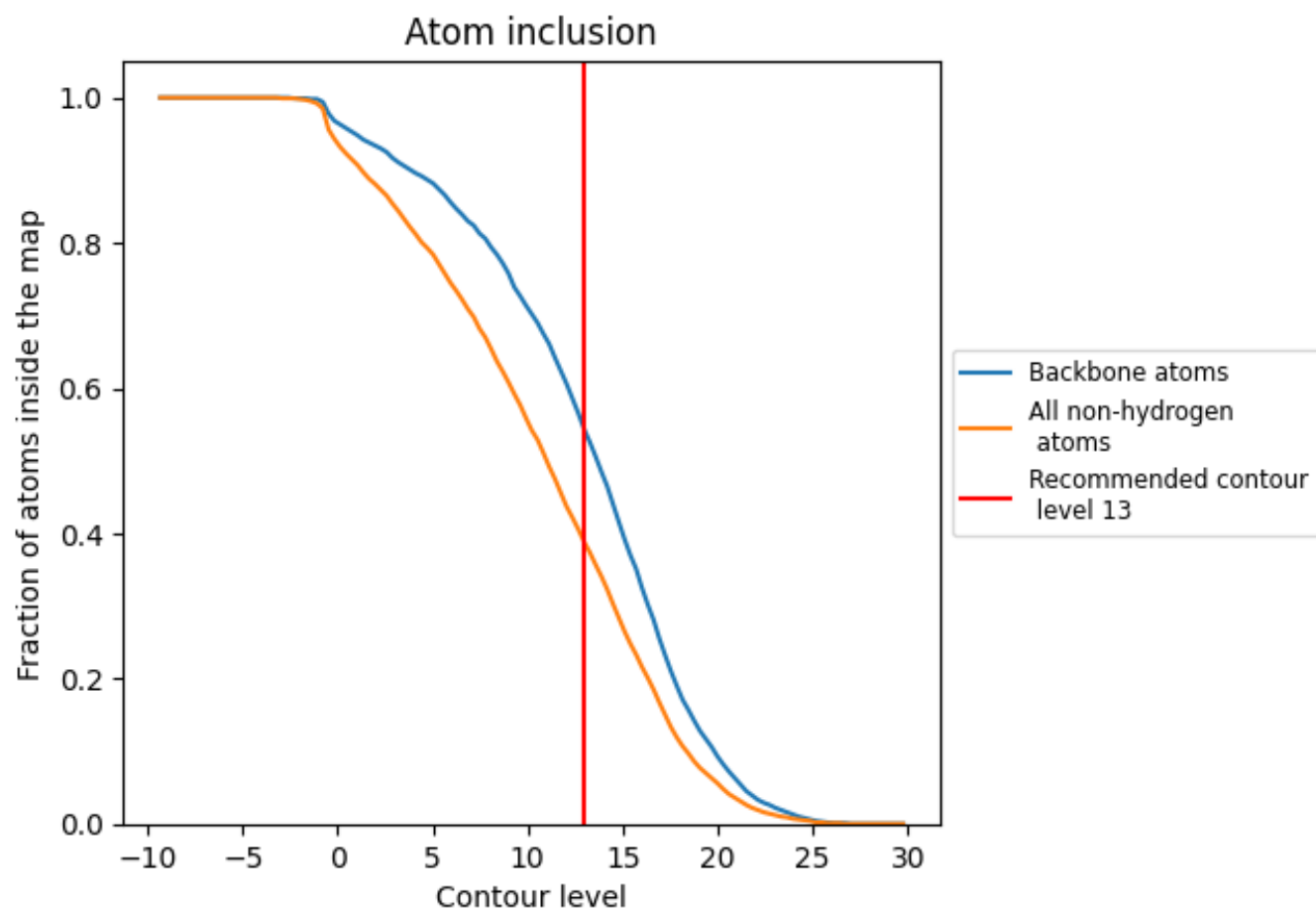
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (13).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 54% of all backbone atoms, 39% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (13) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.3870	0.1340
A	0.3870	0.1340
B	0.3840	0.1340
C	0.3900	0.1330
D	0.3870	0.1350
E	0.3840	0.1360
F	0.3900	0.1340

1.0

0.0

<0.0