



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 26, 2026 – 08:56 AM UTC

PDB ID : 2LWY / pdb_00002lwy
BMRB ID : 18653
Title : Solution Structure of Bacterial Intein-Like domain from Clostridium thermocellum
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Deposited on : 2012-08-09

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

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<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

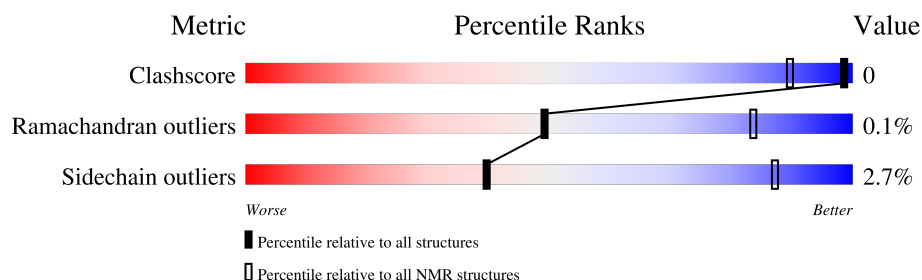
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 93%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424
Ramachandran outliers	224038	12848
Sidechain outliers	223484	12823

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	138	96% ..

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 2 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *closest to the average*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:-1-A:-1, A:1-A:135 (136)	0.45	2

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

NmrClust was unable to cluster the ensemble.

Error message: 1 Unexpected character

3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2168 atoms, of which 1091 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called BACTERIAL INTEIN-LIKE DOMAIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	138	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2168	693	1091	174	208	2	

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

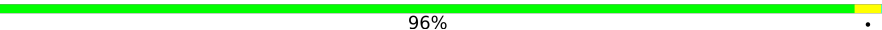
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-3	SER	-	expression tag	UNP A3DH25
A	1	ALA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP A3DH25

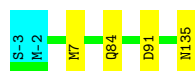
4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: BACTERIAL INTEIN-LIKE DOMAIN

Chain A:  96% ..



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Amber	refinement	
CYANA	structure solution	3

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1737
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1737
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	93%

6 Model quality i

6.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.83±0.01	0±0/1081 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.33±0.02	2±2/1466 (0.1± 0.1%)
All	All	0.83	0/21620 (0.0%)	1.33	35/29320 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	0.2±0.4
All	All	0	4

There are no bond-length outliers.

5 of 10 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	125	HIS	CA-CB-CG	9.74	123.55	113.80	9	1
1	A	135	ASN	CA-CB-CG	7.80	120.40	112.60	11	11
1	A	121	PHE	CA-CB-CG	7.40	121.20	113.80	13	4
1	A	91	ASP	CA-CB-CG	6.43	119.03	112.60	15	8
1	A	69	PRO	N-CA-CB	6.27	107.43	103.23	11	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	124	TYR	Sidechain	2
1	A	45	TYR	Sidechain	2

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1063	1077	1077	0±0
All	All	21260	21540	21540	10

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:2:PHE:CE2	1:A:68:HIS:CE1	0.45	3.05	12	10

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	135/138 (98%)	130±1 (97±1%)	4±1 (3±1%)	0±0 (0±0%)	49	83
All	All	2700/2760 (98%)	2609 (97%)	89 (3%)	2 (0%)	49	83

All 2 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	119	ASP	1
1	A	122	HIS	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	117/119 (98%)	114±1 (97±1%)	3±1 (3±1%)	40 87
All	All	2340/2380 (98%)	2276 (97%)	64 (3%)	40 87

5 of 18 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	7	MET	20
1	A	135	ASN	11
1	A	84	GLN	8
1	A	91	ASP	5
1	A	103	LYS	3

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 93% for the well-defined parts and 92% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1737
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1737
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	3

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	137	-0.11 ± 0.16	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	127	-0.02 ± 0.21	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	136	0.17 ± 0.09	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	132	0.24 ± 0.37	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 93%, i.e. 1725 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1858. 0 out of 32 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	682/684 (100%)	278/279 (100%)	272/272 (100%)	132/133 (99%)
Sidechain	968/1033 (94%)	662/675 (98%)	299/332 (90%)	7/26 (27%)

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	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	75/141 (53%)	43/71 (61%)	32/65 (49%)	0/5 (0%)
Overall	1725/1858 (93%)	983/1025 (96%)	603/669 (90%)	139/164 (85%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

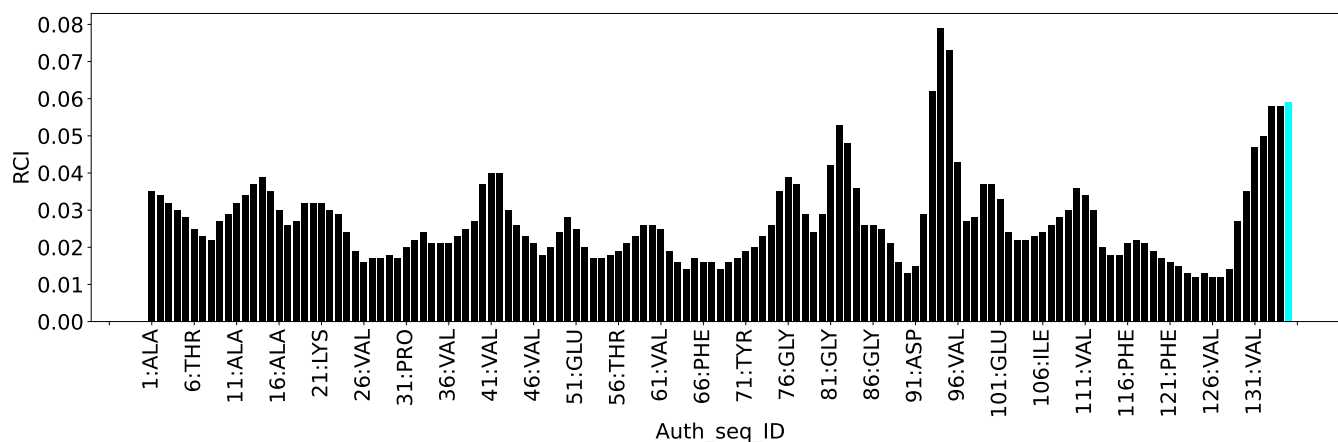
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	30	ASN	HB3	0.54	1.12 – 4.38	-6.8
1	A	18	GLU	HB3	0.74	0.95 – 3.05	-6.0
1	A	128	ASP	H	11.26	5.52 – 11.08	5.3

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



8 NMR restraints analysis

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	3403
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	666
Sequential ($ i-j =1$)	832
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	430
Long range ($ i-j \geq 5$)	1475
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	24.7
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	10.7

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	2.4	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	1.4	0.42
>0.5 (Large)	0.3	1.15

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model [i](#)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations

9 Distance violation analysis [i](#)

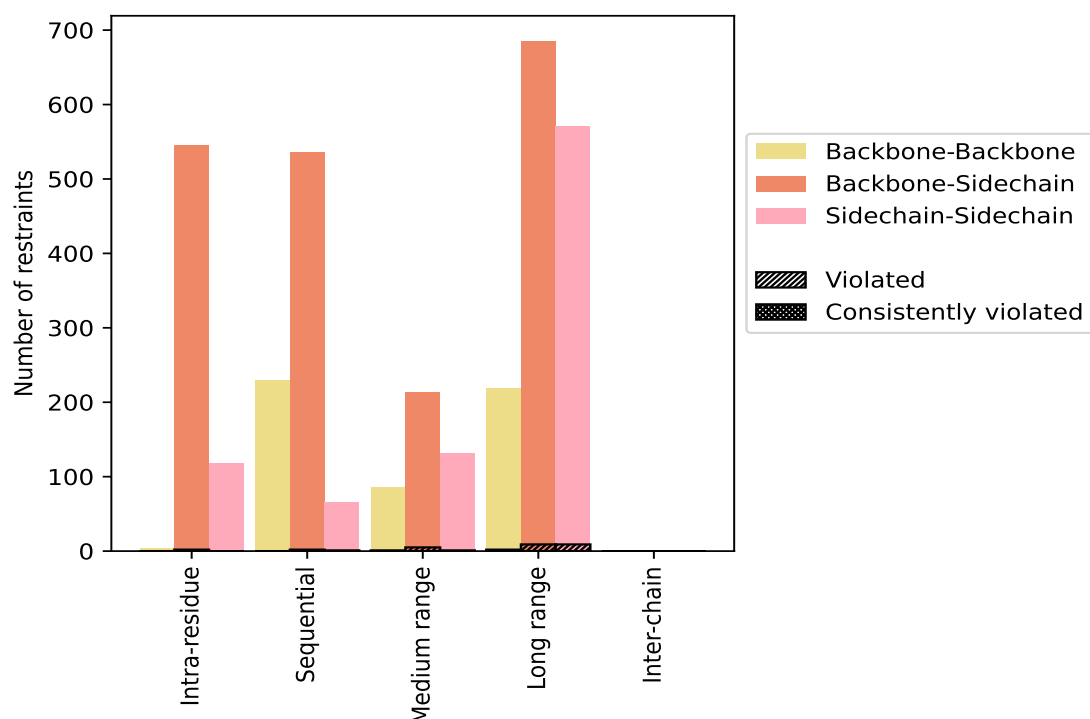
9.1 Summary of distance violations [i](#)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restrains type	Count	% ¹	Violated ³			Consistently Violated ⁴		
			Count	% ²	% ¹	Count	% ²	% ¹
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	666	19.6	2	0.3	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	3	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	545	16.0	2	0.4	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	118	3.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (i-j =1)	832	24.4	3	0.4	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	230	6.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	536	15.8	2	0.4	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	66	1.9	1	1.5	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range (i-j >1 & i-j <5)	430	12.6	7	1.6	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	86	2.5	1	1.2	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	213	6.3	5	2.3	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	131	3.8	1	0.8	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range (i-j ≥5)	1475	43.3	20	1.4	0.6	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	219	6.4	2	0.9	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	685	20.1	9	1.3	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	571	16.8	9	1.6	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	3403	100.0	32	0.9	0.9	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	538	15.8	3	0.6	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	1979	58.2	18	0.9	0.5	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	886	26.0	11	1.2	0.3	0	0.0	0.0

¹ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models

9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations [i](#)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model [i](#)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD ⁶ (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total				
1	0	0	1	2	0	3	0.12	0.13	0.01	0.12
2	0	0	1	5	0	6	0.18	0.34	0.08	0.16
3	1	0	2	1	0	4	0.22	0.3	0.08	0.24
4	0	0	2	5	0	7	0.26	0.4	0.1	0.27
5	1	1	0	1	0	3	0.12	0.13	0.01	0.12
6	0	0	1	5	0	6	0.17	0.24	0.05	0.16
7	0	1	1	3	0	5	0.23	0.35	0.08	0.22
8	0	1	0	2	0	3	0.21	0.42	0.15	0.12
9	0	0	3	0	0	3	0.12	0.16	0.03	0.11
10	1	0	3	5	0	9	0.33	0.92	0.25	0.32

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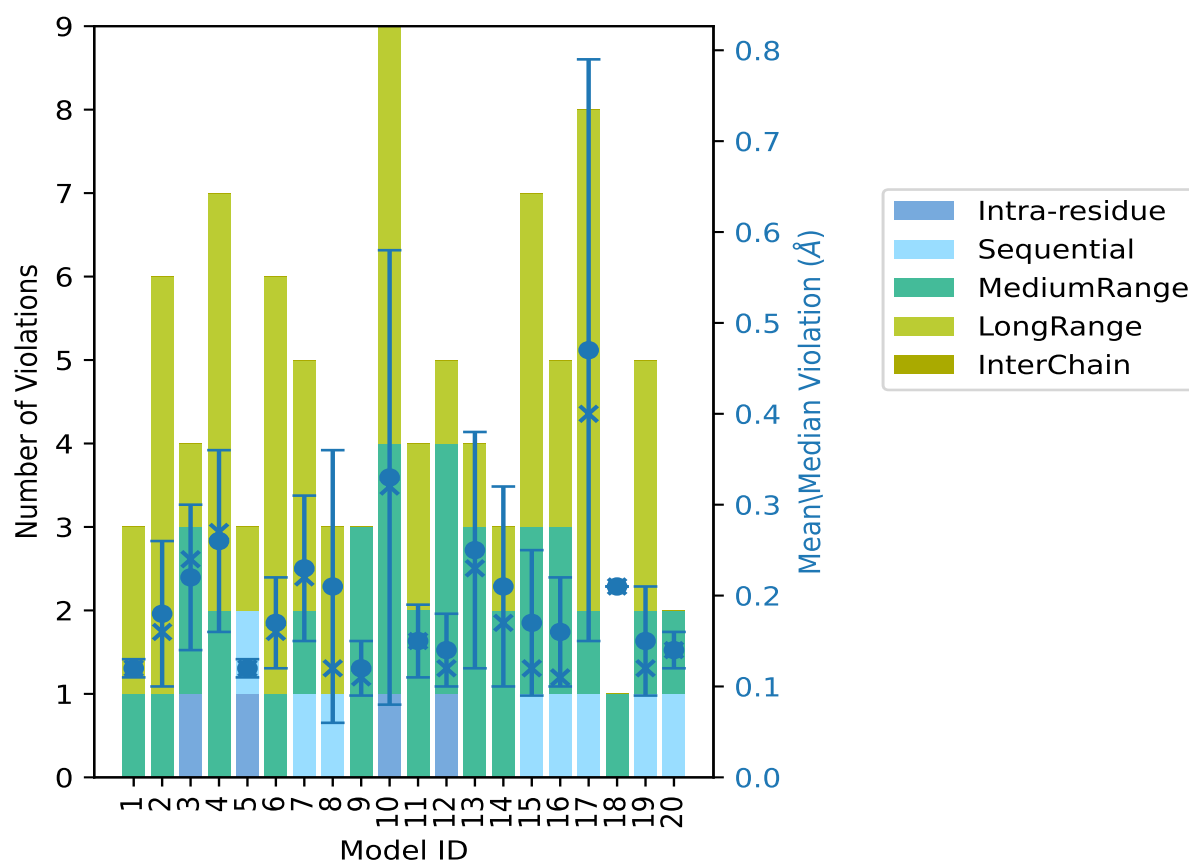
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Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD ⁶ (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total				
11	0	0	2	2	0	4	0.15	0.19	0.04	0.15
12	1	0	3	1	0	5	0.14	0.19	0.04	0.12
13	0	0	3	1	0	4	0.25	0.42	0.13	0.23
14	0	0	2	1	0	3	0.21	0.36	0.11	0.17
15	0	1	2	4	0	7	0.17	0.32	0.08	0.12
16	0	1	2	2	0	5	0.16	0.26	0.06	0.11
17	0	1	1	6	0	8	0.47	1.15	0.32	0.4
18	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.21	0.21	0.0	0.21
19	0	1	1	3	0	5	0.15	0.28	0.06	0.12
20	0	1	1	0	0	2	0.14	0.15	0.02	0.14

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints,

⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model ⓘ



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble

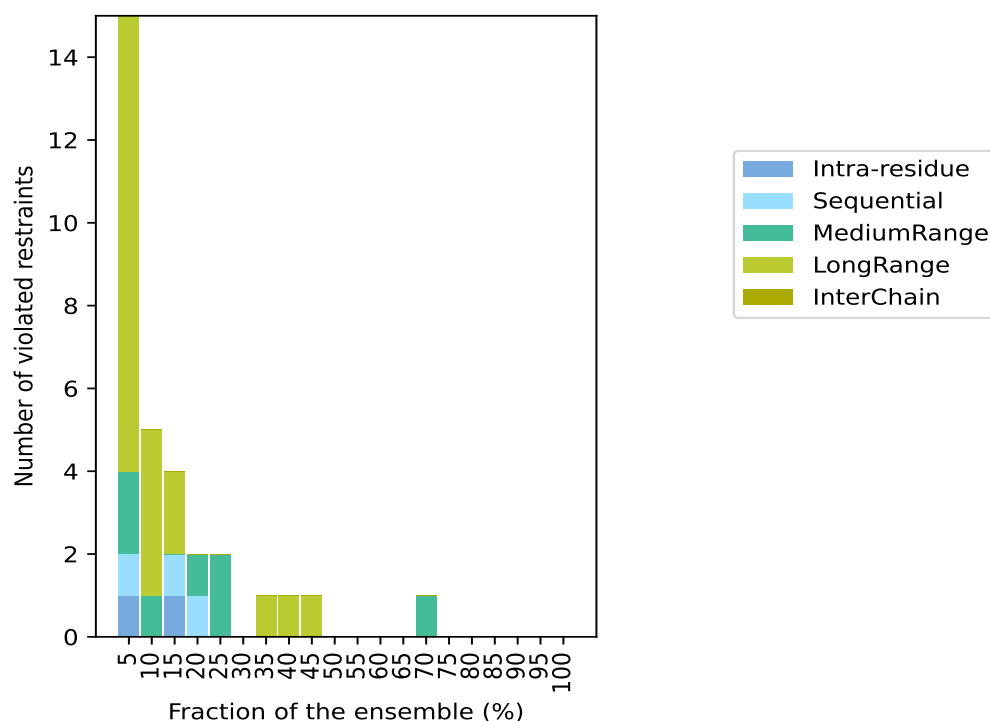
Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 3371(IR:664, SQ:829, MR:423, LR:1455, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total	Count ⁶	%
1	1	2	11	0	15	1	5.0
0	0	1	4	0	5	2	10.0
1	1	0	2	0	4	3	15.0
0	1	1	0	0	2	4	20.0
0	0	2	0	0	2	5	25.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	6	30.0
0	0	0	1	0	1	7	35.0
0	0	0	1	0	1	8	40.0
0	0	0	1	0	1	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	1	0	0	1	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	20	100.0

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints,

⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶ Number of models with violations

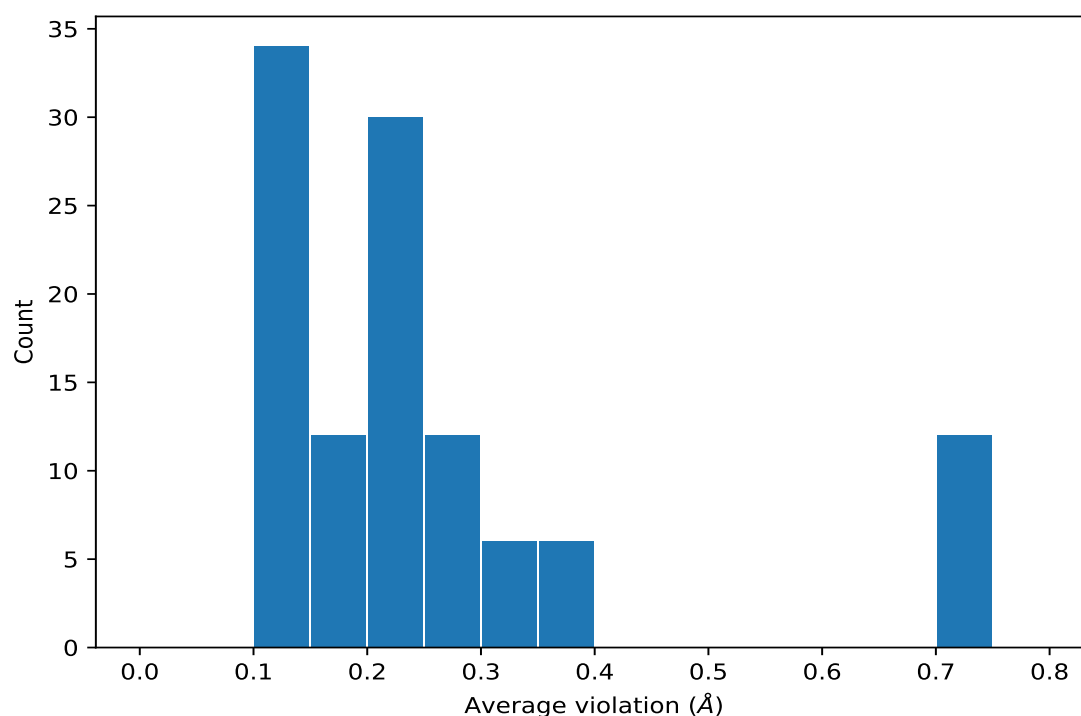
9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)



9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models ¹	Mean (Å)	SD ¹ (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,1195)	1:28:A:ALA:H	1:30:A:ASN:H	14	0.11	0.01	0.12
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD11	9	0.35	0.13	0.36
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD12	9	0.35	0.13	0.36
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD13	9	0.35	0.13	0.36
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD21	9	0.35	0.13	0.36
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD22	9	0.35	0.13	0.36
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD23	9	0.35	0.13	0.36
(1,3082)	1:54:A:HIS:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD11	8	0.29	0.07	0.28
(1,3082)	1:54:A:HIS:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD12	8	0.29	0.07	0.28
(1,3082)	1:54:A:HIS:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD13	8	0.29	0.07	0.28
(1,3082)	1:54:A:HIS:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD21	8	0.29	0.07	0.28
(1,3082)	1:54:A:HIS:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD22	8	0.29	0.07	0.28
(1,3082)	1:54:A:HIS:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD23	8	0.29	0.07	0.28
(1,3049)	1:53:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD11	7	0.36	0.28	0.21
(1,3049)	1:53:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD12	7	0.36	0.28	0.21
(1,3049)	1:53:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD13	7	0.36	0.28	0.21

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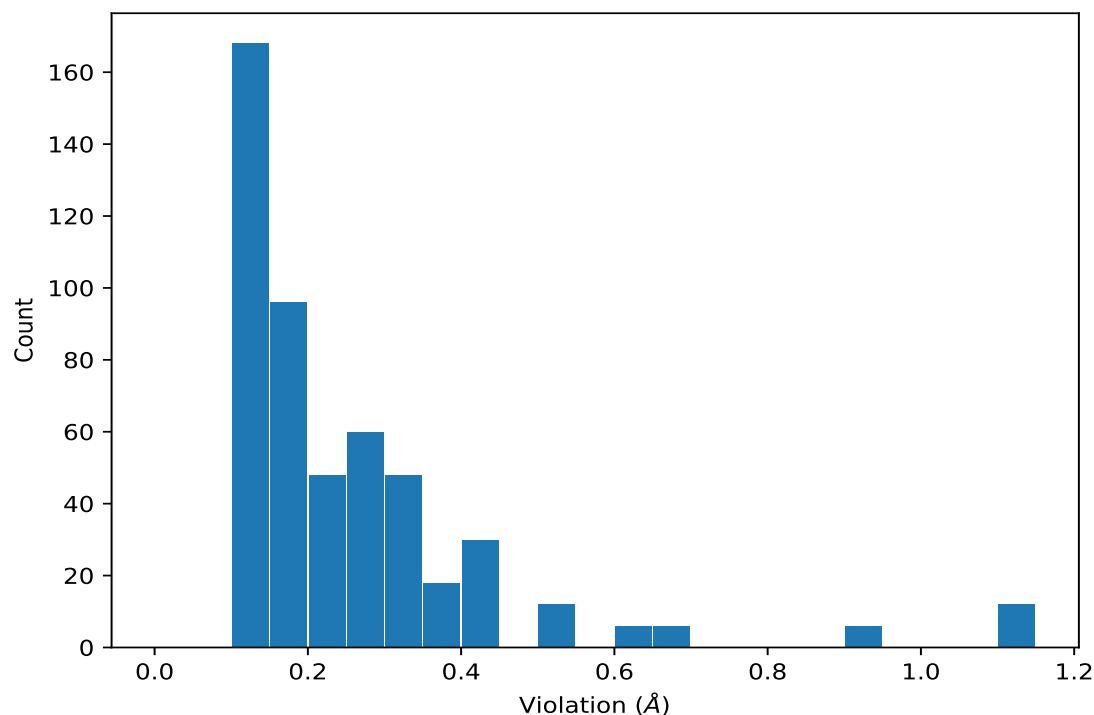
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models ¹	Mean (Å)	SD ¹ (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,3049)	1:53:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD21	7	0.36	0.28	0.21
(1,3049)	1:53:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD22	7	0.36	0.28	0.21
(1,3049)	1:53:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD23	7	0.36	0.28	0.21
(1,3056)	1:53:A:LEU:HD11	1:55:A:LEU:H	5	0.18	0.08	0.19
(1,3056)	1:53:A:LEU:HD12	1:55:A:LEU:H	5	0.18	0.08	0.19
(1,3056)	1:53:A:LEU:HD13	1:55:A:LEU:H	5	0.18	0.08	0.19
(1,3056)	1:53:A:LEU:HD21	1:55:A:LEU:H	5	0.18	0.08	0.19
(1,3056)	1:53:A:LEU:HD22	1:55:A:LEU:H	5	0.18	0.08	0.19
(1,3056)	1:53:A:LEU:HD23	1:55:A:LEU:H	5	0.18	0.08	0.19
(1,3150)	1:61:A:VAL:HG11	1:63:A:LYS:H	5	0.17	0.07	0.16
(1,3150)	1:61:A:VAL:HG12	1:63:A:LYS:H	5	0.17	0.07	0.16
(1,3150)	1:61:A:VAL:HG13	1:63:A:LYS:H	5	0.17	0.07	0.16
(1,3150)	1:61:A:VAL:HG21	1:63:A:LYS:H	5	0.17	0.07	0.16
(1,3150)	1:61:A:VAL:HG22	1:63:A:LYS:H	5	0.17	0.07	0.16
(1,3150)	1:61:A:VAL:HG23	1:63:A:LYS:H	5	0.17	0.07	0.16
(1,3252)	1:84:A:GLN:HA	1:85:A:VAL:HG11	4	0.2	0.09	0.16
(1,3252)	1:84:A:GLN:HA	1:85:A:VAL:HG12	4	0.2	0.09	0.16
(1,3252)	1:84:A:GLN:HA	1:85:A:VAL:HG13	4	0.2	0.09	0.16
(1,3252)	1:84:A:GLN:HA	1:85:A:VAL:HG21	4	0.2	0.09	0.16
(1,3252)	1:84:A:GLN:HA	1:85:A:VAL:HG22	4	0.2	0.09	0.16
(1,3252)	1:84:A:GLN:HA	1:85:A:VAL:HG23	4	0.2	0.09	0.16
(1,3009)	1:36:A:VAL:HG11	1:38:A:GLU:H	4	0.14	0.04	0.12
(1,3009)	1:36:A:VAL:HG12	1:38:A:GLU:H	4	0.14	0.04	0.12
(1,3009)	1:36:A:VAL:HG13	1:38:A:GLU:H	4	0.14	0.04	0.12
(1,3009)	1:36:A:VAL:HG21	1:38:A:GLU:H	4	0.14	0.04	0.12
(1,3009)	1:36:A:VAL:HG22	1:38:A:GLU:H	4	0.14	0.04	0.12
(1,3009)	1:36:A:VAL:HG23	1:38:A:GLU:H	4	0.14	0.04	0.12
(1,3072)	1:53:A:LEU:HD11	1:102:A:LYS:HD2	3	0.24	0.02	0.24
(1,3072)	1:53:A:LEU:HD11	1:102:A:LYS:HD3	3	0.24	0.02	0.24
(1,3072)	1:53:A:LEU:HD12	1:102:A:LYS:HD2	3	0.24	0.02	0.24
(1,3072)	1:53:A:LEU:HD12	1:102:A:LYS:HD3	3	0.24	0.02	0.24
(1,3072)	1:53:A:LEU:HD13	1:102:A:LYS:HD2	3	0.24	0.02	0.24
(1,3072)	1:53:A:LEU:HD13	1:102:A:LYS:HD3	3	0.24	0.02	0.24
(1,3072)	1:53:A:LEU:HD21	1:102:A:LYS:HD2	3	0.24	0.02	0.24
(1,3072)	1:53:A:LEU:HD21	1:102:A:LYS:HD3	3	0.24	0.02	0.24
(1,3072)	1:53:A:LEU:HD22	1:102:A:LYS:HD2	3	0.24	0.02	0.24
(1,3072)	1:53:A:LEU:HD22	1:102:A:LYS:HD3	3	0.24	0.02	0.24
(1,3072)	1:53:A:LEU:HD23	1:102:A:LYS:HD2	3	0.24	0.02	0.24
(1,3072)	1:53:A:LEU:HD23	1:102:A:LYS:HD3	3	0.24	0.02	0.24
(1,3283)	1:90:A:LEU:HA	1:97:A:LEU:HD11	3	0.15	0.02	0.15

¹Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints [i](#)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations [i](#)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,2541)	1:88:A:LYS:HE2	1:98:A:VAL:HG11	17	1.15
(1,2541)	1:88:A:LYS:HE2	1:98:A:VAL:HG12	17	1.15
(1,2541)	1:88:A:LYS:HE2	1:98:A:VAL:HG13	17	1.15
(1,2541)	1:88:A:LYS:HE2	1:98:A:VAL:HG21	17	1.15
(1,2541)	1:88:A:LYS:HE2	1:98:A:VAL:HG22	17	1.15
(1,2541)	1:88:A:LYS:HE2	1:98:A:VAL:HG23	17	1.15
(1,2541)	1:88:A:LYS:HE3	1:98:A:VAL:HG11	17	1.15
(1,2541)	1:88:A:LYS:HE3	1:98:A:VAL:HG12	17	1.15
(1,2541)	1:88:A:LYS:HE3	1:98:A:VAL:HG13	17	1.15
(1,2541)	1:88:A:LYS:HE3	1:98:A:VAL:HG21	17	1.15
(1,2541)	1:88:A:LYS:HE3	1:98:A:VAL:HG22	17	1.15

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,2541)	1:88:A:LYS:HE3	1:98:A:VAL:HG23	17	1.15
(1,3049)	1:53:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD11	10	0.92
(1,3049)	1:53:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD12	10	0.92
(1,3049)	1:53:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD13	10	0.92
(1,3049)	1:53:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD21	10	0.92
(1,3049)	1:53:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD22	10	0.92
(1,3049)	1:53:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD23	10	0.92
(1,2140)	1:88:A:LYS:HG3	1:98:A:VAL:HG11	17	0.65
(1,2140)	1:88:A:LYS:HG3	1:98:A:VAL:HG12	17	0.65
(1,2140)	1:88:A:LYS:HG3	1:98:A:VAL:HG13	17	0.65
(1,2140)	1:88:A:LYS:HG3	1:98:A:VAL:HG21	17	0.65
(1,2140)	1:88:A:LYS:HG3	1:98:A:VAL:HG22	17	0.65
(1,2140)	1:88:A:LYS:HG3	1:98:A:VAL:HG23	17	0.65
(1,3049)	1:53:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD11	17	0.62
(1,3049)	1:53:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD12	17	0.62
(1,3049)	1:53:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD13	17	0.62
(1,3049)	1:53:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD21	17	0.62
(1,3049)	1:53:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD22	17	0.62
(1,3049)	1:53:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD23	17	0.62
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD11	10	0.52
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD12	10	0.52
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD13	10	0.52
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD21	10	0.52
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD22	10	0.52
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD23	10	0.52
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD11	17	0.52
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD12	17	0.52
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD13	17	0.52
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD21	17	0.52
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD22	17	0.52
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD23	17	0.52
(1,3082)	1:54:A:HIS:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD11	10	0.42
(1,3082)	1:54:A:HIS:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD12	10	0.42
(1,3082)	1:54:A:HIS:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD13	10	0.42
(1,3082)	1:54:A:HIS:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD21	10	0.42
(1,3082)	1:54:A:HIS:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD22	10	0.42
(1,3082)	1:54:A:HIS:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD23	10	0.42
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD11	8	0.42
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD12	8	0.42
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD13	8	0.42
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD21	8	0.42
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD22	8	0.42

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD23	8	0.42
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD11	13	0.42
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD12	13	0.42
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD13	13	0.42
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD21	13	0.42
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD22	13	0.42
(1,3047)	1:52:A:LEU:H	1:104:A:LEU:HD23	13	0.42
(1,3209)	1:73:A:LYS:HD2	1:96:A:VAL:HG11	4	0.4

10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis ⓘ

No dihedral-angle restraints found