



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 8, 2026 – 03:12 PM UTC

PDB ID : 1M2B / pdb_00001m2b
Title : Crystal structure at 1.25 Angstroms resolution of the Cys55Ser variant of the thioredoxin-like [2Fe-2S] ferredoxin from Aquifex aeolicus
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Deposited on : 2002-06-22
Resolution : 1.25 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	NOT EXECUTED
EDS	:	NOT EXECUTED
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

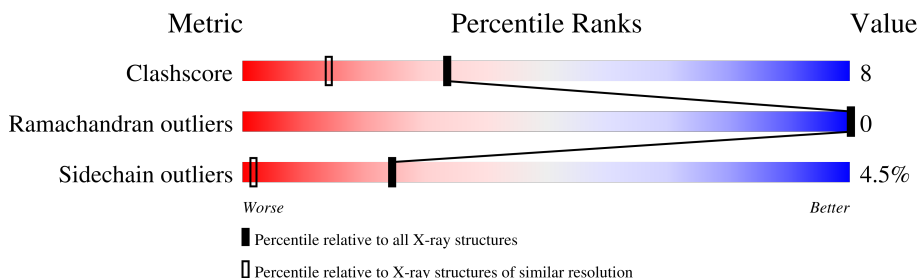
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.25 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	190562	1730 (1.28-1.24)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	1695 (1.28-1.24)
Sidechain outliers	187428	1694 (1.28-1.24)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	110	
1	B	110	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1797 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

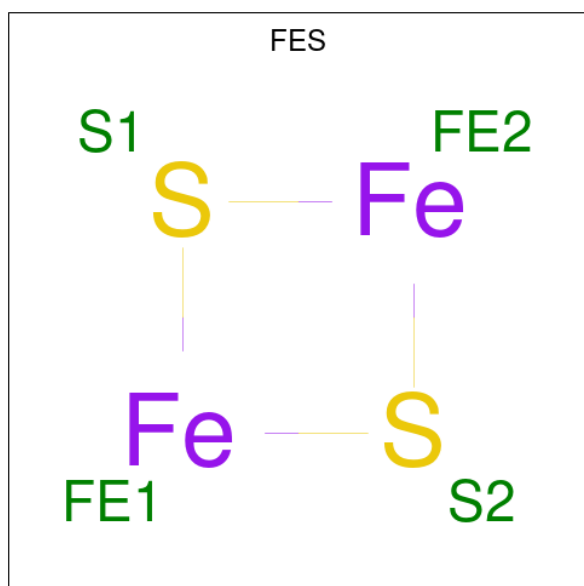
- Molecule 1 is a protein called [2Fe-2S] ferredoxin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	101	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			787	501	134	144	8			
1	B	101	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			787	501	134	144	8			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	55	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP O66511
B	55	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP O66511

- Molecule 2 is FE2/S2 (INORGANIC) CLUSTER (CCD ID: FES) (formula: Fe₂S₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			4	2	2		

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	1	Total 4	Fe 2	S 2	0	0

- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	105	Total 105	O 105	0	0
3	B	110	Total 110	O 110	0	0

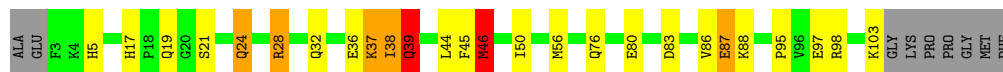
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

- Molecule 1: [2Fe-2S] ferredoxin

Chain A: 



- Molecule 1: [2Fe-2S] ferredoxin

Chain B: 



4 Data and refinement statistics

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	67.30Å 59.80Å 46.90Å 90.00° 109.80° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	44.30 – 1.25	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (44.30-1.25)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.05	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.05	Depositor
Refinement program	SHELXL-97	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.144 , 0.196	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	1797	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	22.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FES

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.97	1/807 (0.1%)	2.31	32/1094 (2.9%)
1	B	0.92	2/807 (0.2%)	1.81	18/1094 (1.6%)
All	All	0.95	3/1614 (0.2%)	2.07	50/2188 (2.3%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	5	HIS	ND1-CE1	-7.08	1.25	1.32
1	B	5	HIS	ND1-CE1	-6.99	1.25	1.32
1	B	96	VAL	N-CA	-5.76	1.39	1.46

The worst 5 of 50 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	39	GLN	CA-C-N	31.40	170.03	121.98
1	A	39	GLN	C-N-CA	31.40	170.03	121.98
1	B	5	HIS	ND1-CE1-NE2	-12.39	96.01	108.40
1	B	56	MET	CA-C-N	12.25	139.46	122.19
1	B	56	MET	C-N-CA	12.25	139.46	122.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	39	GLN	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	787	0	774	11	0
1	B	787	0	775	13	0
2	A	4	0	0	0	0
2	B	4	0	0	0	0
3	A	105	0	0	5	0
3	B	110	0	0	7	0
All	All	1797	0	1549	24	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 24 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:87:GLU:HG2	3:A:381:HOH:O	1.83	0.77
1:A:46:MET:HB2	3:A:382:HOH:O	1.96	0.65
1:A:97:GLU:OE1	3:A:373:HOH:O	2.15	0.65
1:B:97:GLU:OE2	3:B:372:HOH:O	2.14	0.64
1:B:60:MET:HG3	3:B:376:HOH:O	2.00	0.60

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	99/110 (90%)	97 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
1	B	99/110 (90%)	97 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	198/220 (90%)	194 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	89/95 (94%)	86 (97%)	3 (3%)	32	4
1	B	89/95 (94%)	84 (94%)	5 (6%)	19	1
All	All	178/190 (94%)	170 (96%)	8 (4%)	24	2

5 of 8 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	80	GLU
1	B	70	ASP
1	B	38	ILE
1	B	24	GLN
1	B	43	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	17	HIS
1	A	32	GLN
1	B	39	GLN
1	B	76	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	FES	A	301	1	0,4,4	-	-	-		
2	FES	B	301	1	0,4,4	-	-	-		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	FES	A	301	1	-	-	0/1/1/1
2	FES	B	301	1	-	-	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.