



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 2MFQ / pdb_00002mfq
BMRB ID : 19562
Title : NMR solution structures of FRS2a PTB domain with neurotrophin receptor TrkB
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

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A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

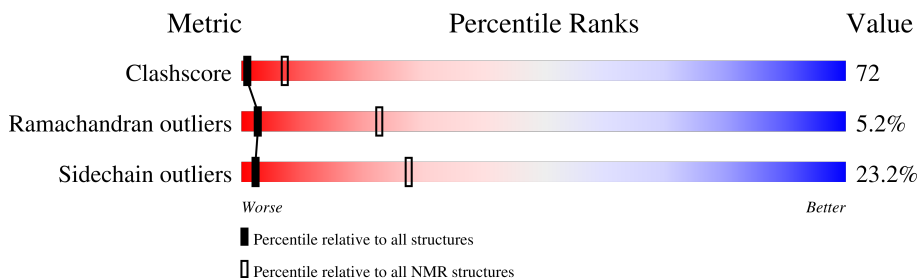
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 79%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424
Ramachandran outliers	224038	12848
Sidechain outliers	223484	12823

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	115	
2	B	23	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 3 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:19-A:76, A:86-A:110, B:496-B:511 (99)	0.21	3

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 4 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 14, 18, 20
2	2, 7, 10
3	1, 5, 17
4	13, 19
Single-model clusters	11; 12; 15; 16

3 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2206 atoms, of which 1087 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Fibroblast growth factor receptor substrate 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms							Trace
1	A	115	Total	C	H	N	O	S		0
			1847	582	906	169	183	7		

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	8	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q8WU20
A	9	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q8WU20
A	10	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q8WU20

- Molecule 2 is a protein called BDNF/NT-3 growth factors receptor.

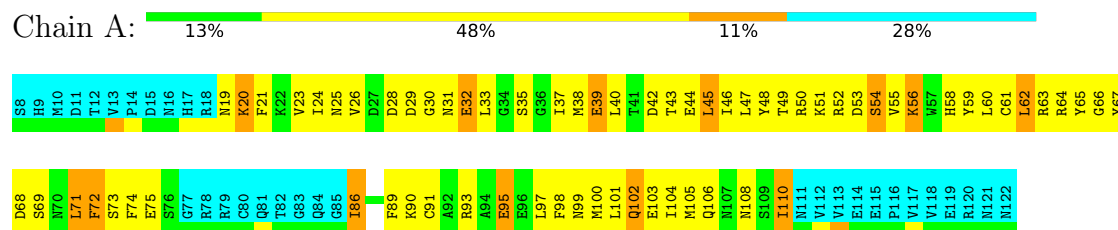
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms							Trace
2	B	23	Total	C	H	N	O	P	S	0
			359	115	181	26	35	1	1	

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

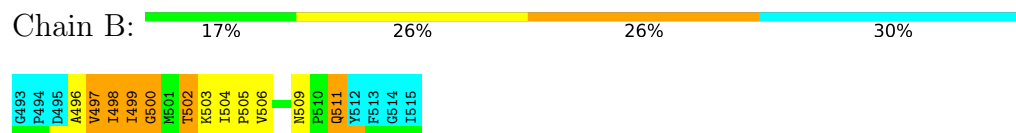
4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Fibroblast growth factor receptor substrate 2



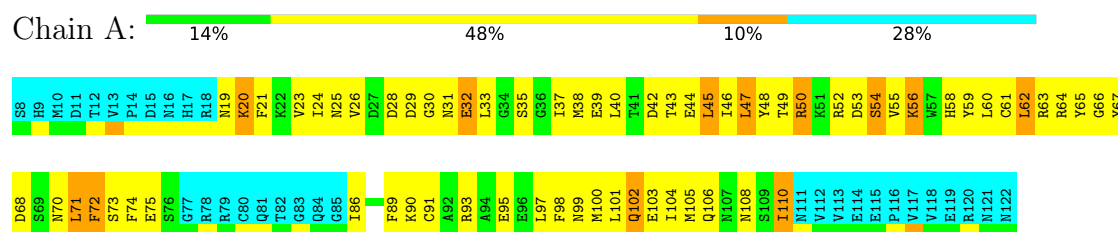
- Molecule 2: BDNF/NT-3 growth factors receptor



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 3. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: Fibroblast growth factor receptor substrate 2



- Molecule 2: BDNF/NT-3 growth factors receptor



G493	P494	D495	A496	V497	I498	I499	G500	N501	T502	K503	I504	P505	V506	I507	E508	N509	P510	G511	N512	P513	G514	I515
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5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
ARIA	refinement	2.2
NMRPipe	structure solution	2.3
CNS	structure solution	1.2
CNS	geometry optimization	1.2
CNS	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1412
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1412
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	79%

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PTR

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.76±0.01	0±0/701 (0.0± 0.0%)	0.95±0.02	0±0/942 (0.0± 0.0%)
2	B	0.98±0.06	0±0/120 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.21±0.08	0±1/163 (0.2± 0.5%)
All	All	0.79	0/16420 (0.0%)	1.00	8/22100 (0.0%)

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	B	497	VAL	CA-C-N	-5.35	116.62	121.65	14	4
2	B	497	VAL	C-N-CA	-5.35	116.62	121.65	14	4

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	688	669	668	106±6
2	B	119	133	133	29±2
All	All	16140	16040	16020	2311

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including

hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 72.

5 of 284 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:40:LEU:HD13	1:A:100:MET:HB3	0.86	1.45	7	14
1:A:73:SER:HB2	2:B:504:ILE:HD12	0.86	1.47	15	20
1:A:20:LYS:HD2	1:A:37:ILE:HG21	0.85	1.48	2	16
1:A:86:ILE:HG21	2:B:497:VAL:HB	0.84	1.48	13	20
1:A:101:LEU:HD11	1:A:105:MET:HE3	0.82	1.50	12	20

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	83/115 (72%)	65±2 (78±3%)	14±2 (17±3%)	4±1 (5±1%)	3	24
2	B	16/23 (70%)	12±0 (75±0%)	3±0 (19±0%)	1±0 (6±0%)	2	18
All	All	1980/2760 (72%)	1541 (78%)	336 (17%)	103 (5%)	3	23

5 of 9 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	32	GLU	20
1	A	110	ILE	20
2	B	500	GLY	20
1	A	54	SER	18
1	A	28	ASP	12

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	76/105 (72%)	60±2 (80±3%)	16±2 (20±3%)	3	32
2	B	14/18 (78%)	9±0 (62±3%)	5±0 (38±3%)	0	7
All	All	1800/2460 (73%)	1383 (77%)	417 (23%)	2	28

5 of 40 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	56	LYS	20
1	A	62	LEU	20
1	A	71	LEU	20
1	A	72	PHE	20
1	A	102	GLN	20

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	PTR	B	512	2	15,16,17	0.80±0.04	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	PTR	B	512	2	17,22,24	0.96±0.06	1±1 (8±3%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	PTR	B	512	2	-	0±0,10,11,13	0±0,1,1,1

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	B	512	PTR	O3P-P-O2P	2.54	117.31	107.80	7	18
2	B	512	PTR	O2P-P-O1P	2.13	119.14	110.83	12	9
2	B	512	PTR	P-OH-CZ	2.06	116.56	123.88	9	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 79% for the well-defined parts and 74% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1412
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1412
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	125	0.41 ± 0.27	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	114	0.32 ± 0.10	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	120	0.46 ± 0.40	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 79%, i.e. 1106 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1401. 0 out of 14 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	382/496 (77%)	194/201 (97%)	96/198 (48%)	92/97 (95%)
Sidechain	662/789 (84%)	446/511 (87%)	208/246 (85%)	8/32 (25%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	62/116 (53%)	33/56 (59%)	28/57 (49%)	1/3 (33%)
Overall	1106/1401 (79%)	673/768 (88%)	332/501 (66%)	101/132 (77%)

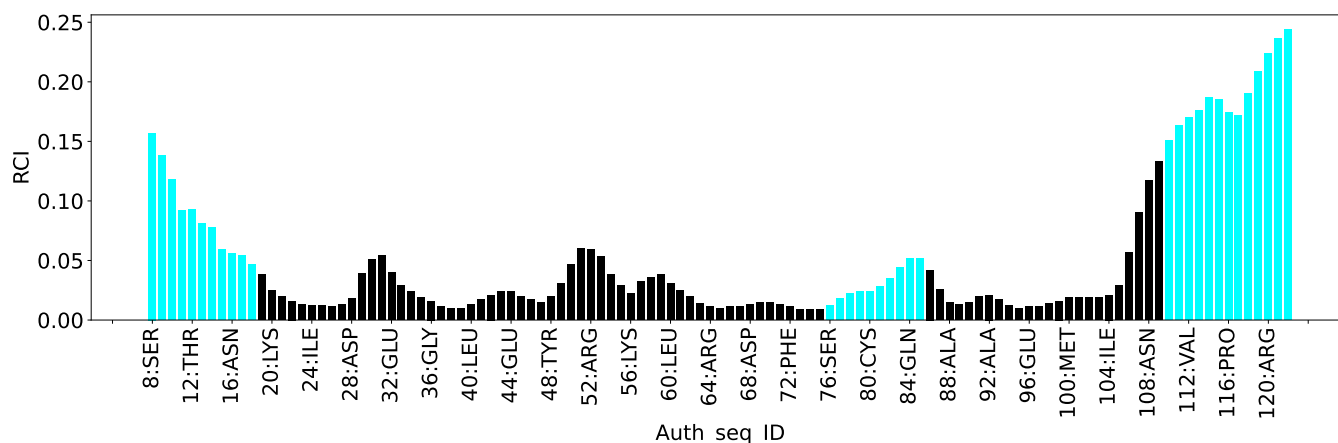
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



Random coil index (RCI) for chain B:

