



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 2MJV / pdb_00002mjv
BMRB ID : 19738
Title : Solution structures of second bromodomain of Brd4 with di-acetylated Twist peptide
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

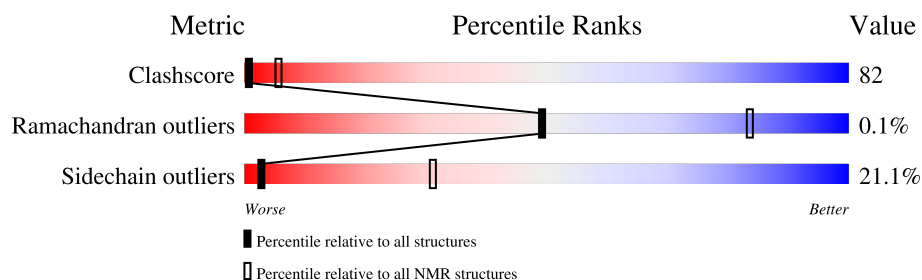
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 78%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424
Ramachandran outliers	224038	12848
Sidechain outliers	223484	12823

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	12	17% 83%
2	B	128	12% 58% 12% 18%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:7-A:8, B:350-B:454 (107)	0.23	1

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 3, 5, 6, 9, 10, 17, 18, 19, 20
2	1, 11, 12, 15, 16
3	7, 13, 14
4	4, 8

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2243 atoms, of which 1115 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Twist-related protein 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
1	A	12	Total	C	H	N	O	0
			188	54	97	19	18	

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Bromodomain-containing protein 4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
2	B	128	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2055	658	1018	175	193	11	

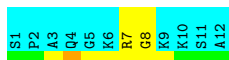
4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

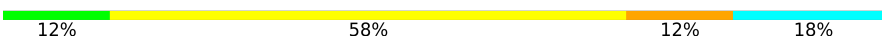
These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

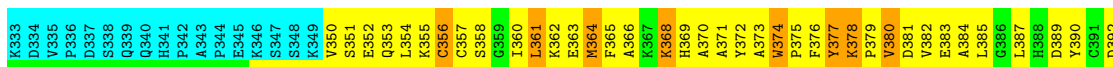
- Molecule 1: Twist-related protein 1

Chain A: 



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

Chain B: 



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: Twist-related protein 1

Chain A: 



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

Chain B: 

K456	I394	K333
M457	K395	D334
P458	H396	V335
Q459	P397	P336
R460	M398	D337
	D399	S338
	M400	Q339
	S401	Q340
	T402	H341
	L403	P342
	K404	A343
	S405	P344
	K406	E345
	L407	K346
	E408	S347
	A409	S348
	R410	K349
	E411	V350
	Y412	S351
	R413	E352
	D414	Q353
	A415	L354
	Q416	K355
	E417	C356
	F418	C357
		S358
	D421	G359
	V422	L360
	R423	L361
	L424	K362
	M425	E363
	F426	M364
	S427	F365
	N428	
	C429	K368
	Y430	H369
	K431	A370
	Y432	A371
	N433	Y372
	P434	A373
	P435	M374
	D436	P375
	H437	F376
	E438	Y377
	V439	K378
	V440	P379
	A441	V380
	M442	D381
	A443	V382
	K444	E383
	K445	A384
	L446	L385
		G386
	V449	L387
	F450	H388
	E451	D389
	M452	Y390
	R453	C391
	F454	D392
	A455	L393

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing, DGSA-distance geometry simulated annealing*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
ARIA	refinement	2.2
CNS	structure solution	1.2
CNS	geometry optimization	1.2
CNS	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1444
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1444
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	78%

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ALY

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.43±0.05	0±0/14 (0.0± 0.0%)	0.60±0.13	0±0/16 (0.0± 0.0%)
2	B	0.97±0.02	1±0/882 (0.1± 0.0%)	1.09±0.01	1±1/1187 (0.1± 0.1%)
All	All	0.97	15/17920 (0.1%)	1.09	25/24060 (0.1%)

All unique bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	B	374	TRP	C-N	5.81	1.39	1.33	10	15

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	B	433	ASN	CA-C-N	5.69	123.76	119.66	10	12
2	B	433	ASN	C-N-CA	5.69	123.76	119.66	10	12
2	B	416	GLN	N-CA-C	-5.01	107.34	113.50	15	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	15	16	16	3±1
2	B	859	845	841	142±7
All	All	17480	17220	17140	2850

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 82.

5 of 365 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
2:B:357:CYS:SG	2:B:415:ALA:HB1	0.99	1.96	2	8
2:B:354:LEU:HA	2:B:357:CYS:SG	0.99	1.97	16	12
2:B:375:PRO:HG3	2:B:442:MET:SD	0.98	1.98	6	3
2:B:350:VAL:HG12	2:B:413:ARG:O	0.81	1.76	10	20
2:B:351:SER:HA	2:B:354:LEU:HD12	0.81	1.51	8	20

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	2/12 (17%)	2±0 (80±24%)	0±0 (20±24%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
2	B	105/128 (82%)	95±1 (90±1%)	10±1 (9±1%)	0±0 (0±0%)	49	83
All	All	2140/2800 (76%)	1930 (90%)	207 (10%)	3 (0%)	49	83

All 2 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	B	400	MET	2
2	B	350	VAL	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR

entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	1/6 (17%)	1±0 (100±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
2	B	92/113 (81%)	72±2 (79±2%)	20±2 (21±2%)	3	31
All	All	1860/2380 (78%)	1468 (79%)	392 (21%)	3	31

5 of 40 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	B	368	LYS	20
2	B	377	TYR	20
2	B	380	VAL	20
2	B	383	GLU	20
2	B	396	HIS	20

6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	ALY	A	9	1	10,11,12	0.59±0.07	0±0 (0±0%)
1	ALY	A	6	1	10,11,12	0.79±0.12	0±0 (1±3%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard

deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	ALY	A	9	1	7,12,14	0.91±0.08	0±0 (0±0%)
1	ALY	A	6	1	7,12,14	0.98±0.04	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	ALY	A	9	1	-	0±0,9,10,12	-
1	ALY	A	6	1	-	0±0,9,10,12	-

All unique bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	6	ALY	CB-CA	2.57	1.57	1.53	16	3

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 78% for the well-defined parts and 76% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1444
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1444
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	10

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	133	-0.35 ± 0.11	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	129	0.28 ± 0.12	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	115	0.51 ± 0.33	None needed (imprecise)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 78%, i.e. 1164 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1499. 0 out of 14 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	411/529 (78%)	207/213 (97%)	106/214 (50%)	98/102 (96%)
Sidechain	666/812 (82%)	443/526 (84%)	221/253 (87%)	2/33 (6%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	87/158 (55%)	44/76 (58%)	42/73 (58%)	1/9 (11%)
Overall	1164/1499 (78%)	694/815 (85%)	369/540 (68%)	101/144 (70%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

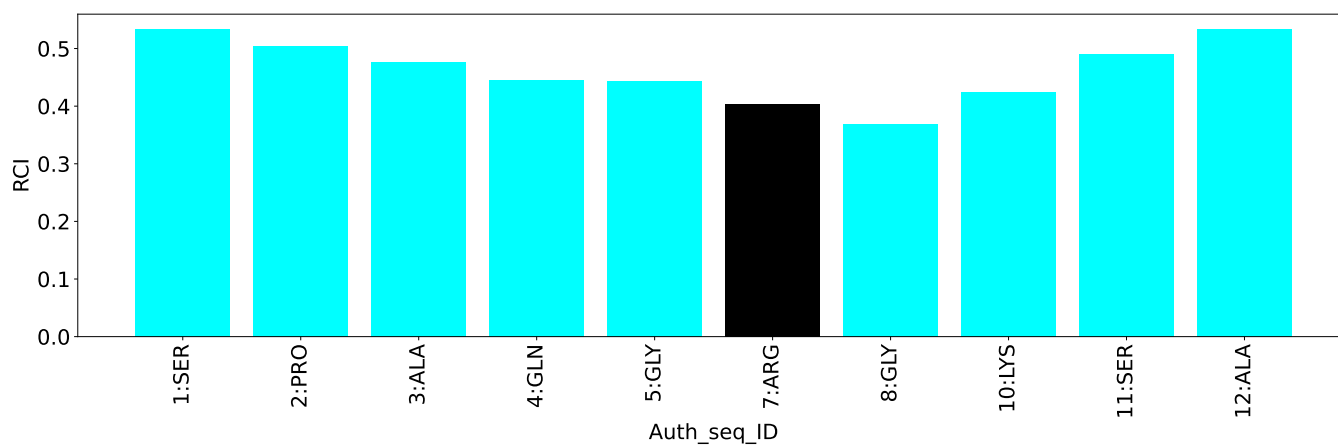
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	10	LYS	CD	42.04	23.50 – 34.42	12.0
1	B	375	PRO	HG2	-0.72	0.41 – 3.45	-8.7
1	B	447	GLN	HB2	0.07	0.80 – 3.29	-8.0
1	B	375	PRO	HB2	-0.39	0.37 – 3.78	-7.2
1	B	375	PRO	HD2	1.57	1.93 – 5.38	-6.0
1	B	357	CYS	HB2	0.38	0.81 – 5.11	-6.0
1	B	422	VAL	HG11	-0.67	-0.48 – 2.12	-5.7
1	B	422	VAL	HG12	-0.67	-0.48 – 2.12	-5.7
1	B	422	VAL	HG13	-0.67	-0.48 – 2.12	-5.7
1	B	439	VAL	H	11.72	4.98 – 11.56	5.2

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



Random coil index (RCI) for chain B:

