



# Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 28, 2026 – 06:49 PM UTC

PDB ID : 2MLB / pdb\_00002mlb  
BMRB ID : 19811  
Title : NMR solution structure of a computational designed protein based on template of human erythrocytic ubiquitin  
Authors : Xiong, P.; Wang, M.; Zhang, J.; Chen, Q.; Liu, H.  
Deposited on : 2014-02-21

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We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

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<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0  
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)  
wwPDB-RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2  
BMRB Restraints Analysis : v1.2  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

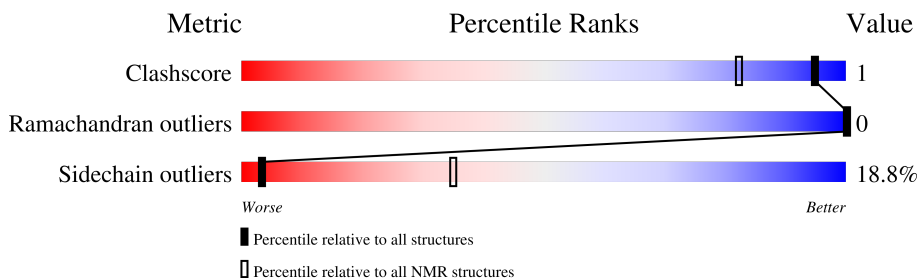
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 85%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424
Ramachandran outliers	224038	12848
Sidechain outliers	223484	12823

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	79	

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 8 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *closest to the average*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:2-A:72 (71)	0.47	8

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

NmrClust was unable to cluster the ensemble.

Error message: Inconsistent models

### 3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1234 atoms, of which 634 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called redesigned ubiquitin.

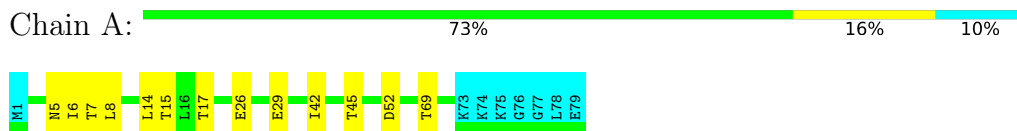
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	79	1234	380	634	96	123	1	0

## 4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin

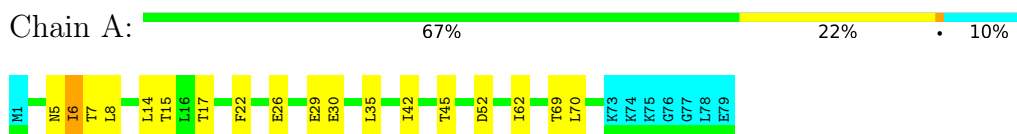


### 4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

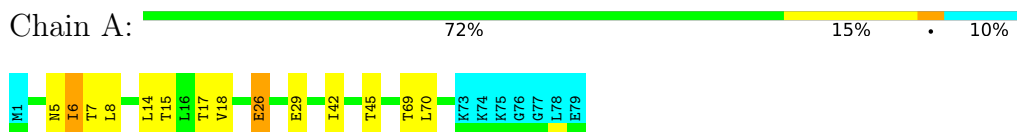
#### 4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



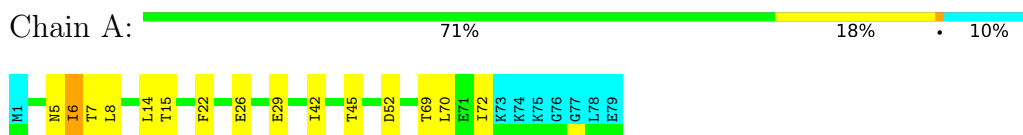
#### 4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



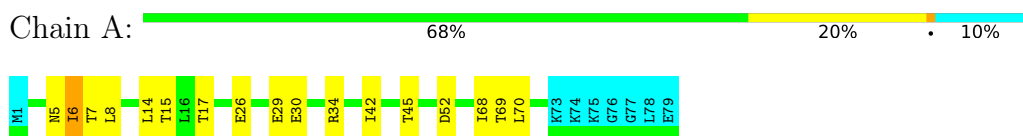
### 4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



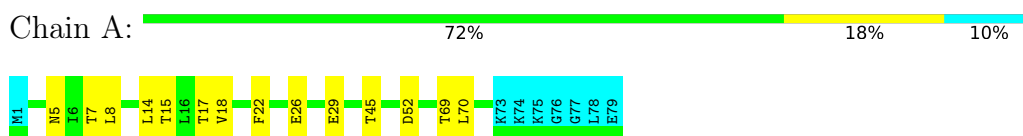
### 4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



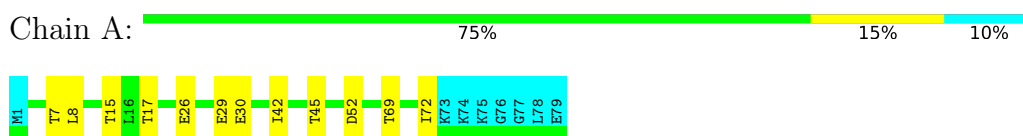
### 4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



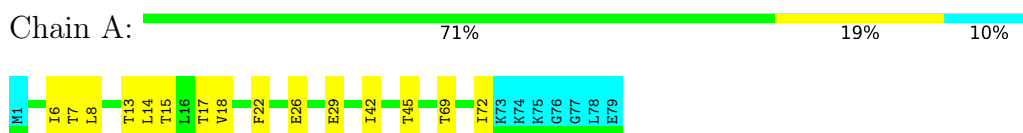
### 4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



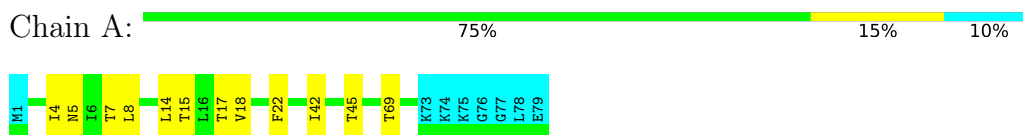
### 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



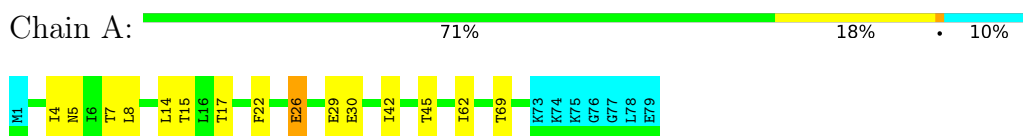
#### 4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



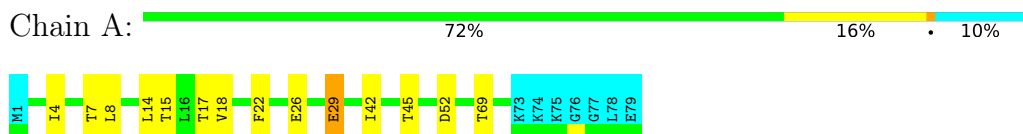
#### 4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



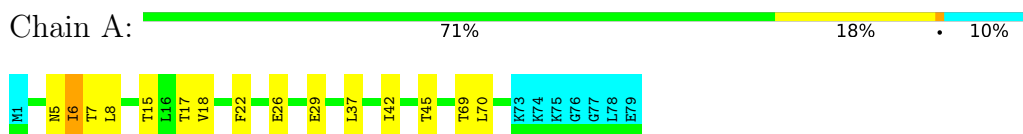
#### 4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



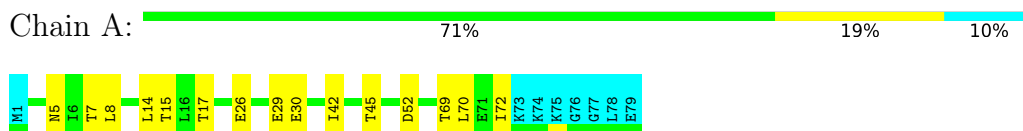
#### 4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



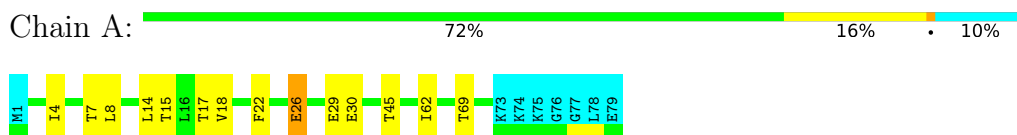
#### 4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



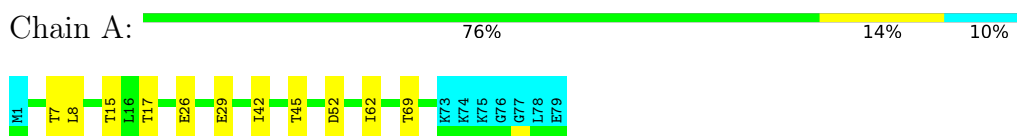
#### 4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



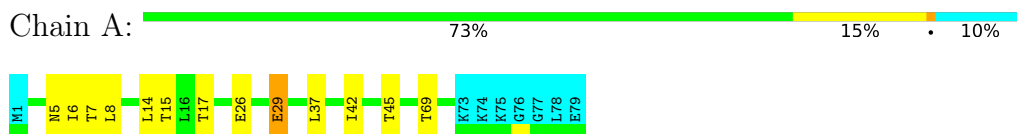
#### 4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



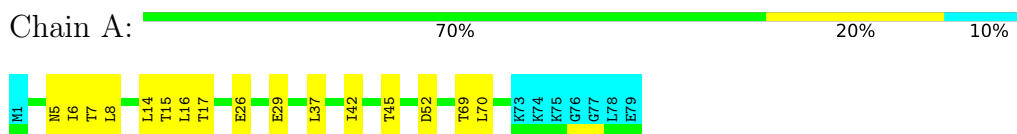
#### 4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



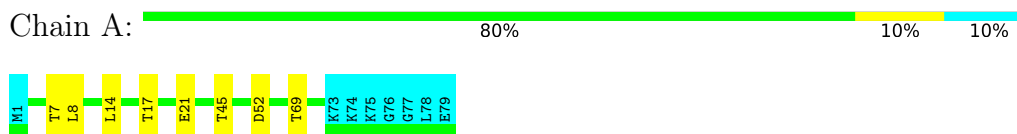
#### 4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



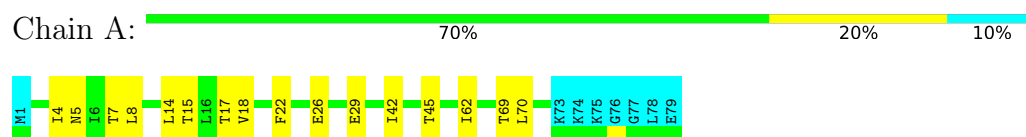
#### 4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



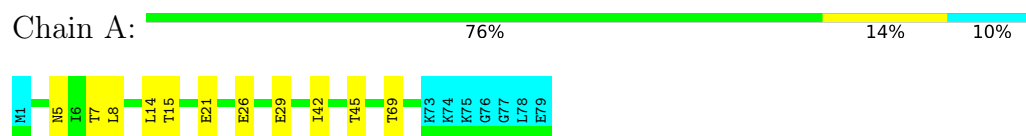
#### 4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



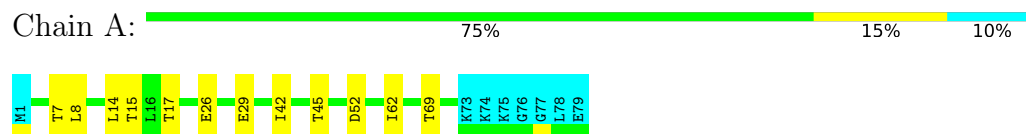
#### 4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



#### 4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: redesigned ubiquitin



## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 1000 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	geometry optimization	1.3
CNS	refinement	1.3
CNS	structure solution	1.3

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	901
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	901
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	85%

## 6 Model quality [i](#)

### 6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	539	561	560	1±1
All	All	10780	11220	11200	25

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:26:GLU:O	1:A:29:GLU:HG2	0.54	2.02	3	16
1:A:6:ILE:HG22	1:A:70:LEU:HD23	0.52	1.82	4	6
1:A:26:GLU:O	1:A:29:GLU:HG3	0.50	2.06	10	2
1:A:6:ILE:O	1:A:13:THR:HA	0.44	2.13	7	1

### 6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	71/79 (90%)	70±1 (99±1%)	1±1 (1±1%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	1420/1580 (90%)	1400 (99%)	20 (1%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	63/69 (91%)	51±2 (81±3%)	12±2 (19±3%)	3	35
All	All	1260/1380 (91%)	1023 (81%)	237 (19%)	3	35

All 26 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	7	THR	20
1	A	8	LEU	20
1	A	45	THR	20
1	A	69	THR	20
1	A	15	THR	19
1	A	17	THR	18
1	A	14	LEU	17
1	A	42	ILE	17
1	A	5	ASN	13
1	A	52	ASP	11
1	A	22	PHE	10
1	A	18	VAL	8
1	A	6	ILE	6
1	A	30	GLU	6
1	A	62	ILE	6
1	A	4	ILE	5
1	A	72	ILE	4
1	A	26	GLU	3
1	A	70	LEU	3
1	A	37	LEU	3
1	A	29	GLU	2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	21	GLU	2
1	A	35	LEU	1
1	A	34	ARG	1
1	A	68	ILE	1
1	A	16	LEU	1

### 6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

### 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation i

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 85% for the well-defined parts and 85% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1*

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping i

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	901
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	901
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	38

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing i

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	79	$-0.10 \pm 0.21$	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	72	$0.05 \pm 0.19$	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
$^{15}\text{N}$	74	$0.46 \pm 0.64$	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments i

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 85%, i.e. 812 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 951. 0 out of 13 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^1\text{H}$	$^{13}\text{C}$	$^{15}\text{N}$
Backbone	279/350 (80%)	142/142 (100%)	71/142 (50%)	66/66 (100%)
Sidechain	527/574 (92%)	359/377 (95%)	166/185 (90%)	2/12 (17%)

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	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Aromatic	6/27 (22%)	6/13 (46%)	0/12 (0%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	812/951 (85%)	507/532 (95%)	237/339 (70%)	68/80 (85%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 85%, i.e. 900 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1062. 0 out of 14 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Backbone	312/392 (80%)	159/160 (99%)	79/158 (50%)	74/74 (100%)
Sidechain	582/643 (91%)	395/421 (94%)	185/207 (89%)	2/15 (13%)
Aromatic	6/27 (22%)	6/13 (46%)	0/12 (0%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	900/1062 (85%)	560/594 (94%)	264/377 (70%)	76/91 (84%)

#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	71	GLU	HB3	36.27	0.95 – 3.05	163.2
1	A	71	GLU	HB2	33.39	1.00 – 3.05	153.0
1	A	68	ILE	HB	40.78	0.35 – 3.22	135.9
1	A	70	LEU	HB2	44.77	-0.07 – 3.30	128.1
1	A	71	GLU	HA	54.83	2.24 – 6.23	126.8
1	A	70	LEU	HA	54.09	2.04 – 6.55	110.4
1	A	68	ILE	HA	59.43	1.43 – 6.88	101.4
1	A	70	LEU	HD11	27.28	-0.61 – 2.12	97.2
1	A	70	LEU	HG	26.82	-0.13 – 3.16	76.9
1	A	70	LEU	HB3	27.74	-0.26 – 3.31	73.4
1	A	68	ILE	HG21	18.83	-0.56 – 2.11	67.6
1	A	68	ILE	HG13	27.63	-0.82 – 3.23	65.2
1	A	68	ILE	HG12	14.46	-0.69 – 3.24	33.5
1	A	71	GLU	CG	2.07	30.20 – 42.01	-28.8
1	A	71	GLU	CA	1.73	47.03 – 67.62	-27.0
1	A	70	LEU	CA	0.85	45.17 – 66.21	-26.1
1	A	70	LEU	CG	0.66	21.37 – 32.19	-24.1
1	A	70	LEU	CB	0.66	33.11 – 51.34	-22.8
1	A	68	ILE	CA	0.80	48.30 – 75.08	-22.7
1	A	68	ILE	CB	0.80	28.63 – 48.45	-19.0
1	A	71	GLU	CB	2.07	21.56 – 38.37	-16.6
1	A	68	ILE	CG1	0.60	19.24 – 36.26	-15.9

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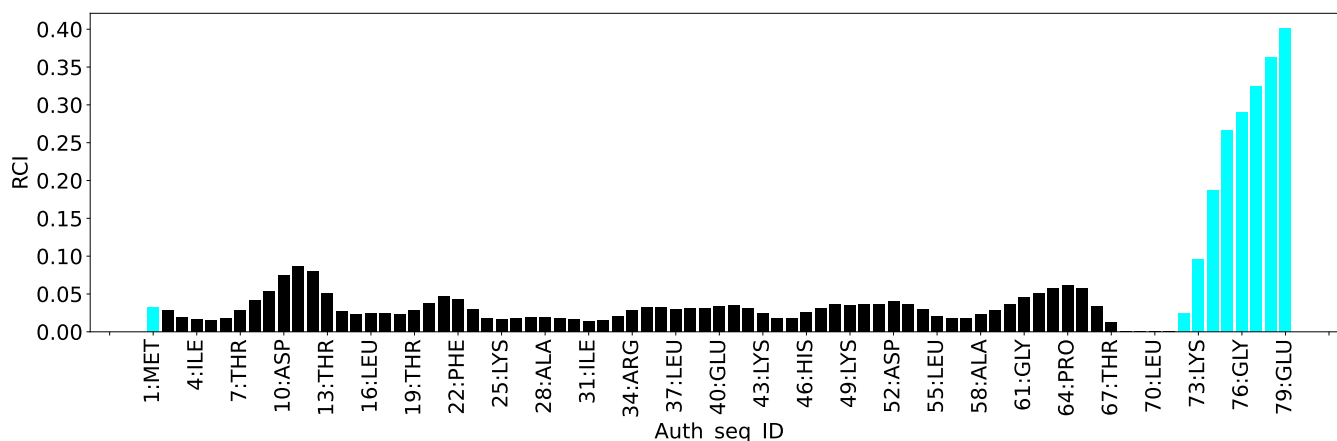
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List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	70	LEU	HD12	4.98	-0.61 – 2.12	15.5
1	A	70	LEU	CD1	0.66	16.71 – 32.55	-15.1
1	A	68	ILE	HG22	4.76	-0.56 – 2.11	14.9
1	A	70	LEU	CD2	1.35	15.73 – 32.47	-13.6
1	A	68	ILE	CG2	0.60	10.93 – 24.12	-12.8
1	A	71	GLU	HG2	4.50	1.24 – 3.30	10.9
1	A	68	ILE	CD1	0.60	5.18 – 21.60	-7.8
1	A	49	LYS	HE2	1.46	1.95 – 3.88	-7.5
1	A	49	LYS	HE3	1.46	1.92 – 3.89	-7.3
1	A	49	LYS	HG2	3.09	0.13 – 2.61	7.0
1	A	49	LYS	HG3	3.09	0.04 – 2.67	6.6
1	A	34	ARG	HG2	3.24	0.26 – 2.87	6.4
1	A	20	PRO	HG2	3.87	0.41 – 3.45	6.4
1	A	20	PRO	HG3	3.87	0.33 – 3.48	6.2
1	A	34	ARG	HD2	1.85	1.97 – 4.26	-5.5
1	A	34	ARG	HG3	3.00	0.15 – 2.94	5.2

### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



## 8 NMR restraints analysis

### 8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	1508
Intra-residue ( $ i-j =0$ )	751
Sequential ( $ i-j =1$ )	282
Medium range ( $ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$ )	150
Long range ( $ i-j \geq 5$ )	291
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	34
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	132
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	20.8
Number of long range restraints per residue <sup>1</sup>	3.9

<sup>1</sup>Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

### 8.2 Residual restraint violations

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

#### 8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	4.4	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	1.1	0.29
>0.5 (Large)	None	None

### 8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model [i](#)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Bins (°)	Average number of violations per model	Max (°)
1.0-10.0 (Small)	0.5	1.34
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	None	None
>20.0 (Large)	None	None

## 9 Distance violation analysis [i](#)

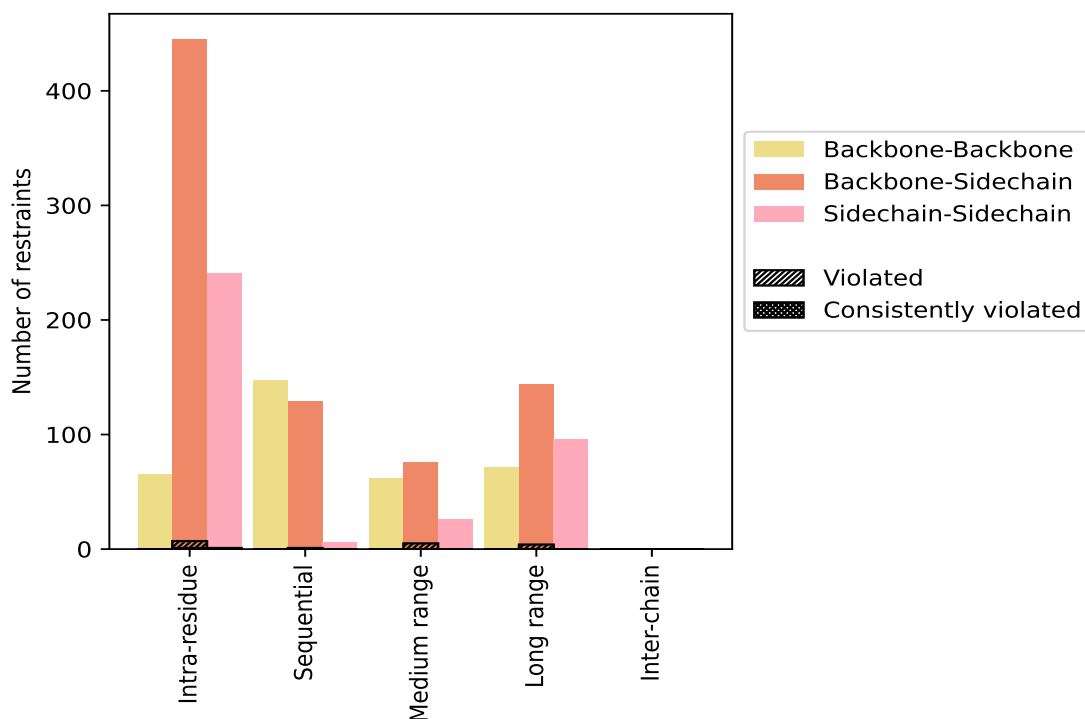
### 9.1 Summary of distance violations [i](#)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restrains type	Count	% <sup>1</sup>	Violated <sup>3</sup>			Consistently Violated <sup>4</sup>		
			Count	% <sup>2</sup>	% <sup>1</sup>	Count	% <sup>2</sup>	% <sup>1</sup>
<b>Intra-residue (<math> i-j =0</math>)</b>	<b>751</b>	<b>49.8</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Backbone-Backbone	65	4.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	445	29.5	7	1.6	0.5	1	0.2	0.1
Sidechain-Sidechain	241	16.0	1	0.4	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
<b>Sequential (<math> i-j =1</math>)</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>18.7</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Backbone-Backbone	147	9.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	129	8.6	1	0.8	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	6	0.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
<b>Medium range (<math> i-j &gt;1</math> &amp; <math> i-j &lt;5</math>)</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>9.9</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Backbone-Backbone	62	4.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	62	4.1	2	3.2	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	26	1.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
<b>Long range (<math> i-j \geq 5</math>)</b>	<b>291</b>	<b>19.3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Backbone-Backbone	71	4.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	124	8.2	1	0.8	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	96	6.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
<b>Inter-chain</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
<b>Hydrogen bond</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>17.6</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
<b>Disulfide bond</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>1508</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Backbone-Backbone	345	22.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	794	52.7	17	2.1	1.1	1	0.1	0.1
Sidechain-Sidechain	369	24.5	1	0.3	0.1	0	0.0	0.0

<sup>1</sup> percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, <sup>2</sup> percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, <sup>3</sup> violated in at least one model, <sup>4</sup> violated in all the models

### 9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations [i](#)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfid bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

## 9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model [i](#)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD <sup>6</sup> (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR <sup>1</sup>	SQ <sup>2</sup>	MR <sup>3</sup>	LR <sup>4</sup>	IC <sup>5</sup>	Total				
1	3	1	2	1	0	7	0.14	0.28	0.06	0.11
2	3	0	0	0	0	3	0.22	0.28	0.04	0.21
3	3	1	0	1	0	5	0.17	0.27	0.06	0.17
4	2	1	2	0	0	5	0.16	0.26	0.05	0.13
5	2	0	2	2	0	6	0.15	0.29	0.06	0.12
6	6	0	0	2	0	8	0.16	0.28	0.05	0.14
7	4	1	2	2	0	9	0.16	0.25	0.04	0.14
8	3	0	1	1	0	5	0.17	0.29	0.06	0.16
9	2	0	1	1	0	4	0.16	0.28	0.07	0.14
10	4	1	2	1	0	8	0.16	0.26	0.05	0.14

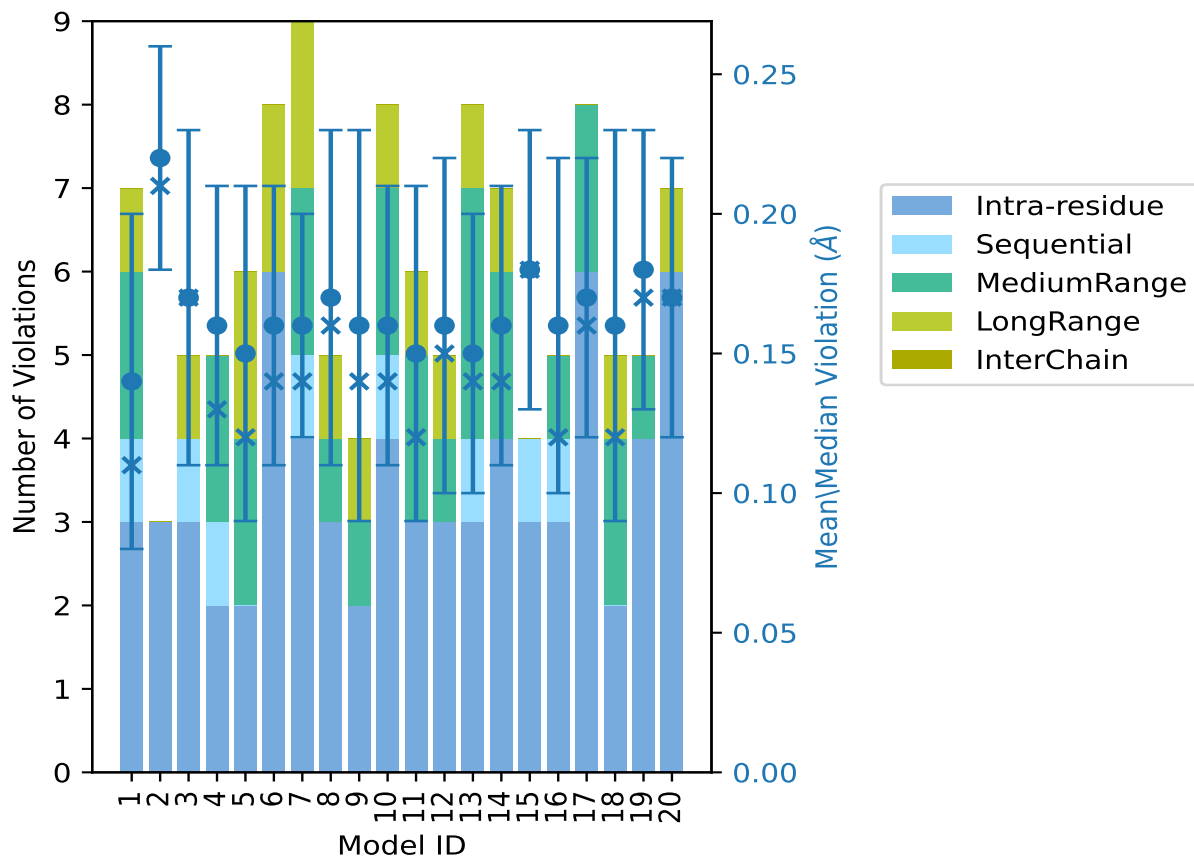
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Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD <sup>6</sup> (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR <sup>1</sup>	SQ <sup>2</sup>	MR <sup>3</sup>	LR <sup>4</sup>	IC <sup>5</sup>	Total				
11	3	0	2	1	0	6	0.15	0.28	0.06	0.12
12	3	0	1	1	0	5	0.16	0.28	0.06	0.15
13	3	1	3	1	0	8	0.15	0.27	0.05	0.14
14	4	0	2	1	0	7	0.16	0.28	0.05	0.14
15	3	1	0	0	0	4	0.18	0.26	0.05	0.18
16	3	1	1	0	0	5	0.16	0.27	0.06	0.12
17	6	0	2	0	0	8	0.17	0.28	0.05	0.16
18	2	0	2	1	0	5	0.16	0.29	0.07	0.12
19	4	0	1	0	0	5	0.18	0.28	0.05	0.17
20	6	0	0	1	0	7	0.17	0.27	0.05	0.17

<sup>1</sup>Intra-residue restraints, <sup>2</sup>Sequential restraints, <sup>3</sup>Medium range restraints, <sup>4</sup>Long range restraints, <sup>5</sup>Inter-chain restraints, <sup>6</sup>Standard deviation

### 9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model [i](#)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

### 9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble

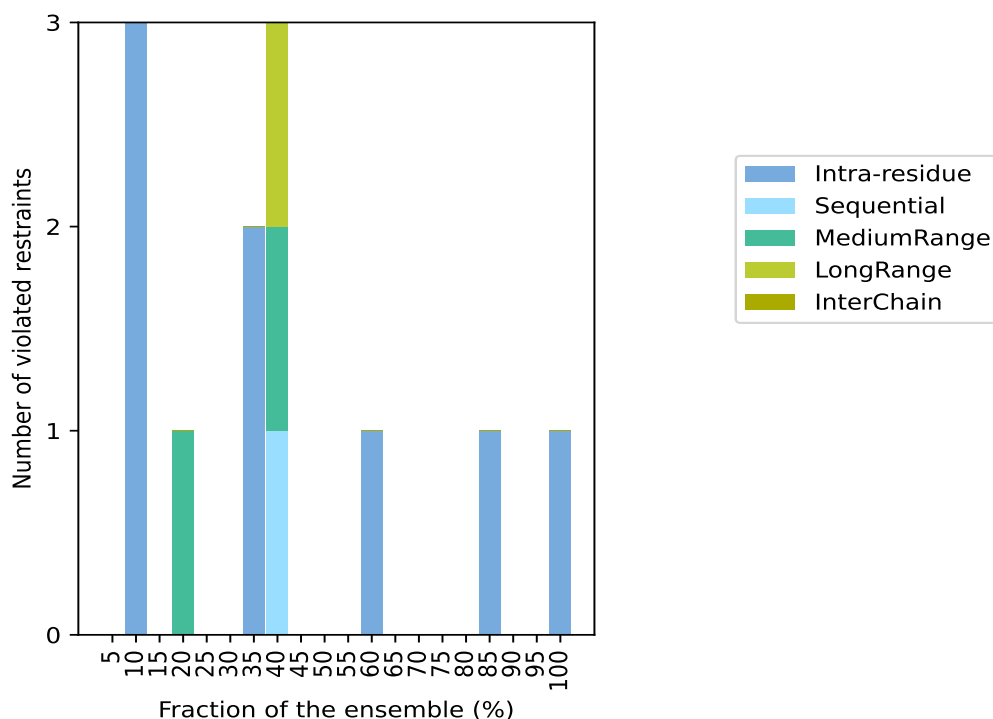
Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 1462(IR:743, SQ:281, MR:148, LR:290, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR <sup>1</sup>	SQ <sup>2</sup>	MR <sup>3</sup>	LR <sup>4</sup>	IC <sup>5</sup>	Total	Count <sup>6</sup>	%
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5.0
3	0	0	0	0	3	2	10.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	3	15.0
0	0	1	0	0	1	4	20.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	5	25.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	6	30.0
2	0	0	0	0	2	7	35.0
0	1	1	1	0	3	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	20	100.0

<sup>1</sup>Intra-residue restraints, <sup>2</sup>Sequential restraints, <sup>3</sup>Medium range restraints, <sup>4</sup>Long range restraints,

<sup>5</sup>Inter-chain restraints, <sup>6</sup> Number of models with violations

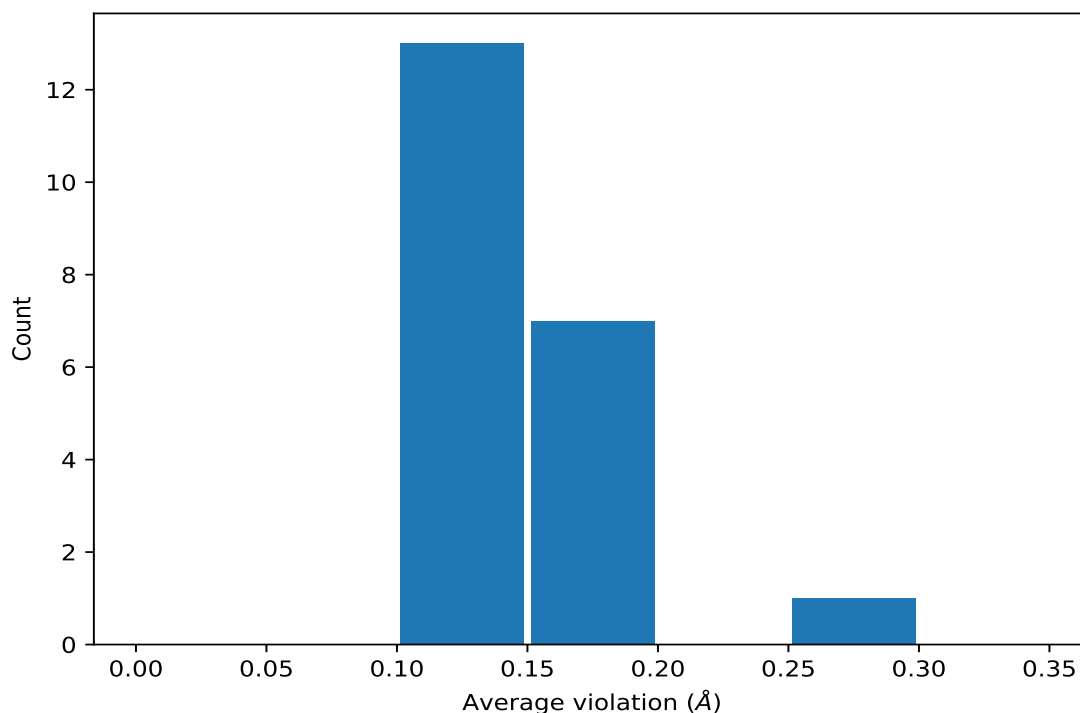
### 9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)



## 9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

### 9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



#### 9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models <sup>1</sup>	Mean (Å)	SD <sup>1</sup> (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	20	0.28	0.01	0.28
(1,56)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	17	0.17	0.02	0.16
(1,170)	1:22:A:PHE:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB3	12	0.16	0.03	0.16
(3,31)	1:31:A:ILE:H	1:27:A:LEU:O	8	0.12	0.02	0.12
(1,479)	1:56:A:THR:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB2	8	0.12	0.01	0.12
(1,63)	1:10:A:ASP:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB2	8	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,226)	1:27:A:LEU:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB2	8	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,17)	1:5:A:ASN:H	1:5:A:ASN:HB3	7	0.18	0.01	0.18
(1,25)	1:5:A:ASN:HD22	1:5:A:ASN:HB3	7	0.14	0.01	0.13
(3,13)	1:68:A:ILE:H	1:5:A:ASN:O	5	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,71)	1:11:A:GLY:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	4	0.13	0.0	0.13
(3,11)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:12:A:LYS:O	4	0.13	0.01	0.13
(1,253)	1:29:A:GLU:H	1:29:A:GLU:HB3	2	0.17	0.0	0.17
(1,829)	1:17:A:THR:HA	1:17:A:THR:HG21	2	0.17	0.0	0.17
(1,829)	1:17:A:THR:HA	1:17:A:THR:HG22	2	0.17	0.0	0.17
(1,829)	1:17:A:THR:HA	1:17:A:THR:HG23	2	0.17	0.0	0.17

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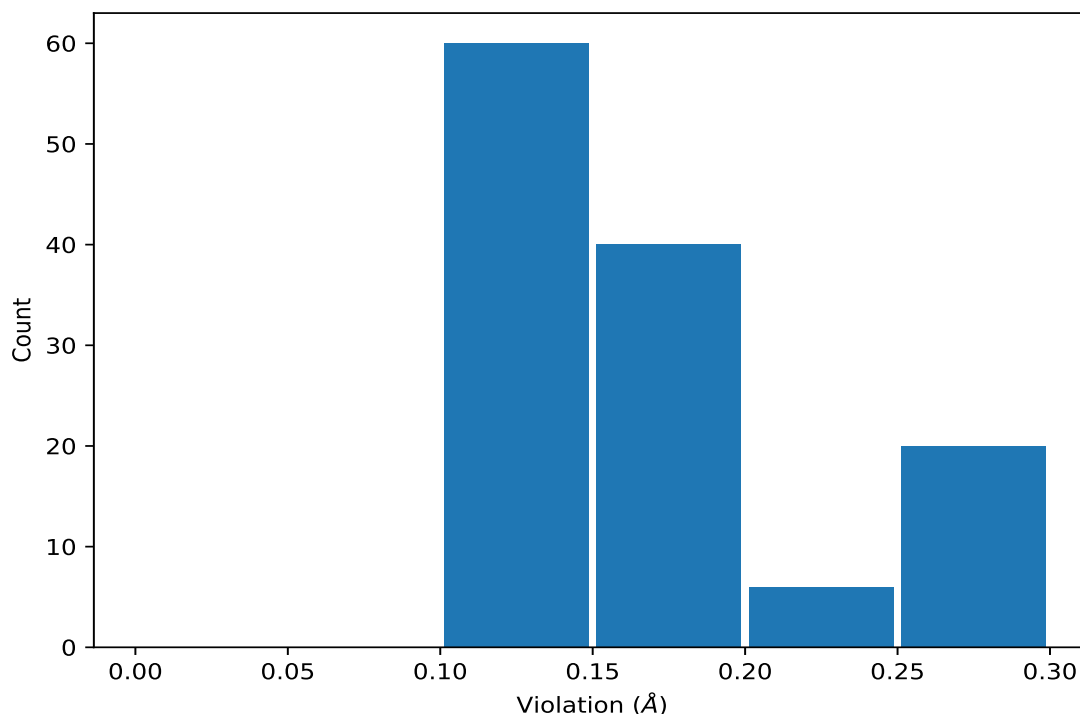
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models <sup>1</sup>	Mean (Å)	SD <sup>1</sup> (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,19)	1:5:A:ASN:H	1:5:A:ASN:HD21	2	0.13	0.02	0.13
(1,19)	1:5:A:ASN:H	1:5:A:ASN:HD22	2	0.13	0.02	0.13
(3,32)	1:31:A:ILE:N	1:27:A:LEU:O	2	0.13	0.01	0.13
(3,15)	1:70:A:LEU:H	1:7:A:THR:O	2	0.12	0.0	0.12
(3,3)	1:16:A:LEU:H	1:4:A:ILE:O	2	0.12	0.0	0.12

<sup>1</sup>Number of violated models, <sup>2</sup>Standard deviation

## 9.5 All violated distance restraints [i](#)

### 9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



### 9.5.2 Table : All distance violations [i](#)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	5	0.29
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	8	0.29
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	18	0.29
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	1	0.28
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	2	0.28
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	6	0.28
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	9	0.28
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	11	0.28
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	12	0.28
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	14	0.28
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	17	0.28
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	19	0.28
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	3	0.27
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	13	0.27
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	16	0.27
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	20	0.27
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	4	0.26
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	10	0.26
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	15	0.26
(1,471)	1:55:A:LEU:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB3	7	0.25
(1,56)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	2	0.21
(1,56)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	10	0.21
(1,56)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	20	0.21
(1,170)	1:22:A:PHE:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB3	15	0.2
(1,170)	1:22:A:PHE:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB3	19	0.2
(1,56)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	3	0.2
(1,17)	1:5:A:ASN:H	1:5:A:ASN:HB3	17	0.19
(1,170)	1:22:A:PHE:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB3	2	0.18
(1,170)	1:22:A:PHE:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB3	14	0.18
(1,17)	1:5:A:ASN:H	1:5:A:ASN:HB3	6	0.18
(1,17)	1:5:A:ASN:H	1:5:A:ASN:HB3	10	0.18
(1,17)	1:5:A:ASN:H	1:5:A:ASN:HB3	13	0.18
(1,17)	1:5:A:ASN:H	1:5:A:ASN:HB3	14	0.18
(1,17)	1:5:A:ASN:H	1:5:A:ASN:HB3	20	0.18
(3,31)	1:31:A:ILE:H	1:27:A:LEU:O	7	0.17
(1,829)	1:17:A:THR:HA	1:17:A:THR:HG21	3	0.17
(1,829)	1:17:A:THR:HA	1:17:A:THR:HG22	3	0.17
(1,829)	1:17:A:THR:HA	1:17:A:THR:HG23	3	0.17
(1,829)	1:17:A:THR:HA	1:17:A:THR:HG21	19	0.17
(1,829)	1:17:A:THR:HA	1:17:A:THR:HG22	19	0.17
(1,829)	1:17:A:THR:HA	1:17:A:THR:HG23	19	0.17
(1,253)	1:29:A:GLU:H	1:29:A:GLU:HB3	8	0.17
(1,253)	1:29:A:GLU:H	1:29:A:GLU:HB3	17	0.17

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,170)	1:22:A:PHE:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB3	17	0.17
(1,170)	1:22:A:PHE:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB3	20	0.17
(1,56)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	7	0.17
(1,56)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	9	0.17
(1,56)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	16	0.17
(1,56)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	18	0.17
(1,17)	1:5:A:ASN:H	1:5:A:ASN:HB3	7	0.17
(1,170)	1:22:A:PHE:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB3	4	0.16
(1,56)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	5	0.16
(1,56)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	6	0.16
(1,56)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	8	0.16
(1,56)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	11	0.16
(1,56)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	12	0.16
(1,56)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	15	0.16
(1,56)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	17	0.16
(3,31)	1:31:A:ILE:H	1:27:A:LEU:O	10	0.15
(1,170)	1:22:A:PHE:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB3	6	0.15
(1,170)	1:22:A:PHE:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB3	12	0.15
(1,56)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	19	0.15
(1,25)	1:5:A:ASN:HD22	1:5:A:ASN:HB3	13	0.15
(1,25)	1:5:A:ASN:HD22	1:5:A:ASN:HB3	17	0.15
(1,19)	1:5:A:ASN:H	1:5:A:ASN:HD21	20	0.15
(1,19)	1:5:A:ASN:H	1:5:A:ASN:HD22	20	0.15
(3,32)	1:31:A:ILE:N	1:27:A:LEU:O	7	0.14
(3,11)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:12:A:LYS:O	13	0.14
(1,479)	1:56:A:THR:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB2	7	0.14
(1,71)	1:11:A:GLY:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	14	0.14
(1,25)	1:5:A:ASN:HD22	1:5:A:ASN:HB3	7	0.14
(3,31)	1:31:A:ILE:H	1:27:A:LEU:O	8	0.13
(3,13)	1:68:A:ILE:H	1:5:A:ASN:O	5	0.13
(3,11)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:12:A:LYS:O	4	0.13
(3,11)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:12:A:LYS:O	14	0.13
(1,479)	1:56:A:THR:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB2	10	0.13
(1,71)	1:11:A:GLY:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	1	0.13
(1,71)	1:11:A:GLY:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	4	0.13
(1,71)	1:11:A:GLY:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	13	0.13
(1,25)	1:5:A:ASN:HD22	1:5:A:ASN:HB3	6	0.13
(1,25)	1:5:A:ASN:HD22	1:5:A:ASN:HB3	10	0.13
(1,25)	1:5:A:ASN:HD22	1:5:A:ASN:HB3	14	0.13
(3,32)	1:31:A:ILE:N	1:27:A:LEU:O	10	0.12
(3,31)	1:31:A:ILE:H	1:27:A:LEU:O	5	0.12
(3,31)	1:31:A:ILE:H	1:27:A:LEU:O	18	0.12

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(3,15)	1:70:A:LEU:H	1:7:A:THR:O	6	0.12
(3,15)	1:70:A:LEU:H	1:7:A:THR:O	7	0.12
(3,13)	1:68:A:ILE:H	1:5:A:ASN:O	20	0.12
(3,11)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:12:A:LYS:O	1	0.12
(3,3)	1:16:A:LEU:H	1:4:A:ILE:O	11	0.12
(1,479)	1:56:A:THR:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB2	4	0.12
(1,479)	1:56:A:THR:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB2	13	0.12
(1,479)	1:56:A:THR:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB2	15	0.12
(1,226)	1:27:A:LEU:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB2	13	0.12
(1,170)	1:22:A:PHE:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB3	16	0.12
(1,63)	1:10:A:ASP:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB2	19	0.12
(1,25)	1:5:A:ASN:HD22	1:5:A:ASN:HB3	20	0.12
(3,31)	1:31:A:ILE:H	1:27:A:LEU:O	11	0.11
(3,13)	1:68:A:ILE:H	1:5:A:ASN:O	6	0.11
(3,3)	1:16:A:LEU:H	1:4:A:ILE:O	1	0.11
(1,479)	1:56:A:THR:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB2	1	0.11
(1,479)	1:56:A:THR:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB2	3	0.11
(1,479)	1:56:A:THR:H	1:55:A:LEU:HB2	16	0.11
(1,226)	1:27:A:LEU:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB2	3	0.11
(1,226)	1:27:A:LEU:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB2	5	0.11
(1,226)	1:27:A:LEU:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB2	7	0.11
(1,226)	1:27:A:LEU:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB2	9	0.11
(1,226)	1:27:A:LEU:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB2	18	0.11
(1,170)	1:22:A:PHE:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB3	11	0.11
(1,63)	1:10:A:ASP:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB2	5	0.11
(1,63)	1:10:A:ASP:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB2	11	0.11
(1,63)	1:10:A:ASP:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB2	12	0.11
(1,63)	1:10:A:ASP:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB2	16	0.11
(1,63)	1:10:A:ASP:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB2	17	0.11
(1,56)	1:8:A:LEU:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB3	1	0.11
(1,19)	1:5:A:ASN:H	1:5:A:ASN:HD21	6	0.11
(1,19)	1:5:A:ASN:H	1:5:A:ASN:HD22	6	0.11
(3,31)	1:31:A:ILE:H	1:27:A:LEU:O	13	0.1
(3,31)	1:31:A:ILE:H	1:27:A:LEU:O	17	0.1
(3,13)	1:68:A:ILE:H	1:5:A:ASN:O	12	0.1
(3,13)	1:68:A:ILE:H	1:5:A:ASN:O	14	0.1
(1,226)	1:27:A:LEU:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB2	8	0.1
(1,226)	1:27:A:LEU:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB2	10	0.1
(1,170)	1:22:A:PHE:H	1:22:A:PHE:HB3	1	0.1
(1,63)	1:10:A:ASP:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB2	9	0.1
(1,63)	1:10:A:ASP:H	1:8:A:LEU:HB2	18	0.1

## 10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis [i](#)

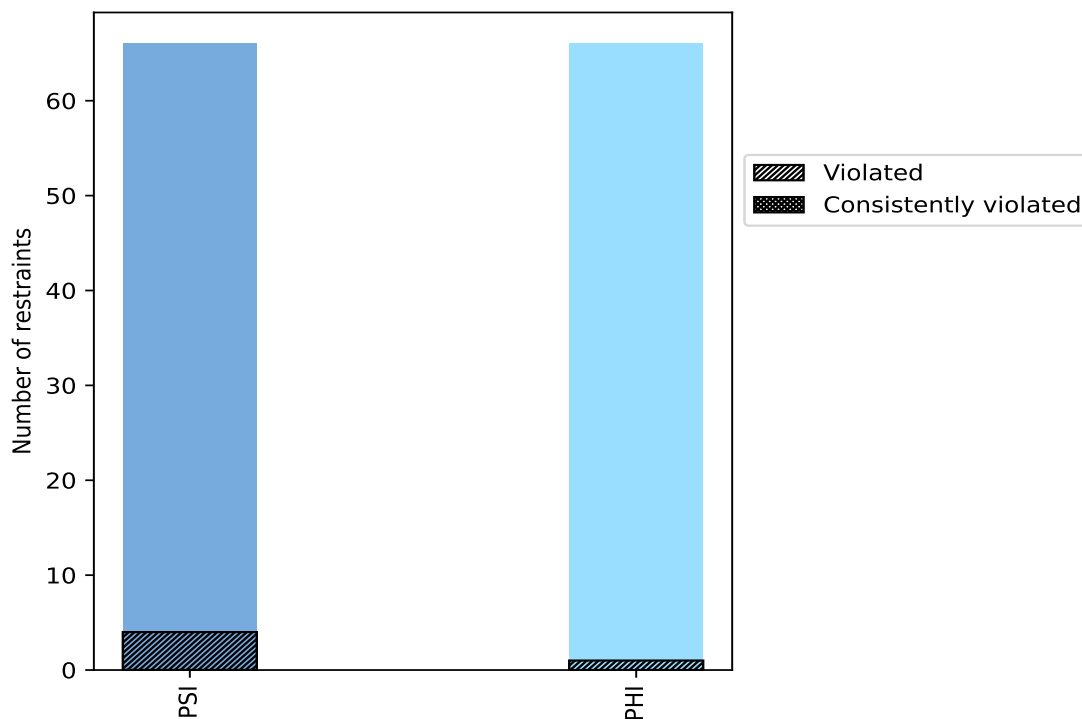
### 10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations [i](#)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Angle type	Count	% <sup>1</sup>	Violated <sup>3</sup>			Consistently Violated <sup>4</sup>		
			Count	% <sup>2</sup>	% <sup>1</sup>	Count	% <sup>2</sup>	% <sup>1</sup>
PSI	66	50.0	4	6.1	3.0	0	0.0	0.0
PHI	66	50.0	1	1.5	0.8	0	0.0	0.0
Total	132	100.0	5	3.8	3.8	0	0.0	0.0

<sup>1</sup> percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, <sup>2</sup> percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, <sup>3</sup> violated in at least one model, <sup>4</sup> violated in all the models

#### 10.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations [i](#)



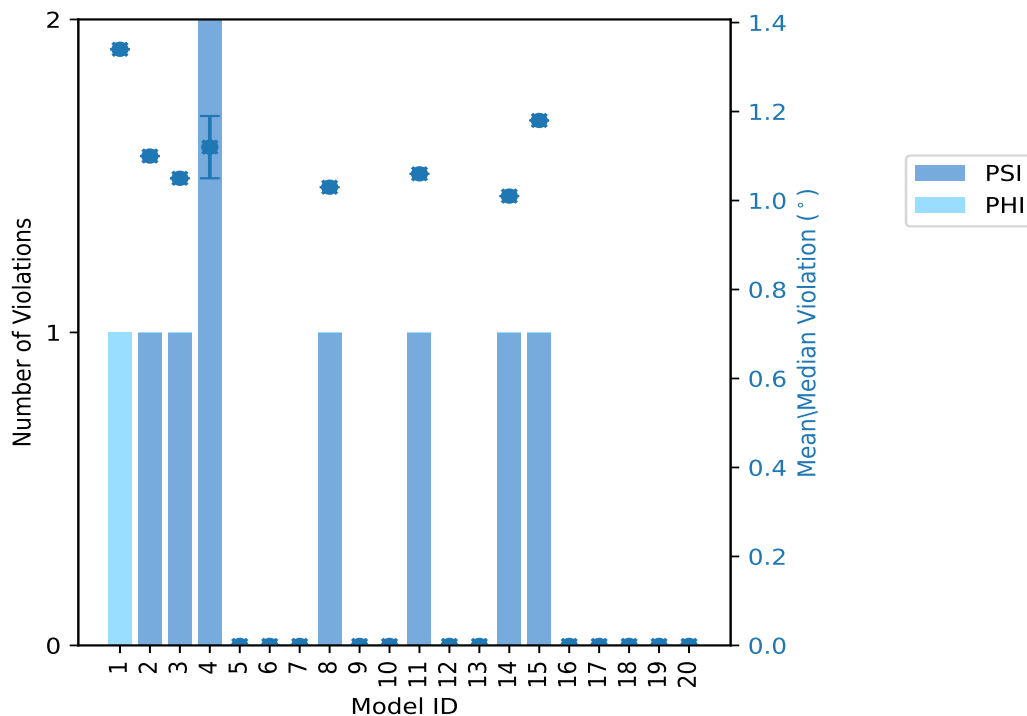
Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories

## 10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model [i](#)

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 1° are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations			Mean (°)	Max (°)	SD (°)	Median (°)
	PSI	PHI	Total				
1	0	1	1	1.34	1.34	0.0	1.34
2	1	0	1	1.1	1.1	0.0	1.1
3	1	0	1	1.05	1.05	0.0	1.05
4	2	0	2	1.12	1.2	0.07	1.12
5	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	1	0	1	1.03	1.03	0.0	1.03
9	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
11	1	0	1	1.06	1.06	0.0	1.06
12	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
13	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
14	1	0	1	1.01	1.01	0.0	1.01
15	1	0	1	1.18	1.18	0.0	1.18
16	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
17	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
18	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
19	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
20	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

### 10.2.1 Bar graph : Dihedral violation statistics for each model [i](#)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

### 10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Number of violated restraints			Fraction of the ensemble	
PSI	PHI	Total	Count <sup>1</sup>	%
2	1	3	1	5.0
1	0	1	2	10.0
0	0	0	3	15.0
1	0	1	4	20.0
0	0	0	5	25.0
0	0	0	6	30.0
0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	11	55.0

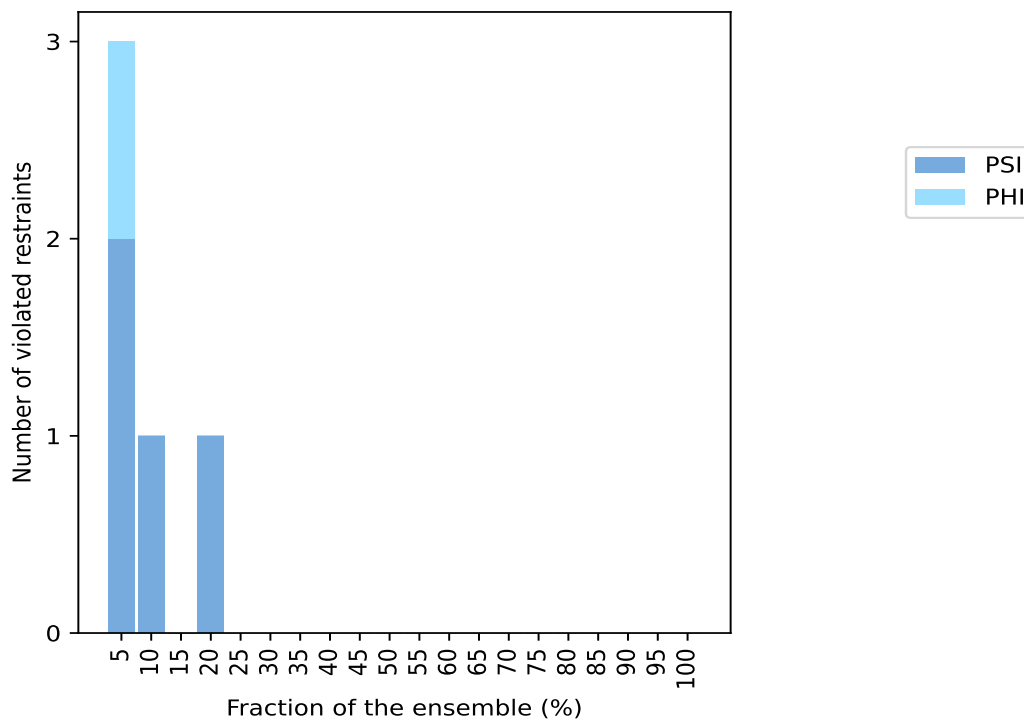
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Number of violated restraints			Fraction of the ensemble	
PSI	PHI	Total	Count <sup>1</sup>	%
0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	19	95.0
0	0	0	20	100.0

<sup>1</sup> Number of models with violations

### 10.3.1 Bar graph : Dihedral-angle Violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)

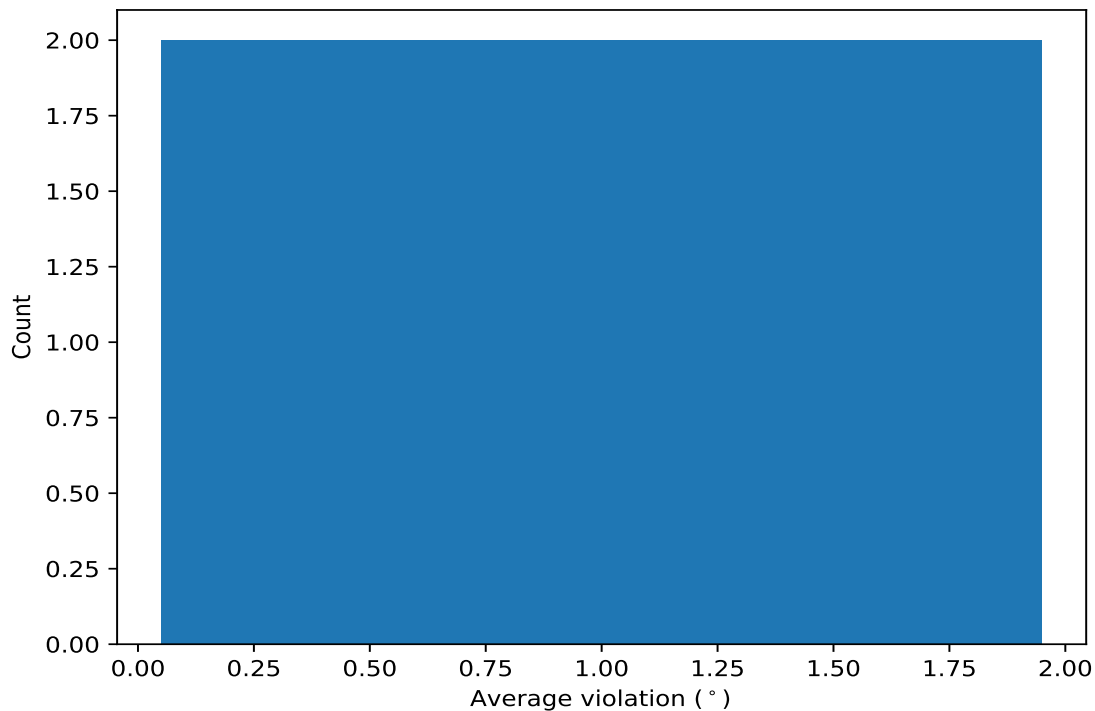


## 10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

### 10.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean dihedral-angle violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models

in the ensemble



#### 10.4.2 Table: Most violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

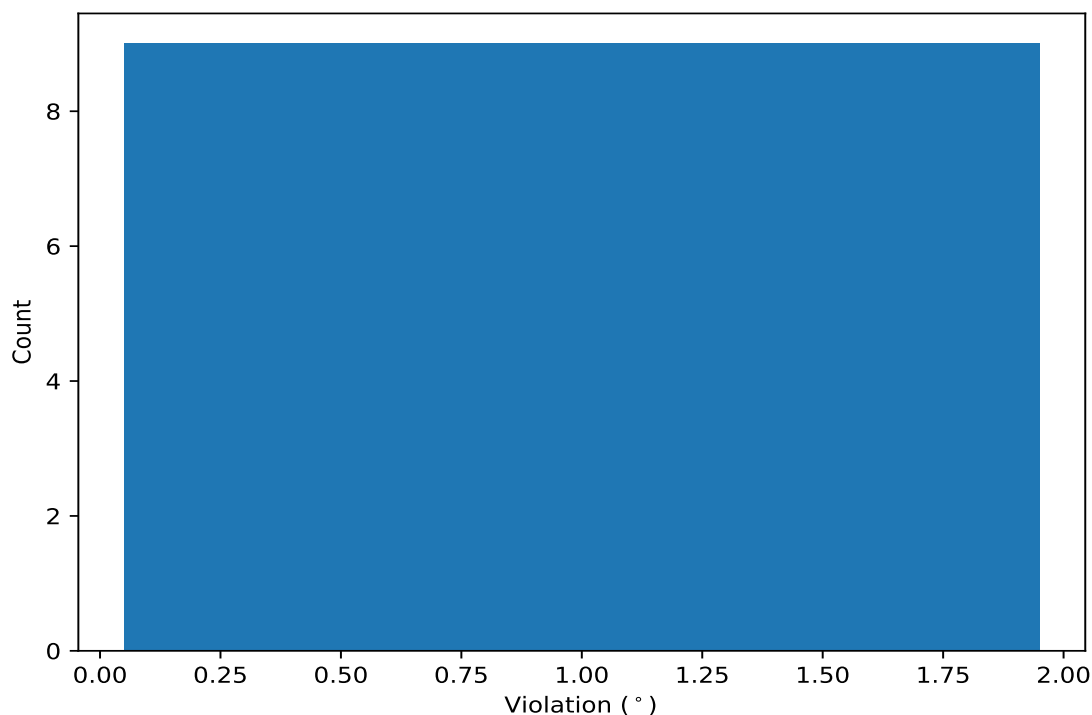
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Models <sup>1</sup>	Mean	SD <sup>2</sup>	Median
(1,99)	1:37:A:LEU:N	1:37:A:LEU:CA	1:37:A:LEU:C	1:38:A:SER:N	4	1.06	0.03	1.05
(1,116)	1:55:A:LEU:N	1:55:A:LEU:CA	1:55:A:LEU:C	1:56:A:THR:N	2	1.19	0.01	1.19

<sup>1</sup> Number of violated models, <sup>2</sup>Standard deviation, All angle values are in degree (°)

### 10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

#### 10.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



### 10.5.2 Table: All violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation (°)
(1,10)	1:10:A:ASP:C	1:11:A:GLY:N	1:11:A:GLY:CA	1:11:A:GLY:C	1	1.34
(1,116)	1:55:A:LEU:N	1:55:A:LEU:CA	1:55:A:LEU:C	1:56:A:THR:N	4	1.2
(1,116)	1:55:A:LEU:N	1:55:A:LEU:CA	1:55:A:LEU:C	1:56:A:THR:N	15	1.18
(1,99)	1:37:A:LEU:N	1:37:A:LEU:CA	1:37:A:LEU:C	1:38:A:SER:N	2	1.1
(1,101)	1:39:A:PRO:N	1:39:A:PRO:CA	1:39:A:PRO:C	1:40:A:GLU:N	11	1.06
(1,99)	1:37:A:LEU:N	1:37:A:LEU:CA	1:37:A:LEU:C	1:38:A:SER:N	3	1.05
(1,99)	1:37:A:LEU:N	1:37:A:LEU:CA	1:37:A:LEU:C	1:38:A:SER:N	4	1.05
(1,99)	1:37:A:LEU:N	1:37:A:LEU:CA	1:37:A:LEU:C	1:38:A:SER:N	8	1.03
(1,129)	1:70:A:LEU:N	1:70:A:LEU:CA	1:70:A:LEU:C	1:71:A:GLU:N	14	1.01