



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

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with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

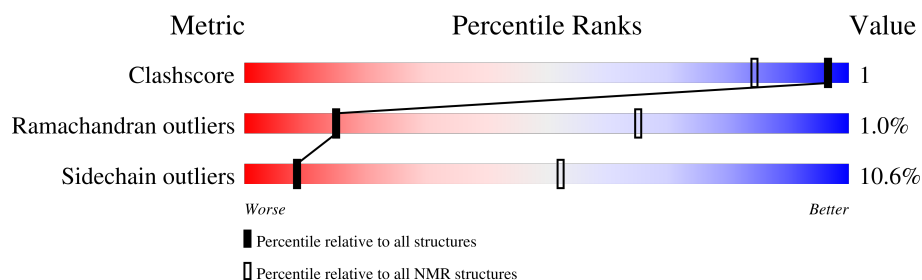
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 93%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424
Ramachandran outliers	224038	12848
Sidechain outliers	223484	12823

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	89	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 17 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:27-A:107 (81)	0.42	17

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 5 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 15
2	5, 7, 11, 16, 17
3	13, 19
4	9, 14
5	18, 20
Single-model clusters	2; 3

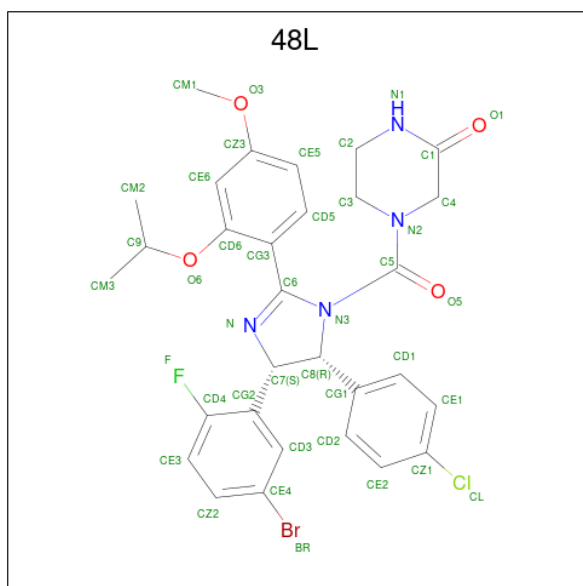
3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1510 atoms, of which 759 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Protein Mdm4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	89	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1440	456	730	121	127	6	

- Molecule 2 is 4-((4S,5R)-4-(5-bromo-2-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-methoxy-2-(propan-2-yloxy)phenyl]-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl)carbonyl)piperazin-2-one (CCD ID: 48L) (formula: C₃₀H₂₉BrClFN₄O₄).



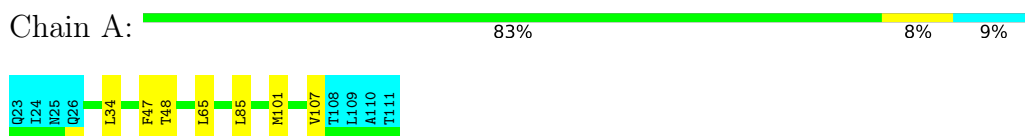
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms							
2	A	1	Total	Br	C	Cl	F	H	N	O
			70	1	30	1	1	29	4	4

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

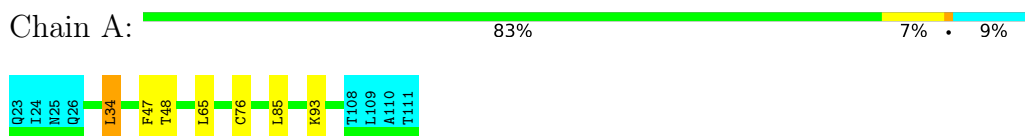
- Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 17. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	
CYANA	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1203
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1203
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	93%

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 48L

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.87±0.01	0±0/663 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.44±0.02	1±1/893 (0.1± 0.1%)
All	All	0.87	0/13260 (0.0%)	1.44	23/17860 (0.1%)

There are no bond-length outliers.

5 of 7 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	76	CYS	CA-C-N	6.72	127.55	120.03	7	8
1	A	76	CYS	C-N-CA	6.72	127.55	120.03	7	8
1	A	42	ALA	CA-C-N	5.60	132.38	121.63	1	2
1	A	42	ALA	C-N-CA	5.60	132.38	121.63	1	2
1	A	49	VAL	CA-C-N	5.07	127.07	120.28	16	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	649	667	667	1±1
2	A	41	29	29	1±0
All	All	13800	13920	13920	23

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

5 of 7 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
2:A:200:48L:H31	2:A:200:48L:C6	0.47	2.39	3	10
1:A:27:VAL:HG11	1:A:47:PHE:C	0.47	2.34	1	1
1:A:34:LEU:HD23	1:A:34:LEU:C	0.44	2.37	4	8
1:A:37:LEU:HD13	1:A:47:PHE:CE1	0.43	2.48	16	1
1:A:27:VAL:HG21	1:A:47:PHE:H	0.41	1.76	7	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	81/89 (91%)	70±2 (86±2%)	10±2 (13±2%)	1±1 (1±1%)	15	65
All	All	1620/1780 (91%)	1397 (86%)	207 (13%)	16 (1%)	15	65

All 4 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	107	VAL	11
1	A	44	GLY	3
1	A	77	GLY	1
1	A	43	GLN	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	71/78 (91%)	64±2 (89±2%)	8±2 (11±2%)	9	52
All	All	1420/1560 (91%)	1270 (89%)	150 (11%)	9	52

5 of 25 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	47	PHE	20
1	A	85	LEU	20
1	A	101	MET	19
1	A	48	THR	16
1	A	34	LEU	13

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	48L	A	200	-	44,45,45	0.88±0.02	1±0 (2±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	48L	A	200	-	54,65,65	1.33±0.04	9±1 (16±2%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	48L	A	200	-	-	0±0,26,52,52	0±0,5,5,5

All unique bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	200	48L	C4-N2	2.71	1.50	1.46	18	20

5 of 15 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	200	48L	CD6-O6-C9	3.99	126.87	119.53	17	15
2	A	200	48L	O6-CD6-CG3	3.80	122.69	116.57	13	13
2	A	200	48L	O6-CD6-CE6	3.29	116.50	123.87	13	6
2	A	200	48L	C8-C7-N	3.25	102.25	105.23	8	20
2	A	200	48L	C7-N-C6	3.23	110.32	107.29	18	15

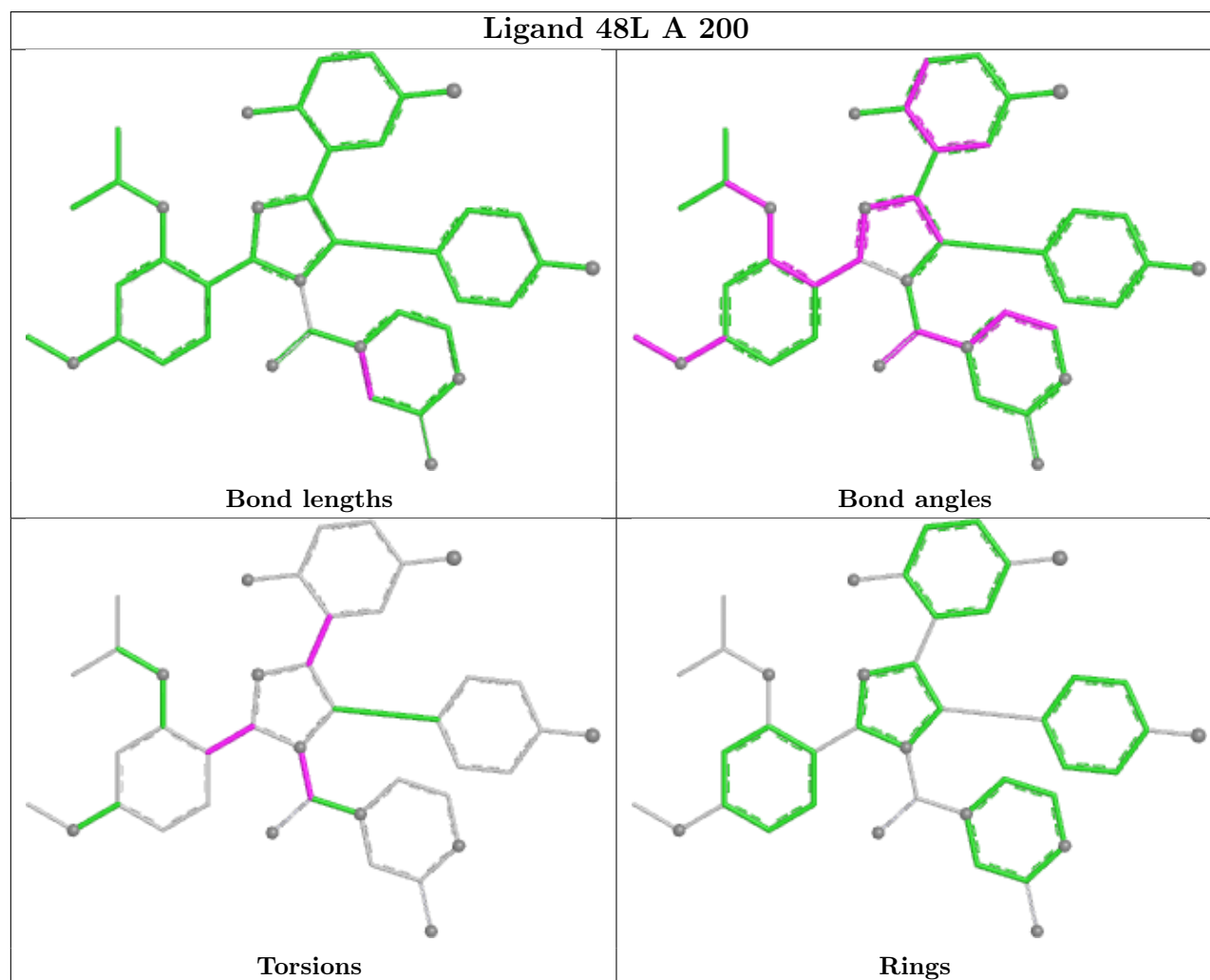
There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will

also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 93% for the well-defined parts and 93% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1203
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1203
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	89	-0.43 ± 0.19	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	82	-0.10 ± 0.27	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	73	-0.13 ± 0.24	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	85	1.52 ± 0.39	Should be applied

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 93%, i.e. 1078 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1154. 0 out of 20 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	389/404 (96%)	165/165 (100%)	147/162 (91%)	77/77 (100%)
Sidechain	617/664 (93%)	423/435 (97%)	185/206 (90%)	9/23 (39%)

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	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	72/86 (84%)	36/42 (86%)	36/41 (88%)	0/3 (0%)
Overall	1078/1154 (93%)	624/642 (97%)	368/409 (90%)	86/103 (83%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	28	ARG	NE	113.75	76.53 – 92.65	18.1

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

