



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 6, 2026 – 06:29 AM UTC

PDB ID : 7N32 / pdb_00007n32
EMDB ID : EMD-22677
Title : protofilaments of microtubule doublets bound to outer-arm dynein
Authors : Rao, Q.; Zhang, K.
Deposited on : 2021-05-31
Resolution : 4.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

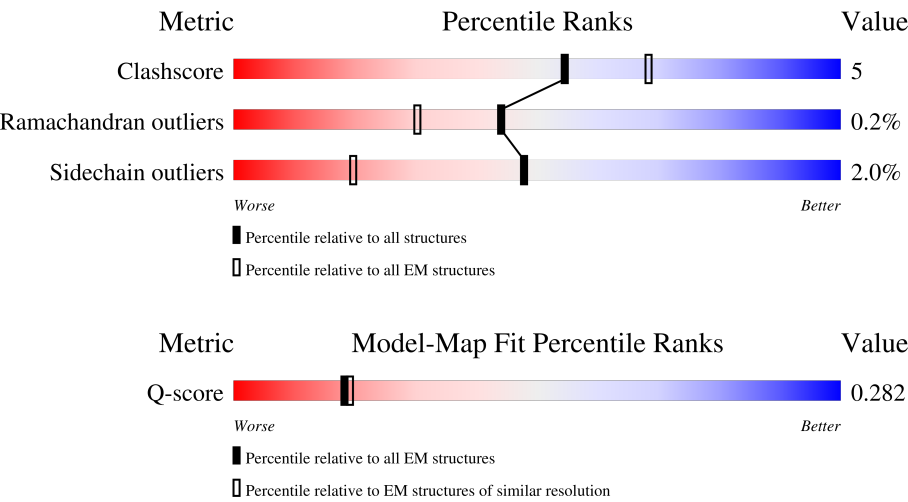
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	7587 (3.50 - 4.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	a	449	
1	c	449	
1	e	449	
1	g	449	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	i	449	58% 89% 8% ..
1	k	449	44% 82% 15% .
1	m	449	41% 82% 16% ..
1	o	449	60% 89% 9% .
1	q	449	48% 82% 16% .
1	s	449	43% 88% 9% ..
1	u	449	50% 82% 15% ..
1	w	449	67% 81% 16% ..
2	b	443	39% 80% 16% ..
2	d	443	59% 80% 19%
2	f	443	44% 84% 13% .
2	h	443	32% 86% 11% .
2	j	443	59% 89% 8% .
2	l	443	40% 87% 10% .
2	n	443	36% 83% 16% .
2	p	443	52% 87% 9% .
2	r	443	42% 86% 11% .
2	t	443	36% 88% 9% .
2	v	443	45% 85% 12% .
2	x	443	54% 87% 9% .

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 82021 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Tubulin alpha chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	w	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3405	2152	578	653	22		
1	u	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3409	2155	579	653	22		
1	s	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3409	2155	579	653	22		
1	q	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3403	2151	578	652	22		
1	o	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3397	2146	577	652	22		
1	m	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3409	2155	579	653	22		
1	k	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3405	2152	578	653	22		
1	g	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3413	2158	580	653	22		
1	e	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3402	2149	579	652	22		
1	c	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3402	2149	579	652	22		
1	a	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3406	2152	580	652	22		
1	i	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3405	2152	578	653	22		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Tubulin beta chain.

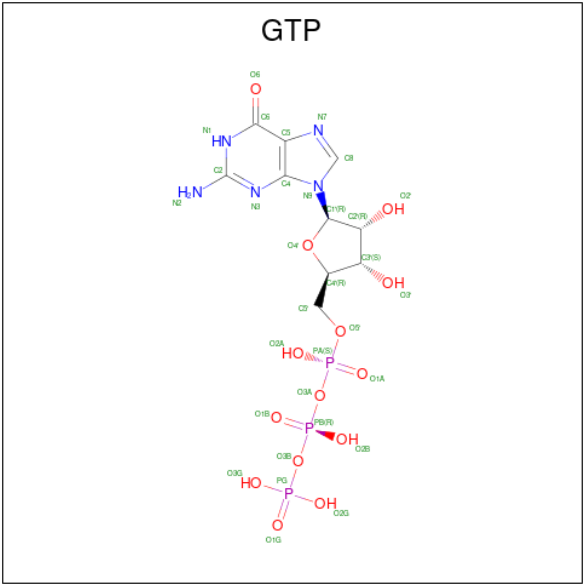
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	x	430	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3366	2115	577	646	28		
2	v	430	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3366	2115	577	646	28		
2	t	430	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3366	2115	577	646	28		

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	r	430	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3359	2109	577	645	28		
2	p	428	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3345	2101	574	642	28		
2	n	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3412	2141	587	656	28		
2	l	430	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3366	2115	577	646	28		
2	h	430	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3366	2115	577	646	28		
2	f	430	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3362	2113	576	645	28		
2	b	430	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3362	2113	576	645	28		
2	d	442	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3416	2145	588	655	28		
2	j	430	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3366	2115	577	646	28		

- Molecule 3 is GUANOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: GTP) (formula: C₁₀H₁₆N₅O₁₄P₃).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
3	w	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			32	10	5	14	3	
3	u	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			32	10	5	14	3	

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
3	s	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			32	10	5	14	3	
3	q	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			32	10	5	14	3	
3	o	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			32	10	5	14	3	
3	m	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			32	10	5	14	3	
3	k	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			32	10	5	14	3	
3	g	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			32	10	5	14	3	
3	e	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			32	10	5	14	3	
3	c	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			32	10	5	14	3	
3	a	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			32	10	5	14	3	
3	i	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			32	10	5	14	3	

- Molecule 4 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg).

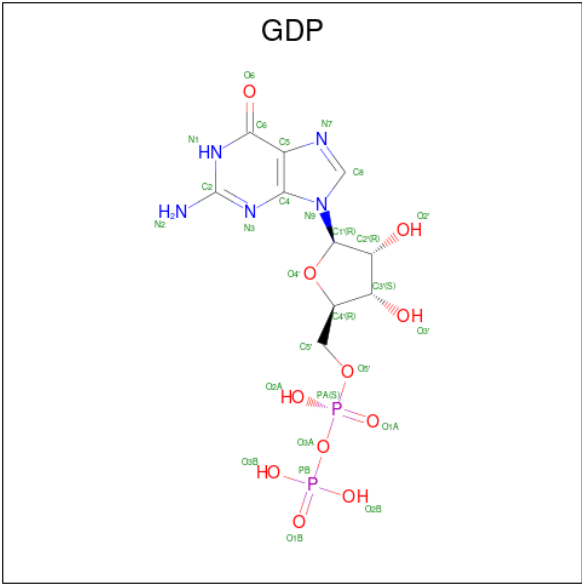
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
4	x	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	
4	u	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	
4	t	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	
4	q	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	
4	o	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	
4	m	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	
4	k	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	
4	g	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	
4	e	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
4	c	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	
4	a	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	
4	i	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	

- Molecule 5 is GUANOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: GDP) (formula: C₁₀H₁₅N₅O₁₁P₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
5	x	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			28	10	5	11	2	
5	v	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			28	10	5	11	2	
5	t	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			28	10	5	11	2	
5	r	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			28	10	5	11	2	
5	p	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			28	10	5	11	2	
5	n	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			28	10	5	11	2	
5	l	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			28	10	5	11	2	
5	h	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			28	10	5	11	2	

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
5	f	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			28	10	5	11	2	
5	b	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			28	10	5	11	2	
5	j	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			28	10	5	11	2	

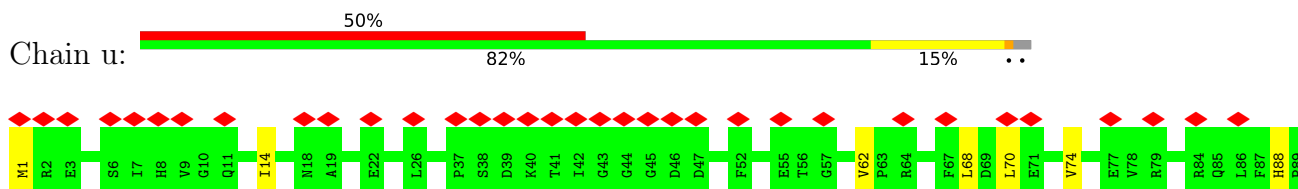
3 Residue-property plots

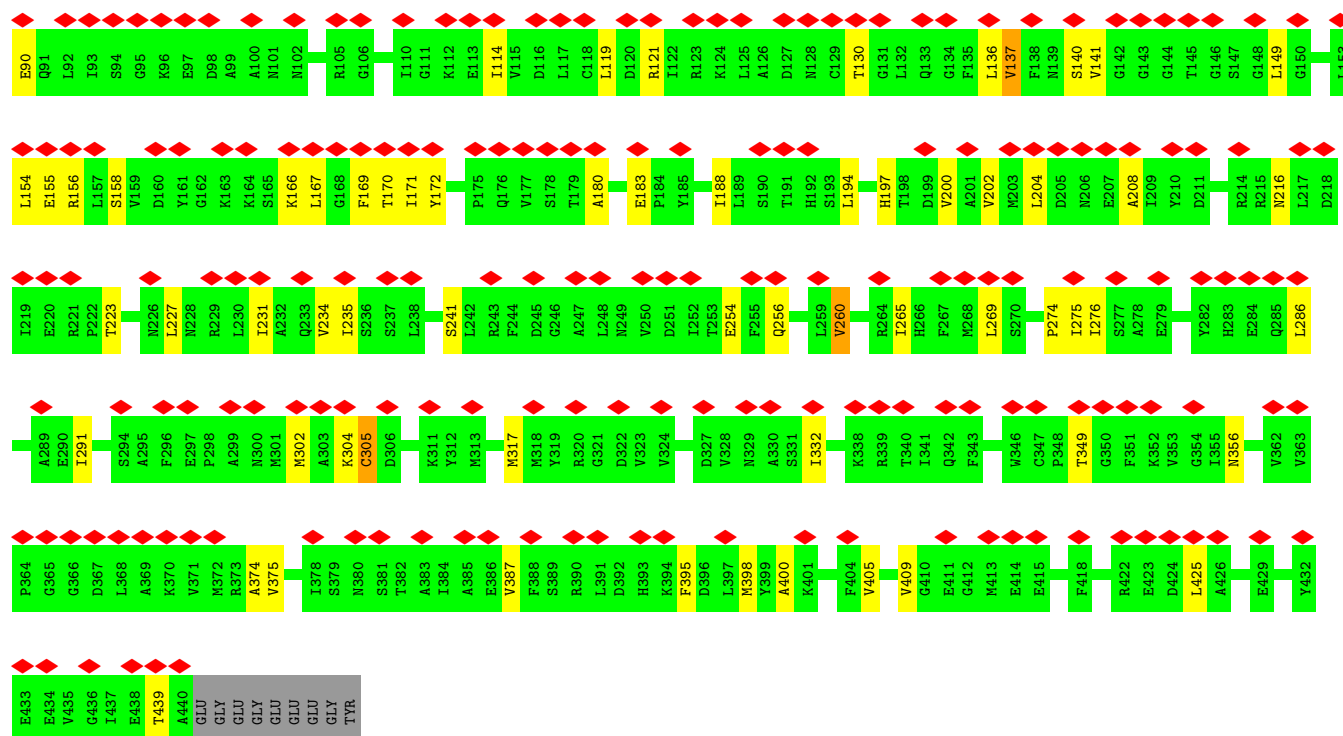
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Tubulin alpha chain

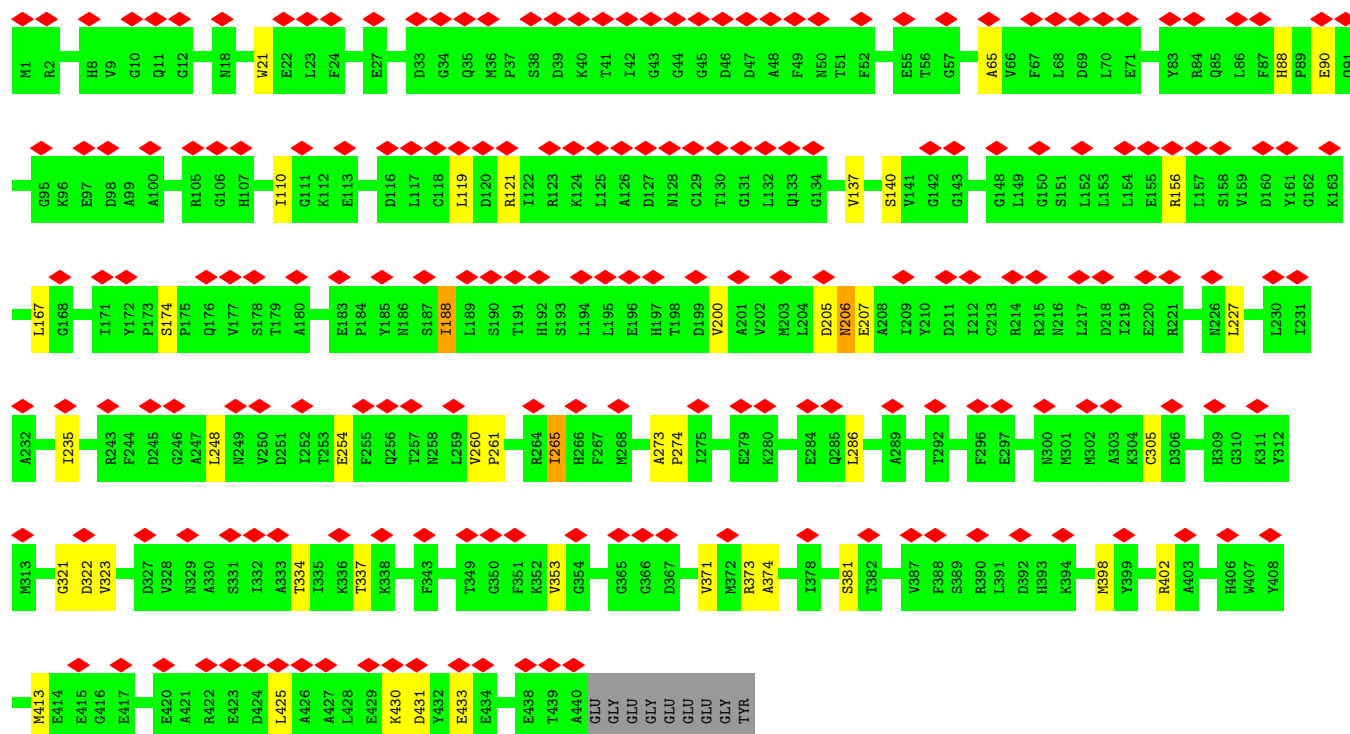
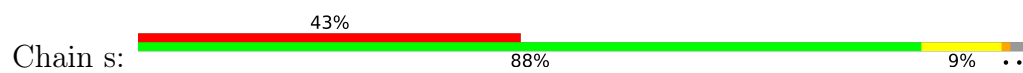


• Molecule 1: Tubulin alpha chain

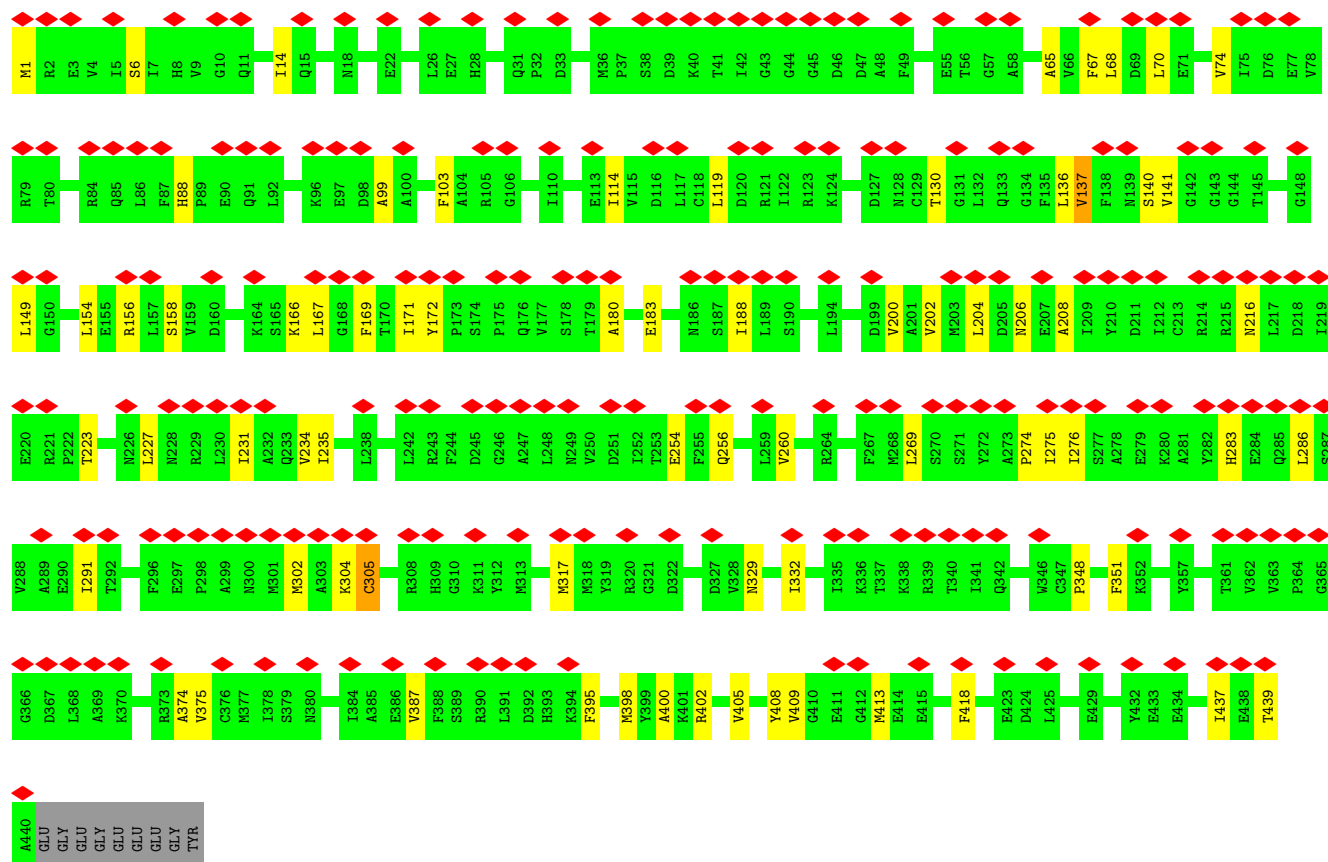
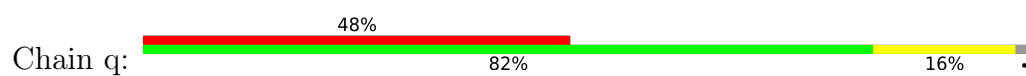




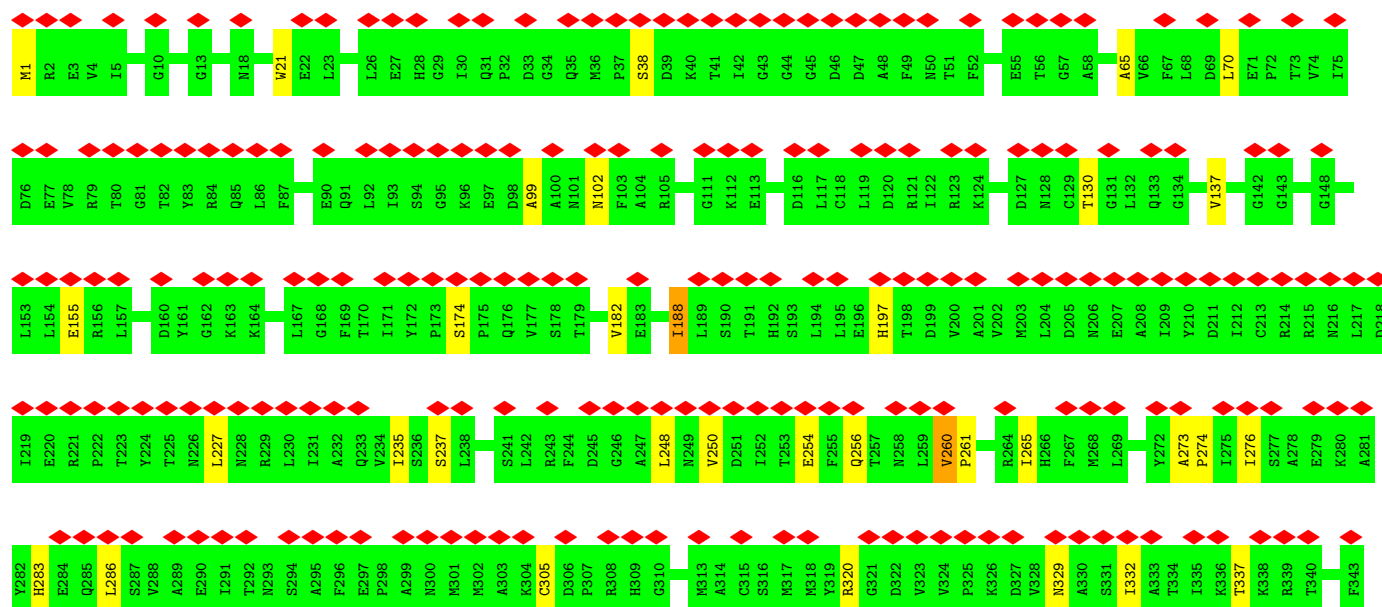
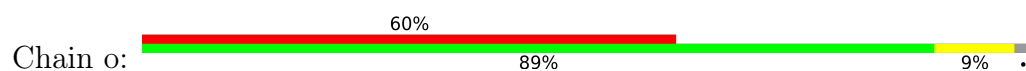
• Molecule 1: Tubulin alpha chain

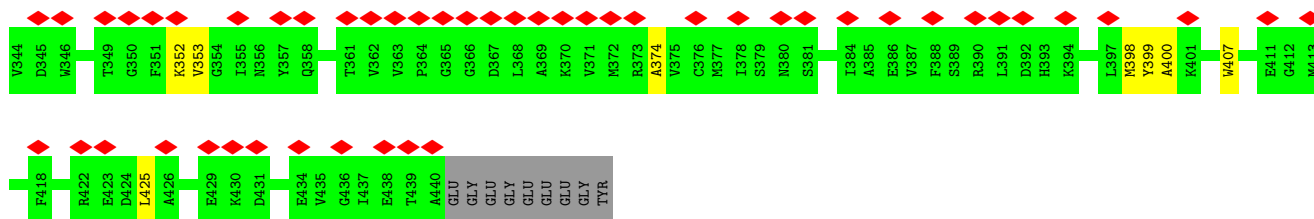


• Molecule 1: Tubulin alpha chain

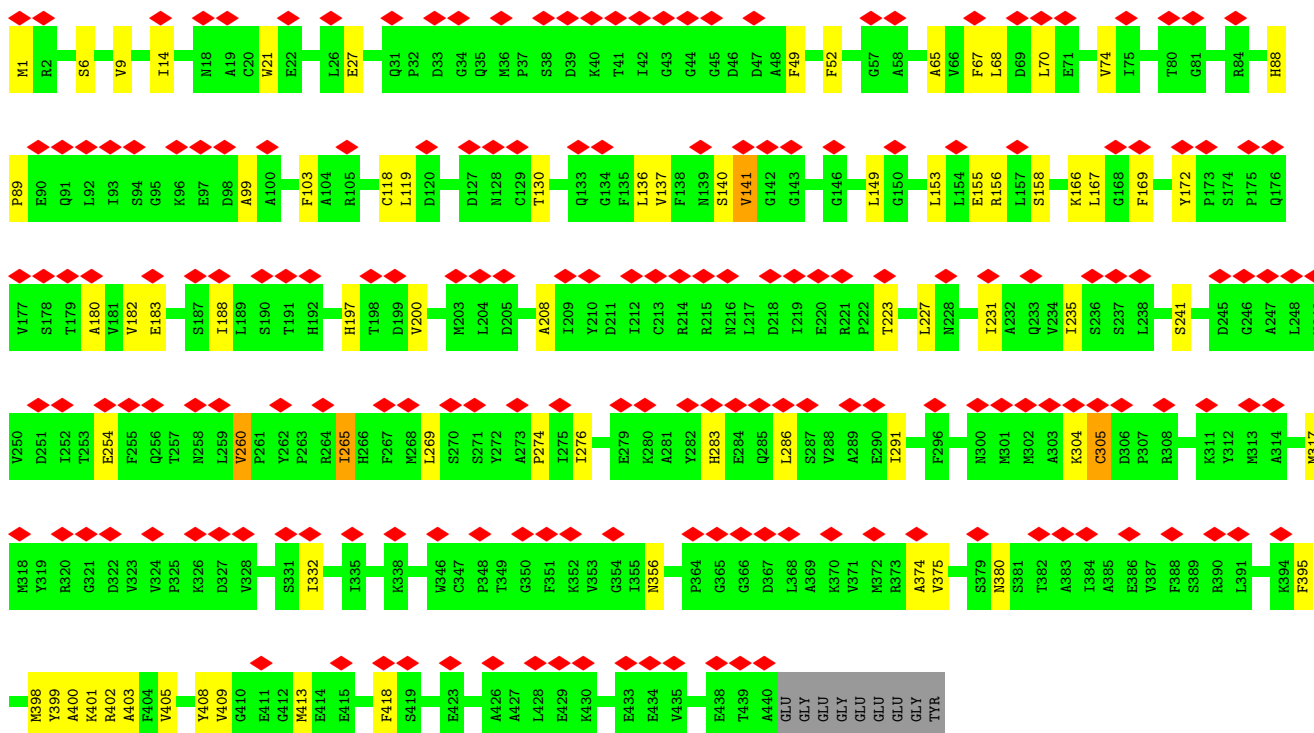
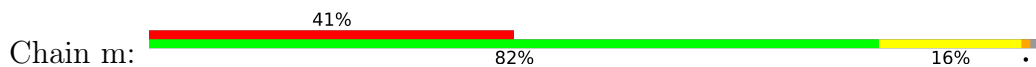


• Molecule 1: Tubulin alpha chain

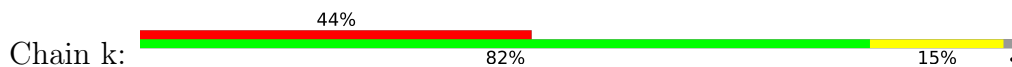


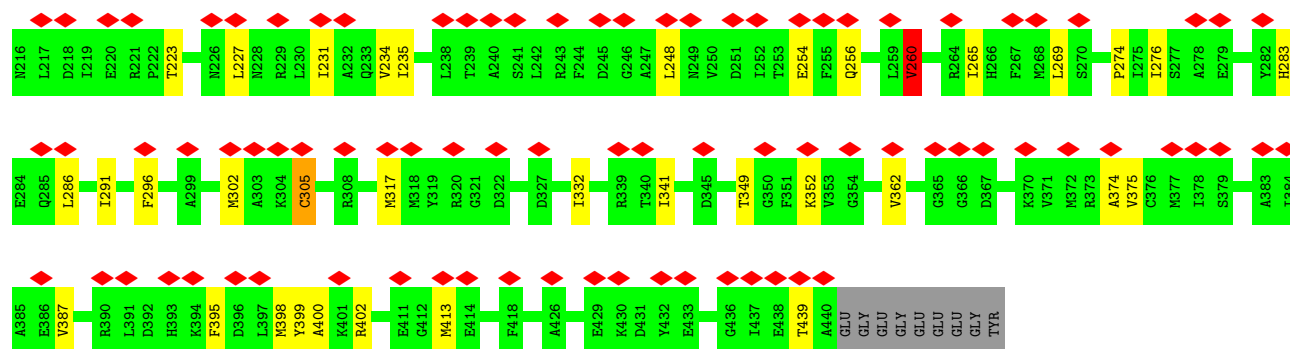


• Molecule 1: Tubulin alpha chain



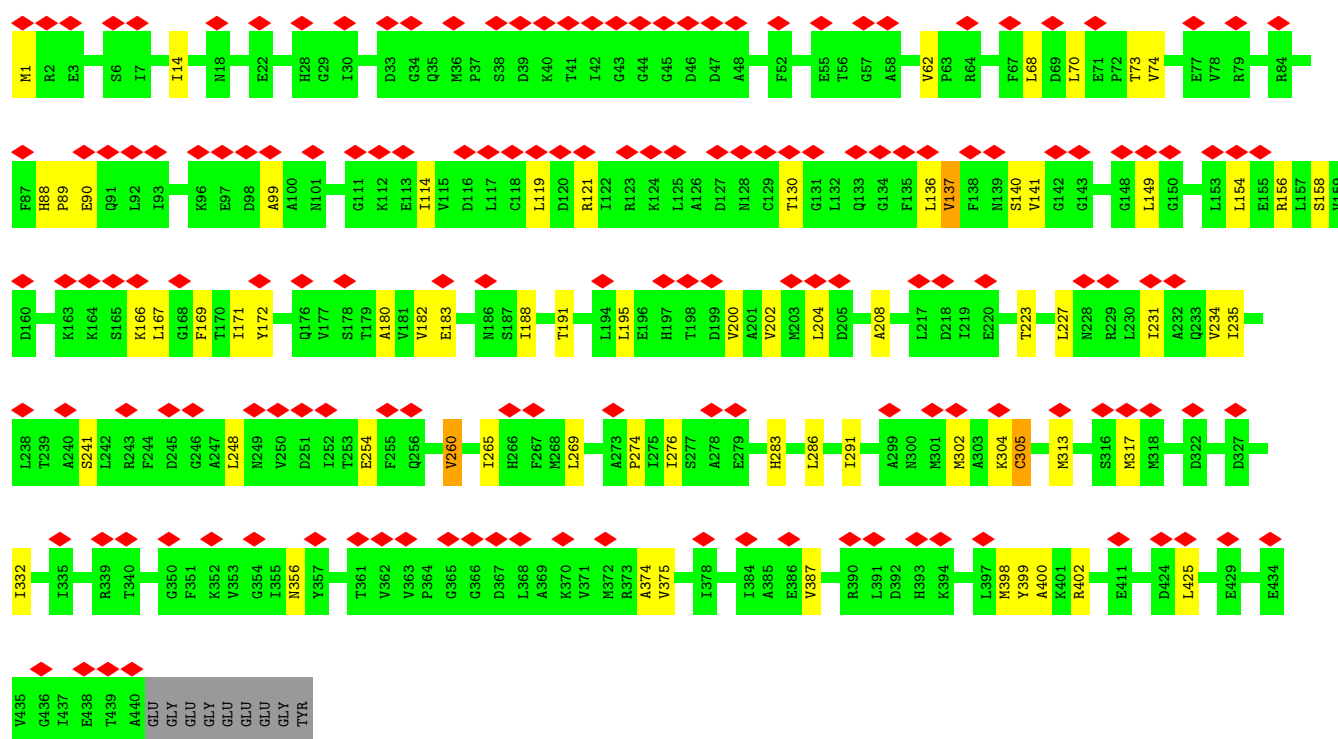
• Molecule 1: Tubulin alpha chain





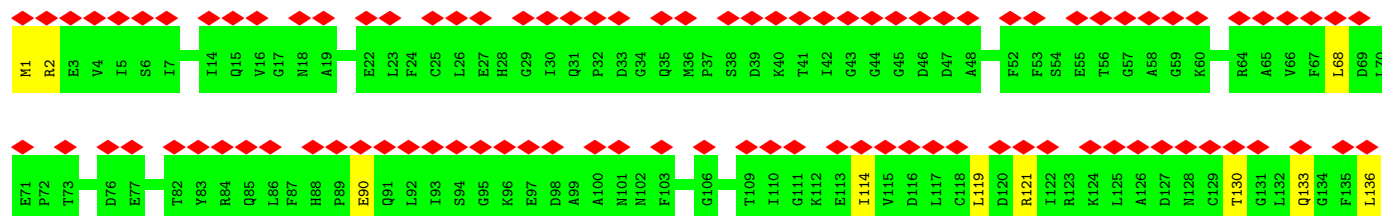
• Molecule 1: Tubulin alpha chain

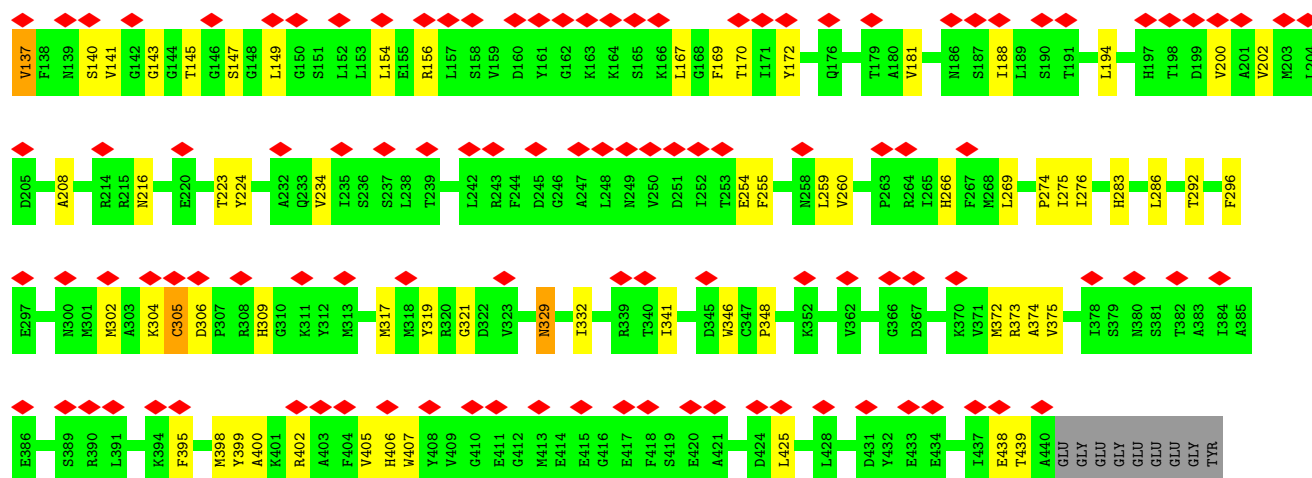
Chain g: 35% 83% 15% ..



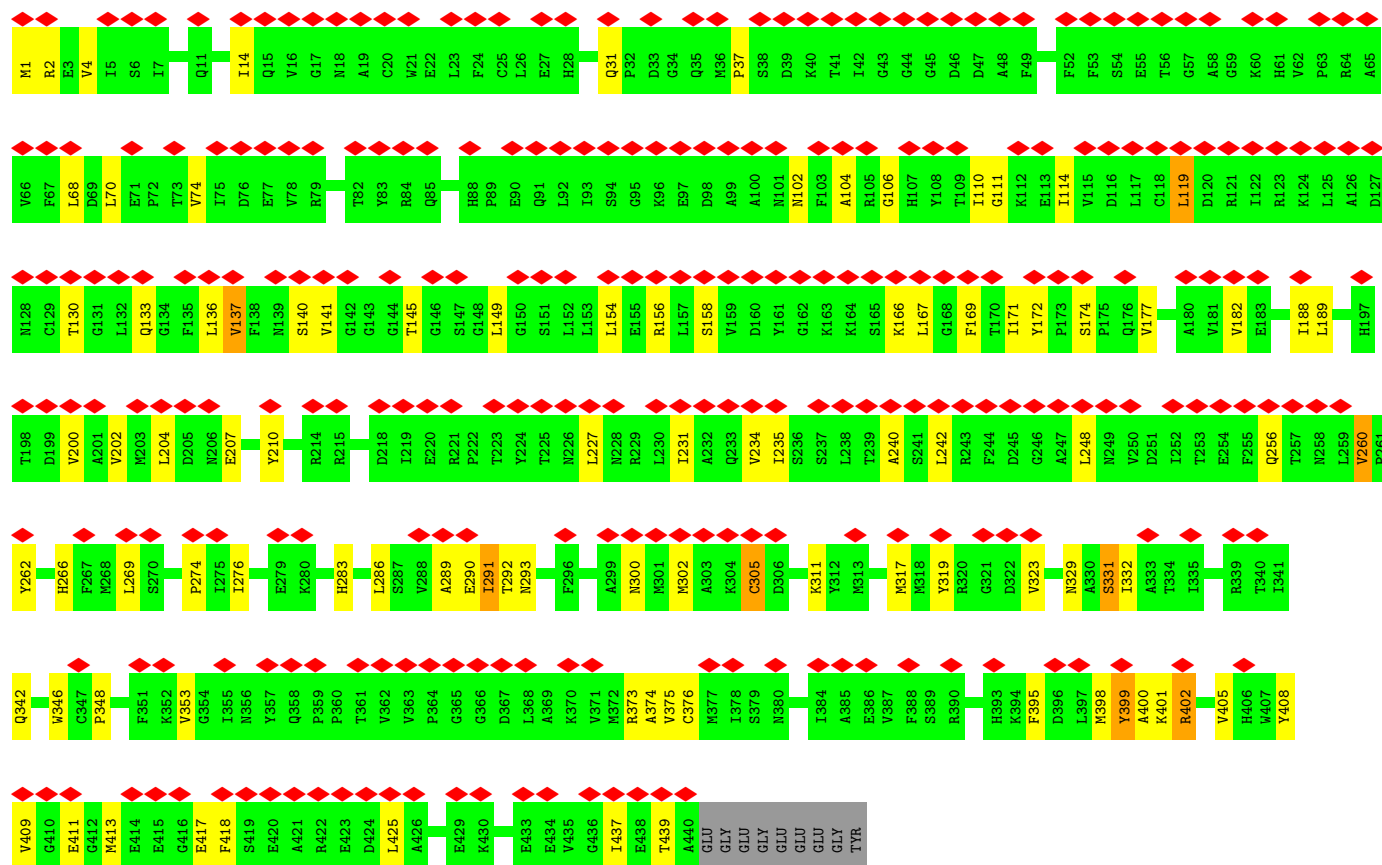
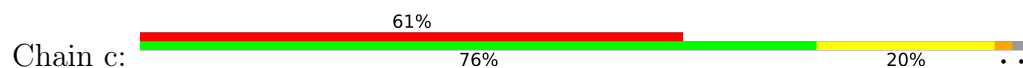
• Molecule 1: Tubulin alpha chain

Chain e: 45% 82% 16% ..

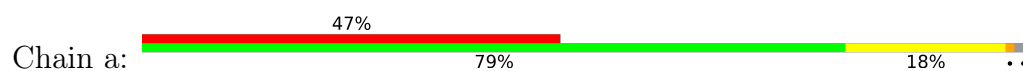


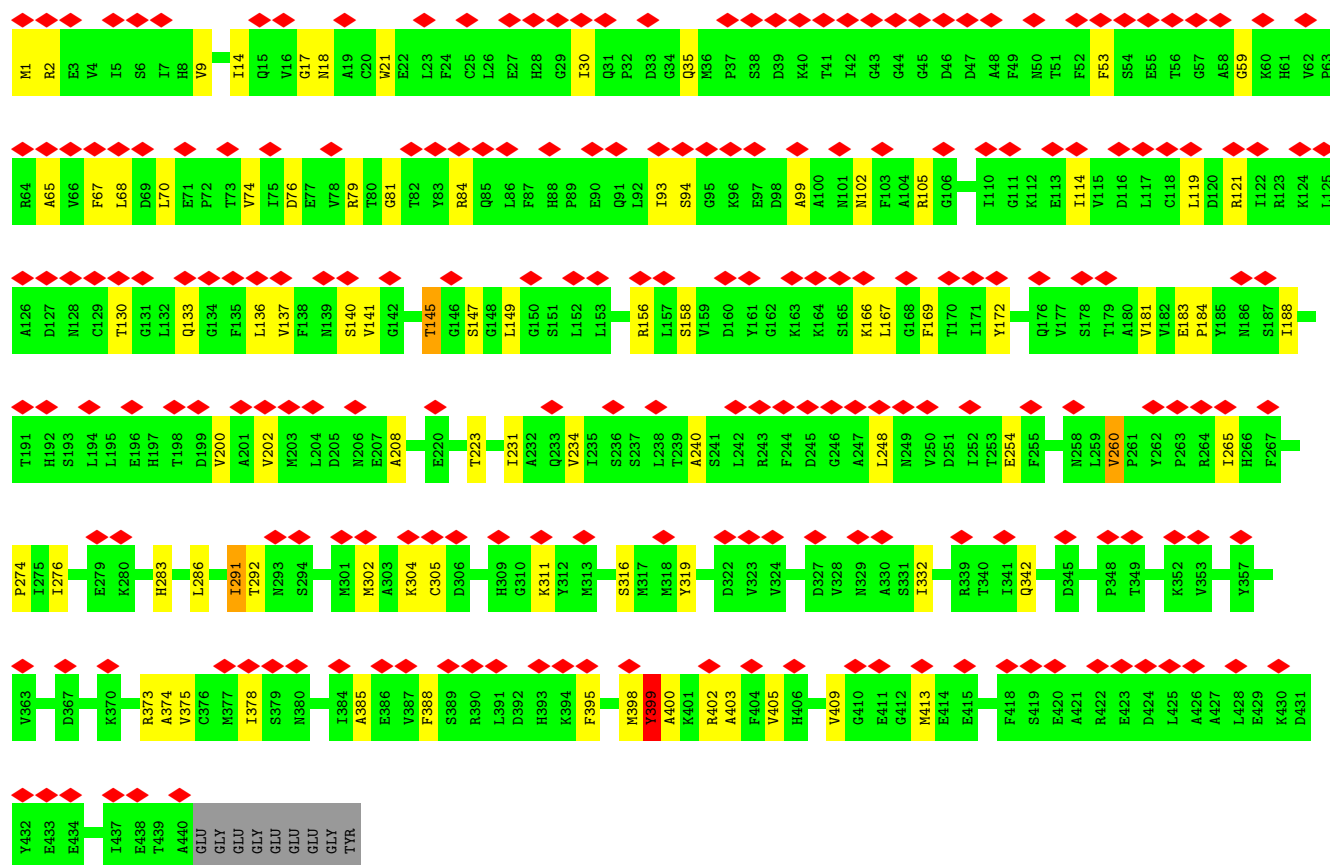


• Molecule 1: Tubulin alpha chain

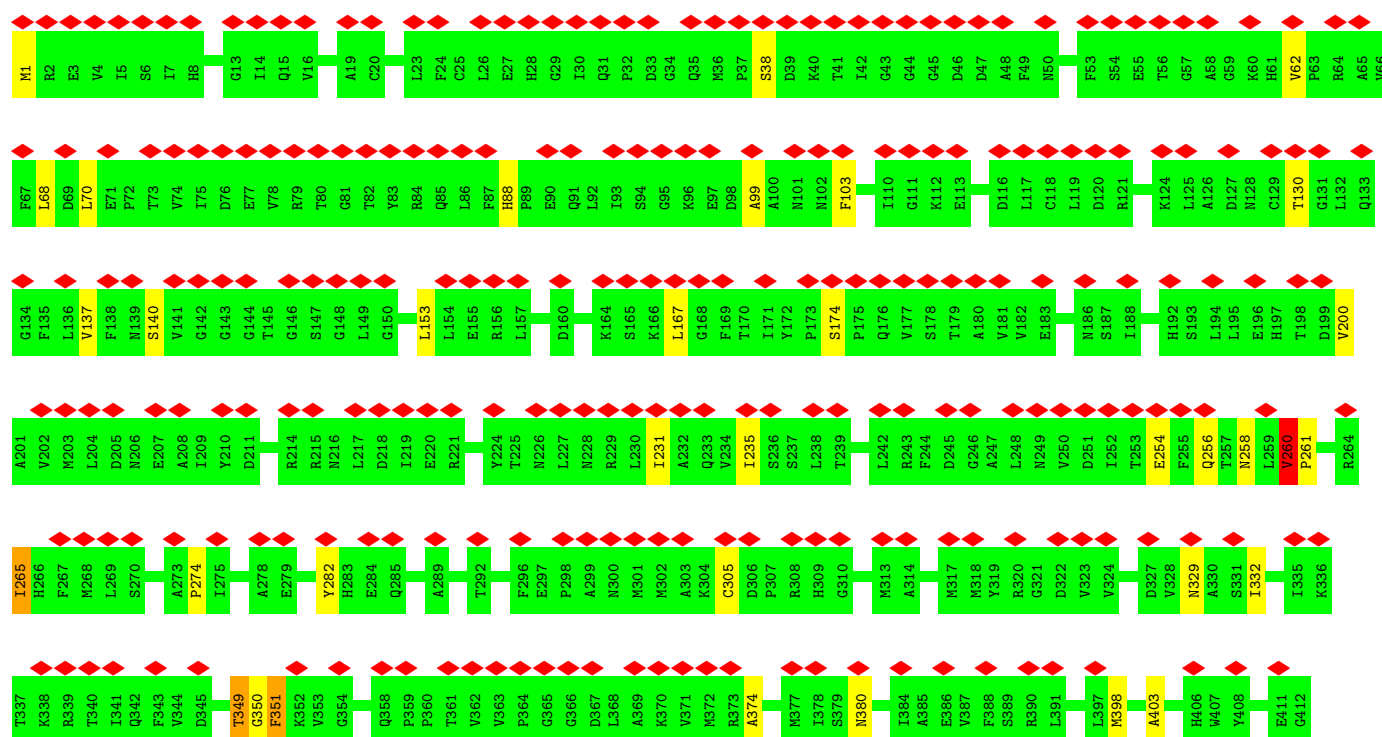
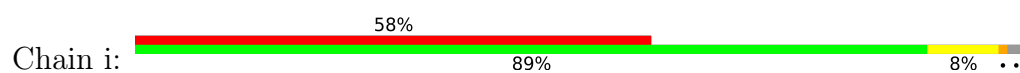


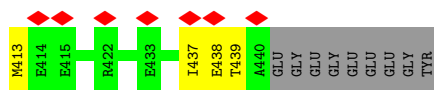
• Molecule 1: Tubulin alpha chain



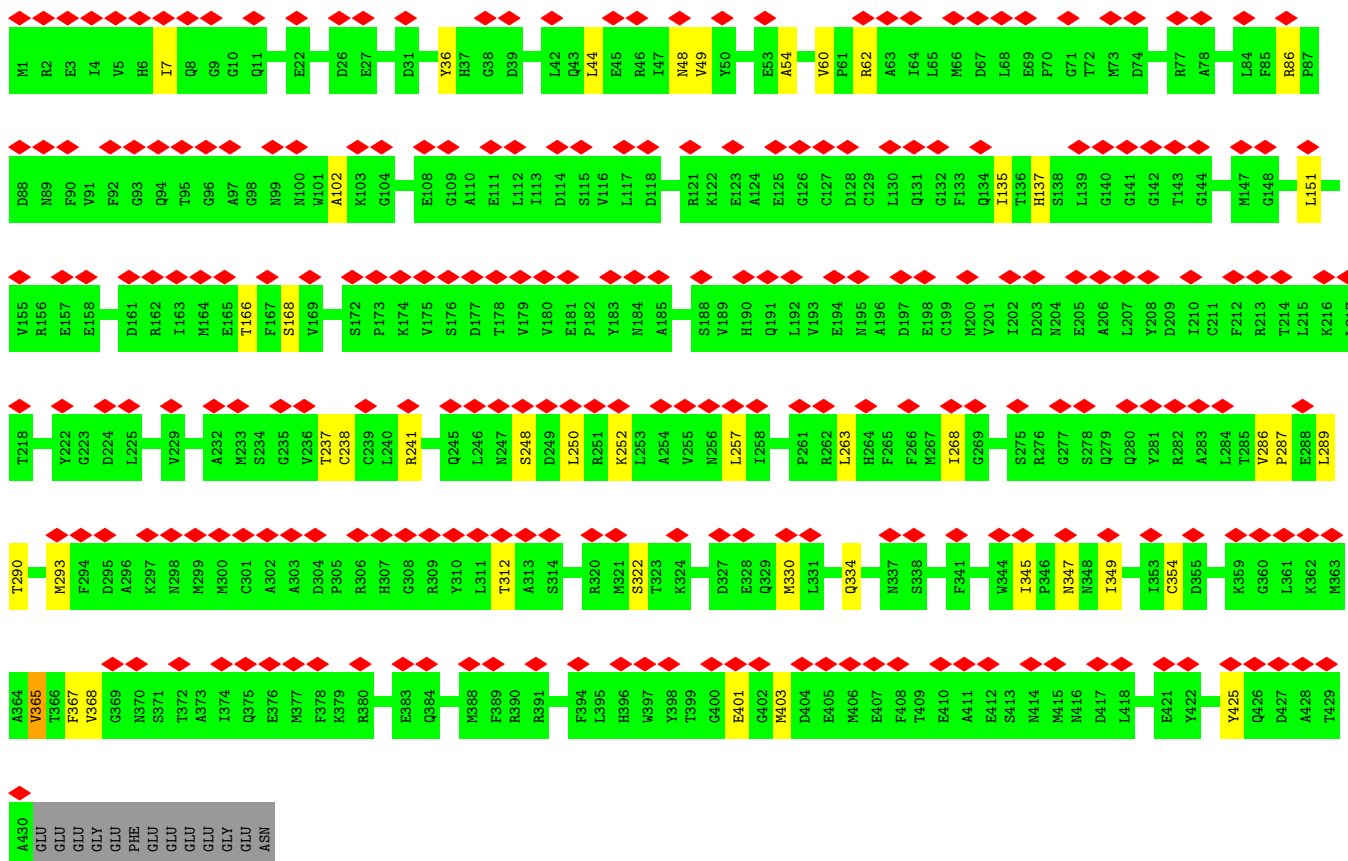
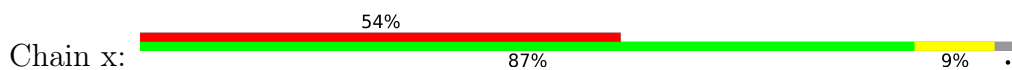


• Molecule 1: Tubulin alpha chain

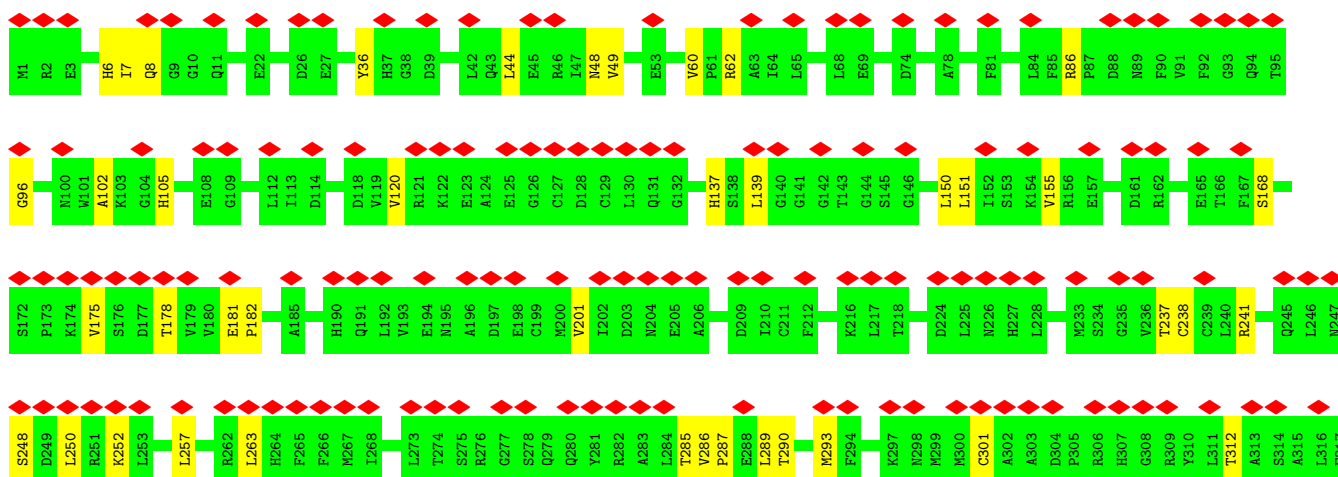
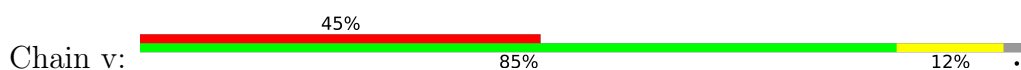


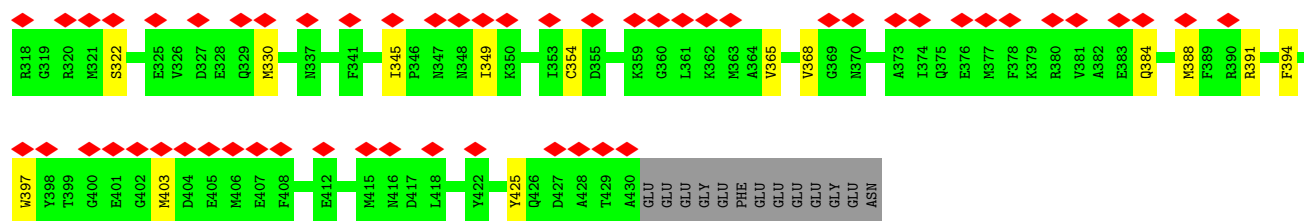


• Molecule 2: Tubulin beta chain

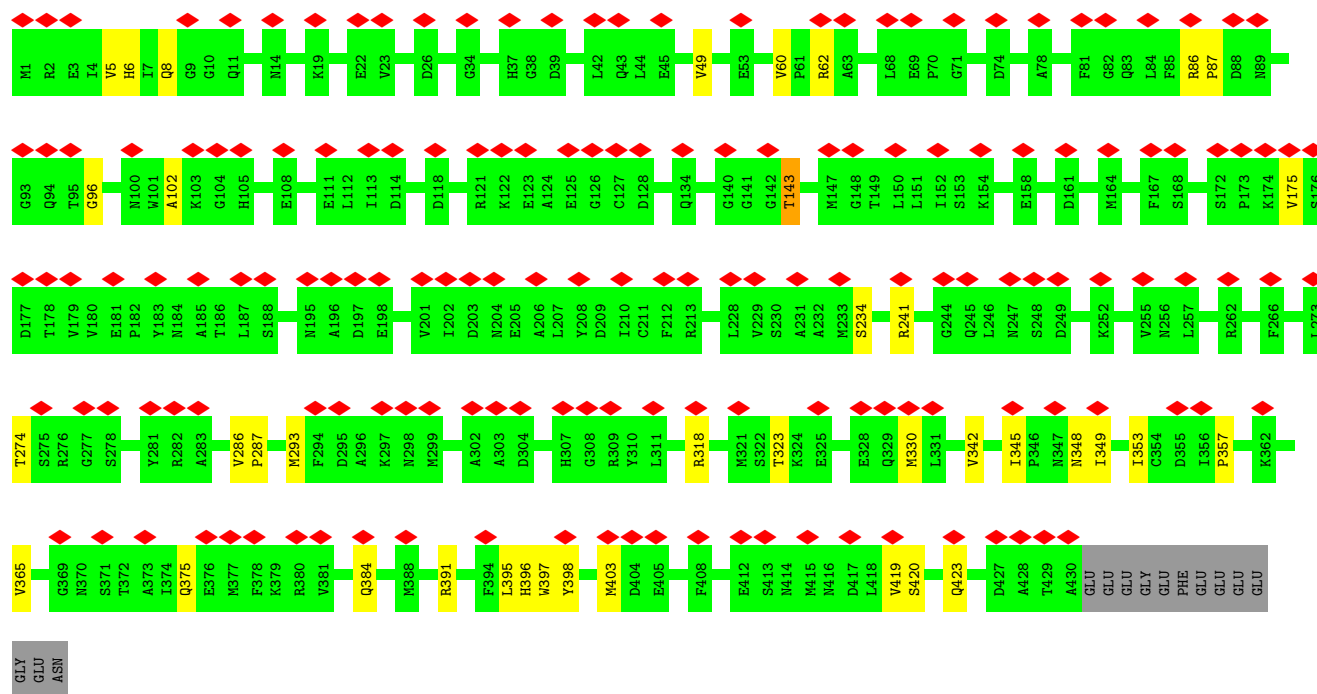
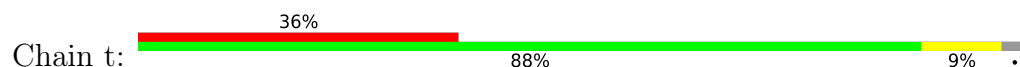


• Molecule 2: Tubulin beta chain

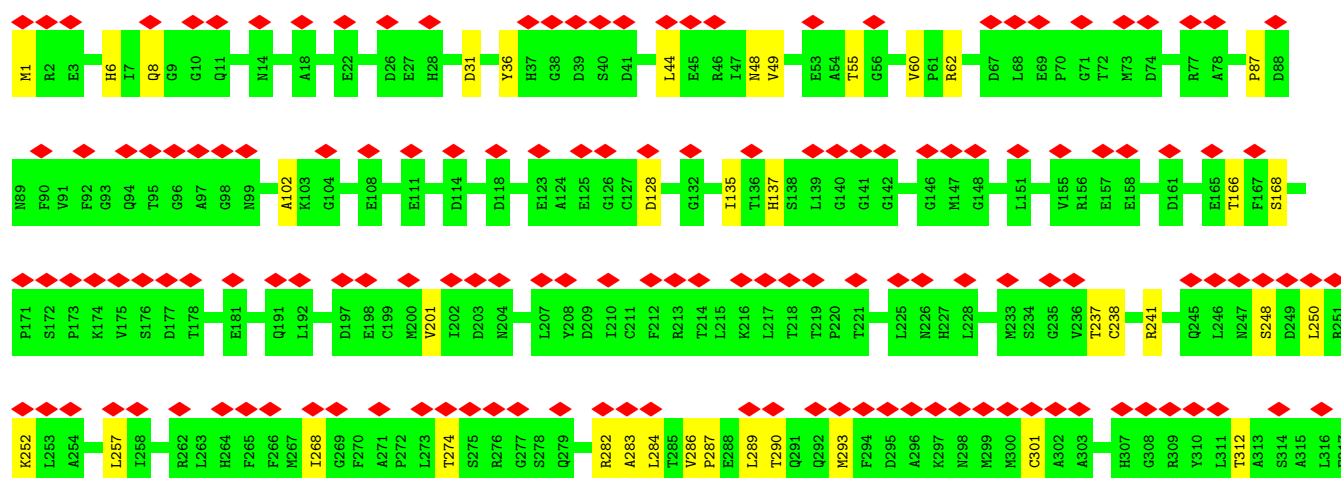
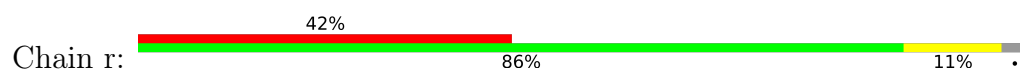


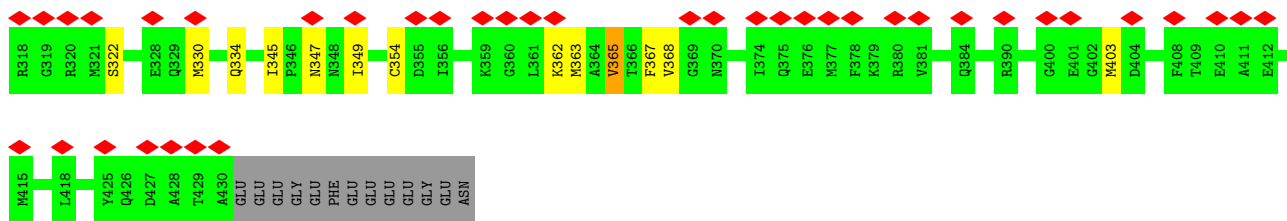


• Molecule 2: Tubulin beta chain

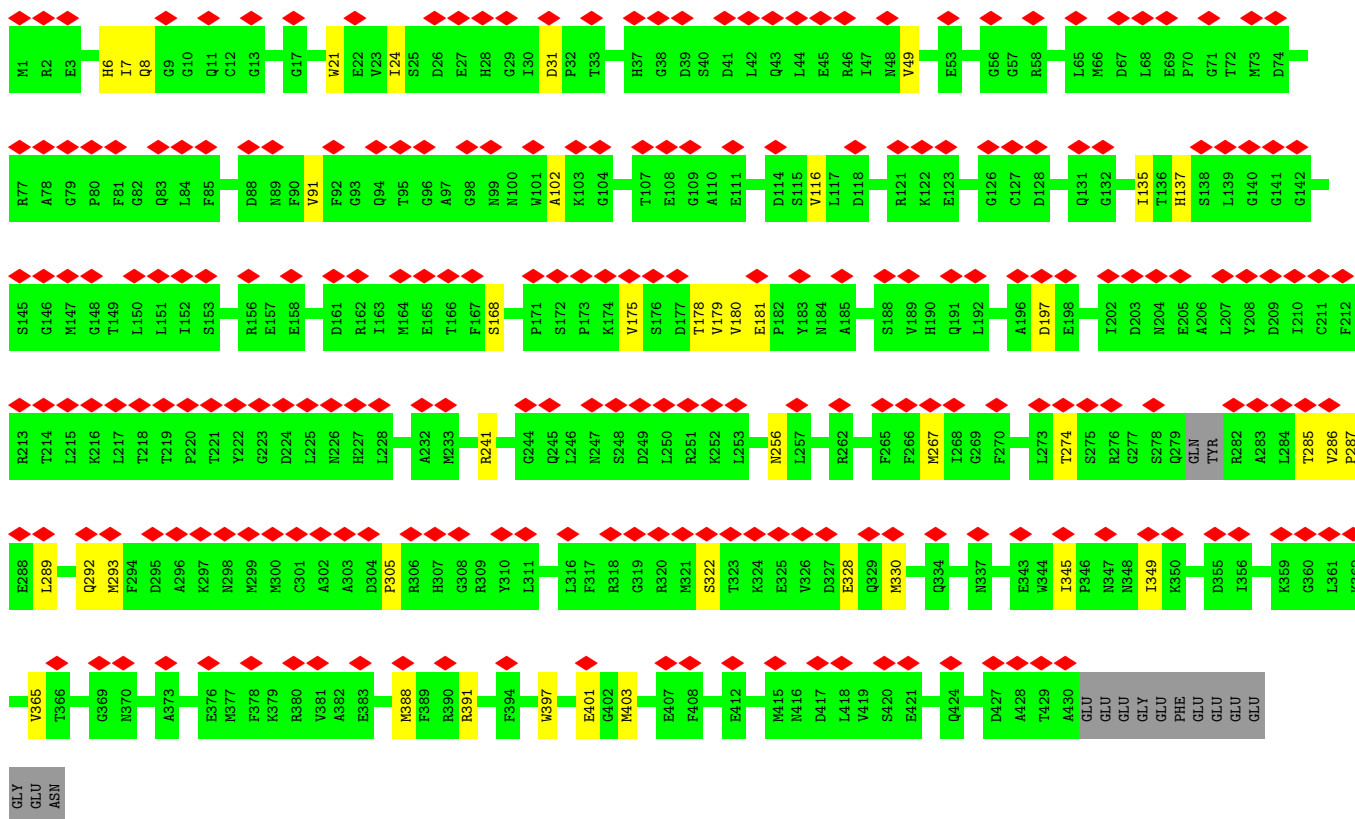
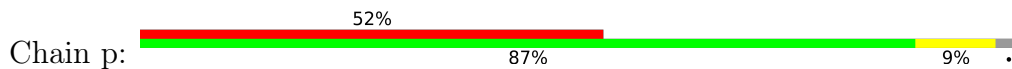


• Molecule 2: Tubulin beta chain

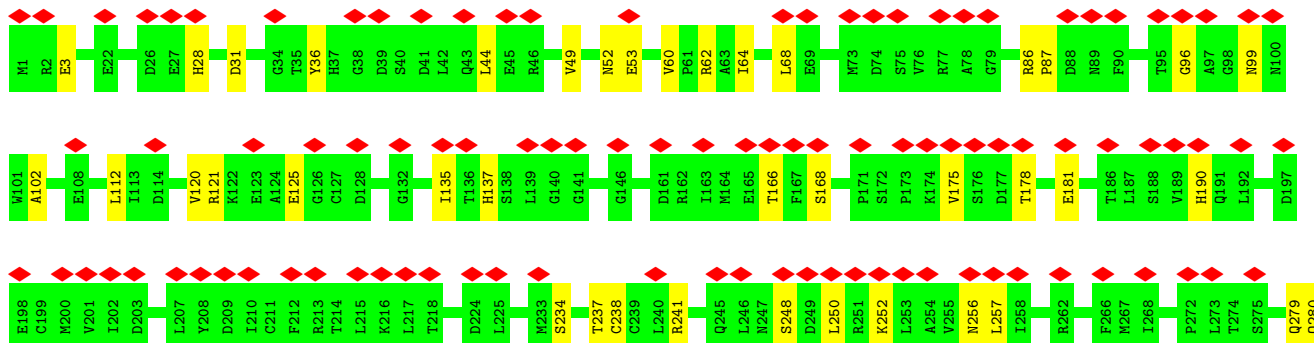
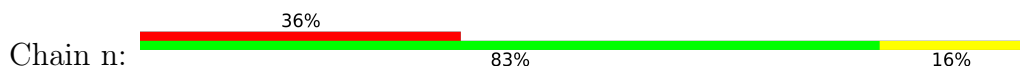


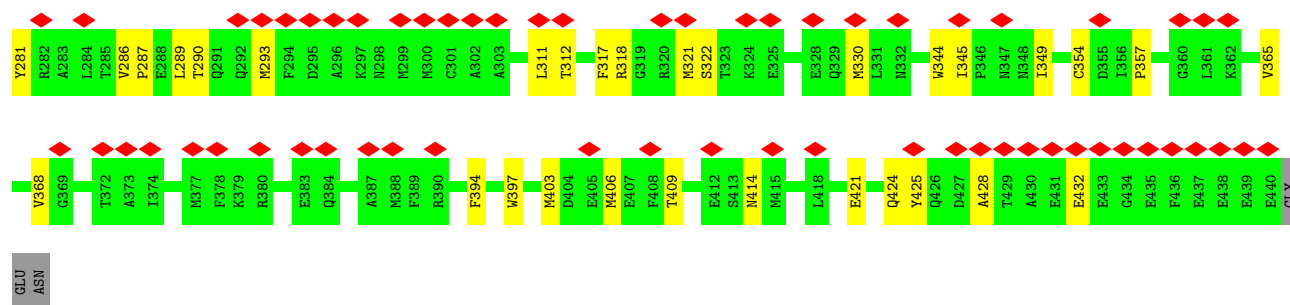


• Molecule 2: Tubulin beta chain

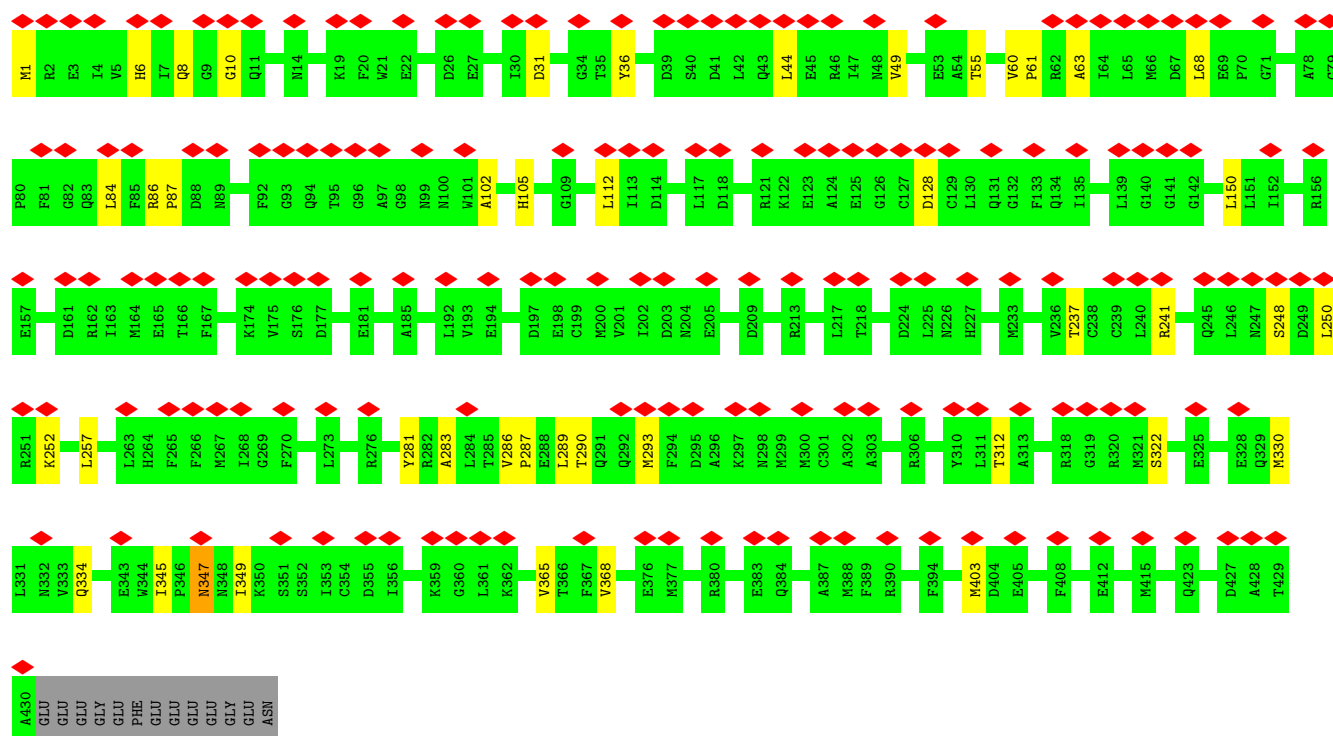
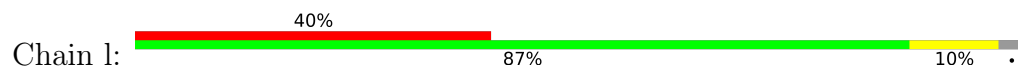


• Molecule 2: Tubulin beta chain

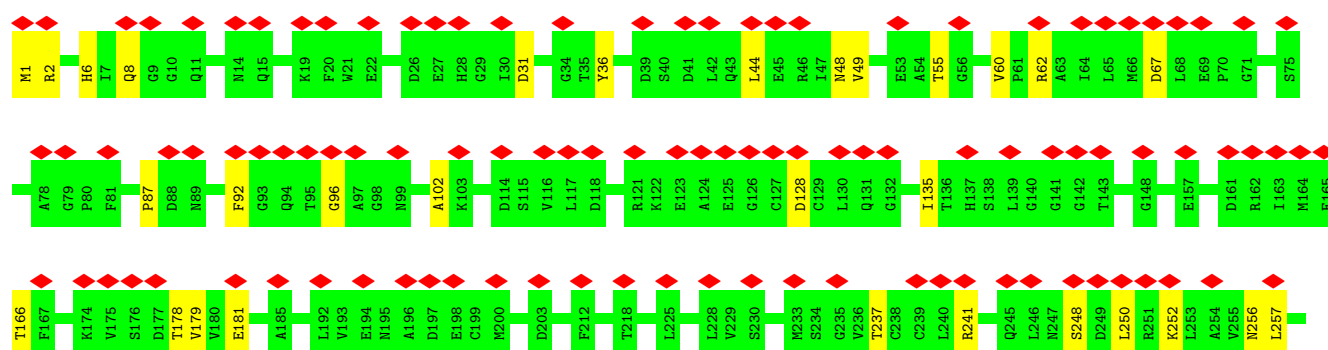
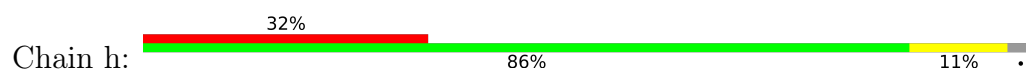


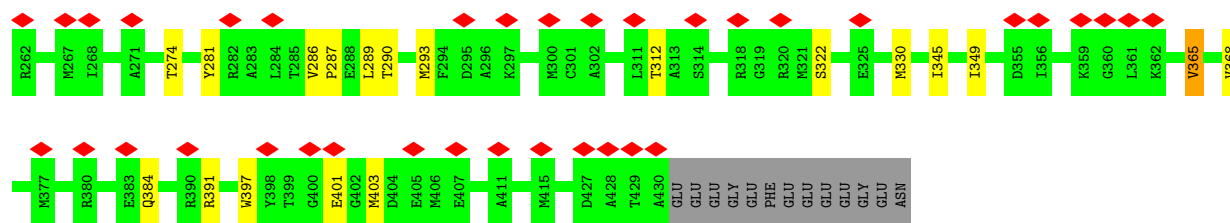


• Molecule 2: Tubulin beta chain

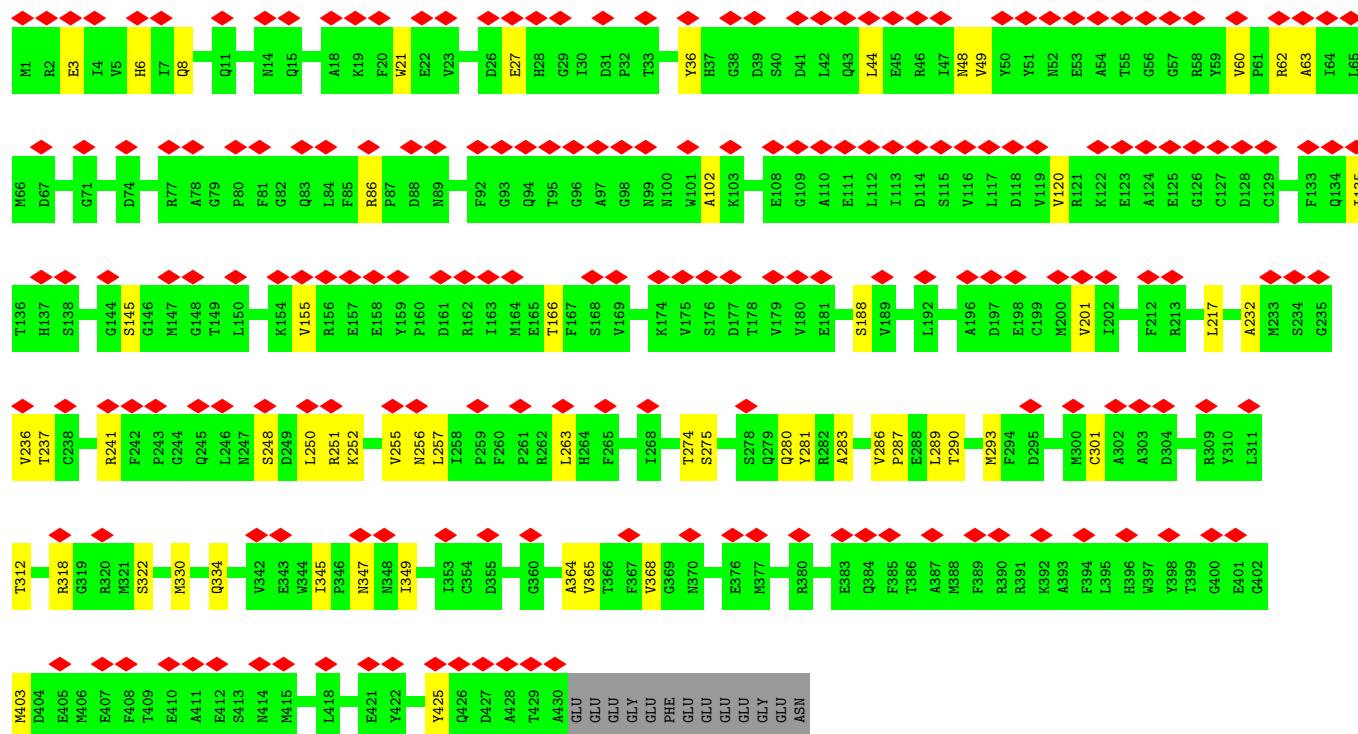
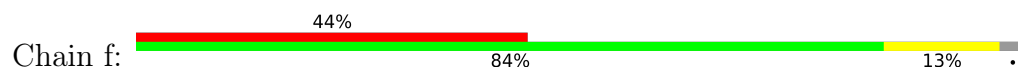


• Molecule 2: Tubulin beta chain

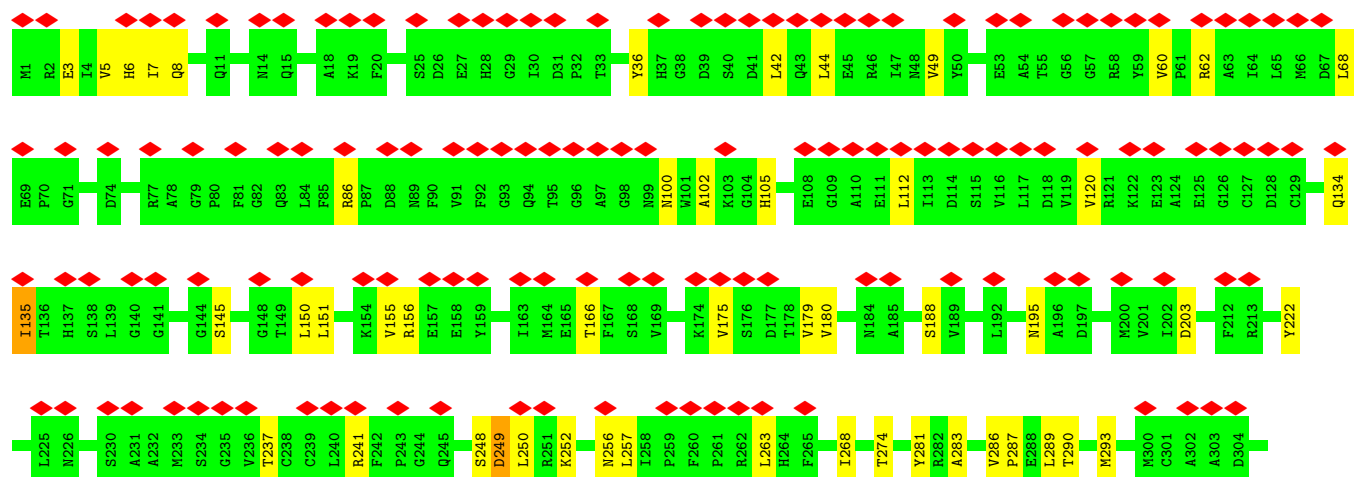
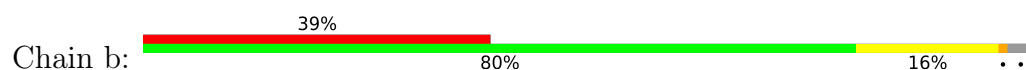


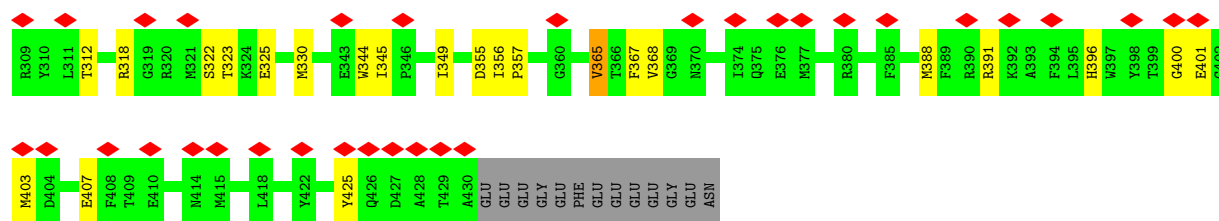


• Molecule 2: Tubulin beta chain

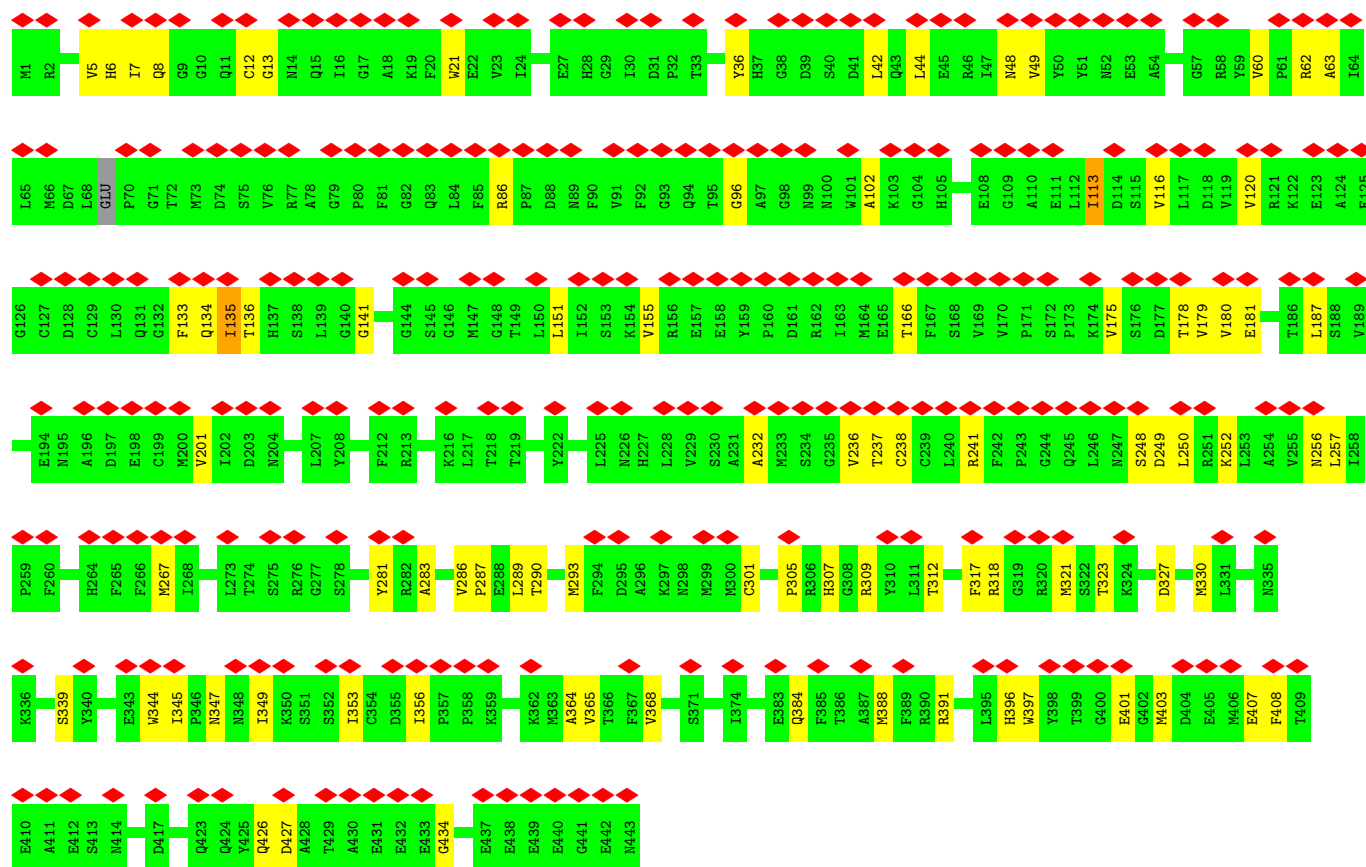
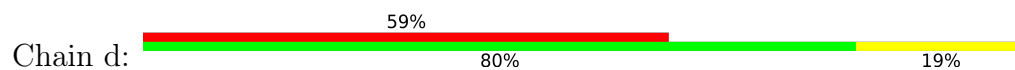


• Molecule 2: Tubulin beta chain

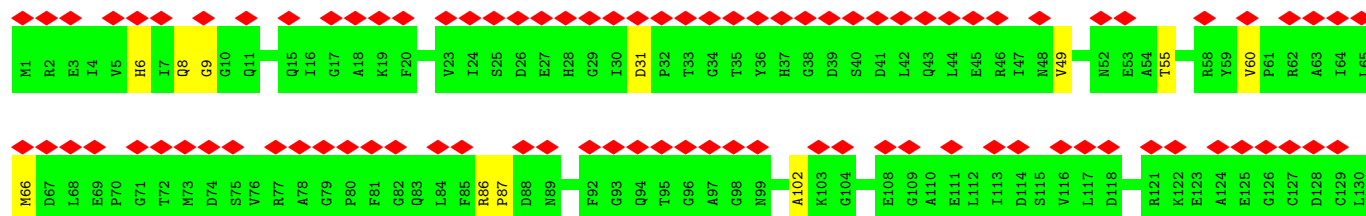
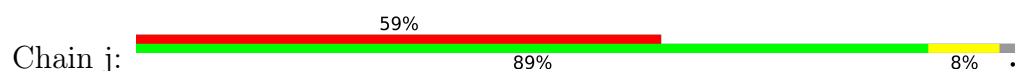




• Molecule 2: Tubulin beta chain



• Molecule 2: Tubulin beta chain





4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	191776	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	53.3	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 QUANTUM (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	11.012	Depositor
Minimum map value	0.000	Depositor
Average map value	0.020	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.134	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.8	Depositor
Map size ($\text{\AA}$)	530.5338, 477.21387, 449.22086	wwPDB
Map dimensions	398, 358, 337	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ($\text{\AA}$)	1.3329996, 1.3329996, 1.3329996	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GDP, MG, GTP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	a	1.03	1/3477 (0.0%)	1.56	4/4712 (0.1%)
1	c	1.06	0/3473	1.58	2/4708 (0.0%)
1	e	1.03	0/3473	1.56	2/4708 (0.0%)
1	g	1.02	1/3485 (0.0%)	1.55	0/4723
1	i	1.06	1/3477 (0.0%)	1.57	0/4715
1	k	1.03	1/3477 (0.0%)	1.56	0/4715
1	m	1.01	1/3481 (0.0%)	1.53	0/4719
1	o	1.05	1/3467 (0.0%)	1.56	0/4700
1	q	1.03	0/3475	1.56	0/4712
1	s	1.01	0/3481	1.51	2/4719 (0.0%)
1	u	1.03	0/3481	1.56	0/4719
1	w	1.05	0/3477	1.57	0/4715
2	b	1.00	0/3435	1.55	0/4650
2	d	1.06	0/3488	1.60	5/4721 (0.1%)
2	f	1.02	0/3435	1.56	0/4650
2	h	1.00	0/3439	1.56	1/4655 (0.0%)
2	j	1.05	0/3439	1.56	2/4655 (0.0%)
2	l	1.01	0/3439	1.57	3/4655 (0.1%)
2	n	1.00	0/3485	1.55	3/4719 (0.1%)
2	p	1.04	0/3416	1.55	2/4622 (0.0%)
2	r	1.02	0/3431	1.58	0/4644
2	t	1.00	0/3439	1.53	3/4655 (0.1%)
2	v	1.02	0/3439	1.57	5/4655 (0.1%)
2	x	1.02	0/3439	1.56	0/4655
All	All	1.03	6/83048 (0.0%)	1.56	34/112501 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	a	0	1
1	c	0	1
1	i	0	1
1	q	0	1
1	s	0	1
1	w	0	1
All	All	0	6

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	o	260	VAL	N-CA	5.20	1.50	1.46
1	g	260	VAL	N-CA	5.19	1.50	1.46
1	m	260	VAL	N-CA	5.16	1.50	1.46
1	i	260	VAL	N-CA	5.13	1.50	1.46
1	k	260	VAL	N-CA	5.06	1.50	1.46

The worst 5 of 34 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	h	96	GLY	CA-C-O	-5.61	118.36	122.23
2	v	96	GLY	CA-C-O	-5.59	118.38	122.23
2	n	96	GLY	CA-C-O	-5.58	118.38	122.23
2	v	285	THR	CA-C-N	5.57	124.78	120.33
2	v	285	THR	C-N-CA	5.57	124.78	120.33

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	a	399	TYR	Peptide
1	c	402	ARG	Peptide
1	q	402	ARG	Peptide
1	s	402	ARG	Peptide
1	w	402	ARG	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	a	3406	0	3345	51	0
1	c	3402	0	3334	72	0
1	e	3402	0	3334	49	0
1	g	3413	0	3352	44	0
1	i	3405	0	3330	21	0
1	k	3405	0	3330	43	0
1	m	3409	0	3341	42	0
1	o	3397	0	3329	21	0
1	q	3403	0	3325	45	0
1	s	3409	0	3341	20	0
1	u	3409	0	3341	40	0
1	w	3405	0	3330	50	0
2	b	3362	0	3251	56	0
2	d	3416	0	3273	63	0
2	f	3362	0	3251	47	0
2	h	3366	0	3257	40	0
2	j	3366	0	3257	28	0
2	l	3366	0	3257	35	0
2	n	3412	0	3269	49	0
2	p	3345	0	3239	24	0
2	r	3359	0	3250	35	0
2	t	3366	0	3257	25	0
2	v	3366	0	3257	39	0
2	x	3366	0	3257	30	0
3	a	32	0	12	0	0
3	c	32	0	12	1	0
3	e	32	0	12	2	0
3	g	32	0	12	0	0
3	i	32	0	12	0	0
3	k	32	0	12	0	0
3	m	32	0	12	0	0
3	o	32	0	12	0	0
3	q	32	0	12	1	0
3	s	32	0	12	0	0
3	u	32	0	12	0	0
3	w	32	0	12	1	0
4	a	1	0	0	0	0
4	c	1	0	0	0	0
4	e	1	0	0	0	0
4	g	1	0	0	0	0
4	i	1	0	0	0	0
4	k	1	0	0	0	0
4	m	1	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	o	1	0	0	0	0
4	q	1	0	0	0	0
4	t	1	0	0	0	0
4	u	1	0	0	0	0
4	x	1	0	0	0	0
5	b	28	0	12	0	0
5	f	28	0	12	0	0
5	h	28	0	12	0	0
5	j	28	0	12	0	0
5	l	28	0	12	0	0
5	n	28	0	12	0	0
5	p	28	0	12	0	0
5	r	28	0	12	0	0
5	t	28	0	12	1	0
5	v	28	0	12	0	0
5	x	28	0	12	0	0
All	All	82021	0	79383	824	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 824 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:n:293:MET:HE1	2:n:330:MET:HE1	1.51	0.92
2:f:293:MET:HE1	2:f:330:MET:HE1	1.51	0.90
2:b:293:MET:HE1	2:b:330:MET:HE1	1.51	0.89
2:v:293:MET:HE1	2:v:330:MET:HE1	1.54	0.88
2:r:293:MET:HE1	2:r:330:MET:HE1	1.56	0.87

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	a	438/449 (98%)	390 (89%)	45 (10%)	3 (1%)	18	55
1	c	438/449 (98%)	405 (92%)	30 (7%)	3 (1%)	18	55
1	e	438/449 (98%)	403 (92%)	34 (8%)	1 (0%)	43	77
1	g	438/449 (98%)	413 (94%)	25 (6%)	0	100	100
1	i	438/449 (98%)	410 (94%)	24 (6%)	4 (1%)	14	49
1	k	438/449 (98%)	413 (94%)	25 (6%)	0	100	100
1	m	438/449 (98%)	393 (90%)	44 (10%)	1 (0%)	43	77
1	o	438/449 (98%)	405 (92%)	31 (7%)	2 (0%)	24	63
1	q	438/449 (98%)	414 (94%)	24 (6%)	0	100	100
1	s	438/449 (98%)	374 (85%)	60 (14%)	4 (1%)	14	49
1	u	438/449 (98%)	407 (93%)	31 (7%)	0	100	100
1	w	438/449 (98%)	418 (95%)	20 (5%)	0	100	100
2	b	428/443 (97%)	393 (92%)	35 (8%)	0	100	100
2	d	438/443 (99%)	407 (93%)	30 (7%)	1 (0%)	43	77
2	f	428/443 (97%)	398 (93%)	28 (6%)	2 (0%)	24	63
2	h	428/443 (97%)	405 (95%)	23 (5%)	0	100	100
2	j	428/443 (97%)	401 (94%)	27 (6%)	0	100	100
2	l	428/443 (97%)	410 (96%)	18 (4%)	0	100	100
2	n	438/443 (99%)	403 (92%)	34 (8%)	1 (0%)	43	77
2	p	424/443 (96%)	397 (94%)	27 (6%)	0	100	100
2	r	428/443 (97%)	409 (96%)	19 (4%)	0	100	100
2	t	428/443 (97%)	387 (90%)	39 (9%)	2 (0%)	24	63
2	v	428/443 (97%)	406 (95%)	22 (5%)	0	100	100
2	x	428/443 (97%)	407 (95%)	21 (5%)	0	100	100
All	All	10408/10704 (97%)	9668 (93%)	716 (7%)	24 (0%)	44	77

5 of 24 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	n	432	GLU
1	a	403	ALA
1	s	322	ASP

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	c	266	HIS
1	c	291	ILE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	a	369/376 (98%)	361 (98%)	8 (2%)	45	64
1	c	368/376 (98%)	355 (96%)	13 (4%)	32	53
1	e	368/376 (98%)	359 (98%)	9 (2%)	43	63
1	g	370/376 (98%)	359 (97%)	11 (3%)	36	57
1	i	368/376 (98%)	356 (97%)	12 (3%)	33	55
1	k	368/376 (98%)	355 (96%)	13 (4%)	32	53
1	m	369/376 (98%)	356 (96%)	13 (4%)	32	53
1	o	367/376 (98%)	356 (97%)	11 (3%)	36	57
1	q	367/376 (98%)	356 (97%)	11 (3%)	36	57
1	s	369/376 (98%)	357 (97%)	12 (3%)	33	55
1	u	369/376 (98%)	358 (97%)	11 (3%)	36	57
1	w	368/376 (98%)	355 (96%)	13 (4%)	32	53
2	b	364/376 (97%)	356 (98%)	8 (2%)	45	64
2	d	363/376 (96%)	358 (99%)	5 (1%)	59	71
2	f	364/376 (97%)	362 (100%)	2 (0%)	81	81
2	h	365/376 (97%)	361 (99%)	4 (1%)	65	74
2	j	365/376 (97%)	362 (99%)	3 (1%)	73	77
2	l	365/376 (97%)	363 (100%)	2 (0%)	81	81
2	n	364/376 (97%)	361 (99%)	3 (1%)	73	77
2	p	363/376 (96%)	357 (98%)	6 (2%)	53	67
2	r	364/376 (97%)	361 (99%)	3 (1%)	73	77
2	t	365/376 (97%)	362 (99%)	3 (1%)	73	77

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	v	365/376 (97%)	364 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	84
2	x	365/376 (97%)	363 (100%)	2 (0%)	81	81
All	All	8792/9024 (97%)	8613 (98%)	179 (2%)	48	65

5 of 179 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	h	31	ASP
1	a	137	VAL
1	e	137	VAL
1	c	119	LEU
1	a	332	ILE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 228 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	k	15	GLN
2	j	226	ASN
2	h	247	ASN
2	j	105	HIS
2	b	329	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 35 ligands modelled in this entry, 12 are monoatomic - leaving 23 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
5	GDP	f	501	-	29,30,30	1.23	5 (17%)	45,47,47	1.99	8 (17%)
5	GDP	b	501	-	29,30,30	1.32	4 (13%)	45,47,47	1.90	8 (17%)
5	GDP	r	501	-	29,30,30	1.18	3 (10%)	45,47,47	1.80	6 (13%)
3	GTP	g	501	4	33,34,34	0.54	0	50,54,54	0.57	0
3	GTP	i	501	4	33,34,34	0.51	0	50,54,54	0.54	0
3	GTP	s	501	4	33,34,34	0.52	0	50,54,54	0.59	0
5	GDP	n	501	-	29,30,30	1.13	3 (10%)	45,47,47	1.80	7 (15%)
3	GTP	o	501	4	33,34,34	0.54	0	50,54,54	0.57	0
5	GDP	l	501	-	29,30,30	1.19	4 (13%)	45,47,47	1.79	7 (15%)
3	GTP	a	501	4	33,34,34	0.59	0	50,54,54	0.54	0
5	GDP	j	501	-	29,30,30	1.18	3 (10%)	45,47,47	1.79	6 (13%)
3	GTP	k	501	4	33,34,34	0.54	0	50,54,54	0.54	0
3	GTP	m	501	4	33,34,34	0.51	0	50,54,54	0.60	0
3	GTP	w	501	4	33,34,34	0.55	0	50,54,54	0.56	0
3	GTP	e	501	4	33,34,34	0.55	0	50,54,54	0.59	0
5	GDP	x	502	-	29,30,30	1.15	3 (10%)	45,47,47	1.79	8 (17%)
5	GDP	p	501	-	29,30,30	1.16	3 (10%)	45,47,47	1.83	8 (17%)
5	GDP	t	502	-	29,30,30	1.14	3 (10%)	45,47,47	1.94	8 (17%)
5	GDP	h	501	-	29,30,30	1.19	3 (10%)	45,47,47	1.84	7 (15%)
3	GTP	c	501	4	33,34,34	0.67	1 (3%)	50,54,54	0.62	0
3	GTP	u	501	4	33,34,34	0.52	0	50,54,54	0.56	0
3	GTP	q	501	4	33,34,34	0.53	0	50,54,54	0.57	0
5	GDP	v	501	-	29,30,30	1.17	3 (10%)	45,47,47	1.80	7 (15%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	GDP	f	501	-	-	4/16/32/32	0/3/3/3
5	GDP	b	501	-	-	4/16/32/32	0/3/3/3

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	GDP	r	501	-	-	4/16/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	GTP	g	501	4	-	3/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
3	GTP	i	501	4	-	6/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
3	GTP	s	501	4	-	3/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
5	GDP	n	501	-	-	4/16/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	GTP	o	501	4	-	4/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
5	GDP	l	501	-	-	3/16/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	GTP	a	501	4	-	3/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
5	GDP	j	501	-	-	7/16/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	GTP	k	501	4	-	3/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
3	GTP	m	501	4	-	4/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
3	GTP	w	501	4	-	5/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
3	GTP	e	501	4	-	3/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
5	GDP	x	502	-	-	5/16/32/32	0/3/3/3
5	GDP	p	501	-	-	1/16/32/32	0/3/3/3
5	GDP	t	502	-	-	4/16/32/32	0/3/3/3
5	GDP	h	501	-	-	4/16/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	GTP	c	501	4	-	5/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
3	GTP	u	501	4	-	3/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
3	GTP	q	501	4	-	5/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
5	GDP	v	501	-	-	4/16/32/32	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 38 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	b	501	GDP	PA-O3A	3.50	1.63	1.59
5	p	501	GDP	C5-C4	3.31	1.47	1.38
5	j	501	GDP	C5-C4	3.29	1.47	1.38
5	h	501	GDP	C5-C4	3.27	1.47	1.38
5	r	501	GDP	C5-C4	3.22	1.47	1.38

The worst 5 of 80 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	f	501	GDP	C5-C4-N3	-6.83	117.52	128.39
5	b	501	GDP	C5-C4-N3	-6.59	117.90	128.39
5	t	502	GDP	C5-C4-N3	-6.58	117.92	128.39

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	h	501	GDP	C5-C4-N3	-6.23	118.47	128.39
5	p	501	GDP	C5-C4-N3	-6.22	118.49	128.39

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 91 torsion outliers are listed below:

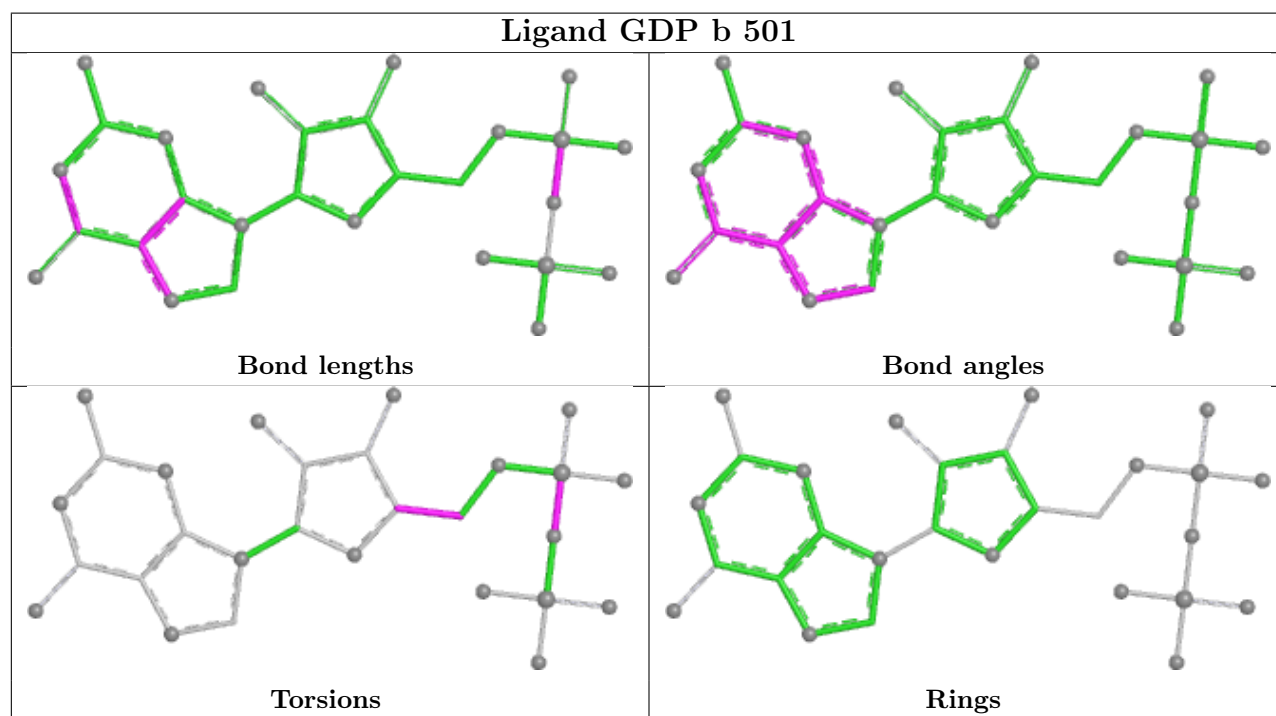
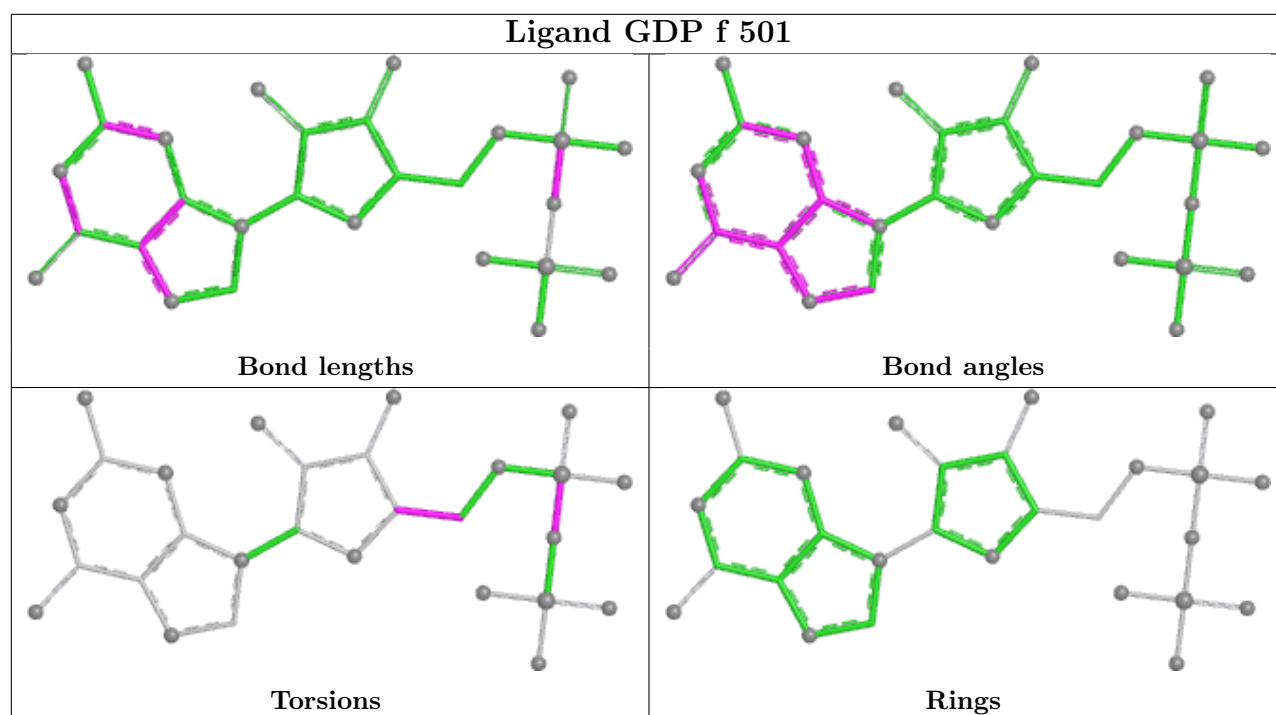
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	w	501	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
3	w	501	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
3	u	501	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
3	u	501	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
3	s	501	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A

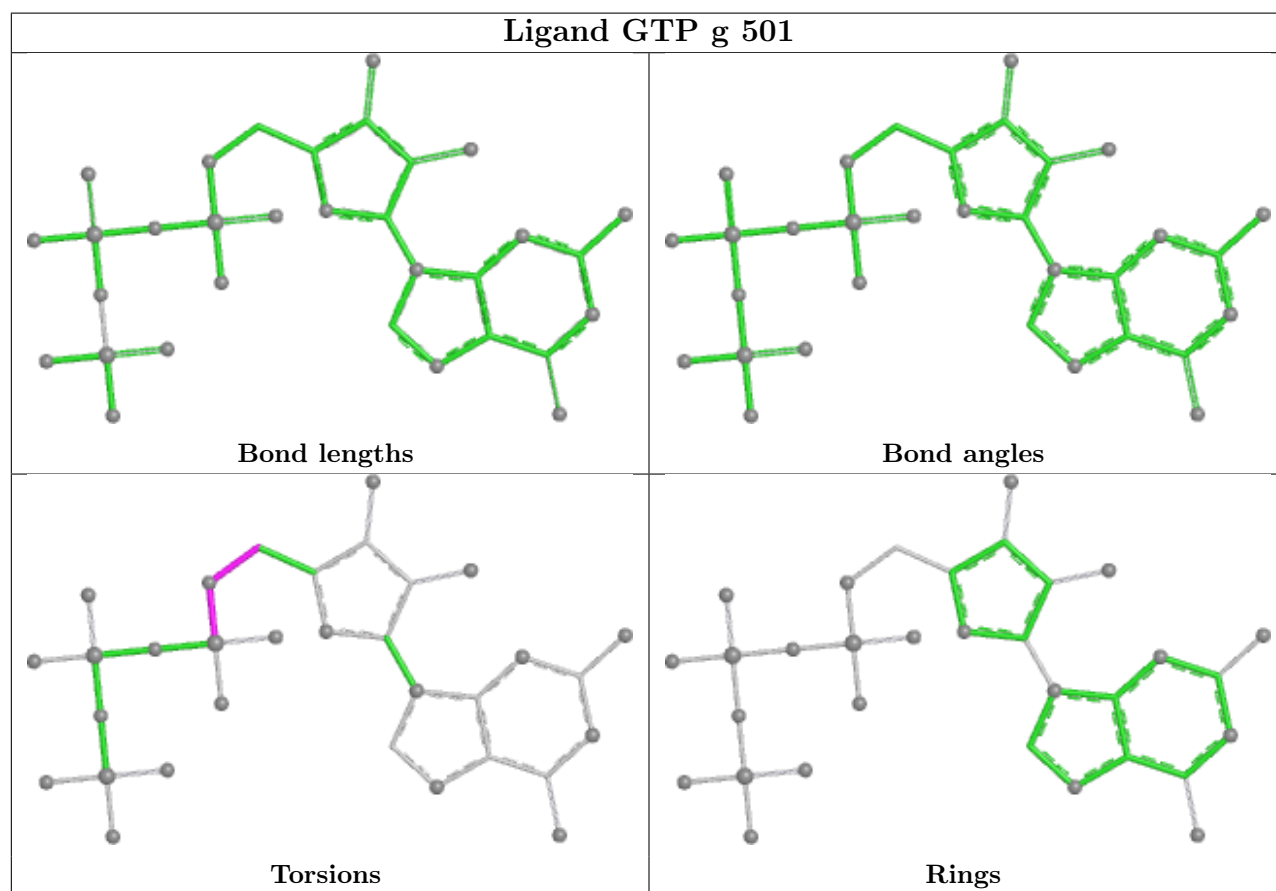
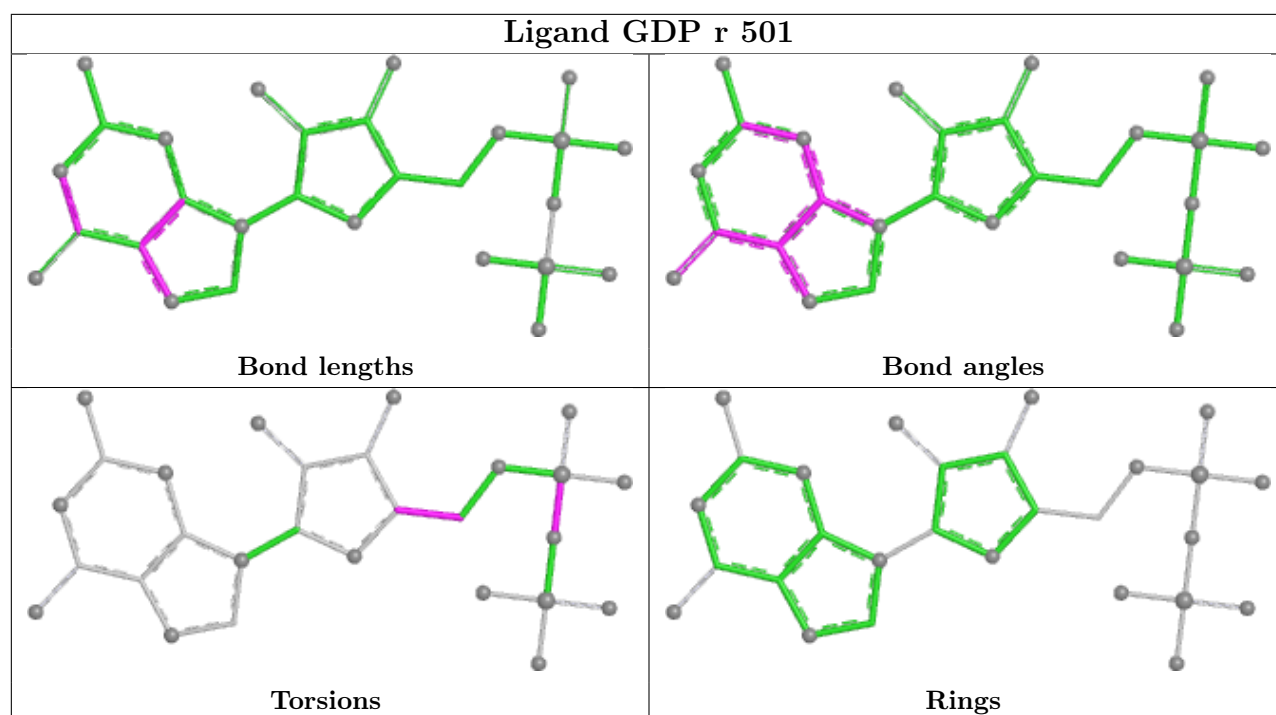
There are no ring outliers.

5 monomers are involved in 6 short contacts:

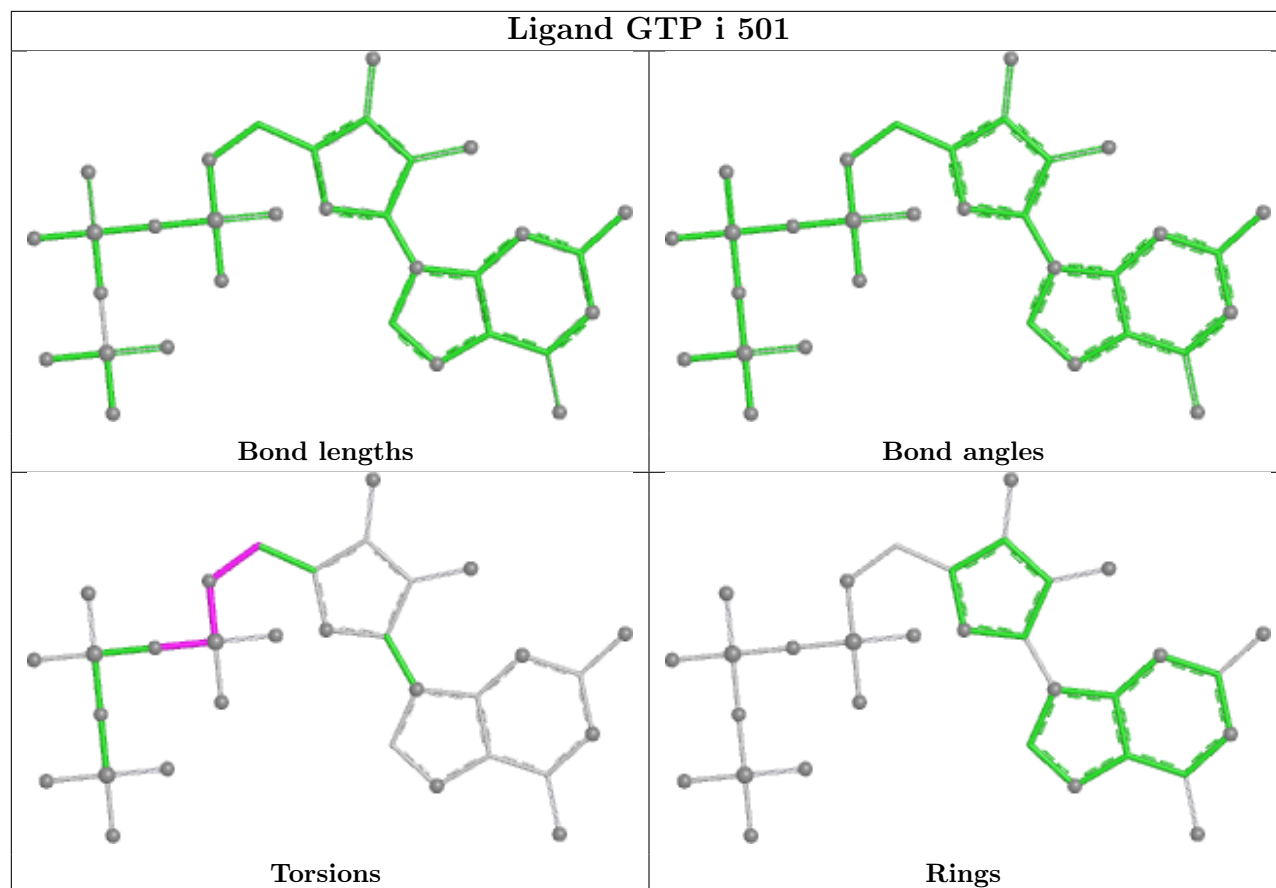
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	w	501	GTP	1	0
3	e	501	GTP	2	0
5	t	502	GDP	1	0
3	c	501	GTP	1	0
3	q	501	GTP	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

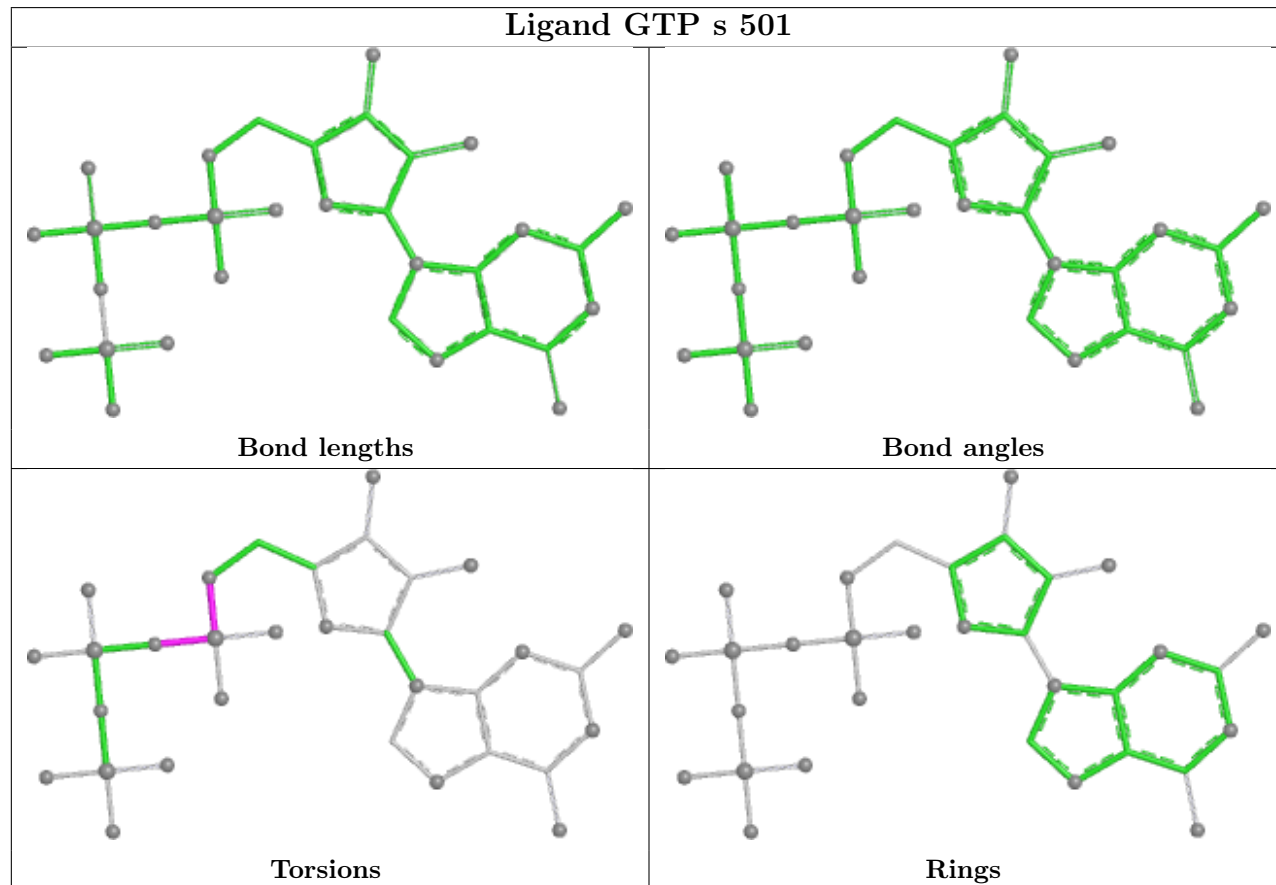


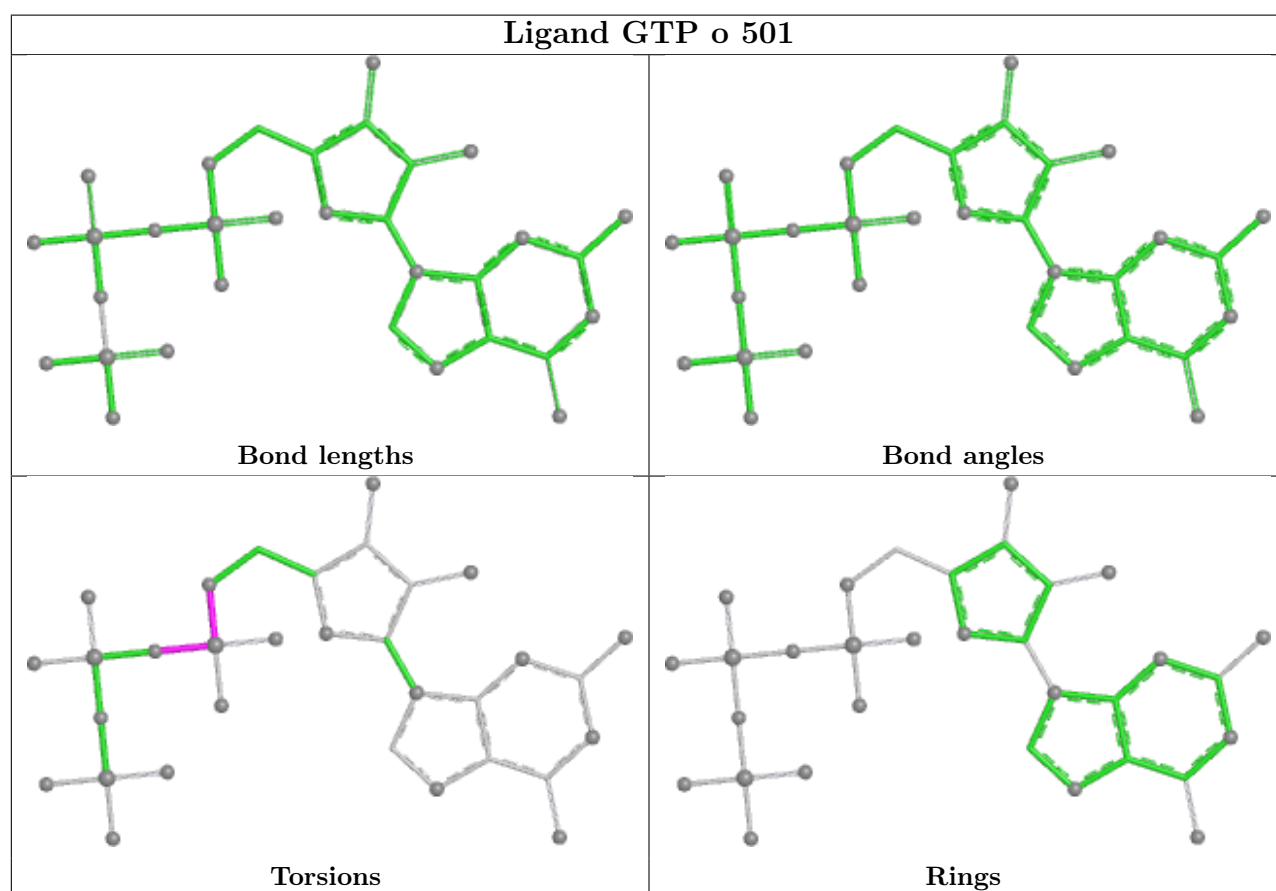
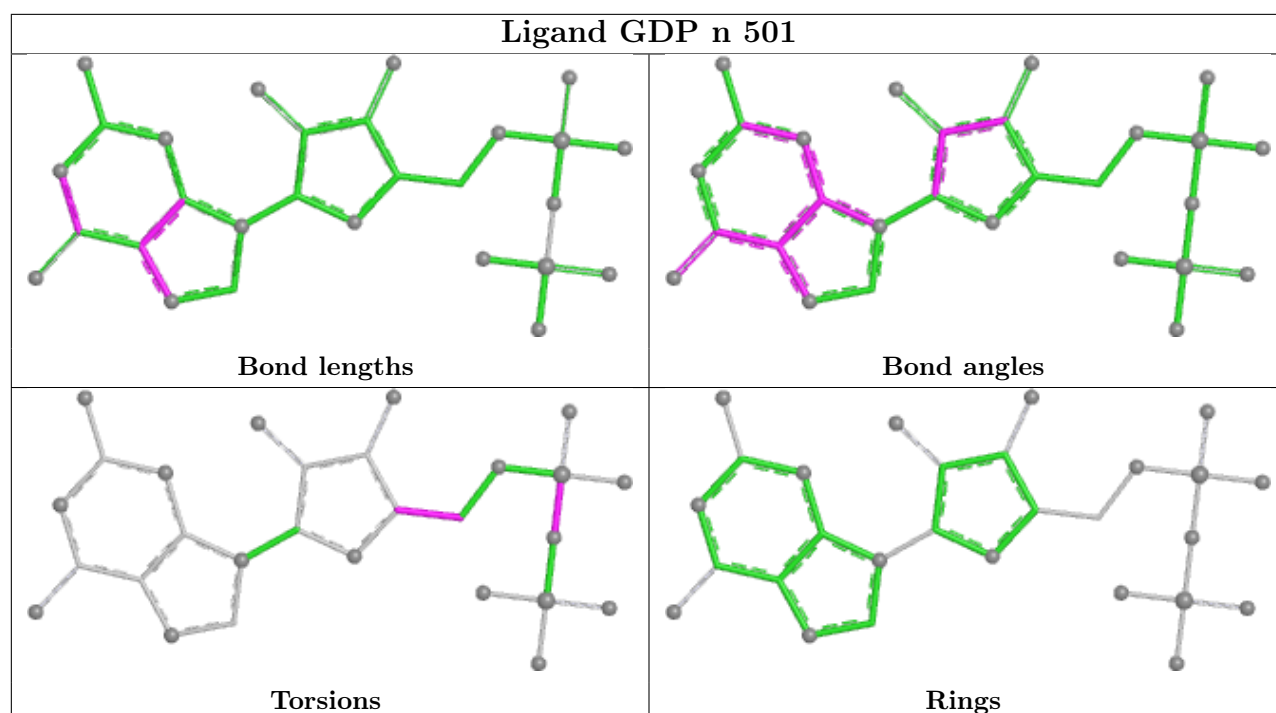


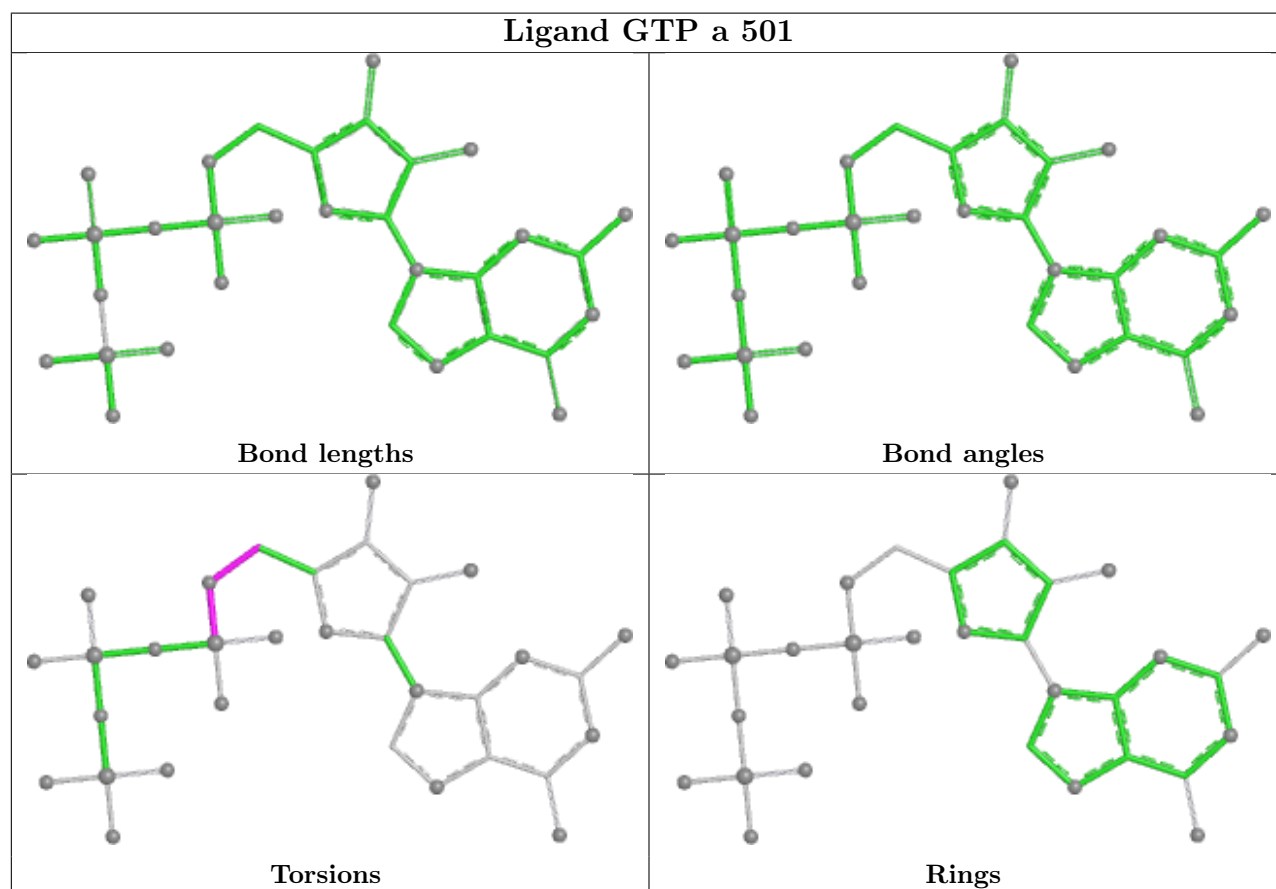
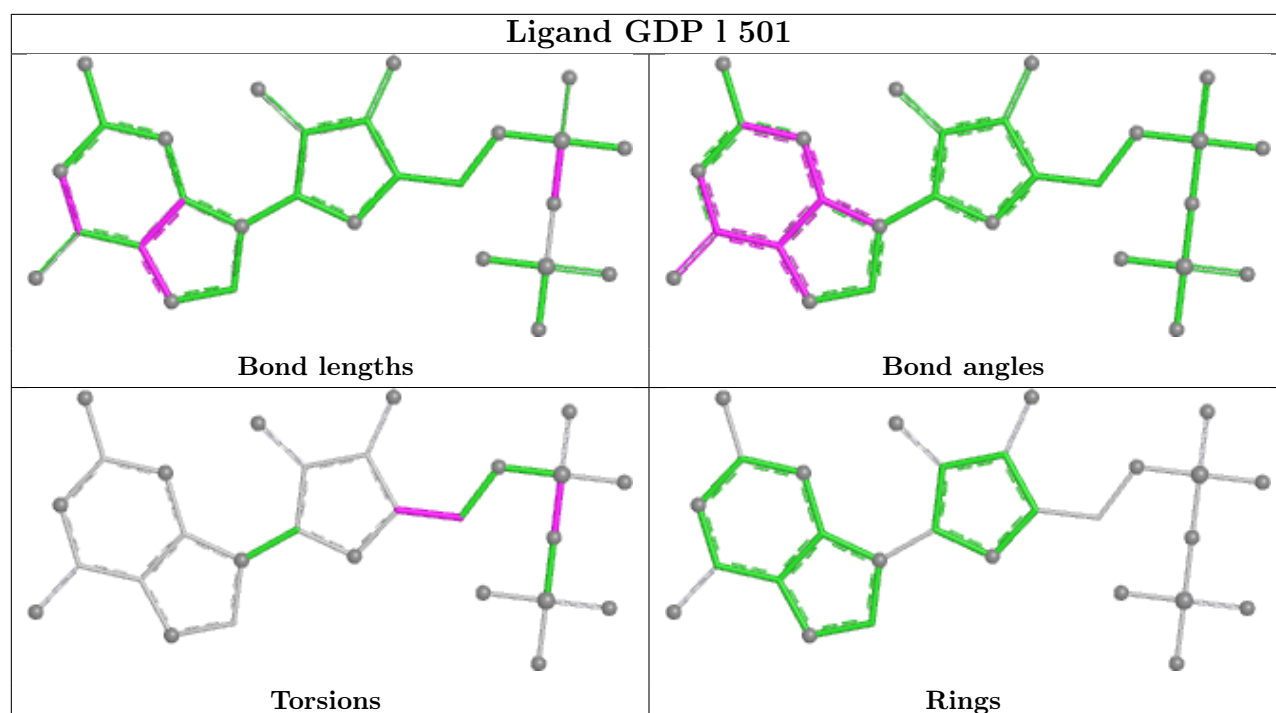
Ligand GTP i 501

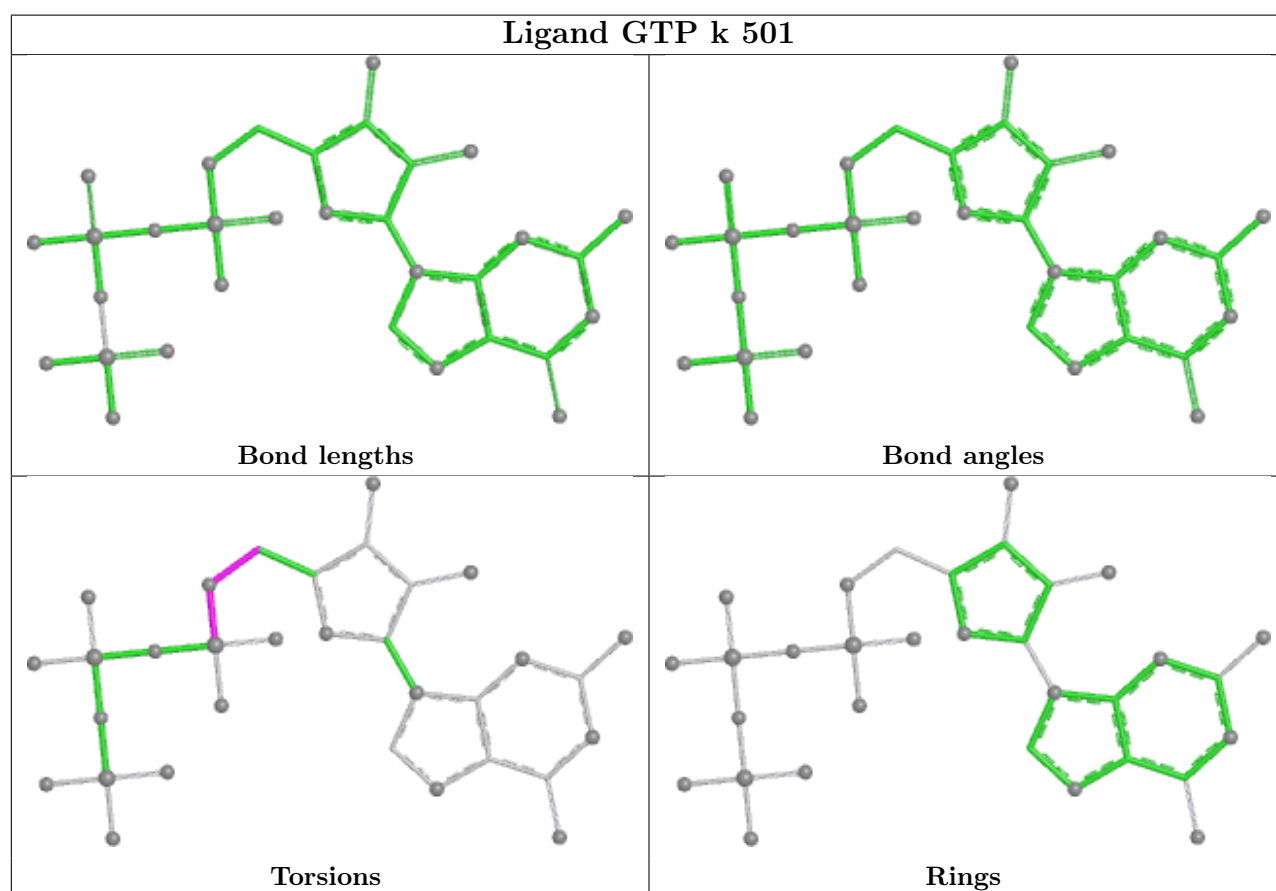
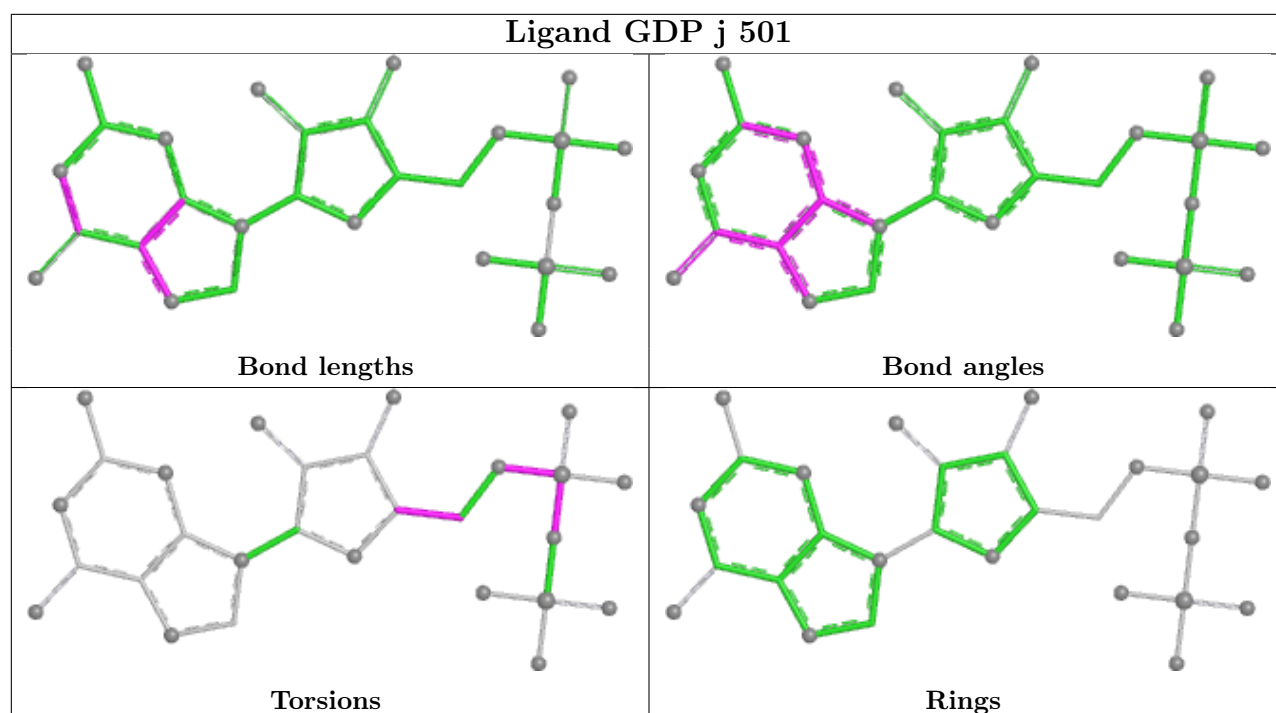


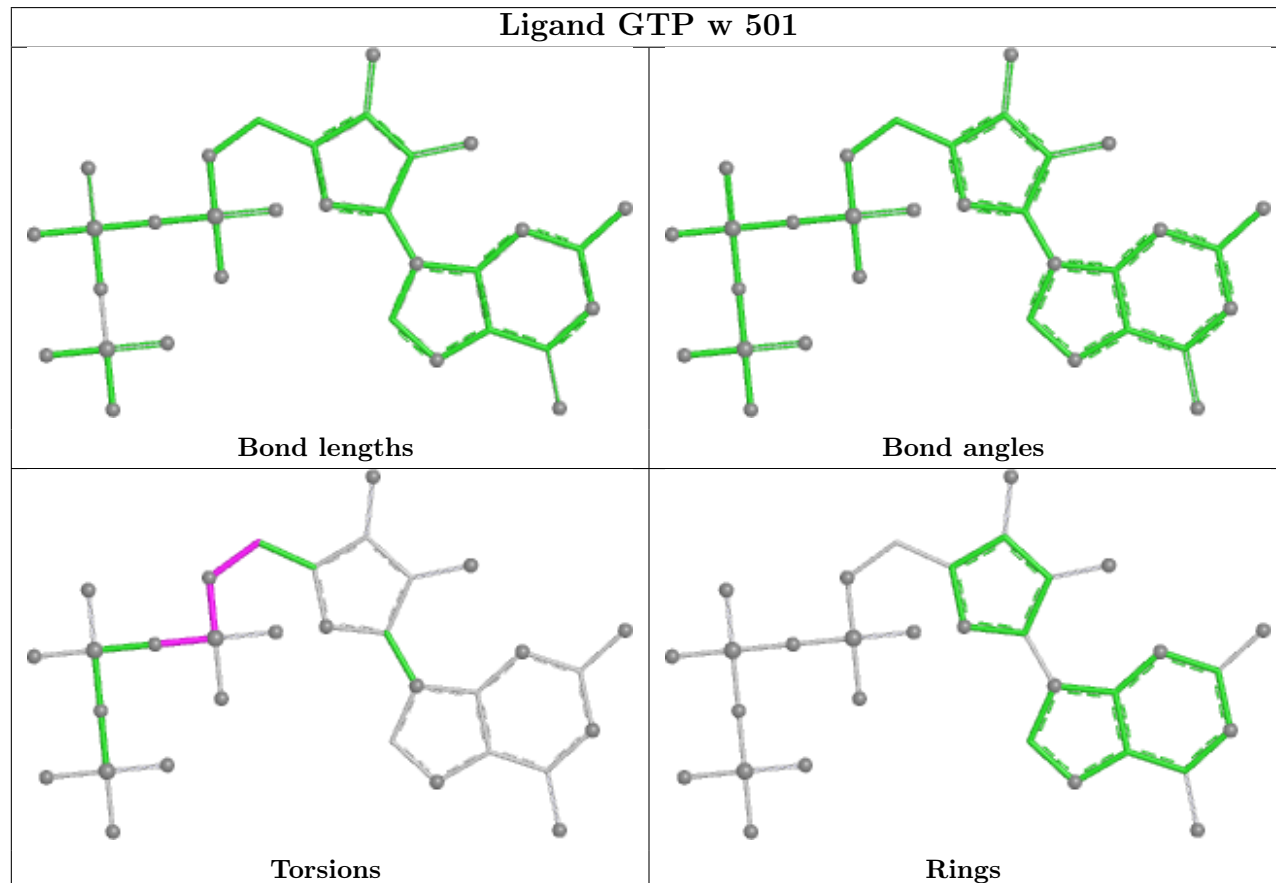
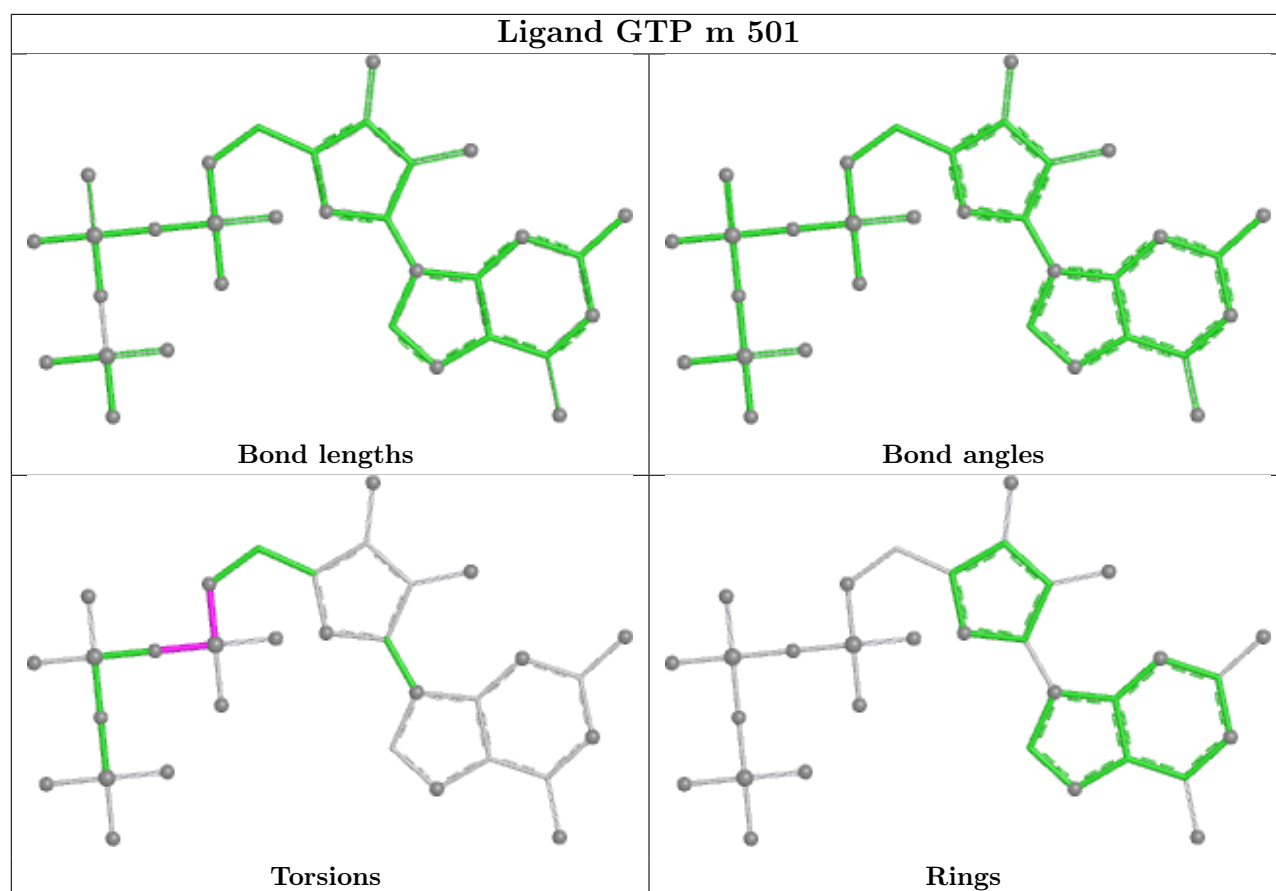
Ligand GTP s 501

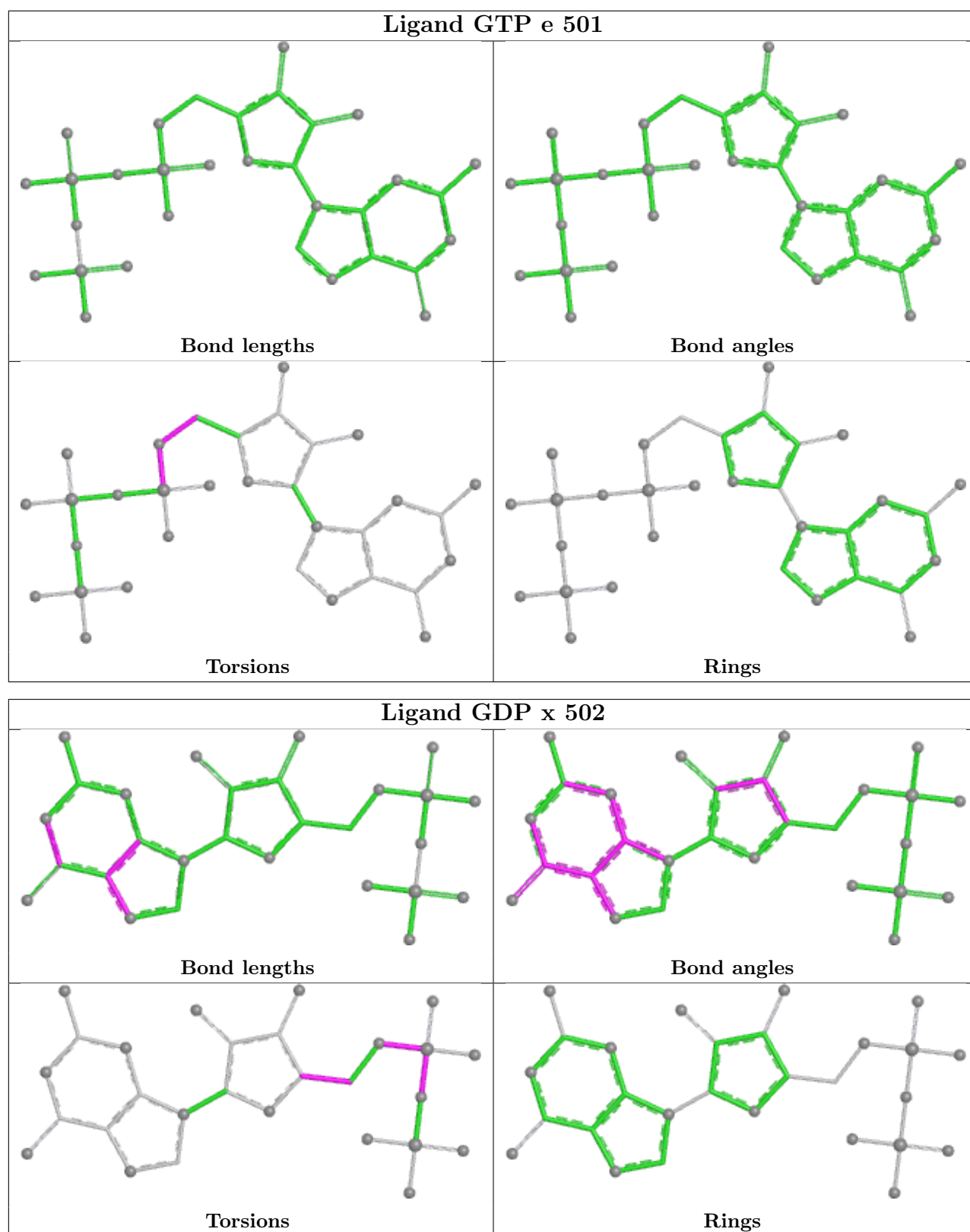


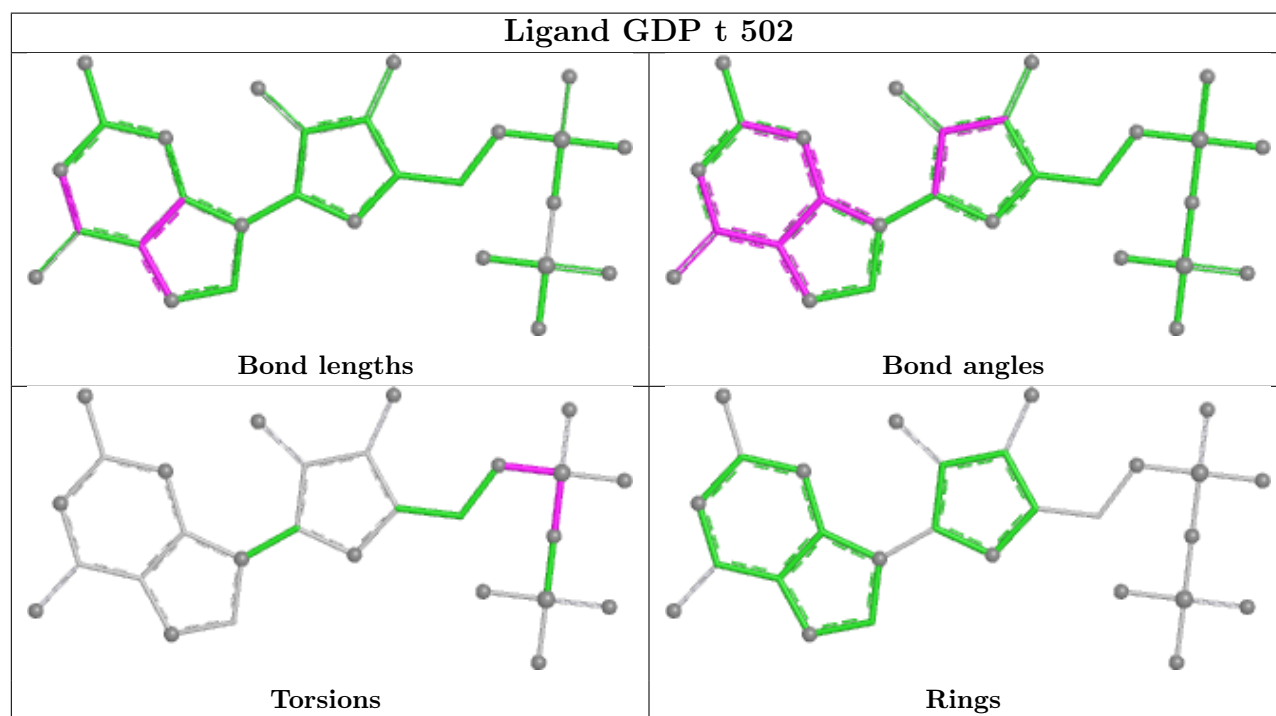
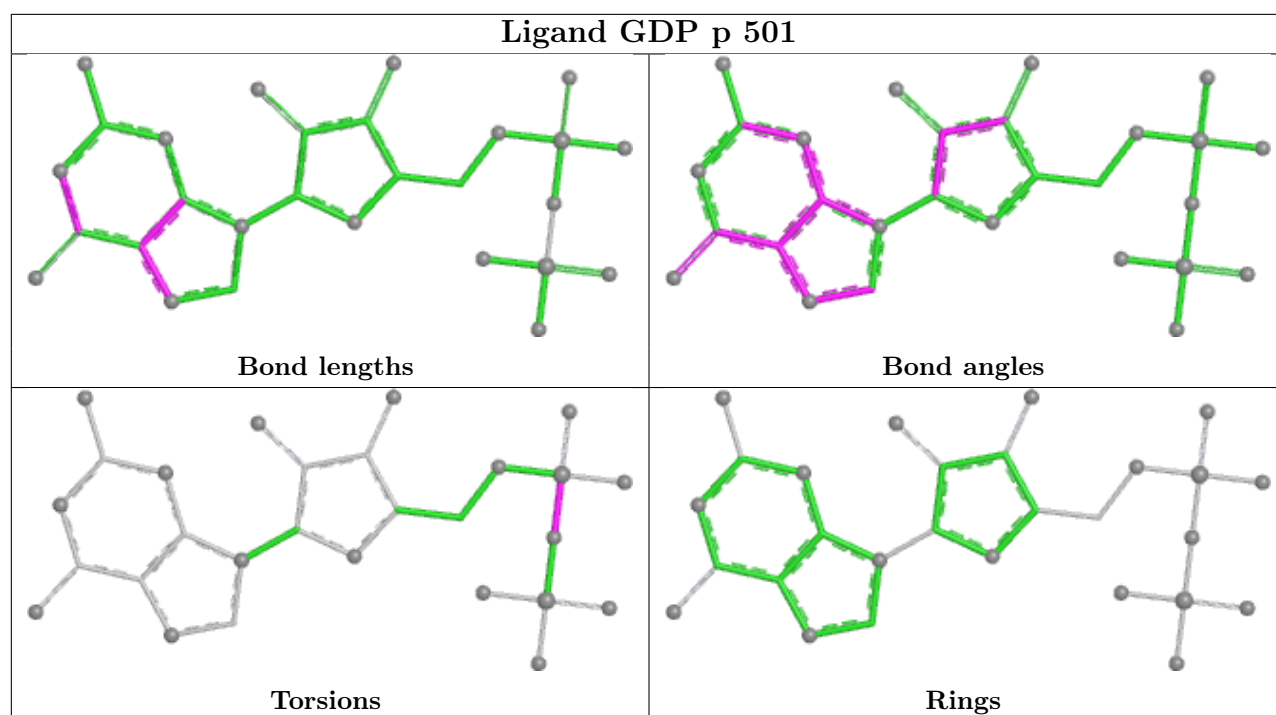


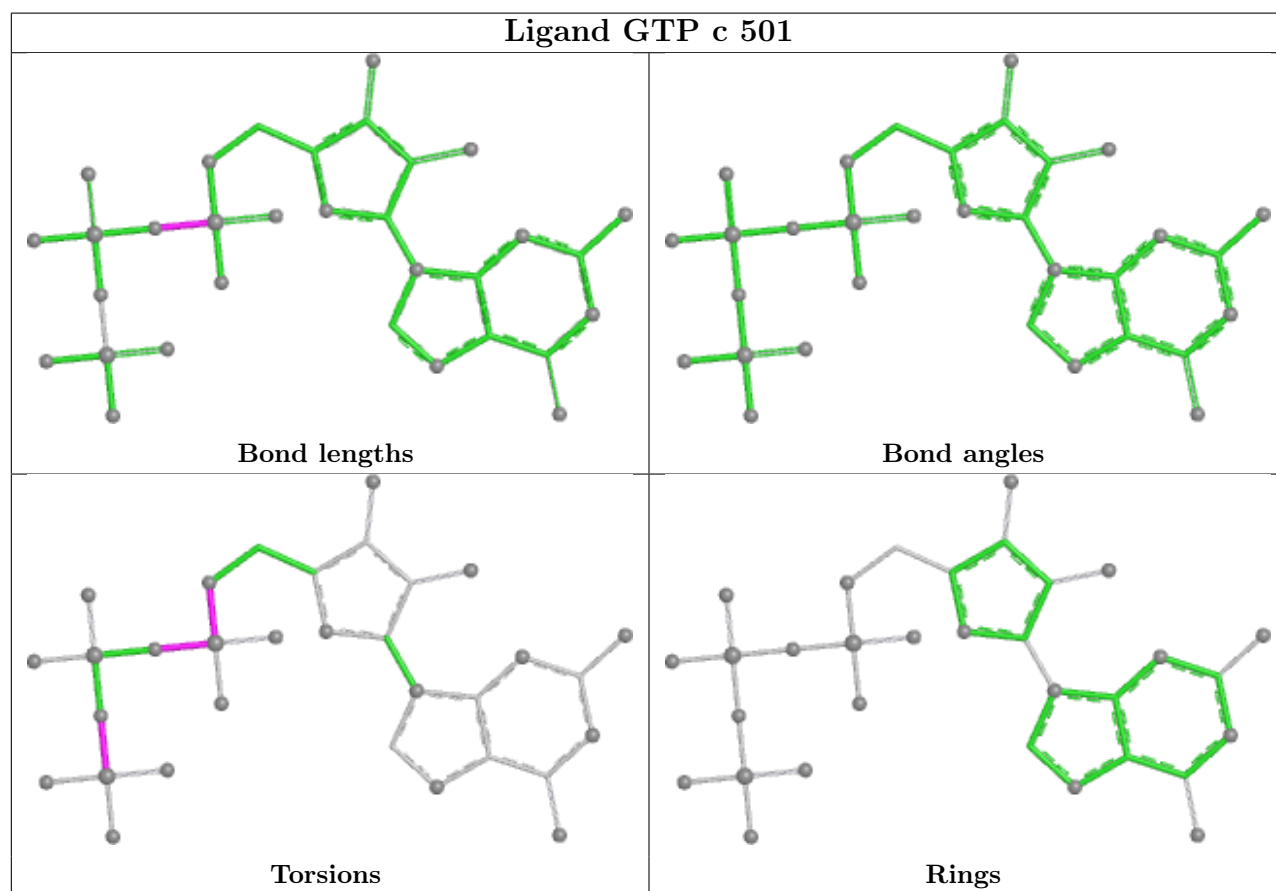
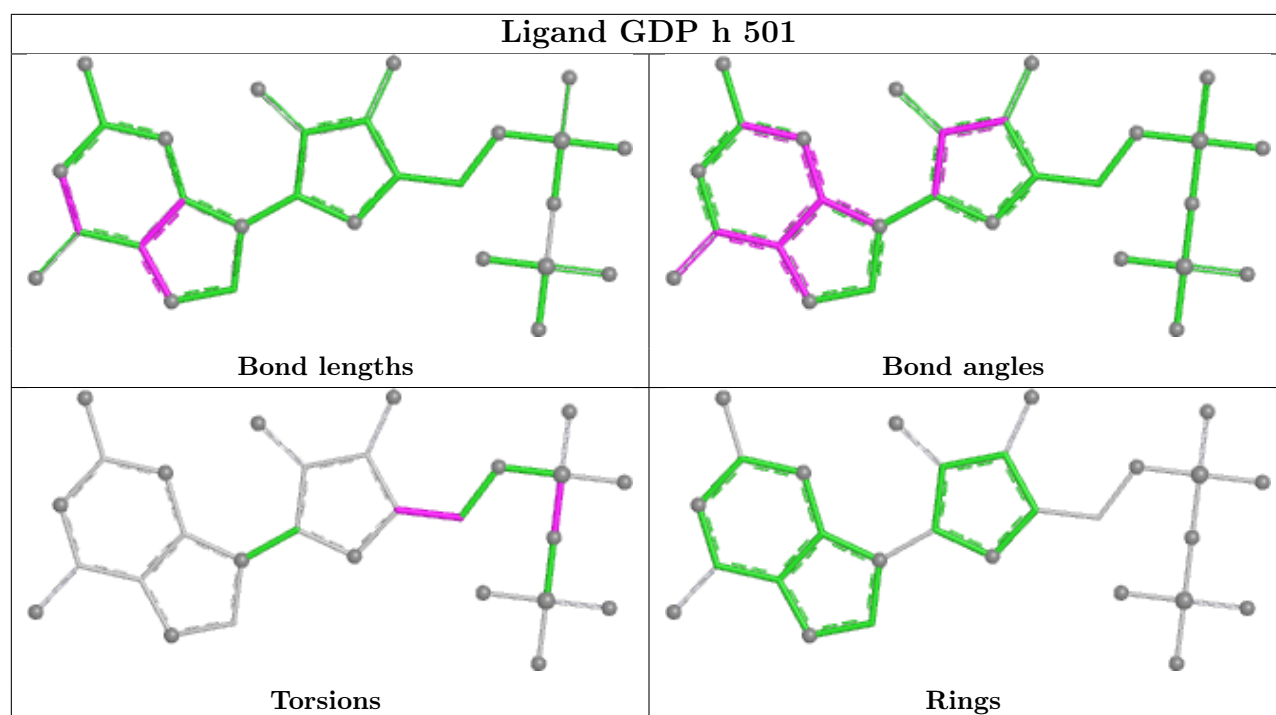




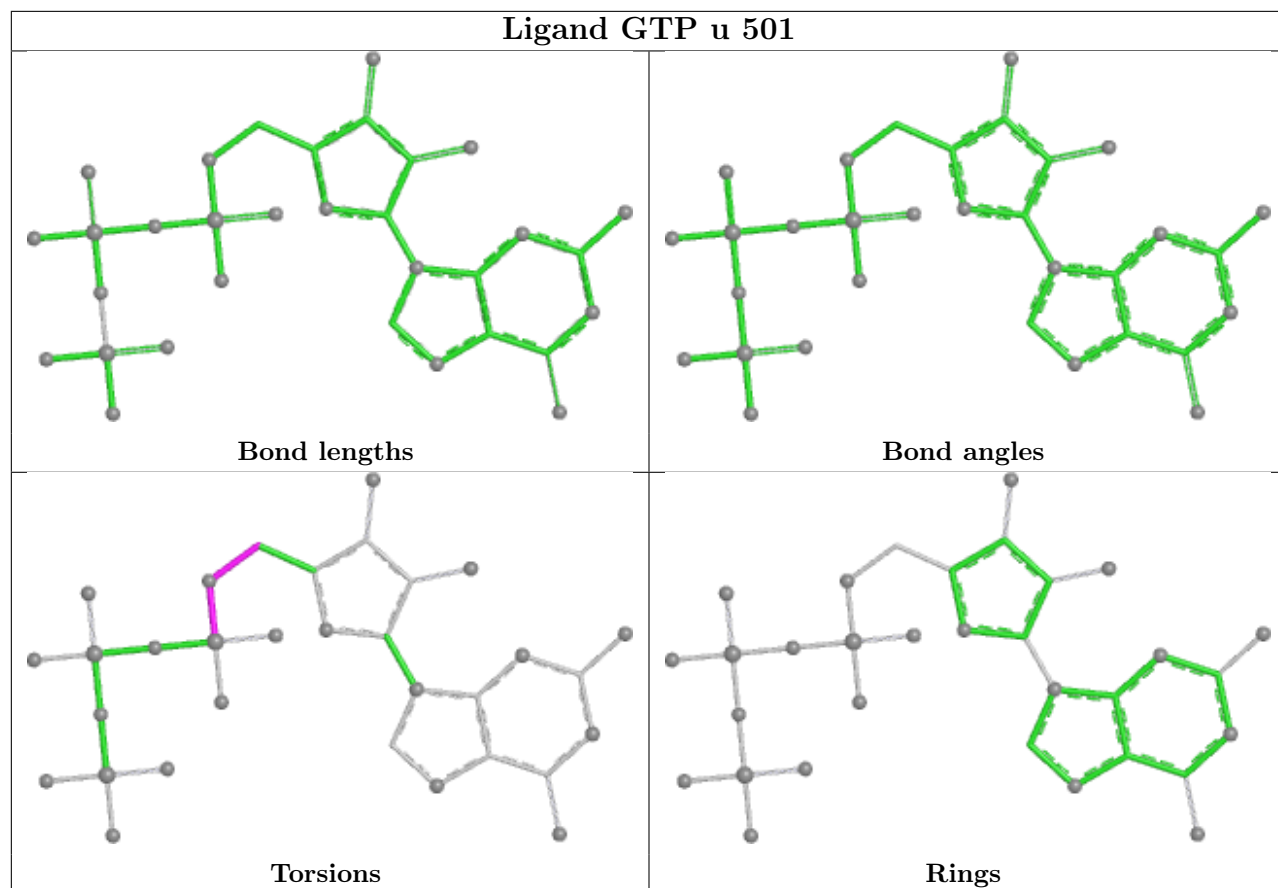




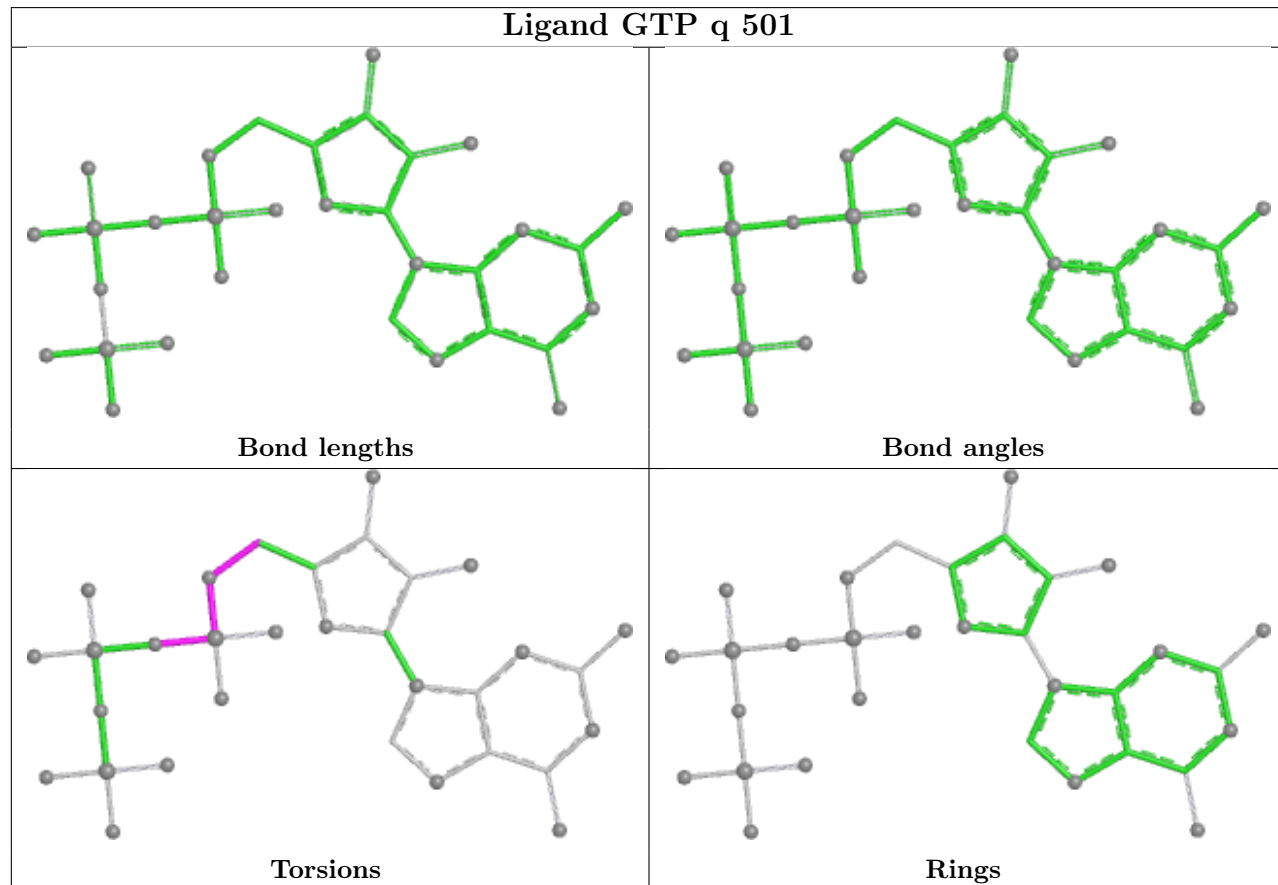


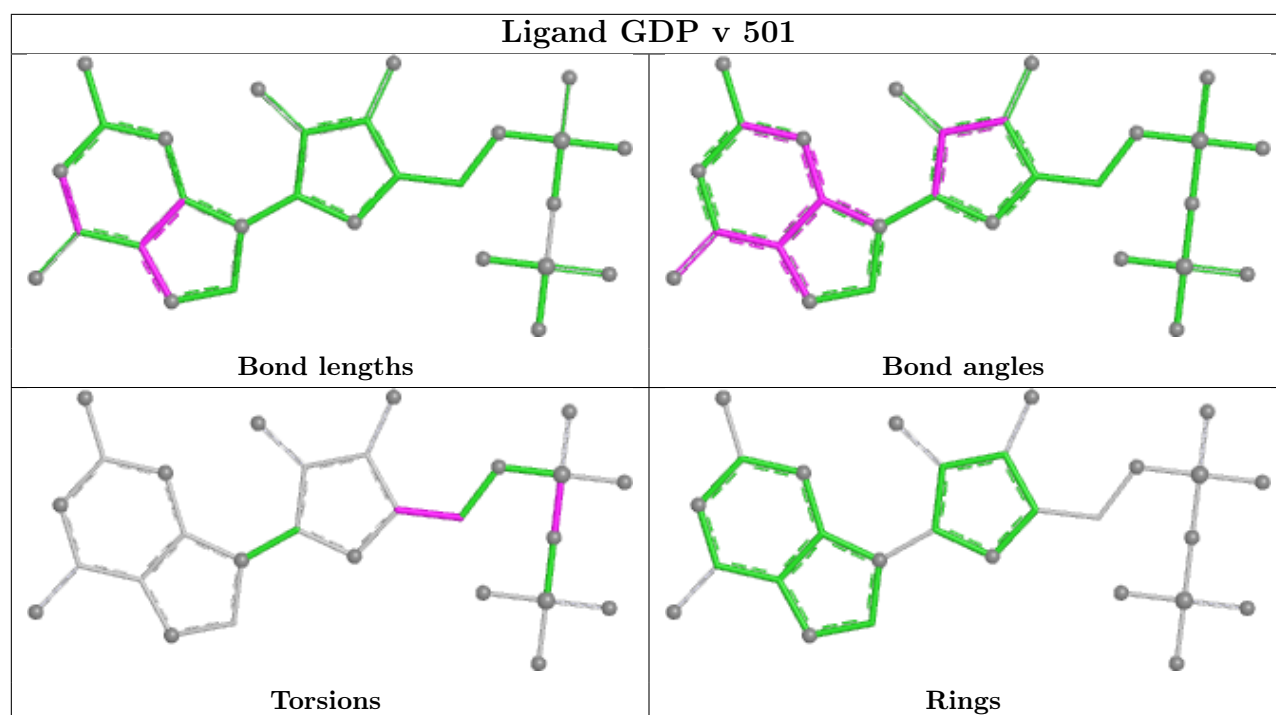


Ligand GTP u 501



Ligand GTP q 501





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

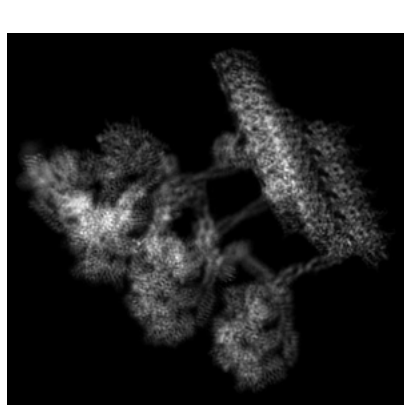
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-22677. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

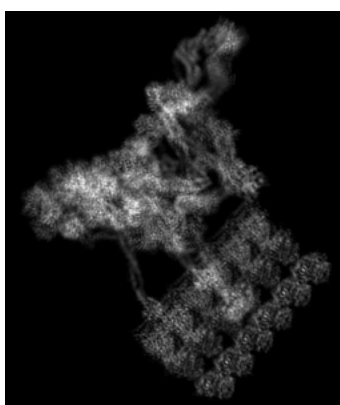
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

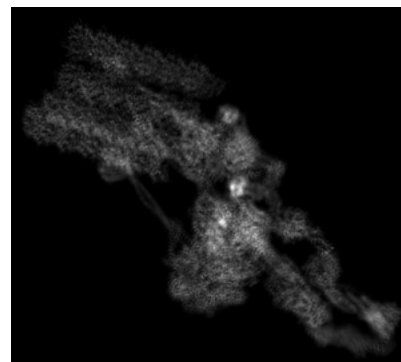
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

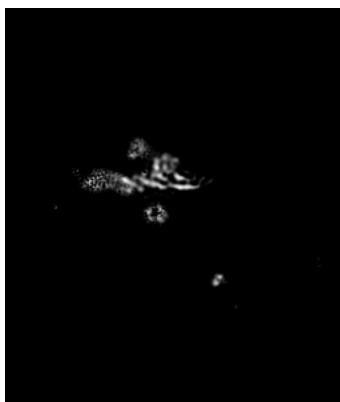
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 199



Y Index: 179



Z Index: 168

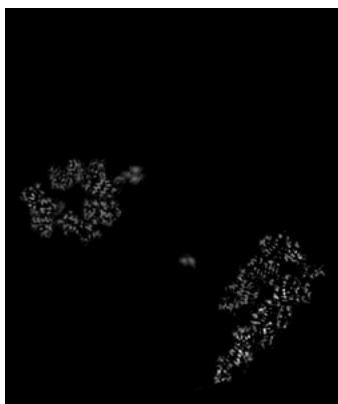
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

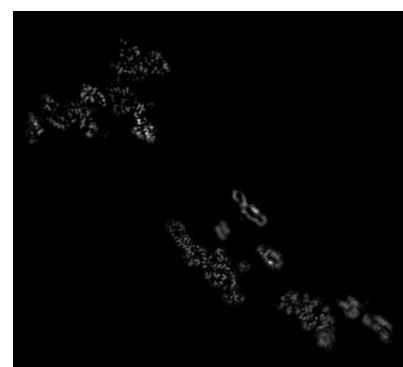
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 222



Y Index: 223

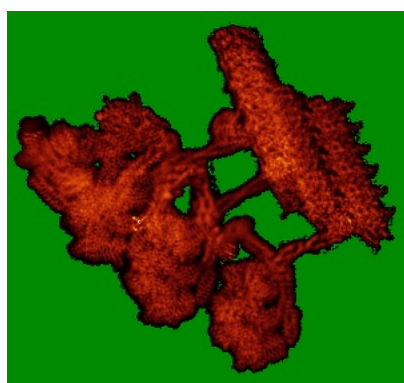


Z Index: 191

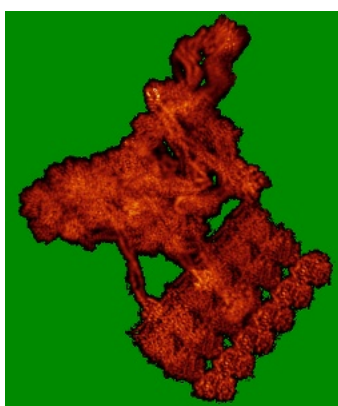
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

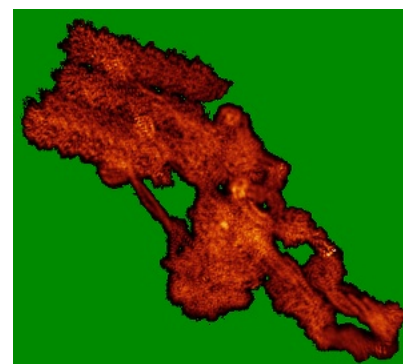
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

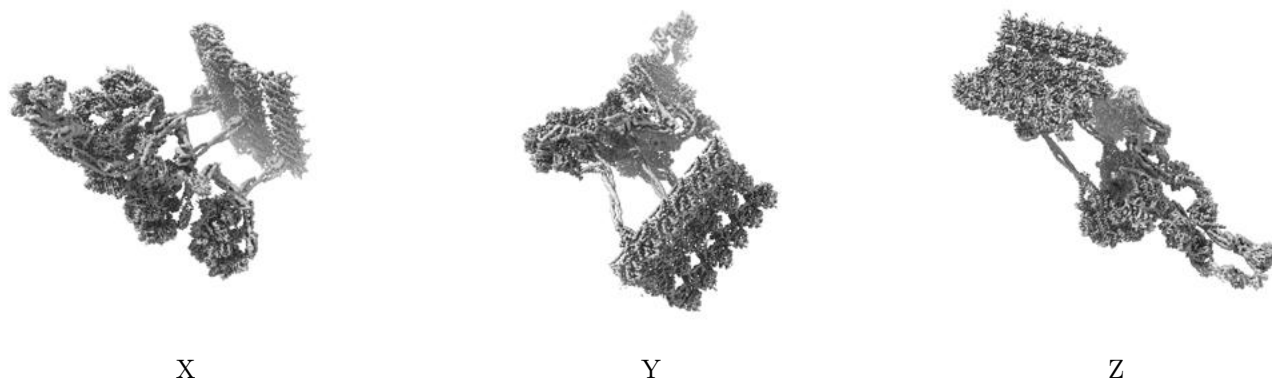


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.8. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

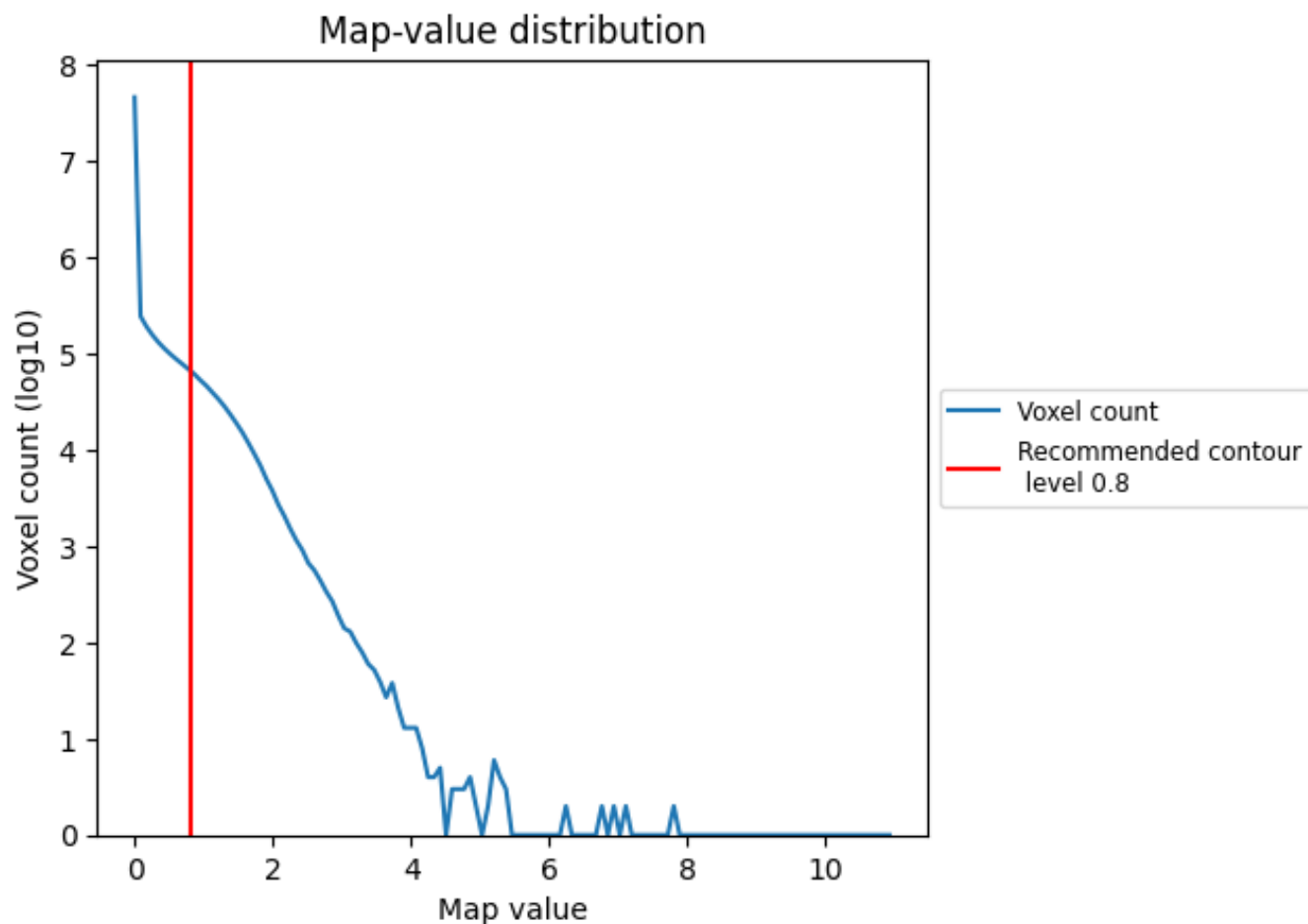
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

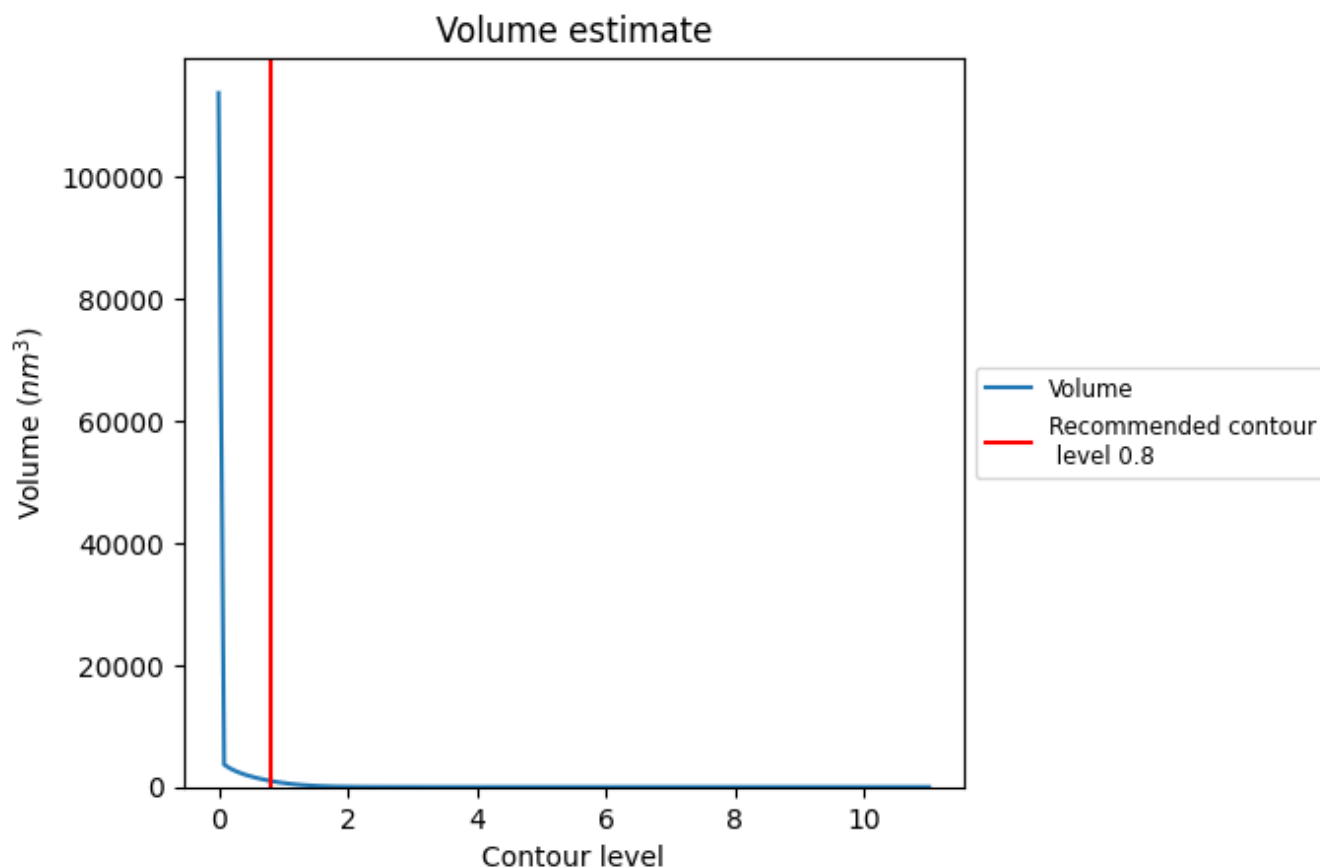
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 1003 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 906 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

This section was not generated. The rotationally averaged power spectrum is only generated for cubic maps.

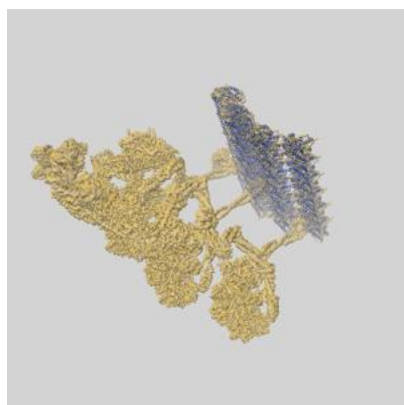
8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

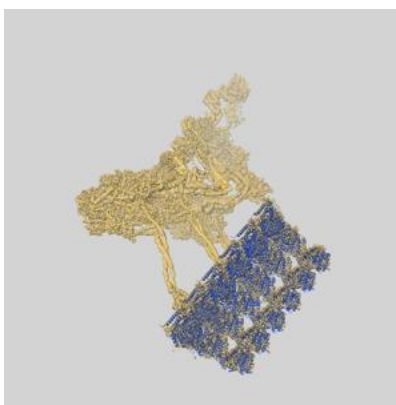
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-22677 and PDB model 7N32. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 9](#).

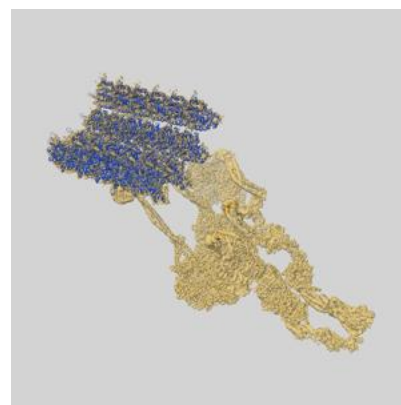
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



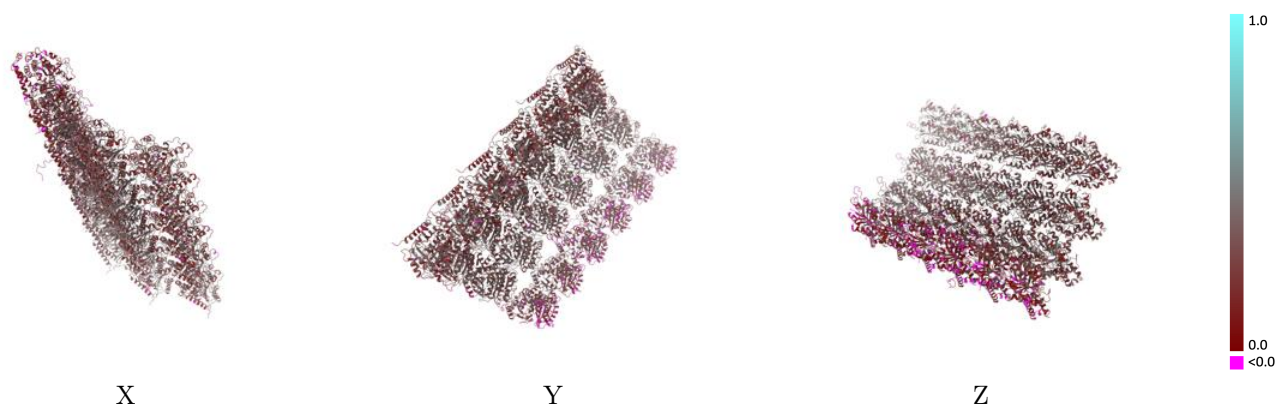
Y



Z

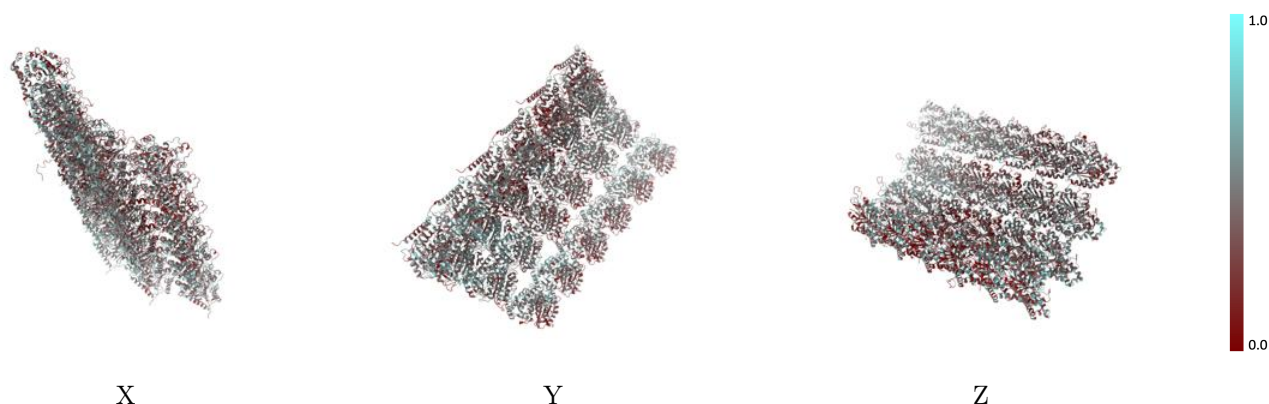
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.8 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



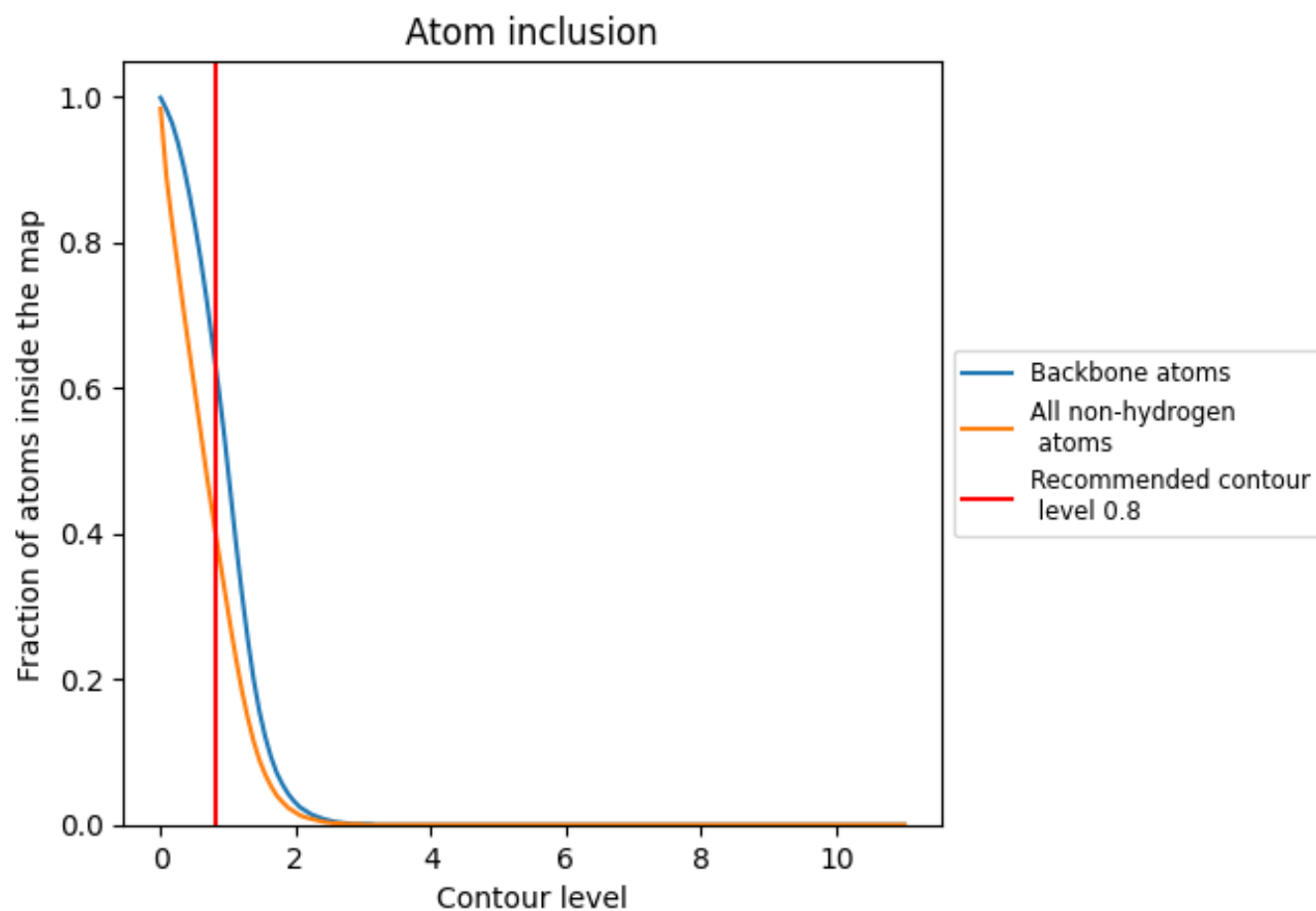
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.8).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 64% of all backbone atoms, 41% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.8) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.4080	 0.2820
a	 0.4070	 0.1760
b	 0.4490	 0.2160
c	 0.3280	 0.1470
d	 0.3560	 0.1580
e	 0.4220	 0.2070
f	 0.4240	 0.2020
g	 0.4560	 0.3130
h	 0.4750	 0.3370
i	 0.3610	 0.3110
j	 0.3550	 0.3090
k	 0.4200	 0.3150
l	 0.4400	 0.3140
m	 0.4440	 0.3000
n	 0.4740	 0.3080
o	 0.3420	 0.3320
p	 0.3820	 0.3570
q	 0.4160	 0.3220
r	 0.4350	 0.3120
s	 0.4300	 0.3040
t	 0.4700	 0.3130
u	 0.3990	 0.2990
v	 0.4090	 0.3090
w	 0.3240	 0.2990
x	 0.3840	 0.3030

