



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 5, 2026 – 02:54 PM UTC

PDB ID : 7NEP / pdb_00007nep
EMDB ID : EMD-12289
Title : Homology model of the in situ actomyosin complex from the A-band of mouse
psoas muscle sarcomere in the rigor state
Authors : Wang, Z.; Grange, M.; Wagner, T.; Kho, A.L.; Gautel, M.; Raunser, S.
Deposited on : 2021-02-04
Resolution : 10.20 Å (reported)
Based on initial models : 5JLH, 6KN8, 3I5G

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

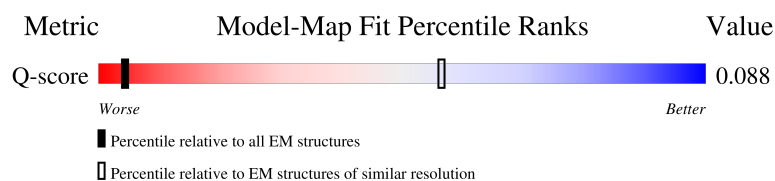
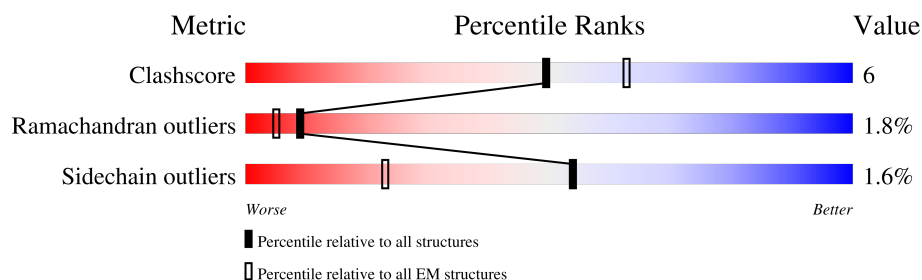
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 10.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	119 (9.70 - 10.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	374	50% 86% 13% .
1	B	374	50% 88% 10% .
1	C	374	48% 83% 16% .
1	D	374	48% 83% 16% .

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	E	374	42% 82%16%
1	F	374	45% 80%18%
1	G	374	47% 86%12%
1	H	374	56% 84%14%
1	I	374	46% 83%15%
1	J	374	67% 83%15%
1	K	374	53% 84%13%
2	P	251	10% 67%22%7%
2	Q	251	9% 66%22%7%
2	T	251	6% 71%21%
2	U	251	12% 71%23%
3	L	813	43% 90%9%
3	M	813	47% 90%9%
4	N	148	42% 87%13%
4	O	148	36% 86%14%
5	R	144	98% 84%13%
5	S	144	91% 84%13%

2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 57453 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Actin, alpha skeletal muscle.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	374	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2925	1850	492	562	21		
1	B	374	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2925	1850	492	562	21		
1	C	374	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2925	1850	492	562	21		
1	D	374	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2925	1850	492	562	21		
1	E	374	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2925	1850	492	562	21		
1	F	374	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2925	1850	492	562	21		
1	G	374	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2925	1850	492	562	21		
1	H	374	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2925	1850	492	562	21		
1	I	374	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2925	1850	492	562	21		
1	J	374	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2925	1850	492	562	21		
1	K	374	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2925	1850	492	562	21		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Tropomyosin alpha-1 chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	P	233	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1881	1149	319	410	3		
2	Q	233	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1881	1149	319	410	3		
2	T	243	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1952	1190	336	423	3		
2	U	243	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1952	1190	336	423	3		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Myosin-4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	L	813	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			6503	4167	1094	1205	37		
3	M	813	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			6503	4167	1094	1205	37		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Myosin light chain 1/3, skeletal muscle isoform.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	N	148	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1159	722	193	236	8		
4	O	148	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1159	722	193	236	8		

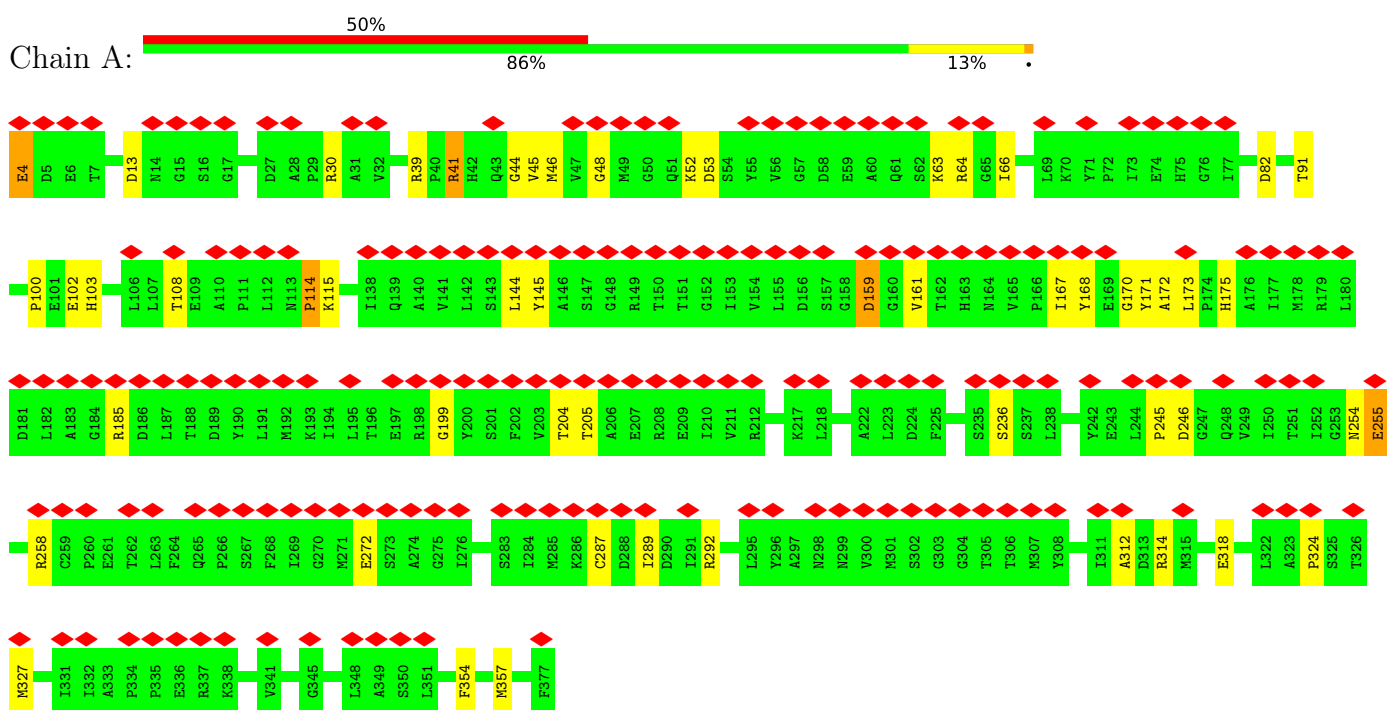
- Molecule 5 is a protein called Myosin regulatory light chain 2, skeletal muscle isoform.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	R	144	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1144	724	185	227	8		
5	S	144	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1144	724	185	227	8		

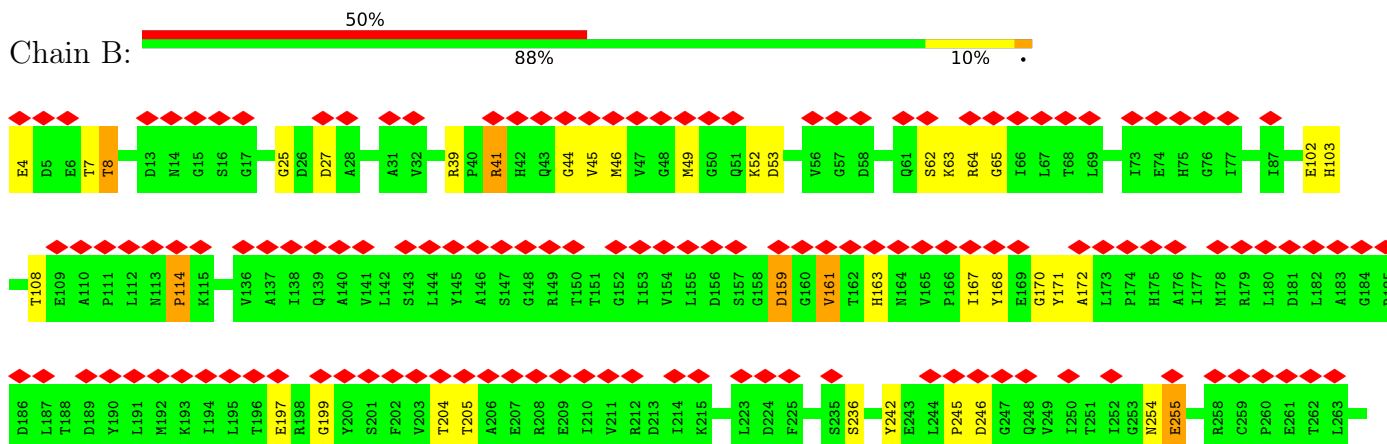
3 Residue-property plots

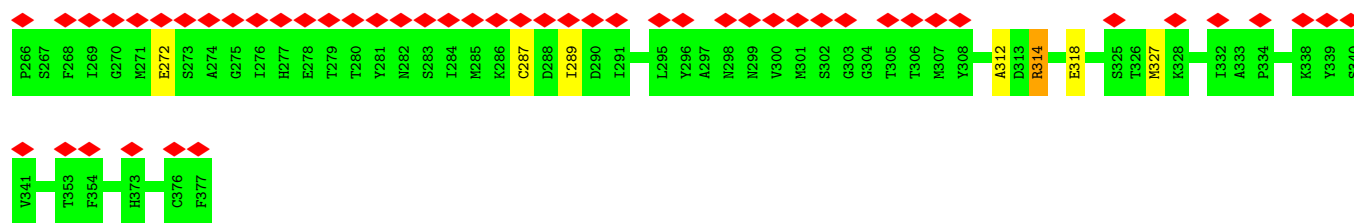
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle

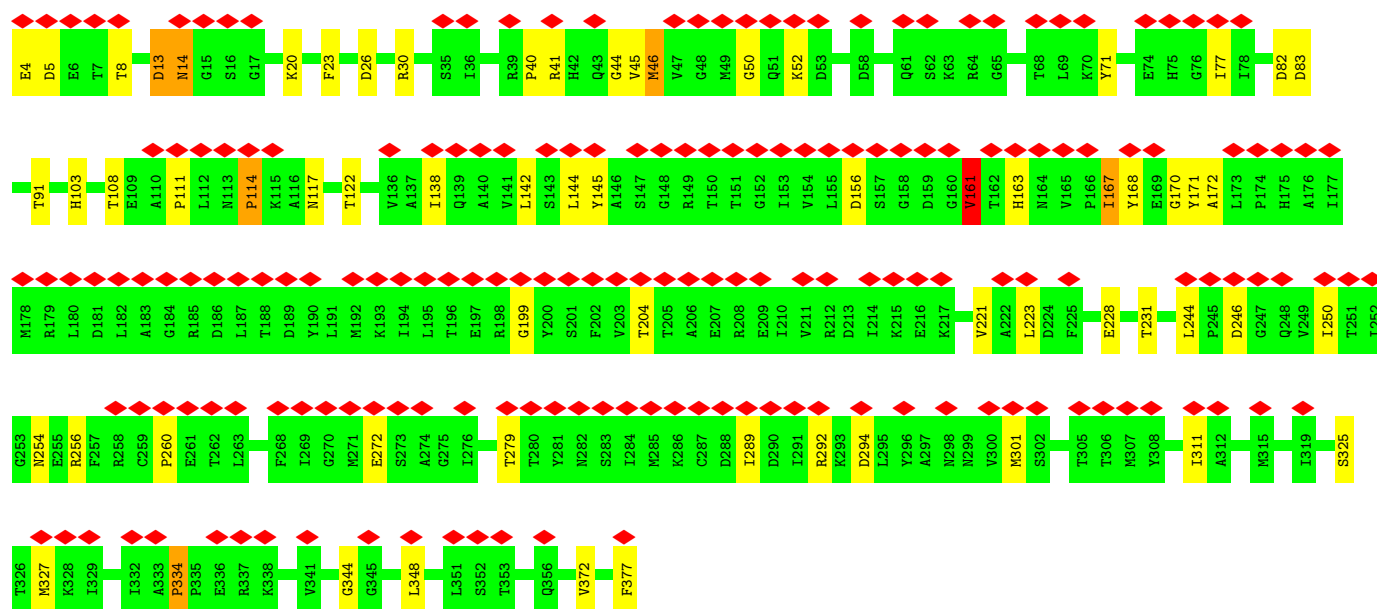
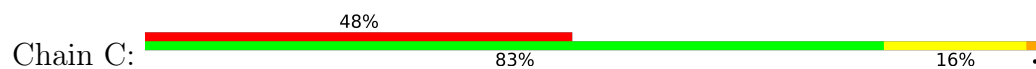


- Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle

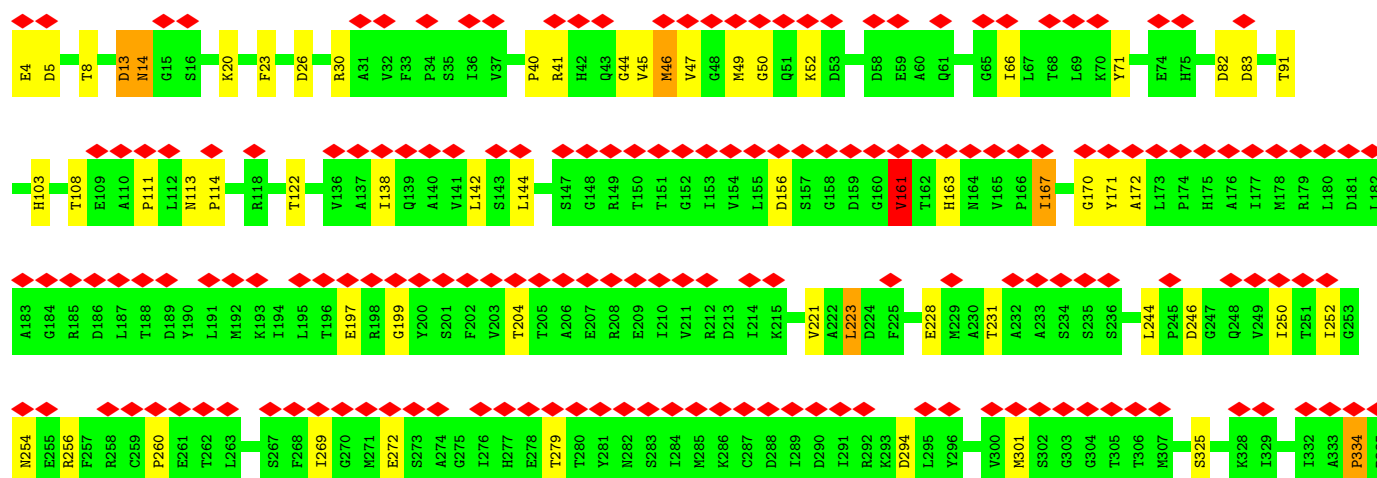
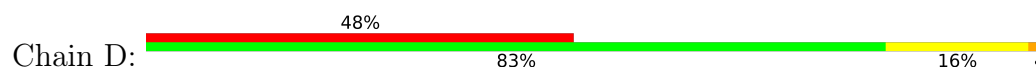


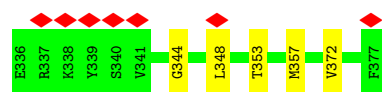


- Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle

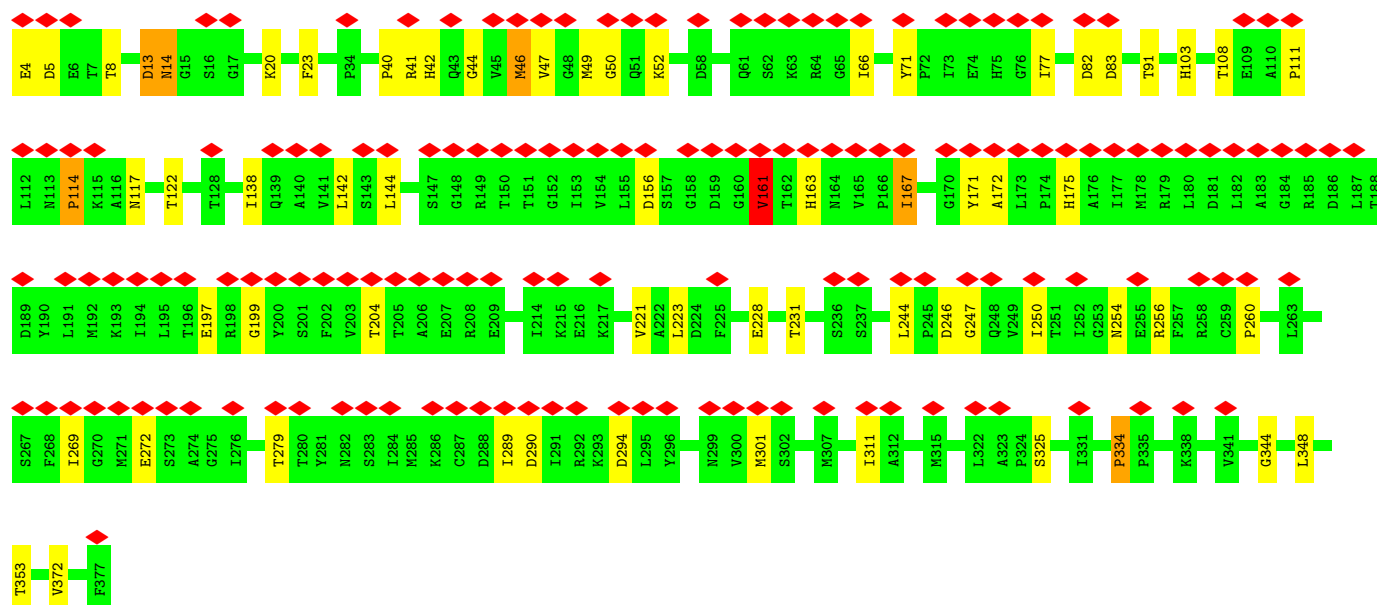
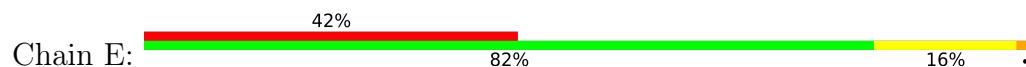


- Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle

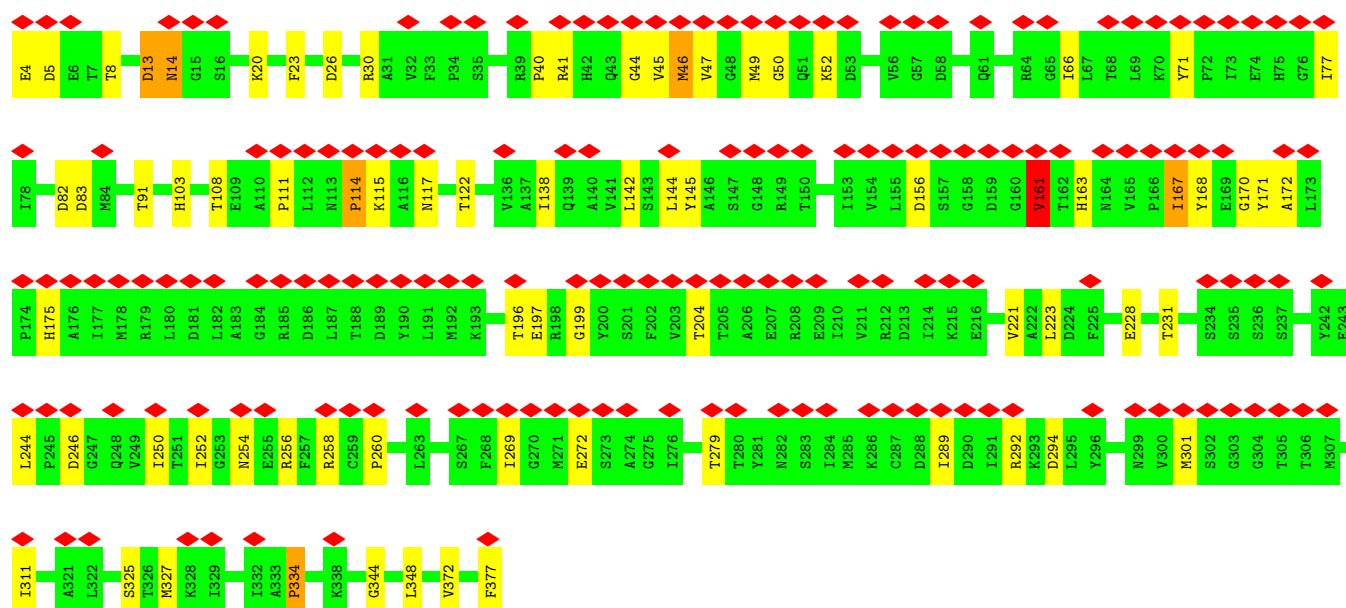




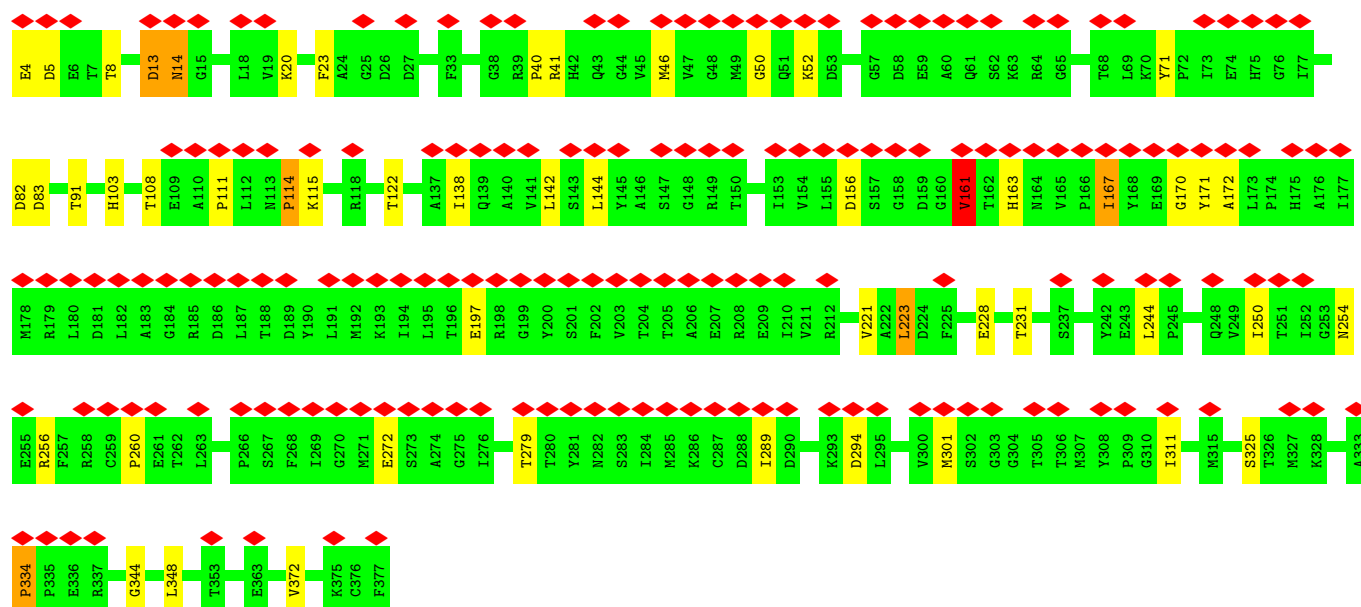
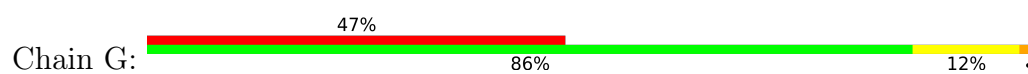
- Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle



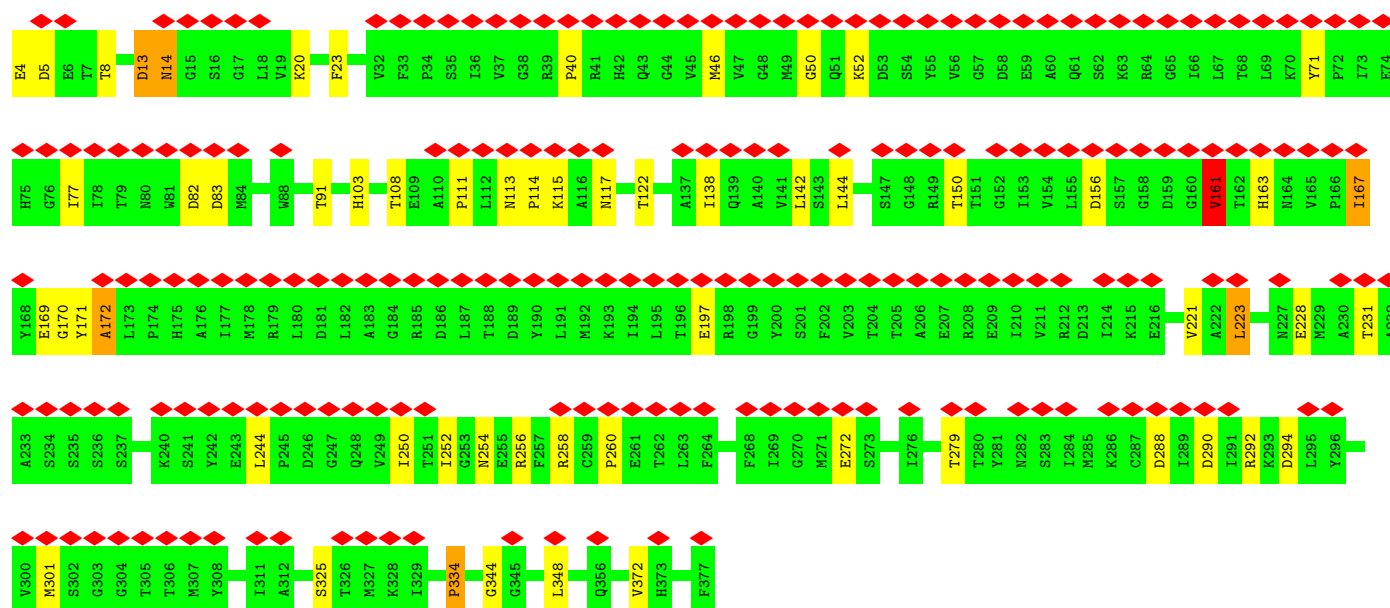
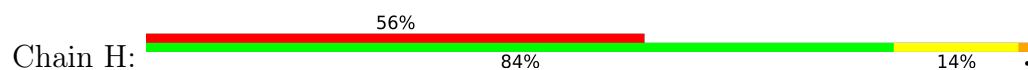
- Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle



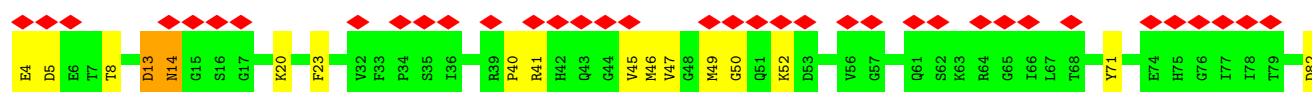
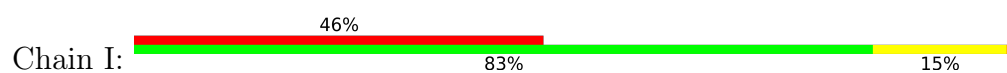
- Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle

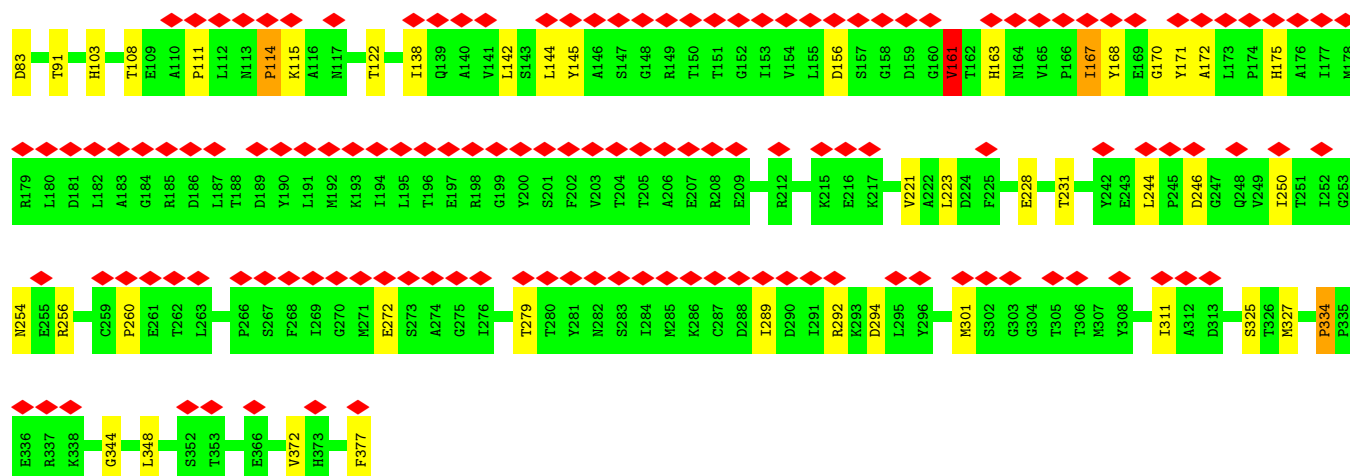


- Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle

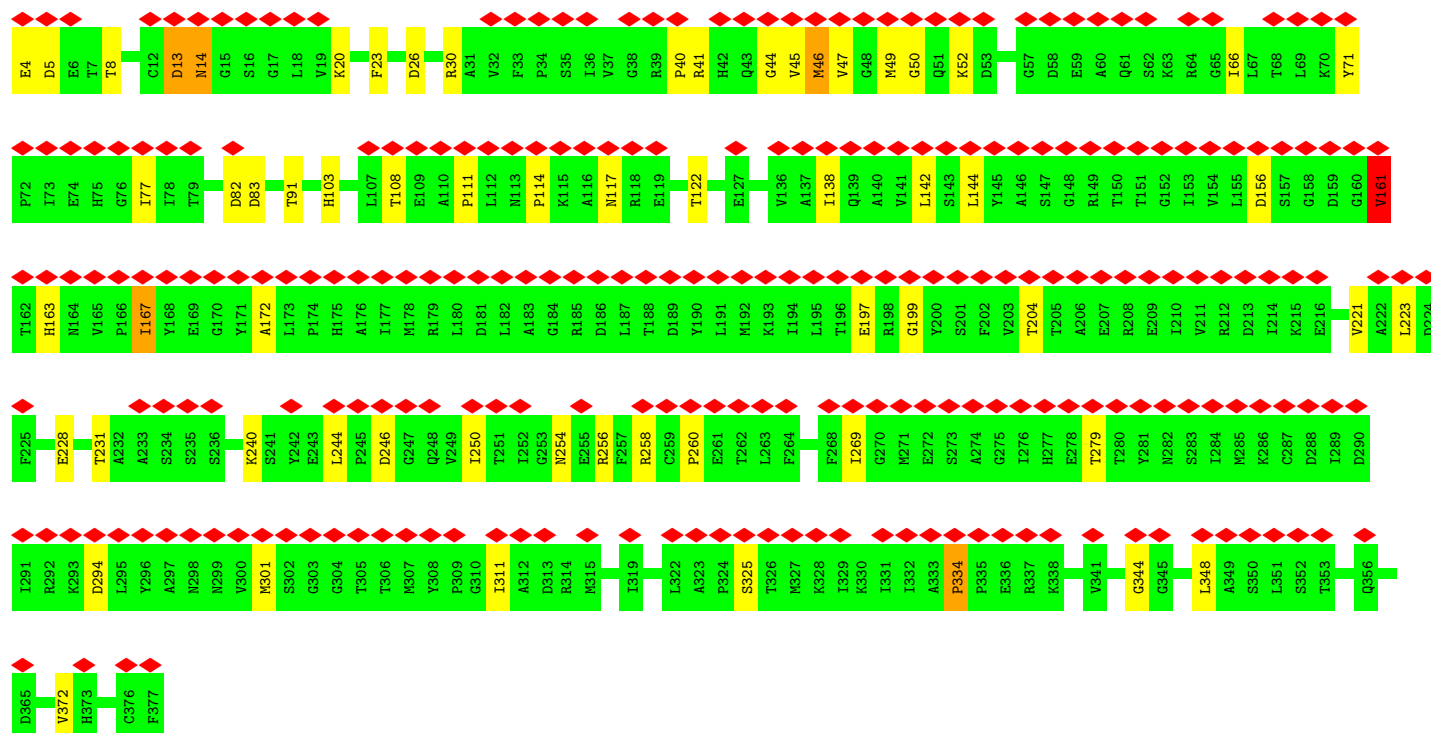
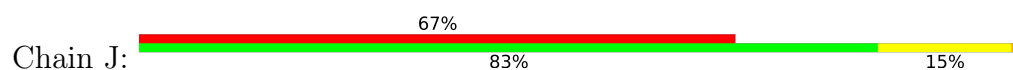


- Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle

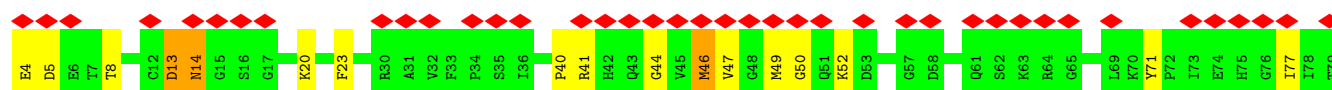
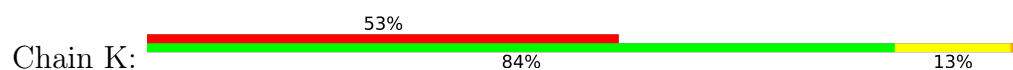


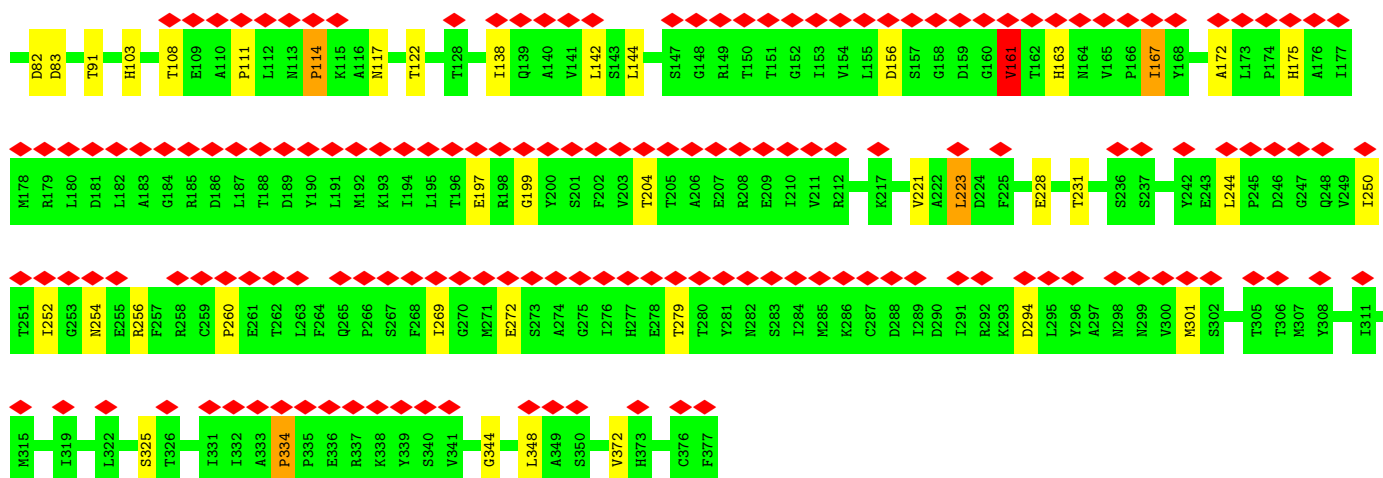


- Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle

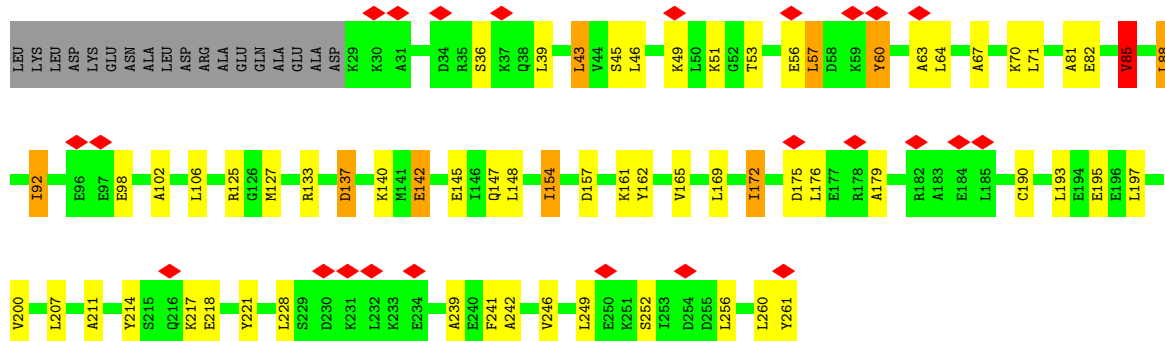


- Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle

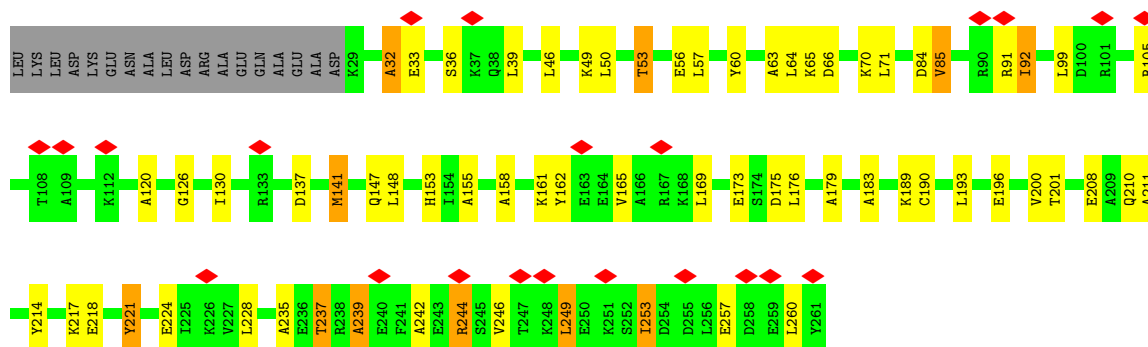




• Molecule 2: Tropomyosin alpha-1 chain

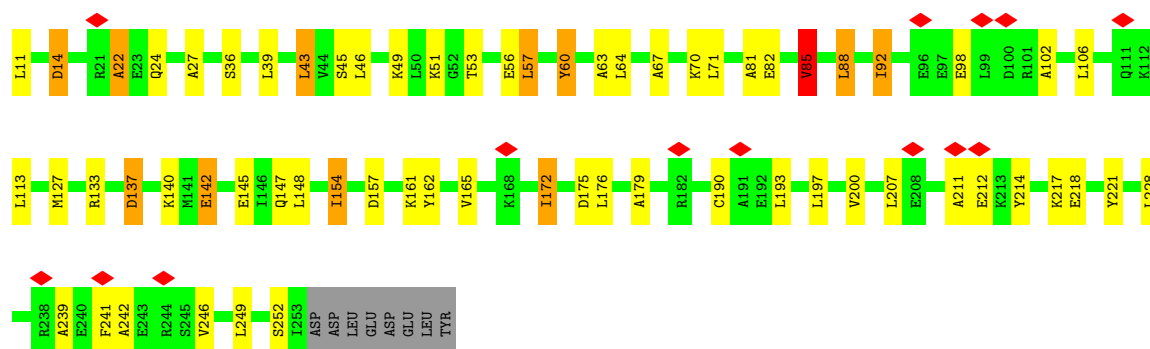


• Molecule 2: Tropomyosin alpha-1 chain

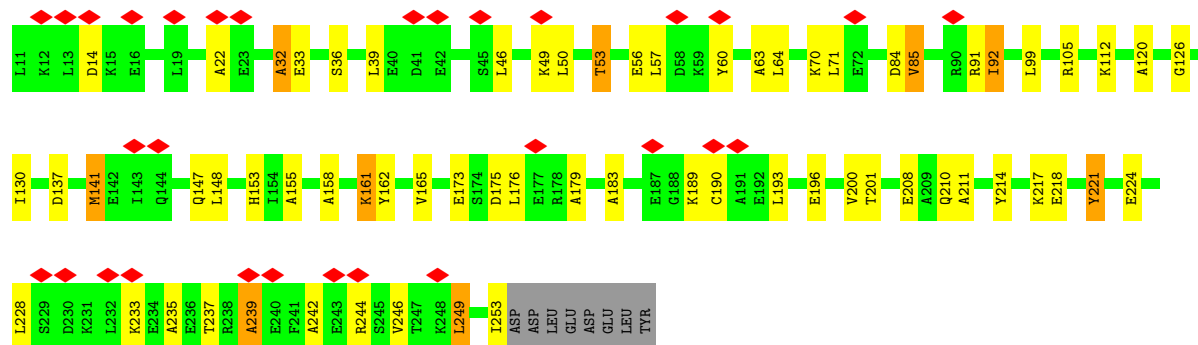


• Molecule 2: Tropomyosin alpha-1 chain

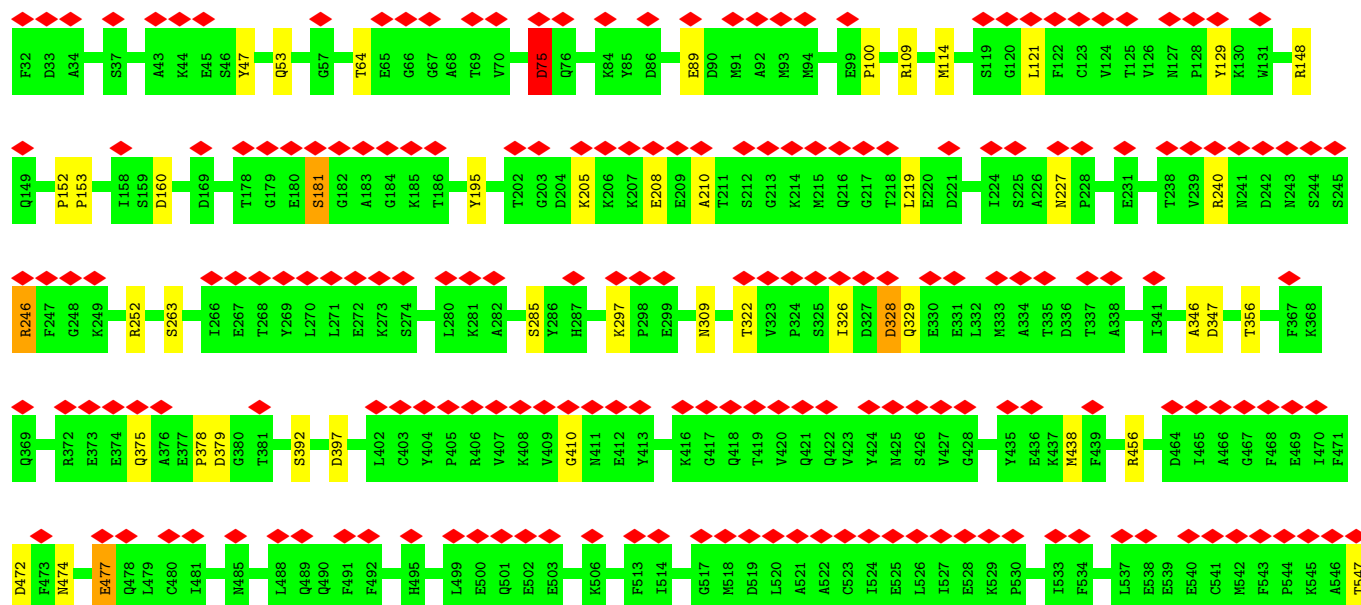
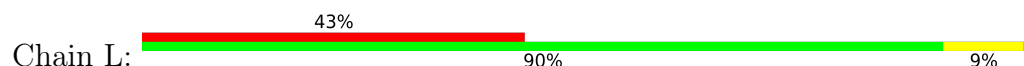


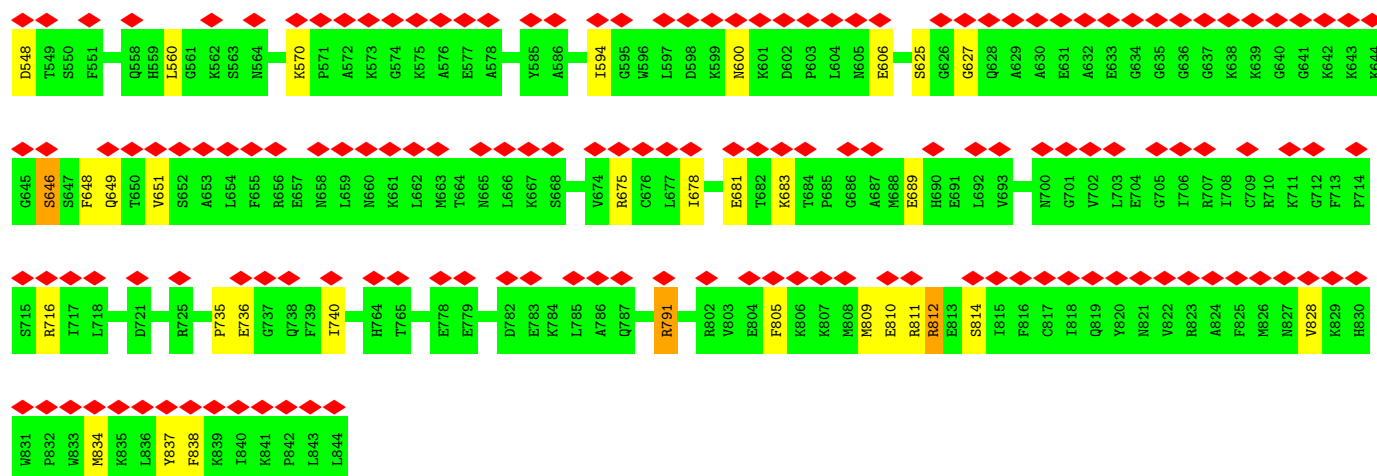


• Molecule 2: Tropomyosin alpha-1 chain

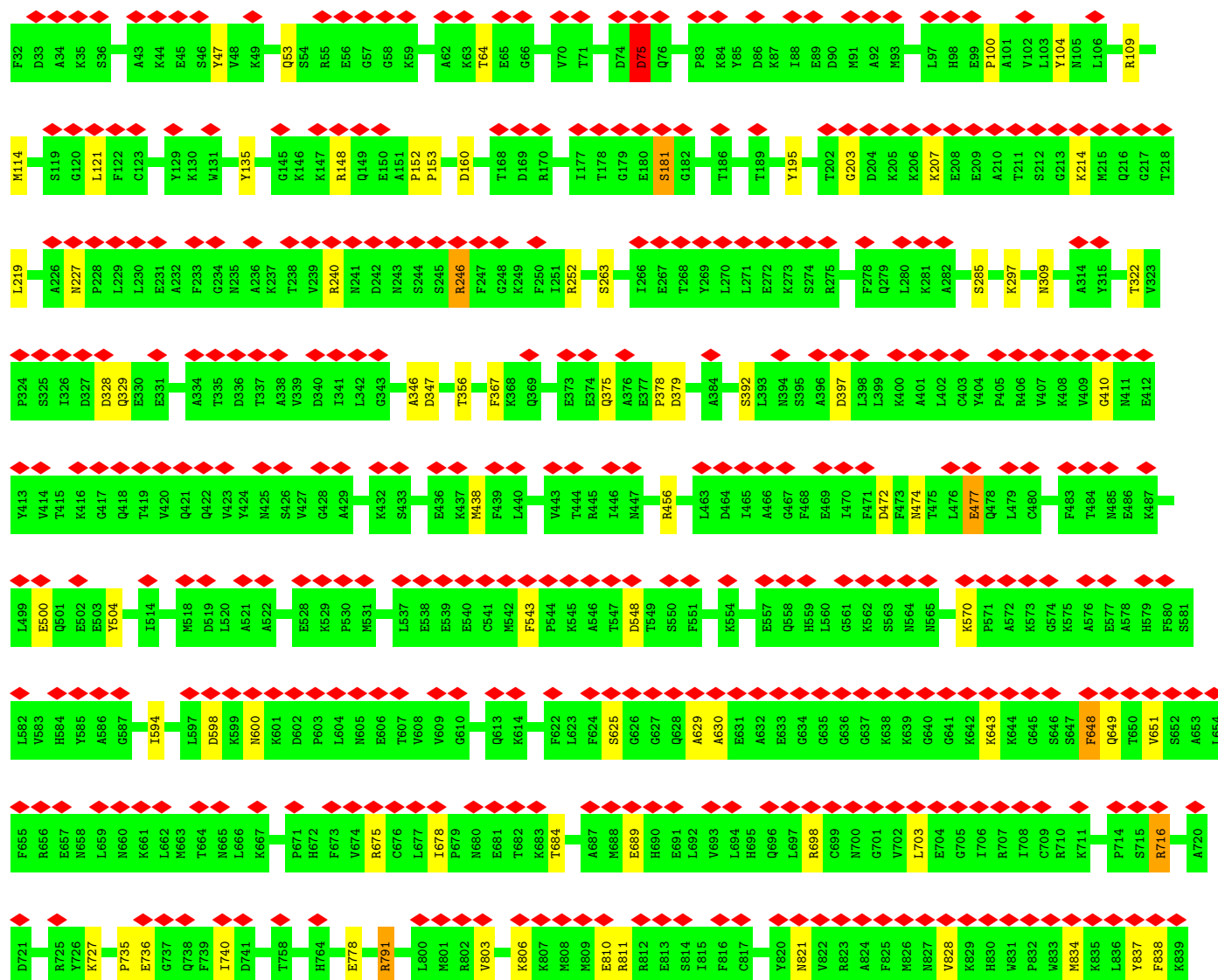
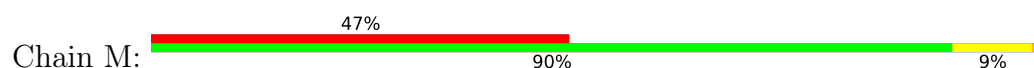


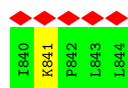
• Molecule 3: Myosin-4



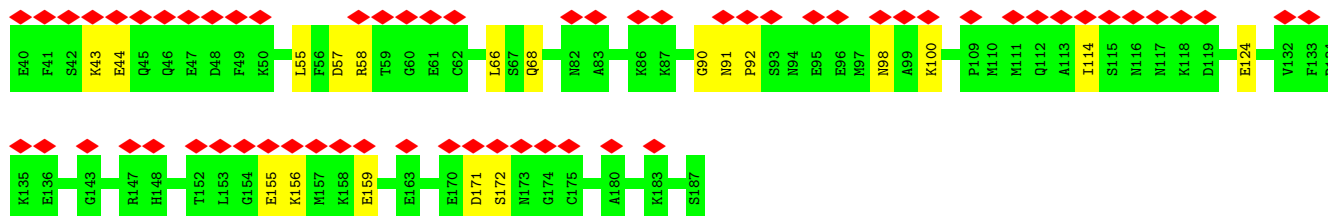
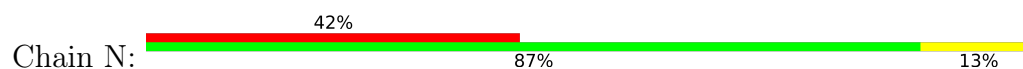


• Molecule 3: Myosin-4

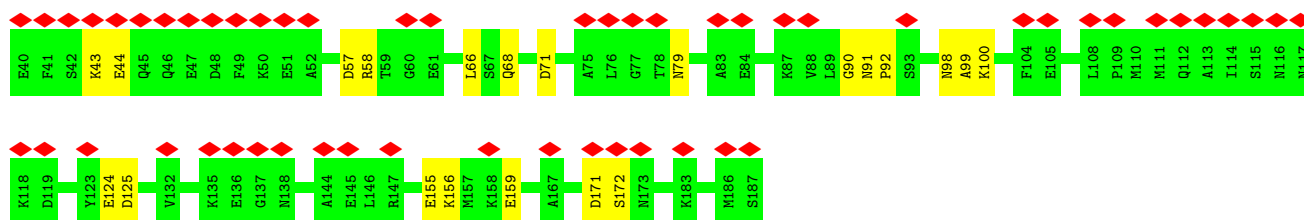
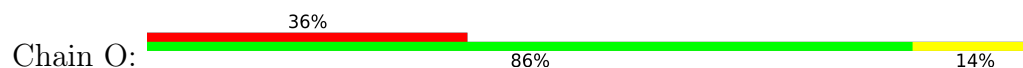




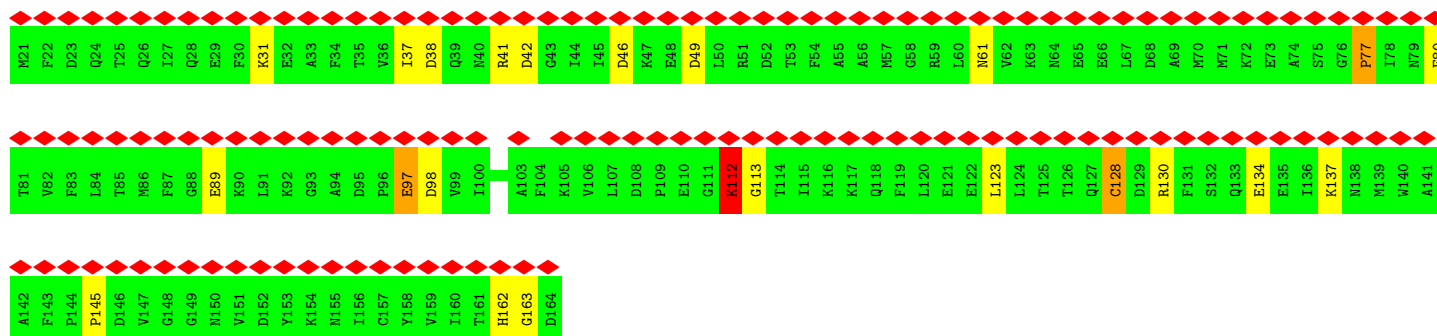
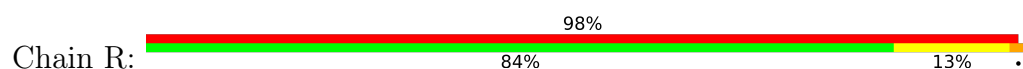
- Molecule 4: Myosin light chain 1/3, skeletal muscle isoform



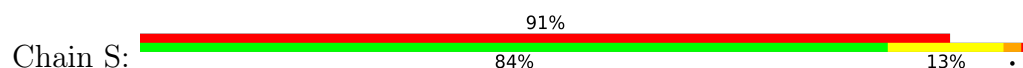
- Molecule 4: Myosin light chain 1/3, skeletal muscle isoform



- Molecule 5: Myosin regulatory light chain 2, skeletal muscle isoform



- Molecule 5: Myosin regulatory light chain 2, skeletal muscle isoform



P145	D146	V147	G148	M150	V151	D152	Y158	V159	I160	T161	H162	G163	D164	T81	V82	F83	L84	T85	H86	F87	G88	E89	X90	L91	X92	G93	A94	D95	P96	E97	D98	V99	T100	T101	G102	A103	F104	K105	V106	L107	D108	P109	E110	G111	K112	G113	T114	I115	K116	K117	Q118	F119	L120	E121	E122	L123	D129	R130	F131	S132	Q133	E134	E135	I136	K137	N138	M139	V140	A141	A142	F143	P144
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4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SUBTOMOGRAM AVERAGING	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of subtomograms used	18090	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING ONLY	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	3.5	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	28409	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.100	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.065	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.007	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.03	Depositor
Map size ($\text{\AA}$)	351.0, 351.0, 351.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	200, 200, 200	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ($\text{\AA}$)	1.755, 1.755, 1.755	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	A	0.87	0/2988	1.53	18/4047 (0.4%)
1	B	0.87	0/2988	1.54	15/4047 (0.4%)
1	C	1.01	0/2988	1.64	24/4047 (0.6%)
1	D	1.01	0/2988	1.64	25/4047 (0.6%)
1	E	1.01	0/2988	1.64	25/4047 (0.6%)
1	F	1.01	0/2988	1.64	24/4047 (0.6%)
1	G	1.01	0/2988	1.64	24/4047 (0.6%)
1	H	1.01	0/2988	1.64	25/4047 (0.6%)
1	I	1.01	0/2988	1.64	24/4047 (0.6%)
1	J	1.01	0/2988	1.64	24/4047 (0.6%)
1	K	1.01	0/2988	1.64	24/4047 (0.6%)
2	P	1.11	0/1887	1.95	36/2515 (1.4%)
2	Q	1.14	2/1887 (0.1%)	2.01	48/2515 (1.9%)
2	T	1.11	0/1957	1.95	40/2607 (1.5%)
2	U	1.13	2/1957 (0.1%)	2.00	48/2607 (1.8%)
3	L	0.87	0/6643	1.53	31/8946 (0.3%)
3	M	0.86	0/6643	1.53	40/8946 (0.4%)
4	N	0.86	0/1174	1.58	14/1571 (0.9%)
4	O	0.86	0/1174	1.57	18/1571 (1.1%)
5	R	0.87	0/1164	1.64	11/1565 (0.7%)
5	S	0.84	0/1164	1.63	10/1565 (0.6%)
All	All	0.97	4/58518 (0.0%)	1.65	548/78925 (0.7%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	6
1	B	0	5
1	C	0	5
1	D	0	5

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Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	E	0	5
1	F	0	5
1	G	0	5
1	H	0	5
1	I	0	5
1	J	0	5
1	K	0	5
2	P	0	2
2	Q	0	1
2	T	0	1
2	U	0	1
3	L	1	11
3	M	1	12
5	R	0	2
5	S	0	2
All	All	2	88

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	Q	221	TYR	C-O	-5.77	1.17	1.24
2	U	221	TYR	C-O	-5.71	1.17	1.24
2	U	246	VAL	C-O	-5.54	1.17	1.24
2	Q	246	VAL	C-O	-5.50	1.18	1.24

The worst 5 of 548 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	U	14	ASP	CA-CB-CG	-9.32	103.28	112.60
2	U	224	GLU	CA-C-N	8.73	131.74	120.56
2	U	224	GLU	C-N-CA	8.73	131.74	120.56
2	Q	224	GLU	CA-C-N	8.69	131.69	120.56
2	Q	224	GLU	C-N-CA	8.69	131.69	120.56

All (2) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
3	L	64	THR	CA
3	M	64	THR	CA

5 of 88 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	185	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	258	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	30	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	39	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	41	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2925	0	2887	81	0
1	B	2925	0	2887	105	0
1	C	2925	0	2886	71	0
1	D	2925	0	2887	67	0
1	E	2925	0	2887	62	0
1	F	2925	0	2887	70	0
1	G	2925	0	2887	54	0
1	H	2925	0	2887	70	0
1	I	2925	0	2885	43	0
1	J	2925	0	2887	38	0
1	K	2925	0	2887	63	0
2	P	1881	0	1879	93	0
2	Q	1881	0	1879	108	0
2	T	1952	0	1960	94	0
2	U	1952	0	1960	91	0
3	L	6503	0	6511	12	0
3	M	6503	0	6511	12	0
4	N	1159	0	1124	1	0
4	O	1159	0	1124	1	0
5	R	1144	0	1109	15	0
5	S	1144	0	1111	16	0
All	All	57453	0	56922	654	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 654 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:44:GLY:CA	1:H:171:TYR:HD1	0.83	1.46
1:B:272:GLU:HG2	1:C:41:ARG:CD	1.52	1.38
1:B:49:MET:SD	1:H:171:TYR:CD2	2.17	1.38
1:B:44:GLY:HA3	1:H:171:TYR:CD1	0.79	1.32
1:A:46:MET:HG3	1:B:170:GLY:CA	1.61	1.30

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	372/374 (100%)	343 (92%)	25 (7%)	4 (1%)	11	46
1	B	372/374 (100%)	345 (93%)	22 (6%)	5 (1%)	9	42
1	C	372/374 (100%)	354 (95%)	13 (4%)	5 (1%)	9	42
1	D	372/374 (100%)	354 (95%)	13 (4%)	5 (1%)	9	42
1	E	372/374 (100%)	354 (95%)	13 (4%)	5 (1%)	9	42
1	F	372/374 (100%)	354 (95%)	13 (4%)	5 (1%)	9	42
1	G	372/374 (100%)	354 (95%)	13 (4%)	5 (1%)	9	42
1	H	372/374 (100%)	354 (95%)	13 (4%)	5 (1%)	9	42
1	I	372/374 (100%)	354 (95%)	13 (4%)	5 (1%)	9	42
1	J	372/374 (100%)	354 (95%)	13 (4%)	5 (1%)	9	42
1	K	372/374 (100%)	354 (95%)	13 (4%)	5 (1%)	9	42
2	P	231/251 (92%)	231 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	Q	231/251 (92%)	231 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	T	241/251 (96%)	241 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	U	241/251 (96%)	241 (100%)	0	0	100	100
3	L	811/813 (100%)	728 (90%)	57 (7%)	26 (3%)	3	21

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
3	M	811/813 (100%)	725 (89%)	61 (8%)	25 (3%)	3	22
4	N	146/148 (99%)	136 (93%)	4 (3%)	6 (4%)	2	18
4	O	146/148 (99%)	137 (94%)	4 (3%)	5 (3%)	3	21
5	R	142/144 (99%)	121 (85%)	13 (9%)	8 (6%)	1	14
5	S	142/144 (99%)	121 (85%)	13 (9%)	8 (6%)	1	14
All	All	7234/7328 (99%)	6786 (94%)	316 (4%)	132 (2%)	9	34

5 of 132 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	8	THR
3	L	53	GLN
3	L	64	THR
3	L	329	GLN
3	L	570	LYS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	317/317 (100%)	308 (97%)	9 (3%)	38	60
1	B	317/317 (100%)	309 (98%)	8 (2%)	42	63
1	C	317/317 (100%)	312 (98%)	5 (2%)	55	70
1	D	317/317 (100%)	312 (98%)	5 (2%)	55	70
1	E	317/317 (100%)	312 (98%)	5 (2%)	55	70
1	F	317/317 (100%)	312 (98%)	5 (2%)	55	70
1	G	317/317 (100%)	312 (98%)	5 (2%)	55	70
1	H	317/317 (100%)	312 (98%)	5 (2%)	55	70
1	I	317/317 (100%)	312 (98%)	5 (2%)	55	70
1	J	317/317 (100%)	312 (98%)	5 (2%)	55	70
1	K	317/317 (100%)	312 (98%)	5 (2%)	55	70

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	P	202/216 (94%)	201 (100%)	1 (0%)	81	83
2	Q	202/216 (94%)	202 (100%)	0	100	100
2	T	208/216 (96%)	207 (100%)	1 (0%)	81	83
2	U	208/216 (96%)	208 (100%)	0	100	100
3	L	699/699 (100%)	689 (99%)	10 (1%)	59	72
3	M	699/699 (100%)	690 (99%)	9 (1%)	61	74
4	N	125/125 (100%)	122 (98%)	3 (2%)	43	64
4	O	125/125 (100%)	123 (98%)	2 (2%)	55	70
5	R	124/124 (100%)	117 (94%)	7 (6%)	19	40
5	S	124/124 (100%)	117 (94%)	7 (6%)	19	40
All	All	6203/6247 (99%)	6101 (98%)	102 (2%)	54	70

5 of 102 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	K	108	THR
3	L	472	ASP
5	S	97	GLU
1	K	161	VAL
3	L	89	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 79 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	P	210	GLN
3	M	96	HIS
2	T	210	GLN
3	L	485	ASN
3	M	485	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-12289. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

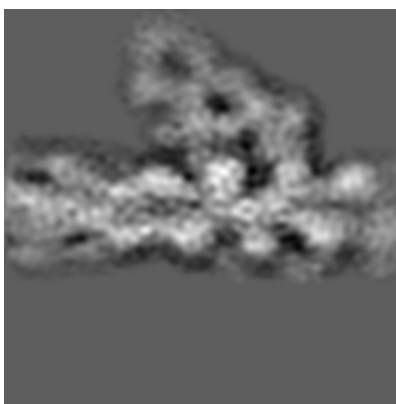
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

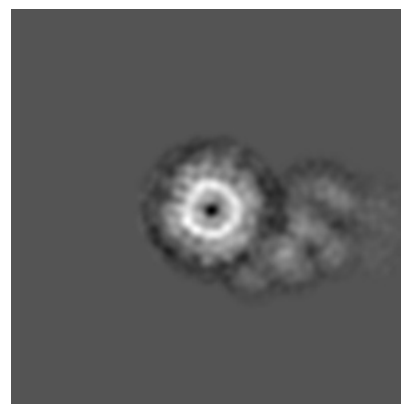
6.1.1 Primary map



X

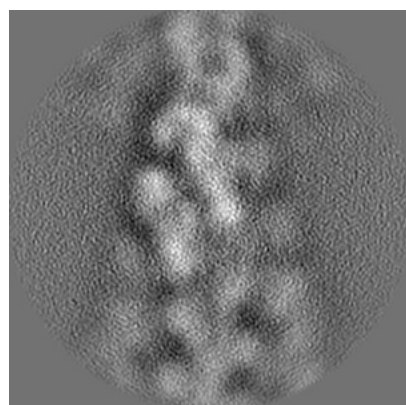


Y

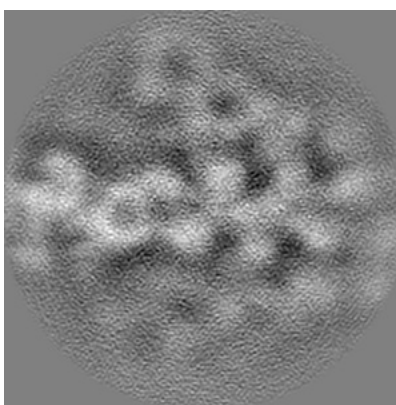


Z

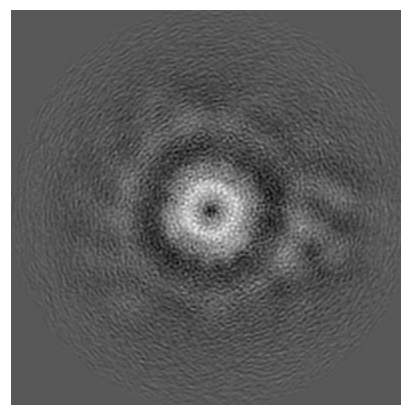
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

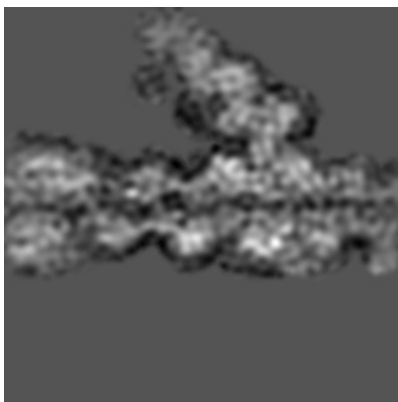
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

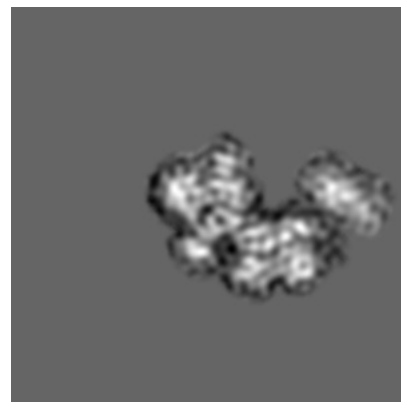
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 100

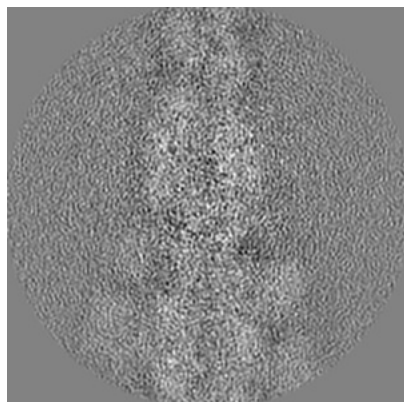


Y Index: 100

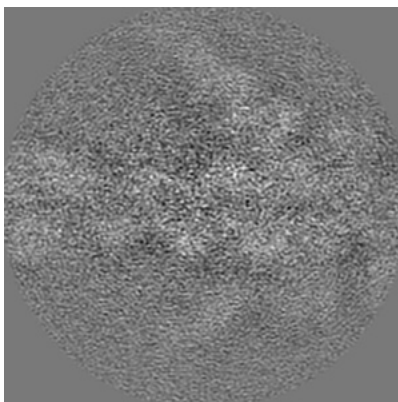


Z Index: 100

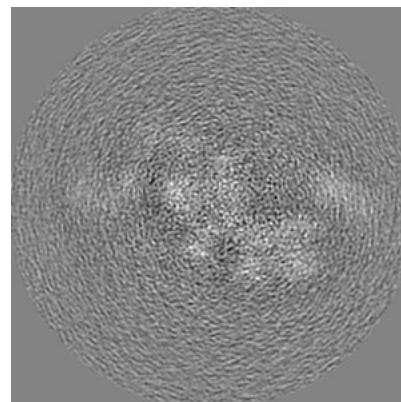
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 100



Y Index: 100



Z Index: 100

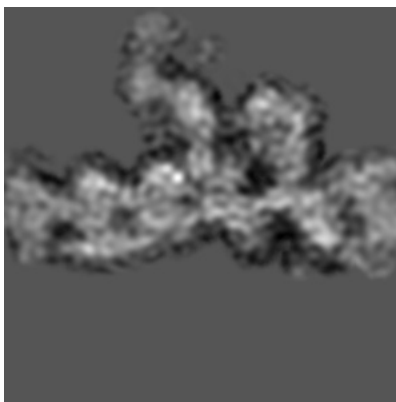
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

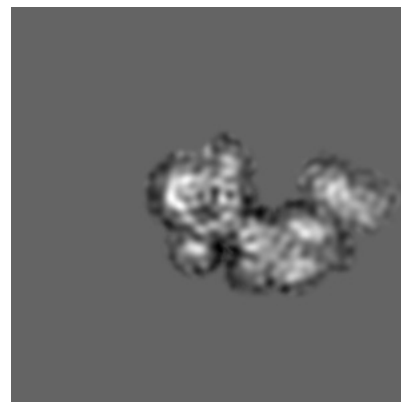
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 113

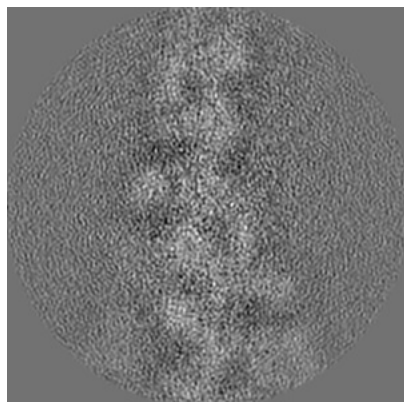


Y Index: 87

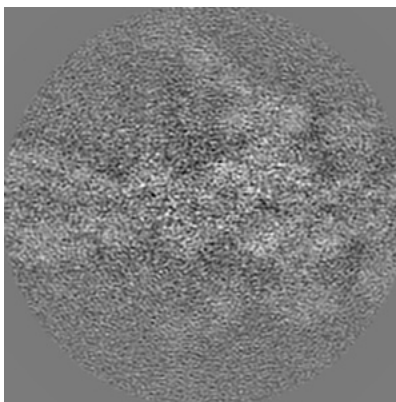


Z Index: 96

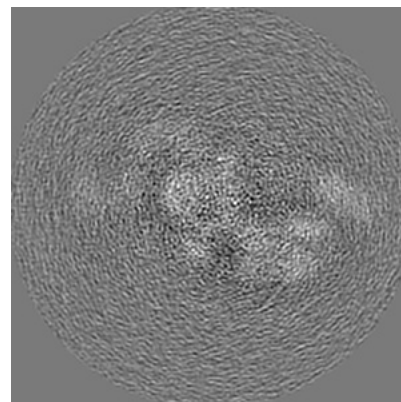
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 112



Y Index: 97

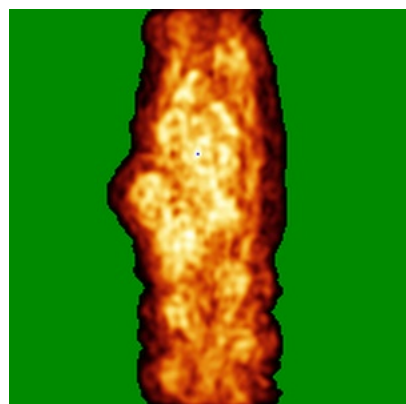


Z Index: 97

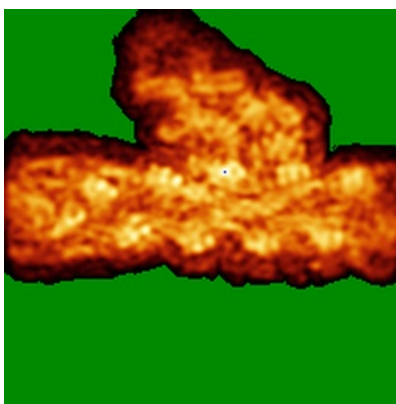
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

6.4.1 Primary map



X

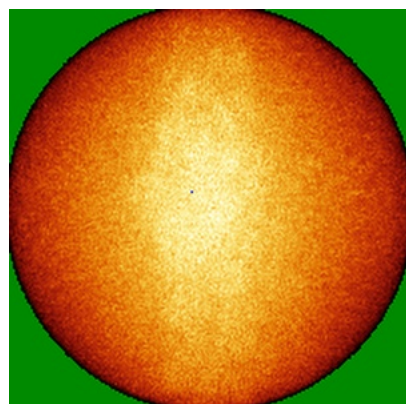


Y

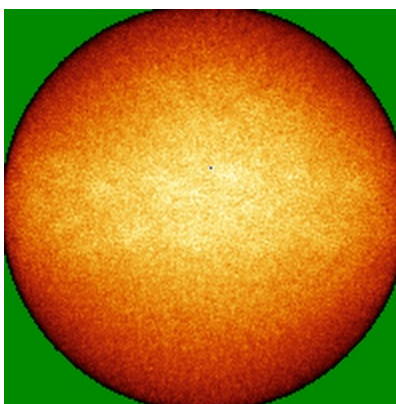


Z

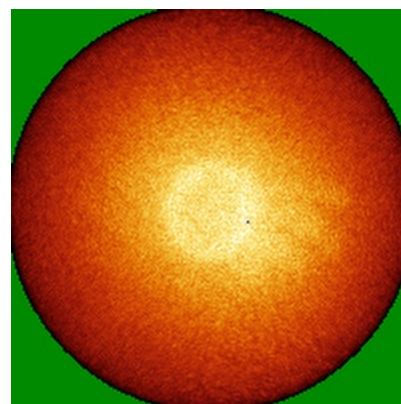
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

This section was not generated.

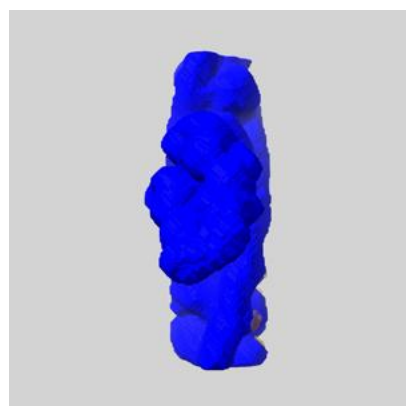
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

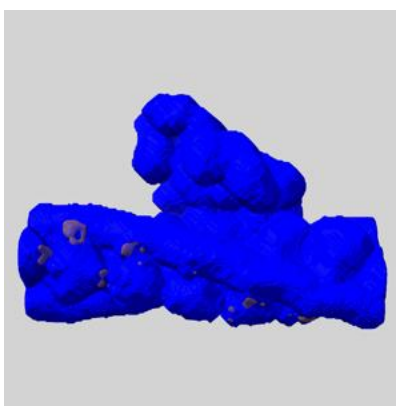
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

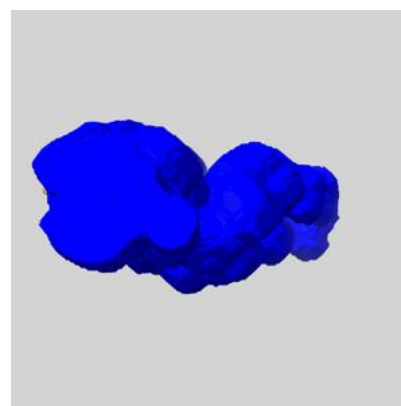
6.6.1 emd_12289_msk_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

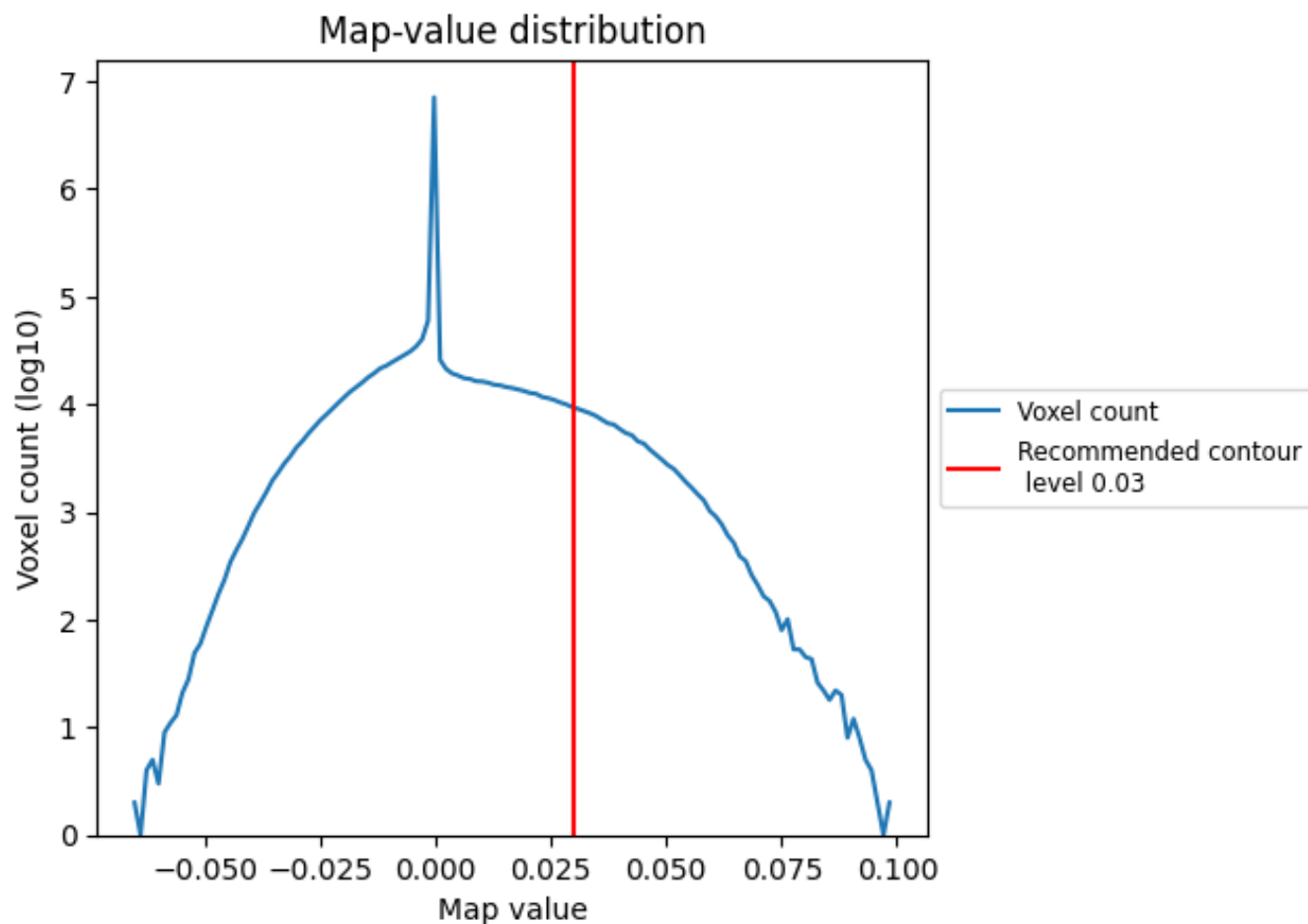


Z

7 Map analysis [i](#)

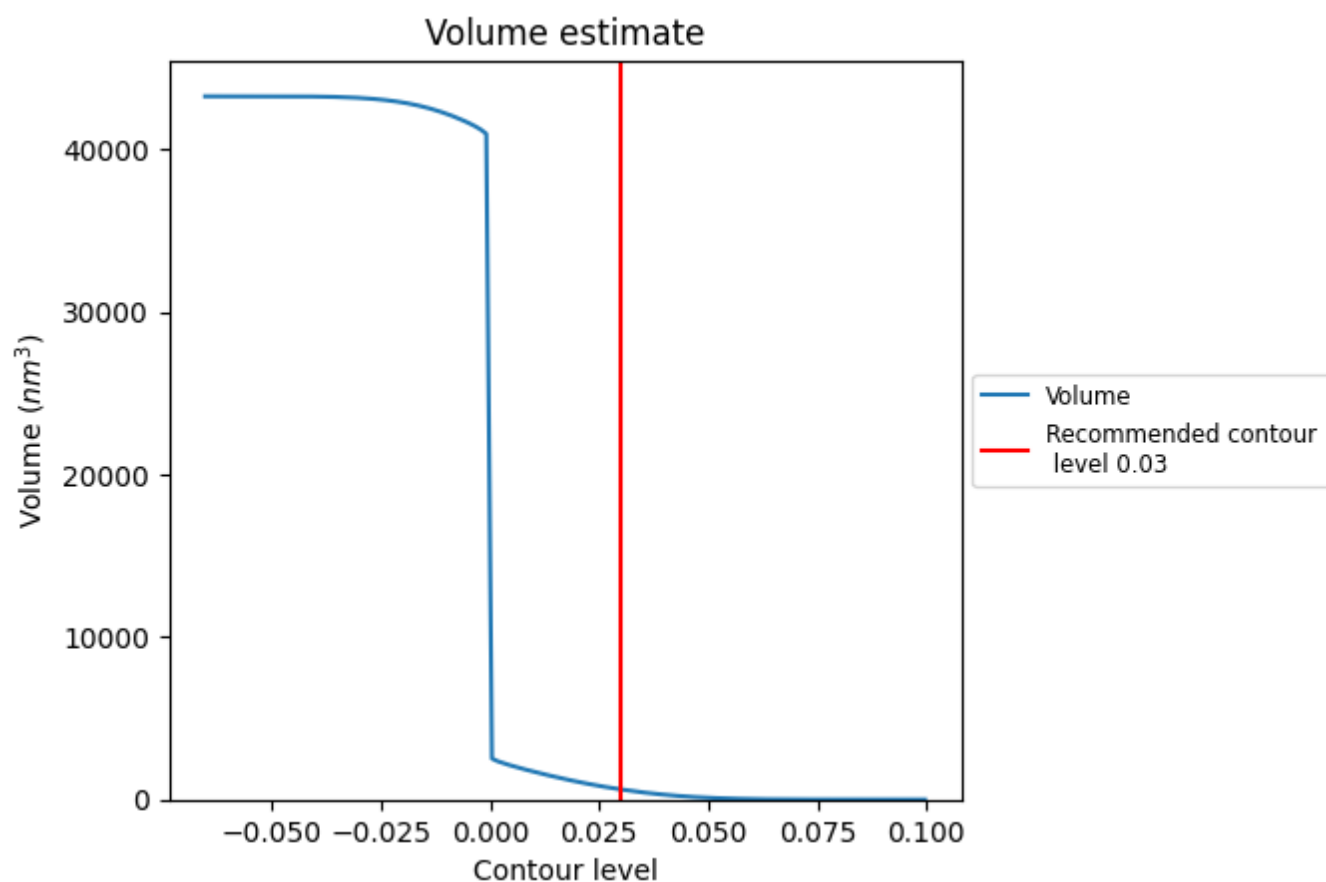
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

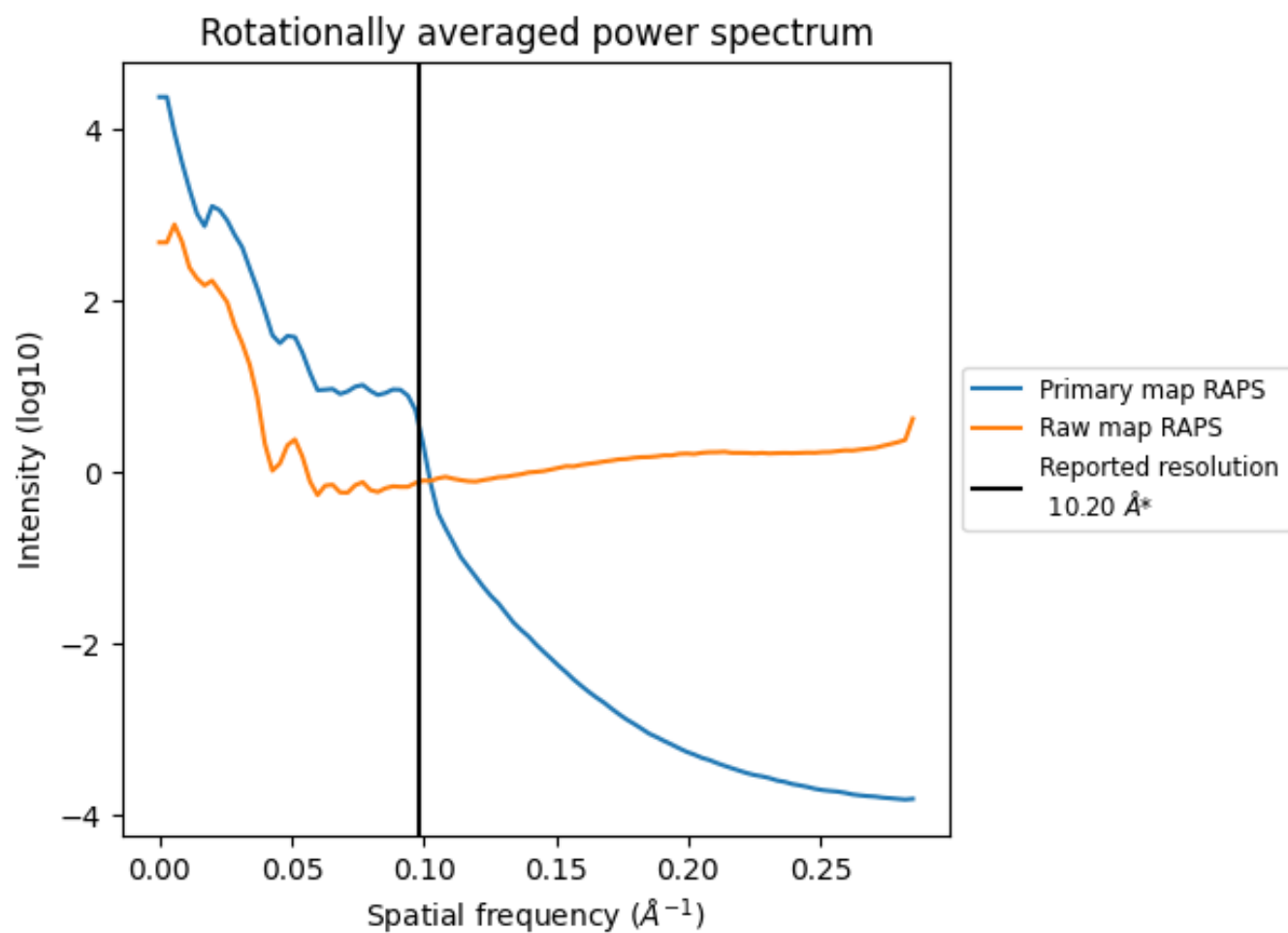
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 624 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 564 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

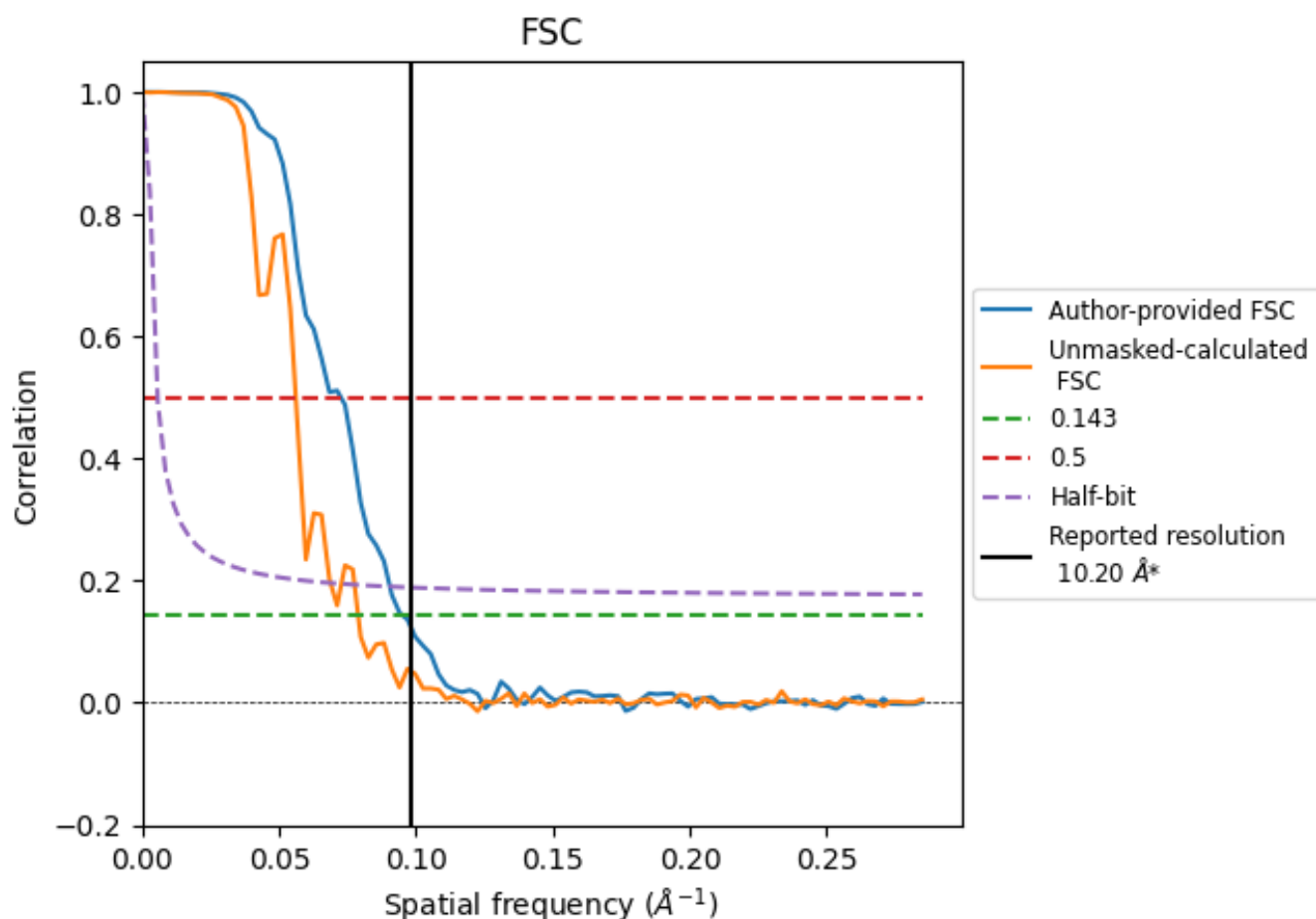


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.098 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of $0.098 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

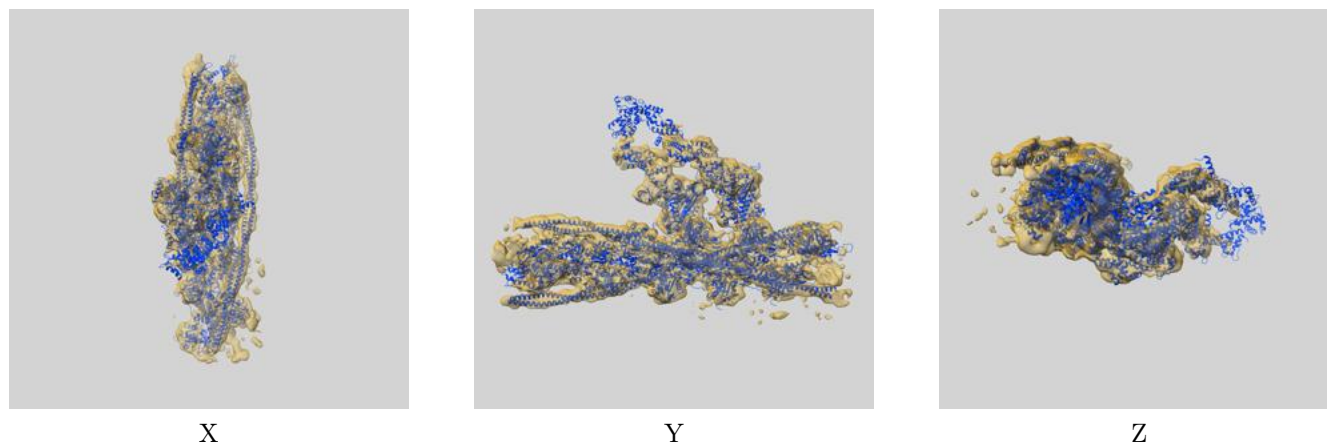
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	10.20	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	10.52	13.77	11.05
Unmasked-calculated*	12.67	17.83	14.53

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 12.67 differs from the reported value 10.2 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

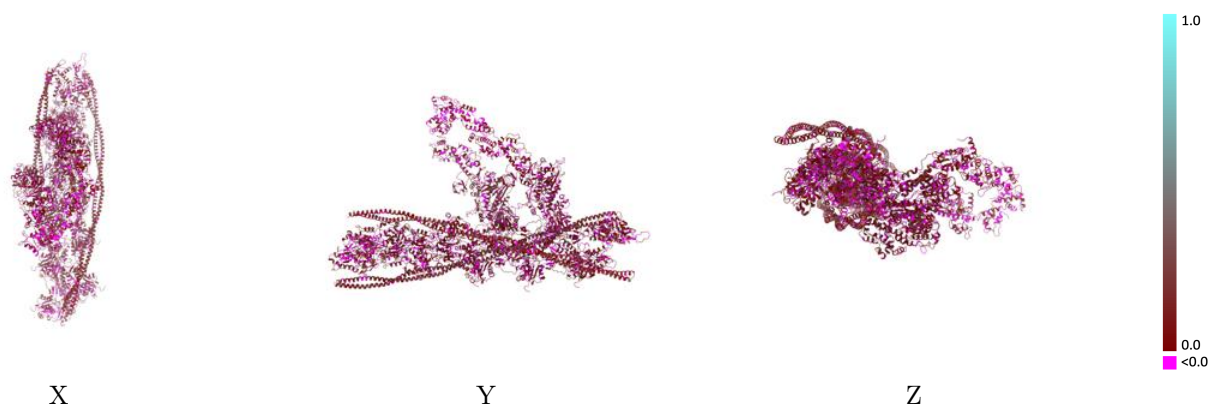
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-12289 and PDB model 7NEP. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 6](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.03 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)

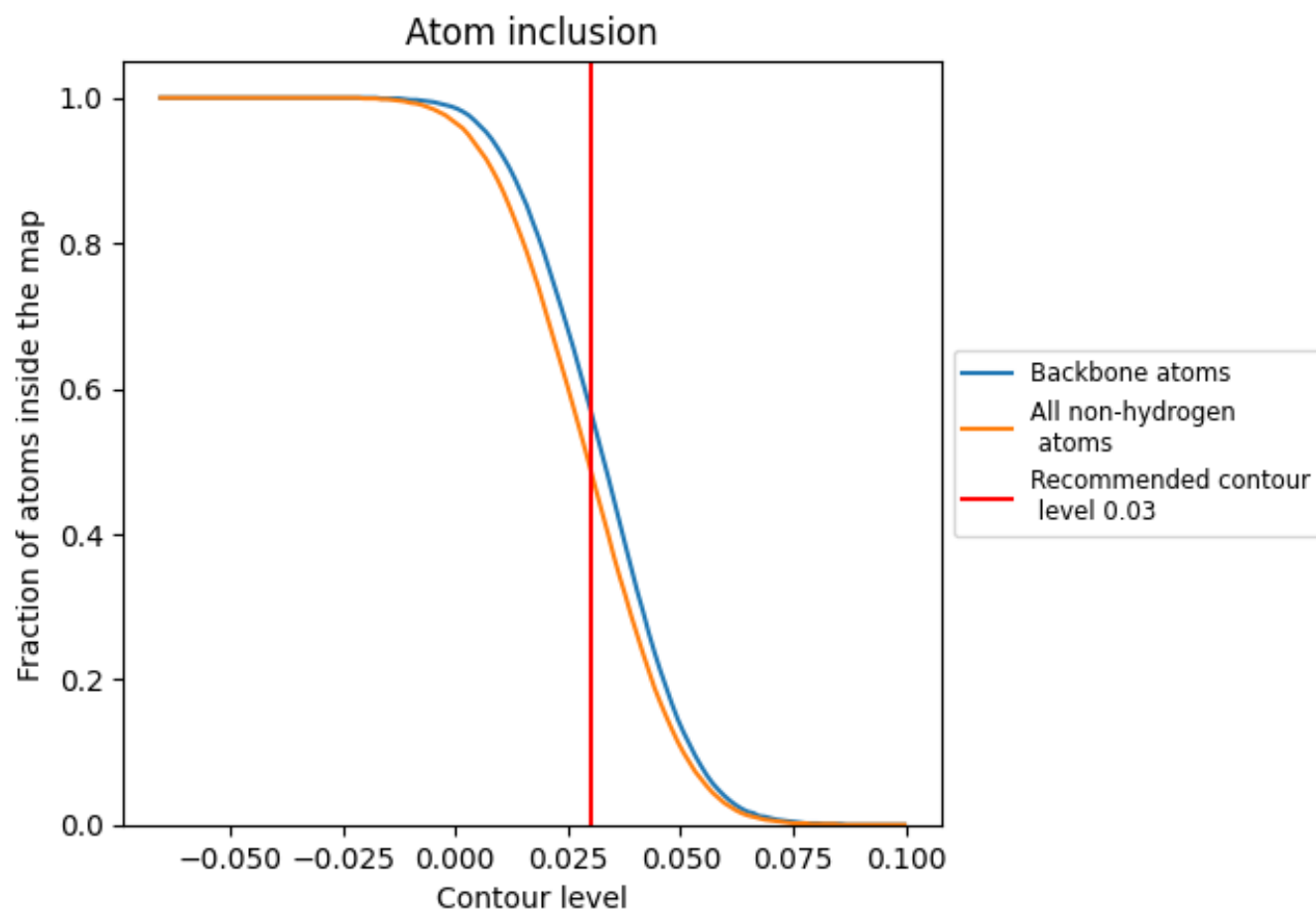


The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)

This section was not generated.

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 57% of all backbone atoms, 49% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.03) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.4890	 0.0880
A	 0.4480	 0.0930
B	 0.4600	 0.0910
C	 0.4750	 0.0840
D	 0.4660	 0.0880
E	 0.5210	 0.0970
F	 0.4910	 0.0900
G	 0.4830	 0.0920
H	 0.3970	 0.0860
I	 0.4800	 0.0890
J	 0.3240	 0.0700
K	 0.4270	 0.0840
L	 0.5120	 0.0790
M	 0.4770	 0.0690
N	 0.5290	 0.0690
O	 0.5750	 0.0660
P	 0.7530	 0.1300
Q	 0.7480	 0.1430
R	 0.0160	 0.0250
S	 0.0940	 0.0410
T	 0.7700	 0.1340
U	 0.7220	 0.1350

