



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 5, 2026 – 06:40 PM UTC

PDB ID : 6NRC / pdb_00006nrc
EMDB ID : EMD-0494
Title : hTRiC-hPFD Class3
Authors : Gestaut, D.; Roh, S.H.; Ma, B.; Pintilie, G.; Joachimiak, L.A.; Leitner, A.; Walzthoeni, T.; Aebersold, R.; Chiu, W.; Frydman, J.
Deposited on : 2019-01-23
Resolution : 8.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDb archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

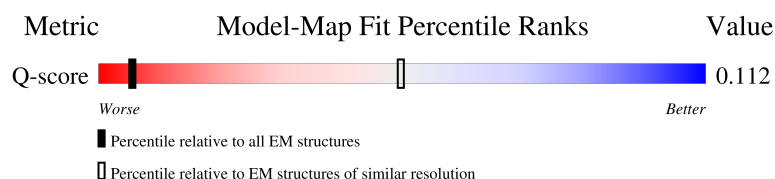
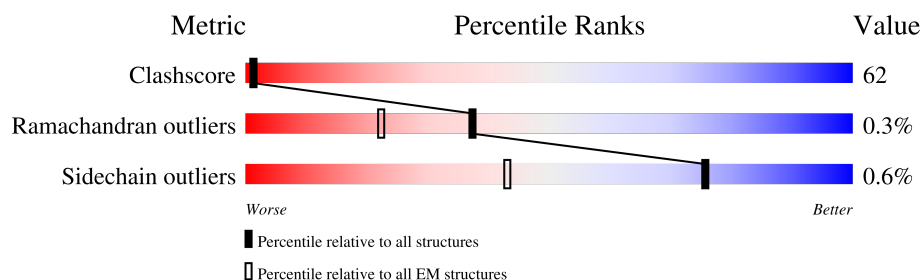
1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 8.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	280 (7.82 - 8.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	1	107	71% 26% 74%
2	2	103	87% 31% 69%
3	3	132	72% 26% 71% .
4	4	104	63% 27% 72% .

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
5	5	127	
6	6	102	
7	A	534	
7	I	534	
8	B	509	
8	J	509	
9	C	513	
9	K	513	
10	D	514	
10	L	514	
11	E	517	
11	M	517	
12	F	515	
12	N	515	
13	G	514	
13	O	514	
14	H	514	
14	P	514	

2 Entry composition

There are 14 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 68284 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Prefoldin subunit 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	1	107	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			874	546	150	173	5		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Prefoldin subunit 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	2	103	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			830	513	151	163	3		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Prefoldin subunit 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	3	132	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1087	690	179	210	8		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Prefoldin subunit 4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	4	104	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			847	523	142	177	5		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Prefoldin subunit 5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	5	127	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1018	647	166	197	8		

- Molecule 6 is a protein called Prefoldin subunit 6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
6	6	102	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			826	511	148	166	1		

- Molecule 7 is a protein called T-complex protein 1 subunit alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	A	521	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3956	2479	691	763	23		
7	I	534	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4056	2540	709	783	24		

- Molecule 8 is a protein called T-complex protein 1 subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
8	B	509	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3829	2392	673	745	19		
8	J	508	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3823	2389	672	743	19		

- Molecule 9 is a protein called T-complex protein 1 subunit gamma.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
9	C	509	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3956	2465	697	764	30		
9	K	513	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3985	2481	703	771	30		

- Molecule 10 is a protein called T-complex protein 1 subunit delta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
10	D	508	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3832	2398	665	746	23		
10	L	513	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3873	2422	674	754	23		

- Molecule 11 is a protein called T-complex protein 1 subunit epsilon.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
11	E	517	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3974	2483	692	769	30		
11	M	517	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3974	2483	692	769	30		

- Molecule 12 is a protein called T-complex protein 1 subunit zeta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
12	F	514	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3945	2478	690	757	20		
12	N	513	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3940	2476	689	755	20		

- Molecule 13 is a protein called T-complex protein 1 subunit eta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
13	G	512	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3936	2485	682	746	23		
13	O	514	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3947	2490	684	750	23		

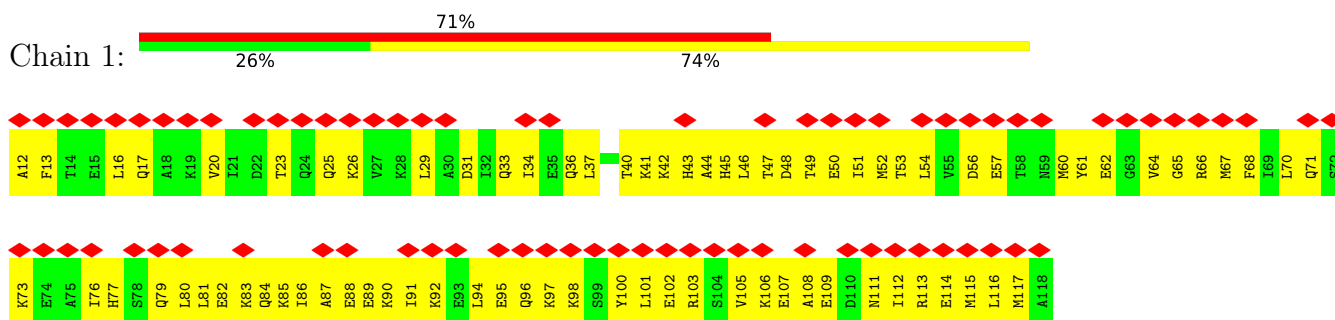
- Molecule 14 is a protein called T-complex protein 1 subunit theta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
14	H	510	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3892	2451	661	754	26		
14	P	509	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3884	2447	659	752	26		

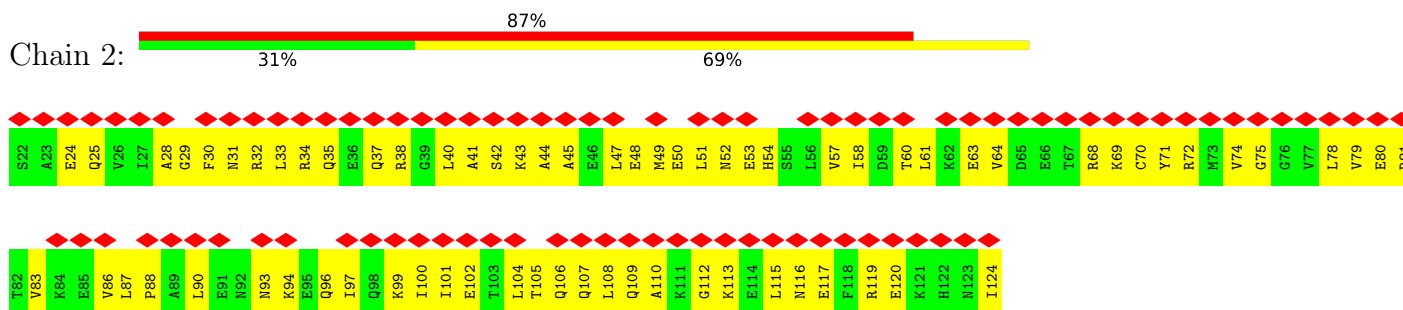
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

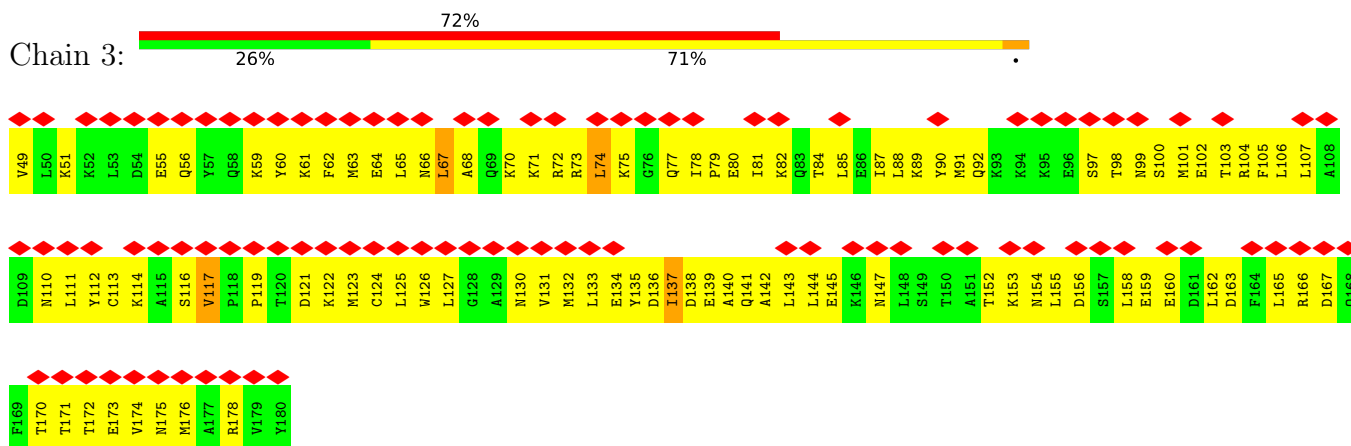
• Molecule 1: Prefoldin subunit 1



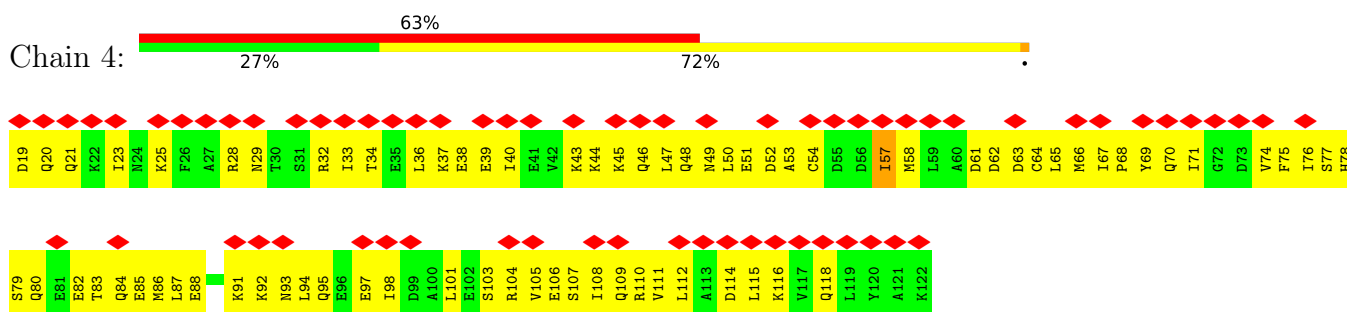
• Molecule 2: Prefoldin subunit 2



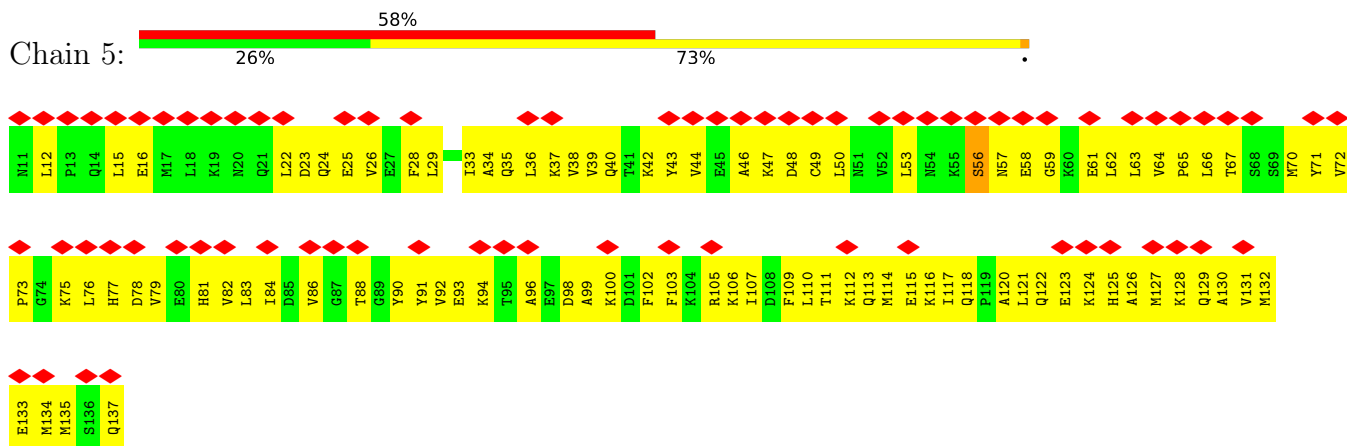
• Molecule 3: Prefoldin subunit 3



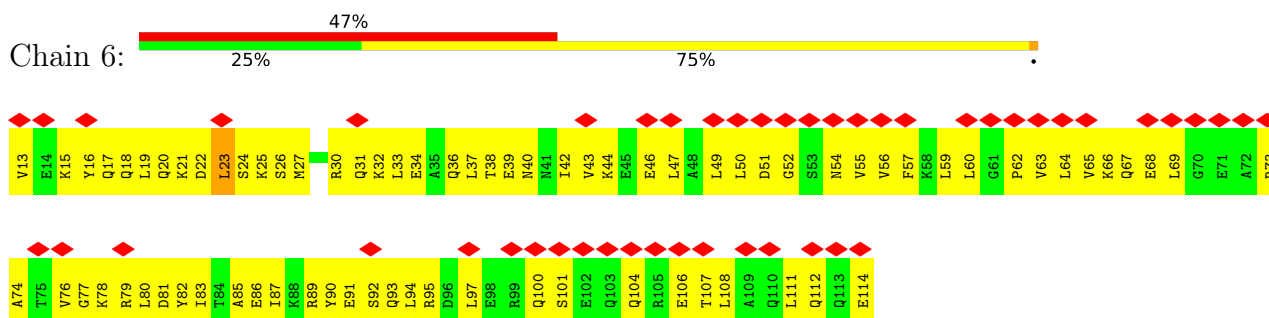
• Molecule 4: Prefoldin subunit 4



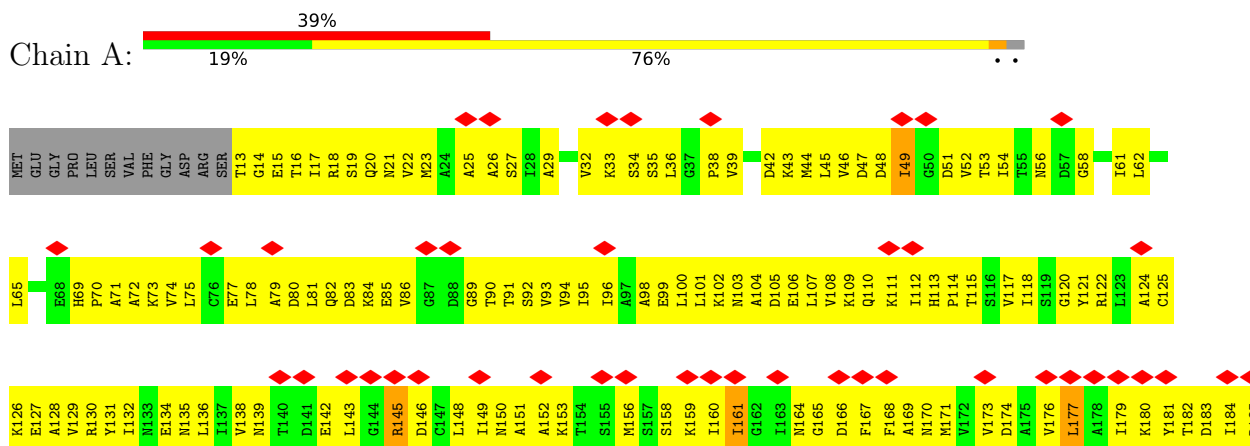
• Molecule 5: Prefoldin subunit 5

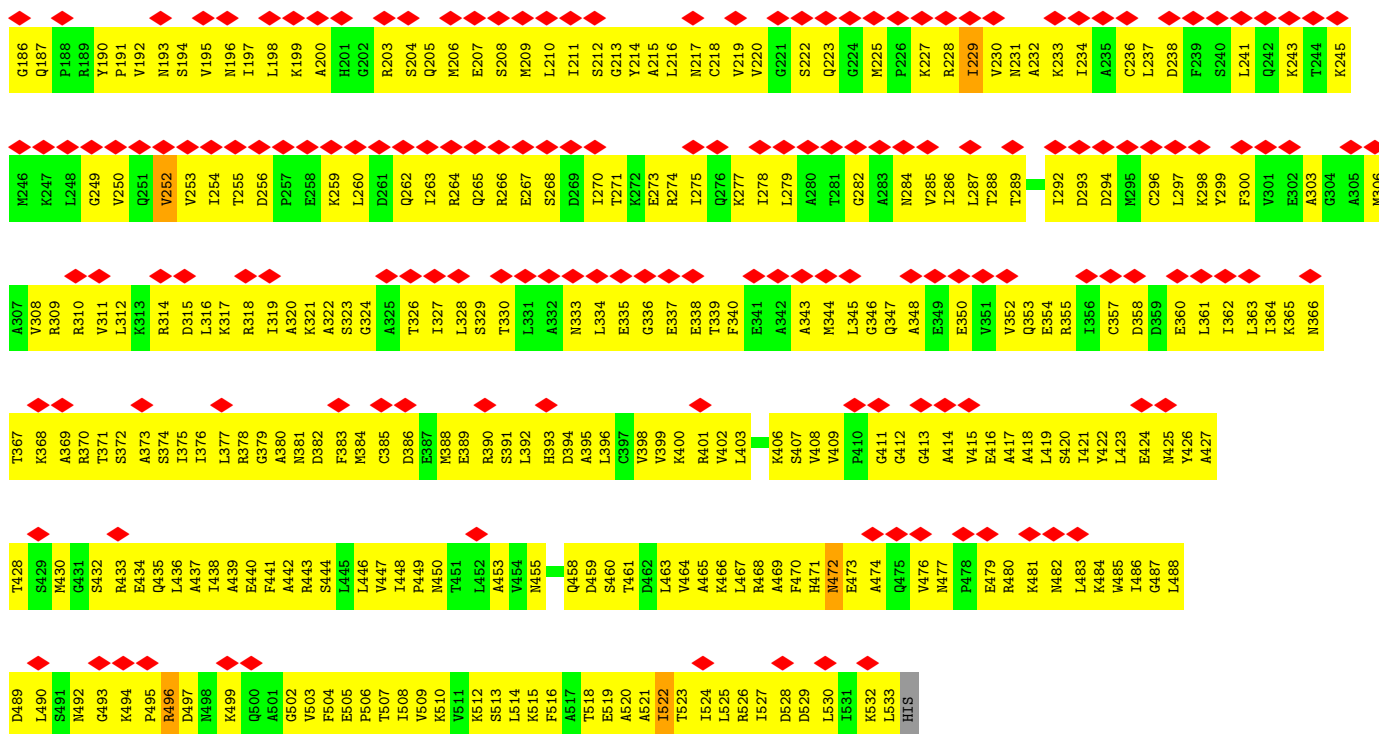


• Molecule 6: Prefoldin subunit 6



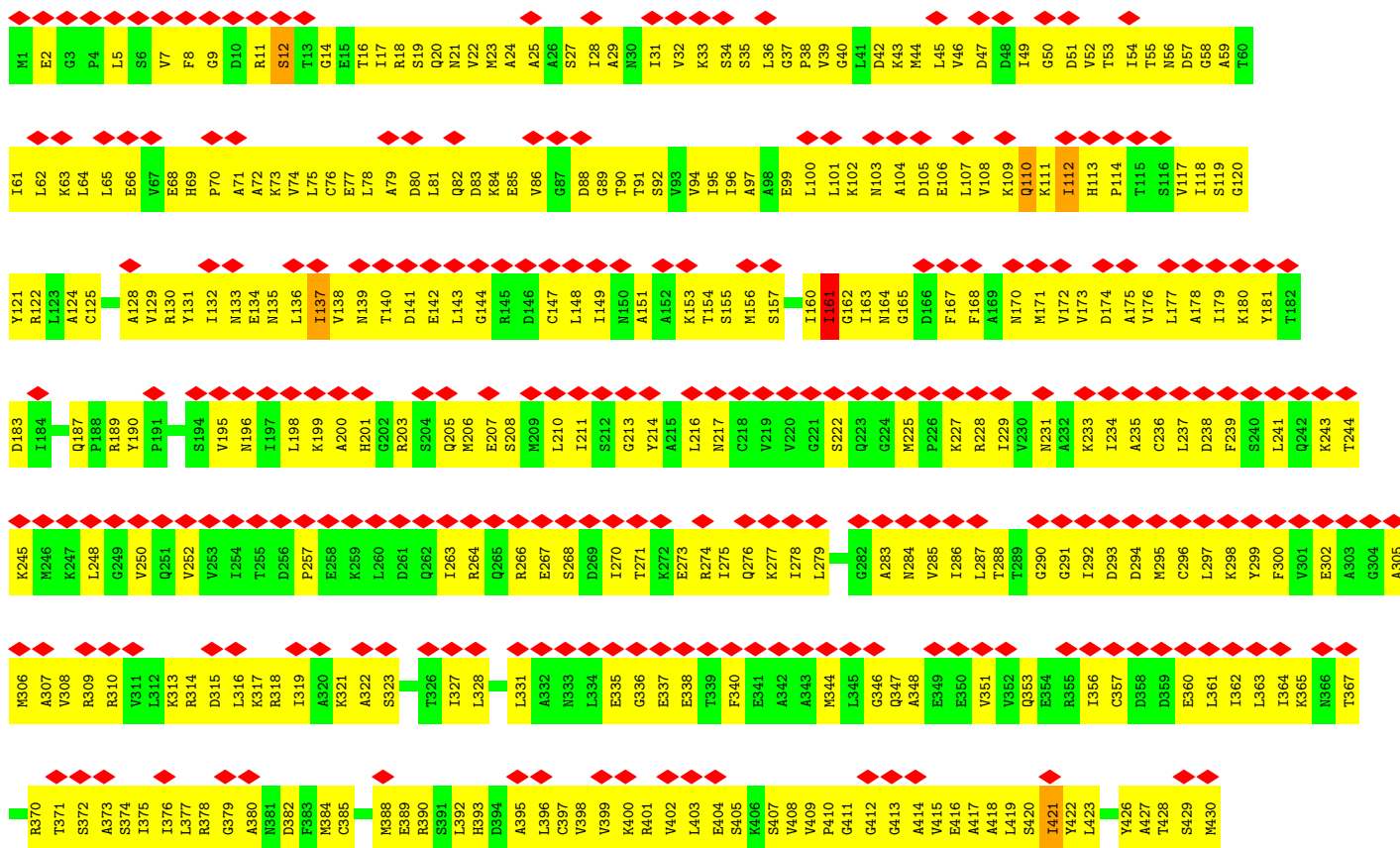
• Molecule 7: T-complex protein 1 subunit alpha

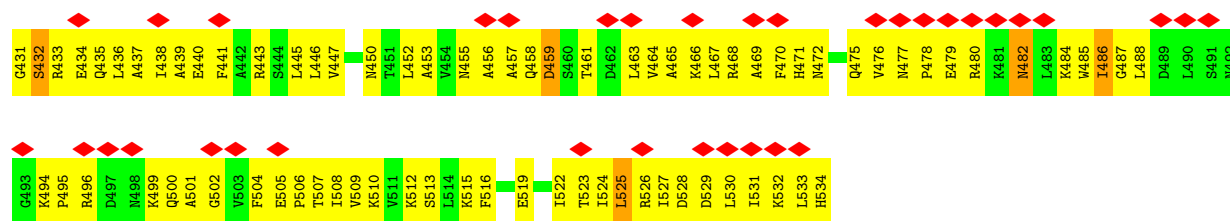




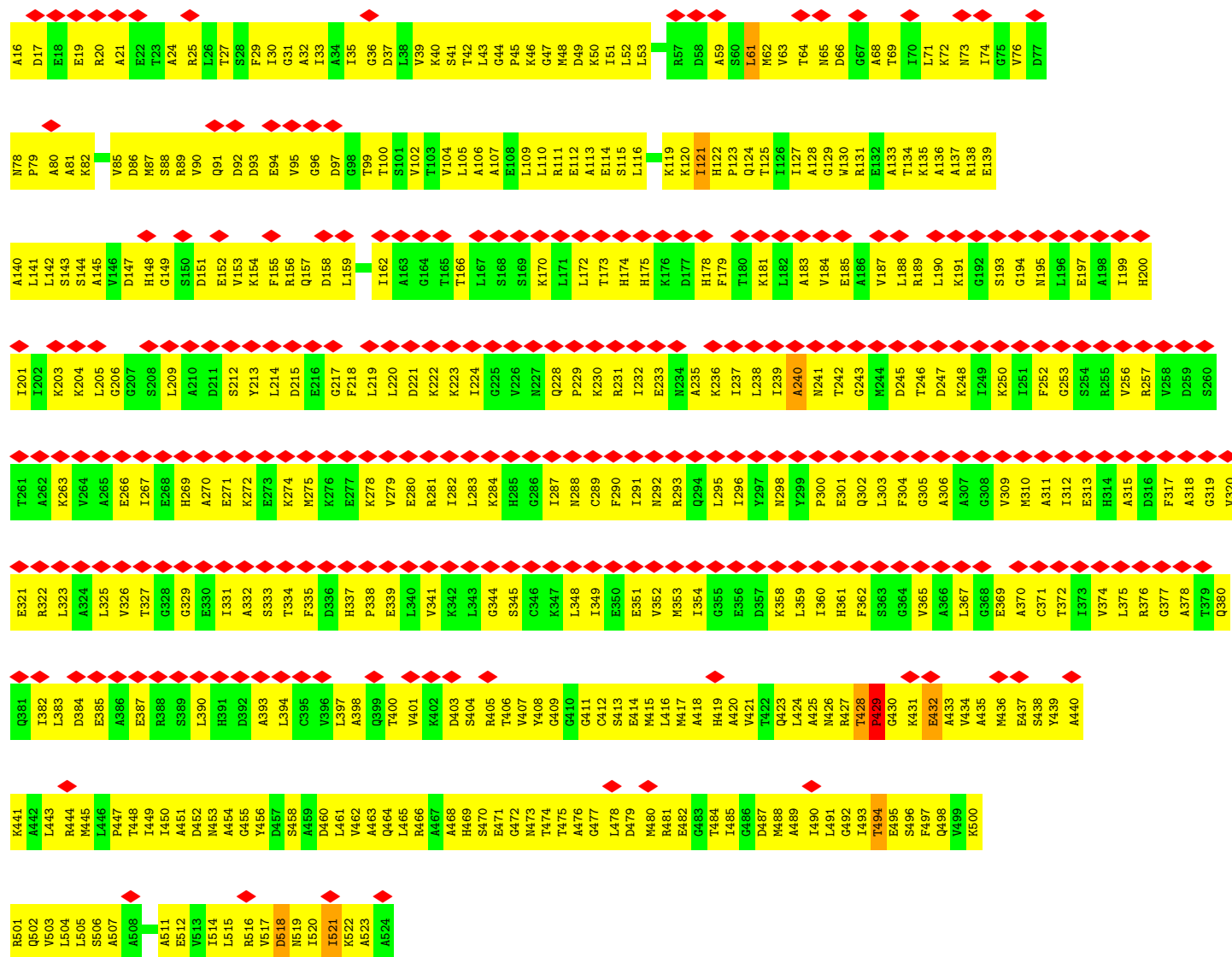
● Molecule 7: T-complex protein 1 subunit alpha

Chain I: 26% 54% 72%





• Molecule 8: T-complex protein 1 subunit beta

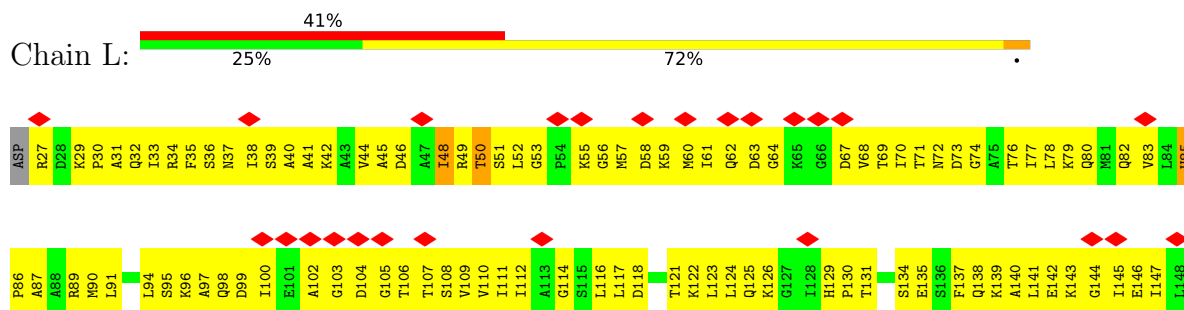


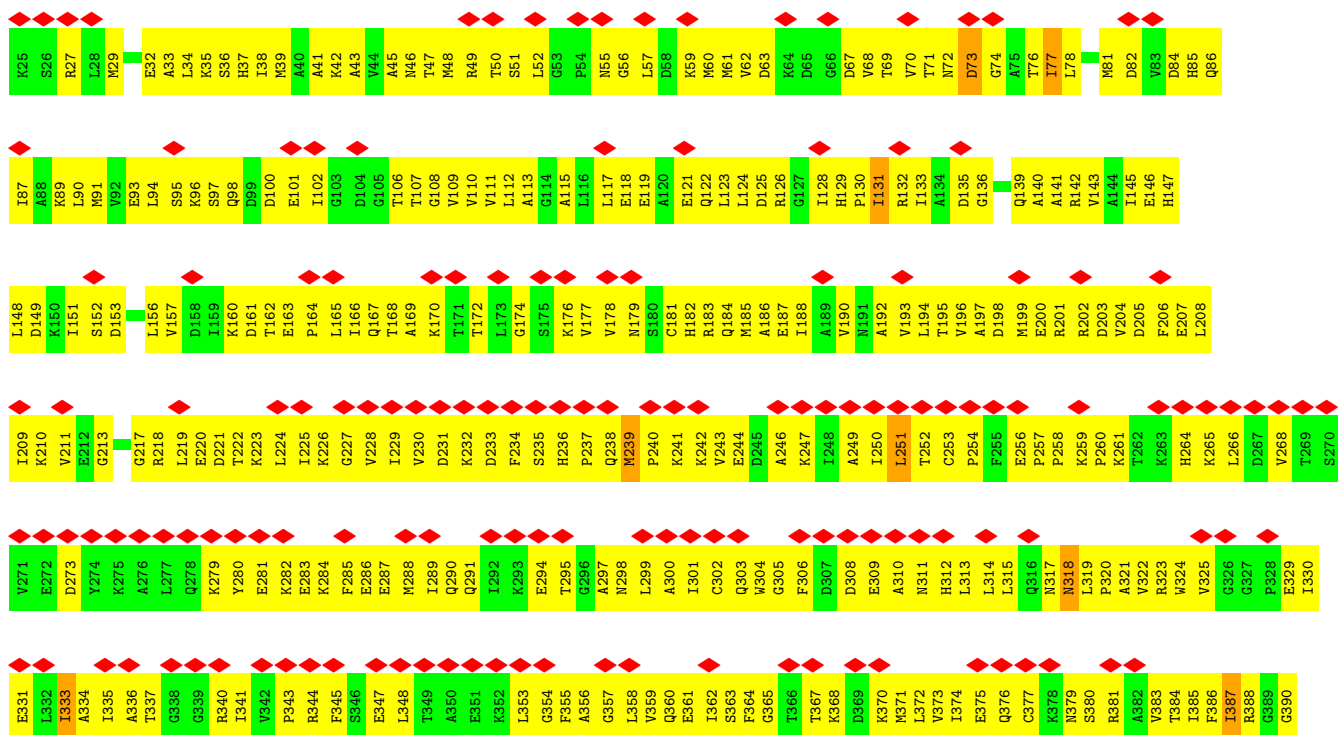
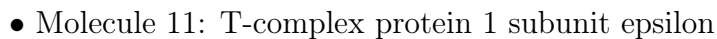


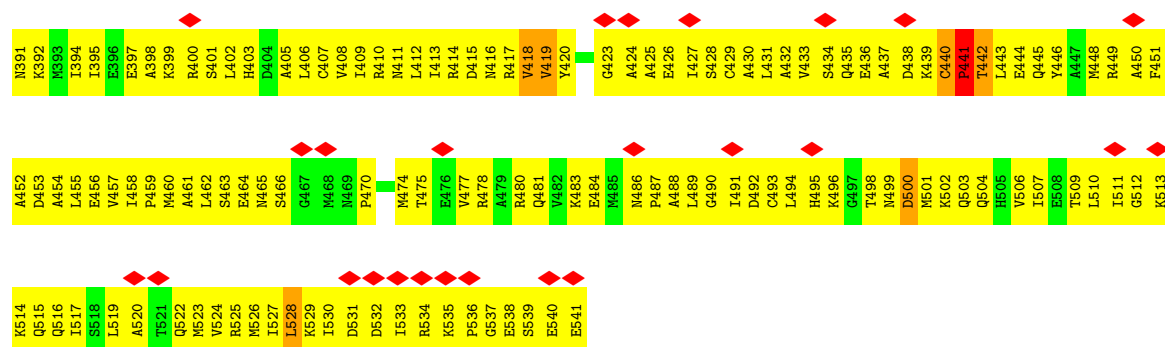
• Molecule 10: T-complex protein 1 subunit delta



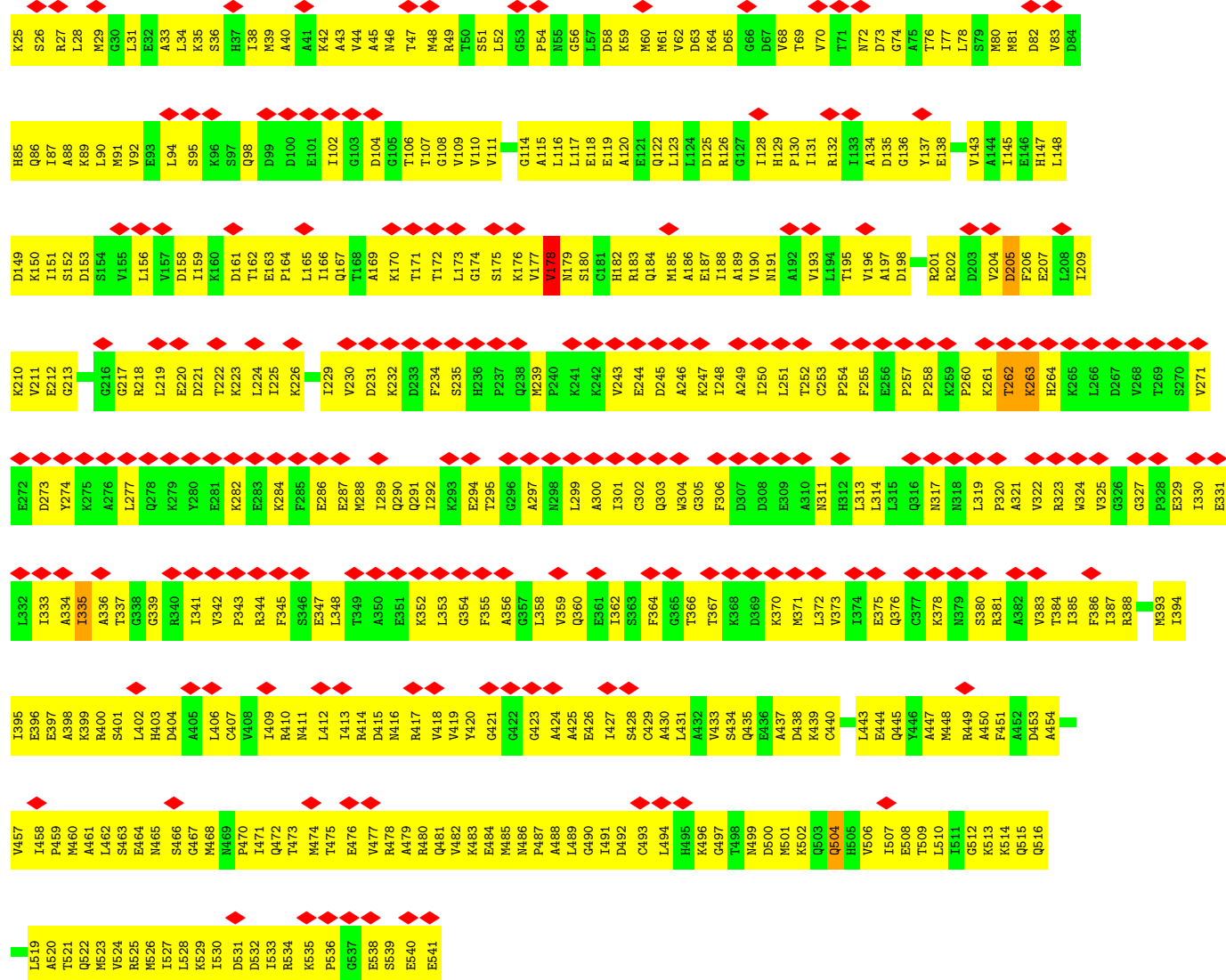
• Molecule 10: T-complex protein 1 subunit delta





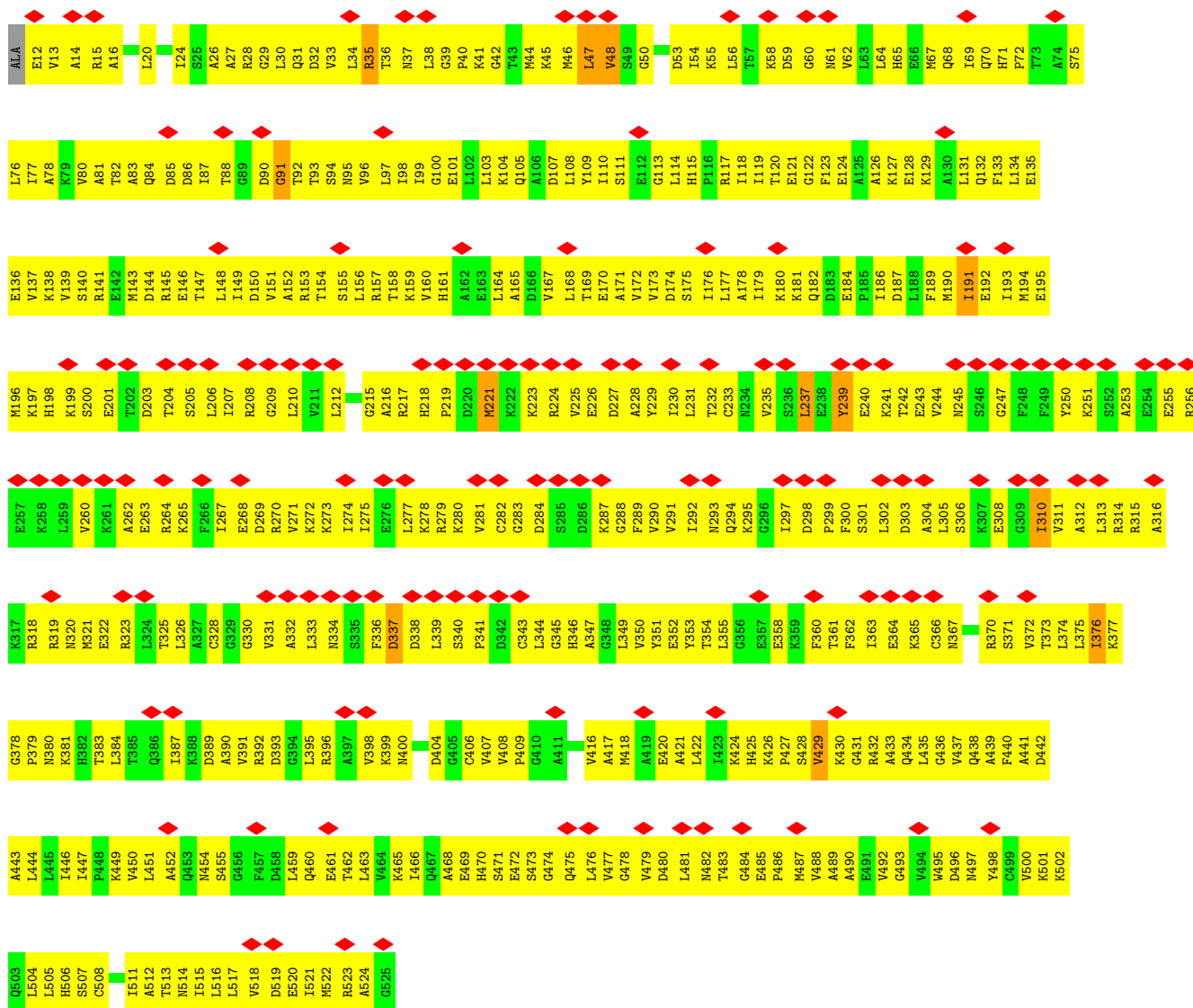


• Molecule 11: T-complex protein 1 subunit epsilon

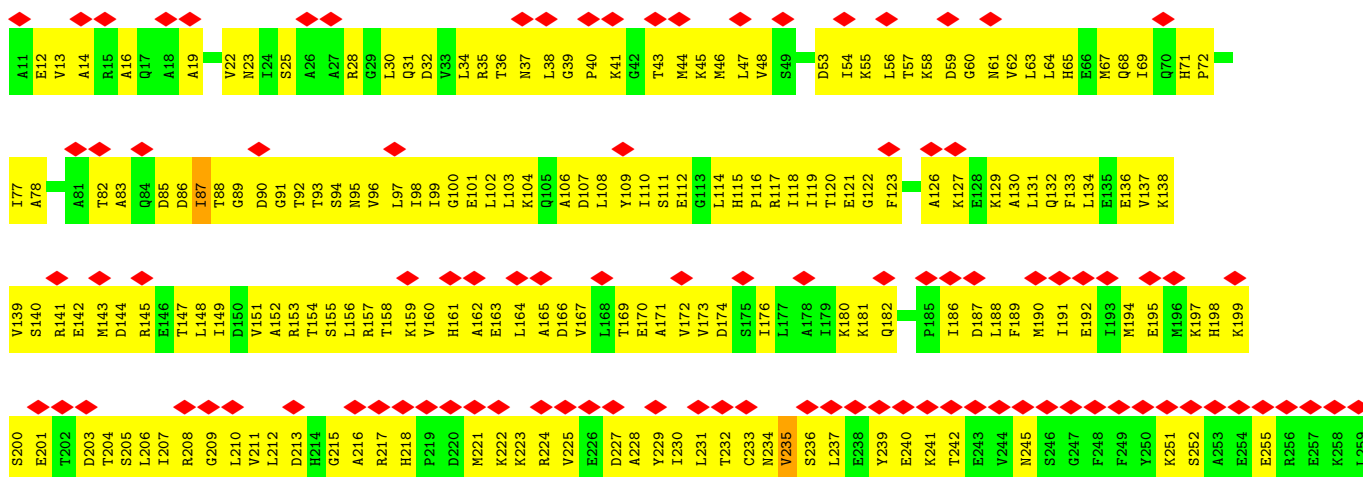


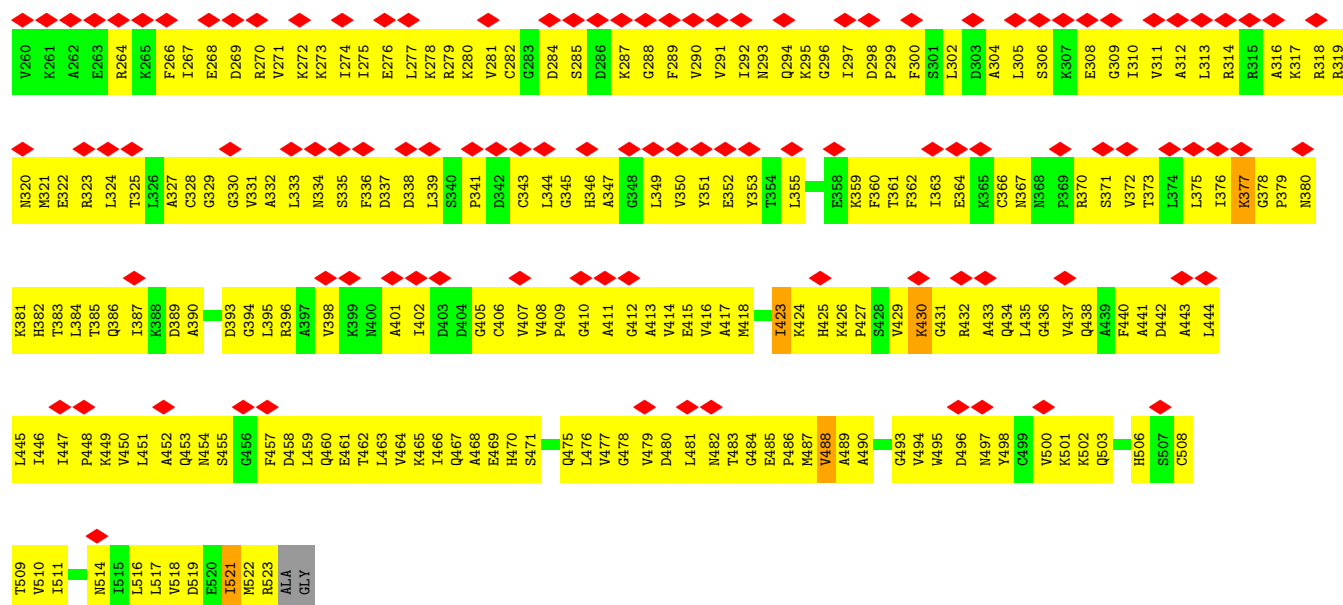
• Molecule 12: T-complex protein 1 subunit zeta



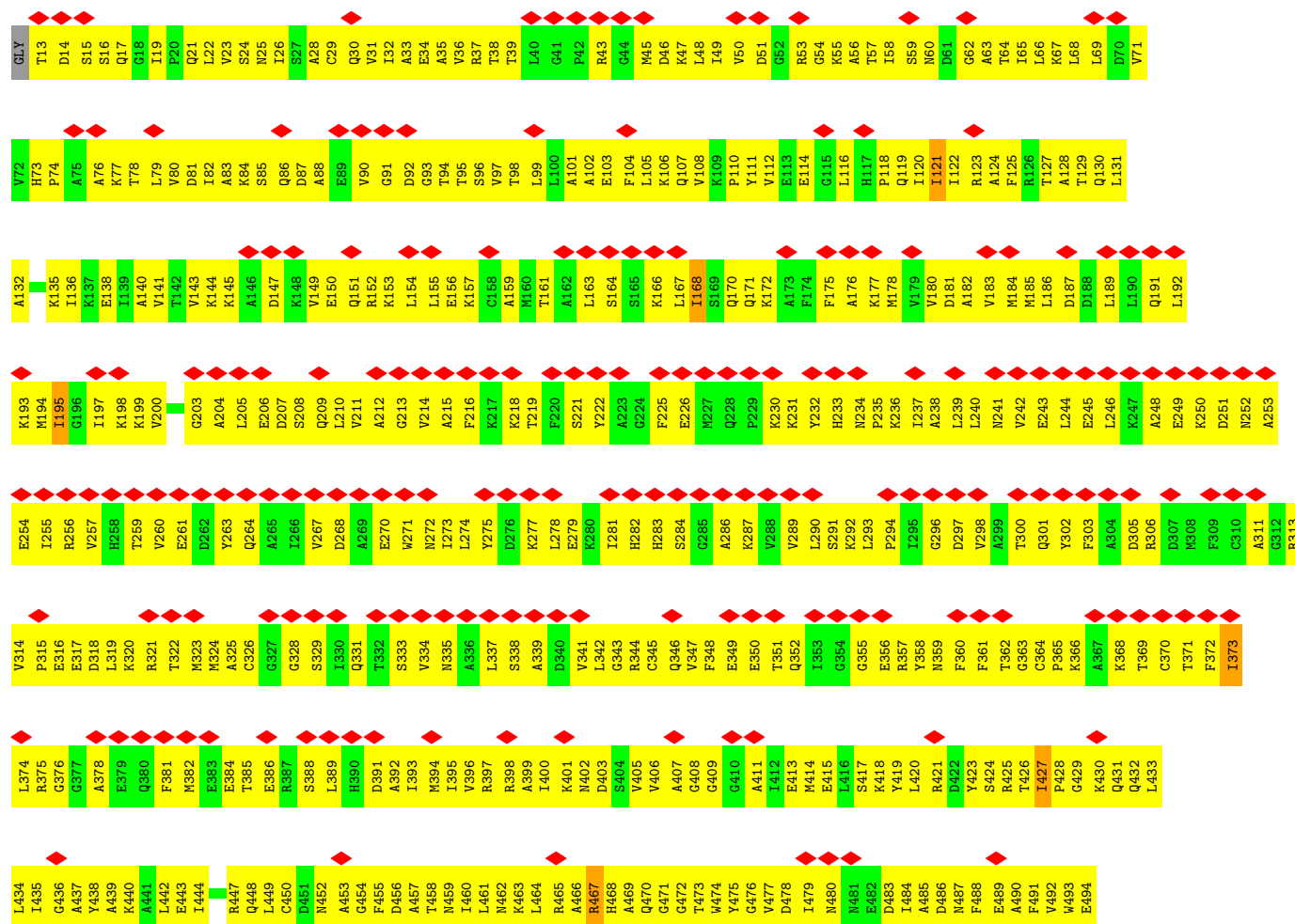


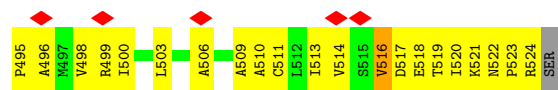
• Molecule 12: T-complex protein 1 subunit zeta



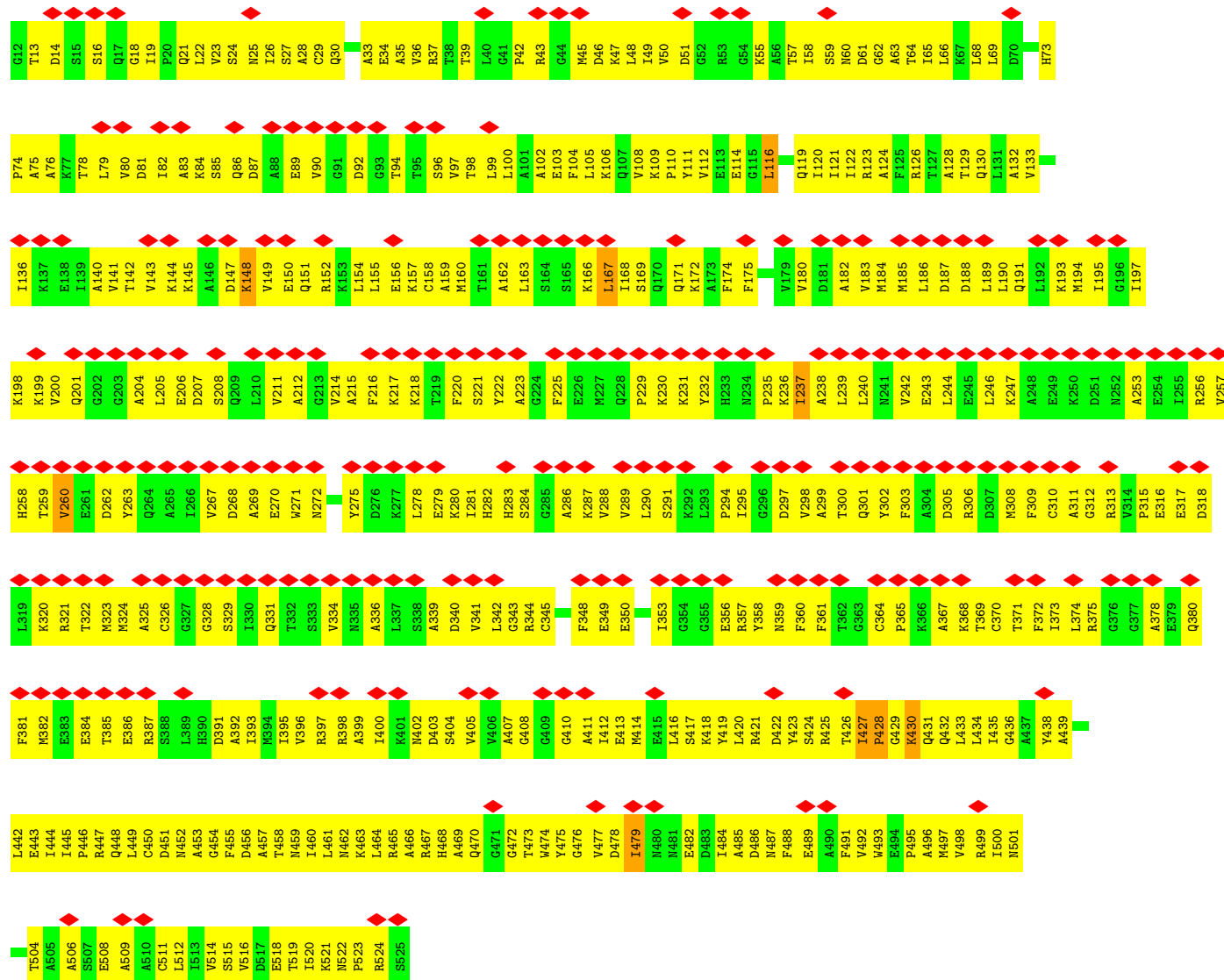


• Molecule 13: T-complex protein 1 subunit eta

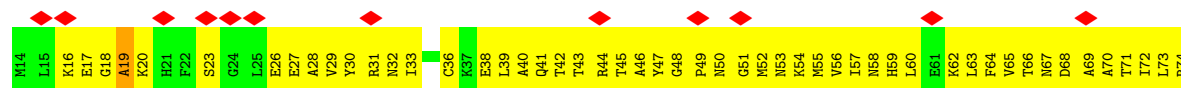


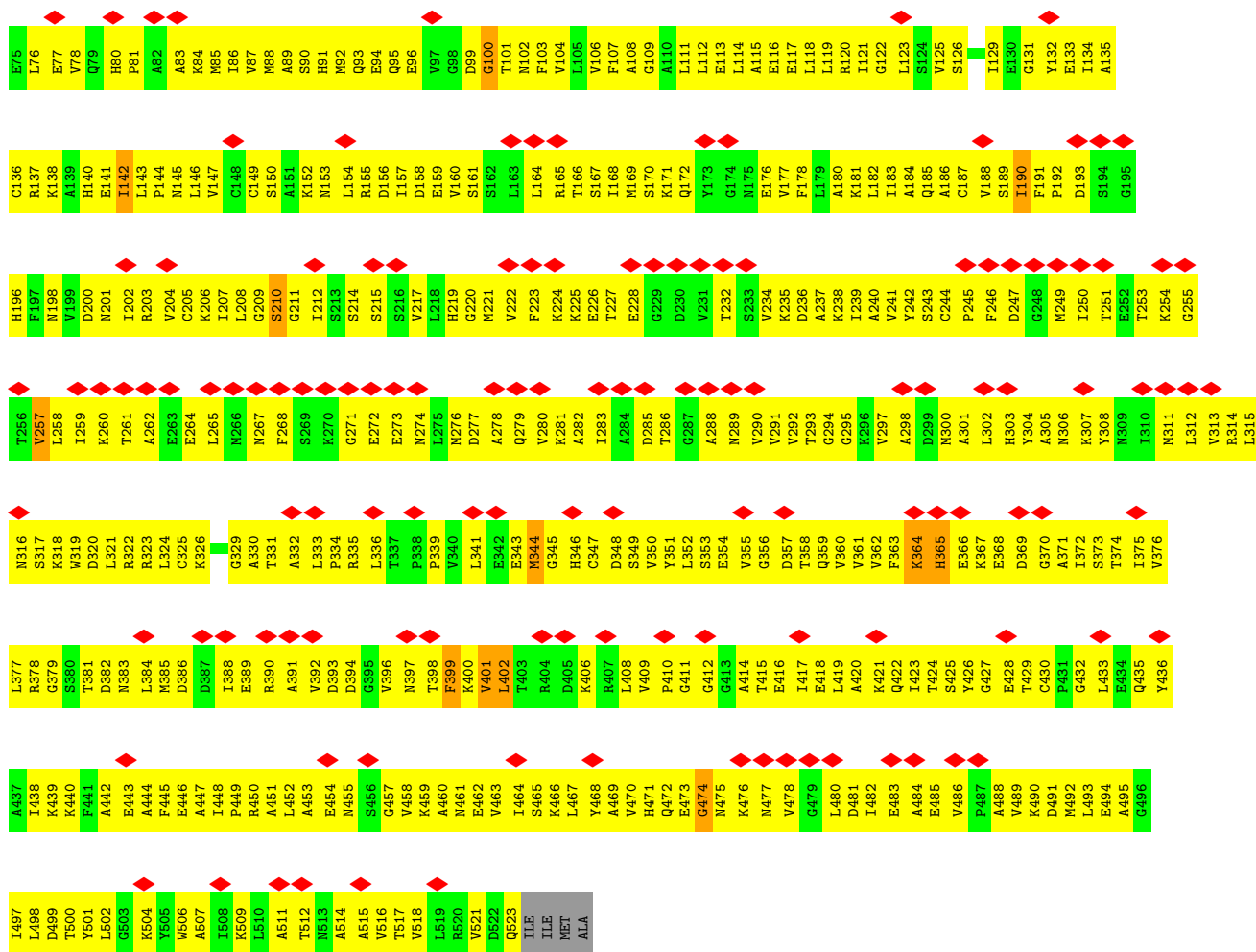


• Molecule 13: T-complex protein 1 subunit eta

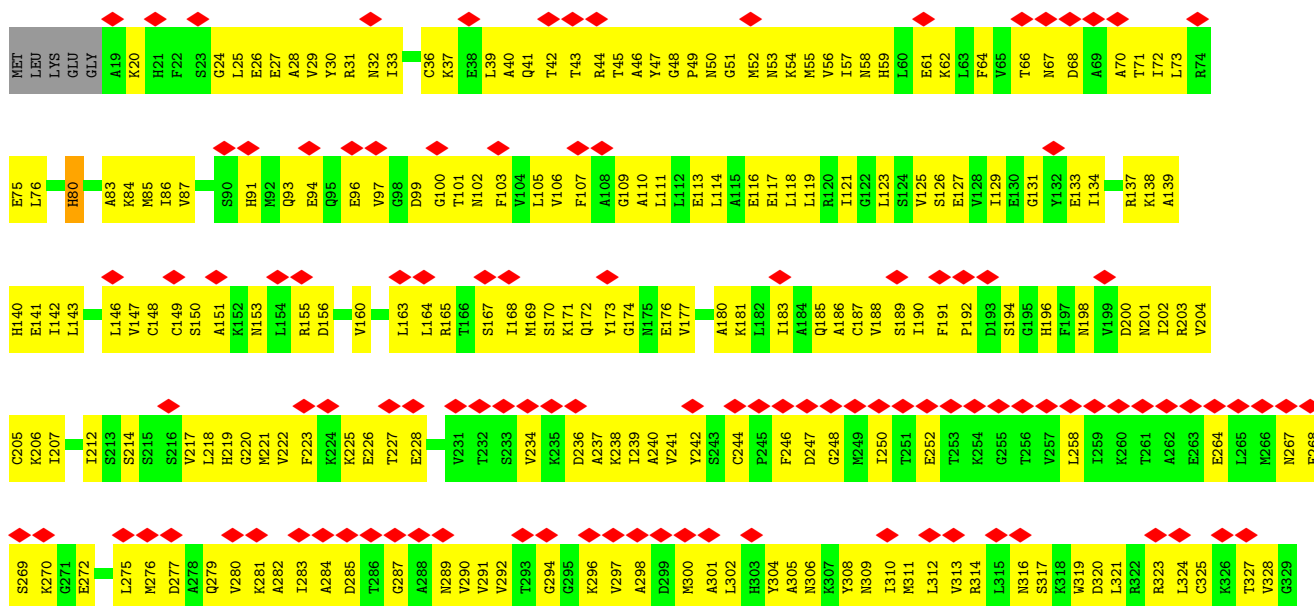


• Molecule 14: T-complex protein 1 subunit theta





• Molecule 14: T-complex protein 1 subunit theta





4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	9580	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	JEOL 3200FSC	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	1	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	2.282	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.987	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.148	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.7	Depositor
Map size (Å)	408.0, 408.0, 408.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	240, 240, 240	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.7, 1.7, 1.7	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	1	0.26	0/880	0.58	0/1173
2	2	0.20	0/835	0.48	0/1116
3	3	0.31	0/1101	0.71	2/1476 (0.1%)
4	4	0.24	0/852	0.58	0/1140
5	5	0.27	0/1032	0.57	0/1385
6	6	0.29	0/830	0.60	0/1109
7	A	0.35	0/3992	0.74	3/5389 (0.1%)
7	I	0.29	0/4095	0.69	7/5526 (0.1%)
8	B	0.29	0/3869	0.67	2/5214 (0.0%)
8	J	0.25	0/3863	0.61	2/5207 (0.0%)
9	C	0.35	0/4000	0.75	7/5397 (0.1%)
9	K	0.30	0/4029	0.70	3/5434 (0.1%)
10	D	0.33	0/3863	0.68	1/5214 (0.0%)
10	L	0.29	0/3904	0.73	7/5269 (0.1%)
11	E	0.36	0/4020	0.76	4/5414 (0.1%)
11	M	0.30	0/4020	0.64	1/5414 (0.0%)
12	F	0.33	0/3991	0.71	2/5379 (0.0%)
12	N	0.29	0/3986	0.65	2/5374 (0.0%)
13	G	0.32	0/3991	0.71	0/5386
13	O	0.29	0/3999	0.68	7/5390 (0.1%)
14	H	0.35	0/3945	0.80	11/5331 (0.2%)
14	P	0.29	0/3937	0.68	5/5321 (0.1%)
All	All	0.31	0/69034	0.70	66/93058 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
3	3	0	1
5	5	0	1
7	A	0	5

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Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
7	I	0	4
8	B	0	6
8	J	0	1
9	C	0	7
9	K	0	5
10	D	0	2
10	L	0	7
11	E	0	7
11	M	0	5
12	F	0	8
12	N	0	2
13	G	0	5
13	O	0	4
14	H	0	4
14	P	0	4
All	All	0	78

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 66 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
14	H	401	VAL	N-CA-C	-12.81	101.52	111.90
7	I	112	ILE	N-CA-C	-11.09	100.11	110.53
14	H	100	GLY	N-CA-C	-9.98	102.81	114.69
10	L	470	GLY	N-CA-C	8.86	126.07	111.27
8	B	492	GLY	N-CA-C	-8.10	104.17	114.37

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 78 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
3	3	117	VAL	Peptide
5	5	56	SER	Peptide
7	A	145	ARG	Peptide
7	A	38	PRO	Peptide
7	A	48	ASP	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen

atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	1	874	0	902	106	0
2	2	830	0	852	74	0
3	3	1087	0	1114	166	0
4	4	847	0	845	107	0
5	5	1018	0	1042	156	0
6	6	826	0	850	130	0
7	A	3956	0	4124	632	0
7	I	4056	0	4218	507	0
8	B	3829	0	3932	497	0
8	J	3823	0	3927	407	0
9	C	3956	0	4079	580	0
9	K	3985	0	4108	514	0
10	D	3832	0	4042	590	0
10	L	3873	0	4086	497	0
11	E	3974	0	4084	662	0
11	M	3974	0	4084	489	0
12	F	3945	0	4071	540	0
12	N	3940	0	4068	490	0
13	G	3936	0	4029	579	0
13	O	3947	0	4034	517	0
14	H	3892	0	3949	550	0
14	P	3884	0	3943	428	0
All	All	68284	0	70383	8552	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 62.

The worst 5 of 8552 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:3:111:LEU:HD11	5:5:82:VAL:HB	1.35	1.08
11:E:258:PRO:HA	11:E:323:ARG:HH22	1.23	1.03
10:L:247:GLY:HA2	10:L:356:LEU:HD22	1.40	1.02
8:B:433:ALA:HA	8:B:436:MET:HB2	1.41	1.02
8:B:42:THR:HB	8:B:65:ASN:HA	1.42	1.02

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	1	105/107 (98%)	97 (92%)	8 (8%)	0	100	100
2	2	101/103 (98%)	93 (92%)	8 (8%)	0	100	100
3	3	130/132 (98%)	111 (85%)	18 (14%)	1 (1%)	16	54
4	4	102/104 (98%)	97 (95%)	5 (5%)	0	100	100
5	5	125/127 (98%)	114 (91%)	11 (9%)	0	100	100
6	6	100/102 (98%)	91 (91%)	8 (8%)	1 (1%)	12	49
7	A	519/534 (97%)	433 (83%)	84 (16%)	2 (0%)	30	67
7	I	532/534 (100%)	480 (90%)	52 (10%)	0	100	100
8	B	507/509 (100%)	446 (88%)	59 (12%)	2 (0%)	30	67
8	J	506/509 (99%)	461 (91%)	43 (8%)	2 (0%)	30	67
9	C	507/513 (99%)	448 (88%)	58 (11%)	1 (0%)	43	78
9	K	511/513 (100%)	461 (90%)	49 (10%)	1 (0%)	43	78
10	D	506/514 (98%)	443 (88%)	62 (12%)	1 (0%)	43	78
10	L	511/514 (99%)	453 (89%)	56 (11%)	2 (0%)	30	67
11	E	515/517 (100%)	454 (88%)	58 (11%)	3 (1%)	21	59
11	M	515/517 (100%)	465 (90%)	47 (9%)	3 (1%)	21	59
12	F	512/515 (99%)	448 (88%)	63 (12%)	1 (0%)	43	78
12	N	511/515 (99%)	460 (90%)	48 (9%)	3 (1%)	21	59
13	G	510/514 (99%)	454 (89%)	54 (11%)	2 (0%)	30	67
13	O	508/514 (99%)	470 (92%)	37 (7%)	1 (0%)	43	78
14	H	508/514 (99%)	435 (86%)	72 (14%)	1 (0%)	43	78
14	P	507/514 (99%)	456 (90%)	48 (10%)	3 (1%)	21	59
All	All	8848/8935 (99%)	7870 (89%)	948 (11%)	30 (0%)	37	72

5 of 30 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	3	137	ILE
11	E	441	PRO
8	J	226	VAL
11	M	263	LYS
8	B	432	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	1	97/97 (100%)	97 (100%)	0	100	100
2	2	91/91 (100%)	91 (100%)	0	100	100
3	3	122/122 (100%)	122 (100%)	0	100	100
4	4	96/96 (100%)	95 (99%)	1 (1%)	68	78
5	5	116/116 (100%)	116 (100%)	0	100	100
6	6	91/91 (100%)	91 (100%)	0	100	100
7	A	434/445 (98%)	431 (99%)	3 (1%)	76	81
7	I	445/445 (100%)	443 (100%)	2 (0%)	84	84
8	B	405/405 (100%)	402 (99%)	3 (1%)	76	81
8	J	405/405 (100%)	404 (100%)	1 (0%)	87	87
9	C	441/444 (99%)	438 (99%)	3 (1%)	76	81
9	K	444/444 (100%)	440 (99%)	4 (1%)	70	79
10	D	433/439 (99%)	429 (99%)	4 (1%)	70	79
10	L	438/439 (100%)	433 (99%)	5 (1%)	65	76
11	E	436/436 (100%)	430 (99%)	6 (1%)	59	72
11	M	436/436 (100%)	435 (100%)	1 (0%)	87	87
12	F	429/429 (100%)	428 (100%)	1 (0%)	87	87
12	N	429/429 (100%)	427 (100%)	2 (0%)	81	83
13	G	420/421 (100%)	418 (100%)	2 (0%)	81	83
13	O	421/421 (100%)	419 (100%)	2 (0%)	81	83

Continued on next page...

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
14	H	423/426 (99%)	421 (100%)	2 (0%)	81	83
14	P	422/426 (99%)	419 (99%)	3 (1%)	76	81
All	All	7474/7503 (100%)	7429 (99%)	45 (1%)	76	83

5 of 45 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
9	K	296	ILE
10	L	500	ILE
9	K	323	ILE
10	L	328	ILE
11	M	335	ILE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 190 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
7	I	482	ASN
10	L	347	HIS
8	J	148	HIS
9	K	111	HIS
11	M	191	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
13	O	3

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	O	256:ARG	C	257:VAL	N	7.80
1	O	258:HIS	C	259:THR	N	3.53
1	O	257:VAL	C	258:HIS	N	3.02

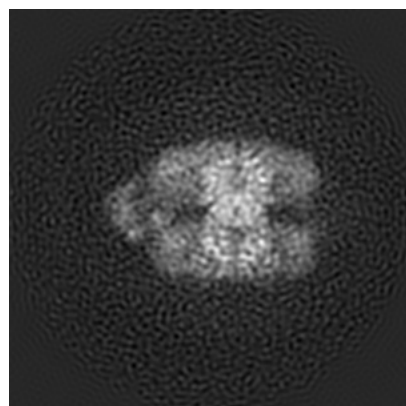
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-0494. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

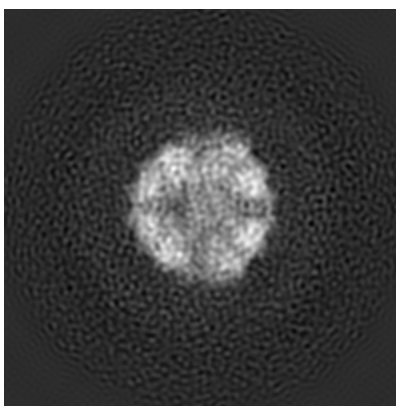
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

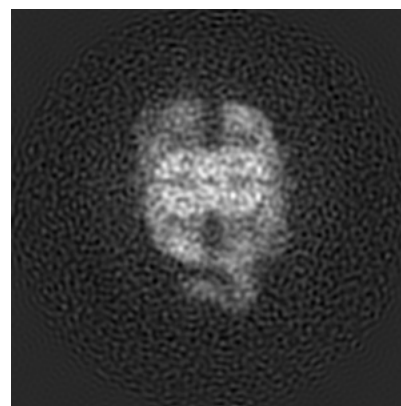
6.1.1 Primary map



X

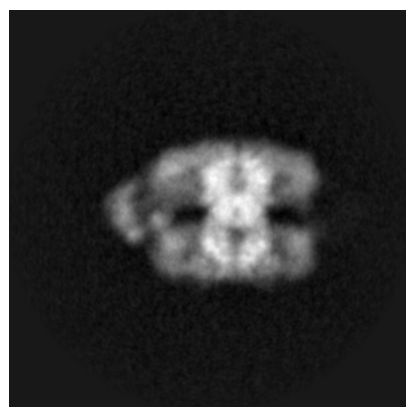


Y

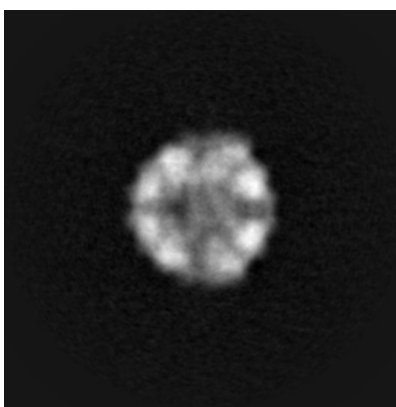


Z

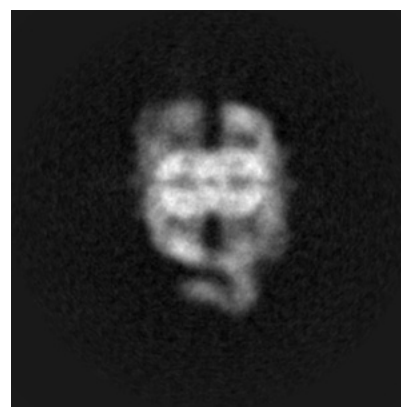
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

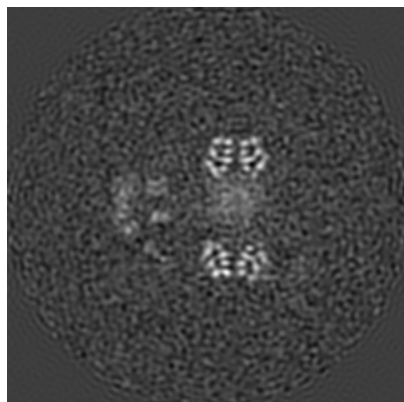


Z

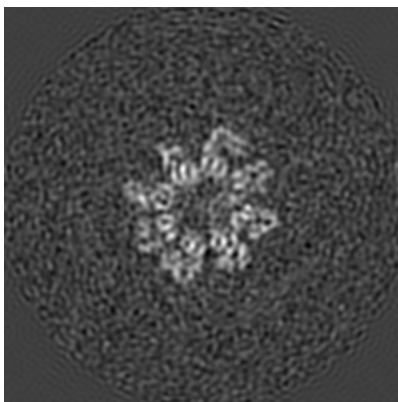
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

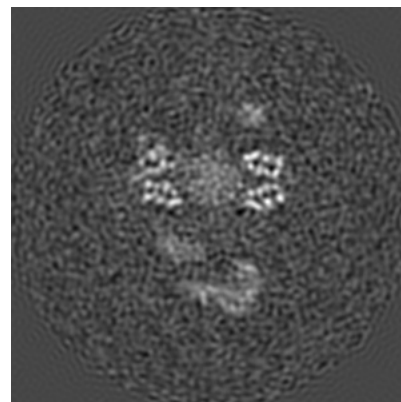
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 120

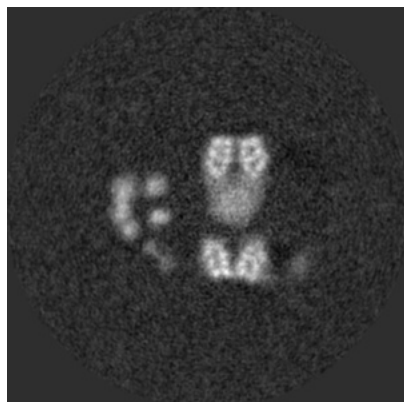


Y Index: 120

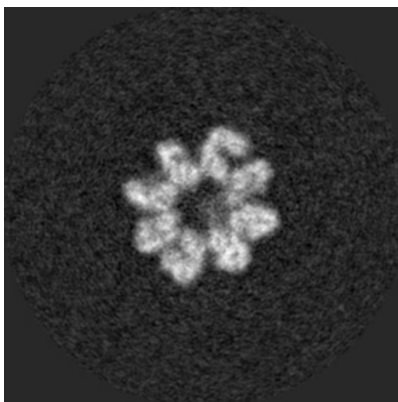


Z Index: 120

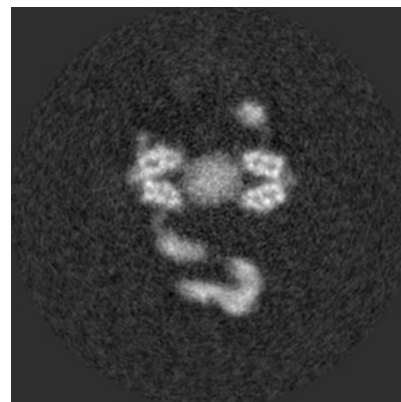
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 120



Y Index: 120

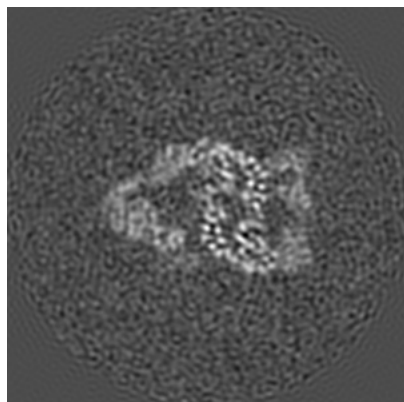


Z Index: 120

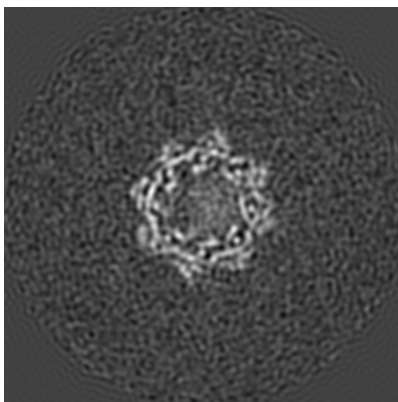
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

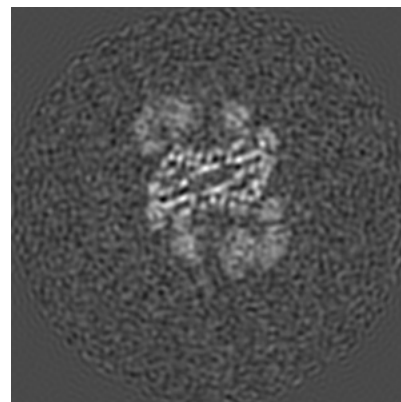
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 141

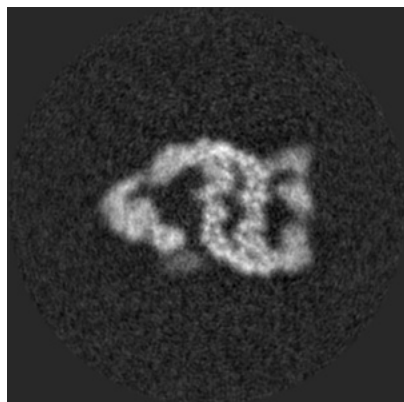


Y Index: 129

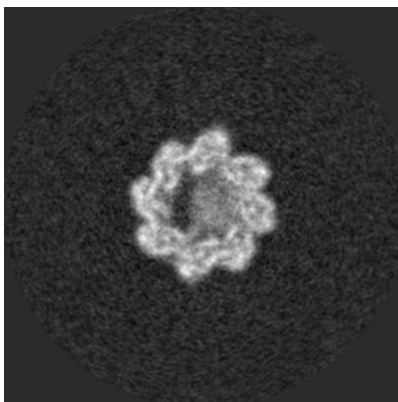


Z Index: 142

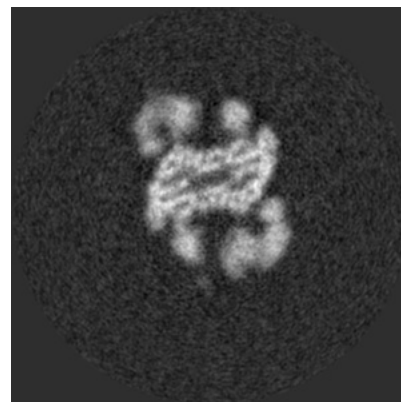
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 141



Y Index: 128

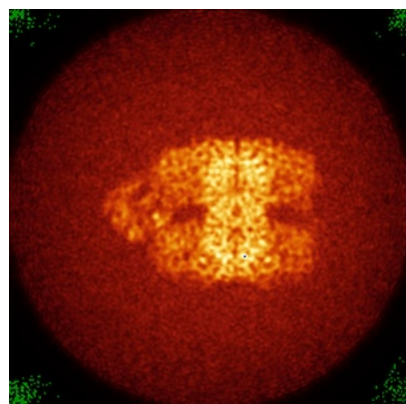


Z Index: 142

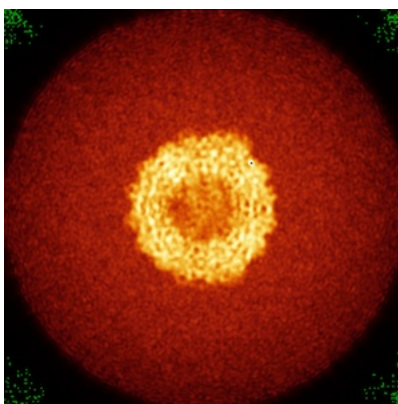
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

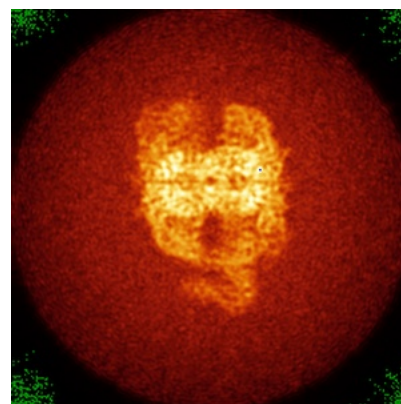
6.4.1 Primary map



X

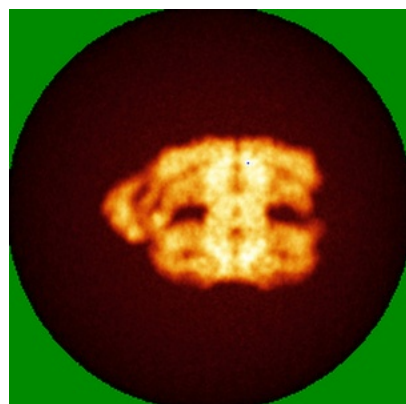


Y

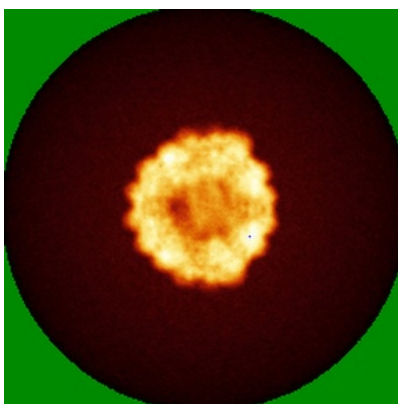


Z

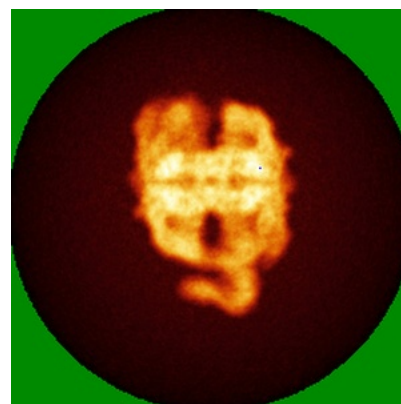
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

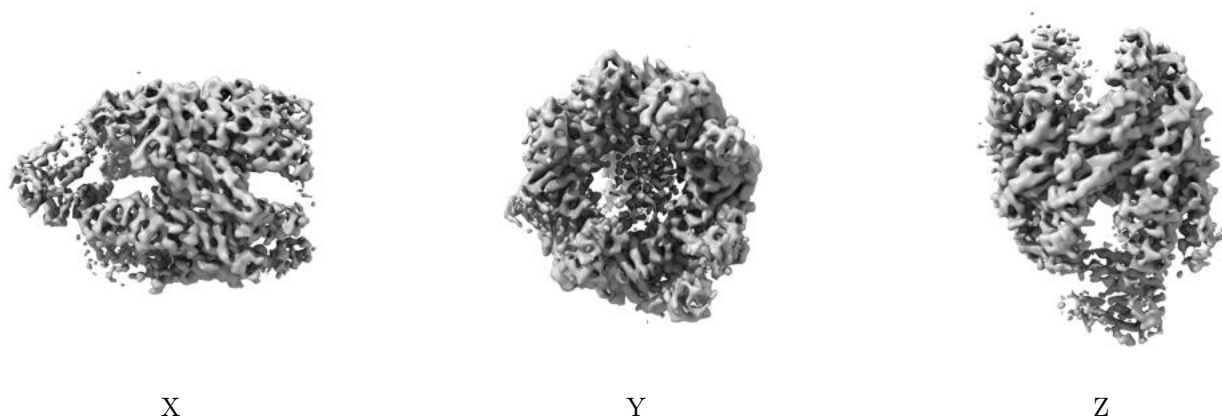


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

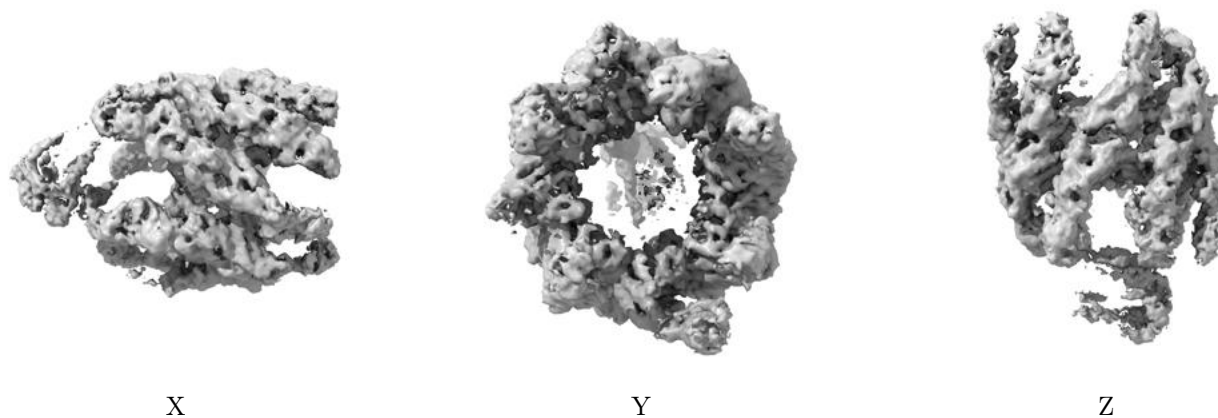
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.7. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

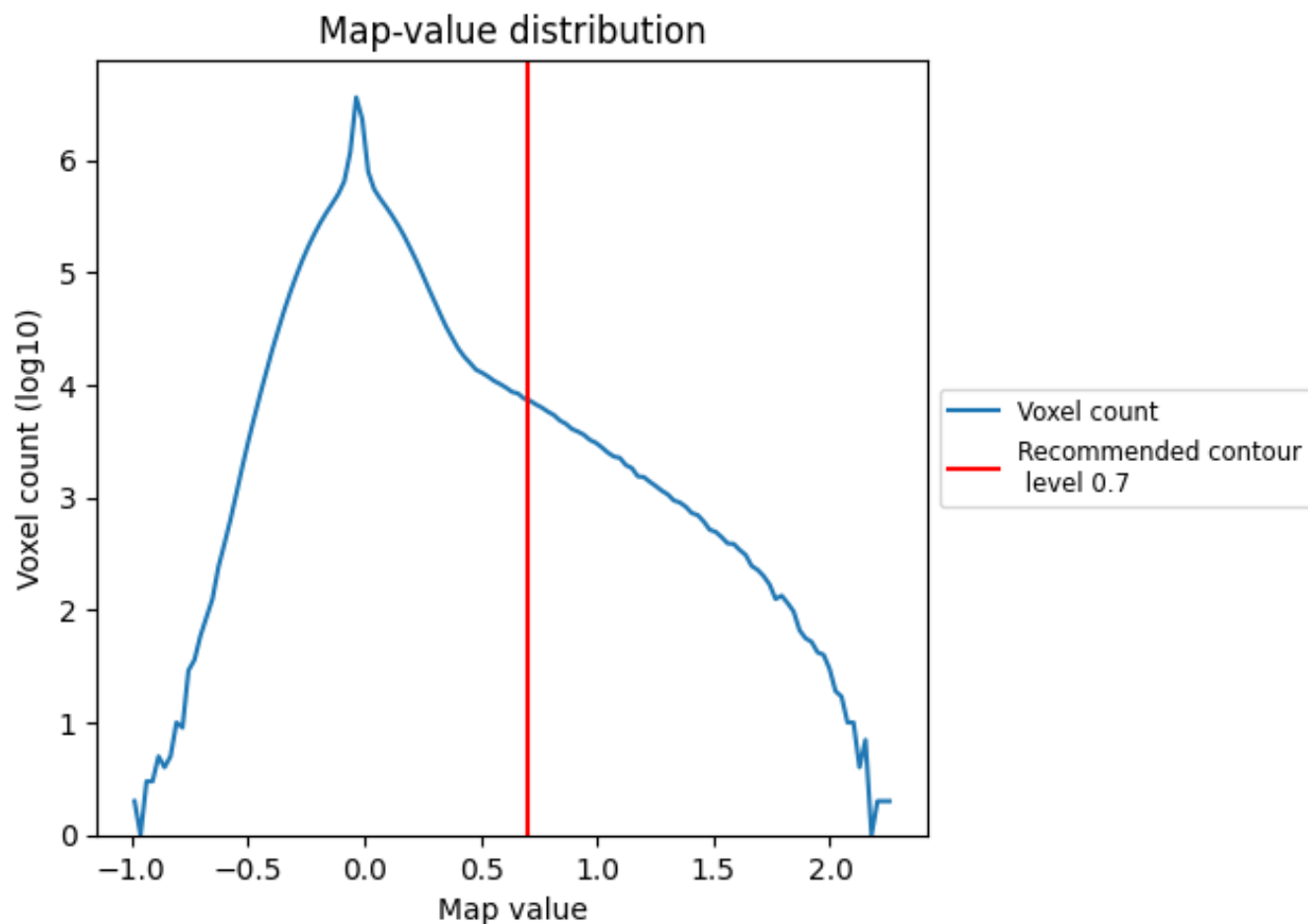
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

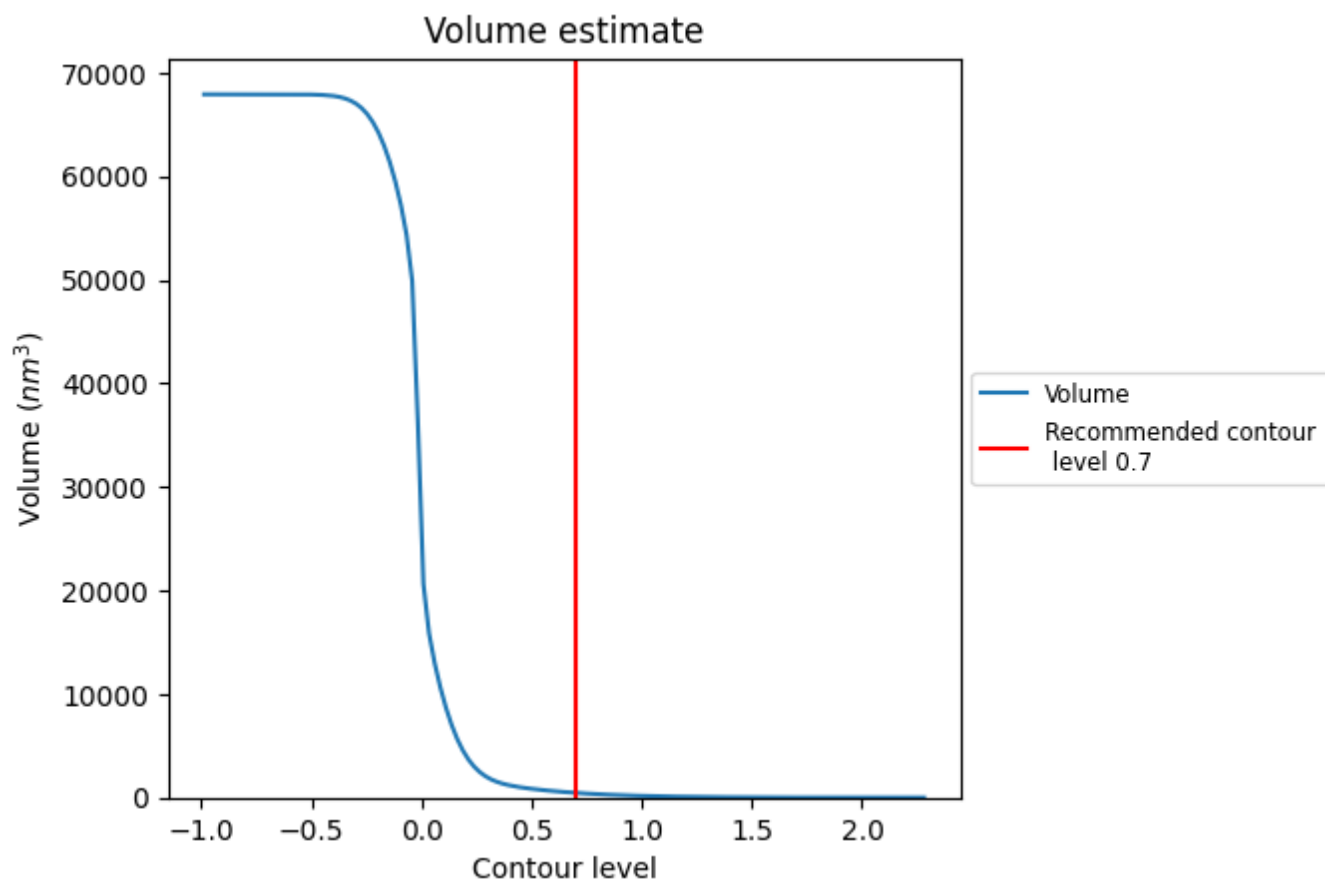
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

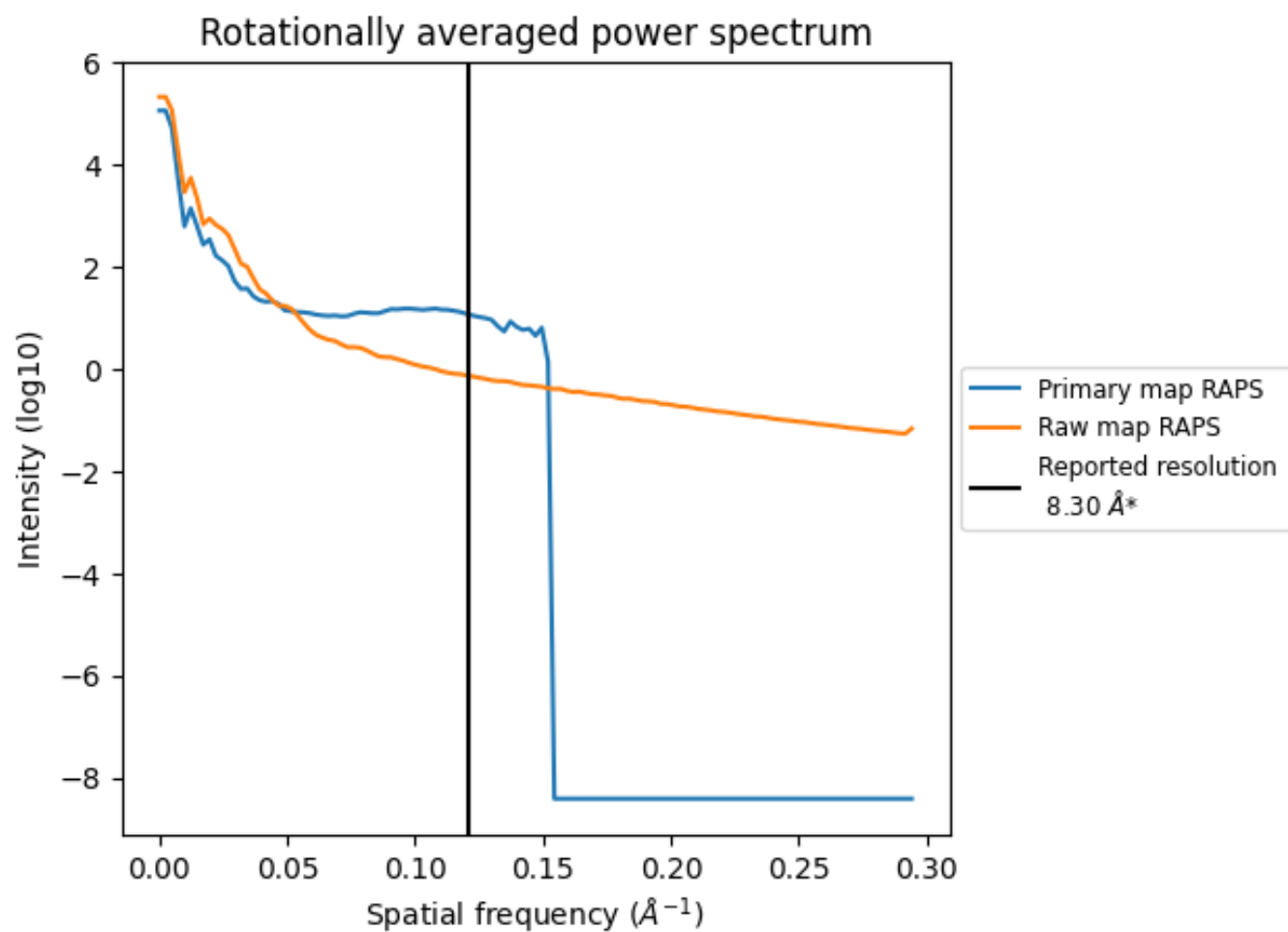
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 455 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 411 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

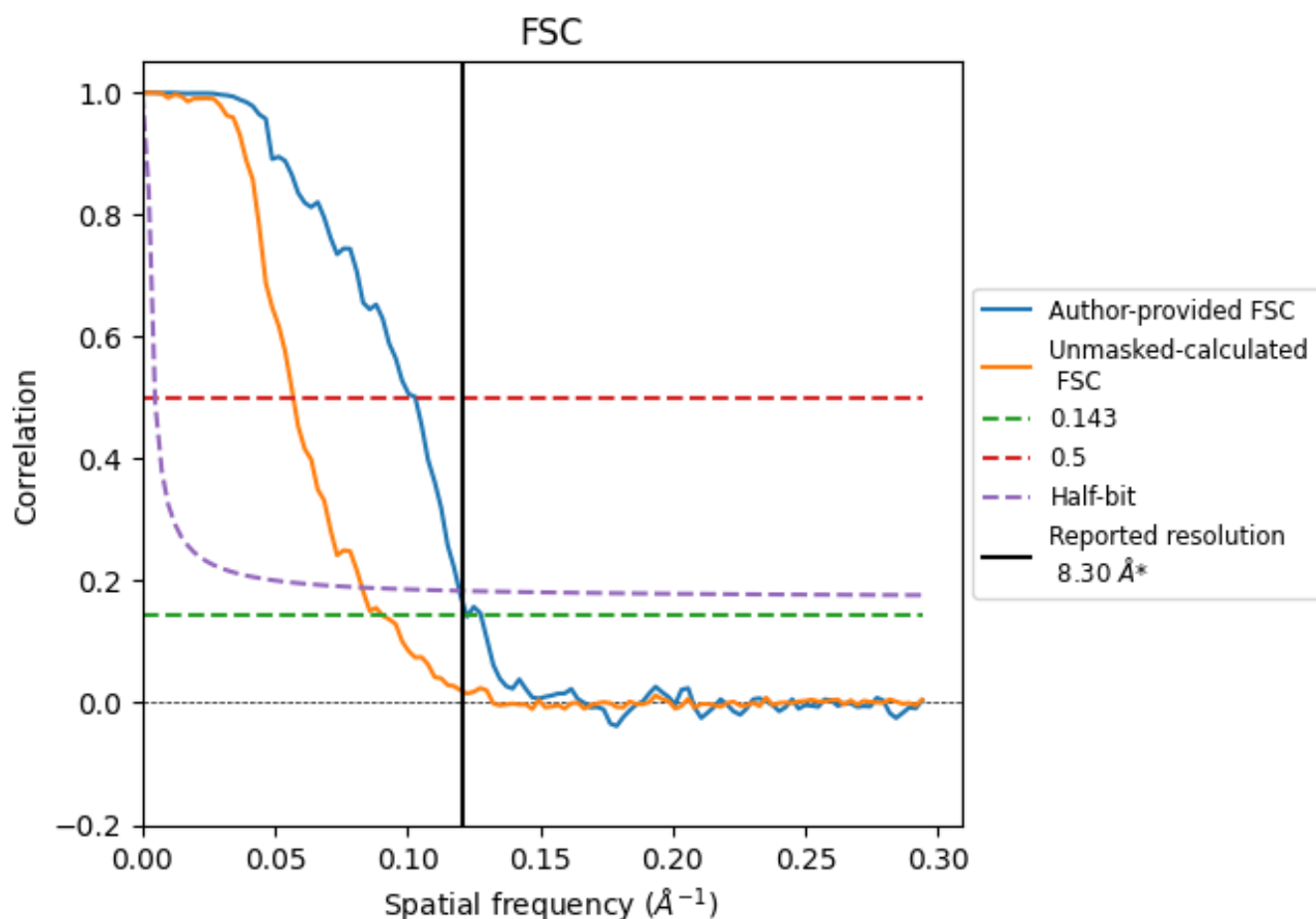


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.120 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of $0.120 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	8.30	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	8.17	9.71	8.36
Unmasked-calculated*	11.03	17.54	12.06

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 11.03 differs from the reported value 8.3 by more than 10 %

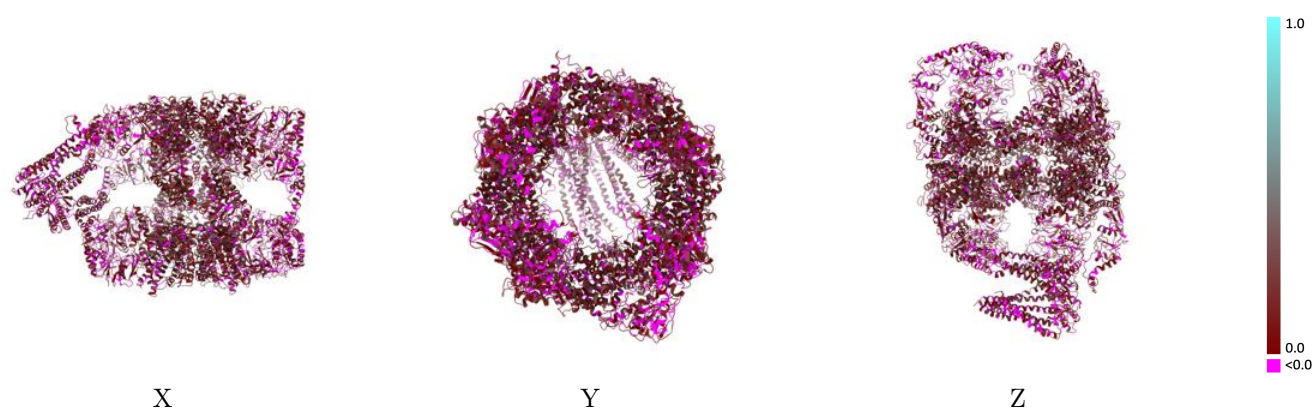
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-0494 and PDB model 6NRC. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)

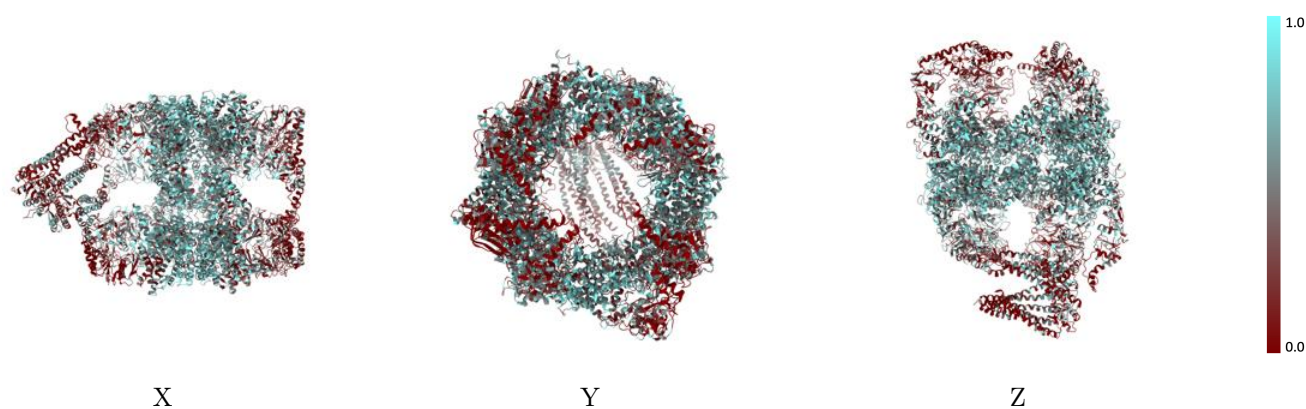
This section was not generated.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



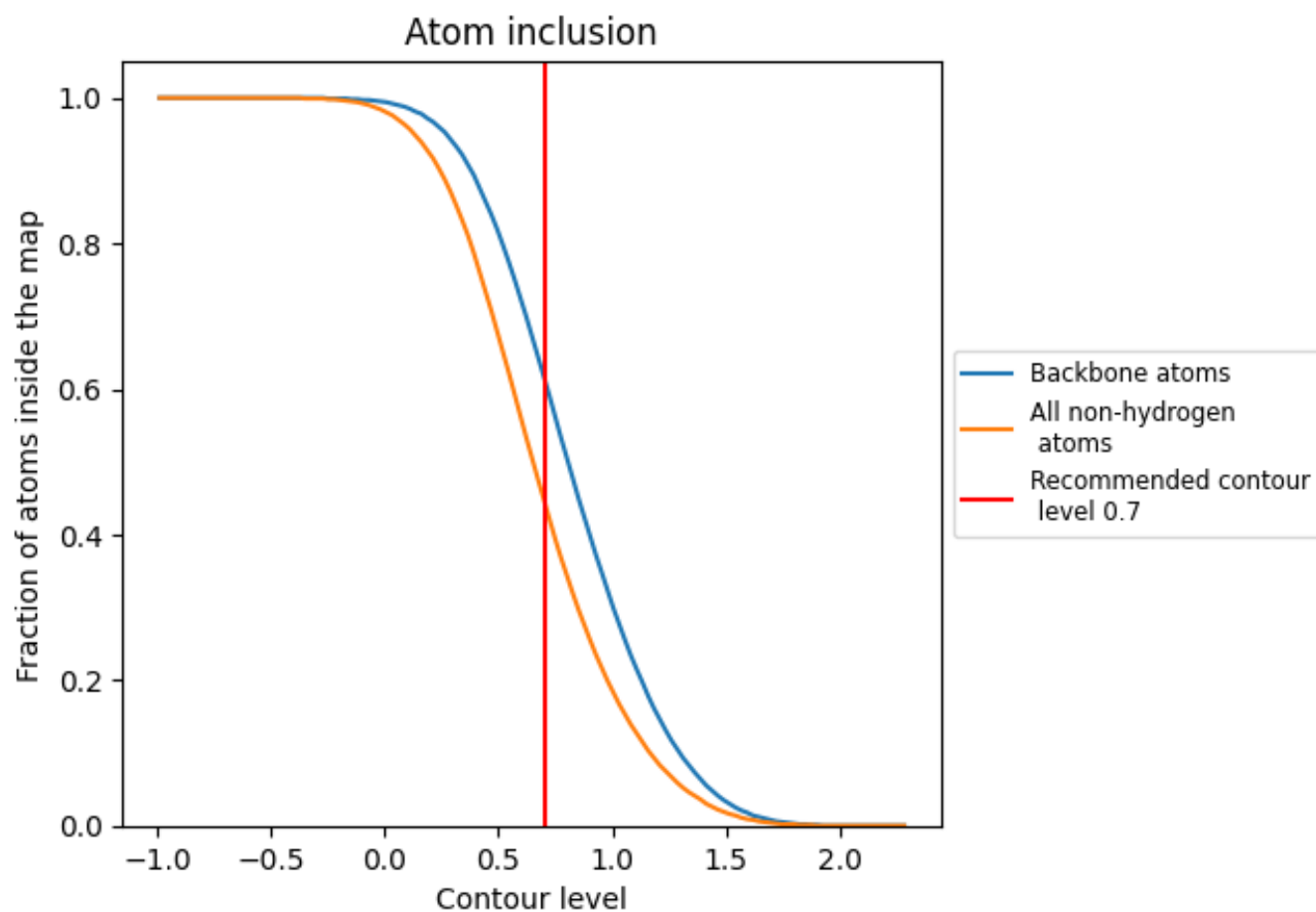
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.7).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 62% of all backbone atoms, 45% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.7) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.4470	 0.1120
1	 0.2140	 0.0600
2	 0.1230	 0.0440
3	 0.2410	 0.0700
4	 0.2820	 0.0700
5	 0.3470	 0.1150
6	 0.4150	 0.1220
A	 0.4810	 0.1210
B	 0.3590	 0.1100
C	 0.4920	 0.1210
D	 0.5760	 0.1450
E	 0.5020	 0.1270
F	 0.5460	 0.1330
G	 0.4680	 0.1140
H	 0.5540	 0.1300
I	 0.3830	 0.0860
J	 0.3290	 0.0930
K	 0.4000	 0.0950
L	 0.4500	 0.1110
M	 0.4550	 0.1110
N	 0.4670	 0.1190
O	 0.4230	 0.1030
P	 0.5160	 0.1260

