



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 8, 2026 – 03:07 PM UTC

PDB ID : 2NSX / pdb_00002nsx
Title : Structure of acid-beta-glucosidase with pharmacological chaperone provides insight into Gaucher disease
Authors : Lieberman, R.L.; Petsko, G.A.; Ringe, D.
Deposited on : 2006-11-06
Resolution : 2.11 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

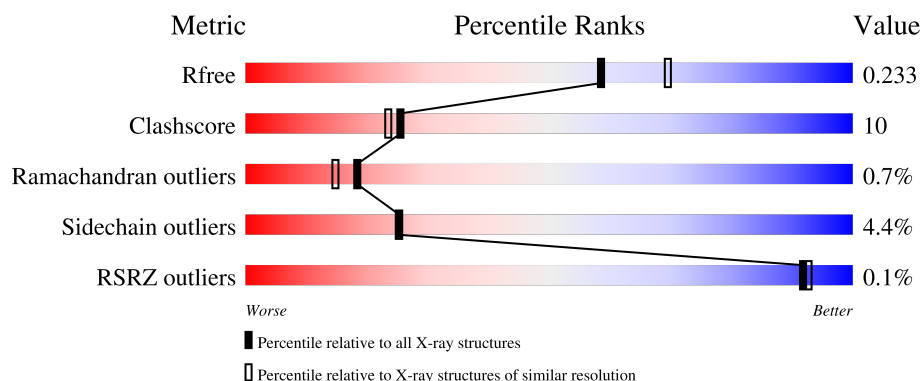
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.11 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	8290 (2.14-2.10)
Clashscore	190562	8817 (2.14-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	8738 (2.14-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	187428	8739 (2.14-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	180081	8294 (2.14-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	497	84% 14% ..
1	B	497	81% 16% .
1	C	497	81% 16% ..
1	D	497	80% 18% .

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard

residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	NAG	A	498	X	-	-	-
2	NAG	C	498	X	-	-	-

2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 16918 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Glucosylceramidase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	497	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3930	2532	671	711	16			
1	B	497	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3930	2532	671	711	16			
1	C	497	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3930	2532	671	711	16			
1	D	497	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3930	2532	671	711	16			

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

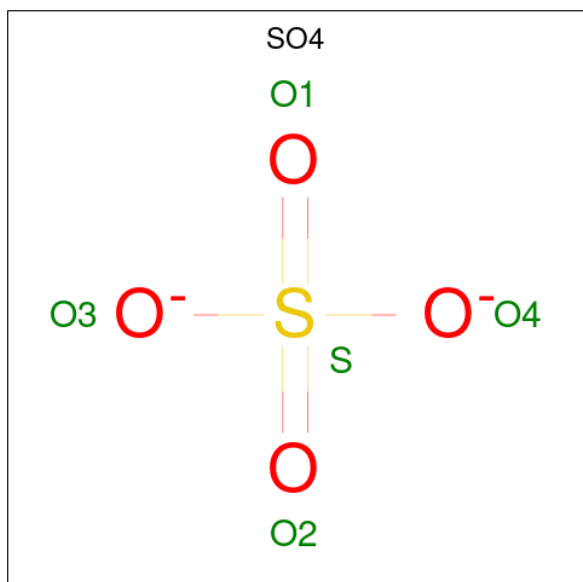
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	495	HIS	ARG	conflict	UNP P04062
B	495	HIS	ARG	conflict	UNP P04062
C	495	HIS	ARG	conflict	UNP P04062
D	495	HIS	ARG	conflict	UNP P04062

- Molecule 2 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: NAG) (formula: C₈H₁₅NO₆).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
2	C	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
2	D	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 3 is SULFATE ION (CCD ID: SO4) (formula: O₄S).



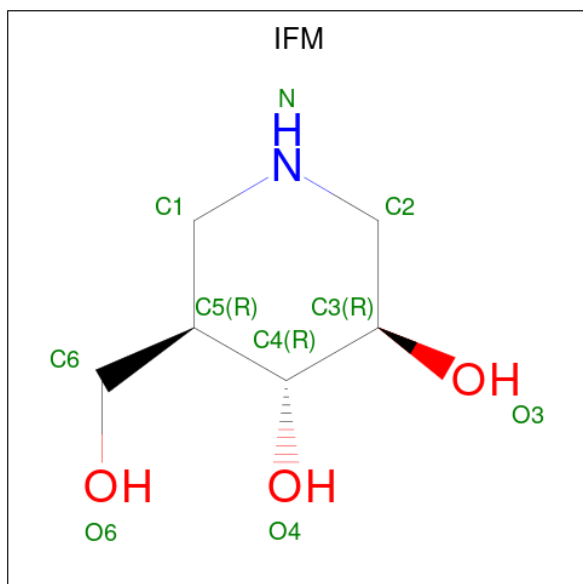
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	C	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	C	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	C	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	D	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	D	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	D	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 4 is GLYCEROL (CCD ID: GOL) (formula: $C_3H_8O_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
4	C	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		

- Molecule 5 is 5-HYDROXYMETHYL-3,4-DIHYDROXYPIPERIDINE (CCD ID: IFM) (formula: $C_6H_{13}NO_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			10	6	1	3		

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	D	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			10	6	1	3		

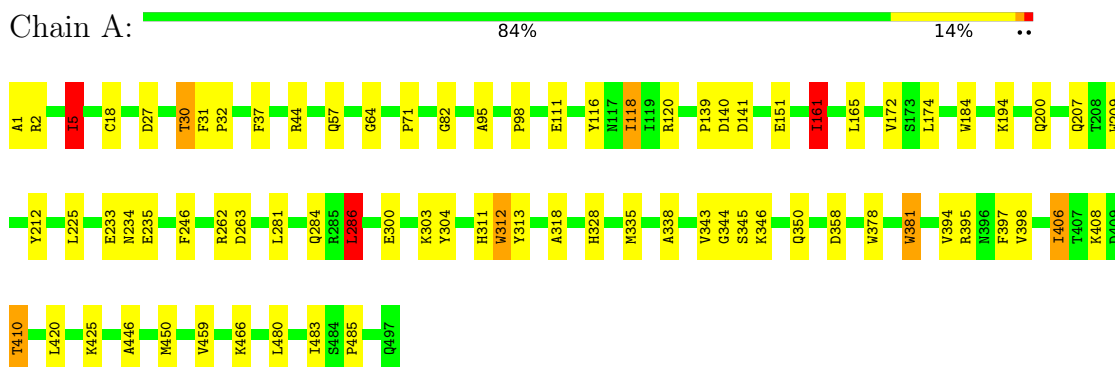
- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	258	Total	O	0	0
			258	258		
6	B	246	Total	O	0	0
			246	246		
6	C	260	Total	O	0	0
			260	260		
6	D	242	Total	O	0	0
			242	242		

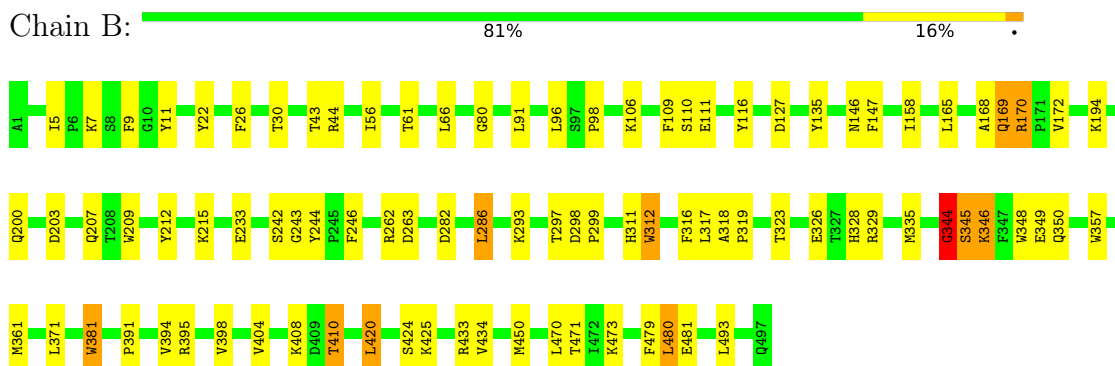
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

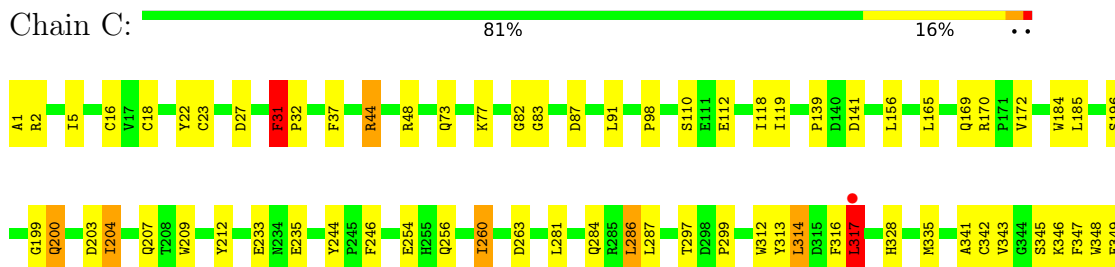
• Molecule 1: Glucosylceramidase

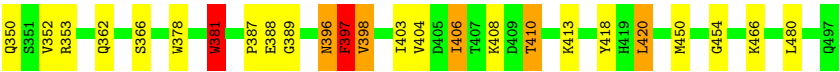


• Molecule 1: Glucosylceramidase

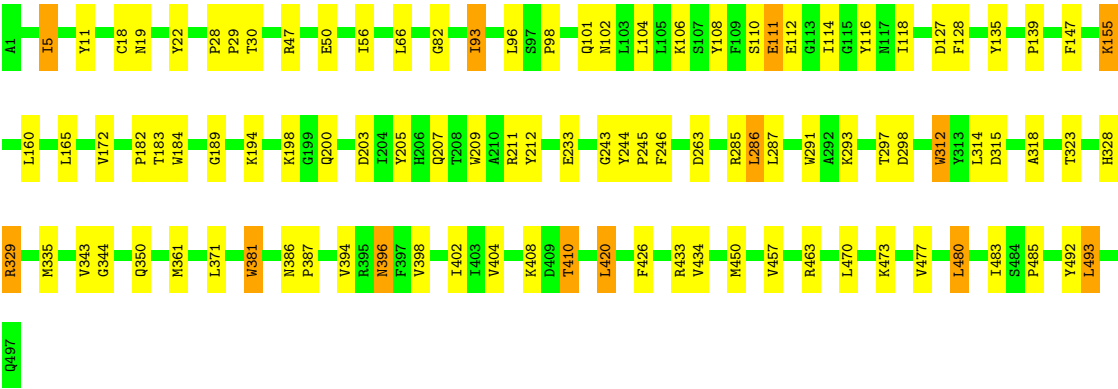
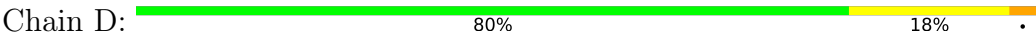


• Molecule 1: Glucosylceramidase





● Molecule 1: Glucosylceramidase



Q497

4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	108.97Å 92.22Å 152.67Å 90.00° 110.94° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 – 2.11 50.00 – 2.11	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	91.3 (50.00-2.11) 91.5 (50.00-2.11)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.08	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	3.94 (at 2.10Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0005	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.191 , 0.235 0.191 , 0.233	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	7501 reflections (4.59%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	34.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.020	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.35 , 29.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.458 for h,-k,-h-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	16918	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	36.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.88% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, IFM, SO4, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.82	1/4051 (0.0%)	0.97	4/5523 (0.1%)
1	B	0.84	1/4051 (0.0%)	0.95	7/5523 (0.1%)
1	C	0.83	0/4051	0.97	11/5523 (0.2%)
1	D	0.87	1/4051 (0.0%)	0.95	5/5523 (0.1%)
All	All	0.84	3/16204 (0.0%)	0.96	27/22092 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	B	0	1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	D	28	PRO	CA-C	8.26	1.56	1.51
1	B	158	ILE	CA-CB	6.80	1.58	1.54
1	A	5	ILE	CA-CB	6.12	1.60	1.53

The worst 5 of 27 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	397	PHE	N-CA-C	7.61	127.00	110.80
1	C	31	PHE	CA-C-N	7.39	127.83	119.92
1	C	31	PHE	C-N-CA	7.39	127.83	119.92
1	A	286	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-7.22	91.03	116.30
1	B	344	GLY	N-CA-C	7.09	129.99	113.18

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	B	344	GLY	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3930	0	3843	66	0
1	B	3930	0	3843	67	0
1	C	3930	0	3843	99	0
1	D	3930	0	3846	78	0
2	A	14	0	13	1	0
2	B	28	0	26	1	0
2	C	14	0	13	1	0
2	D	14	0	13	3	0
3	A	25	0	0	1	0
3	B	30	0	0	0	0
3	C	15	0	0	1	0
3	D	20	0	0	0	0
4	A	6	0	8	0	0
4	C	6	0	8	3	0
5	B	10	0	13	0	0
5	D	10	0	13	0	0
6	A	258	0	0	12	0
6	B	246	0	0	6	0
6	C	260	0	0	17	0
6	D	242	0	0	13	0
All	All	16918	0	15482	299	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 299 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:19:ASN:HD21	2:D:498:NAG:C1	1.25	1.49
1:C:312:TRP:CZ3	1:C:314:LEU:HB2	1.57	1.39
1:D:329:ARG:HG2	1:D:329:ARG:HH11	1.04	1.11
1:A:286:LEU:HD22	1:B:317:LEU:HA	1.33	1.07
1:C:73:GLN:OE1	6:C:655:HOH:O	1.70	1.07

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	495/497 (100%)	467 (94%)	23 (5%)	5 (1%)	12	8
1	B	495/497 (100%)	471 (95%)	21 (4%)	3 (1%)	21	18
1	C	495/497 (100%)	470 (95%)	21 (4%)	4 (1%)	16	12
1	D	495/497 (100%)	476 (96%)	17 (3%)	2 (0%)	30	28
All	All	1980/1988 (100%)	1884 (95%)	82 (4%)	14 (1%)	18	15

5 of 14 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	233	GLU
1	C	397	PHE
1	B	233	GLU
1	B	381	TRP
1	D	233	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	424/424 (100%)	405 (96%)	19 (4%)	24	24
1	B	424/424 (100%)	406 (96%)	18 (4%)	26	27
1	C	424/424 (100%)	404 (95%)	20 (5%)	23	23
1	D	424/424 (100%)	407 (96%)	17 (4%)	28	28
All	All	1696/1696 (100%)	1622 (96%)	74 (4%)	25	25

5 of 74 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	5	ILE
1	D	470	LEU
1	D	93	ILE
1	D	329	ARG
1	B	262	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 16 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	328	HIS
1	D	70	GLN
1	B	396	ASN
1	D	60	HIS
1	B	328	HIS

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

27 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	NAG	D	498	1	14,14,15	0.66	0	17,19,21	1.17	1 (5%)
5	IFM	B	506	-	10,10,10	0.51	0	9,13,13	3.31	1 (11%)
3	SO4	A	503	-	4,4,4	0.30	0	6,6,6	0.32	0
3	SO4	C	501	-	4,4,4	0.24	0	6,6,6	0.15	0
3	SO4	A	500	-	4,4,4	0.23	0	6,6,6	0.28	0
2	NAG	B	498	-	14,14,15	0.68	0	17,19,21	0.75	0
3	SO4	B	501	-	4,4,4	0.24	0	6,6,6	0.31	0
3	SO4	D	499	-	4,4,4	0.21	0	6,6,6	0.39	0
5	IFM	D	503	-	10,10,10	0.50	0	9,13,13	2.99	1 (11%)
3	SO4	A	501	-	4,4,4	0.27	0	6,6,6	0.34	0
2	NAG	C	498	1	14,14,15	0.57	0	17,19,21	2.25	5 (29%)
2	NAG	A	498	1	14,14,15	0.62	0	17,19,21	2.09	6 (35%)
2	NAG	B	499	1	14,14,15	0.66	0	17,19,21	1.20	2 (11%)
3	SO4	B	503	-	4,4,4	0.24	0	6,6,6	0.15	0
3	SO4	B	505	-	4,4,4	0.24	0	6,6,6	0.20	0
4	GOL	C	502	-	5,5,5	0.44	0	5,5,5	0.34	0
3	SO4	D	500	-	4,4,4	0.26	0	6,6,6	0.33	0
3	SO4	B	504	-	4,4,4	0.27	0	6,6,6	0.35	0
3	SO4	A	499	-	4,4,4	0.33	0	6,6,6	0.42	0
3	SO4	D	502	-	4,4,4	0.24	0	6,6,6	0.15	0
3	SO4	B	502	-	4,4,4	0.29	0	6,6,6	0.58	0
3	SO4	A	502	-	4,4,4	0.26	0	6,6,6	0.81	0
3	SO4	C	499	-	4,4,4	0.16	0	6,6,6	0.50	0
3	SO4	C	500	-	4,4,4	0.26	0	6,6,6	0.42	0
4	GOL	A	504	-	5,5,5	0.61	0	5,5,5	0.47	0
3	SO4	B	500	-	4,4,4	0.28	0	6,6,6	0.19	0
3	SO4	D	501	-	4,4,4	0.29	0	6,6,6	0.67	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the

Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.
'-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	B	498	-	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	499	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	498	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	GOL	C	502	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
5	IFM	D	503	-	-	0/2/16/16	0/1/1/1
5	IFM	B	506	-	-	0/2/16/16	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	C	498	1	1/1/5/7	6/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	GOL	A	504	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
2	NAG	A	498	1	1/1/5/7	6/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 16 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	B	506	IFM	C1-N-C2	9.58	122.88	111.78
5	D	503	IFM	C1-N-C2	8.65	121.81	111.78
2	C	498	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-5.47	115.58	122.90
2	A	498	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-4.33	117.10	122.90
2	A	498	NAG	C3-C4-C5	-3.82	103.31	110.23

All (2) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
2	A	498	NAG	C1
2	C	498	NAG	C1

5 of 20 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	498	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	A	498	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
2	C	498	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
4	A	504	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
4	A	504	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3

There are no ring outliers.

7 monomers are involved in 11 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	D	498	NAG	3	0
3	C	501	SO4	1	0
2	B	498	NAG	1	0
3	A	501	SO4	1	0
2	C	498	NAG	1	0
2	A	498	NAG	1	0
4	C	502	GOL	3	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	497/497 (100%)	-1.19	0 100 100	15, 35, 52, 73	5 (1%)
1	B	497/497 (100%)	-1.24	0 100 100	12, 33, 48, 64	5 (1%)
1	C	497/497 (100%)	-1.18	1 (0%) 91 92	14, 34, 53, 74	5 (1%)
1	D	497/497 (100%)	-1.23	0 100 100	13, 33, 48, 61	5 (1%)
All	All	1988/1988 (100%)	-1.21	1 (0%) 92 93	12, 34, 50, 74	20 (1%)

All (1) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	317	LEU	2.7

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	NAG	A	498	14/15	0.97	0.06	49,55,56,56	0

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
2	NAG	B	498	14/15	0.97	0.06	64,66,67,67	0
2	NAG	C	498	14/15	0.97	0.05	45,53,55,56	0
3	SO4	B	505	5/5	0.97	0.06	81,81,82,82	0
2	NAG	D	498	14/15	0.98	0.05	38,48,51,51	0
3	SO4	C	501	5/5	0.98	0.05	85,86,86,86	0
3	SO4	D	502	5/5	0.98	0.04	71,72,72,72	0
4	GOL	A	504	6/6	0.98	0.06	51,52,53,54	0
4	GOL	C	502	6/6	0.98	0.06	44,47,48,49	0
3	SO4	B	501	5/5	0.99	0.03	71,73,74,74	0
3	SO4	B	502	5/5	0.99	0.04	51,51,51,52	0
3	SO4	B	503	5/5	0.99	0.04	66,67,67,68	0
3	SO4	B	504	5/5	0.99	0.04	83,83,84,85	0
2	NAG	B	499	14/15	0.99	0.04	40,43,45,46	0
3	SO4	C	499	5/5	0.99	0.04	49,52,53,54	0
3	SO4	A	500	5/5	0.99	0.04	79,79,80,80	0
3	SO4	D	499	5/5	0.99	0.03	40,42,44,45	0
3	SO4	D	500	5/5	0.99	0.04	73,74,76,76	0
3	SO4	D	501	5/5	0.99	0.03	48,48,49,50	0
3	SO4	A	501	5/5	0.99	0.03	64,65,66,67	0
3	SO4	A	502	5/5	0.99	0.04	47,48,50,51	0
3	SO4	A	503	5/5	0.99	0.03	60,60,61,62	0
5	IFM	B	506	10/10	0.99	0.03	26,28,33,33	0
5	IFM	D	503	10/10	0.99	0.03	27,32,35,37	0
3	SO4	A	499	5/5	1.00	0.04	41,44,45,45	0
3	SO4	B	500	5/5	1.00	0.02	46,47,48,48	0
3	SO4	C	500	5/5	1.00	0.03	39,40,41,42	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.