



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 6, 2026 – 06:33 PM UTC

PDB ID : 5NV4 / pdb_00005nv4
Title : UDP-Glucose Glycoprotein Glucosyltransferase from Chaetomium thermophilum double mutant D611C:G1050C
Authors : Roversi, P.; Caputo, A.T.; Hill, J.; Alonzi, D.S.; Zitzmann, N.
Deposited on : 2017-05-03
Resolution : 2.78 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

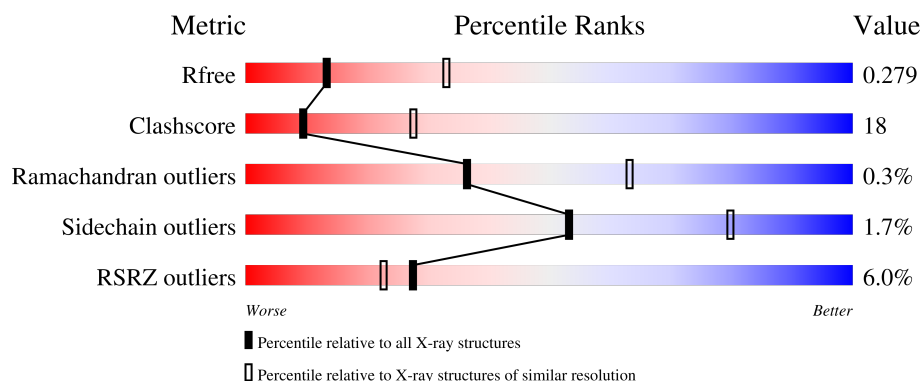
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.78 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	5248 (2.80-2.76)
Clashscore	190562	5693 (2.80-2.76)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	5590 (2.80-2.76)
Sidechain outliers	187428	5592 (2.80-2.76)
RSRZ outliers	180081	5251 (2.80-2.76)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	1494	 5% 62% 28% 8%
2	B	3	 67% 33%

2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11198 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

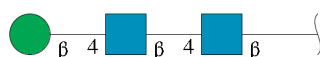
- Molecule 1 is a protein called UDP-glucose-glycoprotein glucosyltransferase-like protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	1377	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			11066	7080	1884	2068	34			

There are 14 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	21	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP G0SB58
A	22	THR	-	expression tag	UNP G0SB58
A	23	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP G0SB58
A	611	CYS	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP G0SB58
A	1050	CYS	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP G0SB58
A	1506	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP G0SB58
A	1507	THR	-	expression tag	UNP G0SB58
A	1508	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP G0SB58
A	1509	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP G0SB58
A	1510	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP G0SB58
A	1511	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP G0SB58
A	1512	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP G0SB58
A	1513	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP G0SB58
A	1514	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP G0SB58

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			39	22	2	15			

- Molecule 3 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 4 is FORMIC ACID (CCD ID: FMT) (formula: CH_2O_2).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			3	1	2		

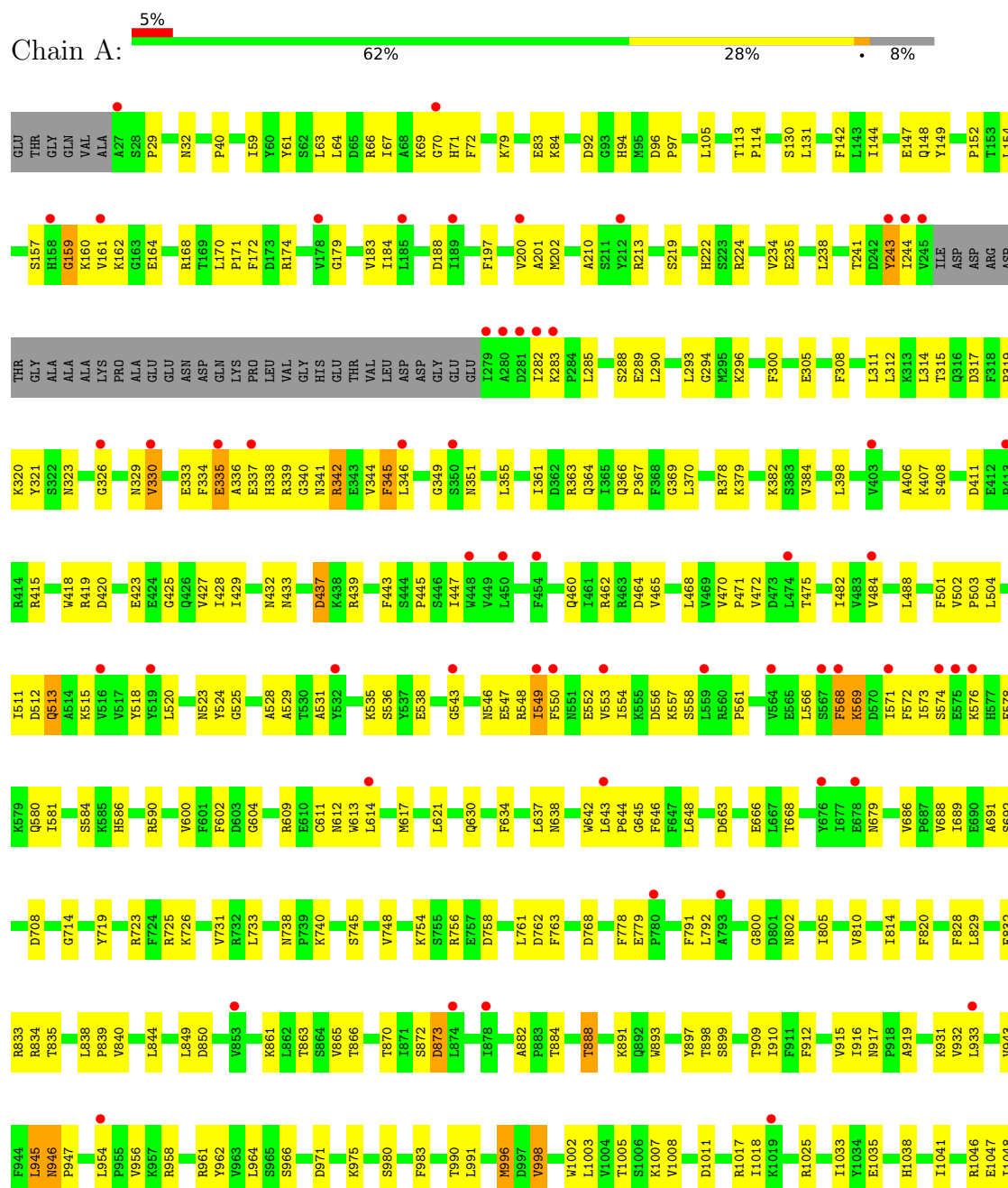
- Molecule 5 is water.

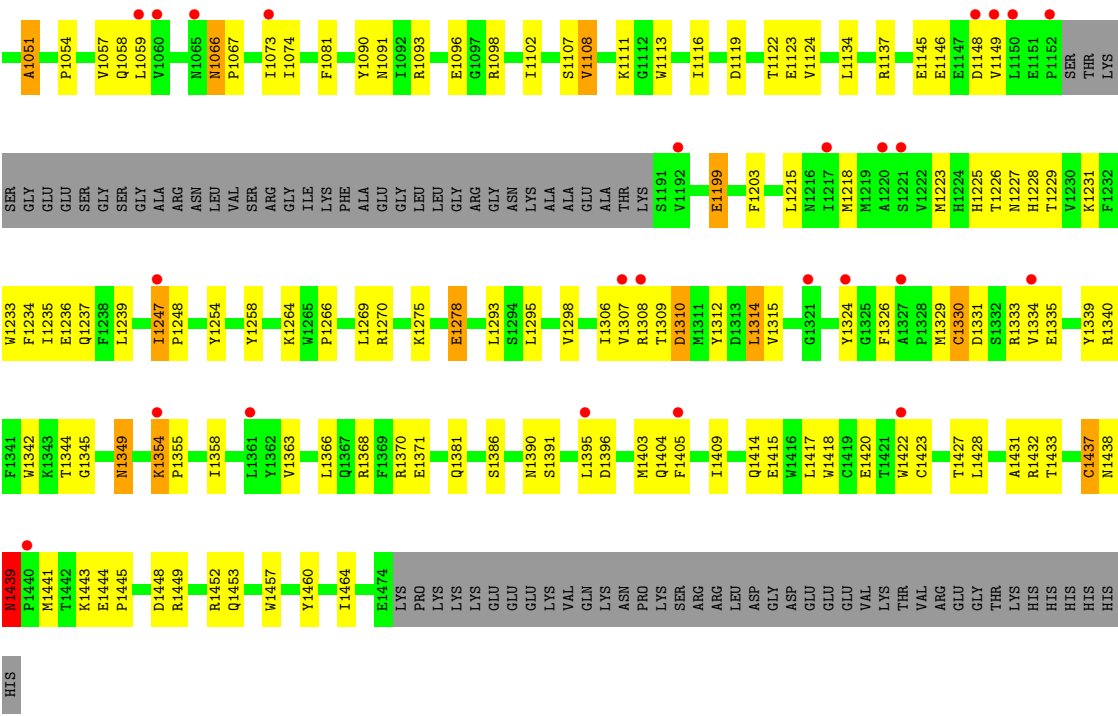
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	34	Total	O	0	0
			34	34		

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: UDP-glucose-glycoprotein glucosyltransferase-like protein





● Molecule 2: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	78.23Å 142.16Å 186.09Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	77.85 – 2.78 77.85 – 2.78	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.8 (77.85-2.78) 97.8 (77.85-2.78)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.14	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.38 (at 2.77Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	BUSTER 2.10.3	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.239 , 0.245 0.265 , 0.279	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2526 reflections (4.74%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	90.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.421	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.31 , 65.5	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	11198	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	109.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.65% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BMA, NAG, FMT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.72	3/11331 (0.0%)	1.41	88/15369 (0.6%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	549	ILE	CG1-CD1	-6.47	1.26	1.51
1	A	996	MET	SD-CE	-5.66	1.65	1.79
1	A	1247	ILE	CG1-CD1	-5.51	1.30	1.51

The worst 5 of 88 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	411	ASP	N-CA-C	-12.08	98.68	113.41
1	A	568	PHE	CA-C-N	11.15	142.84	121.54
1	A	568	PHE	C-N-CA	11.15	142.84	121.54
1	A	336	ALA	N-CA-C	-10.38	99.39	113.30
1	A	334	PHE	N-CA-C	-9.66	99.80	111.69

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	1439	ASN	Mainchain
1	A	335	GLU	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	11066	0	10936	397	0
2	B	39	0	34	0	0
3	A	56	0	52	0	0
4	A	3	0	2	0	0
5	A	34	0	0	0	0
All	All	11198	0	11024	397	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 18.

The worst 5 of 397 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:1329:MET:SD	1:A:1358:ILE:HD11	1.60	1.42
1:A:337:GLU:OE1	1:A:897:TYR:HD2	1.03	1.32
1:A:337:GLU:OE1	1:A:897:TYR:CD2	1.93	1.21
1:A:1295:LEU:HD21	1:A:1298:VAL:CG2	1.71	1.20
1:A:1225:HIS:ND1	1:A:1308:ARG:HA	1.54	1.19

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	1371/1494 (92%)	1311 (96%)	56 (4%)	4 (0%)	36 63

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	569	LYS
1	A	288	SER
1	A	1439	ASN
1	A	666	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	1204/1298 (93%)	1183 (98%)	21 (2%)	53 80

5 of 21 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1199	GLU
1	A	1330	CYS
1	A	1439	ASN
1	A	1354	LYS
1	A	1314	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1453	GLN
1	A	1130	GLN
1	A	1015	ASN
1	A	728	ASN
1	A	1068	HIS

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

3 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	NAG	B	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.36	0	17,19,21	1.01	1 (5%)
2	NAG	B	2	2	14,14,15	0.35	0	17,19,21	0.66	0
2	BMA	B	3	2	11,11,12	0.35	0	15,15,17	0.33	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	B	1	2,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	B	3	2	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-3.31	106.17	111.29

There are no chirality outliers.

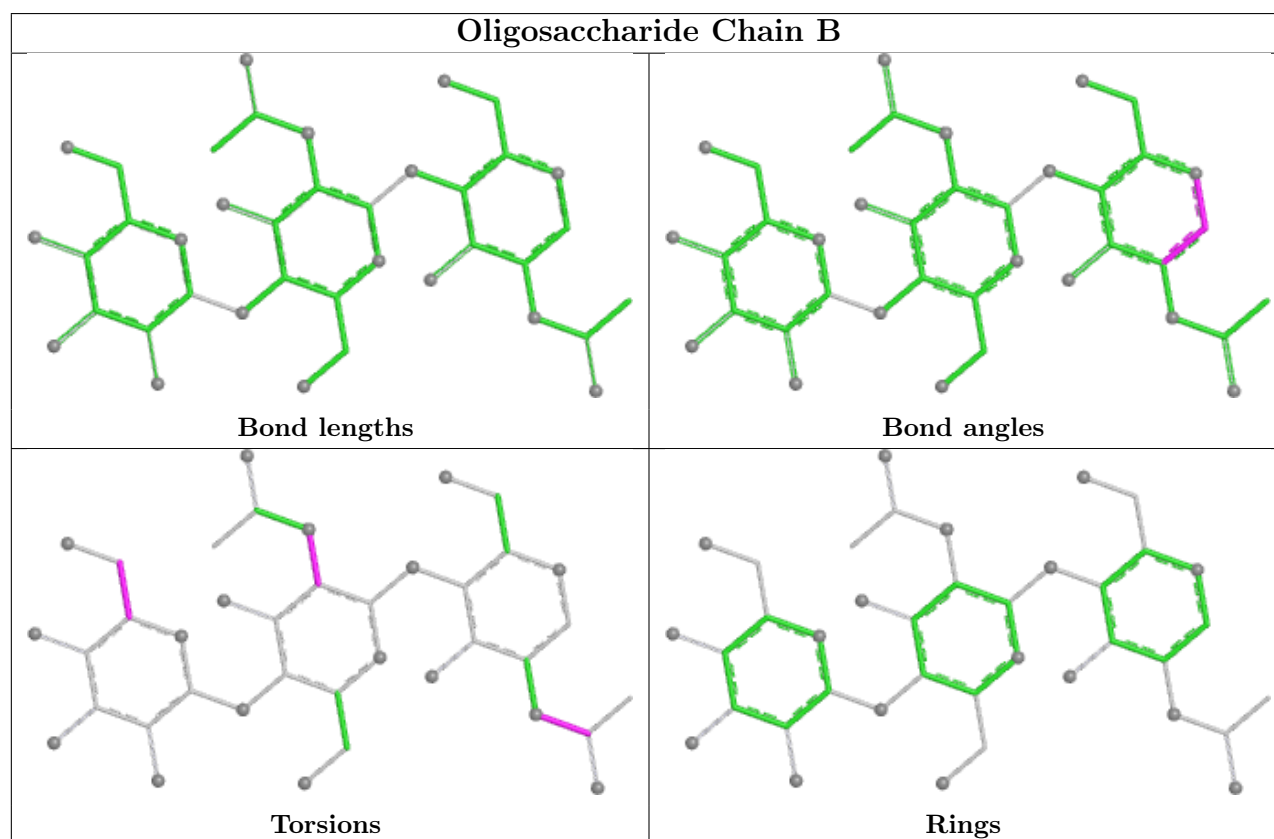
All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	B	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	B	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
2	B	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
2	B	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

5 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond

length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
3	NAG	A	1602	1	14,14,15	0.33	0	17,19,21	0.66	0
4	FMT	A	1608	-	2,2,2	1.14	0	1,1,1	1.19	0
3	NAG	A	1607	1	14,14,15	0.30	0	17,19,21	0.55	0
3	NAG	A	1606	1	14,14,15	0.43	0	17,19,21	1.06	1 (5%)
3	NAG	A	1601	1	14,14,15	0.42	0	17,19,21	0.88	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	A	1607	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	1606	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	1602	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	1601	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	1606	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.80	117.28	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	1606	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	A	1606	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
3	A	1601	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	1377/1494 (92%)	0.66	82 (5%) 27 23	61, 103, 155, 264	0

The worst 5 of 82 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	550	PHE	5.1
1	A	279	ILE	4.9
1	A	1149	VAL	4.4
1	A	280	ALA	4.1
1	A	244	ILE	3.5

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

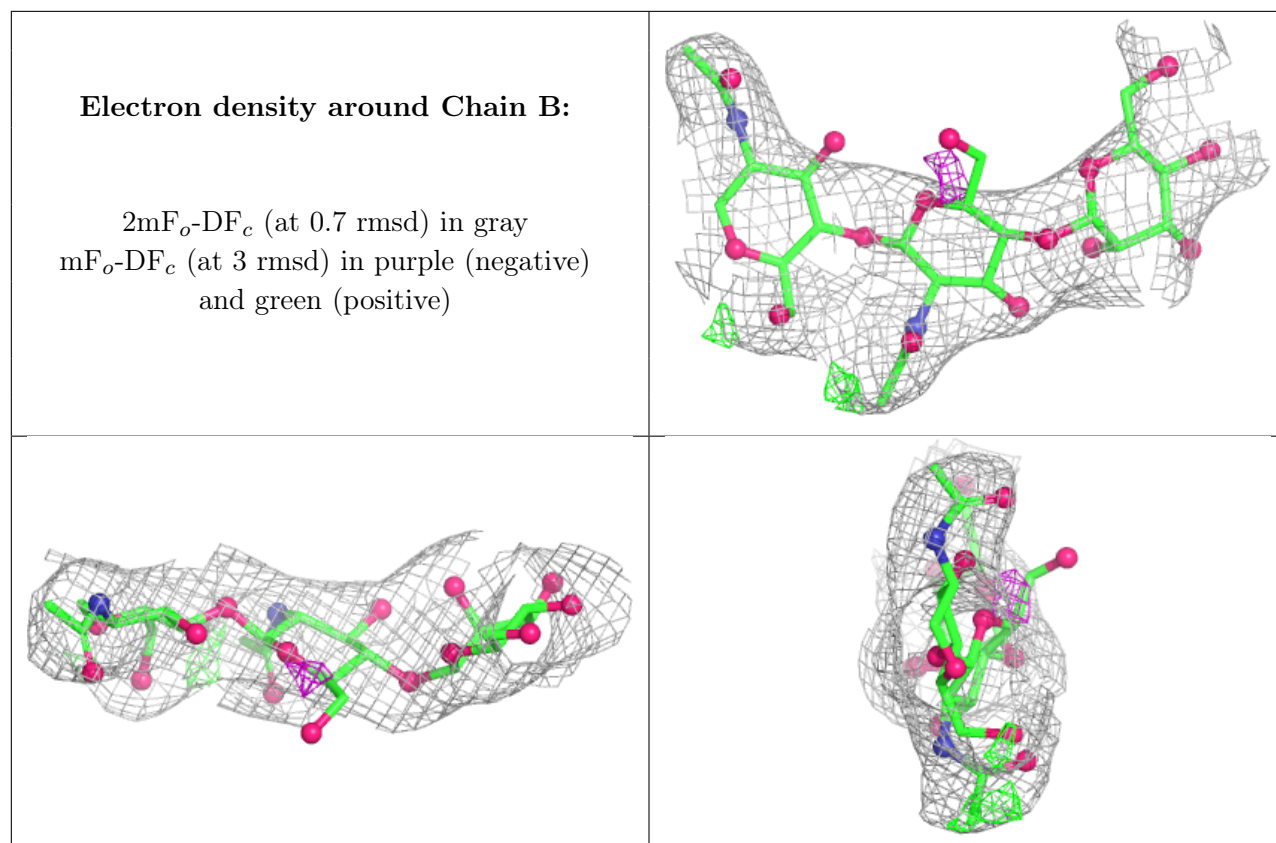
There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	BMA	B	3	11/12	0.44	0.13	144,147,153,154	0
2	NAG	B	2	14/15	0.73	0.12	127,131,139,142	0
2	NAG	B	1	14/15	0.77	0.15	107,111,119,123	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
3	NAG	A	1601	14/15	-0.23	0.17	150,155,158,158	0
3	NAG	A	1607	14/15	0.14	0.14	215,221,224,226	0
3	NAG	A	1606	14/15	0.52	0.15	150,155,163,163	0
3	NAG	A	1602	14/15	0.63	0.13	148,153,161,162	0
4	FMT	A	1608	3/3	0.90	0.13	72,72,72,73	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.