



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 20, 2026 – 12:30 AM UTC

PDB ID : 7NYC / pdb_00007nyc
EMDB ID : EMD-12650
Title : cryoEM structure of 3C9-sMAC
Authors : Menny, A.; Couves, E.C.; Bubeck, D.
Deposited on : 2021-03-22
Resolution : 3.54 Å(reported)
Based on initial models : 6H03, 6CXO, 4A5W, 2WCY, 6H04

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

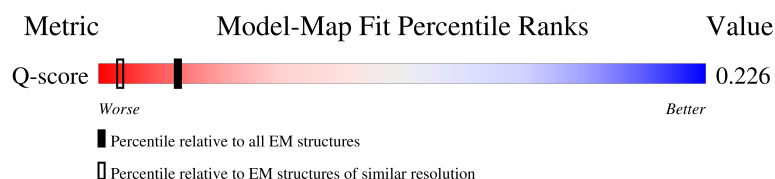
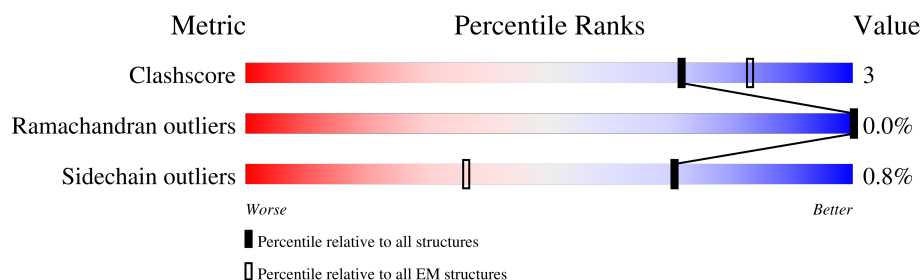
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDb archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.54 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	12891 (3.04 - 4.04)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	C	821	
2	D	537	
3	E	554	
4	G	538	

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
4	H	538	
4	I	538	
5	B	913	
6	A	1658	
7	F	182	
8	K	2	
9	J	3	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
10	MAN	C	901	X	-	X	-
10	MAN	D	601	X	-	-	-
10	MAN	D	602	X	-	X	-
10	MAN	E	601	X	-	-	-
10	MAN	E	602	X	-	-	-
10	MAN	E	603	X	-	X	-
10	MAN	G	701	X	-	-	-
12	NAG	E	604	-	-	X	-
12	NAG	G	702	-	-	X	-
13	FUC	B	1001	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition

There are 13 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 41307 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Complement component C7.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	C	809	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5977	3696	1054	1179	48		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Complement component C8 beta chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	D	487	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3914	2434	702	743	35		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Complement component C8 alpha chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	E	482	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3805	2354	671	743	37		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Complement component C9.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	G	393	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3079	1919	527	604	29		
4	H	404	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3192	1990	553	620	29		
4	I	309	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2433	1523	414	480	16		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Complement component C6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	B	718	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5631	3479	993	1109	50		

- Molecule 6 is a protein called Complement C5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
6	A	1542	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			11744	7507	1949	2251	37		

- Molecule 7 is a protein called Complement component C8 gamma chain.

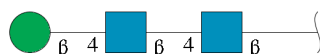
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	F	168	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1319	841	230	244	4		

- Molecule 8 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
8	K	2	Total	C	N	O		0	0
			28	16	2	10			

- Molecule 9 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
9	J	3	Total	C	N	O		0	0
			39	22	2	15			

- Molecule 10 is alpha-D-mannopyranose (CCD ID: MAN) (formula: C₆H₁₂O₆).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
10	C	1	Total	C	O	0
			11	6	5	
10	D	1	Total	C	O	0
			11	6	5	
10	D	1	Total	C	O	0
			11	6	5	
10	E	1	Total	C	O	0
			11	6	5	
10	E	1	Total	C	O	0
			11	6	5	
10	E	1	Total	C	O	0
			11	6	5	
10	G	1	Total	C	O	0
			11	6	5	

- Molecule 11 is CALCIUM ION (CCD ID: CA) (formula: Ca).

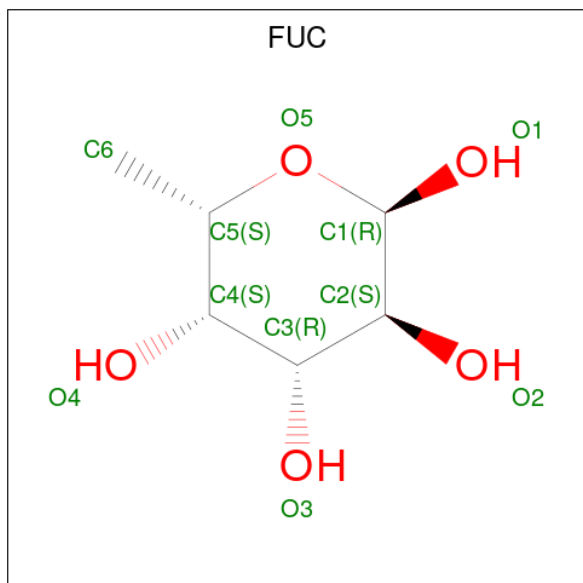
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
11	D	1	Total	Ca	0
			1	1	
11	E	1	Total	Ca	0
			1	1	
11	H	1	Total	Ca	0
			1	1	

- Molecule 12 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: NAG) (formula: C₈H₁₅NO₆).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
12	E	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
12	G	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
12	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
12	H	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	

- Molecule 13 is alpha-L-fucopyranose (CCD ID: FUC) (formula: $C_6H_{12}O_5$).

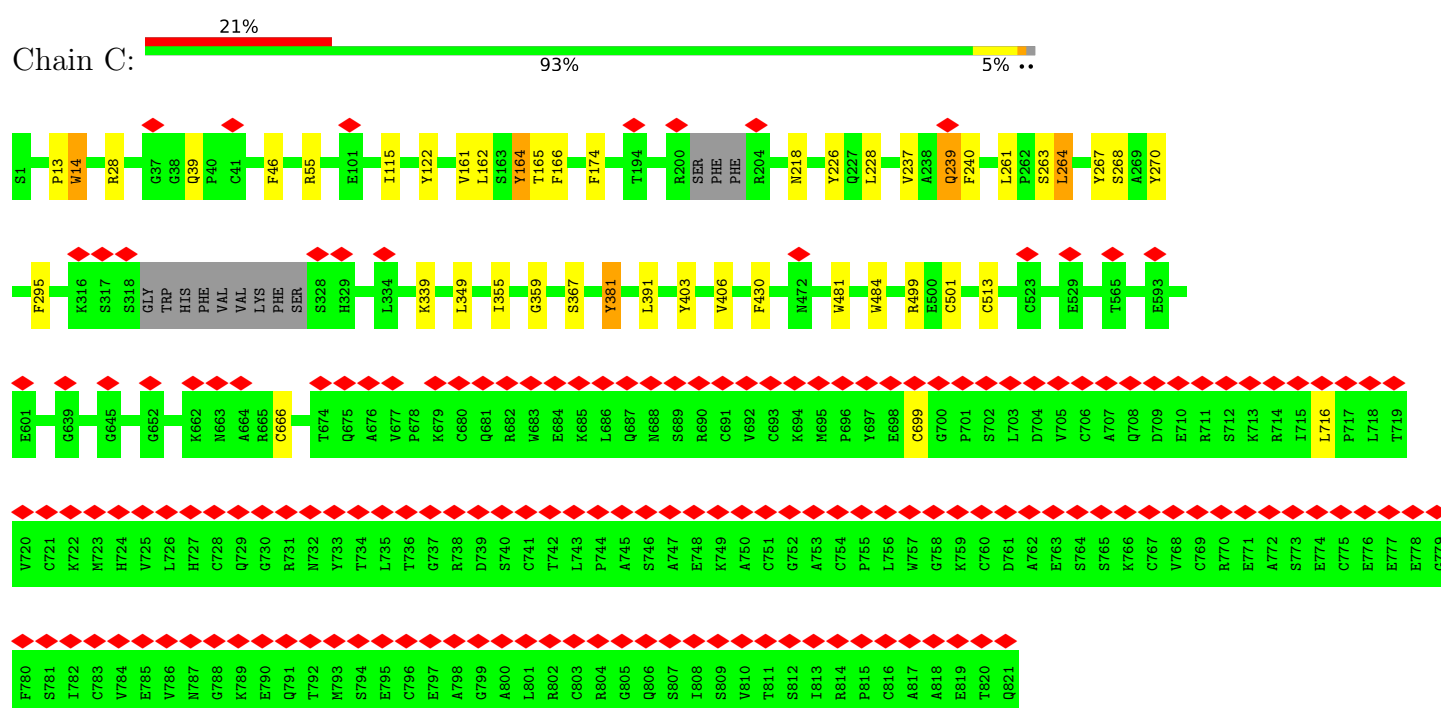


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
13	B	1	Total	C	O	0
			10	6	4	

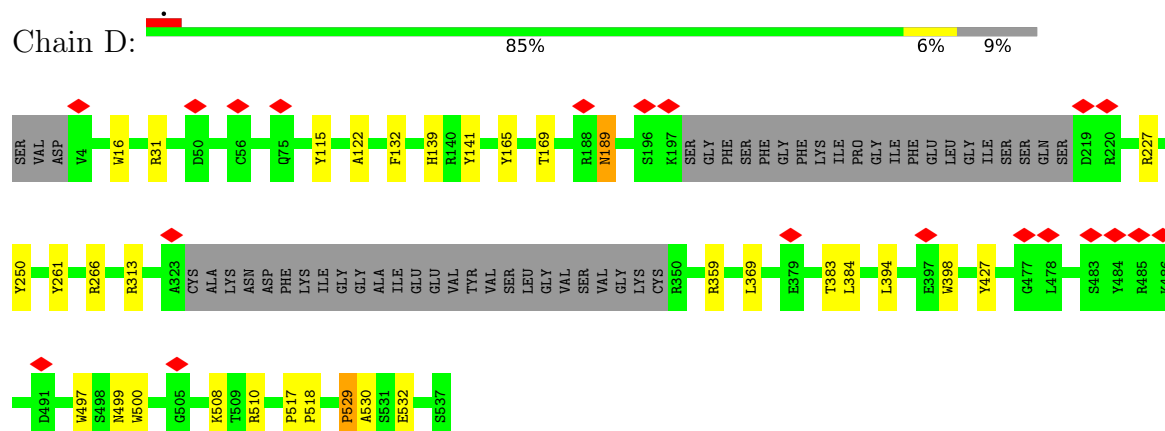
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

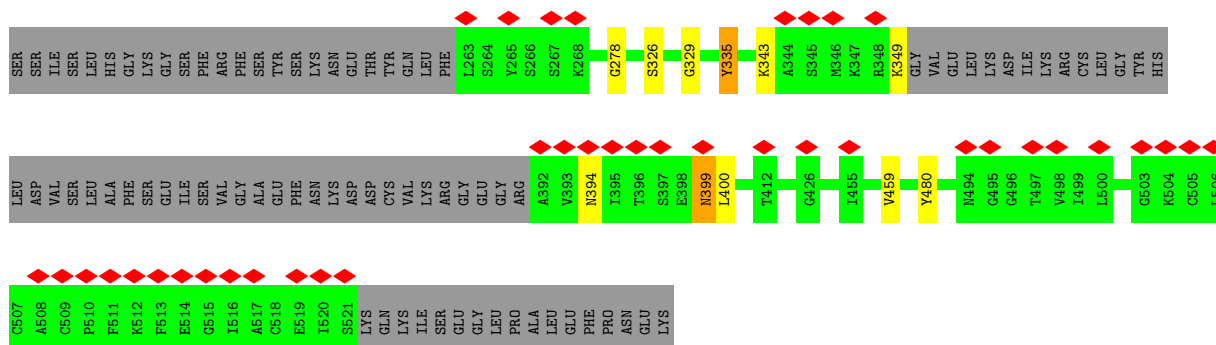
- Molecule 1: Complement component C7



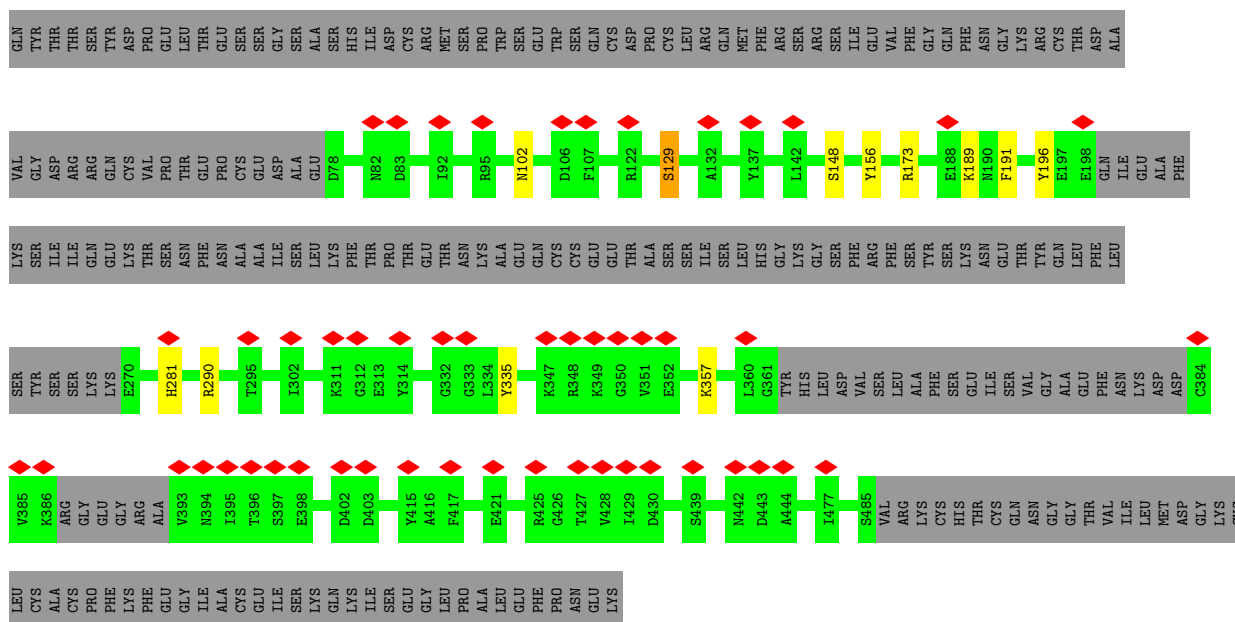
- Molecule 2: Complement component C8 beta chain



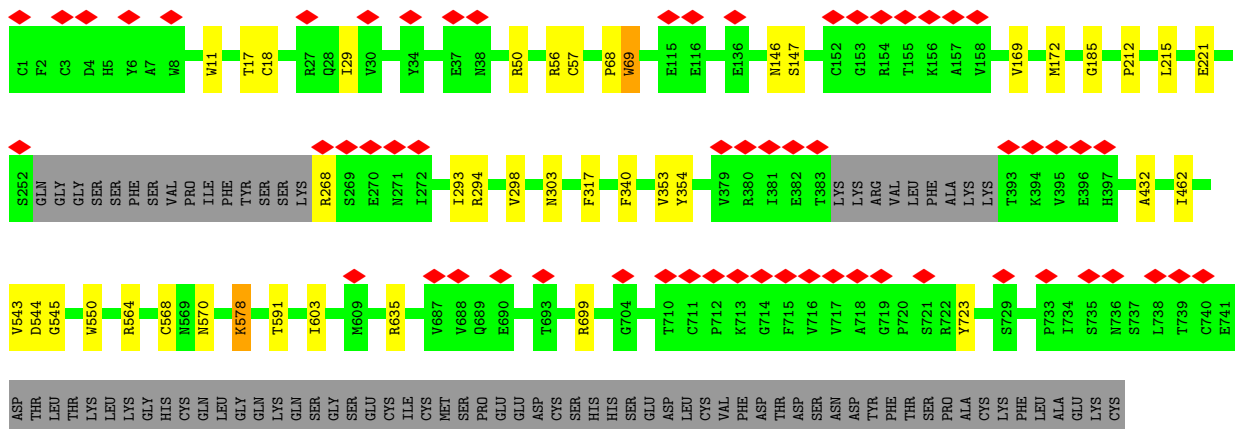
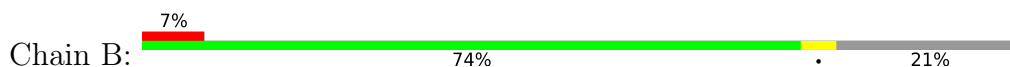
- Molecule 3: Complement component C8 alpha chain



• Molecule 4: Complement component C9

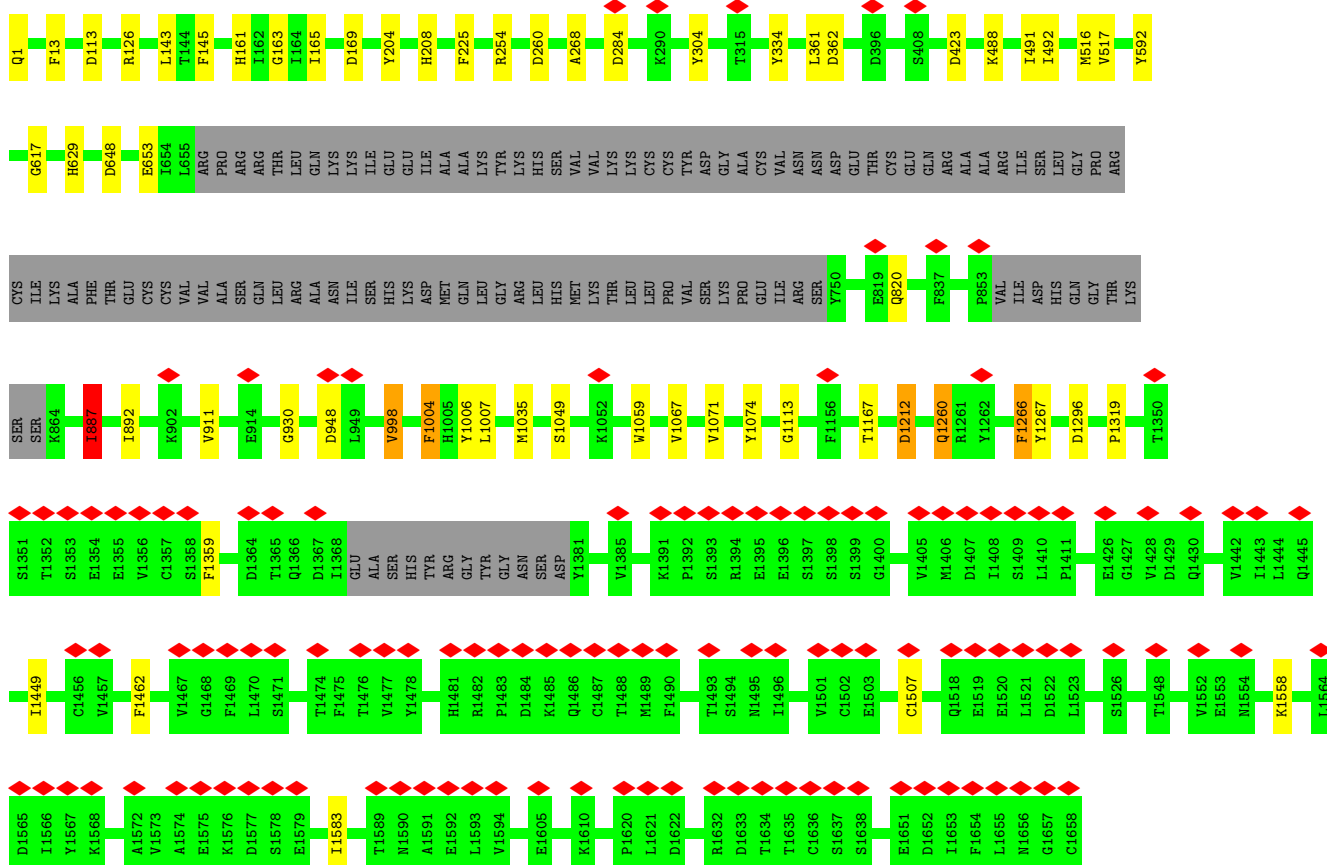


• Molecule 5: Complement component C6



LEU	PRO	PRO	GLN	CYS	PHE	LYS	GLY	GLY	ASN	GLN	LEU	TYR	CYS	VAL	LYS	MET	GLY	SER	SER	THR	THR	SER	GLU	LYS	THR	THR	LEU	ASN	ILE	CYS	GLU	VAL	GLY	THR	ILE	ARG	ARG	CYS	ALA	ASN	ASN	ARG	LYS	MET	GLU	ILE	LEU	LEU	HIS	PRO	GLY	LYS	CYS	LEU	ALA
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

Chain A: 8% 89% 7%



Chain F: 5% 91% 8%



Chain K: 50% 50%



- Molecule 9: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain J:

100%

MAG1
MAG2
EMJ3

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	85151	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	40	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 QUANTUM (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	2.230	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.002	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.021	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.007	Depositor
Map size (Å)	418.80002, 418.80002, 418.80002	wwPDB
Map dimensions	400, 400, 400	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.047, 1.047, 1.047	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FUC, CA, NAG, MAN, BMA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	C	0.80	0/6109	1.37	16/8290 (0.2%)
2	D	0.82	1/4004 (0.0%)	1.35	10/5409 (0.2%)
3	E	0.79	0/3882	1.33	5/5230 (0.1%)
4	G	0.82	1/3138 (0.0%)	1.37	11/4241 (0.3%)
4	H	0.82	0/3253	1.35	2/4389 (0.0%)
4	I	0.81	1/2476 (0.0%)	1.34	8/3343 (0.2%)
5	B	0.82	1/5750 (0.0%)	1.35	6/7770 (0.1%)
6	A	0.78	0/11993	1.34	29/16320 (0.2%)
7	F	0.82	0/1348	1.34	2/1829 (0.1%)
All	All	0.80	4/41953 (0.0%)	1.35	89/56821 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	C	0	7
2	D	0	6
3	E	0	3
4	G	0	3
4	H	0	5
4	I	0	3
5	B	0	4
6	A	0	12
All	All	0	43

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	D	529	PRO	C-O	-6.47	1.18	1.24

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	B	268	ARG	N-CA	-6.00	1.34	1.46
4	G	27	TRP	CG-CD1	5.77	1.51	1.36
4	I	129	SER	C-O	-5.32	1.17	1.23

The worst 5 of 89 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	G	27	TRP	CG-CD1-NE1	-10.53	96.51	110.20
4	G	27	TRP	CB-CA-C	9.09	125.39	110.22
4	G	27	TRP	CB-CG-CD2	-8.21	115.31	126.80
4	G	27	TRP	CA-CB-CG	8.11	129.02	113.60
3	E	186	HIS	N-CA-C	7.92	123.25	113.50

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 43 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	C	122	TYR	Sidechain
1	C	164	TYR	Sidechain
1	C	239	GLN	Peptide
1	C	267	TYR	Sidechain
1	C	28	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	C	5977	0	5400	30	0
2	D	3914	0	3736	58	0
3	E	3805	0	3588	61	0
4	G	3079	0	2910	37	0
4	H	3192	0	3044	12	0
4	I	2433	0	2302	4	0
5	B	5631	0	5332	55	0
6	A	11744	0	11282	25	0
7	F	1319	0	1282	1	0
8	K	28	0	25	5	0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
9	J	39	0	34	0	0
10	C	11	0	10	6	0
10	D	22	0	20	26	0
10	E	33	0	30	30	0
10	G	11	0	10	0	0
11	D	1	0	0	0	0
11	E	1	0	0	0	0
11	H	1	0	0	0	0
12	B	14	0	13	3	0
12	E	14	0	13	8	0
12	G	14	0	13	7	0
12	H	14	0	13	1	0
13	B	10	0	10	11	0
All	All	41307	0	39067	276	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 276 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:G:30:TRP:HH2	4:G:65:ARG:CB	1.31	1.43
4:H:399:ASN:HB2	4:I:196:TYR:CE1	1.64	1.31
4:G:30:TRP:CH2	4:G:65:ARG:CB	2.16	1.28
5:B:543:VAL:HB	5:B:578:LYS:CE	1.65	1.25
5:B:221:GLU:HG3	12:B:1002:NAG:O6	1.09	1.24

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	803/821 (98%)	778 (97%)	25 (3%)	0	100	100
2	D	481/537 (90%)	465 (97%)	15 (3%)	1 (0%)	43	73
3	E	474/554 (86%)	457 (96%)	17 (4%)	0	100	100
4	G	387/538 (72%)	367 (95%)	20 (5%)	0	100	100
4	H	398/538 (74%)	386 (97%)	12 (3%)	0	100	100
4	I	301/538 (56%)	286 (95%)	15 (5%)	0	100	100
5	B	712/913 (78%)	667 (94%)	45 (6%)	0	100	100
6	A	1534/1658 (92%)	1430 (93%)	103 (7%)	1 (0%)	48	79
7	F	166/182 (91%)	161 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	5256/6279 (84%)	4997 (95%)	257 (5%)	2 (0%)	100	100

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	530	ALA
6	A	887	ILE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	615/714 (86%)	611 (99%)	4 (1%)	76	78
2	D	433/473 (92%)	431 (100%)	2 (0%)	81	81
3	E	410/466 (88%)	410 (100%)	0	100	100
4	G	340/477 (71%)	333 (98%)	7 (2%)	47	66
4	H	353/477 (74%)	346 (98%)	7 (2%)	48	67
4	I	264/477 (55%)	261 (99%)	3 (1%)	65	74
5	B	630/810 (78%)	624 (99%)	6 (1%)	68	75
6	A	1234/1470 (84%)	1227 (99%)	7 (1%)	78	80
7	F	136/149 (91%)	135 (99%)	1 (1%)	76	78

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	4415/5513 (80%)	4378 (99%)	37 (1%)	70 77

5 of 37 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
6	A	488	LYS
4	I	189	LYS
6	A	820	GLN
6	A	1260	GLN
4	G	450	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 67 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
6	A	1223	ASN
6	A	1307	ASN
4	I	190	ASN
3	E	406	GLN
3	E	296	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

5 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
9	NAG	J	1	6,9	14,14,15	1.43	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.82	3 (17%)
9	NAG	J	2	9	14,14,15	0.58	0	17,19,21	1.21	2 (11%)
9	BMA	J	3	9	11,11,12	0.35	0	15,15,17	1.00	1 (6%)
8	NAG	K	1	8,2	14,14,15	0.80	0	17,19,21	3.32	10 (58%)
8	NAG	K	2	8	14,14,15	0.37	0	17,19,21	0.65	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
9	NAG	J	1	6,9	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	NAG	J	2	9	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	BMA	J	3	9	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	K	1	8,2	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	K	2	8	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
9	J	1	NAG	C1-C2	-3.43	1.47	1.52

The worst 5 of 16 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
9	J	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-9.15	96.01	110.43
8	K	1	NAG	C6-C5-C4	-6.63	96.74	113.02
8	K	1	NAG	O3-C3-C2	-6.55	95.80	109.40
8	K	1	NAG	O3-C3-C4	-5.73	96.86	110.38
9	J	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	4.93	129.51	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 15 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
8	K	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
8	K	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
8	K	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
8	K	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

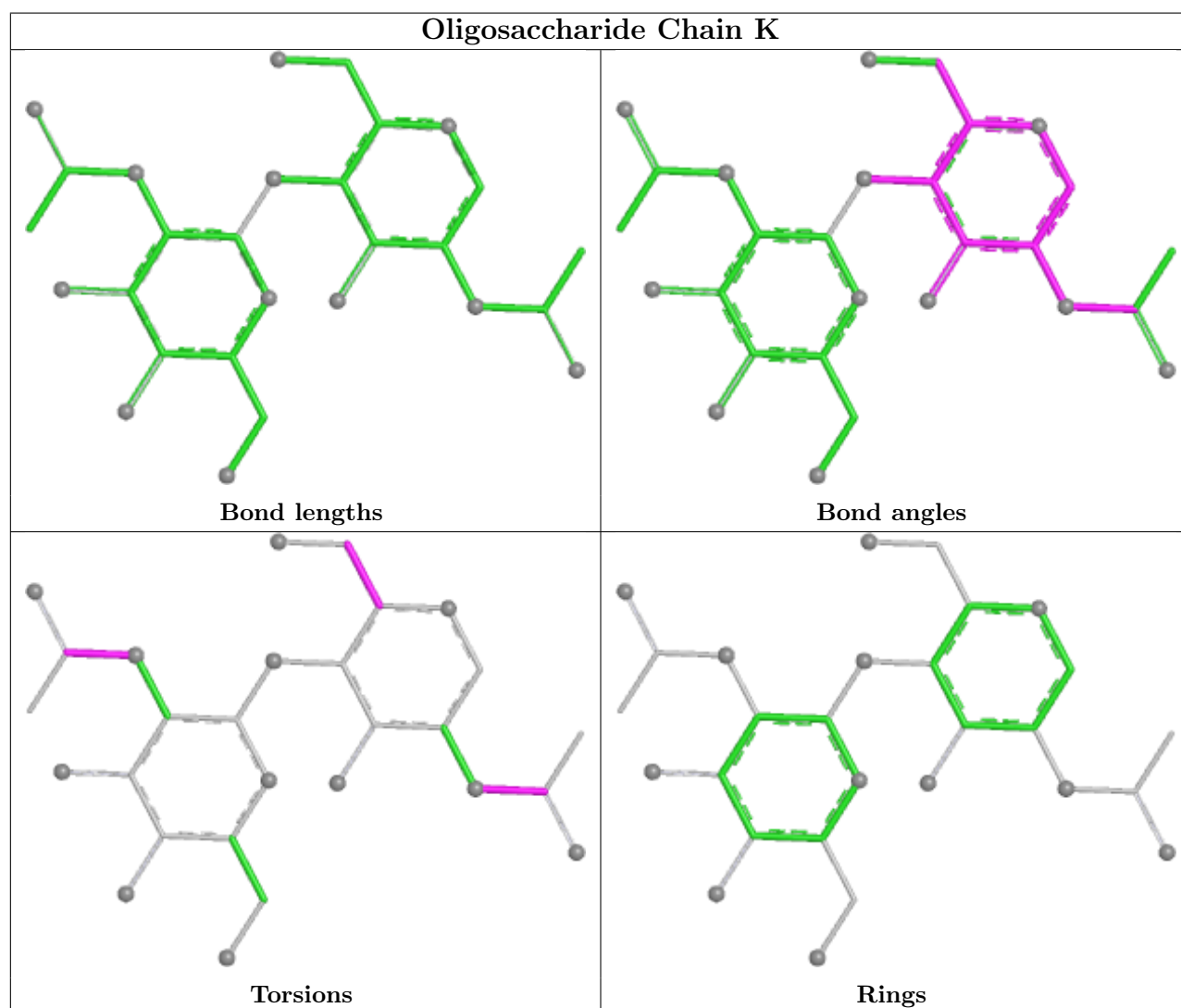
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
9	J	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2

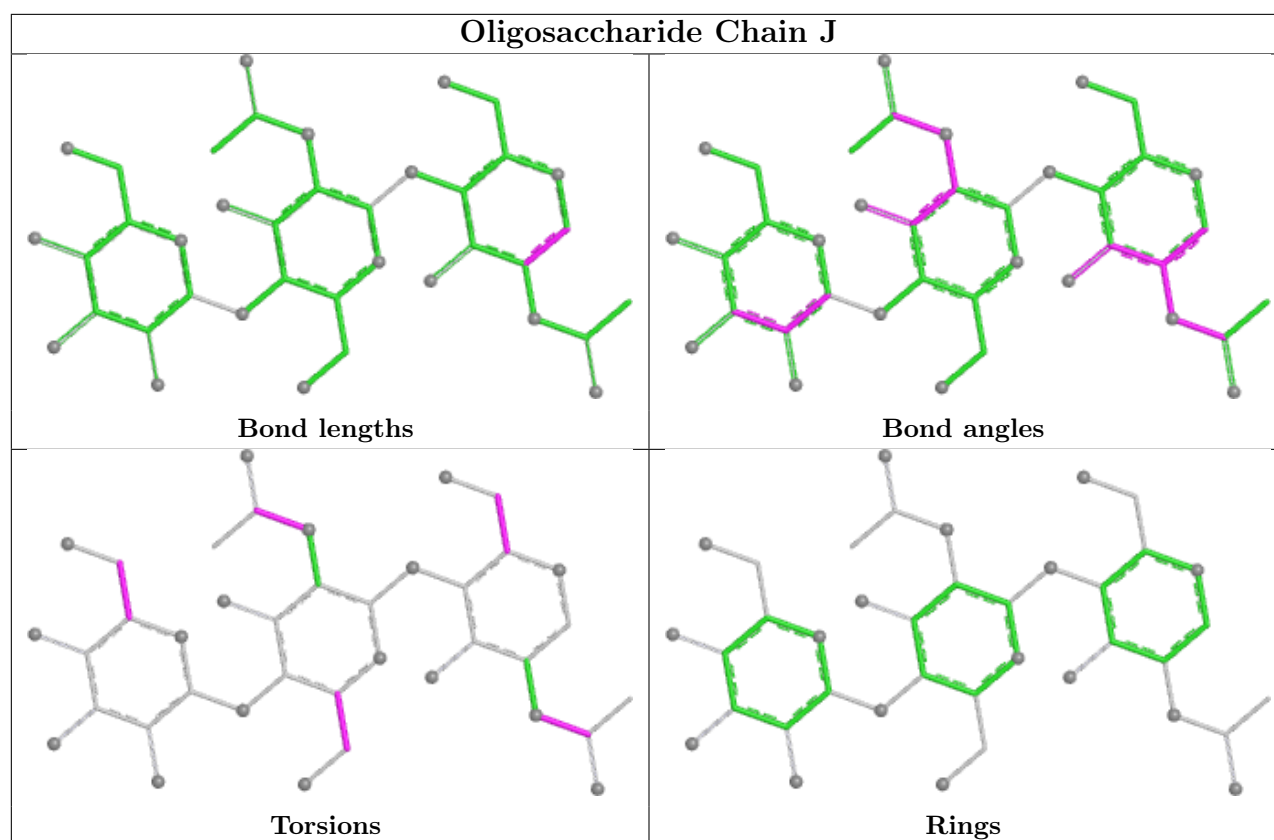
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	K	1	NAG	5	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 15 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 12 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
10	MAN	E	601	3	11,11,12	1.02	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.39	3 (20%)
10	MAN	D	602	2	11,11,12	0.51	0	15,15,17	0.89	1 (6%)
10	MAN	E	603	3	11,11,12	0.32	0	15,15,17	0.98	1 (6%)
12	NAG	E	604	3	14,14,15	0.41	0	17,19,21	0.76	0
10	MAN	C	901	1	11,11,12	0.26	0	15,15,17	1.03	1 (6%)
13	FUC	B	1001	-	10,10,11	0.79	1 (10%)	14,14,16	1.70	4 (28%)
10	MAN	D	601	2	11,11,12	0.45	0	15,15,17	1.13	1 (6%)
12	NAG	H	601	4	14,14,15	0.32	0	17,19,21	0.60	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
12	NAG	G	702	4	14,14,15	0.33	0	17,19,21	1.19	3 (17%)
10	MAN	E	602	3	11,11,12	0.53	0	15,15,17	1.58	2 (13%)
12	NAG	B	1002	5	14,14,15	1.18	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.93	4 (23%)
10	MAN	G	701	4	11,11,12	0.35	0	15,15,17	0.66	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
10	MAN	E	601	3	1/1/4/5	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
10	MAN	D	602	2	1/1/4/5	2/2/19/22	1/1/1/1
10	MAN	E	603	3	1/1/4/5	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
12	NAG	E	604	3	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
10	MAN	C	901	1	1/1/4/5	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
13	FUC	B	1001	-	-	-	0/1/1/1
10	MAN	D	601	2	1/1/4/5	2/2/19/22	1/1/1/1
12	NAG	H	601	4	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
12	NAG	G	702	4	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
10	MAN	E	602	3	1/1/4/5	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
12	NAG	B	1002	5	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
10	MAN	G	701	4	1/1/4/5	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
12	B	1002	NAG	O5-C1	-2.57	1.39	1.43
10	E	601	MAN	O5-C1	-2.49	1.39	1.43
13	B	1001	FUC	C1-C2	2.37	1.57	1.52

The worst 5 of 20 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
12	B	1002	NAG	C1-O5-C5	-4.70	105.88	112.19
10	E	602	MAN	C3-C4-C5	4.40	118.21	110.23
12	B	1002	NAG	O6-C6-C5	-3.73	98.62	111.33
12	B	1002	NAG	O5-C1-C2	3.33	116.44	111.29
13	B	1001	FUC	C1-C2-C3	3.32	114.48	109.64

5 of 7 chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
10	C	901	MAN	C1
10	D	601	MAN	C1
10	D	602	MAN	C1
10	E	601	MAN	C1
10	E	602	MAN	C1

5 of 23 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
12	G	702	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
12	G	702	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
12	G	702	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
12	B	1002	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
12	B	1002	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2

All (2) ring outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
10	D	601	MAN	C1-C2-C3-C4-C5-O5
10	D	602	MAN	C1-C2-C3-C4-C5-O5

11 monomers are involved in 92 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
10	E	601	MAN	2	0
10	D	602	MAN	25	0
10	E	603	MAN	27	0
12	E	604	NAG	8	0
10	C	901	MAN	6	0
13	B	1001	FUC	11	0
10	D	601	MAN	1	0
12	H	601	NAG	1	0
12	G	702	NAG	7	0
10	E	602	MAN	1	0
12	B	1002	NAG	3	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

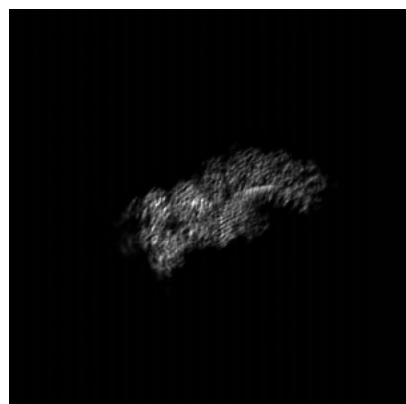
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-12650. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

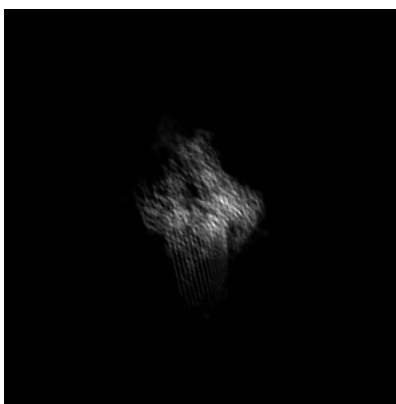
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

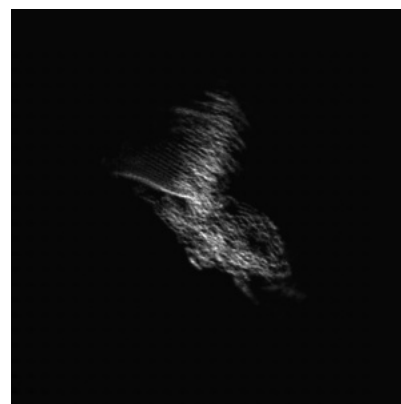
6.1.1 Primary map



X

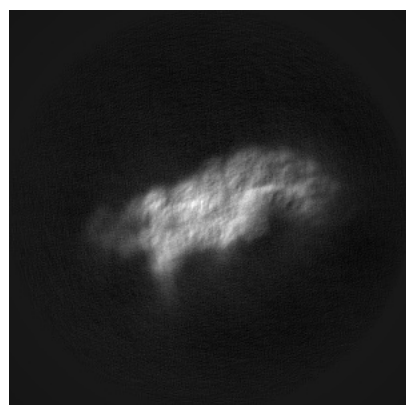


Y

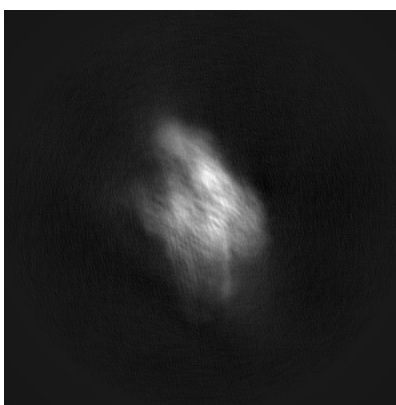


Z

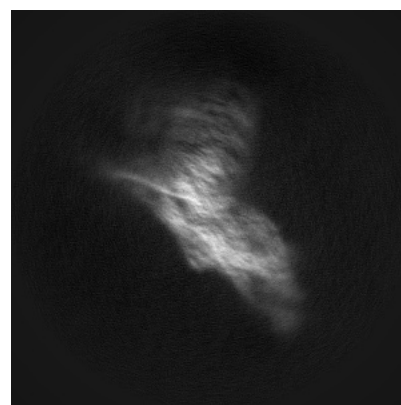
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 200

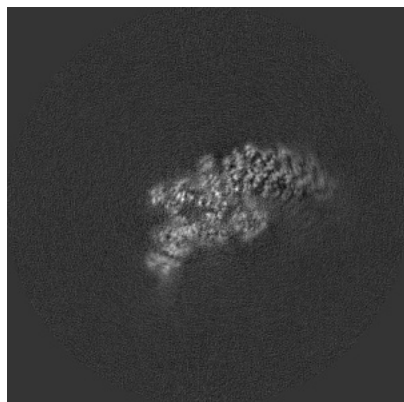


Y Index: 200

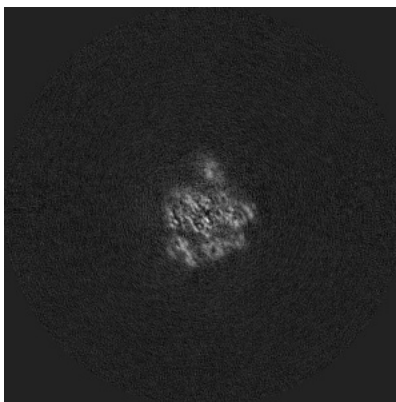


Z Index: 200

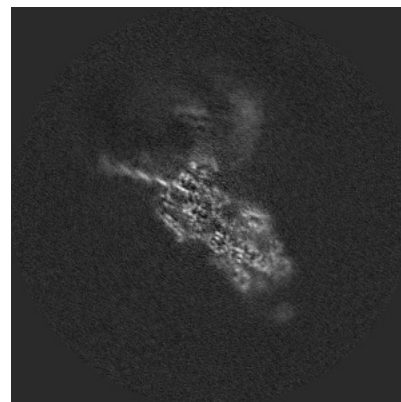
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 200



Y Index: 200



Z Index: 200

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 194

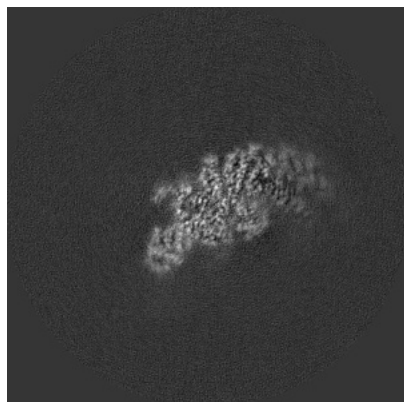


Y Index: 151

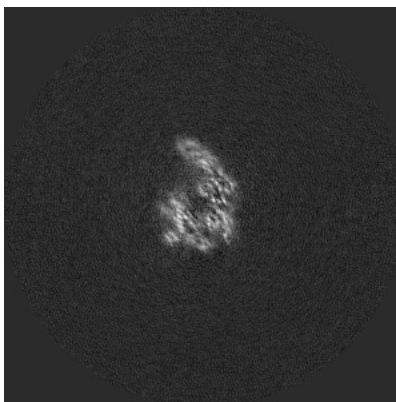


Z Index: 205

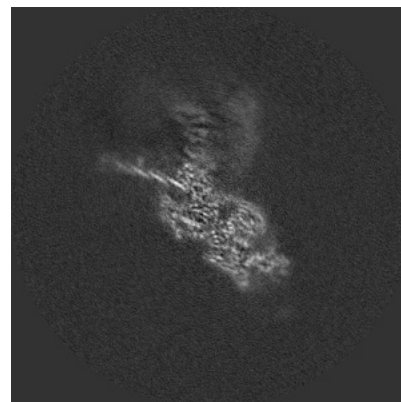
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 194



Y Index: 181

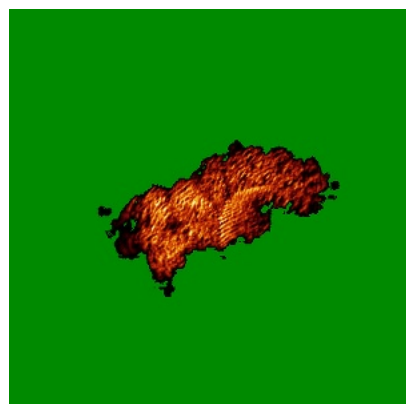


Z Index: 205

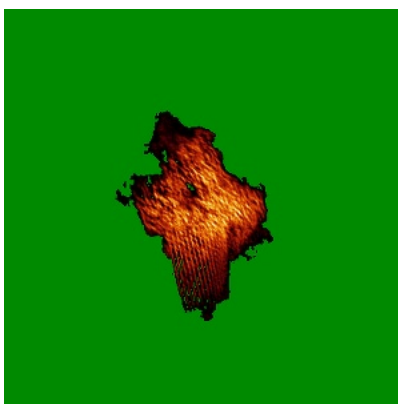
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

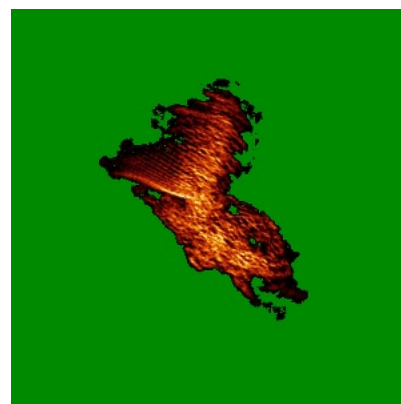
6.4.1 Primary map



X

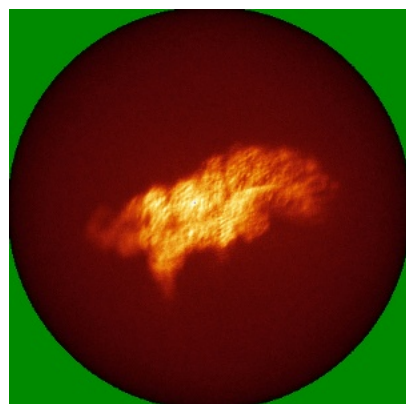


Y

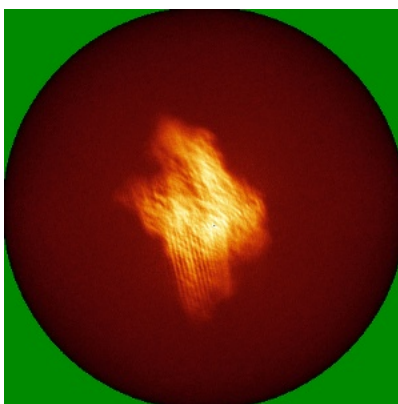


Z

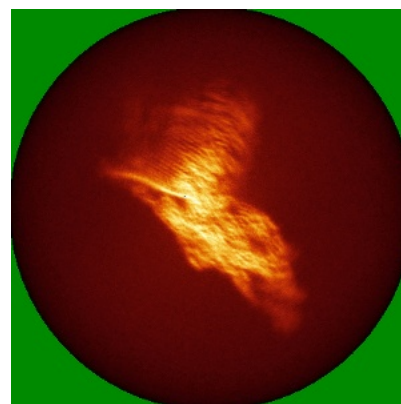
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

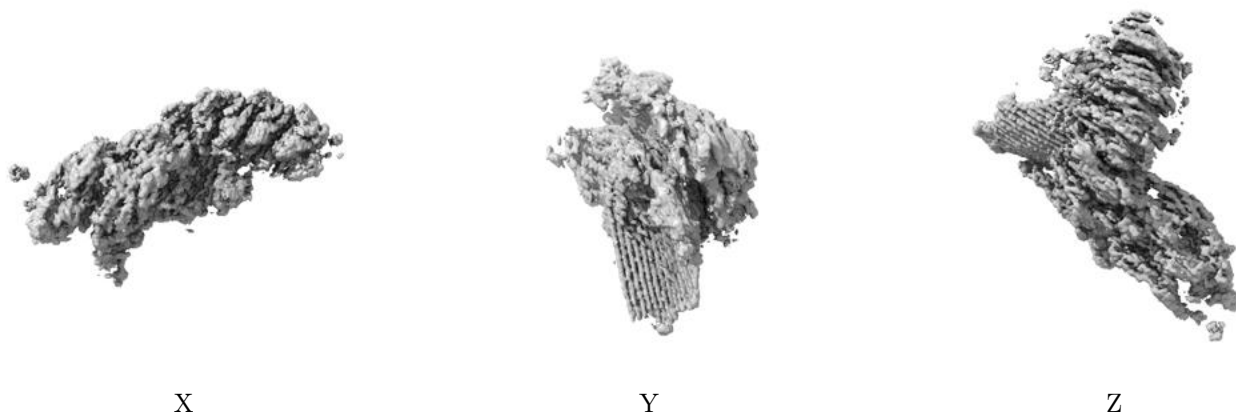


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

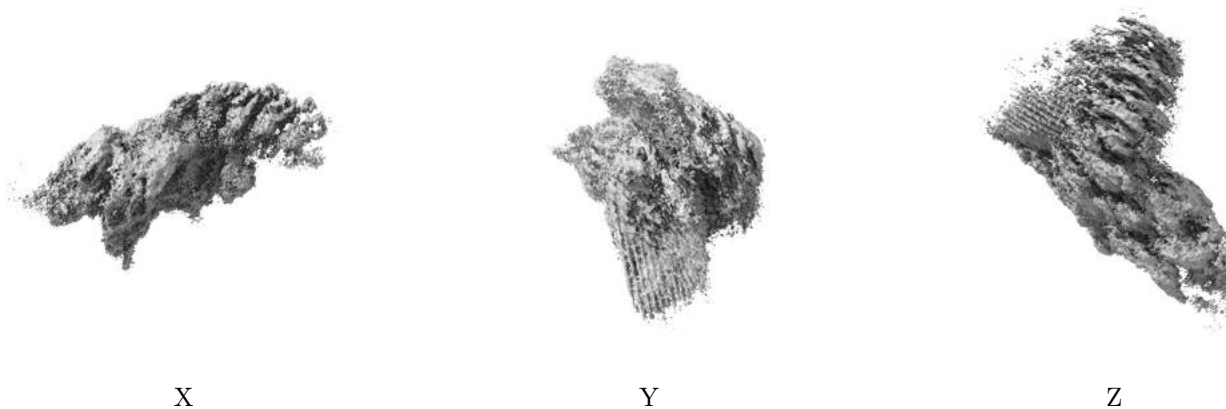
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.007. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

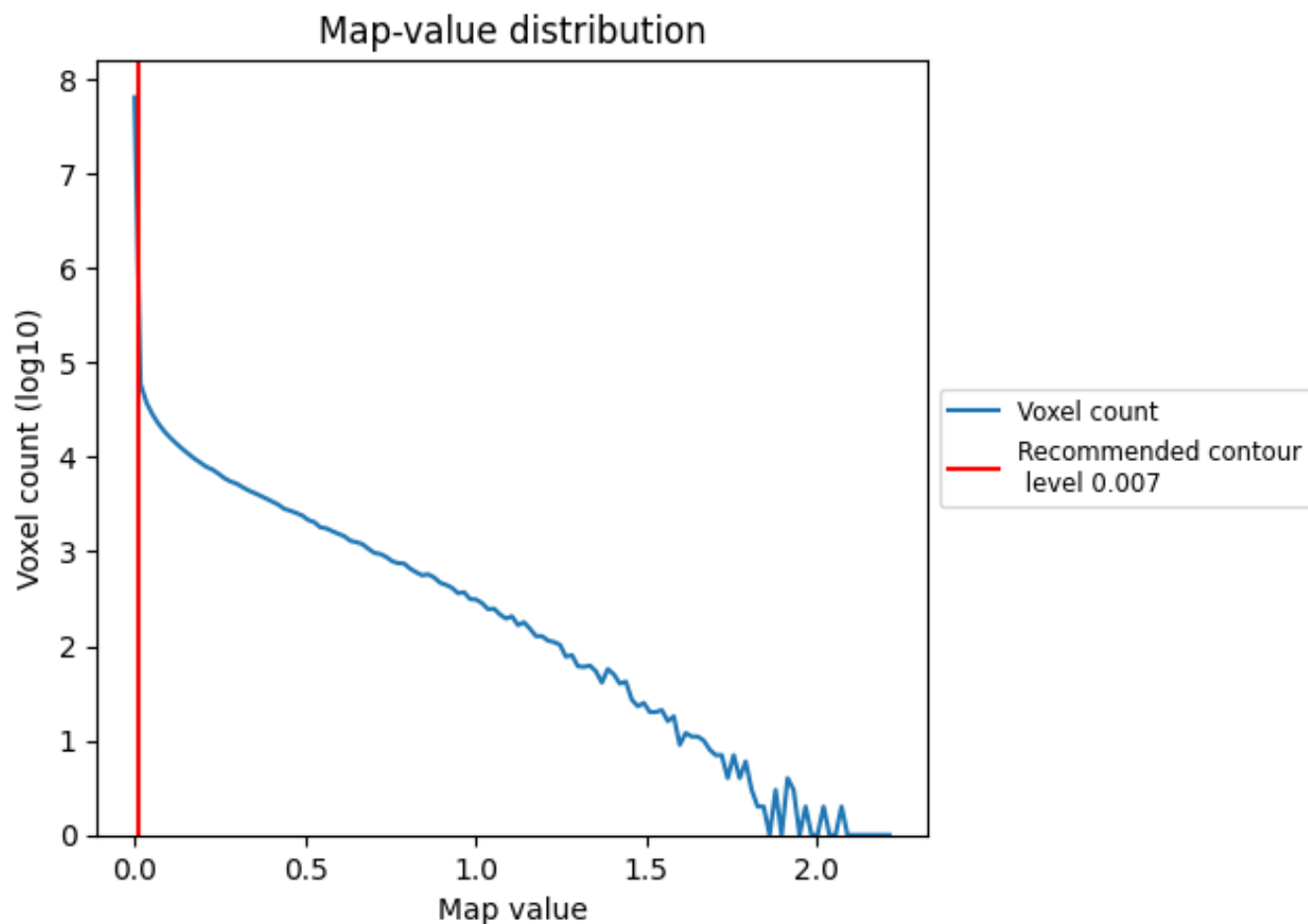
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

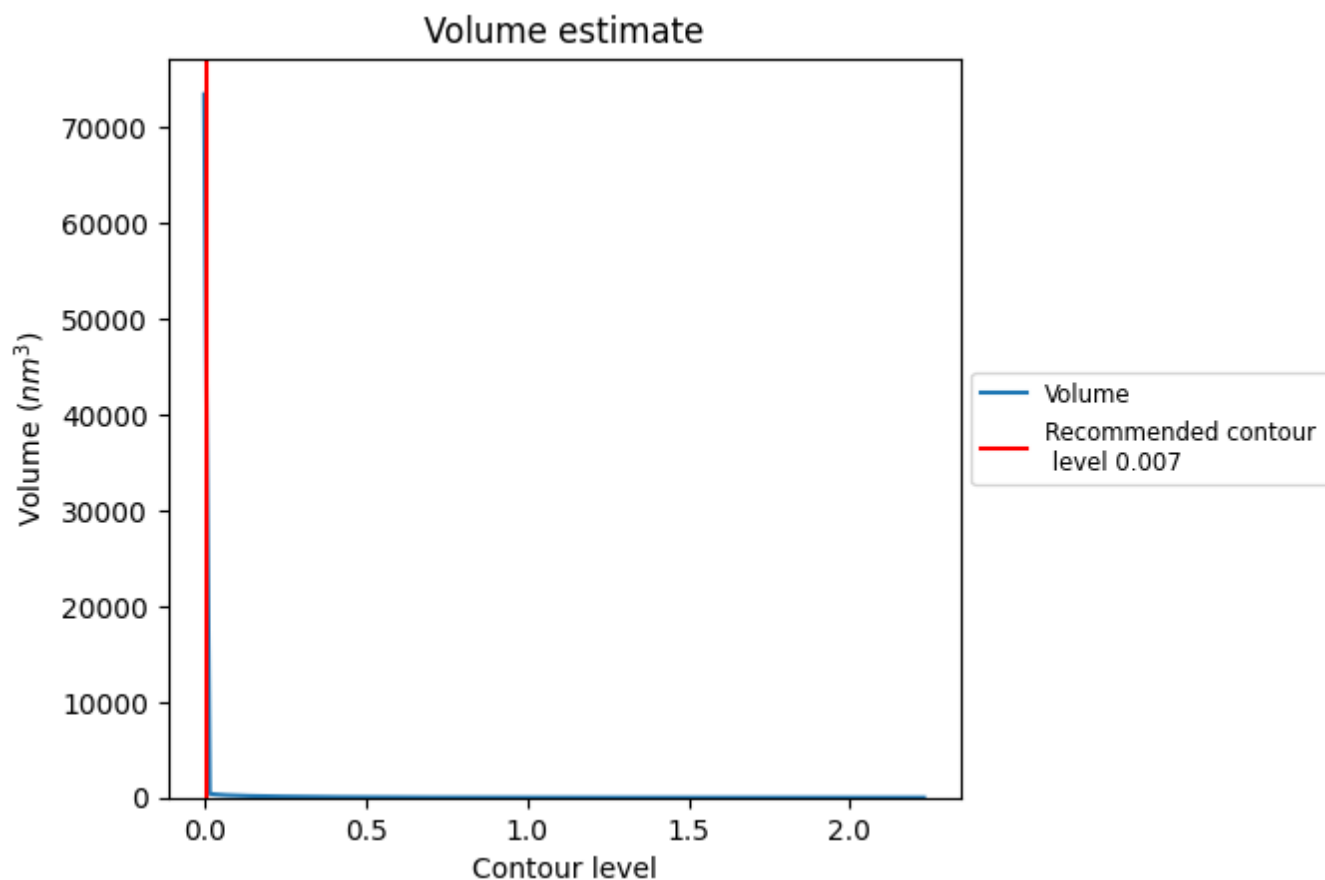
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

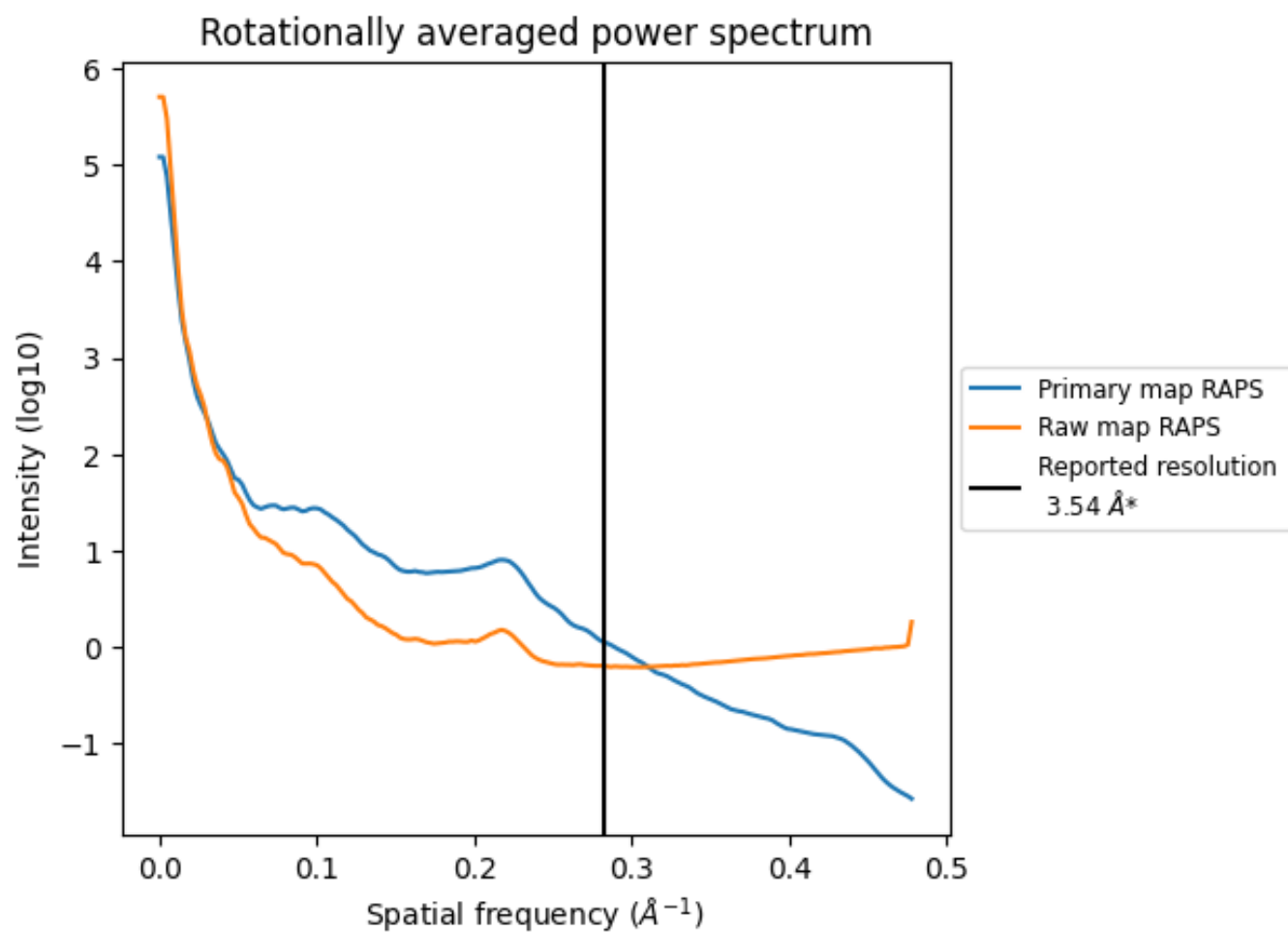
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 36597 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 33059 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

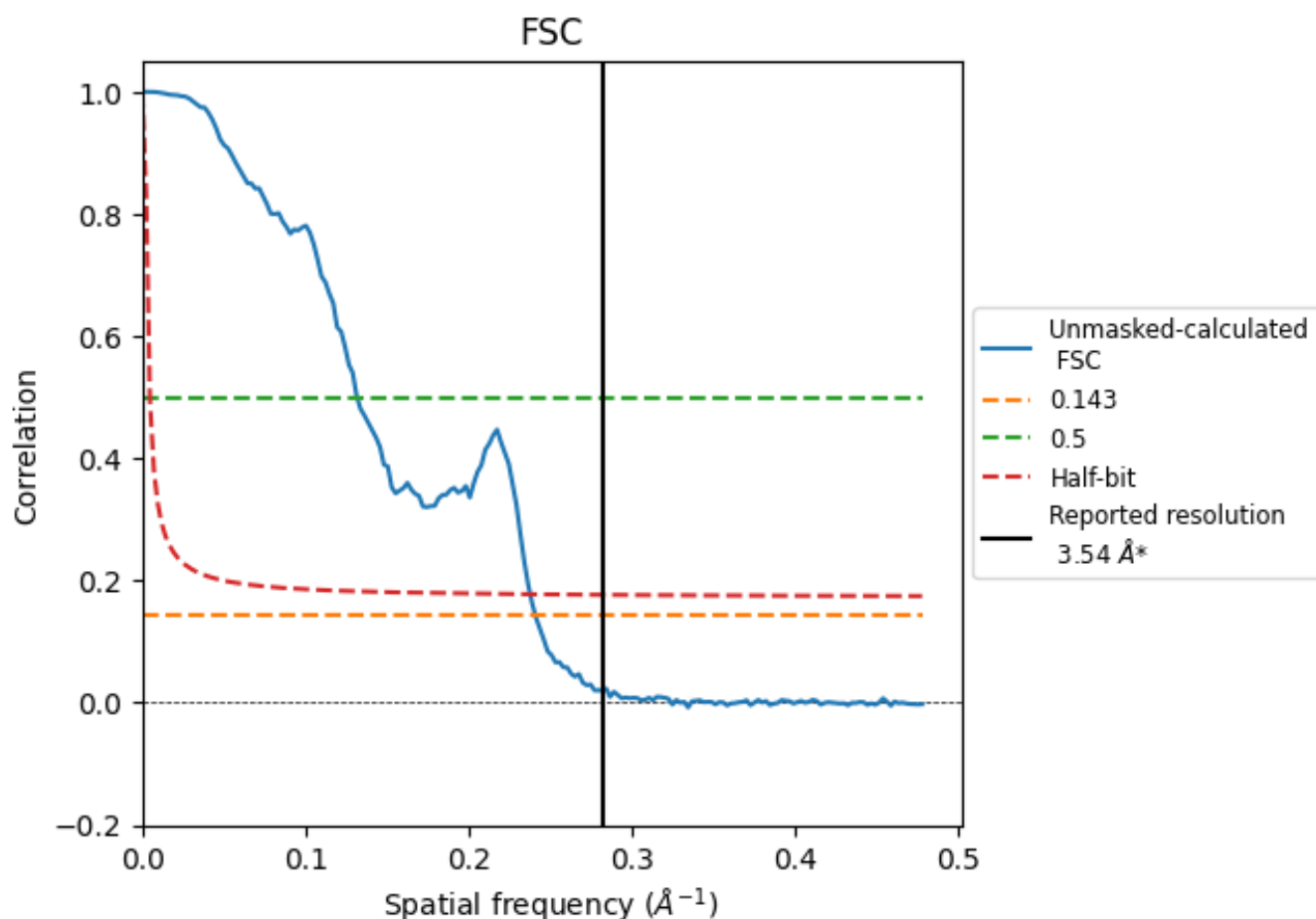


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of $0.282 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.282 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

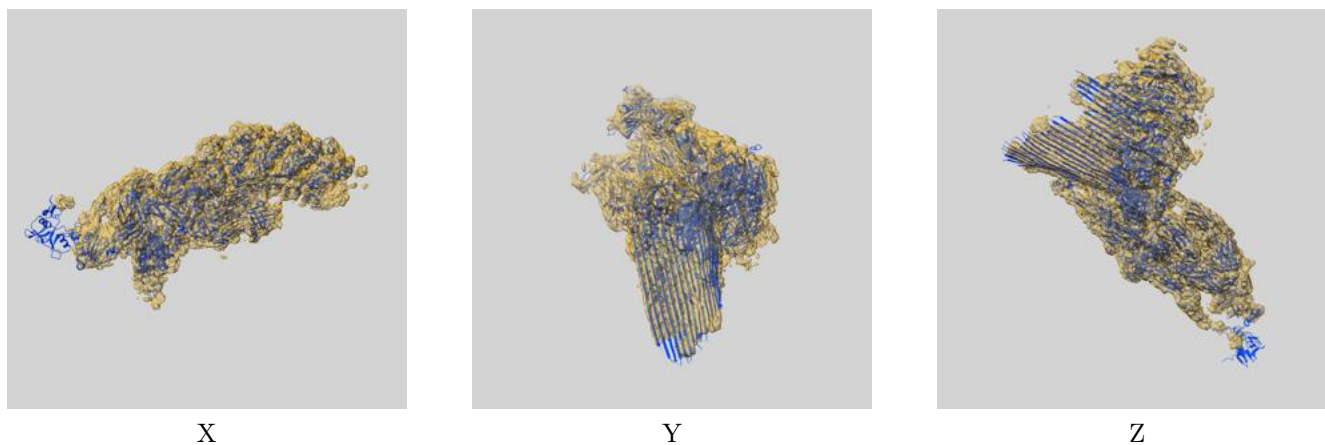
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.54	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	4.15	7.60	4.21

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 4.15 differs from the reported value 3.54 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

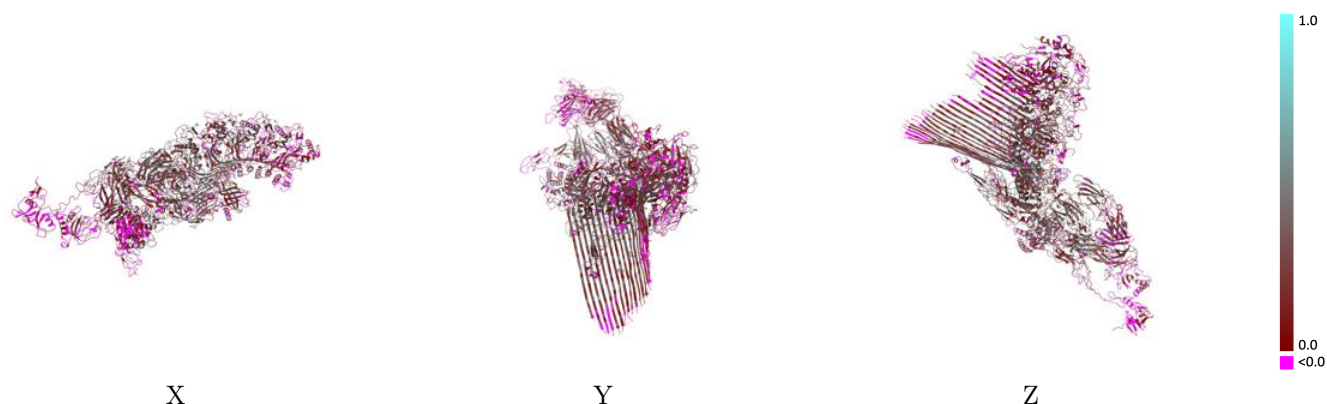
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-12650 and PDB model 7NYC. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [9](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



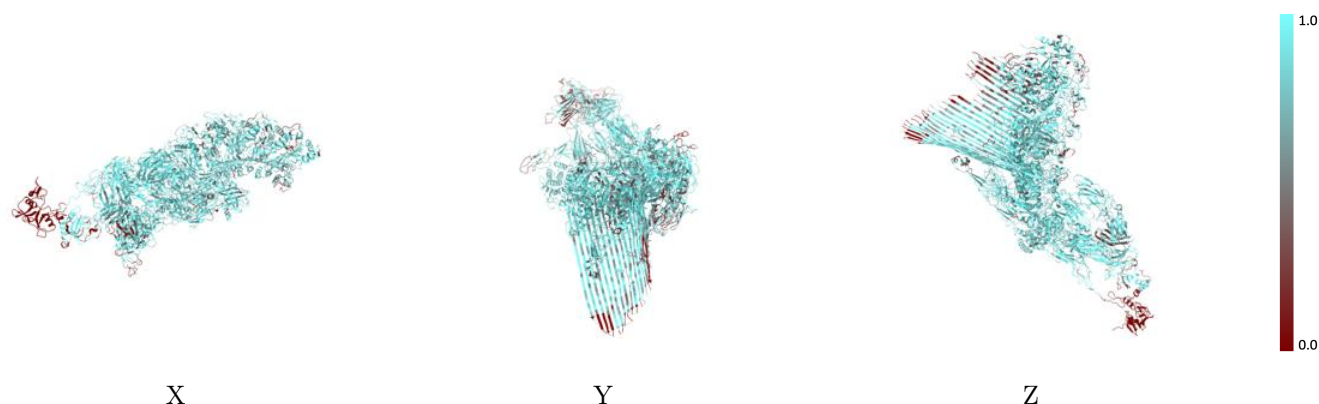
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.007 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



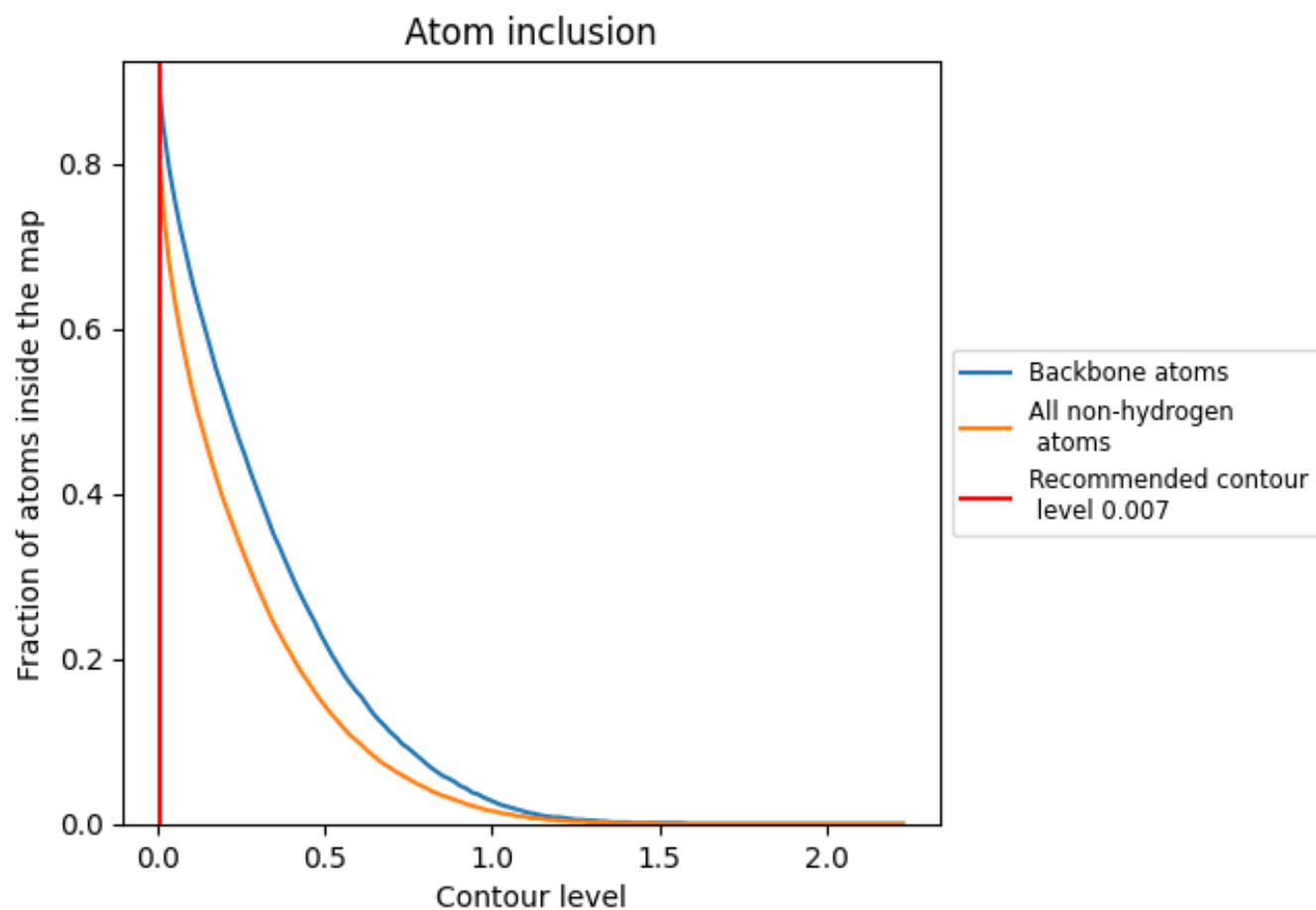
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.007).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 88% of all backbone atoms, 79% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.007) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7920	0.2260
A	0.8180	0.2240
B	0.8070	0.2510
C	0.7440	0.2370
D	0.8490	0.2810
E	0.8210	0.2540
F	0.8370	0.2240
G	0.7750	0.2290
H	0.7080	0.1630
I	0.7250	0.0950
J	0.8970	0.4530
K	0.7140	0.1620

1.0

0.0

<0.0