



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 7, 2026 – 01:41 AM UTC

PDB ID : 4O0E / pdb_00004o0e
Title : Crystal structure of the human L-asparaginase protein T186V mutant
Authors : Nomme, J.; Lavie, A.
Deposited on : 2013-12-13
Resolution : 1.71 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

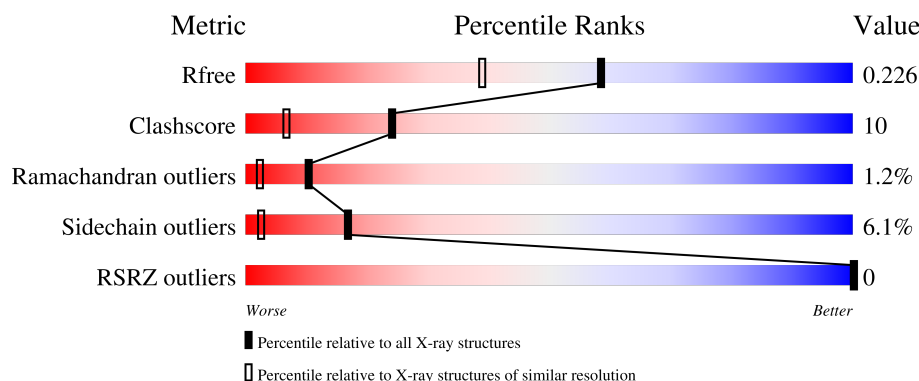
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.71 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	1039 (1.72-1.72)
Clashscore	190562	1049 (1.72-1.72)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	1041 (1.72-1.72)
Sidechain outliers	187428	1041 (1.72-1.72)
RSRZ outliers	180081	1039 (1.72-1.72)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	309	 73% 21% . .
1	B	309	 76% 18% . .

2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4516 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Isoaspartyl peptidase/L-asparaginase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	297	Total	C	N	O	S	0	4	0
			2168	1352	379	422	15			
1	B	297	Total	C	N	O	S	0	4	0
			2169	1352	380	422	15			

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	0	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q7L266
A	186	VAL	THR	engineered mutation	UNP Q7L266
B	0	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q7L266
B	186	VAL	THR	engineered mutation	UNP Q7L266

- Molecule 2 is SODIUM ION (CCD ID: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		
2	B	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		

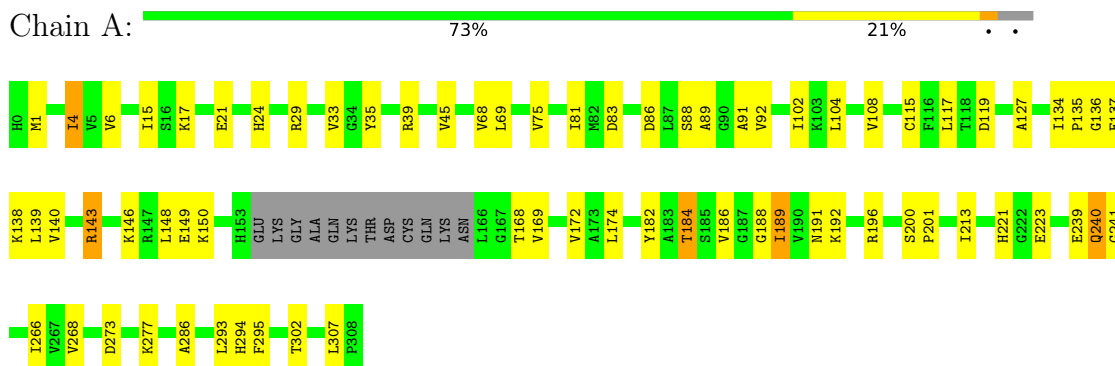
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	93	Total	O	0	0
			93	93		
3	B	84	Total	O	0	0
			84	84		

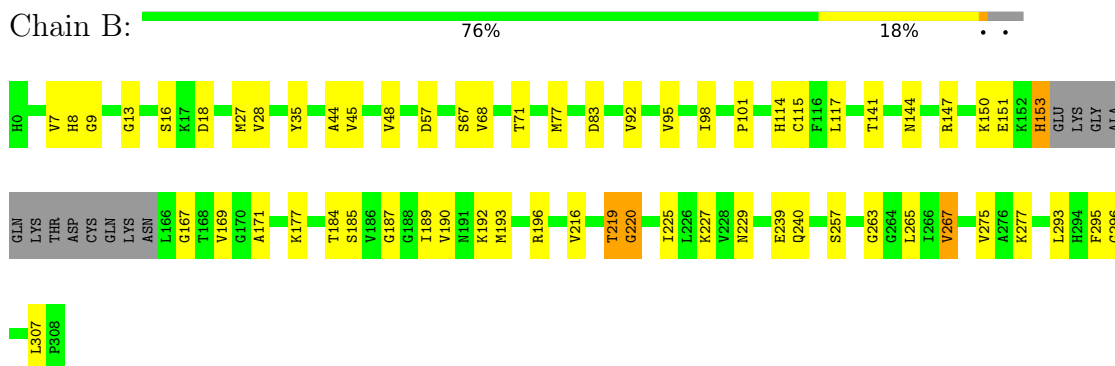
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Isoaspartyl peptidase/L-asparaginase



- Molecule 1: Isoaspartyl peptidase/L-asparaginase



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 65	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	59.38Å 59.38Å 298.32Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	28.45 – 1.71 28.45 – 1.71	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	94.9 (28.45-1.71) 94.9 (28.45-1.71)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.06	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.09 (at 1.71Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0049	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.172 , 0.225 0.175 , 0.226	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3061 reflections (4.80%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	25.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.037	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.40 , 24.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.41$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.24$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.459 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
Reported twinning fraction	0.513 for H, K, L 0.487 for K, H, -L	Depositor
Outliers	0 of 62622 reflections	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	4516	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	26.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.63% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section:
NA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.76	0/2213	1.07	1/2994 (0.0%)
1	B	0.78	0/2214	1.06	4/2994 (0.1%)
All	All	0.77	0/4427	1.07	5/5988 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	302	THR	N-CA-C	5.82	118.26	110.35
1	B	13	GLY	CA-C-N	5.67	125.59	119.76
1	B	13	GLY	C-N-CA	5.67	125.59	119.76
1	B	167	GLY	N-CA-C	5.46	119.92	111.08
1	B	219	THR	N-CA-C	5.35	122.19	110.80

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2168	0	2172	52	0
1	B	2169	0	2174	43	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	93	0	0	4	0
3	B	84	0	0	4	0
All	All	4516	0	4346	87	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (87) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:184:THR:HG21	3:B:565:HOH:O	1.33	1.26
1:A:184:THR:HG21	3:A:573:HOH:O	1.69	0.91
1:A:1:MET:HE2	1:A:174:LEU:HD21	1.61	0.81
1:A:172:VAL:HG22	1:A:266:ILE:HD12	1.61	0.81
1:B:220:GLY:HA3	1:B:263:GLY:HA3	1.74	0.70
1:A:29:ARG:O	1:A:33:VAL:HG23	1.92	0.68
1:A:35:TYR:CE2	1:A:39:ARG:HD2	2.29	0.66
1:B:68:VAL:HG12	1:B:147:ARG:NH2	2.11	0.66
1:A:21:GLU:O	1:A:24:HIS:HB3	1.96	0.65
1:A:4:ILE:HG23	1:A:174:LEU:HB3	1.80	0.64
1:B:27:MET:HA	1:B:27:MET:HE2	1.82	0.61
1:A:35:TYR:CD2	1:A:39:ARG:HD2	2.37	0.60
1:A:240:GLN:NE2	1:B:240:GLN:HE21	2.00	0.59
1:B:220:GLY:HA3	1:B:263:GLY:CA	2.34	0.58
1:B:57:ASP:HA	3:B:577:HOH:O	2.03	0.58
1:A:192:LYS:HE2	3:A:589:HOH:O	2.02	0.58
1:B:68:VAL:HG12	1:B:147:ARG:HH22	1.69	0.57
1:B:151:GLU:HG3	1:B:190:VAL:HG21	1.87	0.55
1:A:135:PRO:C	1:A:137:GLU:H	2.15	0.55
1:B:67:SER:CB	1:B:187:GLY:HA3	2.37	0.55
1:A:1:MET:CE	1:A:174:LEU:HD21	2.34	0.55
1:B:67:SER:OG	1:B:187:GLY:HA3	2.07	0.55
1:A:189:ILE:HD11	1:A:196:ARG:CZ	2.38	0.54
1:A:117:LEU:HD23	1:B:196:ARG:HA	1.89	0.54
1:B:265:LEU:C	1:B:265:LEU:HD12	2.33	0.53
1:B:45:VAL:HG21	1:B:83:ASP:HB2	1.90	0.53
1:A:239:GLU:C	1:A:241:GLY:H	2.17	0.52
1:A:148:LEU:HD12	1:A:191:ASN:HB2	1.92	0.52
1:A:196:ARG:HG3	1:B:114:HIS:CG	2.45	0.52
1:B:7:VAL:HG12	1:B:171:ALA:HB2	1.92	0.52
1:B:77:MET:HE3	1:B:101:PRO:HG3	1.92	0.52

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:223:GLU:HG3	1:B:115[B]:CYS:SG	2.51	0.51
1:A:168:THR:CG2	1:A:184:THR:HG22	2.40	0.51
1:A:240:GLN:HE22	1:B:240:GLN:NE2	2.09	0.50
1:A:4:ILE:CG2	1:A:174:LEU:HB3	2.42	0.50
1:B:169:VAL:O	1:B:184:THR:HG22	2.11	0.49
1:A:293:LEU:HB2	1:A:307:LEU:HD13	1.93	0.49
1:A:182:TYR:CD1	1:A:182:TYR:C	2.91	0.49
1:A:186:VAL:HG22	1:A:188:GLY:H	1.77	0.49
1:A:89:ALA:O	1:A:115[B]:CYS:HB2	2.12	0.49
1:A:240:GLN:NE2	1:B:240:GLN:NE2	2.62	0.48
1:A:88:SER:HA	1:B:227:LYS:HE2	1.96	0.48
1:A:134:ILE:HD11	1:A:139:LEU:HG	1.95	0.48
1:B:44:ALA:O	1:B:48:VAL:HG22	2.13	0.48
1:B:184:THR:CG2	3:B:565:HOH:O	2.16	0.47
1:A:168:THR:CG2	1:A:184:THR:CG2	2.92	0.47
1:A:81:ILE:HB	1:A:102:ILE:HD11	1.97	0.47
1:B:28:VAL:HG22	1:B:293:LEU:HD21	1.97	0.47
1:A:191:ASN:CG	1:A:191:ASN:O	2.58	0.47
1:A:92:VAL:HA	1:A:117:LEU:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:45:VAL:HG13	1:A:81:ILE:HD11	1.97	0.46
1:A:184:THR:CG2	3:A:573:HOH:O	2.45	0.46
1:A:196:ARG:HD3	1:A:196:ARG:C	2.41	0.45
1:A:83:ASP:HB3	1:A:88:SER:HB2	1.98	0.44
1:A:169:VAL:O	1:A:184:THR:HG22	2.17	0.44
1:A:104:LEU:O	1:A:108:VAL:HG23	2.18	0.44
1:B:216:VAL:HG22	1:B:267:VAL:HB	1.99	0.44
1:A:168:THR:HG21	3:A:576:HOH:O	2.18	0.44
1:B:9:GLY:HA2	1:B:169:VAL:HG12	2.00	0.44
1:B:67:SER:O	1:B:144:ASN:ND2	2.51	0.44
1:A:191:ASN:O	1:A:191:ASN:ND2	2.52	0.43
1:A:268:VAL:HA	1:A:273:ASP:O	2.18	0.43
1:B:35:TYR:CD2	1:B:307:LEU:HD23	2.54	0.43
1:B:77:MET:HE1	1:B:98:ILE:O	2.18	0.43
1:B:220:GLY:N	1:B:225:ILE:HD11	2.33	0.43
1:B:192:LYS:HD2	1:B:196:ARG:HD2	2.00	0.43
1:B:150:LYS:HE3	1:B:151:GLU:HG2	2.01	0.43
1:B:295:PHE:CG	1:B:296:GLY:N	2.86	0.43
1:A:68:VAL:O	1:A:75:VAL:HG22	2.19	0.42
1:B:8:HIS:CE1	1:B:219:THR:HB	2.54	0.42
1:A:135:PRO:C	1:A:137:GLU:N	2.78	0.42
1:A:286:ALA:HA	1:A:294:HIS:O	2.20	0.42

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:200:SER:N	1:A:201:PRO:CD	2.83	0.42
1:B:192:LYS:HG3	1:B:193:MET:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:143:ARG:HB2	1:A:143:ARG:NH1	2.35	0.42
1:A:239:GLU:C	1:A:241:GLY:N	2.78	0.41
1:A:196:ARG:HG3	1:B:114:HIS:CE1	2.55	0.41
1:B:92:VAL:HA	1:B:117:LEU:O	2.21	0.41
1:B:150:LYS:O	1:B:153:HIS:ND1	2.53	0.41
1:A:143:ARG:HB2	1:A:143:ARG:HH11	1.84	0.41
1:B:98:ILE:HD11	1:B:101:PRO:HA	2.03	0.41
1:B:141:THR:H	1:B:144:ASN:HB2	1.87	0.40
1:A:69:LEU:HD21	1:A:140:VAL:HG22	2.03	0.40
1:A:135:PRO:O	1:A:137:GLU:N	2.54	0.40
1:B:45:VAL:HG23	3:B:515:HOH:O	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	297/309 (96%)	274 (92%)	17 (6%)	6 (2%)	6	1
1	B	297/309 (96%)	275 (93%)	21 (7%)	1 (0%)	36	24
All	All	594/618 (96%)	549 (92%)	38 (6%)	7 (1%)	10	2

All (7) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	119	ASP
1	A	136	GLY
1	A	240	GLN
1	A	221	HIS
1	B	220	GLY

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	127	ALA
1	A	213	ILE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	227/235 (97%)	213 (94%)	14 (6%)	16	2
1	B	227/235 (97%)	214 (94%)	13 (6%)	18	3
All	All	454/470 (97%)	427 (94%)	27 (6%)	17	3

All (27) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	4	ILE
1	A	6	VAL
1	A	15	ILE
1	A	17	LYS
1	A	86	ASP
1	A	138	LYS
1	A	143	ARG
1	A	146	LYS
1	A	149	GLU
1	A	150	LYS
1	A	184	THR
1	A	189	ILE
1	A	277	LYS
1	A	295	PHE
1	B	16	SER
1	B	18	ASP
1	B	71	THR
1	B	95	VAL
1	B	153	HIS
1	B	177	LYS
1	B	185	SER

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	189	ILE
1	B	229	ASN
1	B	257	SER
1	B	267	VAL
1	B	275	VAL
1	B	277	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (7) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	25	GLN
1	A	191	ASN
1	A	240	GLN
1	B	2	ASN
1	B	24	HIS
1	B	144	ASN
1	B	240	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	297/309 (96%)	-1.12	0 100 100	13, 25, 39, 48	4 (1%)
1	B	297/309 (96%)	-1.13	0 100 100	13, 25, 39, 48	4 (1%)
All	All	594/618 (96%)	-1.13	0 100 100	13, 25, 39, 48	8 (1%)

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	NA	A	401	1/1	0.99	0.03	33,33,33,33	0
2	NA	B	401	1/1	1.00	0.03	22,22,22,22	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.