



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 12:54 AM UTC

PDB ID : 9O3F / pdb_00009o3f
EMDB ID : EMD-70078
Title : Plasmodium falciparum 20S proteasome bound to inhibitor 296
Authors : Han, Y.; Deng, X.; Ray, S.; Phillips, M.
Deposited on : 2025-04-07
Resolution : 2.28 Å(reported)
Based on initial model : 7LXT

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMD archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

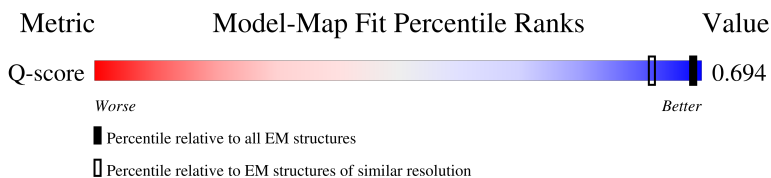
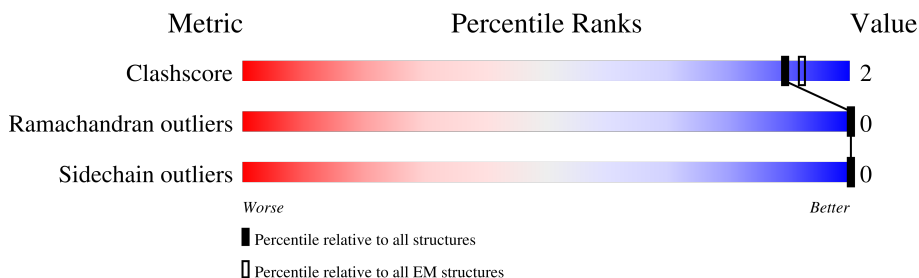
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

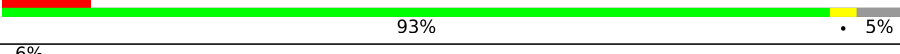
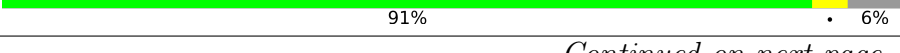
The reported resolution of this entry is 2.28 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	3643 (1.78 - 2.78)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	260	
1	O	260	
2	B	235	
2	P	235	

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
3	C	242	 6% 93% 7%
3	Q	242	 6% 93% 6%
4	D	241	 5% 91% 5%
4	R	241	 5% 91% 6%
5	E	256	 7% 82% 8% 9%
5	S	256	 5% 85% 5% 9%
6	F	254	 88% 9%
6	T	254	 88% 9%
7	G	252	 94%
7	U	252	 94%
8	H	252	 82% 14%
8	V	252	 83% 14%
9	I	229	 84% 8% 8%
9	W	229	 84% 7% 10%
10	J	218	 91% 6%
10	X	218	 90% 5% 6%
11	K	195	 96%
11	Y	195	 96%
12	L	211	 94% 6%
12	Z	211	 93% 7%
13	N	284	 77% 19%
13	b	284	 78% 19%
14	M	240	 85% 11%
14	a	240	 84% 5% 11%

2 Entry composition

There are 15 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 49857 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Proteasome endopeptidase complex.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	245	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1939	1218	325	382	14		
1	O	241	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1901	1196	316	375	14		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Proteasome endopeptidase complex.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	224	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1780	1148	292	334	6		
2	P	222	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1772	1145	290	331	6		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Proteasome subunit alpha type.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	C	242	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1934	1237	315	378	4		
3	Q	239	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1913	1225	311	373	4		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Proteasome subunit alpha type.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	D	233	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1845	1178	312	347	8		
4	R	233	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1845	1178	312	347	8		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Proteasome subunit alpha type.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	E	232	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1795	1131	297	356	11		
5	S	232	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1795	1131	297	356	11		

- Molecule 6 is a protein called Proteasome endopeptidase complex.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
6	F	230	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1831	1168	303	350	10		
6	T	230	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1831	1168	303	350	10		

- Molecule 7 is a protein called Proteasome subunit alpha type-3, putative.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	G	242	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1988	1266	332	377	13		
7	U	242	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1988	1266	332	377	13		

- Molecule 8 is a protein called Proteasome subunit beta type-6, putative.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
8	H	216	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1747	1112	302	321	12		
8	V	216	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1747	1112	302	321	12		

- Molecule 9 is a protein called Proteasome subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
9	I	211	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1602	1011	275	303	13		
9	W	207	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1568	989	269	297	13		

- Molecule 10 is a protein called Proteasome subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
10	J	206	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1618	1032	262	310	14		

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
10	X	206	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1618	1032	262	310	14		

- Molecule 11 is a protein called Proteasome subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
11	K	195	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1614	1042	266	298	8		
11	Y	195	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1614	1042	266	298	8		

- Molecule 12 is a protein called Proteasome subunit beta type.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
12	L	211	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1662	1060	275	319	8		
12	Z	211	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1662	1060	275	319	8		

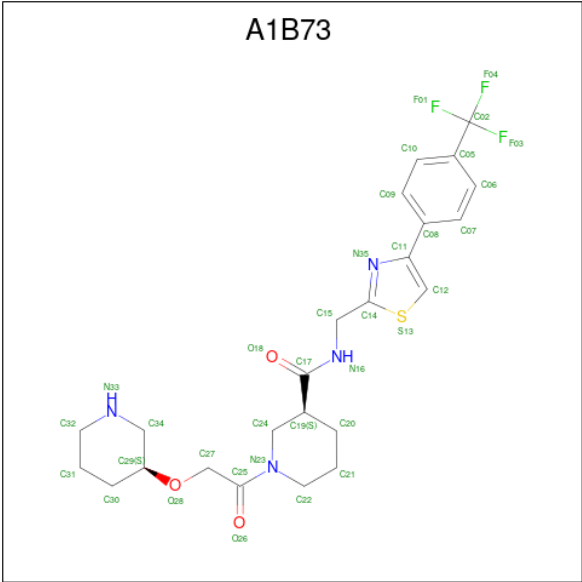
- Molecule 13 is a protein called Proteasome subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
13	N	230	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1893	1208	320	357	8		
13	b	230	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1893	1208	320	357	8		

- Molecule 14 is a protein called Proteasome subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
14	M	213	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1696	1085	283	321	7		
14	a	213	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1696	1085	283	321	7		

- Molecule 15 is (3S)-1-([(3S)-piperidin-3-yl]oxy)acetyl)-N-(4-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)methyl)piperidine-3-carboxamide (CCD ID: A1B73) (formula: C₂₄H₂₉F₃N₄O₃S) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

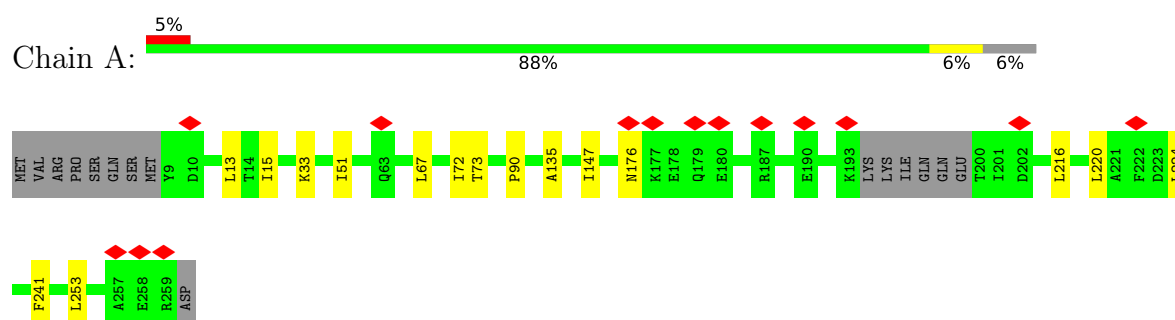


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf
15	M	1	Total	C	F	N	O	S	0
			35	24	3	4	3	1	
15	a	1	Total	C	F	N	O	S	0
			35	24	3	4	3	1	

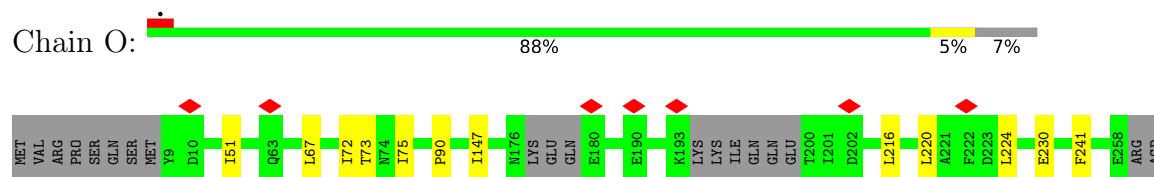
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

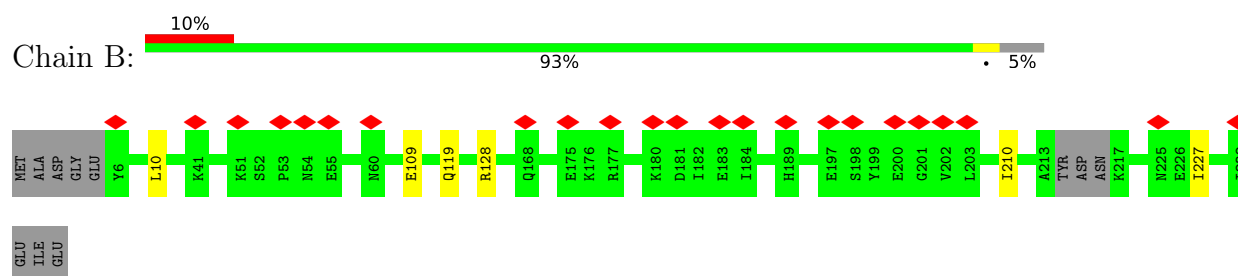
- Molecule 1: Proteasome endopeptidase complex



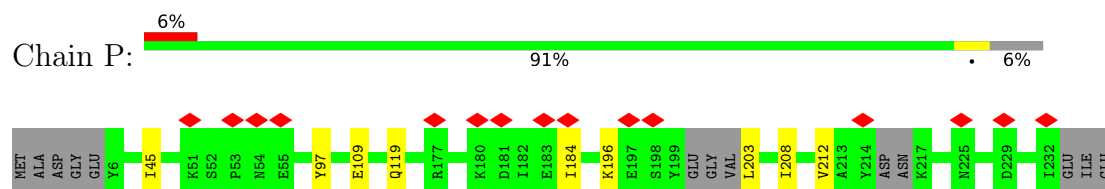
- Molecule 1: Proteasome endopeptidase complex



- Molecule 2: Proteasome endopeptidase complex



- Molecule 2: Proteasome endopeptidase complex



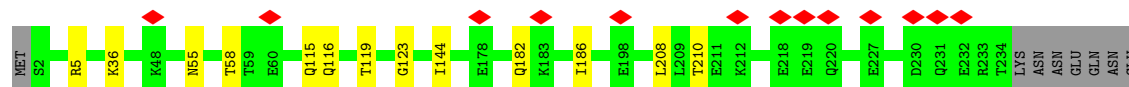
- Molecule 3: Proteasome subunit alpha type



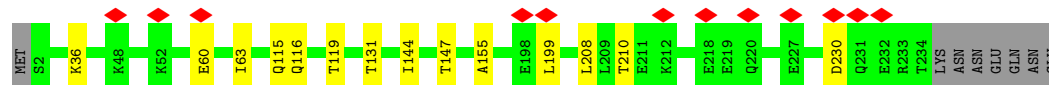
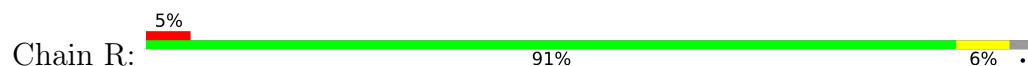
- Molecule 3: Proteasome subunit alpha type



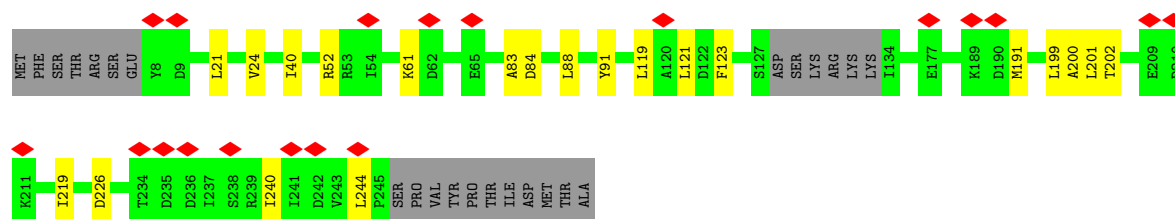
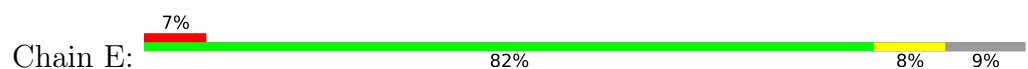
- Molecule 4: Proteasome subunit alpha type



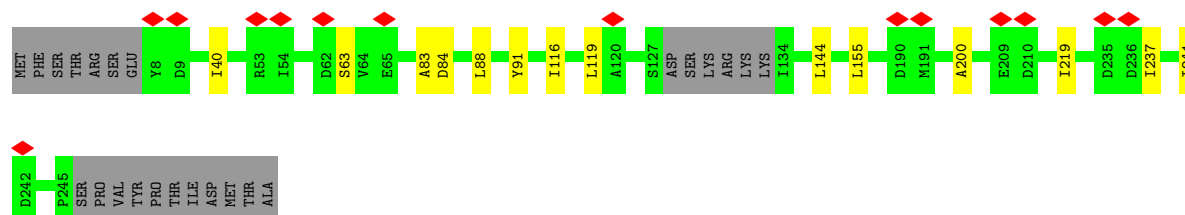
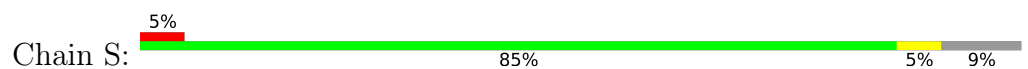
- Molecule 4: Proteasome subunit alpha type

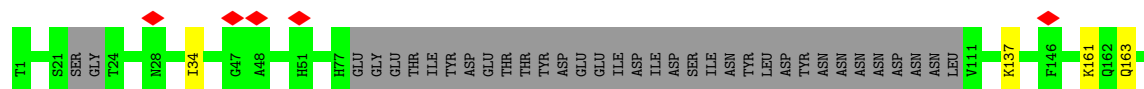


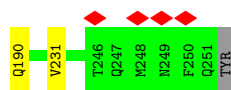
- Molecule 5: Proteasome subunit alpha type



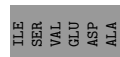
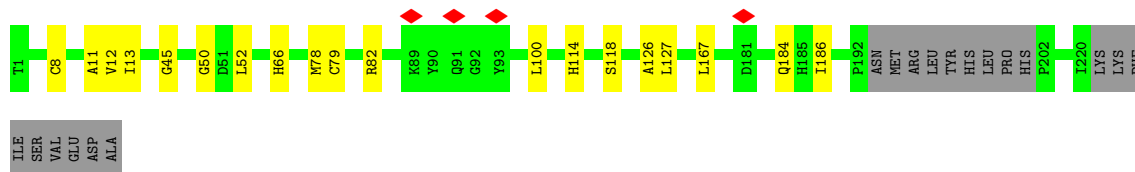
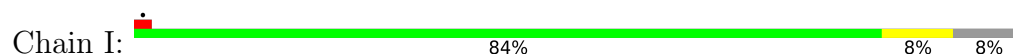
- Molecule 5: Proteasome subunit alpha type



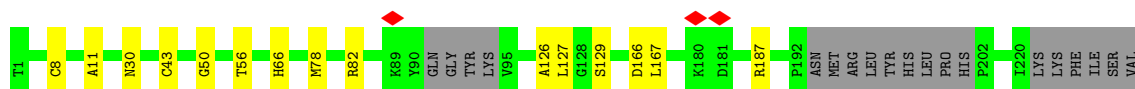
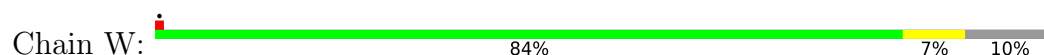




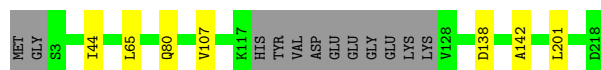
- Molecule 9: Proteasome subunit beta



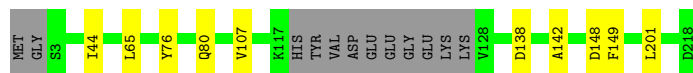
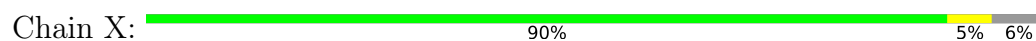
- Molecule 9: Proteasome subunit beta



- Molecule 10: Proteasome subunit beta



- Molecule 10: Proteasome subunit beta



- Molecule 11: Proteasome subunit beta



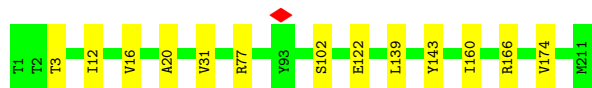
- Molecule 11: Proteasome subunit beta





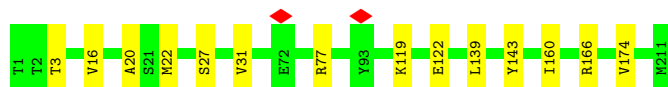
- Molecule 12: Proteasome subunit beta type

Chain L: 94% 6%



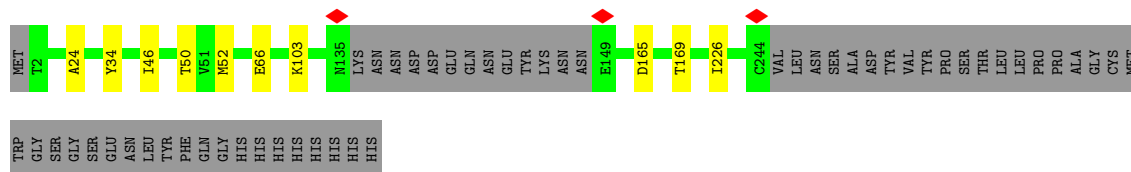
- Molecule 12: Proteasome subunit beta type

Chain Z: 93% 7%



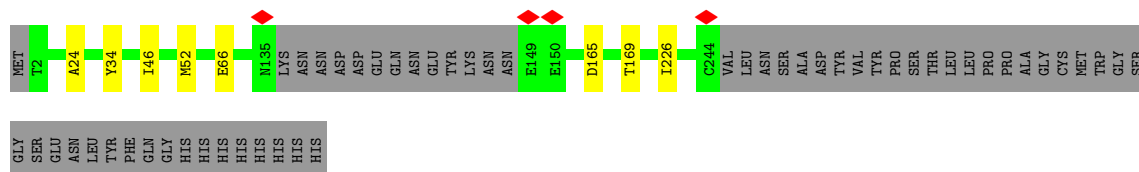
- Molecule 13: Proteasome subunit beta

Chain N: 77% 19%



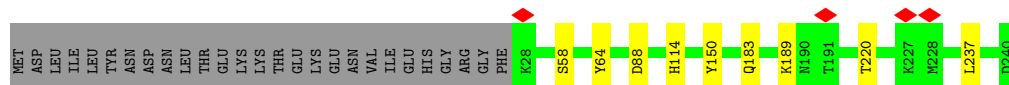
- Molecule 13: Proteasome subunit beta

Chain b: 78% 19%



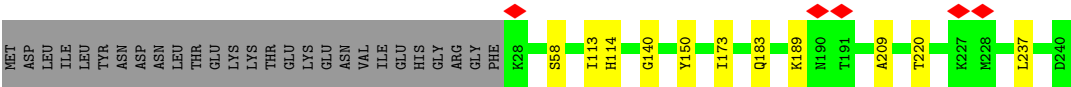
- Molecule 14: Proteasome subunit beta

Chain M: 85% 11%



- Molecule 14: Proteasome subunit beta

Chain a: 84% 5% 11%



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C2	Depositor
Number of particles used	67436	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	52	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	900	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2300	Depositor
Magnification	105000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.088	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.040	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.005	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.015	Depositor
Map size (Å)	298.8, 298.8, 298.8	wwPDB
Map dimensions	360, 360, 360	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.83, 0.83, 0.83	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: A1B73

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.23	0/1965	0.43	0/2651
1	O	0.18	0/1926	0.37	0/2599
2	B	0.23	0/1812	0.42	0/2445
2	P	0.23	0/1804	0.42	0/2433
3	C	0.22	0/1969	0.42	0/2665
3	Q	0.20	0/1947	0.40	0/2635
4	D	0.20	0/1875	0.41	0/2530
4	R	0.19	0/1875	0.40	0/2530
5	E	0.19	0/1819	0.40	0/2457
5	S	0.19	0/1819	0.39	0/2457
6	F	0.17	0/1864	0.38	0/2509
6	T	0.17	0/1864	0.37	0/2509
7	G	0.22	0/2032	0.41	0/2747
7	U	0.21	0/2032	0.41	0/2747
8	H	0.21	0/1776	0.42	0/2381
8	V	0.21	0/1776	0.44	0/2381
9	I	0.27	0/1633	0.46	0/2218
9	W	0.22	0/1597	0.44	0/2169
10	J	0.20	0/1644	0.43	0/2219
10	X	0.20	0/1644	0.43	0/2219
11	K	0.20	0/1649	0.41	0/2223
11	Y	0.27	0/1649	0.47	0/2223
12	L	0.18	0/1696	0.39	0/2286
12	Z	0.19	0/1696	0.40	0/2286
13	N	0.21	0/1932	0.43	0/2608
13	b	0.20	0/1932	0.43	0/2608
14	M	0.19	0/1728	0.42	0/2339
14	a	0.19	0/1728	0.41	0/2339
All	All	0.21	0/50683	0.41	0/68413

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1939	0	1927	14	0
1	O	1901	0	1886	9	0
2	B	1780	0	1812	5	0
2	P	1772	0	1802	7	0
3	C	1934	0	1935	11	0
3	Q	1913	0	1914	8	0
4	D	1845	0	1878	11	0
4	R	1845	0	1878	9	0
5	E	1795	0	1793	14	0
5	S	1795	0	1793	11	0
6	F	1831	0	1838	3	0
6	T	1831	0	1838	3	0
7	G	1988	0	1933	4	0
7	U	1988	0	1933	5	0
8	H	1747	0	1761	8	0
8	V	1747	0	1761	4	0
9	I	1602	0	1605	13	0
9	W	1568	0	1571	10	0
10	J	1618	0	1613	7	0
10	X	1618	0	1613	8	0
11	K	1614	0	1584	6	0
11	Y	1614	0	1584	6	0
12	L	1662	0	1618	7	0
12	Z	1662	0	1618	8	0
13	N	1893	0	1859	8	0
13	b	1893	0	1859	5	0
14	M	1696	0	1707	6	0
14	a	1696	0	1707	6	0
15	M	35	0	0	0	0
15	a	35	0	0	0	0
All	All	49857	0	49620	178	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (178) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
11:K:176:ILE:HD11	11:Y:176:ILE:HD11	1.56	0.88
2:B:119:GLN:NE2	3:C:82:ASP:OD1	2.25	0.70
4:R:116:GLN:NE2	5:S:84:ASP:OD1	2.25	0.69
2:P:119:GLN:NE2	3:Q:82:ASP:OD1	2.25	0.69
1:A:13:LEU:HD12	1:A:135:ALA:HB1	1.75	0.69
4:D:116:GLN:NE2	5:E:84:ASP:OD1	2.25	0.69
10:X:65:LEU:HD22	10:X:107:VAL:HG21	1.78	0.66
8:V:137:LYS:NZ	13:b:66:GLU:OE2	2.29	0.65
5:S:88:LEU:HD23	5:S:119:LEU:HD23	1.77	0.65
8:H:137:LYS:NZ	13:N:66:GLU:OE2	2.29	0.65
10:J:65:LEU:HD22	10:J:107:VAL:HG21	1.79	0.64
8:H:161:LYS:O	8:H:163:GLN:NE2	2.33	0.62
8:V:161:LYS:O	8:V:163:GLN:NE2	2.33	0.61
9:I:50:GLY:N	10:J:142:ALA:HB2	2.17	0.60
4:D:186:ILE:HD11	4:D:208:LEU:HD12	1.86	0.57
6:T:81:ALA:HB2	6:T:130:VAL:HG21	1.86	0.57
3:C:158:GLY:H	4:D:58:THR:HG21	1.69	0.57
6:F:205:THR:N	6:F:208:ASN:OD1	2.37	0.56
8:V:190:GLN:NE2	13:b:34:TYR:OH	2.39	0.56
9:I:50:GLY:CA	10:J:142:ALA:HB2	2.35	0.56
6:F:81:ALA:HB2	6:F:130:VAL:HG21	1.87	0.56
1:O:67:LEU:HD22	1:O:72:ILE:HD11	1.88	0.56
10:J:138:ASP:OD1	10:J:142:ALA:N	2.39	0.55
5:S:144:LEU:HG	5:S:155:LEU:HD11	1.87	0.55
1:A:73:THR:HG22	8:H:73:LYS:HB3	1.90	0.54
11:K:176:ILE:HD12	11:Y:174:THR:HG21	1.88	0.54
10:X:138:ASP:OD1	10:X:142:ALA:N	2.40	0.54
10:X:148:ASP:OD1	10:X:149:PHE:N	2.40	0.54
14:a:114:HIS:ND1	14:a:150:TYR:OH	2.36	0.54
1:O:147:ILE:HD11	1:O:241:PHE:HE1	1.71	0.54
14:M:183:GLN:O	14:M:189:LYS:NZ	2.40	0.54
1:A:147:ILE:HD11	1:A:241:PHE:HE1	1.73	0.54
13:N:103:LYS:NZ	14:M:88:ASP:OD1	2.41	0.53
1:O:90:PRO:HG2	7:U:159:ALA:HB2	1.91	0.53
5:E:88:LEU:HD23	5:E:119:LEU:HD23	1.90	0.53
8:H:190:GLN:OE1	13:N:34:TYR:OH	2.27	0.53
1:A:90:PRO:HG2	7:G:159:ALA:HB2	1.91	0.53

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:C:158:GLY:N	4:D:58:THR:HG21	2.23	0.53
9:W:30:ASN:O	9:W:187:ARG:NH2	2.40	0.53
8:V:34:ILE:HG21	8:V:231:VAL:HG21	1.91	0.52
5:E:91:TYR:CG	5:E:119:LEU:HD22	2.45	0.52
4:D:182:GLN:O	4:D:186:ILE:HD12	2.10	0.52
3:C:38:ILE:HD12	3:C:160:PHE:HA	1.92	0.52
4:R:131:THR:HG1	4:R:147:THR:HG1	1.57	0.52
1:A:73:THR:CG2	8:H:73:LYS:HB3	2.39	0.52
12:L:20:ALA:HB2	12:L:31:VAL:HG21	1.91	0.52
12:Z:20:ALA:HB2	12:Z:31:VAL:HG21	1.91	0.52
12:L:139:LEU:O	12:L:143:TYR:N	2.43	0.52
1:A:67:LEU:HD22	1:A:72:ILE:HD11	1.92	0.51
14:M:114:HIS:ND1	14:M:150:TYR:OH	2.37	0.51
4:D:208:LEU:CD2	4:D:210:THR:HG23	2.40	0.51
1:A:15:ILE:HG22	2:B:128:ARG:HB3	1.91	0.51
12:Z:139:LEU:O	12:Z:143:TYR:N	2.44	0.51
11:K:18:ASP:OD2	11:K:175:GLN:NE2	2.43	0.51
9:W:50:GLY:N	10:X:142:ALA:HB2	2.26	0.50
5:E:121:LEU:HD12	5:E:123:PHE:HE1	1.77	0.50
5:S:91:TYR:CG	5:S:119:LEU:HD22	2.47	0.50
1:A:51:ILE:HG12	1:A:216:LEU:HD22	1.94	0.50
10:X:44:ILE:HG21	10:X:201:LEU:HD22	1.93	0.50
4:D:55:ASN:O	4:D:58:THR:HG22	2.12	0.50
5:E:121:LEU:HD12	5:E:123:PHE:CE1	2.47	0.50
3:Q:38:ILE:HD12	3:Q:160:PHE:HA	1.94	0.50
12:Z:160:ILE:HG21	12:Z:174:VAL:HG23	1.94	0.50
4:R:60:GLU:O	4:R:63:ILE:HD11	2.12	0.49
1:O:73:THR:OG1	1:O:230:GLU:OE1	2.29	0.49
2:B:210:ILE:HD12	2:B:227:ILE:HD12	1.94	0.49
3:C:52:ILE:HB	3:C:56:ILE:HD11	1.95	0.49
9:I:167:LEU:HD11	14:a:58:SER:HB2	1.95	0.49
4:R:116:GLN:HG3	5:S:83:ALA:HB1	1.95	0.49
5:S:88:LEU:HD22	5:S:116:ILE:HG23	1.95	0.48
7:U:27:ILE:HD11	7:U:133:PRO:HG2	1.94	0.48
13:N:46:ILE:HD11	13:N:52:MET:HB2	1.95	0.48
9:W:50:GLY:CA	10:X:142:ALA:HB2	2.43	0.48
10:J:44:ILE:HG21	10:J:201:LEU:HD22	1.94	0.48
5:E:226:ASP:N	5:E:226:ASP:OD1	2.45	0.48
9:I:66:HIS:CG	9:I:78:MET:HE1	2.48	0.48
2:P:45:ILE:HG23	2:P:184:ILE:HD11	1.95	0.48
9:W:167:LEU:HD11	14:M:58:SER:HB2	1.96	0.48

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
9:W:66:HIS:CG	9:W:78:MET:HE1	2.48	0.48
5:E:191:MET:HE1	5:E:199:LEU:HD22	1.95	0.48
4:D:116:GLN:HG3	5:E:83:ALA:HB1	1.96	0.48
3:Q:144:GLY:O	3:Q:146:GLN:NE2	2.46	0.48
7:G:27:ILE:HD11	7:G:133:PRO:HG2	1.94	0.48
1:O:147:ILE:HD11	1:O:241:PHE:CE1	2.49	0.48
5:S:40:ILE:HD12	5:S:200:ALA:HB2	1.94	0.48
6:T:88:MET:HE1	6:T:134:ILE:HG12	1.95	0.48
4:D:115:GLN:O	4:D:119:THR:HG23	2.14	0.47
12:L:160:ILE:HG21	12:L:174:VAL:HG23	1.95	0.47
12:Z:22:MET:HE3	12:Z:27:SER:OG	2.14	0.47
13:b:46:ILE:HD11	13:b:52:MET:HB2	1.95	0.47
3:C:72:ILE:HD13	3:C:110:LEU:HD13	1.95	0.47
4:R:115:GLN:O	4:R:119:THR:HG23	2.14	0.47
14:a:183:GLN:O	14:a:189:LYS:NZ	2.44	0.47
13:b:24:ALA:HB2	13:b:226:ILE:HD13	1.97	0.47
2:P:196:LYS:HA	2:P:203:LEU:HD13	1.97	0.47
3:C:68:ILE:HG21	3:C:110:LEU:HD11	1.97	0.47
13:b:165:ASP:OD1	13:b:169:THR:N	2.48	0.47
3:Q:72:ILE:HD13	3:Q:110:LEU:HD13	1.97	0.47
8:H:34:ILE:HG21	8:H:231:VAL:HG21	1.97	0.46
1:A:147:ILE:HD11	1:A:241:PHE:CE1	2.50	0.46
13:N:165:ASP:OD1	13:N:169:THR:N	2.48	0.46
6:T:211:LEU:HG	6:T:223:ILE:HD12	1.97	0.46
3:Q:68:ILE:HG21	3:Q:110:LEU:HD11	1.98	0.46
12:Z:3:THR:HG22	12:Z:16:VAL:HG12	1.96	0.46
9:I:45:GLY:HA3	9:I:52:LEU:HD12	1.98	0.46
13:N:24:ALA:HB2	13:N:226:ILE:HD13	1.96	0.46
3:Q:52:ILE:HB	3:Q:56:ILE:HD11	1.97	0.45
9:I:126:ALA:O	9:I:127:LEU:HD12	2.16	0.45
9:W:126:ALA:O	9:W:127:LEU:HD12	2.15	0.45
5:E:201:LEU:HD12	5:E:240:ILE:CG2	2.46	0.45
14:M:220:THR:HB	14:M:237:LEU:HD11	1.98	0.45
1:A:220:LEU:HD12	1:A:224:LEU:HD21	1.98	0.45
14:a:220:THR:HB	14:a:237:LEU:HD11	1.98	0.45
2:P:109:GLU:OE1	10:X:80:GLN:NE2	2.50	0.45
3:Q:86:LEU:HD12	3:Q:132:VAL:HG21	1.99	0.45
9:I:184:GLN:NE2	9:I:186:ILE:HD11	2.32	0.45
1:O:51:ILE:HG12	1:O:216:LEU:HD22	1.99	0.45
9:I:50:GLY:HA2	10:J:142:ALA:HB2	1.99	0.44
2:B:109:GLU:OE1	10:J:80:GLN:NE2	2.50	0.44

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:E:202:THR:HG23	5:E:244:LEU:HD22	1.99	0.44
4:R:199:LEU:HD11	4:R:230:ASP:OD1	2.17	0.44
5:S:91:TYR:CD2	5:S:119:LEU:HD22	2.52	0.44
12:L:12:ILE:HD13	12:L:102:SER:HB2	1.99	0.44
9:W:8:CYS:SG	9:W:11:ALA:HB3	2.58	0.44
1:A:33:LYS:NZ	1:A:176:ASN:O	2.51	0.44
5:E:40:ILE:HD12	5:E:200:ALA:HB2	1.99	0.44
3:Q:45:LEU:HD12	3:Q:73:PHE:CD2	2.53	0.44
12:Z:77:ARG:NH2	12:Z:122:GLU:OE1	2.49	0.43
1:O:220:LEU:HD12	1:O:224:LEU:HD21	2.00	0.43
4:R:36:LYS:HB2	4:R:144:ILE:HD12	2.01	0.43
4:D:36:LYS:HB2	4:D:144:ILE:HD12	2.01	0.43
6:F:211:LEU:HG	6:F:223:ILE:HD12	2.01	0.43
9:I:78:MET:HE3	9:I:82:ARG:CZ	2.49	0.43
3:C:71:HIS:HA	3:C:222:VAL:HG11	2.00	0.43
3:C:205:PRO:O	3:C:236:ILE:HD12	2.19	0.43
3:C:86:LEU:HD12	3:C:132:VAL:HG21	2.01	0.42
12:L:166:ARG:NE	11:Y:144:ASP:OD2	2.49	0.42
1:O:90:PRO:CG	7:U:159:ALA:HB2	2.49	0.42
2:P:45:ILE:HG22	2:P:212:VAL:HG22	2.00	0.42
9:W:78:MET:HE3	9:W:82:ARG:CZ	2.49	0.42
9:I:79:CYS:HB2	9:I:100:LEU:HD21	2.00	0.42
12:L:77:ARG:NH2	12:L:122:GLU:OE1	2.49	0.42
1:A:90:PRO:CG	7:G:159:ALA:HB2	2.49	0.42
9:W:43:CYS:SG	9:W:56:THR:HG22	2.60	0.42
14:a:113:ILE:HD12	14:a:140:GLY:HA3	2.02	0.42
1:O:75:ILE:HD12	1:O:230:GLU:HG3	2.01	0.42
1:A:224:LEU:HB2	1:A:253:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.41
14:a:173:ILE:HD11	14:a:209:ALA:HB2	2.03	0.41
2:P:203:LEU:HD21	2:P:208:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.41
11:Y:49:GLY:O	11:Y:54:ARG:NH1	2.53	0.41
11:Y:61:ILE:O	11:Y:65:VAL:HG23	2.20	0.41
9:I:8:CYS:SG	9:I:11:ALA:HB3	2.60	0.41
9:I:12:VAL:O	9:I:13:ILE:HD13	2.21	0.41
1:A:135:ALA:HB2	2:B:10:LEU:HD11	2.02	0.41
2:P:97:TYR:OH	10:X:76:TYR:OH	2.37	0.41
5:S:219:ILE:HD12	5:S:237:ILE:HG12	2.01	0.41
9:W:129:SER:OG	9:W:166:ASP:OD2	2.35	0.41
4:D:5:ARG:O	4:D:123:GLY:N	2.51	0.41
7:G:159:ALA:HB1	7:G:161:TYR:CE2	2.56	0.41
11:Y:51:ILE:HD12	12:Z:119:LYS:HE2	2.02	0.41

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
8:H:9:ASP:OD1	8:H:10:ASN:N	2.54	0.41
12:L:3:THR:HG22	12:L:16:VAL:HG12	2.03	0.41
5:S:237:ILE:HG22	5:S:241:ILE:HD12	2.03	0.41
5:E:201:LEU:HD21	5:E:219:ILE:HD11	2.03	0.41
8:H:178:ASP:OD1	8:H:178:ASP:N	2.53	0.41
9:I:114:HIS:HD1	9:I:118:SER:HG	1.68	0.41
11:K:7:LEU:HD11	11:K:147:TYR:CD1	2.57	0.41
13:N:169:THR:HG21	14:M:64:TYR:HE2	1.86	0.41
4:R:155:ALA:HB3	5:S:63:SER:CB	2.51	0.41
7:U:60:MET:N	7:U:60:MET:SD	2.94	0.41
5:E:52:ARG:NH2	5:E:61:LYS:O	2.54	0.40
11:K:144:ASP:OD2	12:Z:166:ARG:NE	2.49	0.40
5:E:21:LEU:HB2	5:E:24:VAL:HG22	2.04	0.40
4:R:208:LEU:HD23	4:R:210:THR:HG23	2.02	0.40
7:U:159:ALA:HB1	7:U:161:TYR:CE2	2.56	0.40
11:K:21:SER:OG	11:K:32:ASP:OD1	2.39	0.40
3:C:45:LEU:HD12	3:C:73:PHE:CD2	2.56	0.40
13:N:46:ILE:HD12	13:N:50:THR:HG22	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	241/260 (93%)	241 (100%)	0	0	100	100
1	O	235/260 (90%)	235 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	B	220/235 (94%)	214 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
2	P	216/235 (92%)	210 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
3	C	240/242 (99%)	236 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
3	Q	235/242 (97%)	230 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
4	D	231/241 (96%)	227 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
4	R	231/241 (96%)	225 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
5	E	228/256 (89%)	222 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
5	S	228/256 (89%)	226 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
6	F	226/254 (89%)	223 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
6	T	226/254 (89%)	223 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
7	G	240/252 (95%)	234 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
7	U	240/252 (95%)	234 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
8	H	210/252 (83%)	208 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
8	V	210/252 (83%)	207 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
9	I	207/229 (90%)	202 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
9	W	201/229 (88%)	199 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
10	J	202/218 (93%)	197 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
10	X	202/218 (93%)	197 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
11	K	193/195 (99%)	188 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
11	Y	193/195 (99%)	186 (96%)	7 (4%)	0	100	100
12	L	209/211 (99%)	207 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
12	Z	209/211 (99%)	206 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
13	N	226/284 (80%)	220 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
13	b	226/284 (80%)	220 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
14	M	211/240 (88%)	206 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
14	a	211/240 (88%)	206 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	6147/6738 (91%)	6029 (98%)	118 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	216/231 (94%)	216 (100%)	0	100	100
1	O	212/231 (92%)	212 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	196/205 (96%)	196 (100%)	0	100	100
2	P	195/205 (95%)	195 (100%)	0	100	100
3	C	209/209 (100%)	209 (100%)	0	100	100
3	Q	207/209 (99%)	207 (100%)	0	100	100
4	D	199/207 (96%)	199 (100%)	0	100	100
4	R	199/207 (96%)	199 (100%)	0	100	100
5	E	200/223 (90%)	200 (100%)	0	100	100
5	S	200/223 (90%)	200 (100%)	0	100	100
6	F	205/227 (90%)	205 (100%)	0	100	100
6	T	205/227 (90%)	205 (100%)	0	100	100
7	G	222/229 (97%)	222 (100%)	0	100	100
7	U	222/229 (97%)	222 (100%)	0	100	100
8	H	197/231 (85%)	197 (100%)	0	100	100
8	V	197/231 (85%)	197 (100%)	0	100	100
9	I	177/194 (91%)	177 (100%)	0	100	100
9	W	174/194 (90%)	174 (100%)	0	100	100
10	J	181/191 (95%)	181 (100%)	0	100	100
10	X	181/191 (95%)	181 (100%)	0	100	100
11	K	174/174 (100%)	174 (100%)	0	100	100
11	Y	174/174 (100%)	174 (100%)	0	100	100
12	L	176/176 (100%)	176 (100%)	0	100	100
12	Z	176/176 (100%)	176 (100%)	0	100	100
13	N	207/255 (81%)	207 (100%)	0	100	100
13	b	207/255 (81%)	207 (100%)	0	100	100
14	M	191/216 (88%)	191 (100%)	0	100	100
14	a	191/216 (88%)	191 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	5490/5936 (92%)	5490 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (33) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	238	ASN
2	B	179	ASN
3	C	109	GLN
3	C	146	GLN
4	D	175	ASN
5	E	97	ASN
5	E	195	GLN
6	F	95	HIS
6	F	100	ASN
6	F	174	ASN
7	G	104	ASN
8	H	10	ASN
8	H	247	GLN
11	K	40	HIS
11	K	114	GLN
12	L	40	ASN
12	L	110	ASN
12	L	124	ASN
1	O	176	ASN
3	Q	109	GLN
4	R	115	GLN
4	R	175	ASN
4	R	179	ASN
5	S	195	GLN
6	T	174	ASN
7	U	104	ASN
8	V	247	GLN
9	W	172	ASN
11	Y	40	HIS
12	Z	110	ASN
12	Z	124	ASN
14	M	200	ASN
14	a	200	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
15	A1B73	a	301	-	37,38,38	2.15	9 (24%)	47,53,53	2.94	10 (21%)
15	A1B73	M	301	-	37,38,38	2.14	9 (24%)	47,53,53	2.91	10 (21%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
15	A1B73	a	301	-	-	0/28/46/46	1/4/4/4
15	A1B73	M	301	-	-	0/28/46/46	1/4/4/4

All (18) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
15	a	301	A1B73	C25-N23	5.81	1.46	1.35
15	M	301	A1B73	C25-N23	5.79	1.46	1.35
15	a	301	A1B73	C08-C11	-5.34	1.39	1.47
15	M	301	A1B73	C08-C11	-5.26	1.39	1.47
15	a	301	A1B73	C17-N16	5.17	1.45	1.33
15	M	301	A1B73	C17-N16	5.14	1.45	1.33
15	a	301	A1B73	C11-N35	-3.86	1.32	1.39
15	M	301	A1B73	C11-N35	-3.78	1.32	1.39
15	M	301	A1B73	C19-C17	3.35	1.57	1.51
15	a	301	A1B73	C19-C17	3.30	1.57	1.51
15	M	301	A1B73	C24-N23	2.79	1.50	1.46

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
15	a	301	A1B73	C24-N23	2.77	1.50	1.46
15	M	301	A1B73	C15-C14	2.46	1.53	1.50
15	M	301	A1B73	C12-C11	2.46	1.39	1.36
15	a	301	A1B73	C12-C11	2.42	1.39	1.36
15	a	301	A1B73	O18-C17	-2.40	1.18	1.23
15	a	301	A1B73	C15-C14	2.40	1.53	1.50
15	M	301	A1B73	O18-C17	-2.37	1.18	1.23

All (20) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
15	a	301	A1B73	C11-N35-C14	13.01	117.44	110.41
15	M	301	A1B73	C11-N35-C14	12.79	117.32	110.41
15	a	301	A1B73	S13-C14-N35	-9.35	106.83	114.68
15	M	301	A1B73	S13-C14-N35	-9.24	106.92	114.68
15	a	301	A1B73	C11-C12-S13	-5.24	104.82	111.16
15	M	301	A1B73	C11-C12-S13	-5.23	104.83	111.16
15	a	301	A1B73	C15-C14-S13	4.95	125.79	121.54
15	M	301	A1B73	C15-C14-S13	4.90	125.75	121.54
15	a	301	A1B73	C12-S13-C14	4.86	94.88	89.59
15	M	301	A1B73	C12-S13-C14	4.84	94.85	89.59
15	M	301	A1B73	C08-C11-C12	-3.11	122.86	126.54
15	a	301	A1B73	C08-C11-C12	-3.03	122.95	126.54
15	M	301	A1B73	C19-C17-N16	2.84	119.62	115.99
15	a	301	A1B73	C19-C17-N16	2.69	119.43	115.99
15	a	301	A1B73	C22-N23-C24	-2.54	108.17	113.07
15	M	301	A1B73	C22-N23-C24	-2.50	108.25	113.07
15	M	301	A1B73	C24-C19-C17	-2.25	105.84	110.07
15	a	301	A1B73	C27-C25-N23	2.19	121.80	116.95
15	a	301	A1B73	C24-C19-C17	-2.15	106.03	110.07
15	M	301	A1B73	C27-C25-N23	2.14	121.71	116.95

There are no chirality outliers.

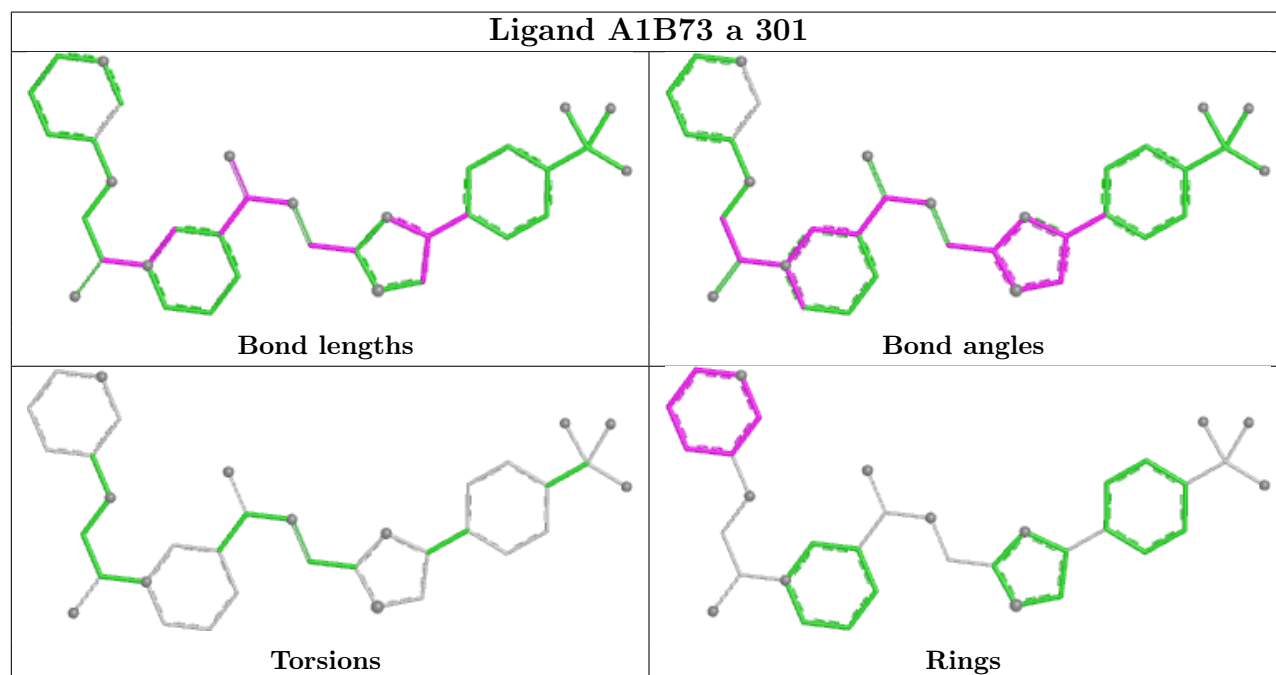
There are no torsion outliers.

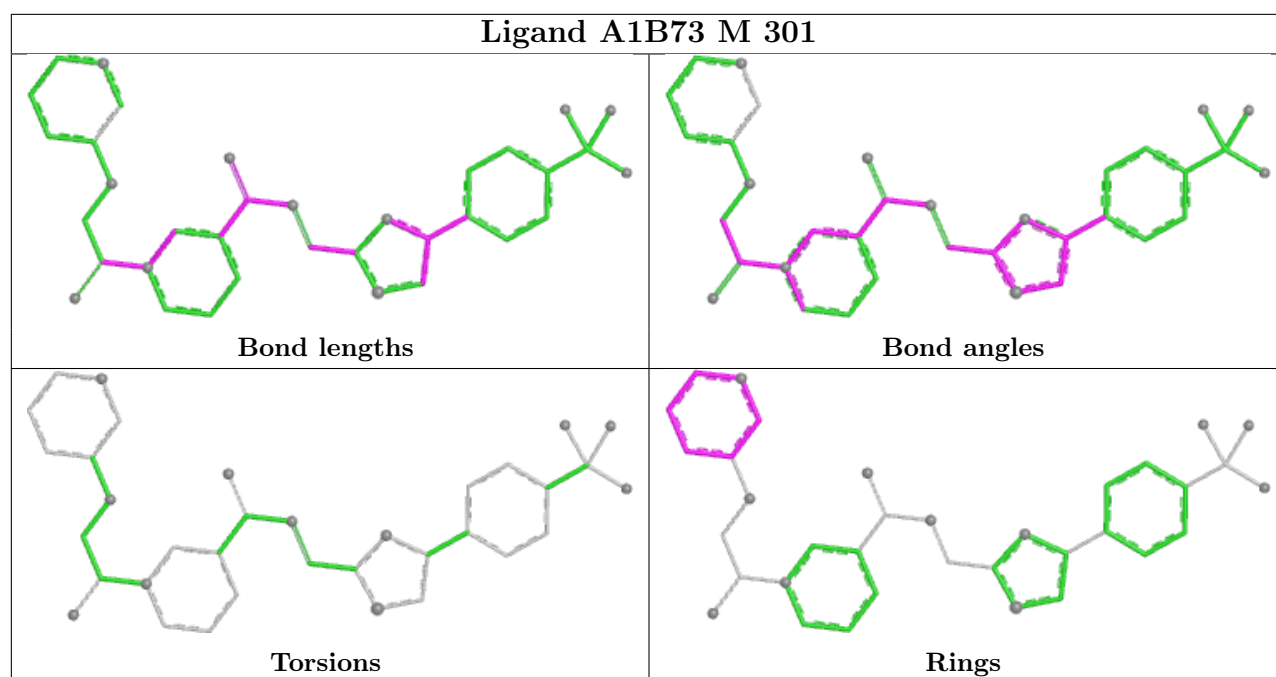
All (2) ring outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
15	a	301	A1B73	C29-C30-C31-C32-C34-N33
15	M	301	A1B73	C29-C30-C31-C32-C34-N33

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

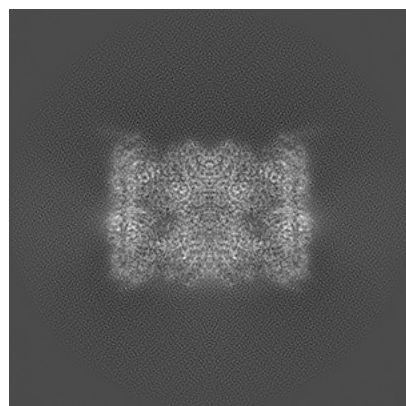
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-70078. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

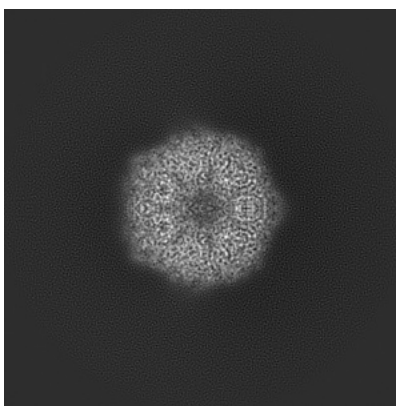
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

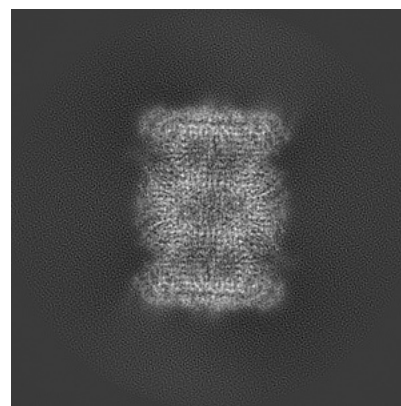
6.1.1 Primary map



X

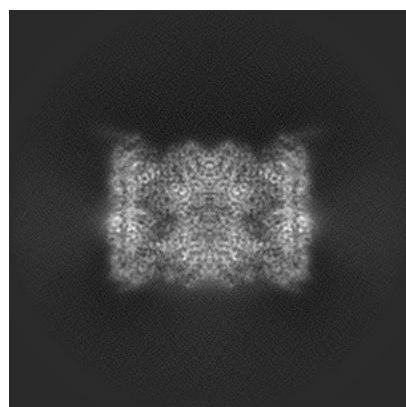


Y

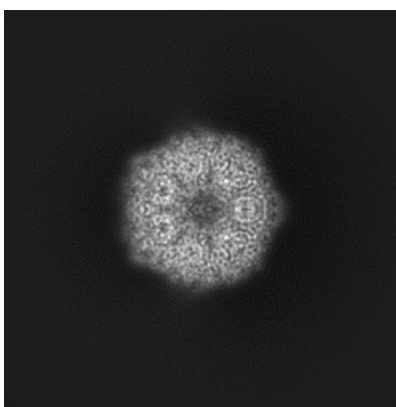


Z

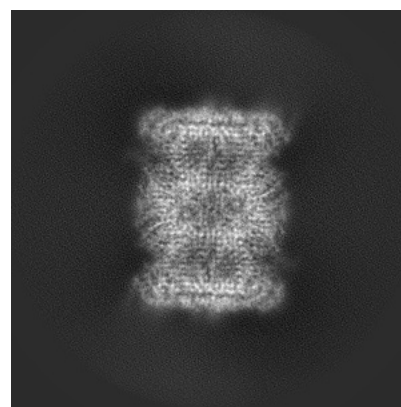
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

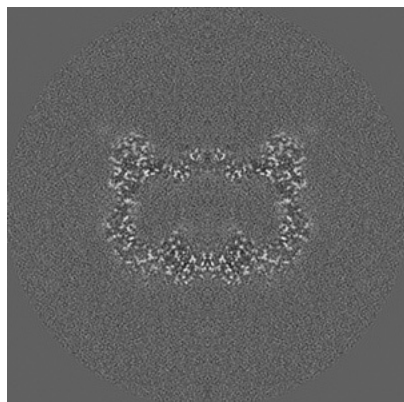


Z

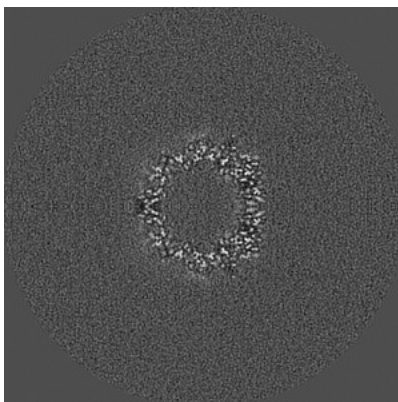
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

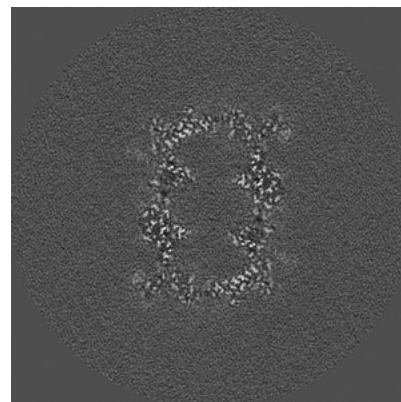
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 180

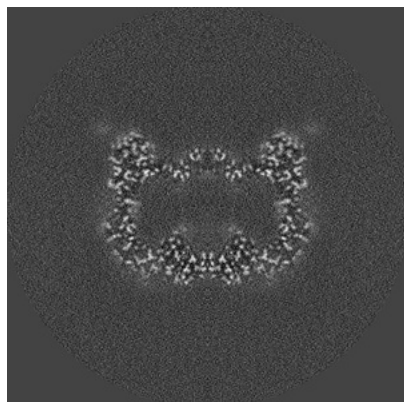


Y Index: 180

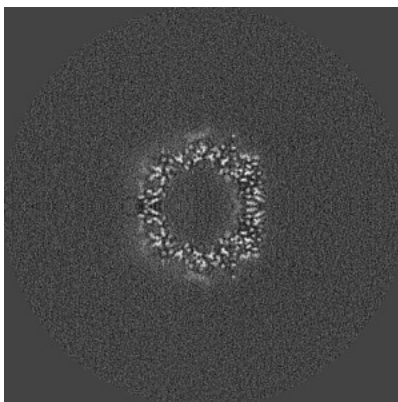


Z Index: 180

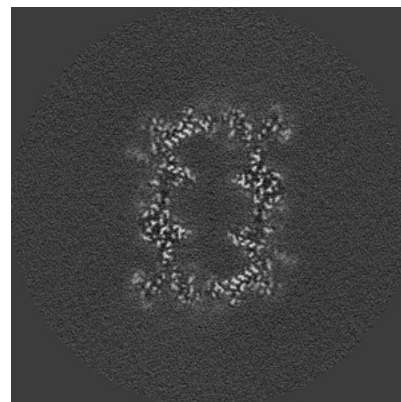
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 180



Y Index: 180

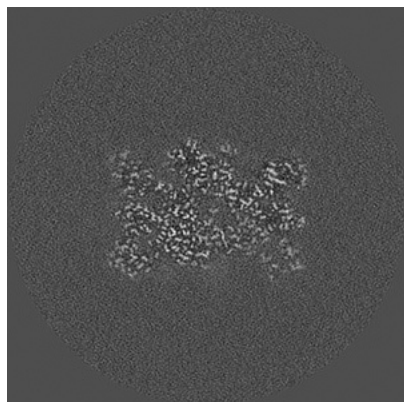


Z Index: 180

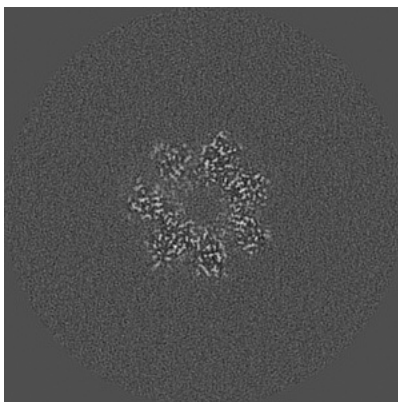
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

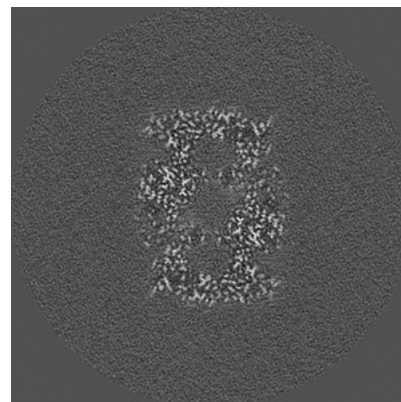
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 146

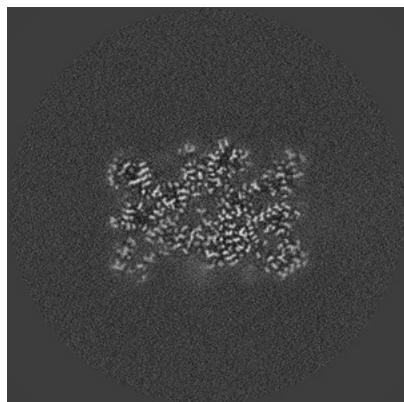


Y Index: 158

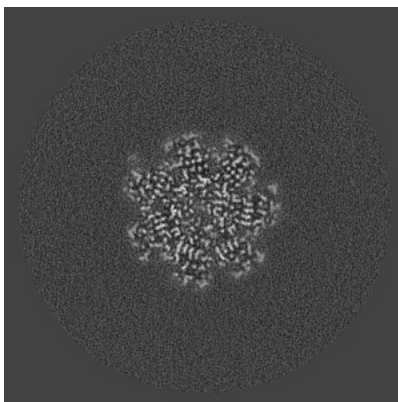


Z Index: 199

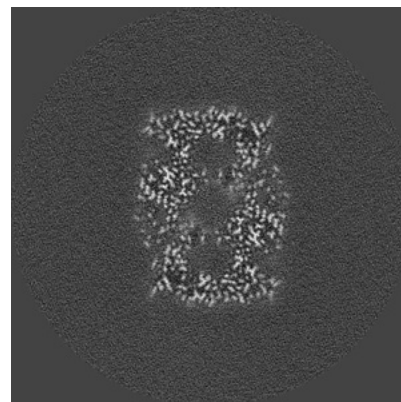
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 214



Y Index: 112

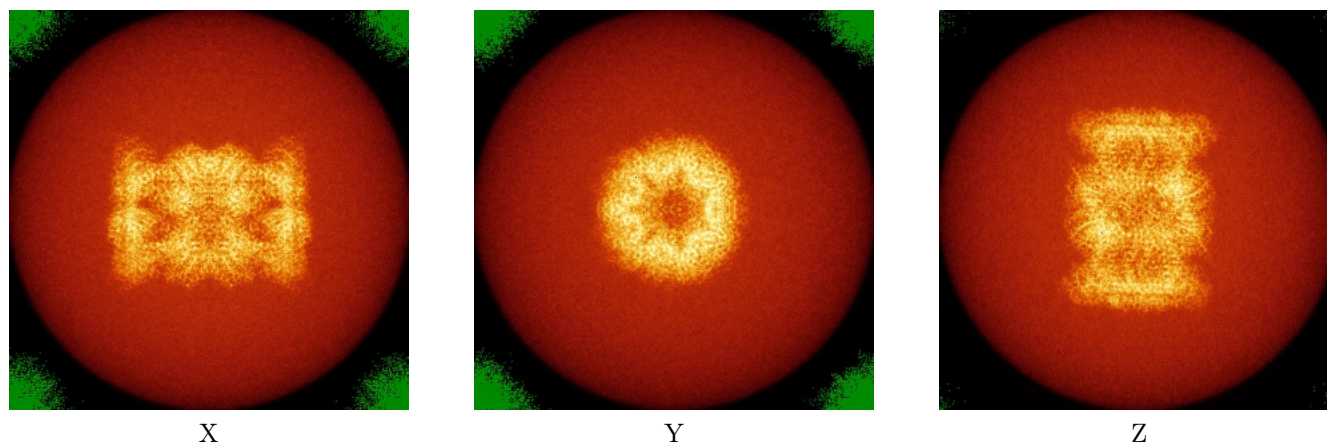


Z Index: 199

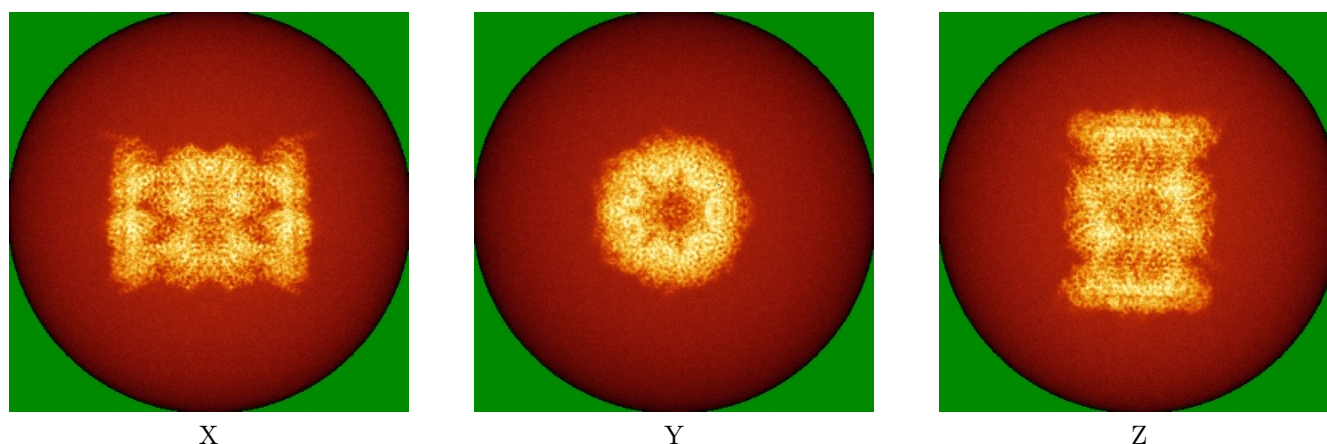
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

This section was not generated.

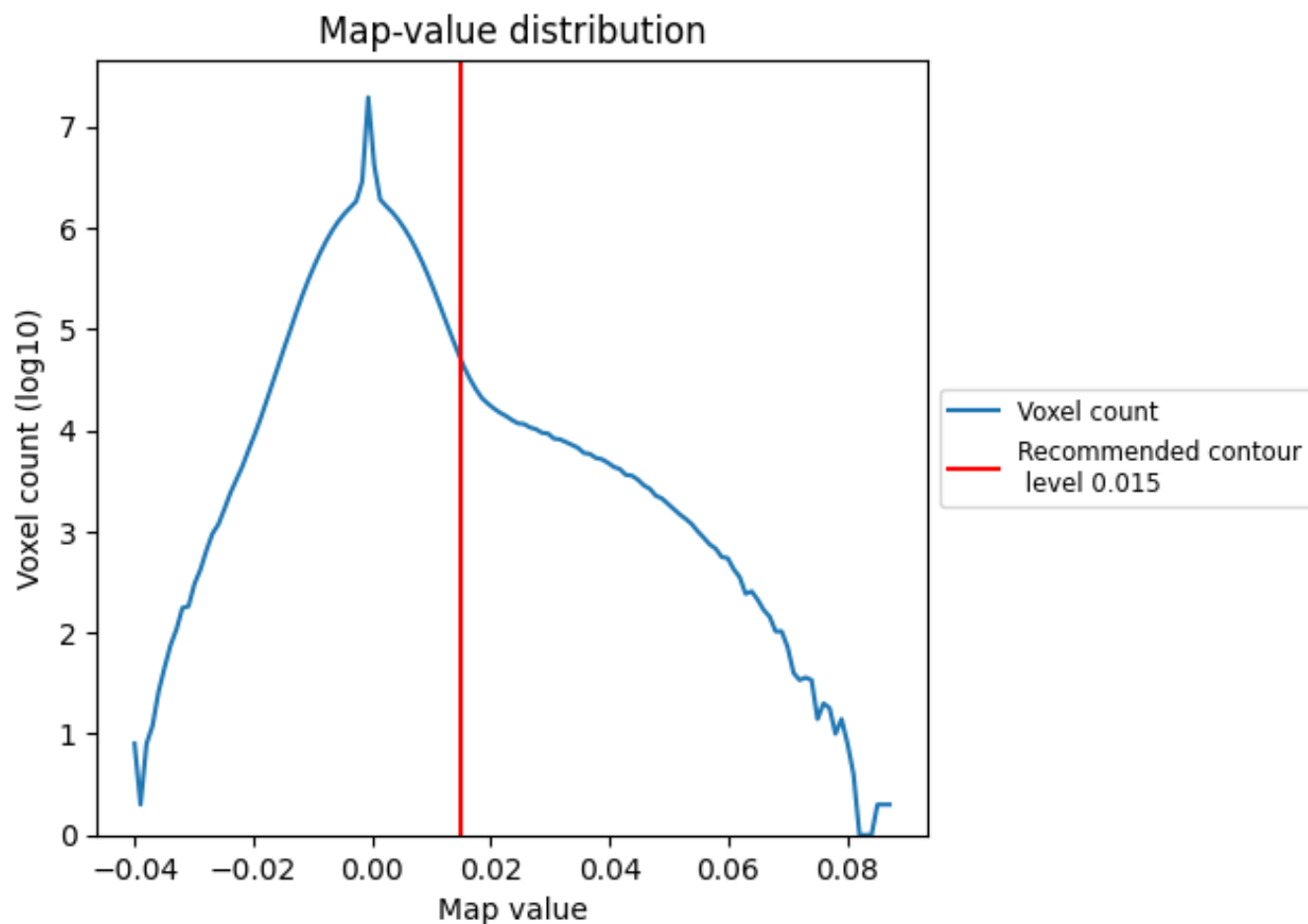
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

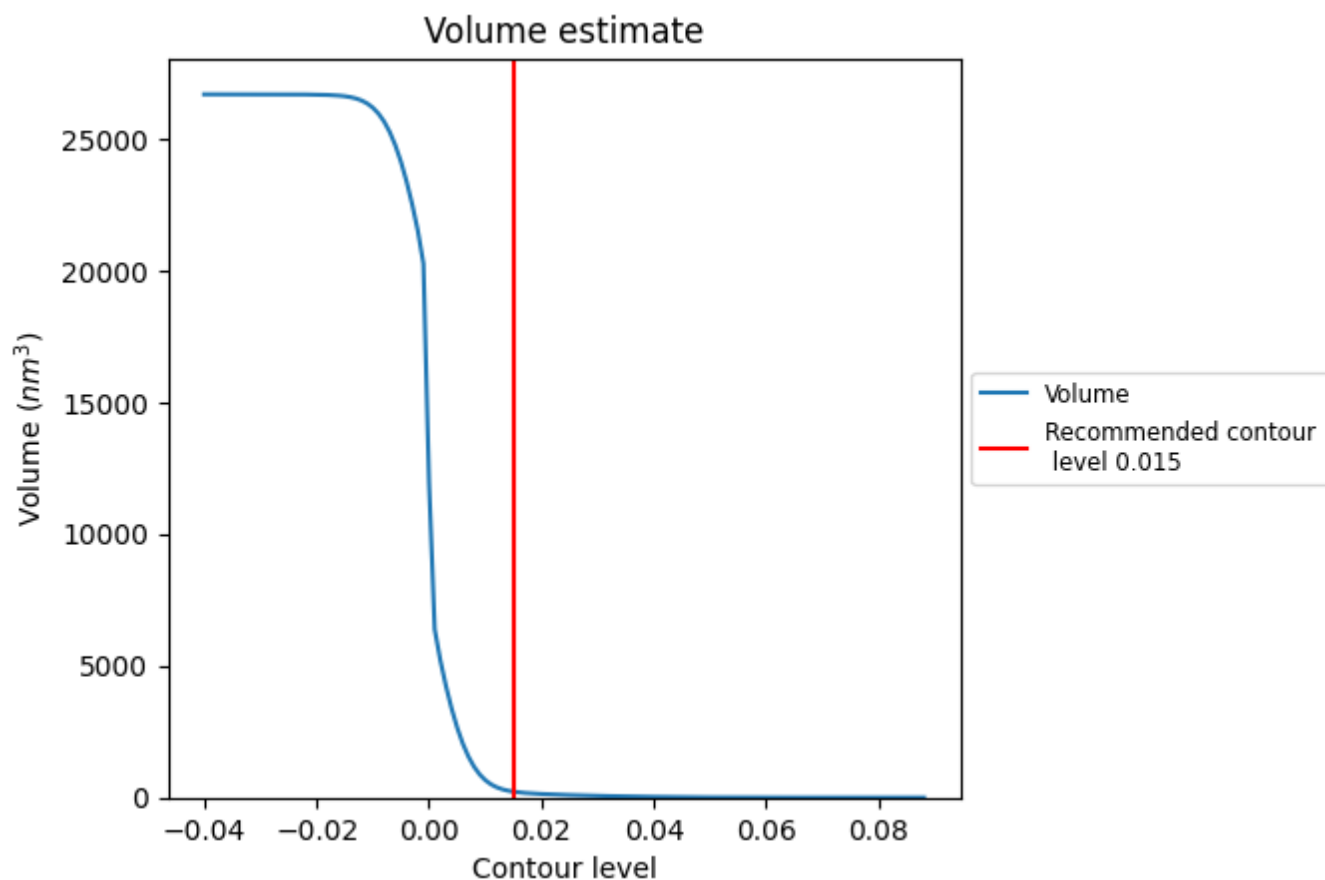
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

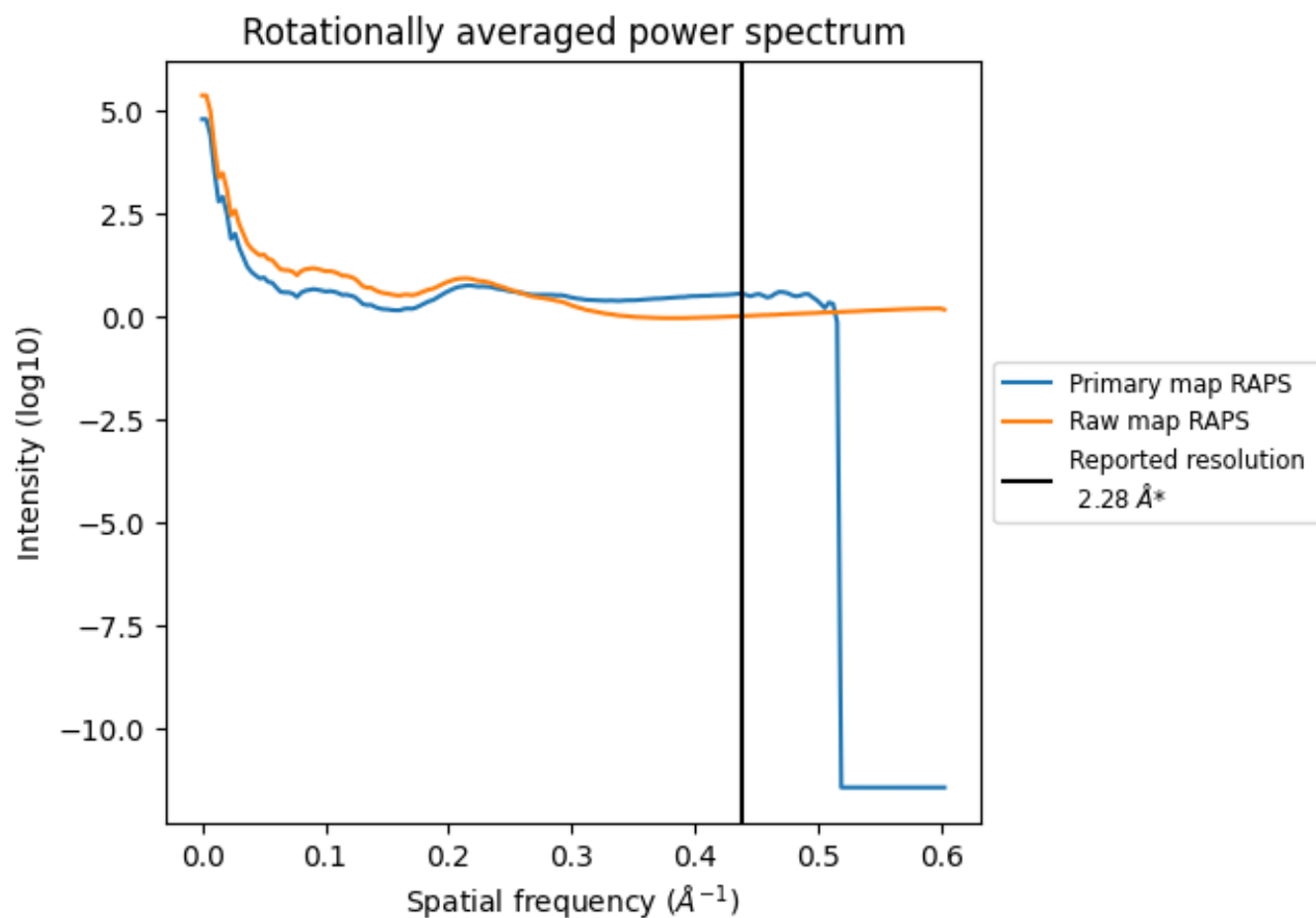
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 225 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 203 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

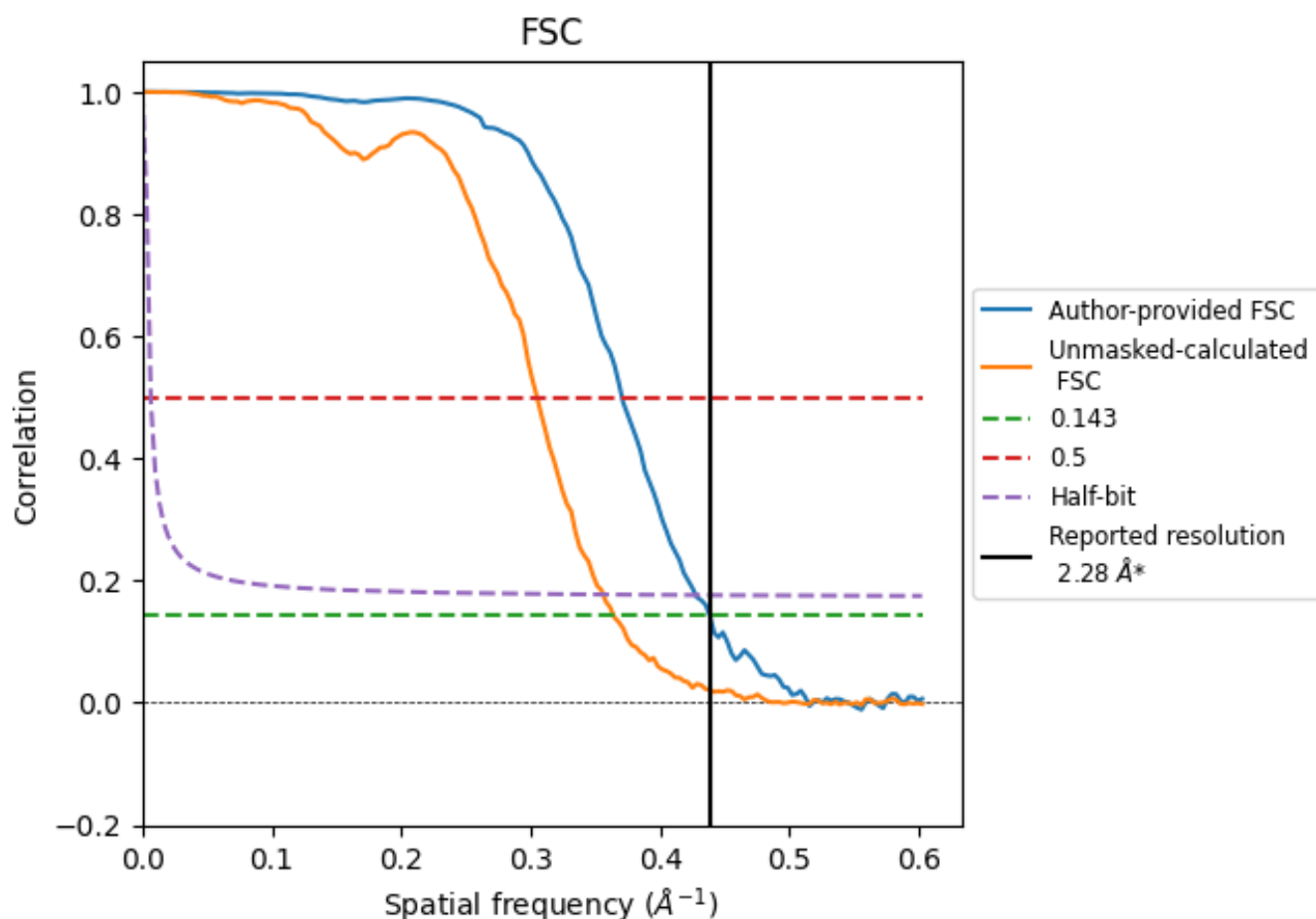


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.439 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.439 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.28	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.28	2.70	2.34
Unmasked-calculated*	2.75	3.28	2.81

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 2.75 differs from the reported value 2.28 by more than 10 %

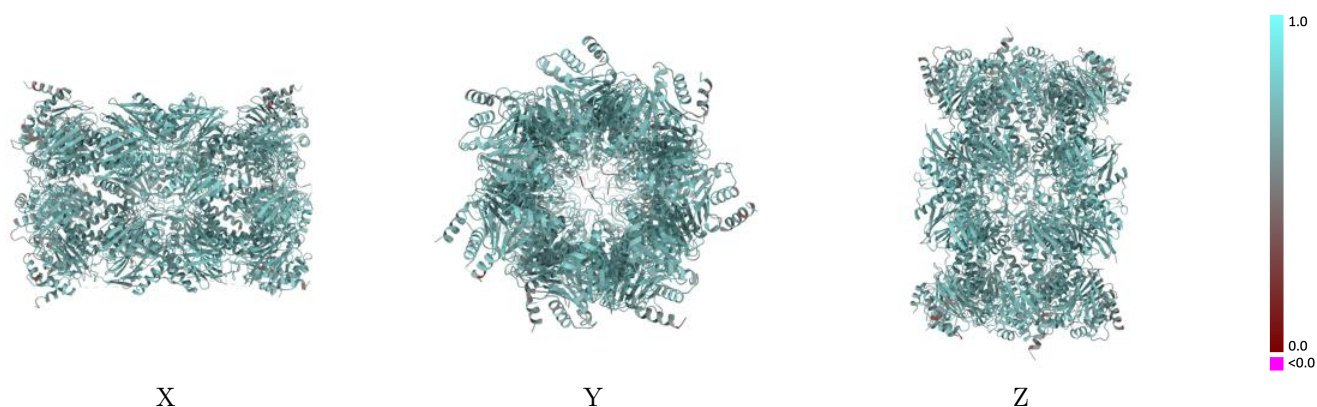
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-70078 and PDB model 9O3F. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 8.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)

This section was not generated.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)

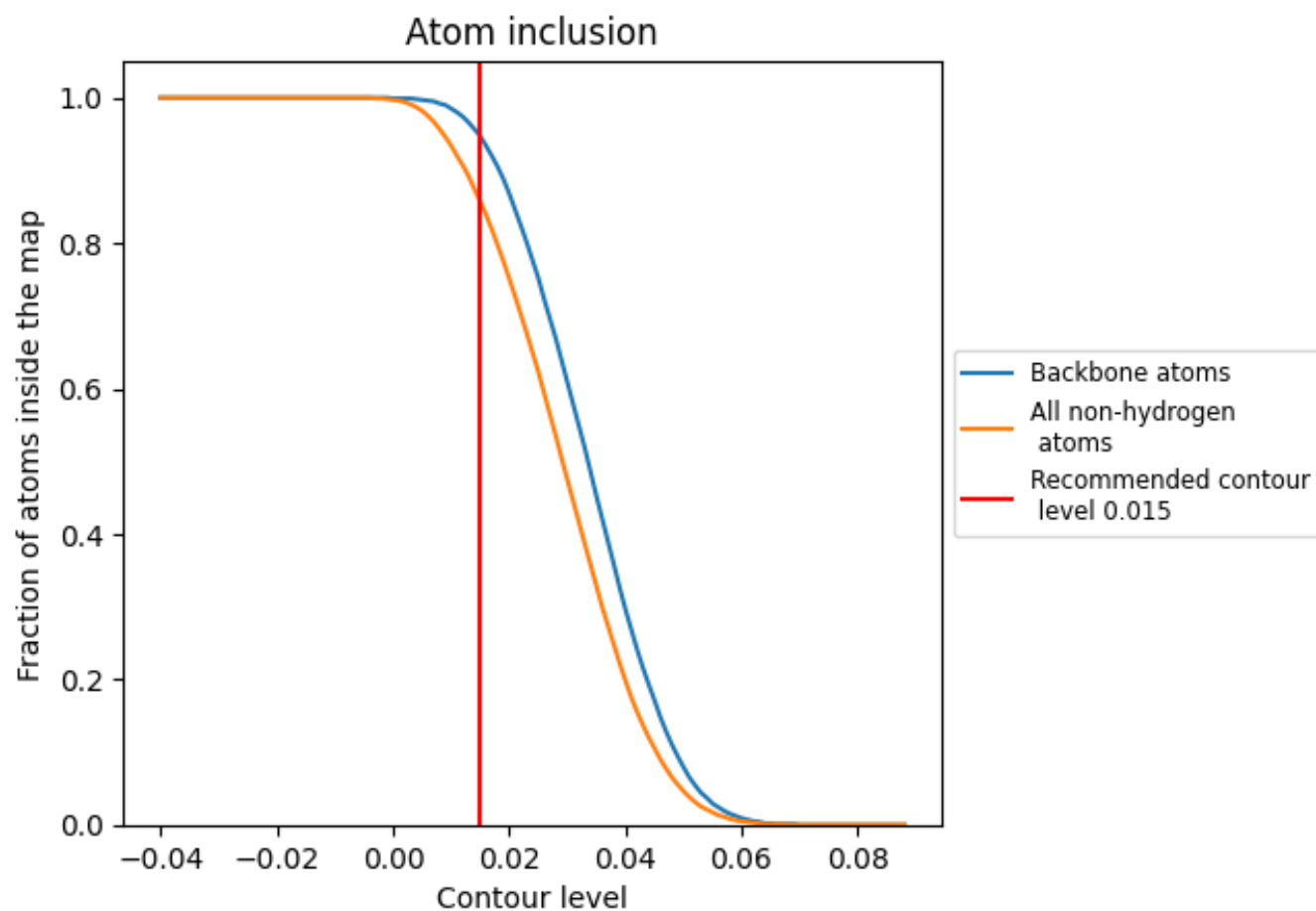


The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)

This section was not generated.

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 95% of all backbone atoms, 86% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.015) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.8580	 0.6940
A	 0.8250	 0.6790
B	 0.7910	 0.6650
C	 0.8170	 0.6740
D	 0.8030	 0.6730
E	 0.7840	 0.6570
F	 0.8400	 0.6900
G	 0.8660	 0.6970
H	 0.8570	 0.6950
I	 0.8370	 0.6770
J	 0.9340	 0.7350
K	 0.9190	 0.7220
L	 0.9160	 0.7230
M	 0.9110	 0.7160
N	 0.9170	 0.7240
O	 0.8420	 0.6860
P	 0.7970	 0.6610
Q	 0.8150	 0.6720
R	 0.8030	 0.6700
S	 0.7910	 0.6580
T	 0.8430	 0.6880
U	 0.8680	 0.6970
V	 0.8550	 0.6910
W	 0.8550	 0.6870
X	 0.9330	 0.7320
Y	 0.9160	 0.7200
Z	 0.9140	 0.7200
a	 0.9110	 0.7170
b	 0.9180	 0.7250

