



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 5, 2026 – 02:35 PM UTC

PDB ID : 3OBG / pdb_00003obg
Title : Conformational plasticity of p38 MAP kinase DFG mutants in response to inhibitor binding
Authors : Namboodiri, H.V.; Karpusas, M.; Bukhtiyarova, M.; Springman, E.B.
Deposited on : 2010-08-06
Resolution : 2.80 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

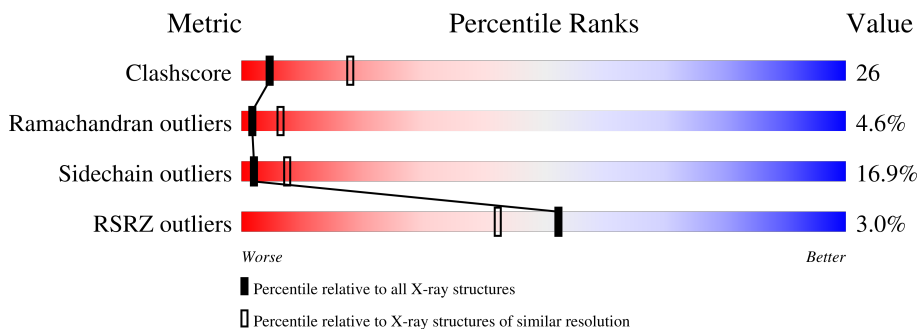
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	190562	4276 (2.80-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	4196 (2.80-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	187428	4198 (2.80-2.80)
RSRZ outliers	180081	3869 (2.80-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	360	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2727 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

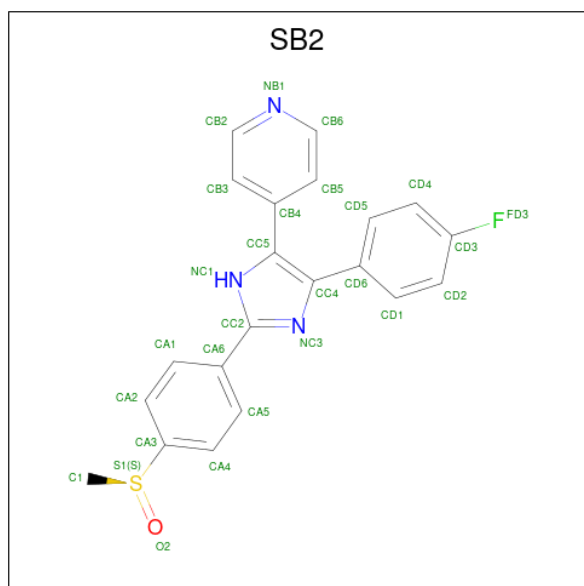
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Mitogen-activated protein kinase 14.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	332	2675	1717	459	487	12	0	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	169	GLY	PHE	engineered mutation	UNP Q16539

- Molecule 2 is 4-[5-(4-FLUORO-PHENYL)-2-(4-METHANESULFINYL-PHENYL)-3H-IMI DAZOL-4-YL]-PYRIDINE (CCD ID: SB2) (formula: C₂₁H₁₆FN₃OS).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	F	N	O S		
2	A	1	27	21	1	3	1 1	0	0

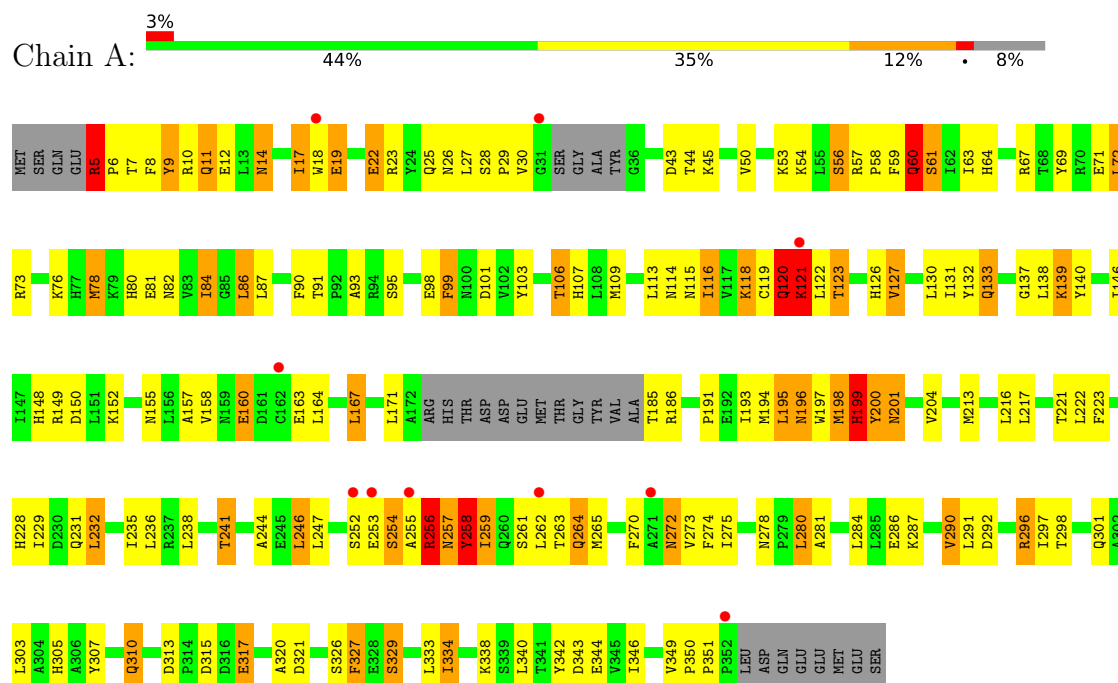
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	25	Total 25	O 25	0	0

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Mitogen-activated protein kinase 14



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	65.12Å 73.70Å 77.08Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.25 – 2.80 30.25 – 2.80	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.5 (30.25-2.80) 93.1 (30.25-2.80)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.14	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.11	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.30 (at 2.81Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.214 , 0.323 0.219 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	41.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.516	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.32 , 38.3	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.025 for -h,l,k	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.91	EDS
Total number of atoms	2727	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	37.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.04% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SB2

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	1.34	9/2735 (0.3%)	1.49	36/3712 (1.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

All (9) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	351	PRO	CA-C	7.33	1.58	1.52
1	A	139	LYS	N-CA	-7.11	1.37	1.46
1	A	290	VAL	CA-CB	6.09	1.61	1.54
1	A	327	PHE	CA-C	-5.99	1.44	1.52
1	A	139	LYS	C-O	5.43	1.30	1.24
1	A	17	ILE	CA-CB	-5.39	1.47	1.54
1	A	121	LYS	CA-C	5.20	1.59	1.52
1	A	123	THR	CA-CB	5.12	1.61	1.53
1	A	258	TYR	CA-C	5.05	1.59	1.52

All (36) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	91	THR	CA-C-N	10.51	130.32	119.19
1	A	91	THR	C-N-CA	10.51	130.32	119.19
1	A	5	ARG	CA-C-N	9.79	132.08	119.84
1	A	5	ARG	C-N-CA	9.79	132.08	119.84

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	241	THR	CA-C-N	8.73	128.81	119.90
1	A	241	THR	C-N-CA	8.73	128.81	119.90
1	A	201	ASN	N-CA-C	8.16	120.00	108.74
1	A	259	ILE	CB-CA-C	-6.63	103.19	111.94
1	A	138	LEU	CA-C-O	6.23	127.36	120.82
1	A	254	SER	N-CA-C	6.14	123.87	110.80
1	A	86	LEU	N-CA-C	6.06	118.57	108.20
1	A	139	LYS	N-CA-C	5.80	118.35	111.33
1	A	253	GLU	N-CA-C	-5.74	105.53	112.54
1	A	50	VAL	N-CA-C	5.74	117.18	108.80
1	A	90	PHE	N-CA-C	5.74	118.56	108.75
1	A	118	LYS	N-CA-C	-5.74	106.91	114.31
1	A	351	PRO	N-CA-C	5.53	117.44	110.70
1	A	317	GLU	CA-C-N	5.41	125.35	119.78
1	A	317	GLU	C-N-CA	5.41	125.35	119.78
1	A	23	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.38	116.12	121.50
1	A	216	LEU	N-CA-C	-5.36	105.51	111.36
1	A	107	HIS	CB-CA-C	-5.33	102.48	110.16
1	A	109	MET	CA-C-N	-5.26	114.44	122.28
1	A	109	MET	C-N-CA	-5.26	114.44	122.28
1	A	101	ASP	N-CA-C	5.25	117.38	109.23
1	A	28	SER	CA-C-N	5.24	126.39	119.84
1	A	28	SER	C-N-CA	5.24	126.39	119.84
1	A	137	GLY	N-CA-C	-5.13	106.55	112.50
1	A	23	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.12	123.81	119.20
1	A	199	HIS	N-CA-C	5.12	117.96	107.37
1	A	17	ILE	N-CA-C	5.11	116.88	108.97
1	A	133	GLN	N-CA-C	-5.06	105.46	111.69
1	A	200	TYR	CB-CA-C	-5.05	108.09	114.40
1	A	258	TYR	CA-C-N	5.03	127.02	120.88
1	A	258	TYR	C-N-CA	5.03	127.02	120.88
1	A	221	THR	CB-CA-C	-5.03	102.30	109.84

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	120	GLN	Peptide
1	A	256	ARG	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2675	0	2687	140	0
2	A	27	0	16	0	0
3	A	25	0	0	2	0
All	All	2727	0	2703	140	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 26.

All (140) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:252:SER:OG	1:A:255:ALA:HB3	1.39	1.19
1:A:252:SER:HB3	1:A:255:ALA:H	1.12	1.14
1:A:10:ARG:NH2	1:A:17:ILE:HG21	1.66	1.09
1:A:10:ARG:HG2	1:A:19:GLU:HG2	1.36	1.05
1:A:252:SER:HB3	1:A:255:ALA:N	1.73	1.02
1:A:131:ILE:HG21	1:A:213:MET:CE	1.90	1.01
1:A:255:ALA:HA	3:A:372:HOH:O	1.64	0.97
1:A:57:ARG:HG2	1:A:60:GLN:HG3	1.47	0.94
1:A:80:HIS:HD2	1:A:82:ASN:H	1.05	0.91
1:A:131:ILE:HG13	1:A:213:MET:HE2	1.52	0.90
1:A:93:ALA:HB1	1:A:98:GLU:HB2	1.52	0.90
1:A:252:SER:OG	1:A:255:ALA:CB	2.21	0.89
1:A:80:HIS:CD2	1:A:82:ASN:H	1.91	0.87
1:A:252:SER:CB	1:A:255:ALA:H	1.87	0.86
1:A:148:HIS:HD2	1:A:150:ASP:H	1.24	0.86
1:A:78:MET:HA	1:A:78:MET:HE2	1.61	0.83
1:A:131:ILE:HG21	1:A:213:MET:HE2	1.60	0.82
1:A:232:LEU:O	1:A:236:LEU:HG	1.80	0.81
1:A:25:GLN:O	1:A:26:ASN:HB2	1.79	0.80
1:A:252:SER:HB2	1:A:256:ARG:H	1.45	0.80
1:A:254:SER:O	1:A:257:ASN:HB3	1.81	0.79
1:A:252:SER:CB	1:A:255:ALA:N	2.45	0.79
1:A:14:ASN:HD22	1:A:14:ASN:N	1.81	0.78
1:A:10:ARG:HH22	1:A:17:ILE:HG21	1.48	0.77

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:26:ASN:O	1:A:27:LEU:C	2.28	0.76
1:A:80:HIS:HD2	1:A:82:ASN:N	1.84	0.76
1:A:258:TYR:OH	3:A:363:HOH:O	2.02	0.74
1:A:252:SER:HB2	1:A:256:ARG:HB2	1.71	0.72
1:A:281:ALA:HB2	1:A:307:TYR:CE1	2.25	0.71
1:A:5:ARG:HH12	1:A:8:PHE:HE1	1.39	0.71
1:A:127:VAL:HG11	1:A:217:LEU:HD23	1.71	0.70
1:A:131:ILE:HG21	1:A:213:MET:HE1	1.75	0.68
1:A:113:LEU:O	1:A:113:LEU:HG	1.94	0.68
1:A:10:ARG:NH2	1:A:17:ILE:CG2	2.54	0.65
1:A:148:HIS:HE1	1:A:167:LEU:O	1.81	0.64
1:A:5:ARG:HG2	1:A:5:ARG:HH11	1.62	0.64
1:A:17:ILE:HG22	1:A:18:TRP:N	2.12	0.62
1:A:131:ILE:CG1	1:A:213:MET:HE2	2.29	0.61
1:A:140:TYR:CE1	1:A:320:ALA:HB2	2.36	0.61
1:A:22:GLU:O	1:A:25:GLN:NE2	2.28	0.60
1:A:186:ARG:HH21	1:A:228:HIS:CD2	2.19	0.60
1:A:275:ILE:HD12	1:A:275:ILE:O	2.01	0.59
1:A:131:ILE:CG2	1:A:213:MET:HE2	2.32	0.59
1:A:313:ASP:OD1	1:A:313:ASP:C	2.46	0.58
1:A:252:SER:CB	1:A:256:ARG:H	2.15	0.58
1:A:25:GLN:O	1:A:26:ASN:CB	2.51	0.57
1:A:71:GLU:HG3	1:A:171:LEU:HD11	1.86	0.57
1:A:5:ARG:HG2	1:A:5:ARG:NH1	2.19	0.56
1:A:198:MET:HE3	1:A:199:HIS:NE2	2.21	0.56
1:A:270:PHE:HB2	1:A:286:GLU:OE1	2.05	0.56
1:A:58:PRO:O	1:A:64:HIS:HB3	2.07	0.55
1:A:340:LEU:O	1:A:343:ASP:HB2	2.07	0.55
1:A:17:ILE:CG2	1:A:18:TRP:N	2.69	0.55
1:A:201:ASN:O	1:A:204:VAL:HG13	2.06	0.55
1:A:148:HIS:CD2	1:A:150:ASP:H	2.14	0.54
1:A:223:PHE:CE2	1:A:235:ILE:HA	2.43	0.54
1:A:298:THR:OG1	1:A:301:GLN:HG3	2.08	0.54
1:A:148:HIS:HD2	1:A:150:ASP:N	2.00	0.54
1:A:241:THR:HG21	1:A:264:GLN:HA	1.88	0.53
1:A:252:SER:O	1:A:256:ARG:HD2	2.08	0.53
1:A:87:LEU:HD13	1:A:106:THR:HA	1.89	0.53
1:A:12:GLU:HG3	1:A:17:ILE:HG12	1.89	0.53
1:A:272:ASN:HA	1:A:275:ILE:HG23	1.90	0.52
1:A:150:ASP:O	1:A:152:LYS:HG2	2.08	0.52
1:A:198:MET:HG3	1:A:199:HIS:HD2	1.74	0.52

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:72:LEU:HD13	1:A:344:GLU:CB	2.39	0.52
1:A:72:LEU:HD13	1:A:344:GLU:HB3	1.91	0.52
1:A:113:LEU:O	1:A:113:LEU:CG	2.58	0.52
1:A:132:TYR:CE1	1:A:303:LEU:CD2	2.92	0.51
1:A:9:TYR:HD2	1:A:9:TYR:H	1.57	0.51
1:A:284:LEU:HD13	1:A:305:HIS:CG	2.46	0.51
1:A:121:LYS:HE3	1:A:122:LEU:H	1.76	0.50
1:A:272:ASN:O	1:A:273:VAL:C	2.51	0.50
1:A:99:PHE:CD2	1:A:342:TYR:HB2	2.46	0.50
1:A:114:ASN:O	1:A:118:LYS:HG3	2.11	0.50
1:A:290:VAL:O	1:A:296:ARG:HD3	2.12	0.50
1:A:57:ARG:HG2	1:A:60:GLN:CG	2.31	0.50
1:A:132:TYR:CD1	1:A:303:LEU:HD23	2.47	0.49
1:A:158:VAL:HA	1:A:163:GLU:O	2.11	0.49
1:A:155:ASN:O	1:A:167:LEU:HB2	2.12	0.49
1:A:333:LEU:O	1:A:334:ILE:C	2.55	0.49
1:A:119:CYS:HB3	1:A:120:GLN:OE1	2.13	0.49
1:A:123:THR:O	1:A:126:HIS:HB2	2.13	0.48
1:A:272:ASN:C	1:A:274:PHE:N	2.70	0.48
1:A:84:ILE:HD13	1:A:167:LEU:HD13	1.95	0.47
1:A:140:TYR:CD1	1:A:320:ALA:HB2	2.49	0.47
1:A:60:GLN:HB3	1:A:61:SER:H	1.52	0.47
1:A:133:GLN:HE22	1:A:163:GLU:HA	1.79	0.47
1:A:99:PHE:CE2	1:A:342:TYR:HB2	2.50	0.47
1:A:196:ASN:C	1:A:196:ASN:HD22	2.23	0.47
1:A:69:TYR:CE1	1:A:73:ARG:HG3	2.50	0.47
1:A:72:LEU:HD22	1:A:76:LYS:HG3	1.96	0.46
1:A:278:ASN:OD1	1:A:278:ASN:C	2.58	0.46
1:A:54:LYS:O	1:A:54:LYS:HG2	2.14	0.46
1:A:122:LEU:HD22	1:A:126:HIS:HB3	1.96	0.46
1:A:186:ARG:HH21	1:A:228:HIS:HD2	1.64	0.46
1:A:14:ASN:N	1:A:14:ASN:ND2	2.54	0.46
1:A:164:LEU:C	1:A:164:LEU:HD23	2.41	0.46
1:A:7:THR:HB	1:A:22:GLU:CD	2.41	0.46
1:A:254:SER:C	1:A:257:ASN:HB3	2.41	0.45
1:A:22:GLU:H	1:A:22:GLU:HG2	1.63	0.45
1:A:139:LYS:O	1:A:139:LYS:HG2	2.16	0.45
1:A:5:ARG:HA	1:A:6:PRO:HD2	1.41	0.45
1:A:131:ILE:CG2	1:A:213:MET:CE	2.80	0.45
1:A:157:ALA:O	1:A:164:LEU:HA	2.18	0.44
1:A:195:LEU:HD12	1:A:195:LEU:HA	1.73	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:113:LEU:HD12	1:A:116:ILE:HB	1.99	0.44
1:A:5:ARG:NH1	1:A:8:PHE:HE1	2.13	0.44
1:A:195:LEU:HD13	1:A:232:LEU:HD21	2.00	0.44
1:A:262:LEU:H	1:A:262:LEU:HG	1.56	0.43
1:A:43:ASP:O	1:A:44:THR:C	2.60	0.43
1:A:199:HIS:CD2	1:A:199:HIS:N	2.86	0.43
1:A:53:LYS:O	1:A:103:TYR:HA	2.18	0.43
1:A:273:VAL:O	1:A:273:VAL:HG12	2.17	0.43
1:A:231:GLN:O	1:A:235:ILE:HD12	2.18	0.43
1:A:290:VAL:HG12	1:A:292:ASP:H	1.84	0.43
1:A:195:LEU:O	1:A:197:TRP:N	2.51	0.43
1:A:310:GLN:HE21	1:A:310:GLN:H	1.66	0.43
1:A:132:TYR:CE1	1:A:303:LEU:HD22	2.54	0.42
1:A:10:ARG:HG2	1:A:19:GLU:CG	2.26	0.42
1:A:246:LEU:CD1	1:A:292:ASP:HB2	2.50	0.42
1:A:280:LEU:HD23	1:A:280:LEU:HA	1.56	0.42
1:A:17:ILE:CG2	1:A:18:TRP:H	2.31	0.42
1:A:139:LYS:NZ	1:A:317:GLU:O	2.39	0.42
1:A:10:ARG:HE	1:A:10:ARG:HB3	1.77	0.42
1:A:327:PHE:C	1:A:329:SER:H	2.28	0.42
1:A:11:GLN:HG2	1:A:12:GLU:N	2.34	0.41
1:A:297:ILE:O	1:A:297:ILE:HG23	2.20	0.41
1:A:53:LYS:NZ	1:A:71:GLU:OE1	2.49	0.41
1:A:191:PRO:HG3	1:A:291:LEU:HD12	2.01	0.41
1:A:149:ARG:HD3	1:A:200:TYR:OH	2.20	0.41
1:A:148:HIS:O	1:A:149:ARG:HB2	2.20	0.41
1:A:236:LEU:C	1:A:238:LEU:N	2.78	0.40
1:A:64:HIS:CE1	1:A:67:ARG:HH12	2.38	0.40
1:A:59:PHE:HZ	1:A:99:PHE:CZ	2.39	0.40
1:A:80:HIS:CD2	1:A:81:GLU:N	2.89	0.40
1:A:195:LEU:CD1	1:A:232:LEU:HD21	2.51	0.40
1:A:290:VAL:O	1:A:296:ARG:CD	2.68	0.40
1:A:349:VAL:HA	1:A:350:PRO:HD3	1.91	0.40
1:A:256:ARG:O	1:A:257:ASN:C	2.64	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	326/360 (91%)	269 (82%)	42 (13%)	15 (5%)	2 6

All (15) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	60	GLN
1	A	256	ARG
1	A	258	TYR
1	A	263	THR
1	A	120	GLN
1	A	160	GLU
1	A	56	SER
1	A	99	PHE
1	A	196	ASN
1	A	244	ALA
1	A	334	ILE
1	A	257	ASN
1	A	247	LEU
1	A	116	ILE
1	A	321	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	295/319 (92%)	245 (83%)	50 (17%)	2 7

All (50) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	5	ARG
1	A	9	TYR
1	A	11	GLN
1	A	14	ASN
1	A	19	GLU
1	A	22	GLU
1	A	29	PRO
1	A	30	VAL
1	A	45	LYS
1	A	56	SER
1	A	60	GLN
1	A	61	SER
1	A	63	ILE
1	A	72	LEU
1	A	78	MET
1	A	84	ILE
1	A	86	LEU
1	A	95	SER
1	A	106	THR
1	A	115	ASN
1	A	121	LYS
1	A	127	VAL
1	A	130	LEU
1	A	146	ILE
1	A	160	GLU
1	A	167	LEU
1	A	185	THR
1	A	193	ILE
1	A	194	MET
1	A	195	LEU
1	A	198	MET
1	A	199	HIS
1	A	222	LEU
1	A	229	ILE
1	A	232	LEU
1	A	246	LEU
1	A	259	ILE
1	A	261	SER
1	A	264	GLN
1	A	265	MET
1	A	272	ASN
1	A	280	LEU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	287	LYS
1	A	296	ARG
1	A	310	GLN
1	A	315	ASP
1	A	326	SER
1	A	329	SER
1	A	338	LYS
1	A	346	ILE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (8) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	14	ASN
1	A	80	HIS
1	A	148	HIS
1	A	196	ASN
1	A	199	HIS
1	A	228	HIS
1	A	264	GLN
1	A	310	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and

the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	SB2	A	361	-	30,30,30	2.38	4 (13%)	42,42,42	1.89	16 (38%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	SB2	A	361	-	-	3/16/16/16	0/4/4/4

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	361	SB2	O2-S1	10.65	1.77	1.49
2	A	361	SB2	CC5-CC4	5.46	1.48	1.38
2	A	361	SB2	CD4-CD3	2.41	1.41	1.37
2	A	361	SB2	CC5-NC1	-2.04	1.34	1.37

All (16) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	361	SB2	CC4-NC3-CC2	-3.95	102.49	105.96
2	A	361	SB2	CD1-CD6-CC4	-3.92	114.32	120.74
2	A	361	SB2	CA5-CA4-CA3	-3.21	116.59	119.39
2	A	361	SB2	CD6-CC4-CC5	-3.14	125.83	130.43
2	A	361	SB2	CA2-CA1-CA6	-3.09	117.50	120.80
2	A	361	SB2	CD5-CD6-CD1	3.05	122.44	118.57
2	A	361	SB2	CD4-CD5-CD6	-2.99	117.60	120.80
2	A	361	SB2	NC1-CC2-NC3	2.79	114.23	111.15
2	A	361	SB2	O2-S1-C1	-2.68	100.73	105.52
2	A	361	SB2	CA5-CA6-CC2	-2.57	116.27	120.83
2	A	361	SB2	CA5-CA6-CA1	2.17	121.32	118.57
2	A	361	SB2	CA6-CC2-NC3	-2.16	121.66	124.96
2	A	361	SB2	CB6-NB1-CB2	2.09	121.65	116.86
2	A	361	SB2	CB3-CB2-NB1	-2.07	120.06	123.60
2	A	361	SB2	C1-S1-CA3	2.05	103.42	97.82

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	361	SB2	CC4-CC5-NC1	-2.05	103.14	105.63

There are no chirality outliers.

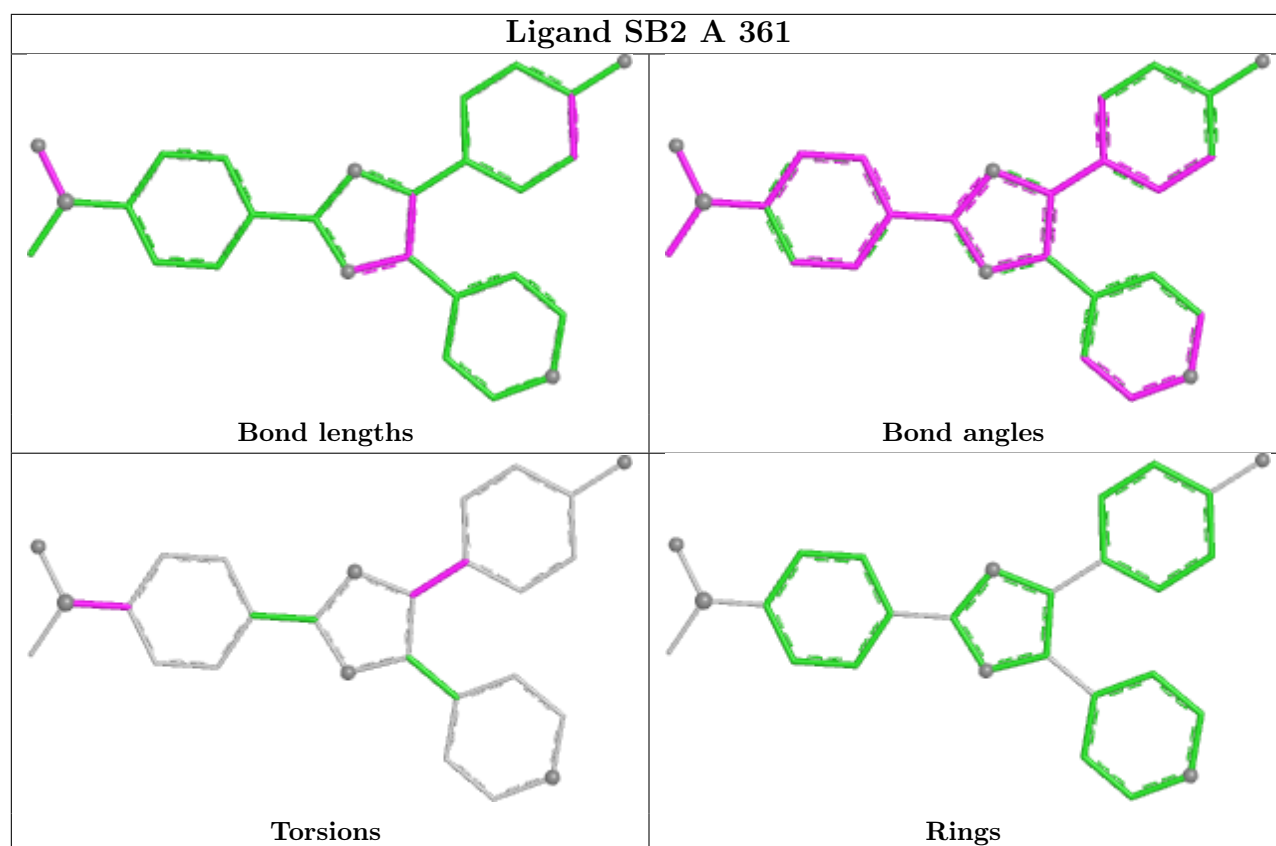
All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	361	SB2	CA2-CA3-S1-C1
2	A	361	SB2	CC5-CC4-CD6-CD1
2	A	361	SB2	CA4-CA3-S1-C1

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2		OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	332/360 (92%)	0.07	10 (3%)	52 42	20, 35, 60, 71	0

All (10) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	31	GLY	3.6
1	A	252	SER	3.5
1	A	121	LYS	3.0
1	A	255	ALA	2.9
1	A	162	CYS	2.9
1	A	262	LEU	2.6
1	A	352	PRO	2.2
1	A	253	GLU	2.2
1	A	18	TRP	2.1
1	A	271	ALA	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

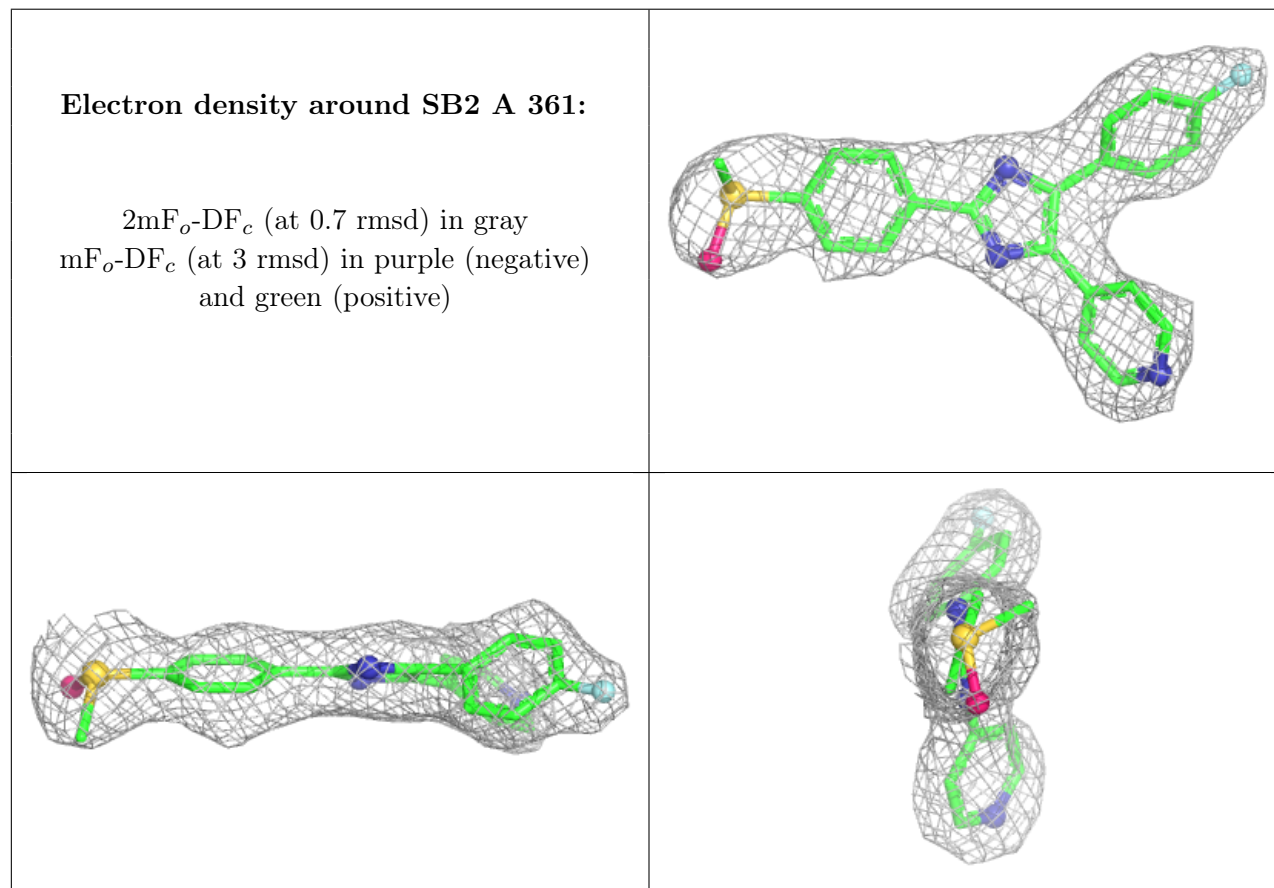
There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
2	SB2	A	361	27/27	0.92	0.10	37,43,47,50	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.