



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 27, 2026 – 02:25 AM UTC

PDB ID : 9OQ2 / pdb_00009oq2
EMDB ID : EMD-70735
Title : Structure of the sweet receptor bound to advantame in the compact state, extracellular domain
Authors : Wang, H.; Chen, X.; Dai, Y.; Lee, C.H.
Deposited on : 2025-05-20
Resolution : 3.27 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

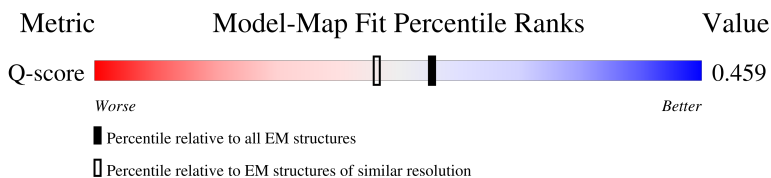
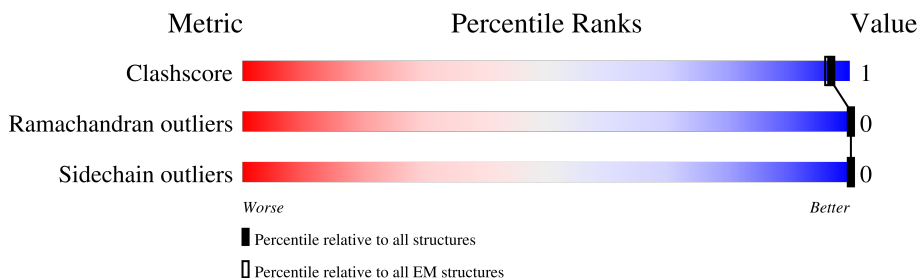
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.27 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	14508 (2.77 - 3.77)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	818	
2	B	838	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8157 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Taste receptor type 1 member 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	501	4037	2575	683	753	26	0	0

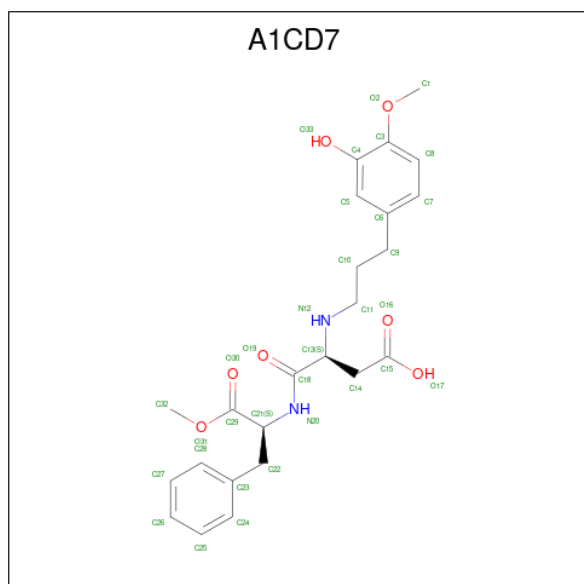
There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	132	SER	ILE	conflict	UNP Q8TE23
A	212	ASN	SER	conflict	UNP Q8TE23
A	231	GLY	ASP	conflict	UNP Q8TE23

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Taste receptor type 1 member 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	523	4087	2593	703	758	33	0	0

- Molecule 3 is advantame (CCD ID: A1CD7) (formula: $C_{24}H_{30}N_2O_7$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			33	24	2	7	

V318	G319	G328	A329	L330	H336	H341	L342	A343	L344	A345	A346	D347	P348	A349	F350	C351	A352	S353	LEU	ASN	ALA	GLU	LEU	ASP	LEU	GLU	GLU	HIS	VAL	MET	GLY	Q367	R368	C369	P370	R371	C372	D373	D374	I375	M376	L377	Q378	N379	L380	S381	S382	G383	L384	L385	Q386	N387	L388	SER	ALA	GLY
Q392	L393	H394	H412	Q416	C417	M418	H421	C422	H423	V424	S425	E426	M439	Q469	S470	P471	G496	R506	K509	D510	G511	Q512	V513	R514	R515	C526	V527	D528	A531	R535	K536	H537	P538	D539	D540	F541	T542	C543	C546	N547	Q548	D549	E554	A558	C559											
L560	P561	ARG	PRO	LYS	PHE	LEU	ALA	TRP	GLY	GLU	PRO	VAL	VAL	LEU	SER	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	CYS	LEU	VAL	LEU	GLY	ALA	ASP	SER	PRO	LEU	VAL	GLN	ALA	SER	GLY	GLY	SER	GLN	PHE	CYS	PHE	GLY	LEU	ILE	LEU	LEU											
GLY	LEU	PHE	CYS	LEU	SER	VAL	ALA	VAL	LEU	PHE	PRO	GLY	ARG	PRO	SER	SER	ALA	ALA	CYS	LEU	LEU	ALA	GLN	PRO	MET	VAL	ALA	HIS	GLY	LEU	ALA	LEU	THR	ALA	GLY	CYS	LEU	THR	GLY	ALA	PRO	GLN	VAL	THR	LEU	GLY										
TYR	LEU	ARG	GLY	LEU	TRP	ALA	TRP	VAL	VAL	VAL	LEU	LEU	ALA	ALA	CYS	ALA	GLY	ILE	ALA	ALA	PHE	PRO	PRO	GLU	GLY	VAL	VAL	THR	ASP	TRP	SER	VAL	LEU	PRO	THR	VAL	GLU	GLU	HIS	VAL	VAL	LEU	THR	VAL	GLY	VAL	HIS									
ILE	THR	ASN	ALA	MET	LEU	ALA	PHE	LEU	CYS	PHE	ILE	LEU	GLY	THR	PHE	HIS	LEU	VAL	GLN	SER	GLN	PRO	PRO	GLY	ARG	TYR	ASN	ARG	ALA	GLY	LEU	ASN	THR	PHE	ALA	ALA	THR	TRP	VAL	SER	PHE	VAL	PRO	PRO	GLN	GLN										
MET	GLY	ALA	ILE	LEU	VAL	CYS	ALA	ALA	LEU	GLY	ILE	LEU	VAL	THR	THR	VAL	LEU	TRP	LEU	PRO	LYS	CYS	TYR	TYR	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU								

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	140239	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	60.4	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1100	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2100	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	7.077	Depositor
Minimum map value	-4.239	Depositor
Average map value	0.005	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.126	Depositor
Recommended contour level	1.1	Depositor
Map size (Å)	311.5152, 311.5152, 311.5152	wwPDB
Map dimensions	216, 216, 216	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.4422, 1.4422, 1.4422	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: A1CD7

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.13	0/4135	0.32	0/5630
2	B	0.14	0/4188	0.34	0/5694
All	All	0.13	0/8323	0.33	0/11324

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4037	0	3914	5	0
2	B	4087	0	3968	6	0
3	A	33	0	0	0	0
All	All	8157	0	7882	11	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (11) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:514:ARG:NH2	2:B:539:ASP:OD1	2.34	0.60
2:B:469:GLN:OE1	2:B:469:GLN:N	2.43	0.51
2:B:303:TRP:C	2:B:303:TRP:CD1	2.90	0.49
2:B:198:VAL:HG11	2:B:233:ARG:HD2	1.98	0.45
1:A:163:THR:HG23	1:A:182:ARG:HG2	1.99	0.45
2:B:418:ASN:N	2:B:421:HIS:O	2.50	0.45
1:A:103:TYR:CG	1:A:104:ILE:N	2.86	0.44
1:A:252:GLU:O	1:A:255:GLN:HG3	2.18	0.44
1:A:527:ASN:ND2	1:A:530:GLU:OE2	2.51	0.43
1:A:40:SER:HA	1:A:101:VAL:O	2.19	0.42
2:B:512:GLN:HB3	2:B:526:CYS:HB3	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	495/818 (60%)	484 (98%)	11 (2%)	0	100	100
2	B	517/838 (62%)	508 (98%)	9 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	1012/1656 (61%)	992 (98%)	20 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	456/735 (62%)	456 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	455/712 (64%)	455 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	911/1447 (63%)	911 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	397	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
3	A1CD7	A	901	-	34,34,34	1.80	5 (14%)	44,44,44	1.59	9 (20%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral

centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	A1CD7	A	901	-	-	7/31/31/31	0/2/2/2

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	901	A1CD7	C13-N12	6.02	1.60	1.46
3	A	901	A1CD7	C11-N12	3.92	1.55	1.47
3	A	901	A1CD7	C14-C15	3.71	1.60	1.51
3	A	901	A1CD7	O17-C15	-2.87	1.21	1.30
3	A	901	A1CD7	C18-N20	2.55	1.39	1.34

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	901	A1CD7	O2-C3-C4	5.21	122.36	114.55
3	A	901	A1CD7	O16-C15-C14	-3.48	112.16	122.84
3	A	901	A1CD7	O17-C15-O16	3.02	131.11	123.33
3	A	901	A1CD7	C8-C3-C4	-2.50	116.91	119.87
3	A	901	A1CD7	O31-C29-C21	2.22	117.15	111.49
3	A	901	A1CD7	C22-C21-N20	2.15	115.29	110.83
3	A	901	A1CD7	O2-C3-C8	-2.12	120.73	124.30
3	A	901	A1CD7	O31-C29-O30	-2.06	119.83	123.85
3	A	901	A1CD7	C5-C4-C3	2.02	121.77	119.81

There are no chirality outliers.

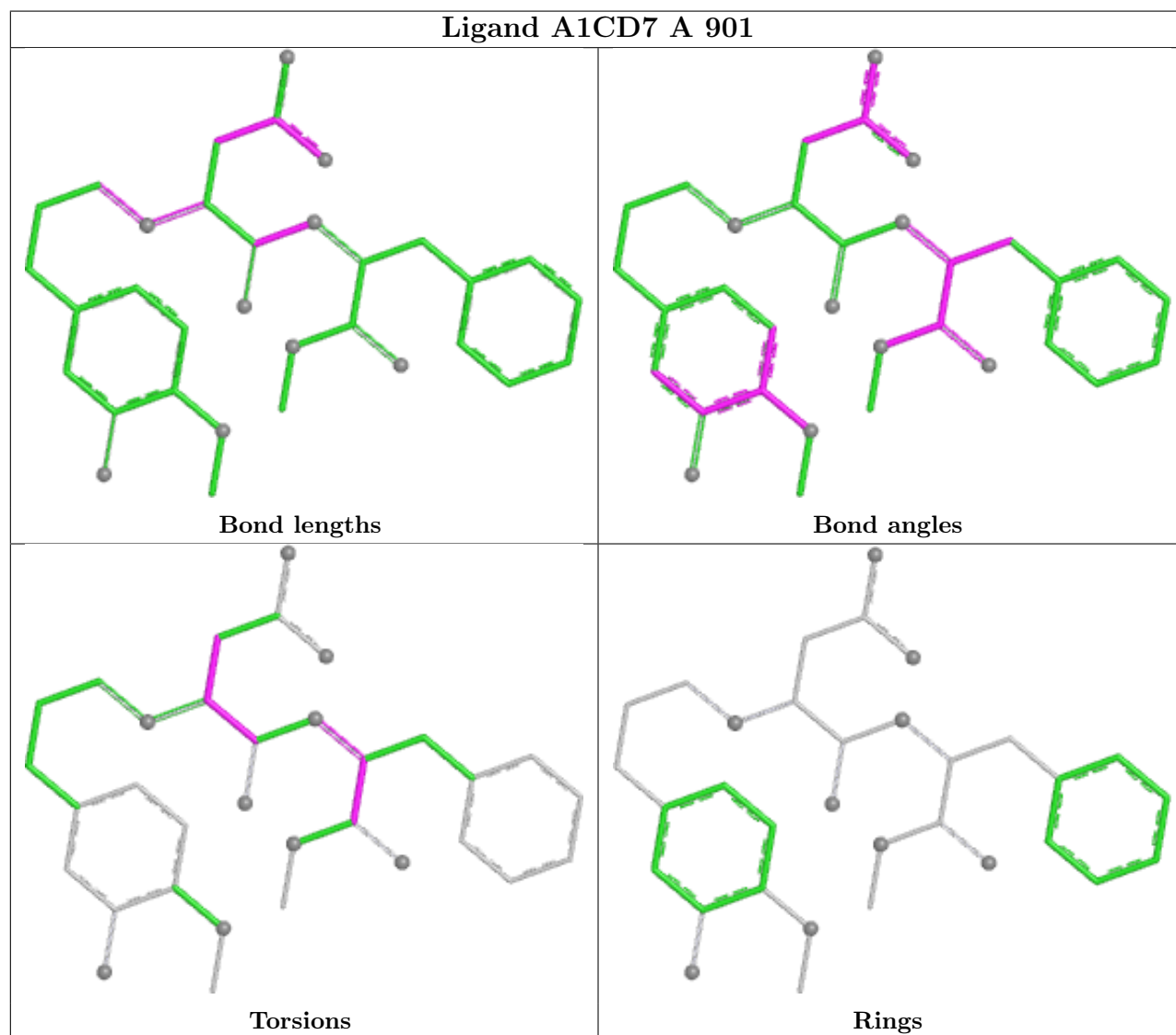
All (7) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	901	A1CD7	N12-C13-C14-C15
3	A	901	A1CD7	C18-C13-C14-C15
3	A	901	A1CD7	N12-C13-C18-O19
3	A	901	A1CD7	N12-C13-C18-N20
3	A	901	A1CD7	C22-C21-C29-O30
3	A	901	A1CD7	C22-C21-C29-O31
3	A	901	A1CD7	C22-C21-N20-C18

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

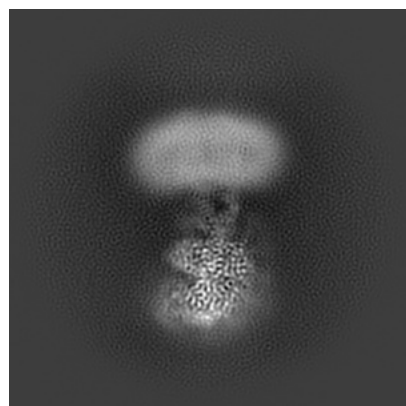
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-70735. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

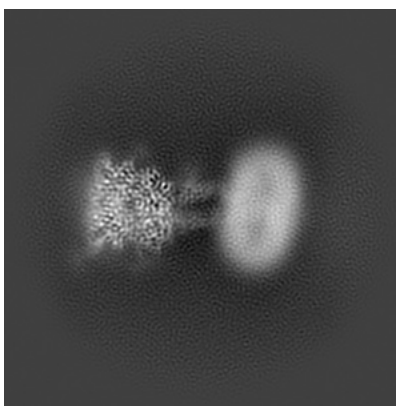
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

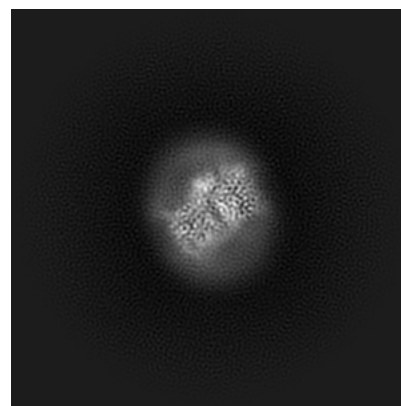
6.1.1 Primary map



X

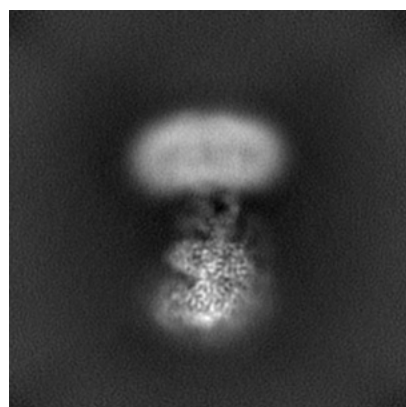


Y

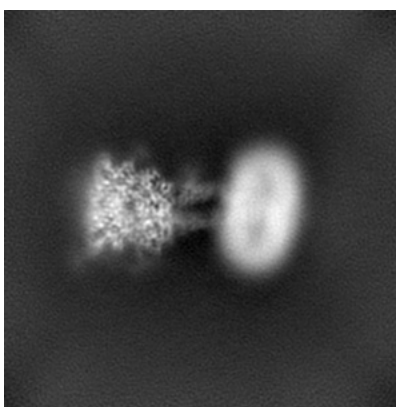


Z

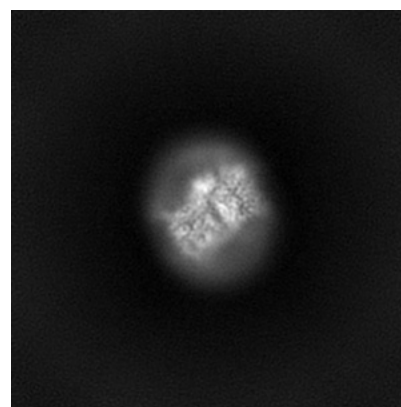
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

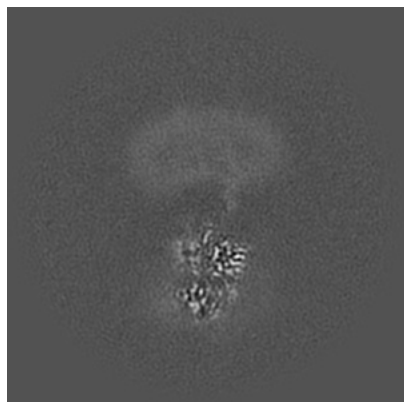


Z

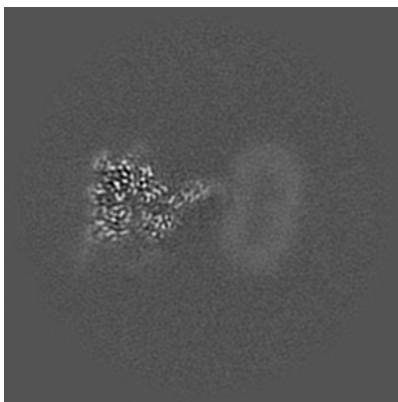
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

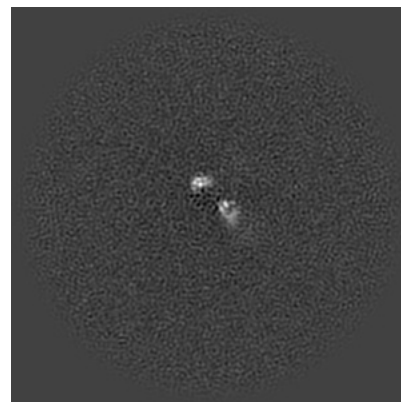
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 108

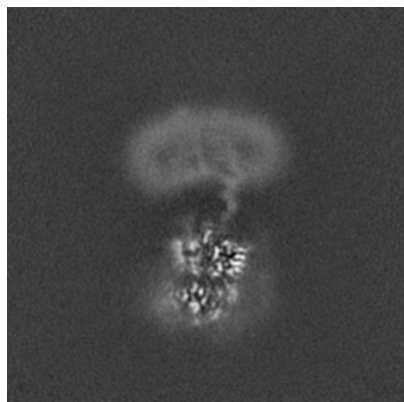


Y Index: 108

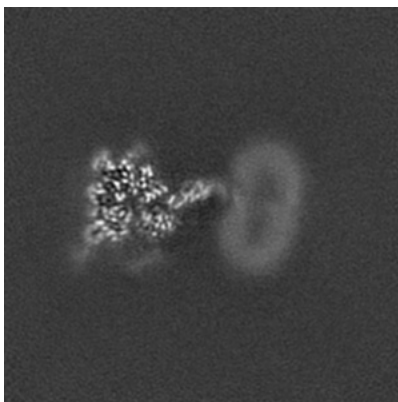


Z Index: 108

6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 108



Y Index: 108

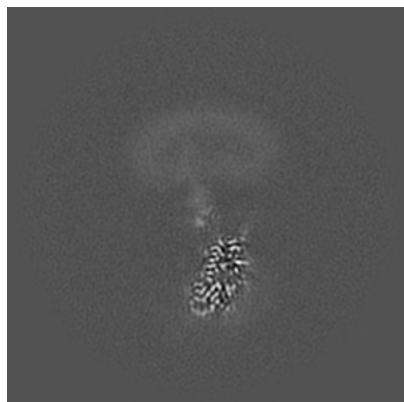


Z Index: 108

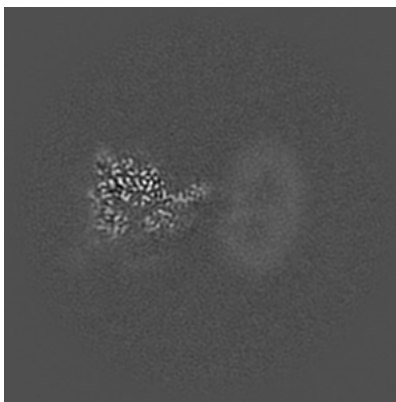
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

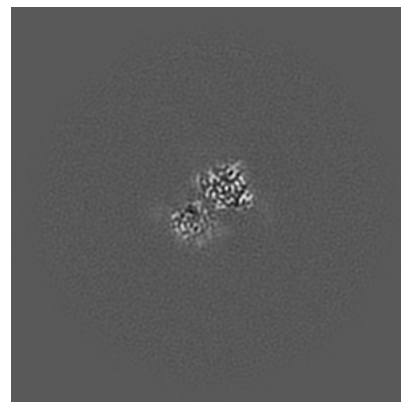
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 120

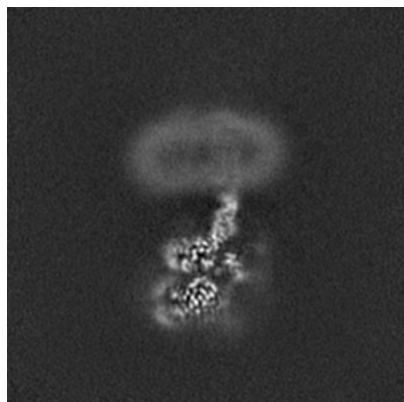


Y Index: 110

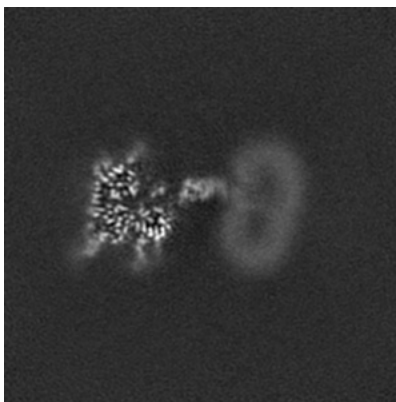


Z Index: 77

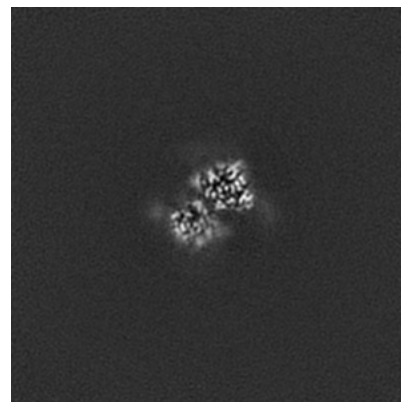
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 101



Y Index: 105

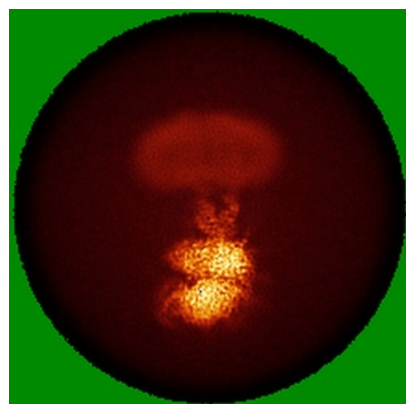


Z Index: 77

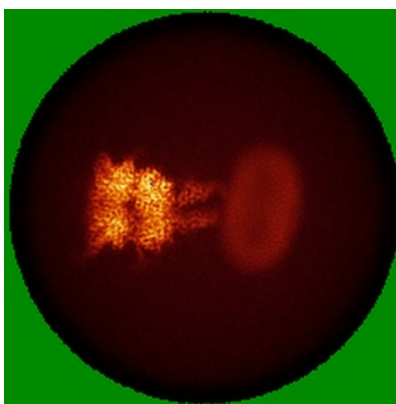
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

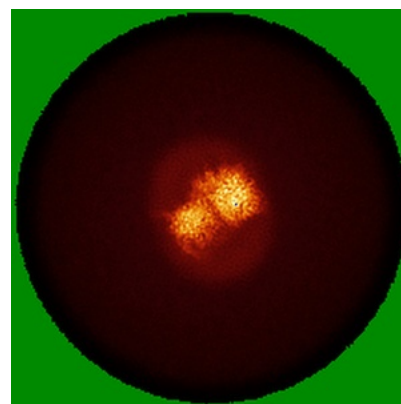
6.4.1 Primary map



X

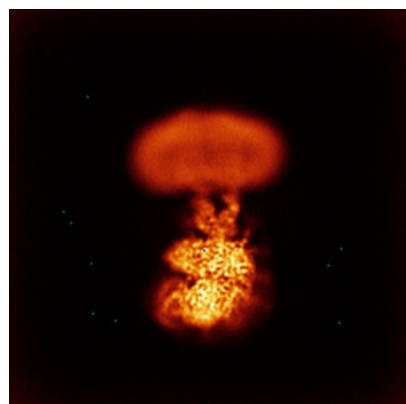


Y

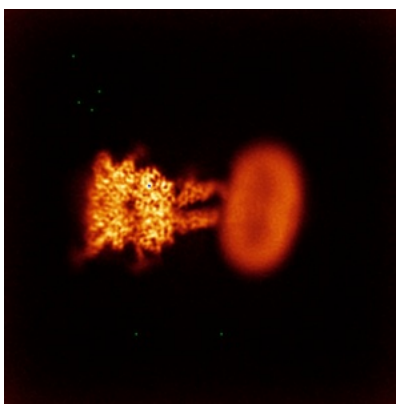


Z

6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

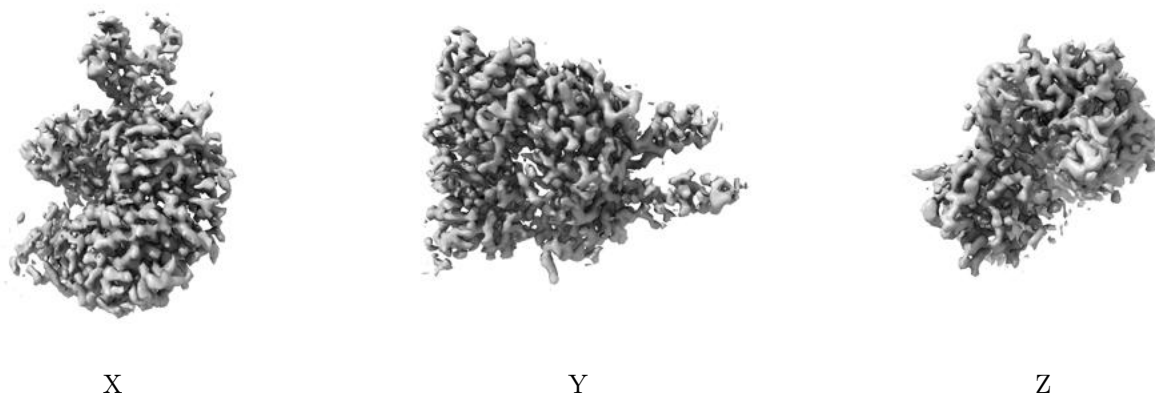


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

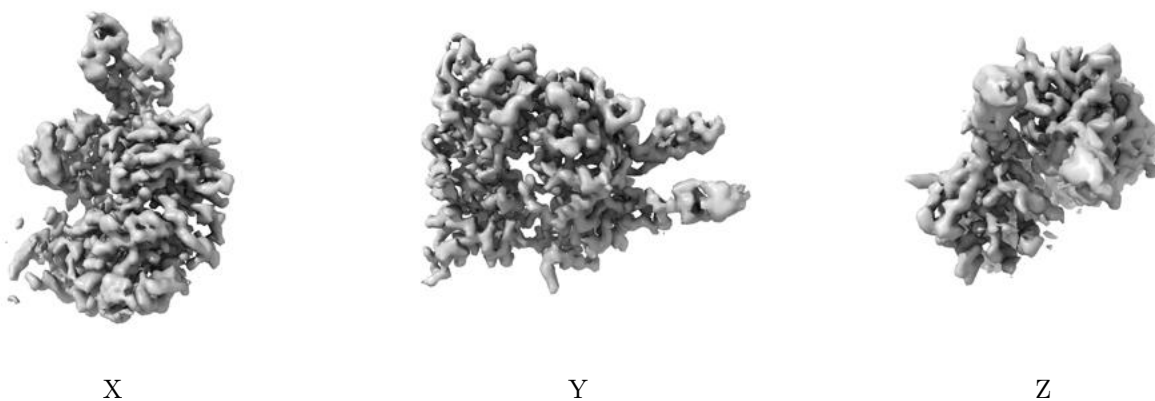
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 1.1. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

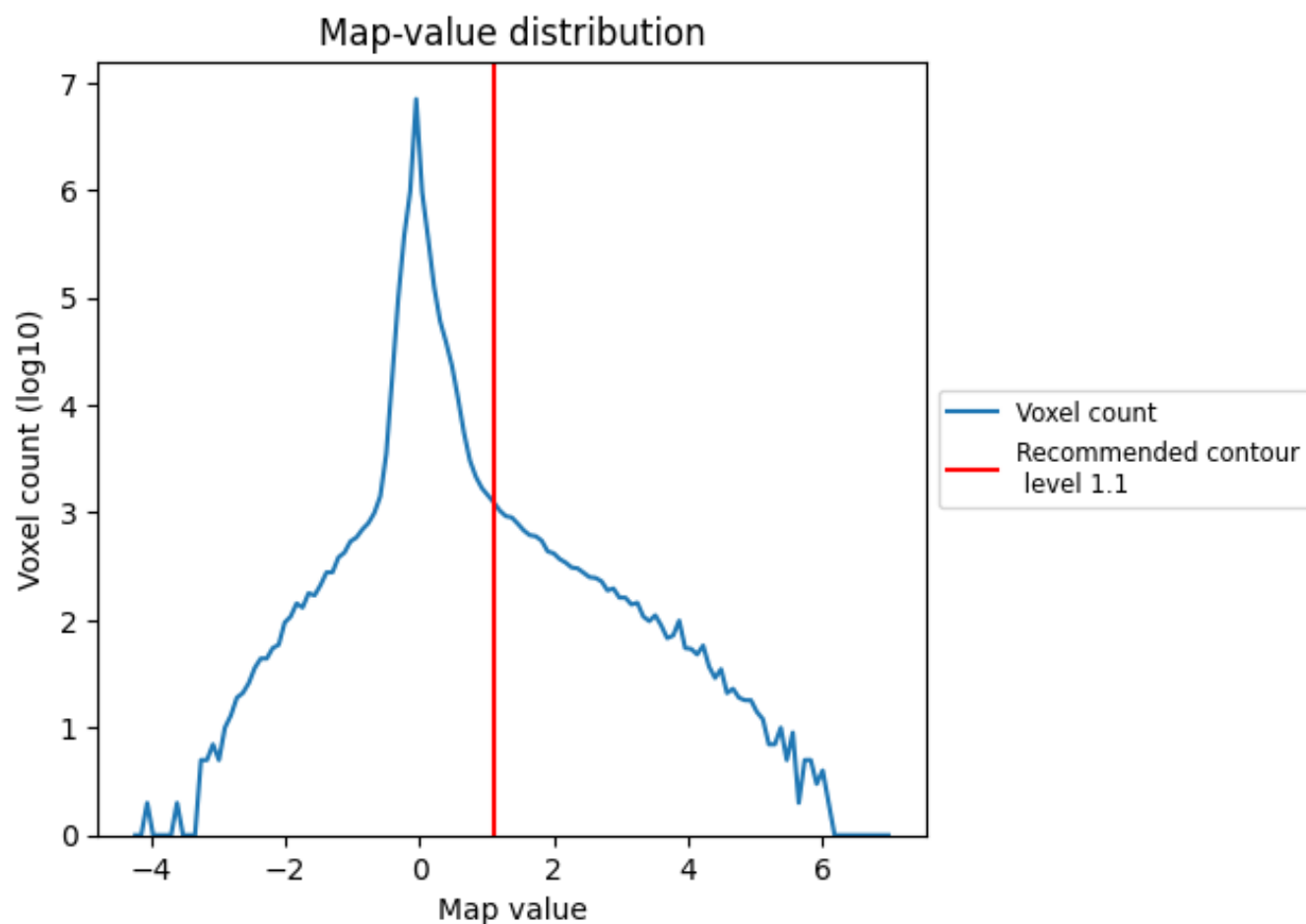
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

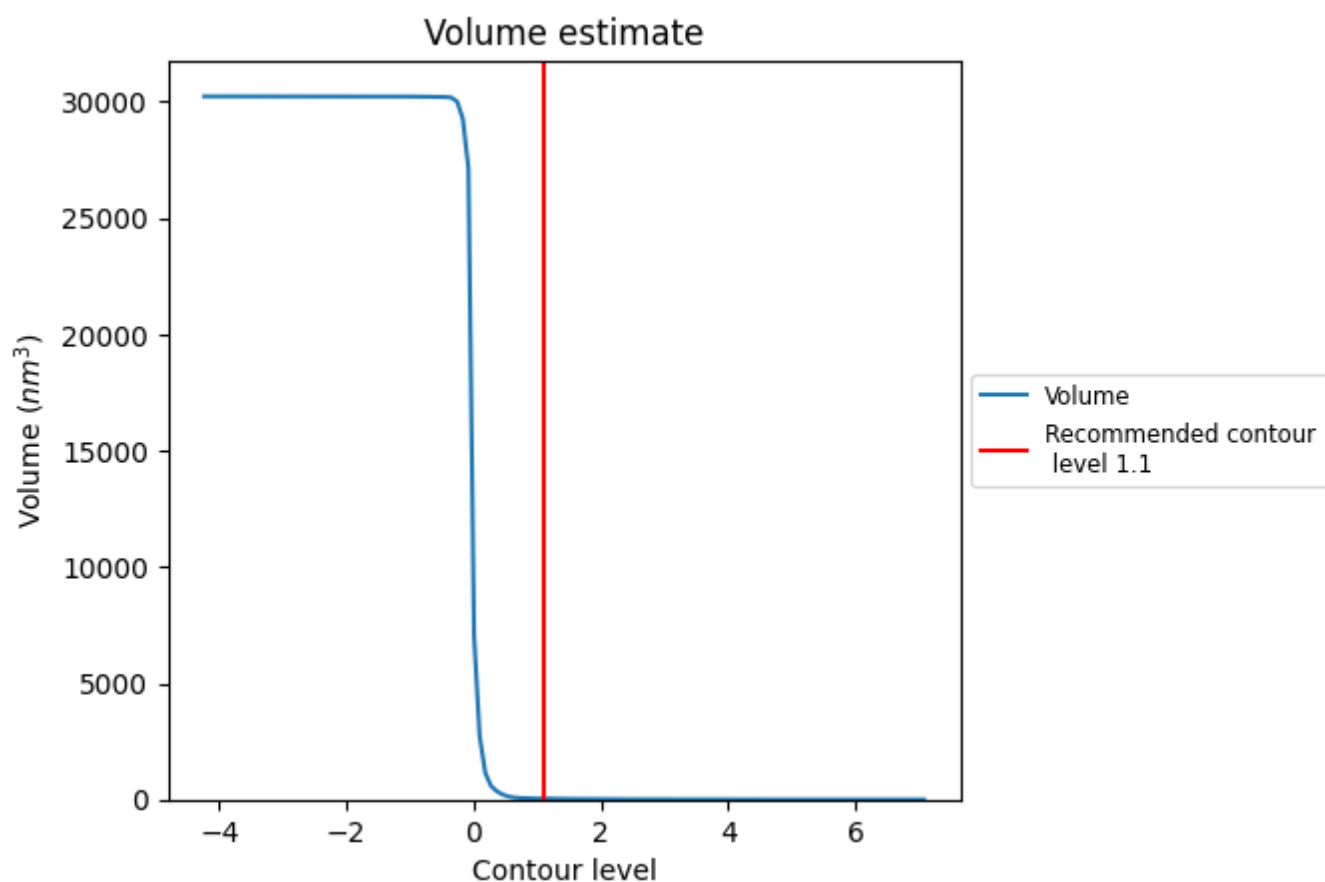
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

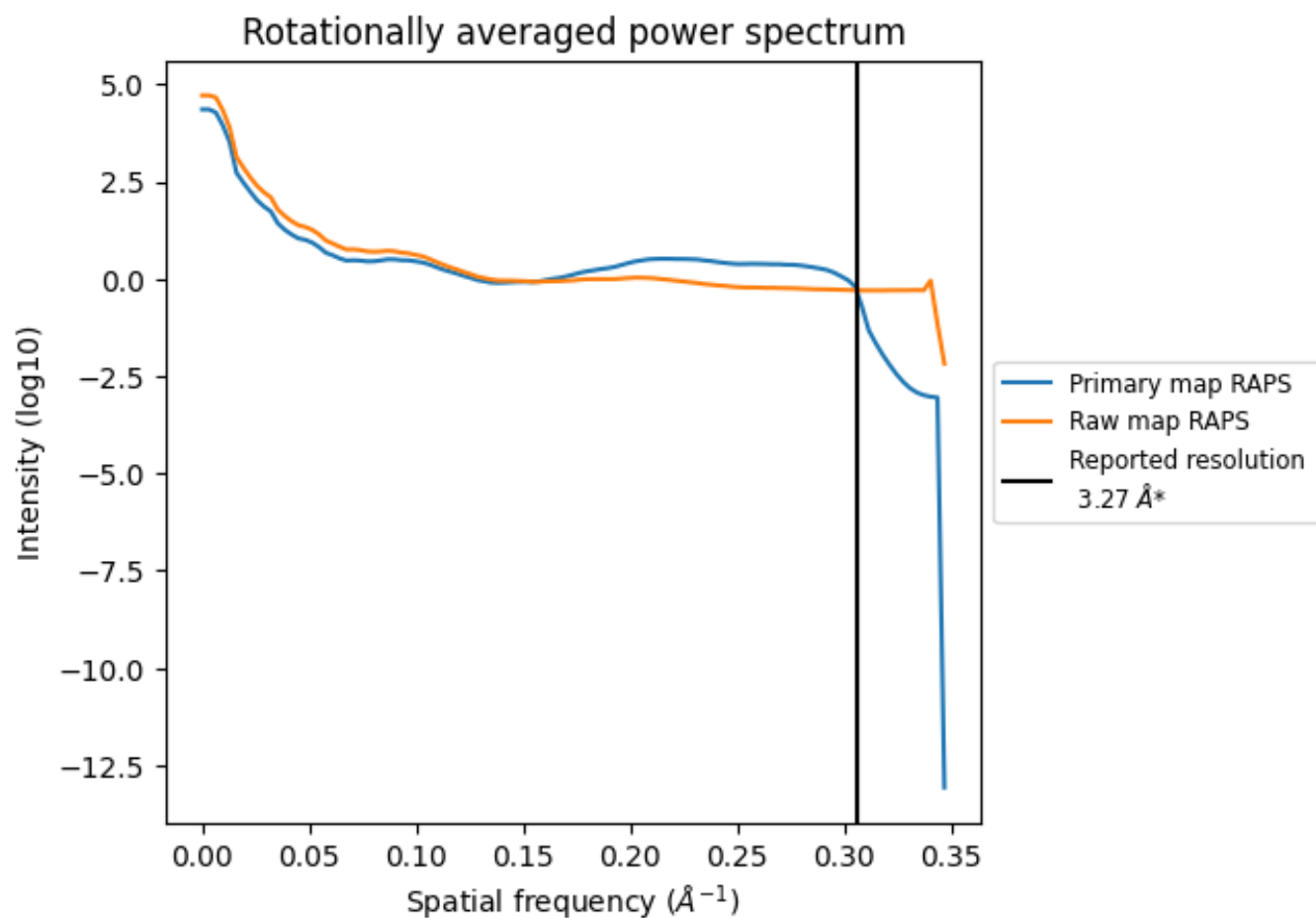
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 38 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 35 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

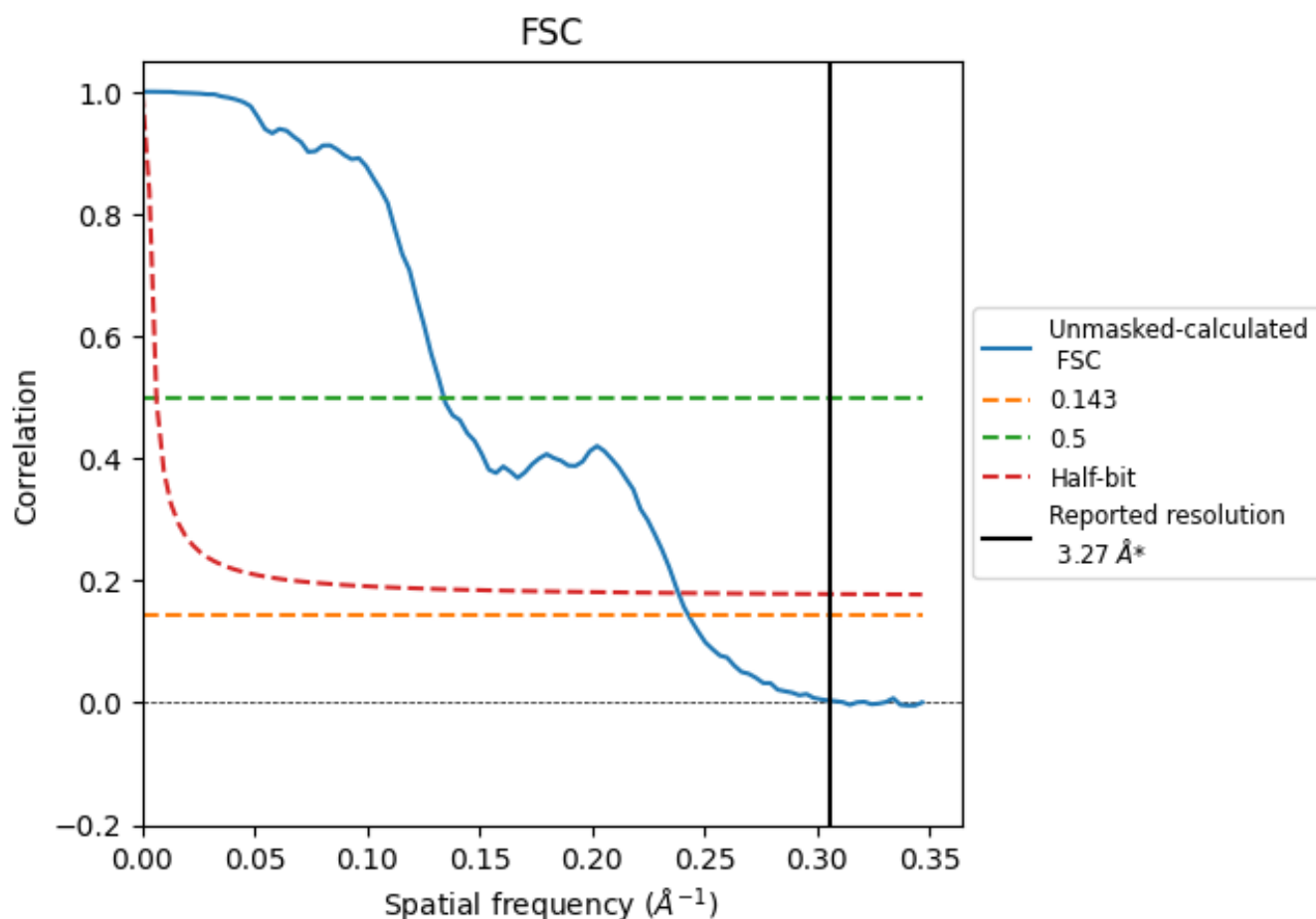


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.306 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of $0.306 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

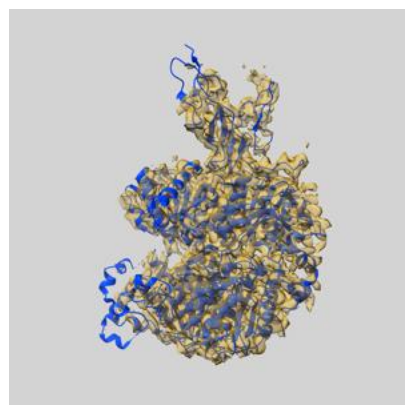
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.27	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	4.12	7.46	4.19

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 4.12 differs from the reported value 3.27 by more than 10 %

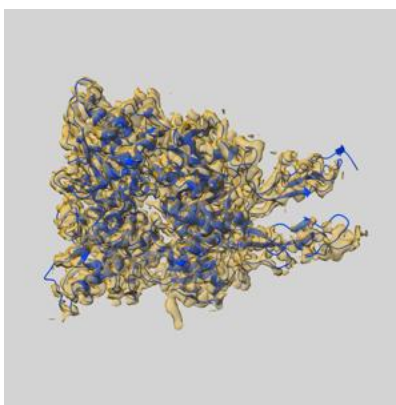
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-70735 and PDB model 9OQ2. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

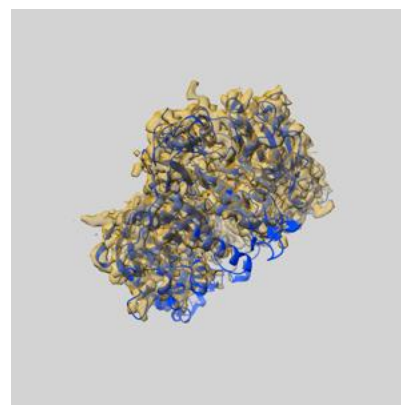
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



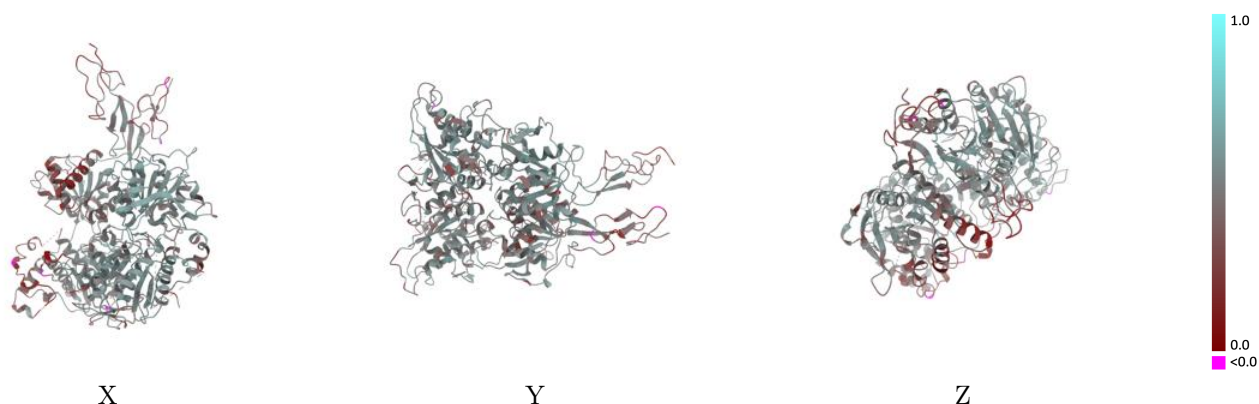
Y



Z

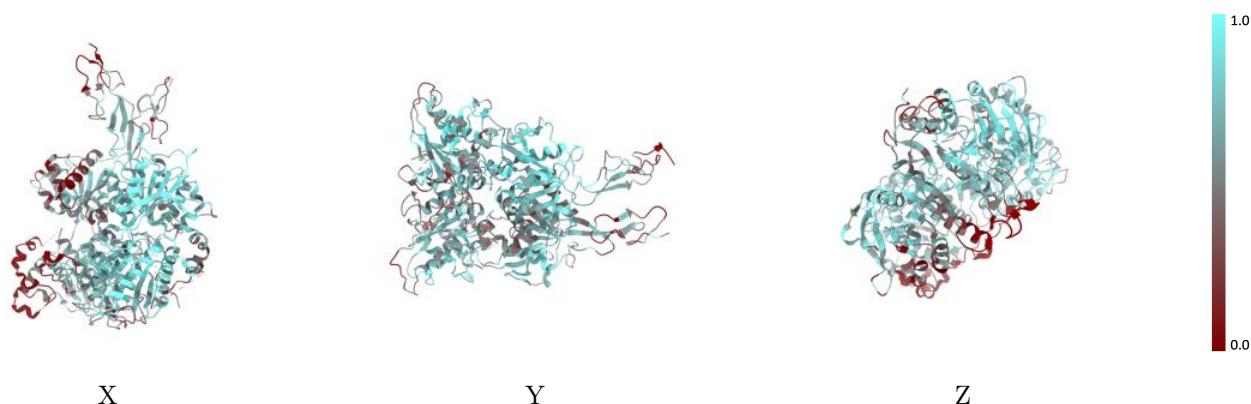
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 1.1 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



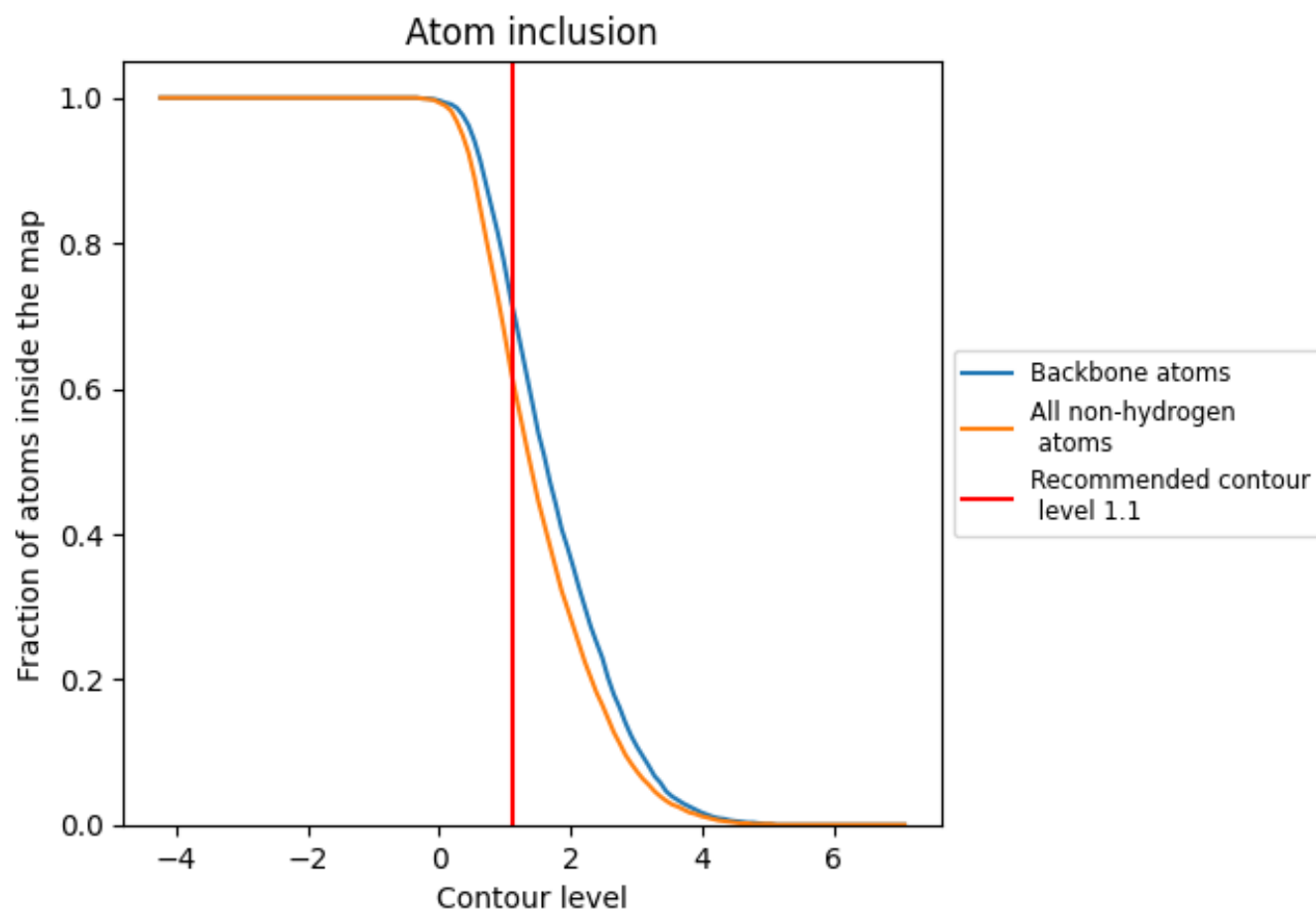
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (1.1).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 72% of all backbone atoms, 62% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (1.1) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.6200	0.4590
A	0.6970	0.4960
B	0.5440	0.4230

