



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 10, 2026 – 03:02 AM UTC

PDB ID : 3PRB / pdb\_00003prb  
Title : Structural analysis of protein folding by the Methanococcus jannaschii chaperone FKBP26  
Authors : Martinez-Hackert, E.; Hendrickson, W.A.  
Deposited on : 2010-11-29  
Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0  
Xtrriage (Phenix) : 2.0  
EDS : 3.0  
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)  
CCP4 : 9.0.010 (Gargrove)  
Density-Fitness : 1.0.12  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

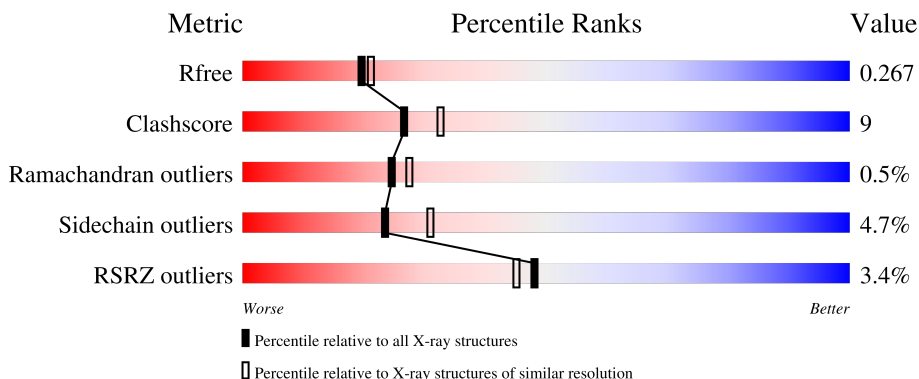
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*


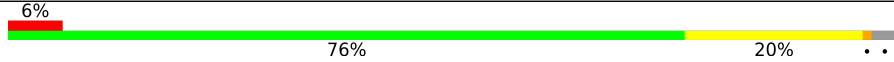
The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	180053	6164 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	190562	6851 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	6768 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	187428	6769 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	180081	6166 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	231	
1	B	231	

## 2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3686 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called FKBP-type peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	223	1751	1130	288	327	6	0	0	0
1	B	224	1756	1133	289	328	6	0	0	0

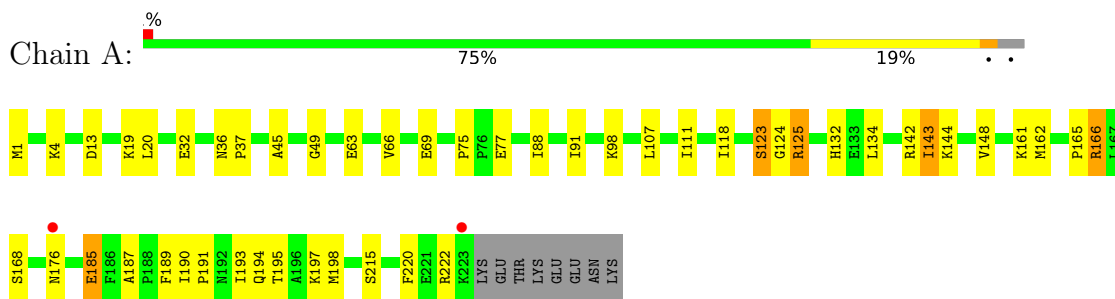
- Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	99	Total	O	0	0
			99	99		
2	B	80	Total	O	0	0
			80	80		

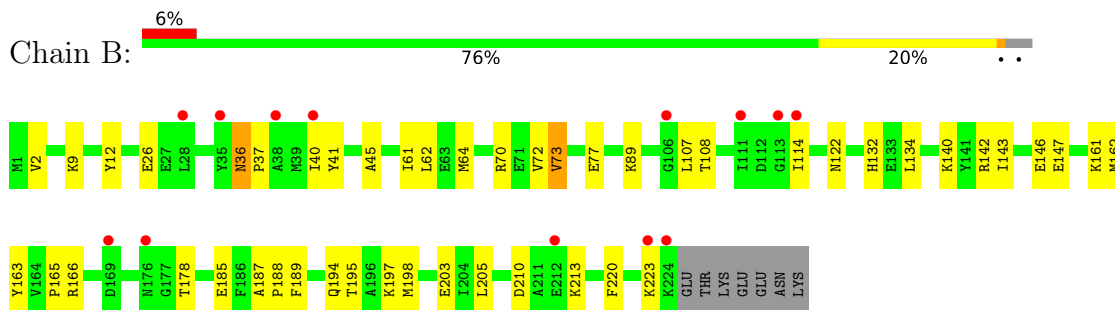
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: FKBP-type peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase



- Molecule 1: FKBP-type peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	55.53Å 65.20Å 148.62Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.84 – 2.20 19.84 – 2.20	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	100.0 (19.84-2.20) 91.5 (19.84-2.20)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.06	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.90 (at 2.19Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.227 , 0.274 0.225 , 0.267	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1314 reflections (5.09%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	38.9	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.369	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.38 , 49.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	3686	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	43.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.66% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z  > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 5$
1	A	0.76	0/1779	0.90	0/2395
1	B	0.73	1/1784 (0.1%)	0.87	2/2402 (0.1%)
All	All	0.74	1/3563 (0.0%)	0.89	2/4797 (0.0%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	61	ILE	CA-CB	5.33	1.61	1.54

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	36	ASN	CA-C-N	5.38	126.56	119.84
1	B	36	ASN	C-N-CA	5.38	126.56	119.84

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1751	0	1838	38	0
1	B	1756	0	1840	34	0
2	A	99	0	0	2	0
2	B	80	0	0	6	0
All	All	3686	0	3678	67	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (67) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:166:ARG:H	1:A:166:ARG:HD2	1.21	1.00
1:B:195:THR:HA	1:B:198:MET:HE2	1.51	0.91
1:B:142:ARG:NH2	2:B:295:HOH:O	2.06	0.88
1:A:195:THR:HA	1:A:198:MET:HE3	1.54	0.86
1:B:178:THR:OG1	1:B:213:LYS:HE3	1.75	0.85
1:A:132:HIS:HD2	1:A:134:LEU:H	1.22	0.83
1:B:132:HIS:HD2	1:B:134:LEU:H	1.28	0.78
1:B:26:GLU:HG2	1:B:41:TYR:HB2	1.66	0.75
1:A:166:ARG:HD2	1:A:166:ARG:N	2.01	0.74
1:B:132:HIS:CD2	1:B:134:LEU:H	2.05	0.74
1:B:185:GLU:H	1:B:185:GLU:CD	1.94	0.74
1:A:187:ALA:HA	1:A:190:ILE:HD12	1.72	0.72
1:A:194:GLN:O	1:A:198:MET:HG3	1.89	0.72
1:A:66:VAL:HG22	1:A:148:VAL:HG23	1.71	0.70
1:A:91:ILE:HD13	1:A:111:ILE:CD1	2.20	0.70
1:A:132:HIS:CD2	1:A:134:LEU:H	2.08	0.69
1:B:194:GLN:O	1:B:198:MET:HG3	1.93	0.69
1:A:123:SER:HB2	1:A:125:ARG:HH22	1.60	0.66
1:A:185:GLU:HG3	2:A:317:HOH:O	1.96	0.66
1:A:123:SER:HB2	1:A:125:ARG:HH12	1.61	0.63
1:A:161:LYS:HD3	1:A:168:SER:HA	1.81	0.62
1:A:124:GLY:H	1:A:125:ARG:NH2	1.99	0.60
1:A:66:VAL:CG2	1:A:148:VAL:HG23	2.31	0.60
1:B:114:ILE:H	1:B:114:ILE:HD12	1.68	0.58
1:B:185:GLU:HG2	2:B:291:HOH:O	2.03	0.58
1:B:9:LYS:HG3	1:B:147:GLU:HG3	1.88	0.56
1:A:166:ARG:H	1:A:166:ARG:CD	2.05	0.54
1:B:12:TYR:HA	1:B:142:ARG:O	2.08	0.54
1:A:198:MET:SD	1:B:189:PHE:CE2	3.02	0.52
1:A:20:LEU:HB3	1:A:32:GLU:HG2	1.93	0.51
1:A:107:LEU:HB3	1:A:118:ILE:HD12	1.92	0.51
1:A:123:SER:HB2	1:A:125:ARG:NH2	2.25	0.51
1:A:91:ILE:HD13	1:A:111:ILE:HD12	1.93	0.50
1:B:73:VAL:HG13	1:B:140:LYS:HG3	1.93	0.50
1:A:193:ILE:HG13	1:A:197:LYS:HE3	1.95	0.49
1:A:69:GLU:HG3	1:A:144:LYS:HB2	1.94	0.49
1:A:13:ASP:OD2	1:A:142:ARG:HD3	2.13	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:195:THR:HA	1:A:198:MET:CE	2.35	0.48
1:B:2:VAL:HG23	1:B:64:MET:O	2.13	0.48
1:B:72:VAL:HG13	2:B:299:HOH:O	2.13	0.47
1:A:189:PHE:CE2	1:B:198:MET:SD	3.07	0.47
1:A:123:SER:HB2	1:A:125:ARG:NH1	2.26	0.47
1:A:198:MET:HG2	1:B:220:PHE:CE2	2.49	0.47
1:B:40:ILE:HD13	1:B:165:PRO:CB	2.45	0.46
1:B:163:TYR:OH	1:B:203:GLU:OE2	2.30	0.46
1:B:40:ILE:HD13	1:B:165:PRO:HB2	1.98	0.45
1:A:4:LYS:HE2	1:A:49:GLY:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:45:ALA:O	1:A:162:MET:HE2	2.17	0.44
2:A:331:HOH:O	1:B:197:LYS:NZ	2.50	0.44
1:B:40:ILE:HD11	1:B:166:ARG:NH1	2.33	0.44
1:A:165:PRO:HD2	1:A:166:ARG:NH1	2.33	0.43
1:B:26:GLU:HG2	1:B:41:TYR:CB	2.45	0.43
1:B:161:LYS:HD2	2:B:269:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:1:MET:HG2	1:A:63:GLU:HA	2.01	0.43
1:A:143:ILE:HG13	1:A:144:LYS:N	2.34	0.43
1:B:187:ALA:N	1:B:188:PRO:HD2	2.34	0.43
1:B:72:VAL:CG1	2:B:299:HOH:O	2.65	0.42
1:A:220:PHE:CE2	1:B:198:MET:HG2	2.54	0.42
1:A:222:ARG:NH2	1:B:205:LEU:O	2.51	0.42
1:A:36:ASN:HA	1:A:37:PRO:HD3	1.91	0.42
1:B:64:MET:HE3	1:B:70:ARG:HG2	2.01	0.42
1:A:190:ILE:HA	1:A:191:PRO:HD2	1.79	0.41
1:A:75:PRO:HB2	1:A:77:GLU:OE1	2.21	0.41
1:B:210:ASP:HB2	2:B:272:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
1:B:142:ARG:HD2	1:B:142:ARG:C	2.46	0.40
1:B:36:ASN:HA	1:B:37:PRO:HD2	1.76	0.40
1:B:45:ALA:O	1:B:162:MET:HE2	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [\(i\)](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	221/231 (96%)	216 (98%)	4 (2%)	1 (0%)	24	27
1	B	222/231 (96%)	215 (97%)	6 (3%)	1 (0%)	24	27
All	All	443/462 (96%)	431 (97%)	10 (2%)	2 (0%)	24	27

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	223	LYS
1	A	176	ASN

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	193/202 (96%)	184 (95%)	9 (5%)	23	31
1	B	193/202 (96%)	184 (95%)	9 (5%)	23	31
All	All	386/404 (96%)	368 (95%)	18 (5%)	23	31

All (18) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	19	LYS
1	A	88	ILE
1	A	98	LYS
1	A	123	SER
1	A	125	ARG
1	A	143	ILE
1	A	166	ARG
1	A	185	GLU
1	A	215	SER
1	B	62	LEU
1	B	73	VAL

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	77	GLU
1	B	89	LYS
1	B	107	LEU
1	B	108	THR
1	B	122	ASN
1	B	143	ILE
1	B	146	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	132	HIS
1	A	176	ASN
1	A	202	ASN
1	B	132	HIS
1	B	202	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	223/231 (96%)	-0.00	2 (0%) 81 79	22, 38, 55, 61	0
1	B	224/231 (96%)	0.35	13 (5%) 29 25	24, 44, 67, 72	0
All	All	447/462 (96%)	0.18	15 (3%) 48 45	22, 41, 65, 72	0

All (15) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	113	GLY	3.4
1	A	176	ASN	3.2
1	B	223	LYS	2.9
1	B	28	LEU	2.8
1	B	224	LYS	2.7
1	B	169	ASP	2.7
1	B	38	ALA	2.7
1	A	223	LYS	2.7
1	B	40	ILE	2.7
1	B	106	GLY	2.4
1	B	111	ILE	2.3
1	B	212	GLU	2.2
1	B	114	ILE	2.1
1	B	176	ASN	2.1
1	B	35	TYR	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.