



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 27, 2026 – 10:04 AM UTC

PDB ID : 7Q2P / pdb_00007q2p
Title : Beta-lactoglobulin mutant FAW (I56F/L39A/M107W) in complex with desipramine (FAW-DSM#2)
Authors : Loch, J.I.; Barciszewski, J.; Pokrywka, K.; Lewinski, K.
Deposited on : 2021-10-25
Resolution : 1.69 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0
EDS : 3.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4 : 9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness : 1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

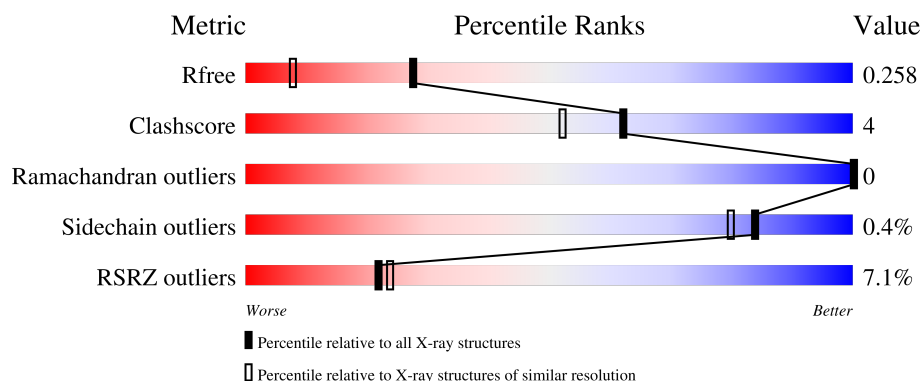
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.69 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	5551 (1.70-1.70)
Clashscore	190562	5924 (1.70-1.70)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	5846 (1.70-1.70)
Sidechain outliers	187428	5846 (1.70-1.70)
RSRZ outliers	180081	5554 (1.70-1.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	AAA	162	5% 88% 9% .
1	BBB	162	9% 84% 10% 6%

2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2709 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Beta-lactoglobulin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	AAA	156	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			1251	799	204	240	8			
1	BBB	152	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1210	775	195	233	7			

There are 10 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

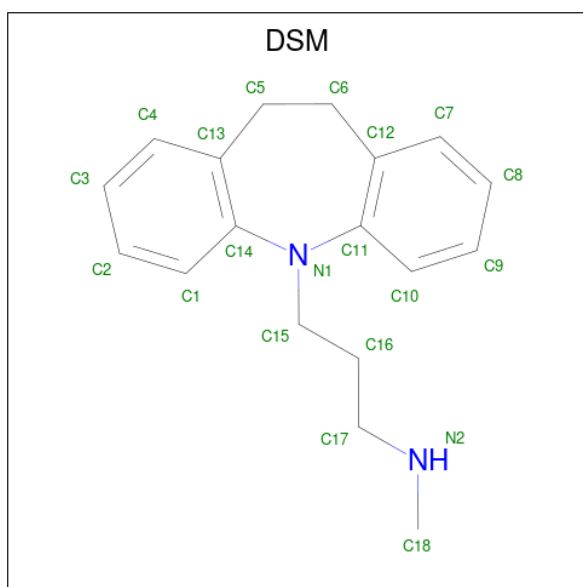
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
AAA	1	ALA	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P02754
AAA	2	SER	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P02754
AAA	39	ALA	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P02754
AAA	56	PHE	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P02754
AAA	107	TRP	MET	engineered mutation	UNP P02754
BBB	1	ALA	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P02754
BBB	2	SER	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P02754
BBB	39	ALA	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P02754
BBB	56	PHE	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P02754
BBB	107	TRP	MET	engineered mutation	UNP P02754

- Molecule 2 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (CCD ID: EDO) (formula: C₂H₆O₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	AAA	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		
2	BBB	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		

- Molecule 3 is 3-(10,11-DIHYDRO-5H-DIBENZO[B,F]AZEPIN-5-YL)-N-METHYLPROPAN-1-AMINE (CCD ID: DSM) (formula: $C_{18}H_{22}N_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



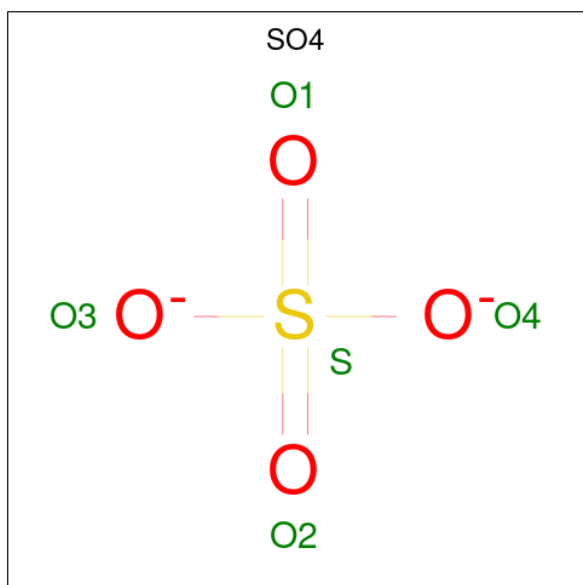
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	AAA	1	Total	C	N	0	0
			20	18	2		

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	AAA	1	Total	C	N	0	0
			20	18	2		
3	BBB	1	Total	C	N	0	0
			20	18	2		

- Molecule 4 is SULFATE ION (CCD ID: SO4) (formula: O₄S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	AAA	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
4	BBB	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 5 is CHLORIDE ION (CCD ID: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	AAA	2	Total	Cl	0	0
			2	2		

- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	AAA	99	Total	O	0	0
			99	99		
6	BBB	69	Total	O	0	0
			69	69		

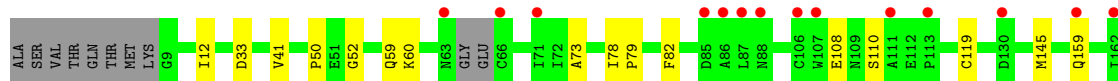
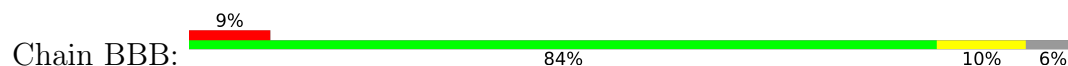
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Beta-lactoglobulin



- Molecule 1: Beta-lactoglobulin



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	55.81Å 70.52Å 178.80Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	45.52 – 1.69 45.52 – 1.69	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.6 (45.52-1.69) 99.6 (45.52-1.69)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.35 (at 1.69Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0267	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.189 , 0.235 0.203 , 0.258	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1000 reflections (2.50%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	29.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.363	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.36 , 46.9	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	2709	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	45.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.93% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CL, DSM, SO4, EDO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	AAA	1.07	0/1277	1.21	1/1726 (0.1%)
1	BBB	1.06	0/1233	1.20	0/1669
All	All	1.07	0/2510	1.21	1/3395 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	AAA	15	VAL	N-CA-C	-6.72	106.45	112.90

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	AAA	1251	0	1254	12	0
1	BBB	1210	0	1209	10	0
2	AAA	4	0	6	0	0
2	BBB	4	0	6	0	0
3	AAA	40	0	44	2	0
3	BBB	20	0	22	0	0
4	AAA	5	0	0	0	0
4	BBB	5	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	AAA	2	0	0	0	0
6	AAA	99	0	0	2	0
6	BBB	69	0	0	1	0
All	All	2709	0	2541	21	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (21) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:AAA:21:SER:O	1:AAA:161[A]:HIS:HE1	1.83	0.60
1:BBB:12:ILE:HD11	1:BBB:52:GLY:HA2	1.89	0.54
1:AAA:33:ASP:O	1:BBB:33:ASP:HB2	2.07	0.53
1:BBB:73:ALA:HB1	1:BBB:82:PHE:HB3	1.96	0.46
1:BBB:108:GLU:OE2	1:BBB:110:SER:HB3	2.17	0.45
1:AAA:90:ASN:OD1	3:AAA:503:DSM:H52	2.16	0.45
1:AAA:161[A]:HIS:HD2	6:AAA:635:HOH:O	1.99	0.45
1:AAA:155:GLN:O	1:AAA:161[B]:HIS:HA	2.17	0.45
1:BBB:73:ALA:HB1	1:BBB:82:PHE:CB	2.48	0.44
1:BBB:78:ILE:HA	1:BBB:79:PRO:HD3	1.92	0.43
1:AAA:155:GLN:O	1:AAA:161[A]:HIS:HA	2.17	0.43
1:AAA:87:LEU:N	1:AAA:87:LEU:HD12	2.33	0.43
1:BBB:41:VAL:HG12	1:BBB:60:LYS:HD2	2.01	0.42
1:AAA:62:GLU:HG3	6:AAA:614:HOH:O	2.20	0.42
1:BBB:59:GLN:OE1	1:BBB:159:GLN:HB3	2.20	0.41
1:AAA:68:GLN:HG2	1:AAA:69:LYS:N	2.35	0.41
1:AAA:87:LEU:N	1:AAA:87:LEU:CD1	2.84	0.41
1:AAA:73:ALA:HB1	1:AAA:82:PHE:CB	2.51	0.41
1:BBB:119:CYS:SG	1:BBB:145:MET:CE	3.09	0.41
1:BBB:50:PRO:HD2	6:BBB:425:HOH:O	2.21	0.40
1:AAA:84:ILE:HD11	3:AAA:503:DSM:H61	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	AAA	154/162 (95%)	152 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
1	BBB	148/162 (91%)	145 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	302/324 (93%)	297 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	AAA	138/141 (98%)	137 (99%)	1 (1%)	76	69
1	BBB	133/141 (94%)	133 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	271/282 (96%)	270 (100%)	1 (0%)	84	80

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	AAA	60	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 9 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 7 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
3	DSM	AAA	502	-	22,22,22	0.15	0	29,29,29	0.66	0
4	SO4	BBB	303	-	4,4,4	0.30	0	6,6,6	0.08	0
4	SO4	AAA	504	-	4,4,4	0.33	0	6,6,6	0.10	0
3	DSM	AAA	503	-	22,22,22	0.21	0	29,29,29	0.59	0
2	EDO	AAA	501	-	3,3,3	0.14	0	2,2,2	0.14	0
2	EDO	BBB	301	-	3,3,3	0.39	0	2,2,2	0.52	0
3	DSM	BBB	302	-	22,22,22	0.32	0	29,29,29	0.77	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	DSM	AAA	502	-	-	0/5/18/18	0/2/3/3
3	DSM	AAA	503	-	-	3/5/18/18	0/3/3/3
2	EDO	AAA	501	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
2	EDO	BBB	301	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
3	DSM	BBB	302	-	-	3/5/18/18	0/3/3/3

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (8) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	AAA	503	DSM	C16-C17-N2-C18
3	BBB	302	DSM	C16-C17-N2-C18
3	BBB	302	DSM	C16-C15-N1-C14
3	AAA	503	DSM	C15-C16-C17-N2
2	AAA	501	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2
3	BBB	302	DSM	N1-C15-C16-C17
3	AAA	503	DSM	N1-C15-C16-C17
2	BBB	301	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2

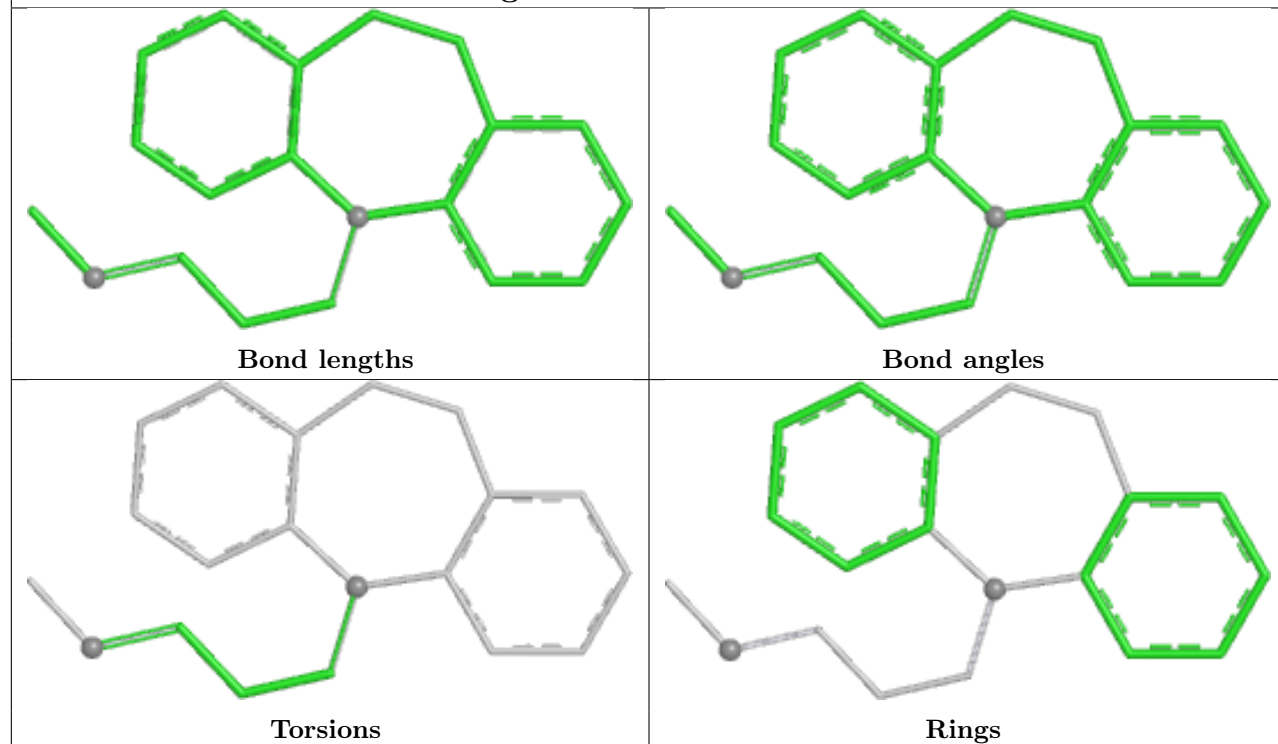
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

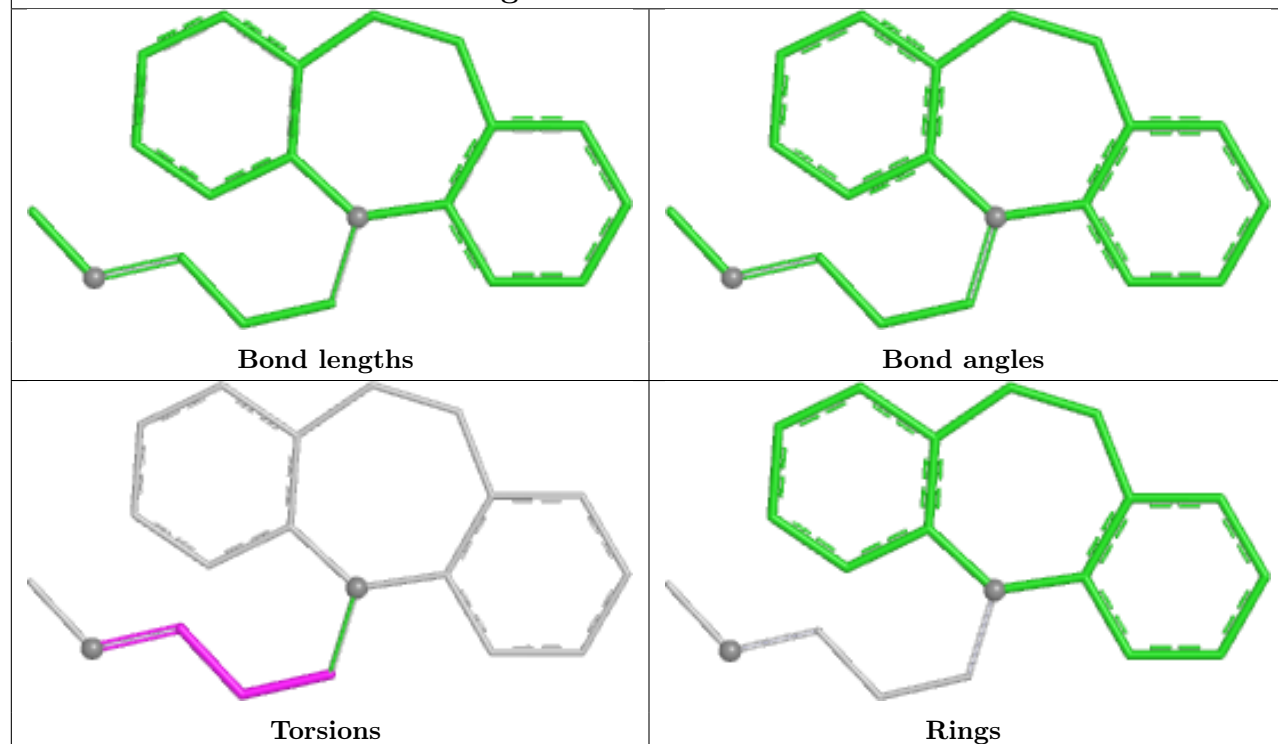
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	AAA	503	DSM	2	0

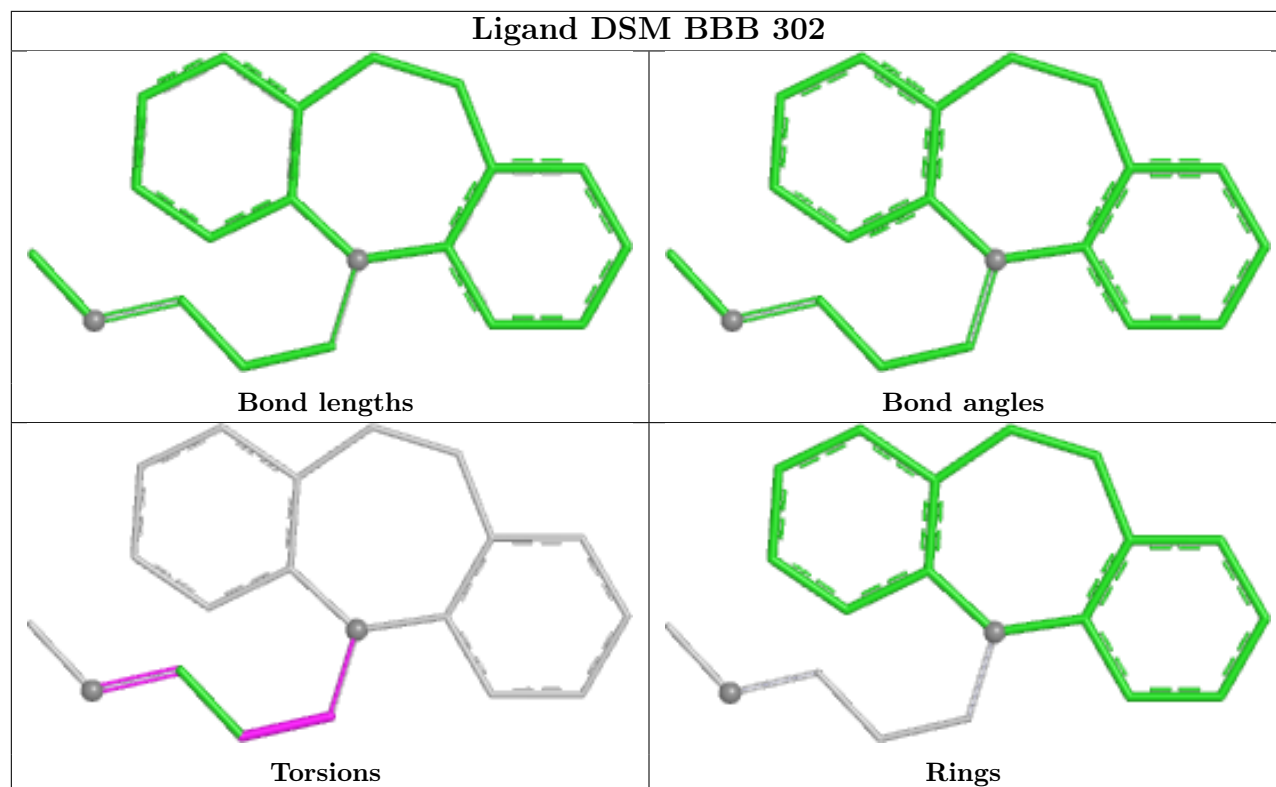
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

Ligand DSM AAA 502



Ligand DSM AAA 503





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	AAA	156/162 (96%)	0.46	8 (5%) 33 37	20, 39, 70, 110	3 (1%)
1	BBB	152/162 (93%)	0.64	14 (9%) 14 15	26, 42, 79, 115	1 (0%)
All	All	308/324 (95%)	0.55	22 (7%) 22 24	20, 40, 76, 115	4 (1%)

All (22) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	BBB	162	ILE	3.8
1	AAA	162	ILE	3.6
1	AAA	78	ILE	3.5
1	BBB	86	ALA	3.2
1	BBB	111	ALA	3.2
1	BBB	88	ASN	3.1
1	AAA	79	PRO	3.0
1	BBB	87	LEU	3.0
1	AAA	115	GLN	2.8
1	BBB	106	CYS	2.8
1	BBB	66	CYS	2.8
1	BBB	159	GLN	2.6
1	BBB	113	PRO	2.6
1	BBB	63	ASN	2.5
1	AAA	142	ALA	2.4
1	AAA	87	LEU	2.3
1	BBB	130	ASP	2.3
1	BBB	85	ASP	2.2
1	BBB	71	ILE	2.2
1	BBB	107	TRP	2.2
1	AAA	57	LEU	2.1
1	AAA	111	ALA	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

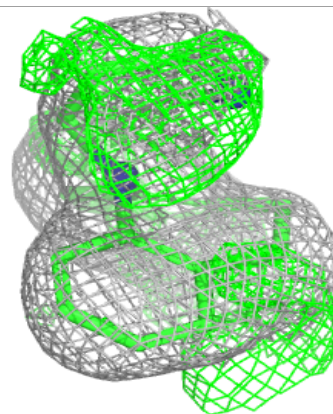
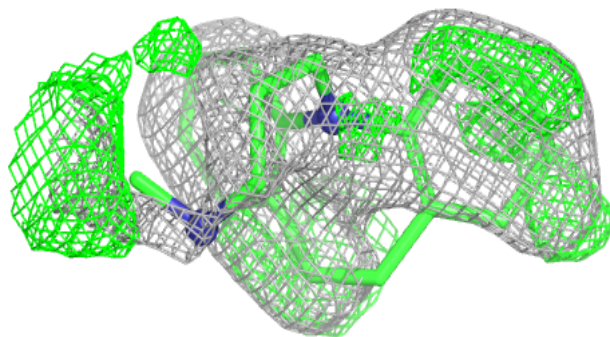
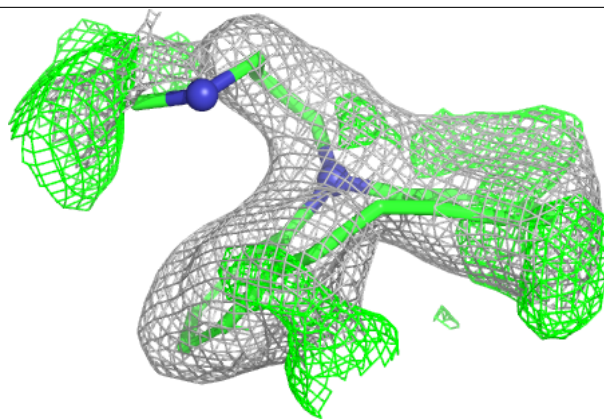
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
4	SO4	BBB	303	5/5	0.72	0.10	82,83,186,224	0
2	EDO	BBB	301	4/4	0.80	0.20	48,58,60,68	0
3	DSM	AAA	503	20/20	0.84	0.24	26,46,88,91	20
5	CL	AAA	506	1/1	0.88	0.09	76,76,76,76	0
2	EDO	AAA	501	4/4	0.89	0.14	52,56,61,72	0
3	DSM	BBB	302	20/20	0.89	0.20	35,53,84,87	20
3	DSM	AAA	502	20/20	0.91	0.11	38,43,59,60	0
5	CL	AAA	505	1/1	0.96	0.13	41,41,41,41	0
4	SO4	AAA	504	5/5	0.96	0.07	35,39,42,46	5

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

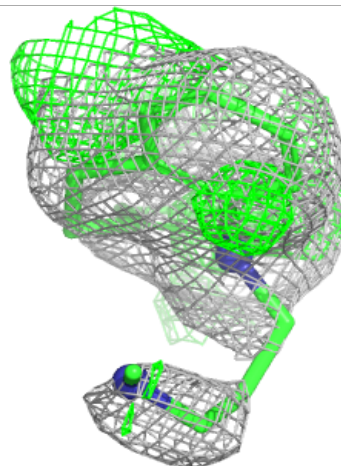
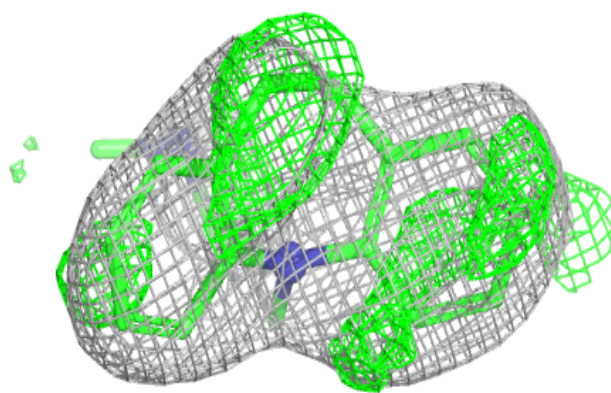
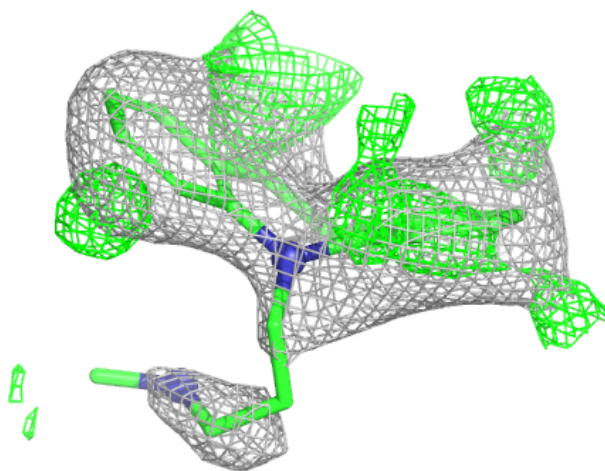
Electron density around DSM AAA 503:

$2mF_o - DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 $mF_o - DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



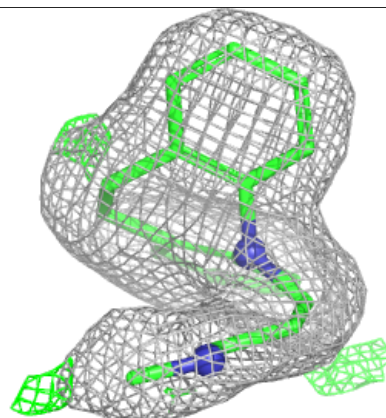
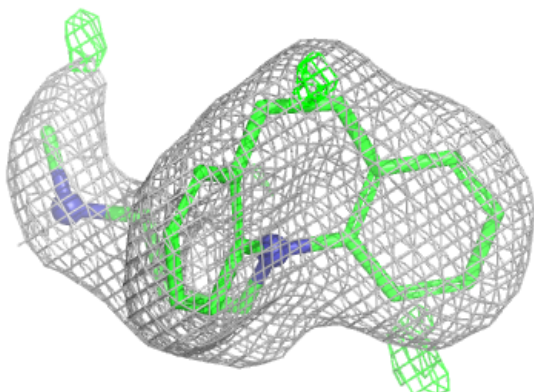
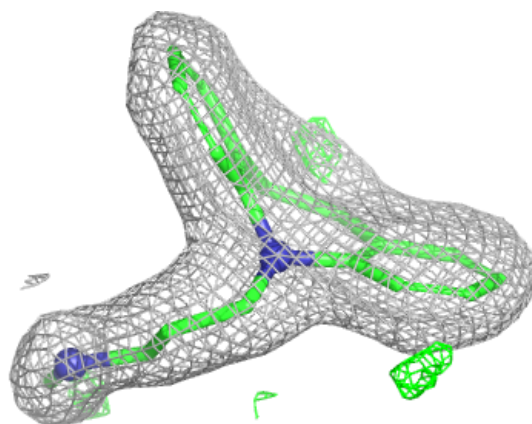
Electron density around DSM BBB 302:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around DSM AAA 502:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.