



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 10:59 AM UTC

PDB ID : 6QGD / pdb_00006qgd
Title : Structure of human Mcl-1 in complex with thienopyrimidine inhibitor
Authors : Dokurno, P.; Murray, J.; Davidson, J.; Chen, I.; Davis, B.; Graham, C.J.; Harris, R.; Jordan, A.M.; Matassova, N.; Pedder, C.; Ray, S.; Roughley, S.; Smith, J.; Walmsley, C.; Wang, Y.; Whitehead, N.; Williamson, D.S.; Casara, P.; Le Diguarher, T.; Hickman, J.; Stark, J.; Kotschy, A.; Geneste, O.; Hubbard, R.E.
Deposited on : 2019-01-11
Resolution : 1.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

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A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)

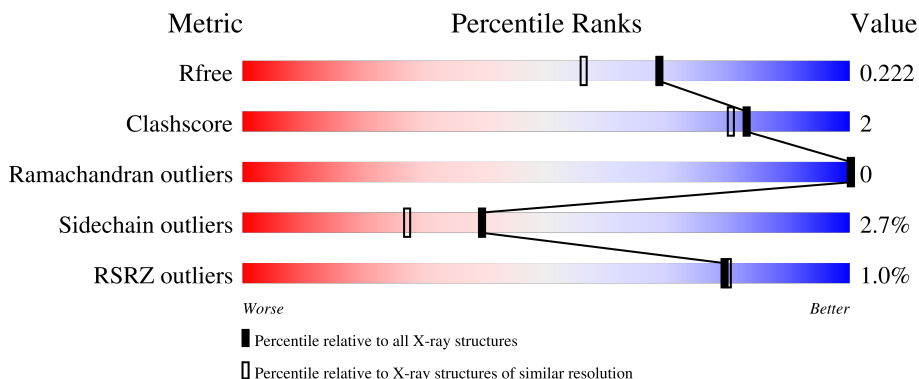
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

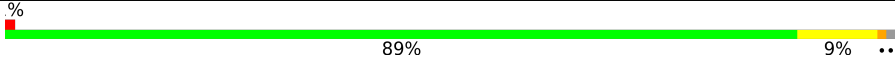
The reported resolution of this entry is 1.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	7662 (1.80-1.80)
Clashscore	190562	8479 (1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	8391 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	187428	8390 (1.80-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	180081	7663 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	518	 89% 9% ..
2	B	2	 100%

Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4344 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Maltose-binding periplasmic protein, Induced myeloid leukemia cell differentiation protein Mcl-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	512	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			3961	2534	661	756	10			

There are 9 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

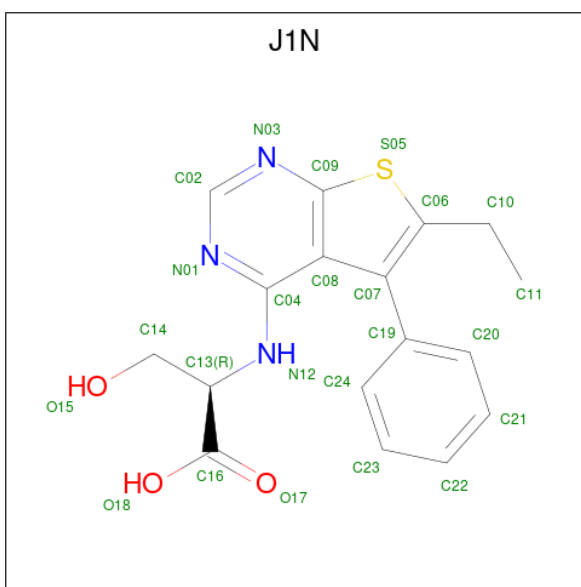
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-196	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P0AEY0
A	-24	ALA	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P0AEY0
A	-23	ALA	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP P0AEY0
A	43	ALA	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P0AEY0
A	171	GLY	-	linker	UNP P0AEY0
A	172	SER	-	linker	UNP P0AEY0
A	194	ALA	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q07820
A	197	ALA	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q07820
A	201	ALA	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP Q07820

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	2	Total	C	O	0	0	0
			23	12	11			

- Molecule 3 is 2-[(6-ethyl-5-phenyl-thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-yl)amino]-3-oxidanyl-propanoic acid (CCD ID: J1N) (formula: C₁₇H₁₇N₃O₃S) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			24	17	3	3	1		

- Molecule 4 is SODIUM ION (CCD ID: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		

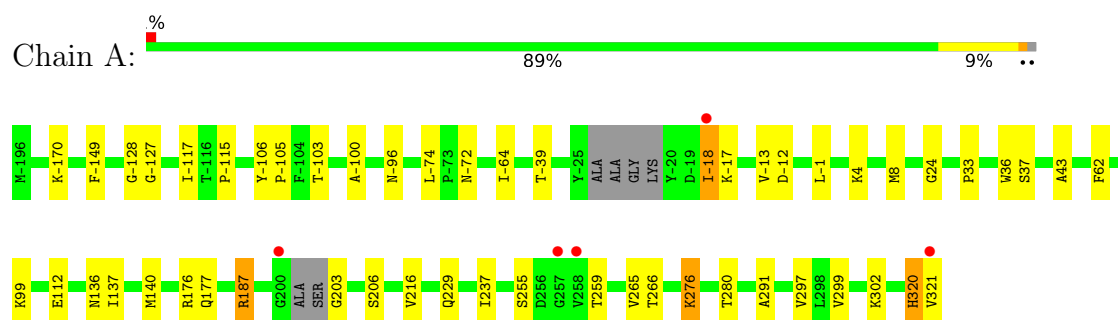
- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	335	Total	O	0	0
			335	335		

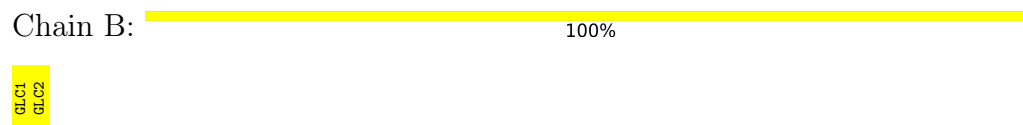
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Maltose-binding periplasmic protein, Induced myeloid leukemia cell differentiation protein Mcl-1



- Molecule 2: alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	100.48Å 135.75Å 38.01Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 – 1.80 20.00 – 1.80	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.2 (20.00-1.80) 99.2 (20.00-1.80)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.05	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.88 (at 1.80Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0158	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.177 , 0.208 (Not available) , 0.222	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2408 reflections (4.93%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	33.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.053	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.34 , 35.3	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	4344	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	39.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.53% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GLC, J1N, NA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	1.54	14/4054 (0.3%)	1.18	9/5502 (0.2%)

The worst 5 of 14 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	320	HIS	C-N	39.86	1.89	1.33
1	A	266	THR	C-O	-6.32	1.16	1.24
1	A	-127	GLY	N-CA	-6.01	1.38	1.45
1	A	-103	THR	N-CA	5.83	1.53	1.46
1	A	-64	ILE	CA-C	5.80	1.57	1.52

The worst 5 of 9 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
1	A	320	HIS	CA-C-N	-7.55	108.10	121.70
1	A	320	HIS	C-N-CA	-7.55	108.10	121.70
1	A	320	HIS	O-C-N	-6.99	114.77	122.03
1	A	187	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	6.67	125.20	119.20
1	A	37	SER	CB-CA-C	-6.21	101.13	110.88

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3961	0	3892	19	0
2	B	23	0	21	0	0
3	A	24	0	0	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	335	0	0	5	0
All	All	4344	0	3913	19	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 19 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:320:HIS:C	1:A:321:VAL:N	1.89	1.29
1:A:-1:LEU:HD11	1:A:8:MET:HE1	1.79	0.64
1:A:320:HIS:C	1:A:321:VAL:CA	2.73	0.60
1:A:-128:GLY:HA3	1:A:136:ASN:O	2.07	0.55
1:A:259:THR:OG1	1:A:302:LYS:HE3	2.07	0.54

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	508/518 (98%)	502 (99%)	6 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar

resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	408/419 (97%)	397 (97%)	11 (3%)	39 27

5 of 11 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	99	LYS
1	A	229	GLN
1	A	299	VAL
1	A	237	ILE
1	A	-13	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	-110	GLN
1	A	139	GLN
1	A	177	GLN
1	A	221	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

2 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	GLC	B	1	2	12,12,12	0.94	0	17,17,17	1.77	4 (23%)
2	GLC	B	2	2	11,11,12	1.21	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.38	1 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GLC	B	1	2	-	2/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	B	2	2	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	2	GLC	C1-C2	2.57	1.58	1.52

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	1	GLC	O5-C1-C2	3.83	117.03	110.30
2	B	2	GLC	C1-O5-C5	3.65	117.08	112.19
2	B	1	GLC	O2-C2-C3	-3.15	102.96	110.38
2	B	1	GLC	C1-O5-C5	2.42	118.33	113.65
2	B	1	GLC	O5-C5-C6	-2.38	100.53	106.44

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

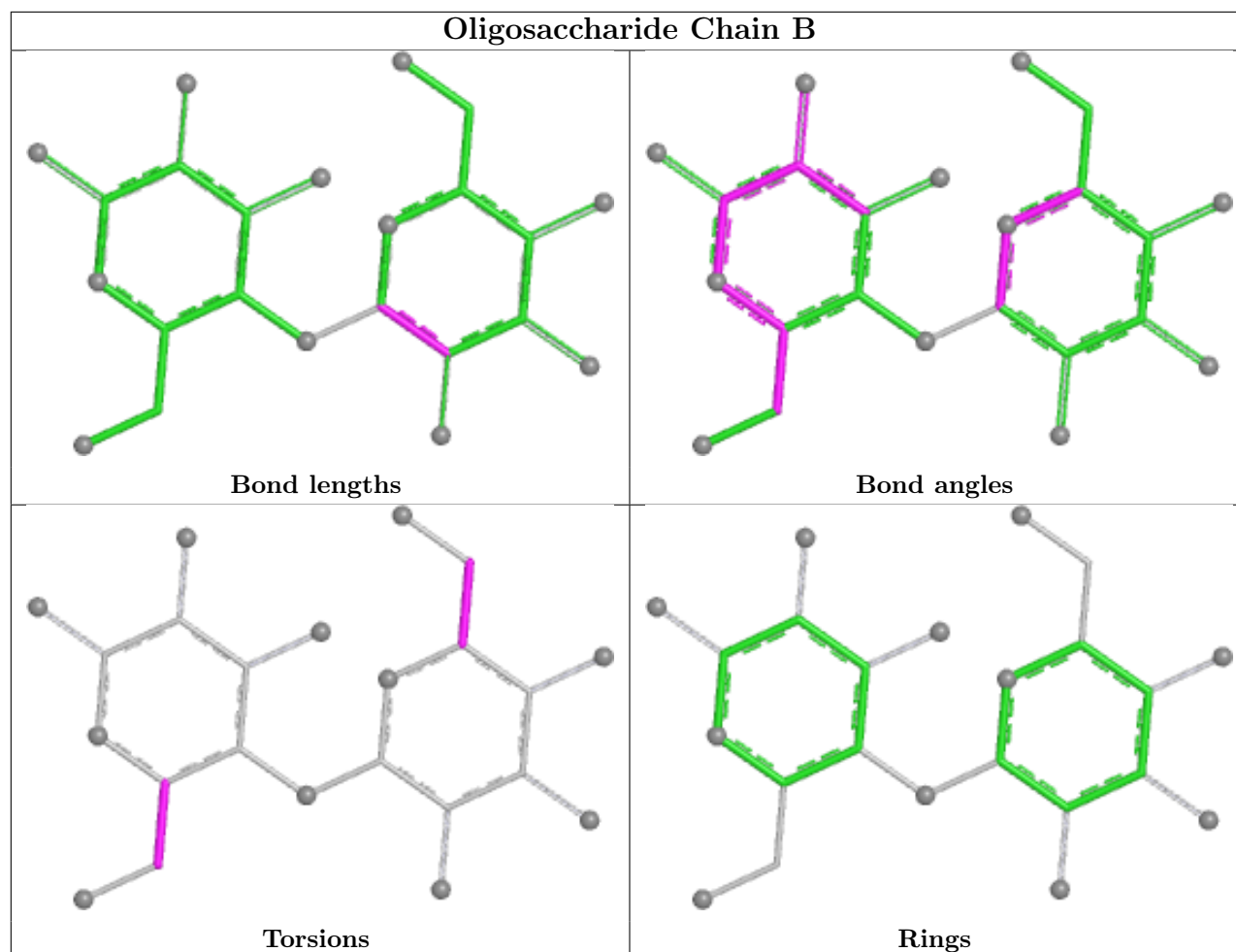
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	1	GLC	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	B	1	GLC	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	B	2	GLC	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths,

bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	J1N	A	401	-	25,26,26	1.89	6 (24%)	31,36,36	1.66	4 (12%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the

Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	J1N	A	401	-	-	2/16/16/16	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	401	J1N	C09-S05	-4.98	1.66	1.74
3	A	401	J1N	C04-N12	4.33	1.42	1.35
3	A	401	J1N	C24-C19	2.70	1.43	1.39
3	A	401	J1N	C22-C21	2.64	1.44	1.38
3	A	401	J1N	C23-C24	2.32	1.42	1.38

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	401	J1N	N03-C02-N01	-5.75	119.87	128.58
3	A	401	J1N	C10-C06-C07	-2.87	124.43	128.93
3	A	401	J1N	C10-C06-S05	2.52	122.96	118.85
3	A	401	J1N	C02-N01-C04	2.20	122.53	115.24

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

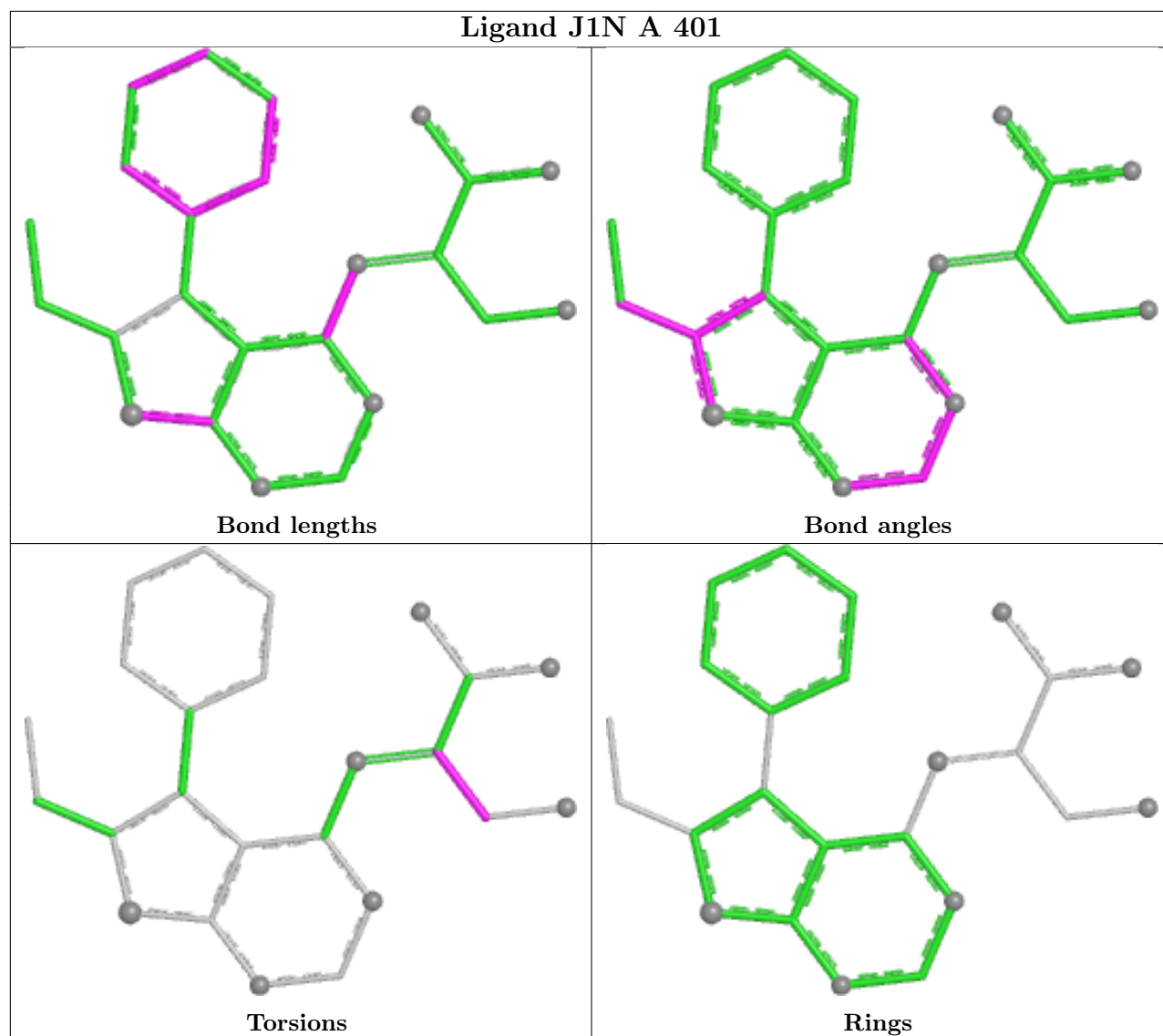
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	401	J1N	N12-C13-C14-O15
3	A	401	J1N	C16-C13-C14-O15

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient

equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
1	A	1

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	A	320:HIS	C	321:VAL	N	1.89

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	512/518 (98%)	-0.07	5 (0%) 79 80	18, 35, 65, 119	3 (0%)

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	321	VAL	3.8
1	A	258	VAL	3.2
1	A	200	GLY	2.2
1	A	-18	ILE	2.1
1	A	257	GLY	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

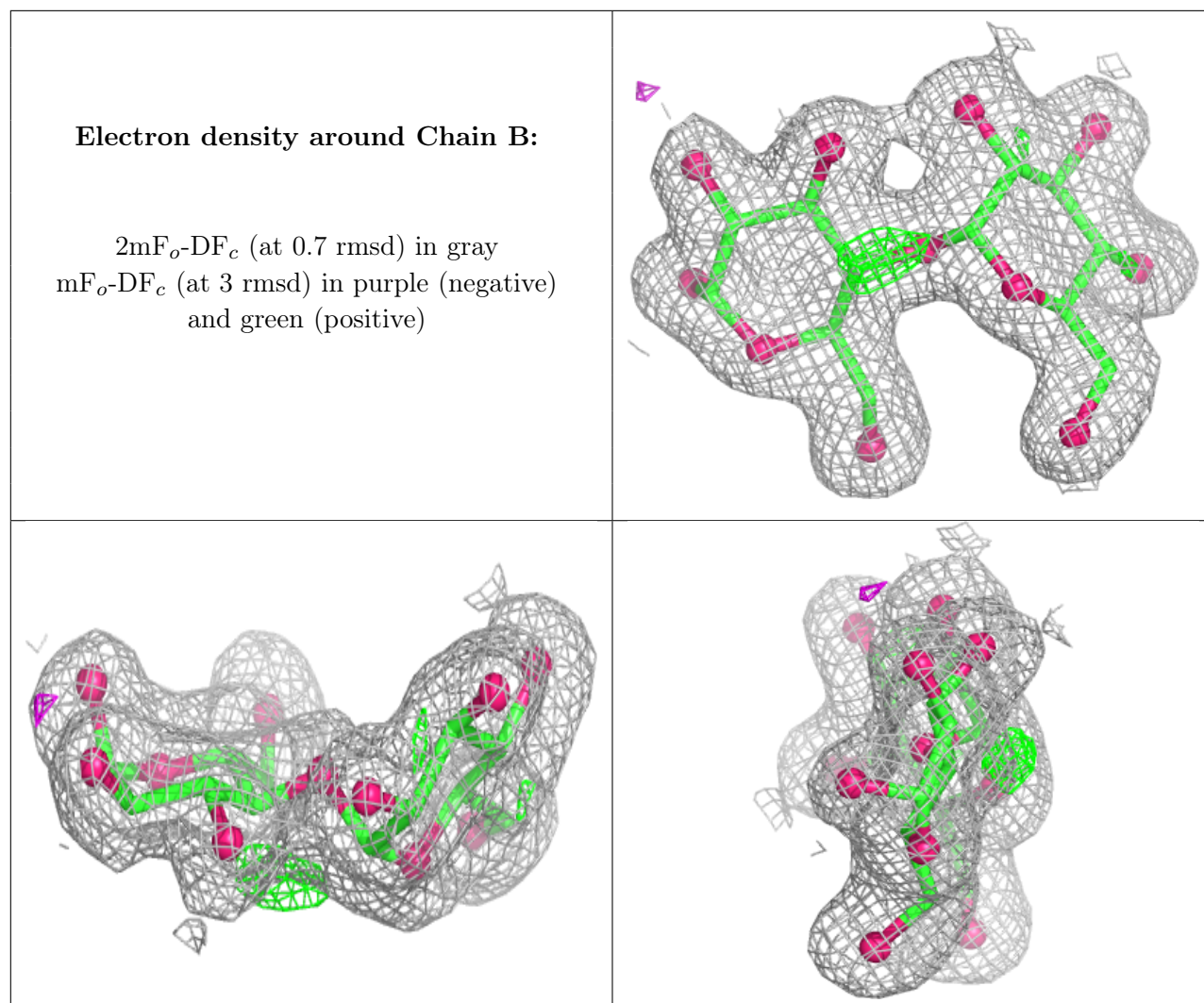
There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	GLC	B	1	12/12	0.96	0.06	22,28,34,35	0
2	GLC	B	2	11/12	0.96	0.06	23,25,28,28	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.4 Ligands ⓘ

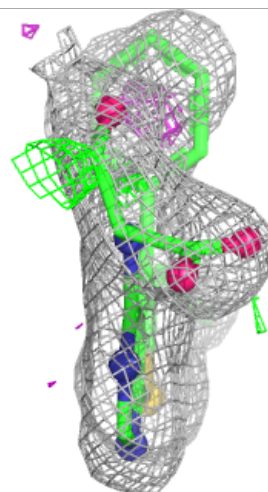
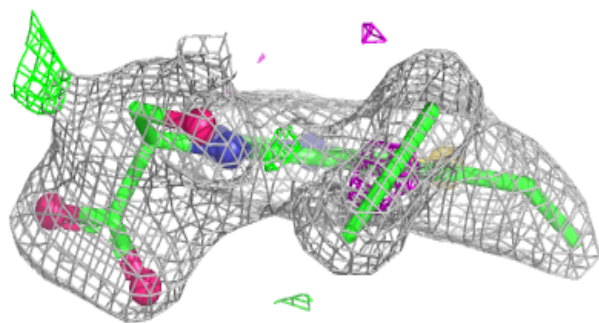
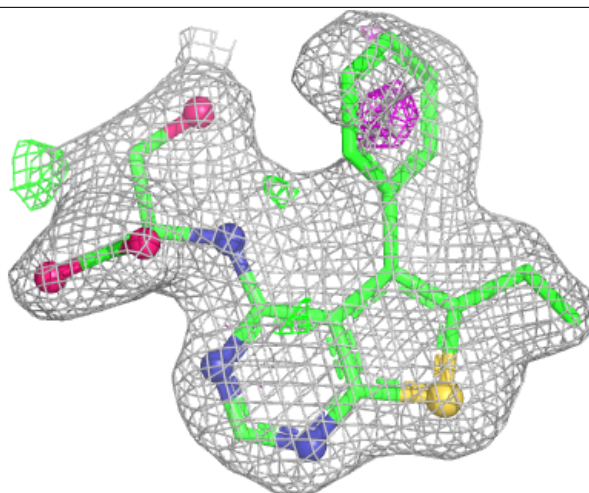
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
4	NA	A	403	1/1	0.83	0.08	57,57,57,57	0
3	J1N	A	401	24/24	0.89	0.09	44,53,67,72	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around J1N A 401:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.