



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 08:43 PM UTC

PDB ID : 7QKL / pdb_00007qkl
EMDB ID : EMD-14046
Title : In vitro assembled 266/297 - 391 tau filaments with ZnCl₂ (11a)
Authors : Lovestam, S.; Scheres, S.H.W.
Deposited on : 2021-12-17
Resolution : 2.07 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDb archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

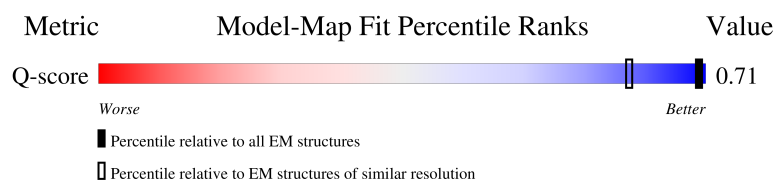
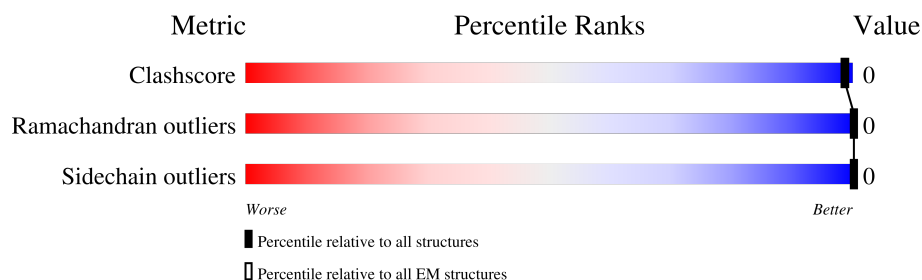
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.07 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	1932 (1.58 - 2.57)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	441	
1	B	441	
1	C	441	
1	D	441	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	E	441	 16% . 83%
1	F	441	 16% . 83%

2 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 3468 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

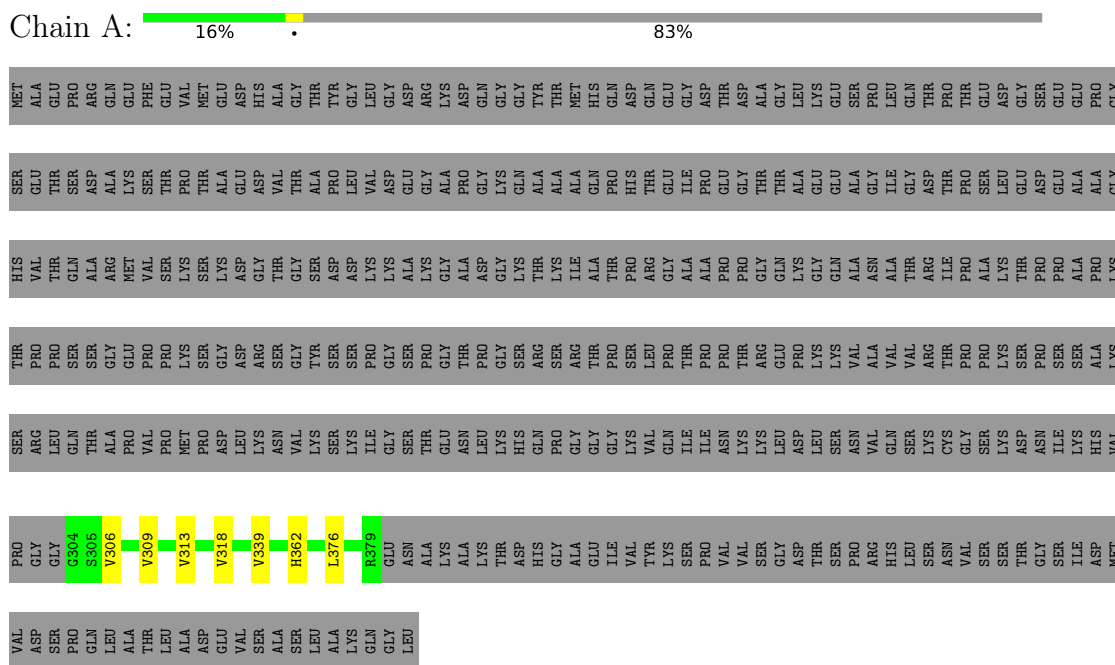
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Microtubule-associated protein tau.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	76	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			578	362	107	108	1		
1	B	76	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			578	362	107	108	1		
1	C	76	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			578	362	107	108	1		
1	D	76	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			578	362	107	108	1		
1	E	76	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			578	362	107	108	1		
1	F	76	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			578	362	107	108	1		

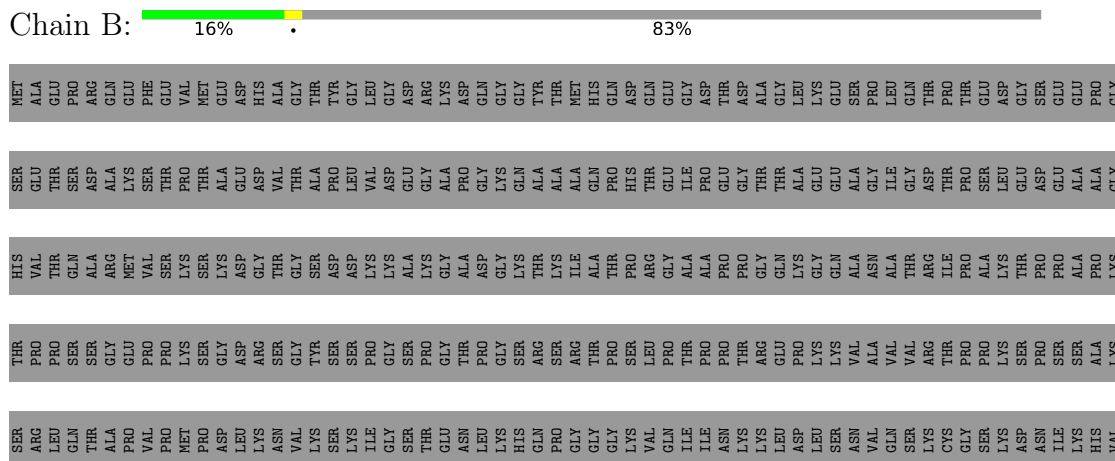
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Microtubule-associated protein tau



• Molecule 1: Microtubule-associated protein tau



- Molecule 1: Microtubule-associated protein tau

GLN LEU ALA	GLY	PRO	GLY	ARG	THR	THR	HIS	SER	MET
	ALA	GLY	LEU	GLN	SER	PRO	THR	GLU	ALA
	THR	G504	THR	THR	GLY	GLN	ARG	ASP	PRO
	LEU	S305	ALA	GLY	GLU	MET	ARG	ALA	GLN
	ALA	V306	PRO	GLU	VAL	VAL	THR	LEU	PHE
	ASP	V309	VAL	PRO	PRO	VAL	SER	THR	GLU
	GLU	V313	VAL	PRO	LYS	LYS	PRO	VAL	VAL
	SER	V313	MET	SER	LYS	SER	THR	THR	MET
	ALA	V318	PRO	GLY	GLY	LYS	ALA	GLU	GLY
	SER	V318	ASP	LEU	THR	ASP	LYS	ALA	GLU
LEU		LEU	LEU	LEU	LYS	ASP	GLU	ASP	
ALA	D358	LYS	LYS	ARG	GLY	GLY	GLY	HIS	
GLN		ASN	VAL	SER	THR	THR	VAL	VAL	ALA
GLY	R379	GLY	VAL	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	GLY
LEU		ASN	SER	THR	THR	PRO	LYS	GLY	THR
		ASN	GLU	GLY	GLY	THR	GLY	ALA	LYS
		ASP	THR	THR	GLY	THR	GLY	ALA	ASP
		HIS	ASN	ASN	THR	THR	ALA	PRO	ASP
		GLY	GLY	LEU	PRO	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLN
		ALA	ALA	LYS	GLY	GLY	LYS	GLN	GLY
		GLU	GLU	HIS	SER	SER	LYS	GLN	THR
		ILE	ILE	GLN	ARG	THR	THR	ALA	TVR
		VAL	VAL	PRO	SER	LYS	LYS	ALA	THR
		TYR	TYR	GLY	ARG	ILE	ALA	ALA	MET
		LYS	LYS	GLY	THR	ALA	GLN	GLN	HIS
		SER	SER	GLY	PRO	THR	THR	PRO	ASP
		PRO	PRO	LYS	SER	ARG	HIS	THR	GLY
		VAL	VAL	VAL	LEU	GLY	GLN	THR	GLY
		SER	SER	ILE	THR	ALA	ILE	GLU	GLY
		ASP	ASP	ILE	PRO	PRO	PRO	GLU	ASP
		THR	THR	ASN	PRO	THR	GLY	THR	ASP
		SER	SER	LYS	THR	ARG	GLY	THR	ALA
		PRO	PRO	LEU	GLU	GLN	GLN	THR	GLY
		ARG	ARG	ASP	PRO	LYS	LYS	ALA	LEU
		HIS	HIS	LEU	LYS	GLY	GLY	GLU	LYS
		LEU	LEU	SER	LYS	VAL	GLN	GLU	GLU
		ASN	ASN	VAL	ALA	ASN	ASN	GLY	PRO
		VAL	VAL	GLN	VAL	VAL	ALA	ILE	LEU
		SER	SER	GLN	VAL	VAL	THR	GLY	GLN
		SER	SER	LYS	ARG	THR	THR	THR	LEU
		THR	THR	CYS	THR	ILE	THR	ASP	THR
		GLY	GLY	GLY	PRO	PRO	PRO	THR	GLY
		SER	SER	SER	PRO	ALA	LYS	SER	GLY
		ILE	ILE	LYS	LYS	LYS	LYS	LEU	ASP
		ASP	ASP	ASN	SER	THR	THR	GLU	GLY
		MET	MET	ASN	PRO	PRO	PRO	ASP	SER
		VAL	VAL	ILE	SER	SER	ALA	GLU	GLY
		ASP	ASP	THR	SER	THR	GLY	ALA	GLY
		PRO	PRO	HIS	ALA	VAL	PRO	GLY	GLY

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	HELICAL	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	HELICAL, twist=179.402°, rise=2.378 Å, axial sym=C1	Depositor
Number of segments used	74337	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	40	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	3500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.079	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.036	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.003	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.0112	Depositor
Map size (Å)	316.41602, 316.41602, 316.41602	wwPDB
Map dimensions	384, 384, 384	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.82400006, 0.82400006, 0.82400006	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.67	0/587	1.52	6/785 (0.8%)
1	B	0.68	0/587	1.53	7/785 (0.9%)
1	C	0.69	0/587	1.51	6/785 (0.8%)
1	D	0.67	0/587	1.56	8/785 (1.0%)
1	E	0.67	0/587	1.54	6/785 (0.8%)
1	F	0.67	0/587	1.42	5/785 (0.6%)
All	All	0.68	0/3522	1.51	38/4710 (0.8%)

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 38 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	D	309	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	12.98	132.47	110.40
1	A	313	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	12.98	132.47	110.40
1	A	309	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	12.96	132.43	110.40
1	D	318	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	12.57	131.78	110.40
1	B	309	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	12.53	131.71	110.40

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	578	0	600	1	0
1	B	578	0	600	0	0

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Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	C	578	0	600	1	0
1	D	578	0	600	0	0
1	E	578	0	600	0	0
1	F	578	0	600	0	0
All	All	3468	0	3600	1	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All (1) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:339:VAL:HG22	1:C:339:VAL:HG22	1.84	0.57

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	74/441 (17%)	71 (96%)	3 (4%)	0	100	100
1	B	74/441 (17%)	72 (97%)	2 (3%)	0	100	100
1	C	74/441 (17%)	71 (96%)	3 (4%)	0	100	100
1	D	74/441 (17%)	72 (97%)	2 (3%)	0	100	100
1	E	74/441 (17%)	71 (96%)	3 (4%)	0	100	100
1	F	74/441 (17%)	71 (96%)	3 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	444/2646 (17%)	428 (96%)	16 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	66/358 (18%)	66 (100%)	0	100	100
1	B	66/358 (18%)	66 (100%)	0	100	100
1	C	66/358 (18%)	66 (100%)	0	100	100
1	D	66/358 (18%)	66 (100%)	0	100	100
1	E	66/358 (18%)	66 (100%)	0	100	100
1	F	66/358 (18%)	66 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	396/2148 (18%)	396 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 12 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	336	GLN
1	D	362	HIS
1	F	336	GLN
1	E	330	HIS
1	C	307	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

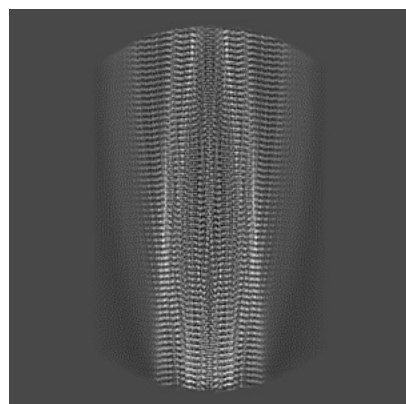
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-14046. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

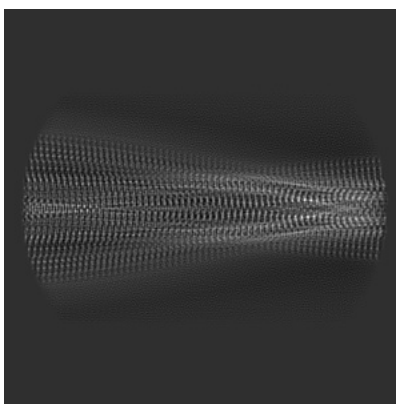
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

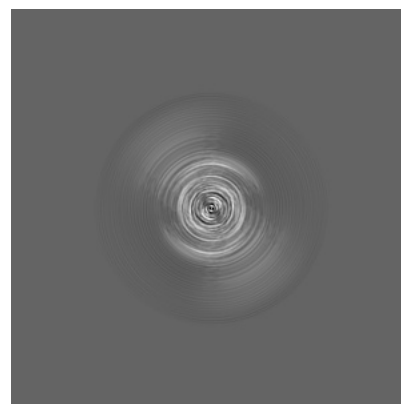
6.1.1 Primary map



X

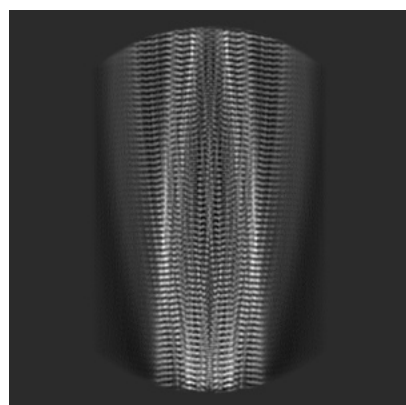


Y

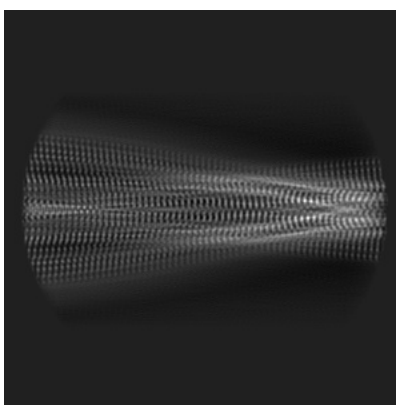


Z

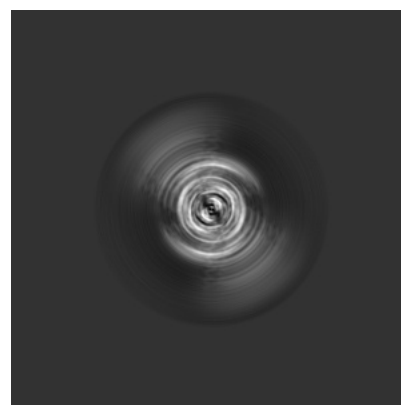
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

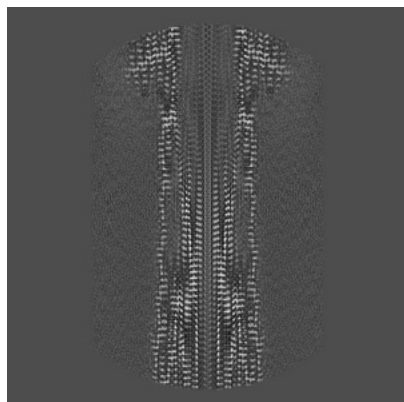


Z

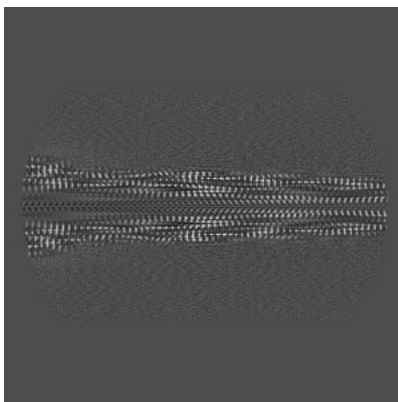
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

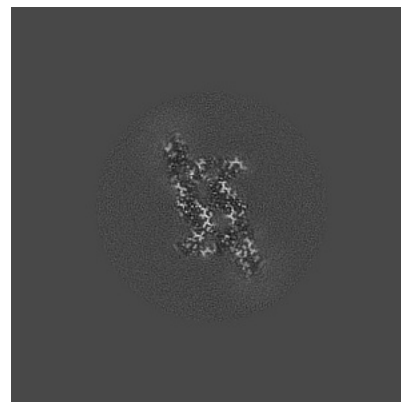
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 192

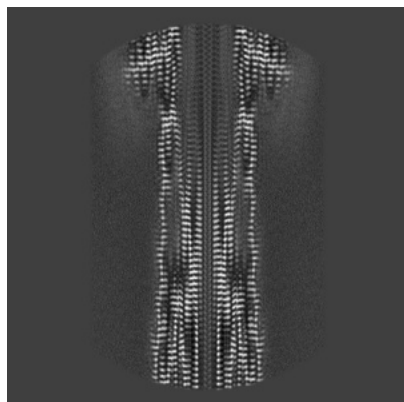


Y Index: 192

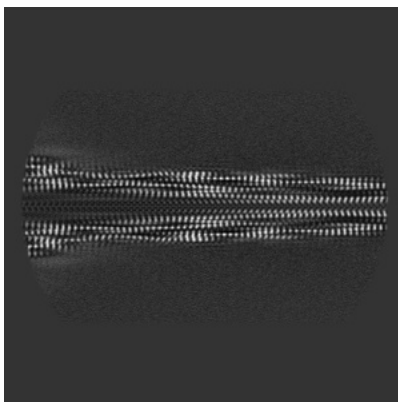


Z Index: 192

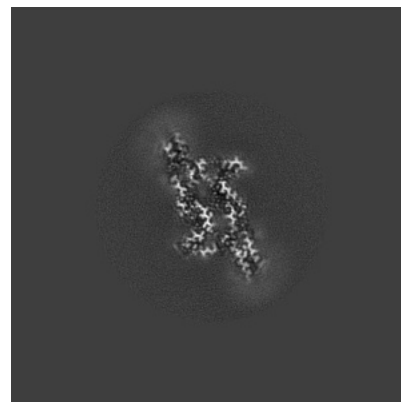
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 192



Y Index: 192

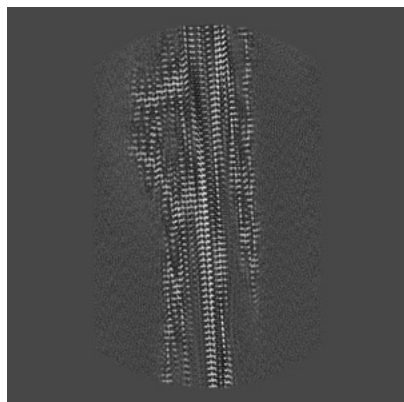


Z Index: 192

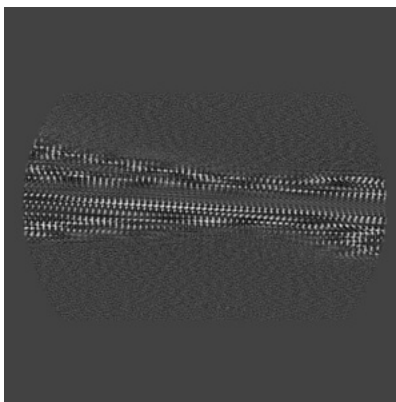
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

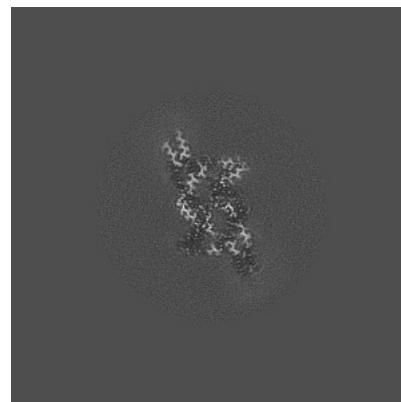
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 212

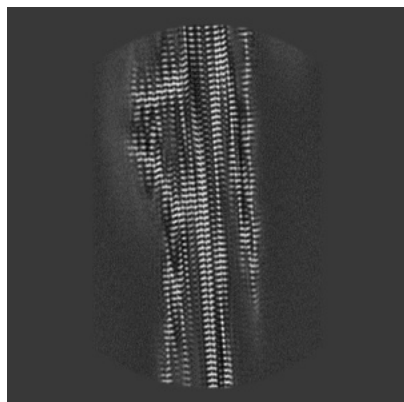


Y Index: 175

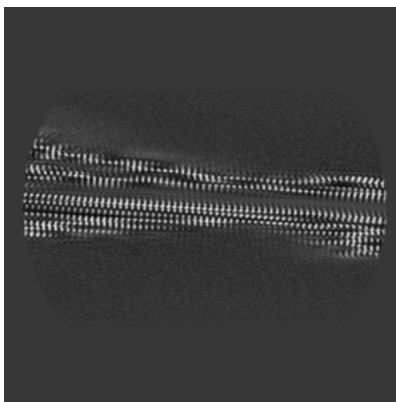


Z Index: 205

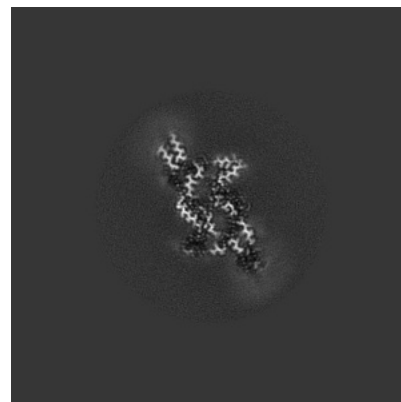
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 212



Y Index: 175

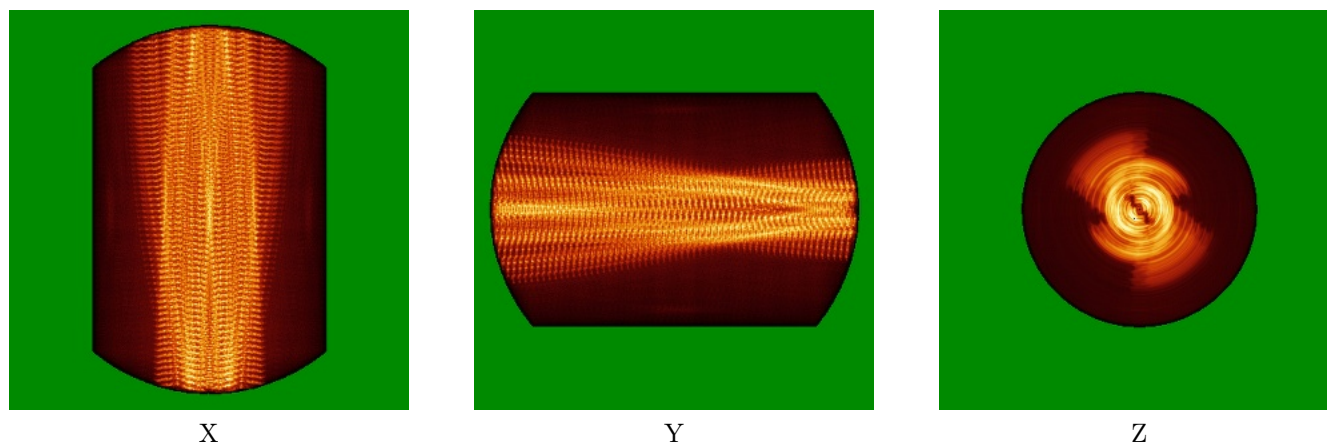


Z Index: 182

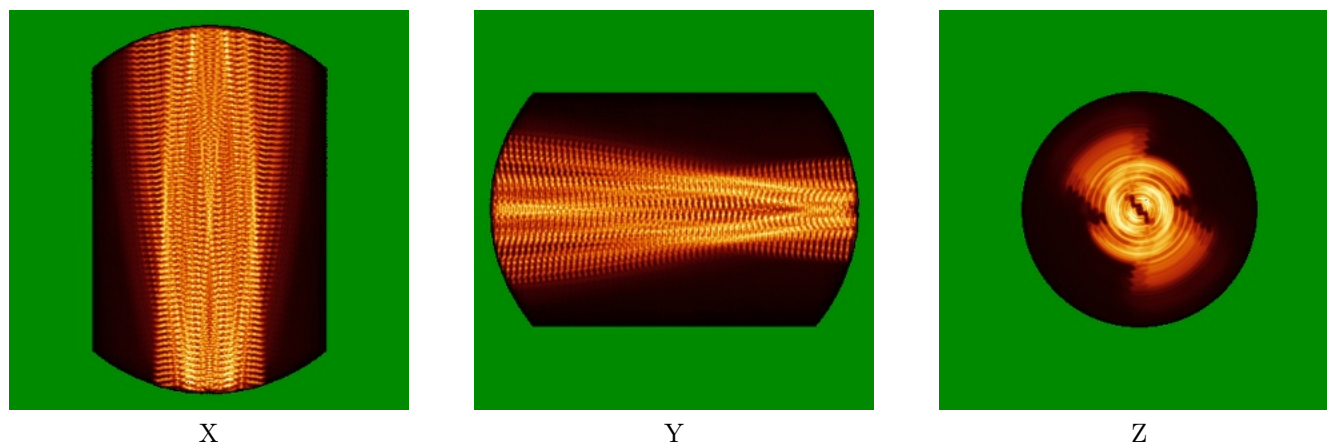
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

This section was not generated.

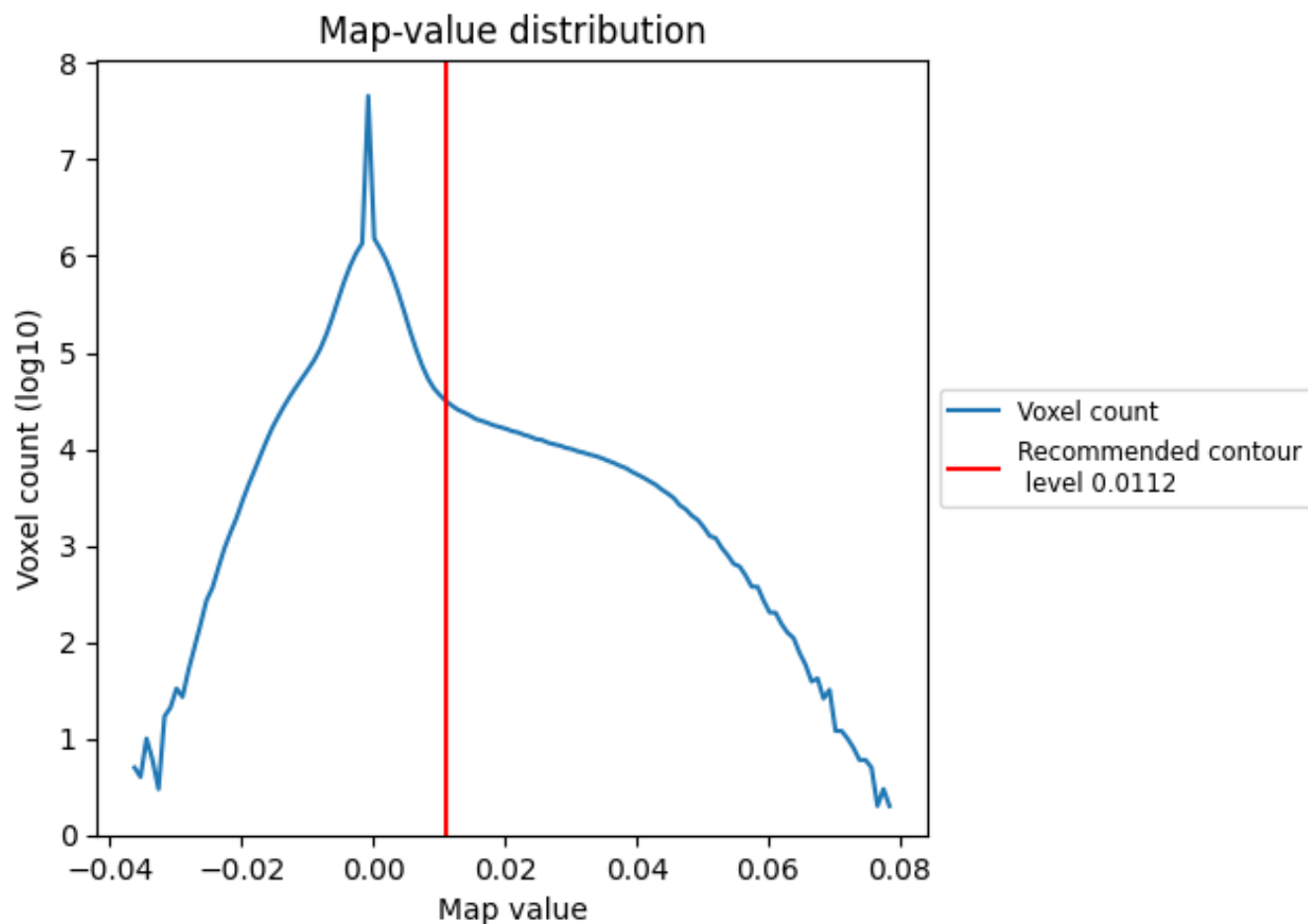
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

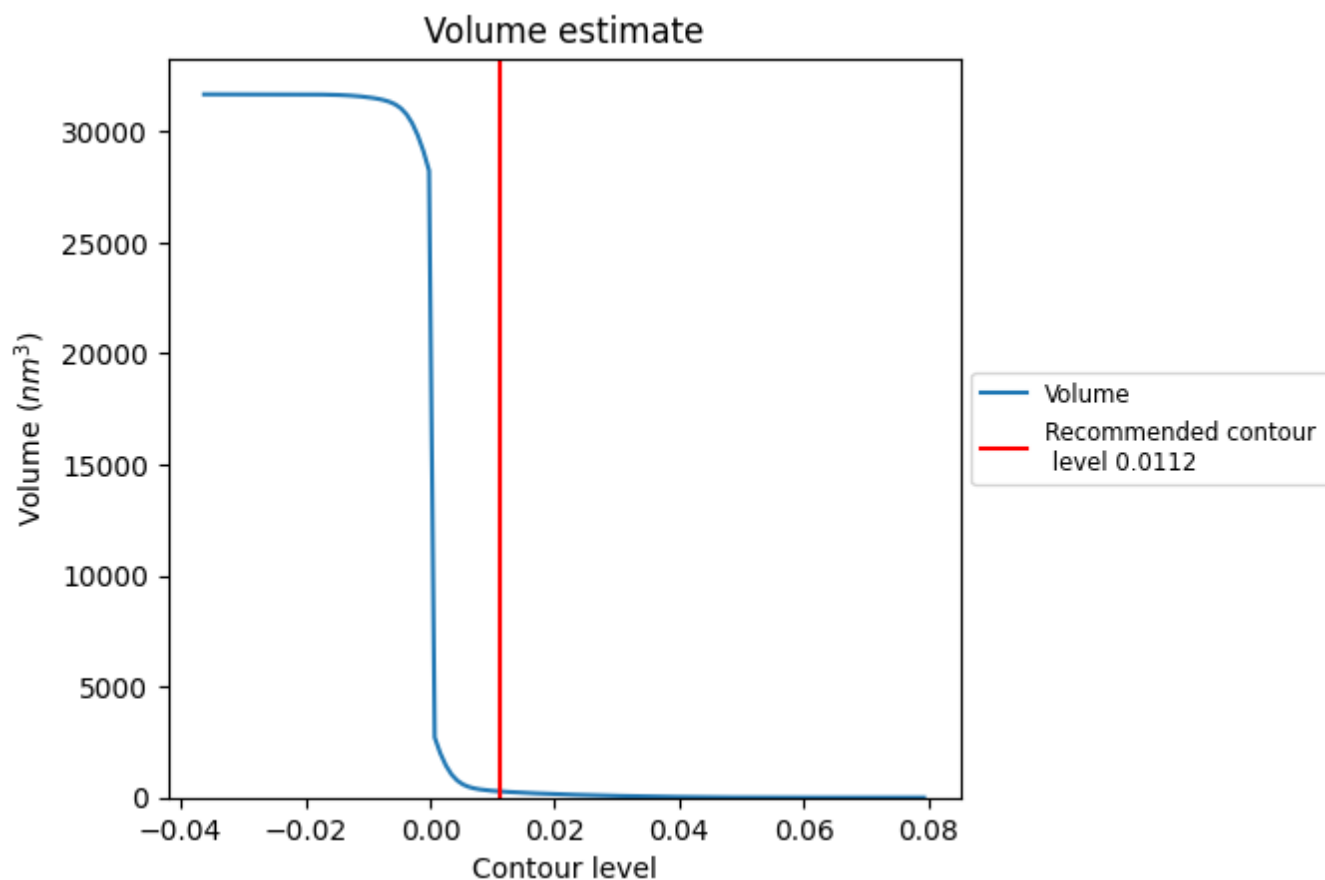
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

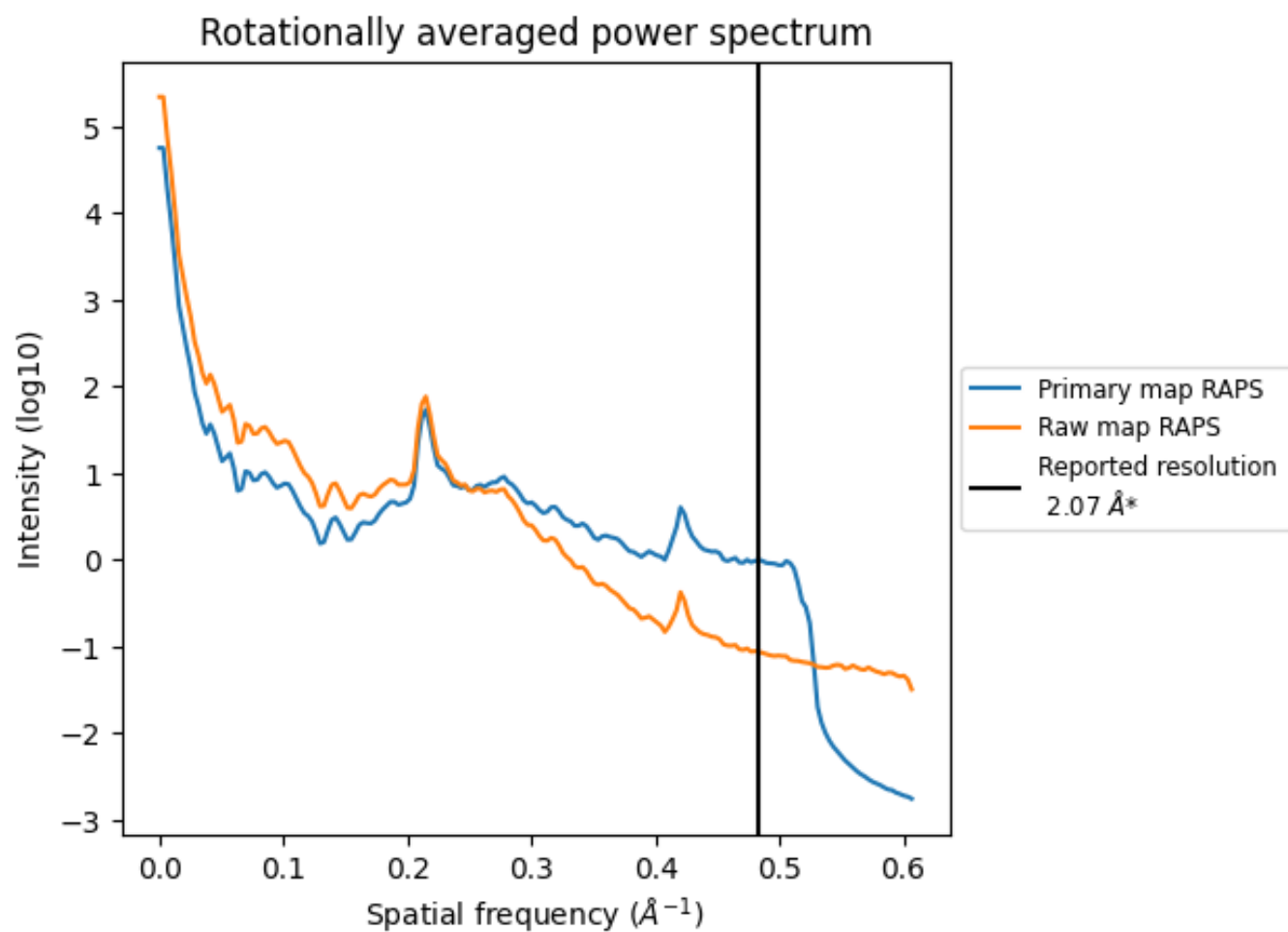
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 279 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 252 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

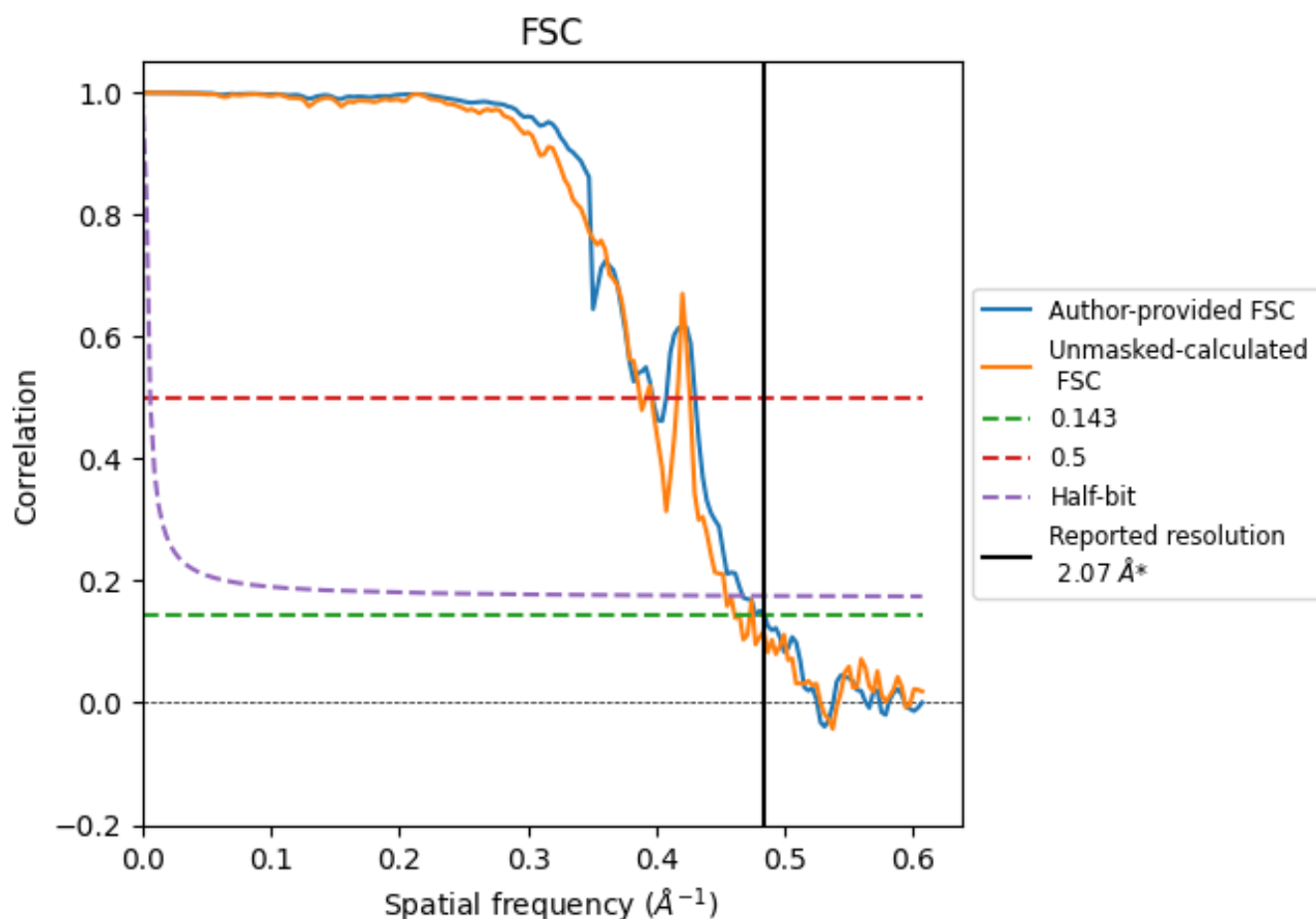


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.483 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.483 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.07	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.06	2.52	2.14
Unmasked-calculated*	2.17	2.58	2.20

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

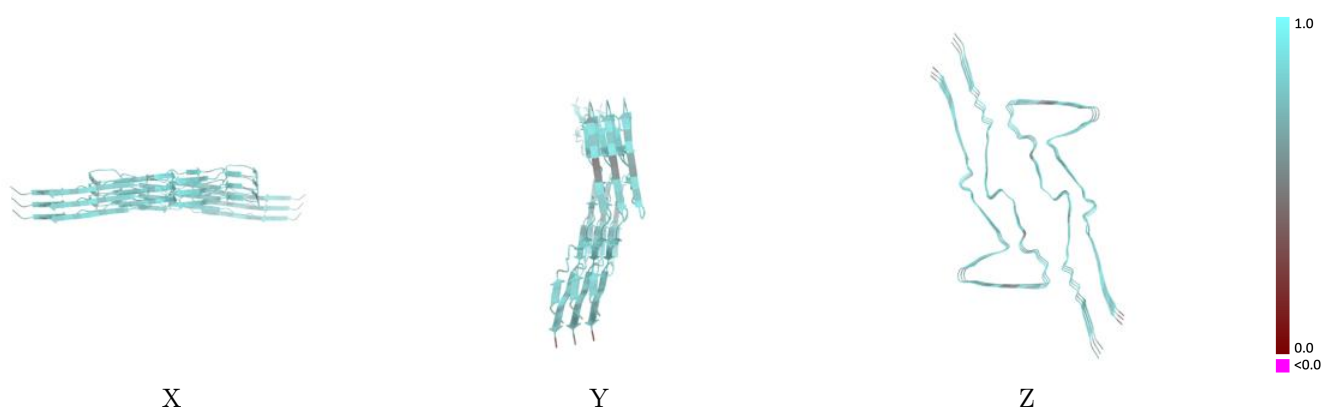
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-14046 and PDB model 7QKL. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)

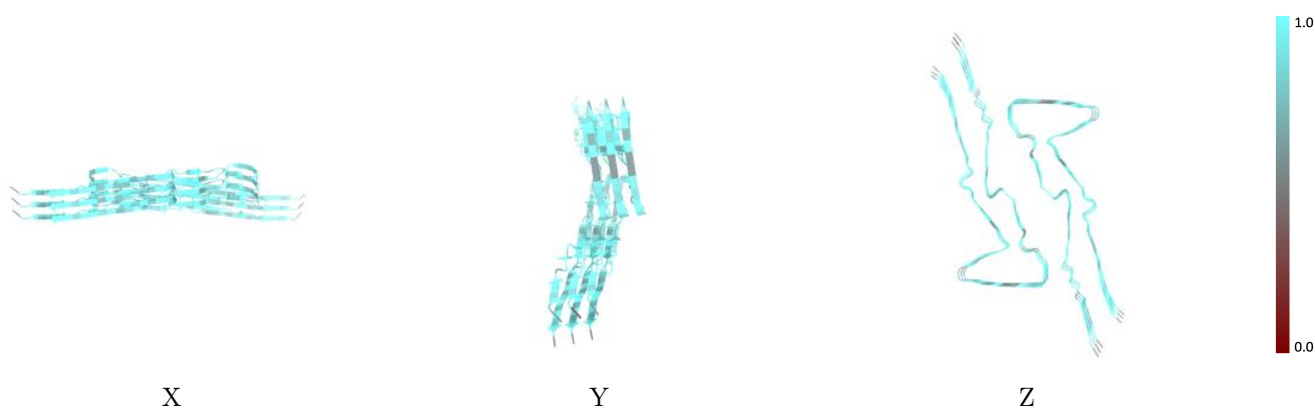
This section was not generated.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



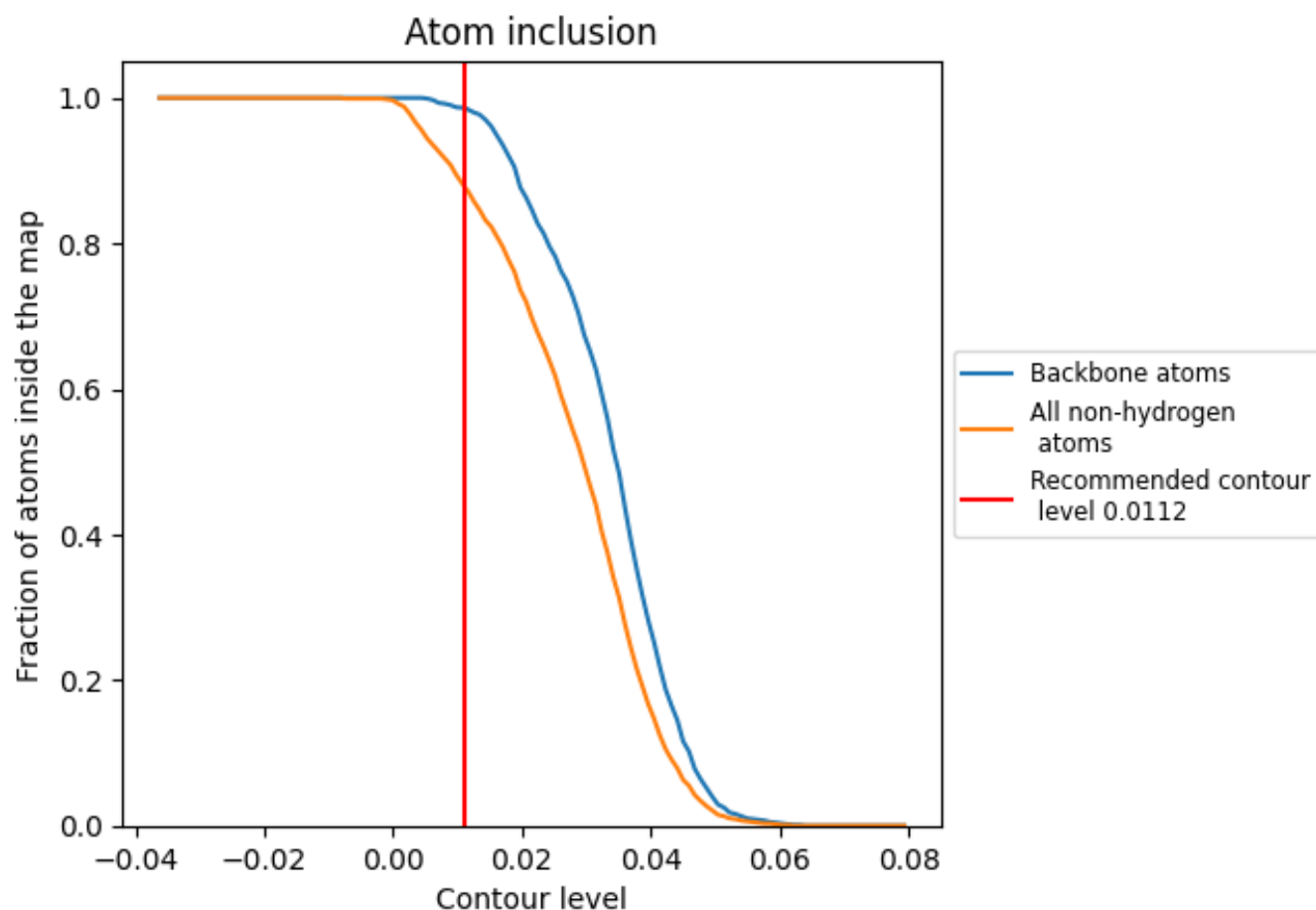
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.0112).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 99% of all backbone atoms, 88% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.0112) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8760	0.7100
A	0.8740	0.7060
B	0.8780	0.7090
C	0.8760	0.7120
D	0.8800	0.7080
E	0.8690	0.7130
F	0.8810	0.7140

1.0

0.0

<0.0