



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 8, 2026 – 03:40 AM UTC

PDB ID : 7QO4 / pdb_00007qo4
EMDB ID : EMD-14083
Title : 26S proteasome WT-Ubp6-UbVS complex in the si state (ATPases, Rpn1, Ubp6, and UbVS)
Authors : Hung, K.Y.S.; Klumpe, S.; Eisele, M.R.; Elsasser, S.; Geng, T.T.; Cheng, C.; Joshi, T.; Rudack, T.; Sakata, E.; Finley, D.
Deposited on : 2021-12-23
Resolution : 7.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

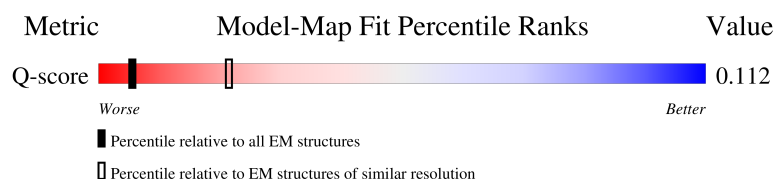
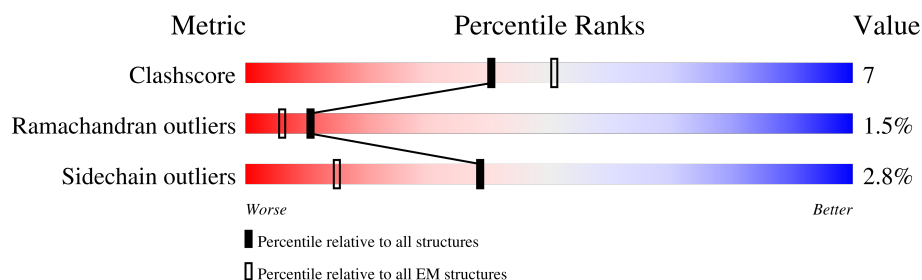
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 7.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	483 (6.50 - 7.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	Z	993	
2	H	467	
3	I	437	
4	K	428	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
5	L	437	
6	M	434	
7	J	405	
8	8	499	
9	9	76	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
9	GLZ	9	76	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition

There are 12 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 29551 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called 26S proteasome regulatory subunit RPN1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	Z	906	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			7005	4416	1150	1409	30		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called RPT1 isoform 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	H	391	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3057	1922	547	571	17		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called RPT2 isoform 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	I	384	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3015	1895	507	596	17		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called RPT3 isoform 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	K	394	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3113	1951	548	604	10		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called RPT4 isoform 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	L	388	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3082	1942	548	580	12		

- Molecule 6 is a protein called RPT5 isoform 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
6	M	421	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3285	2043	573	656	13		

- Molecule 7 is a protein called RPT6 isoform 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	J	405	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3171	1995	565	593	18		

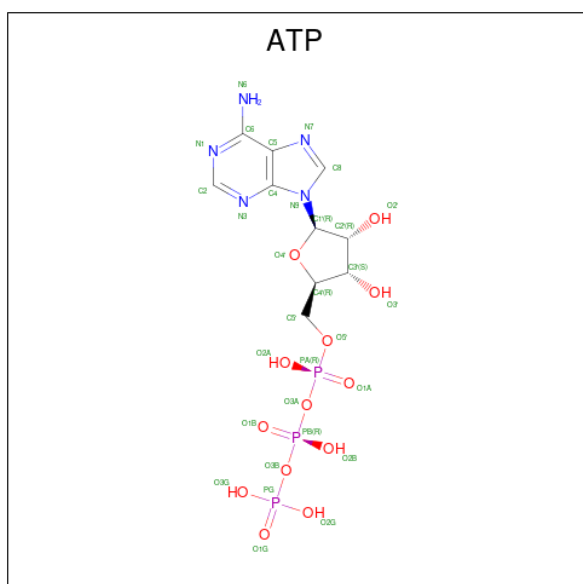
- Molecule 8 is a protein called Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
8	8	372	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3034	1918	521	583	12		

- Molecule 9 is a protein called Polyubiquitin-B.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
9	9	76	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			601	378	105	117	1		

- Molecule 10 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: ATP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
10	H	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			31	10	5	13	3	
10	I	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			31	10	5	13	3	
10	K	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			31	10	5	13	3	

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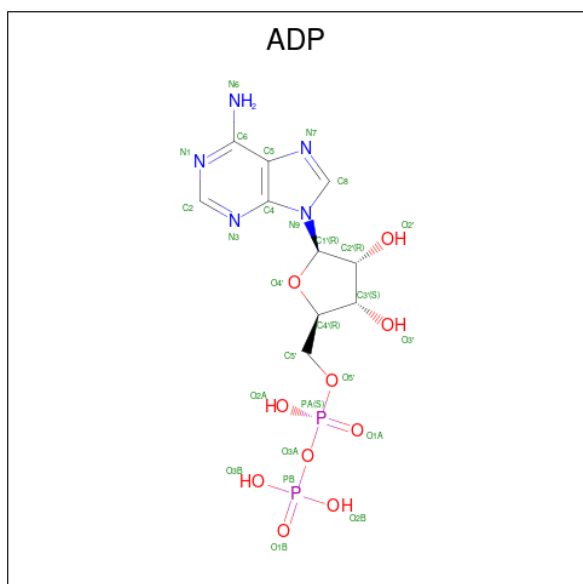
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
10	L	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			31	10	5	13	3	
10	M	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			31	10	5	13	3	

- Molecule 11 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
11	H	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	
11	I	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	
11	K	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	
11	L	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	
11	M	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	
11	J	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	

- Molecule 12 is ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: ADP) (formula: C₁₀H₁₅N₅O₁₀P₂).

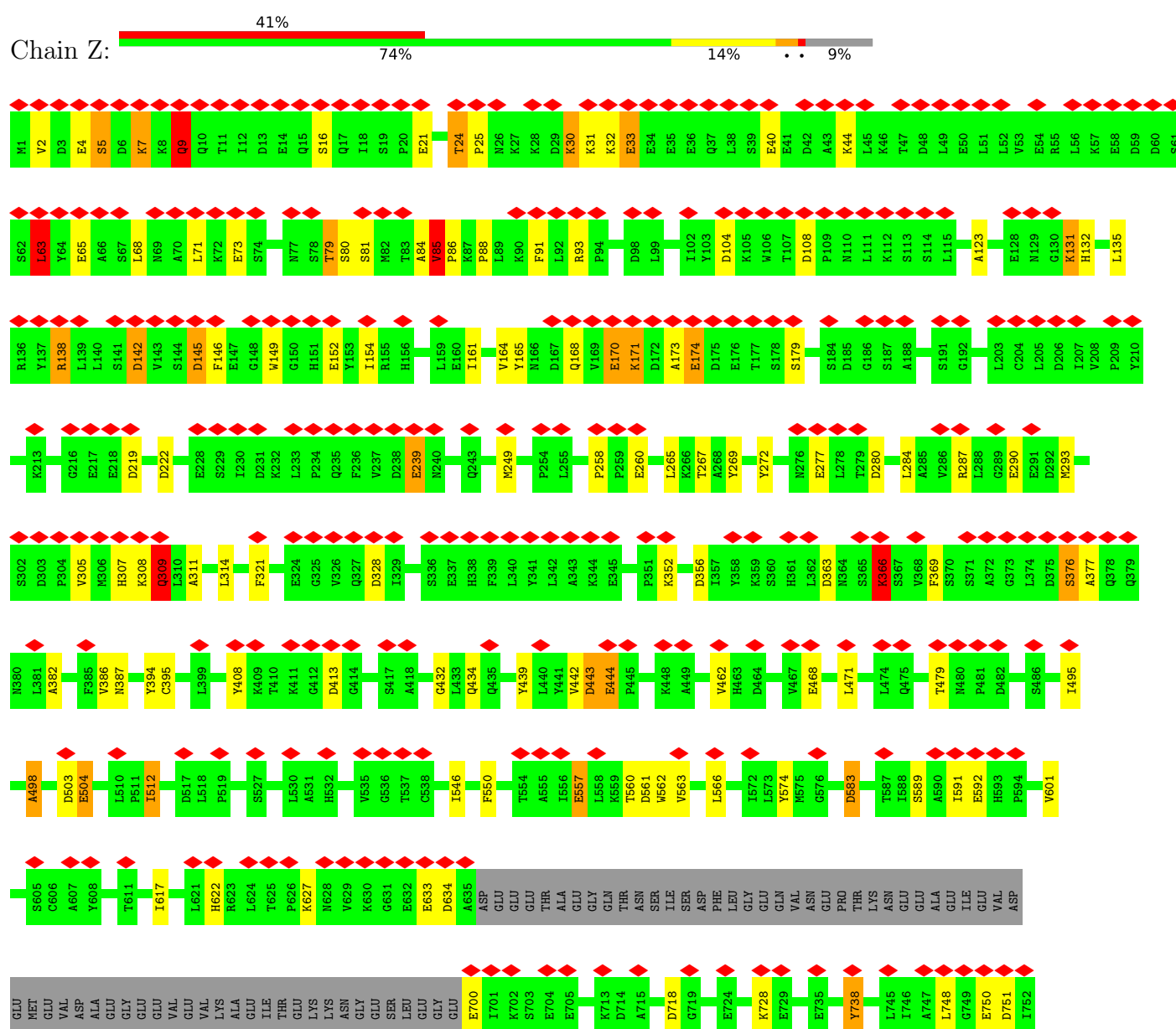


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
12	J	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			27	10	5	10	2	

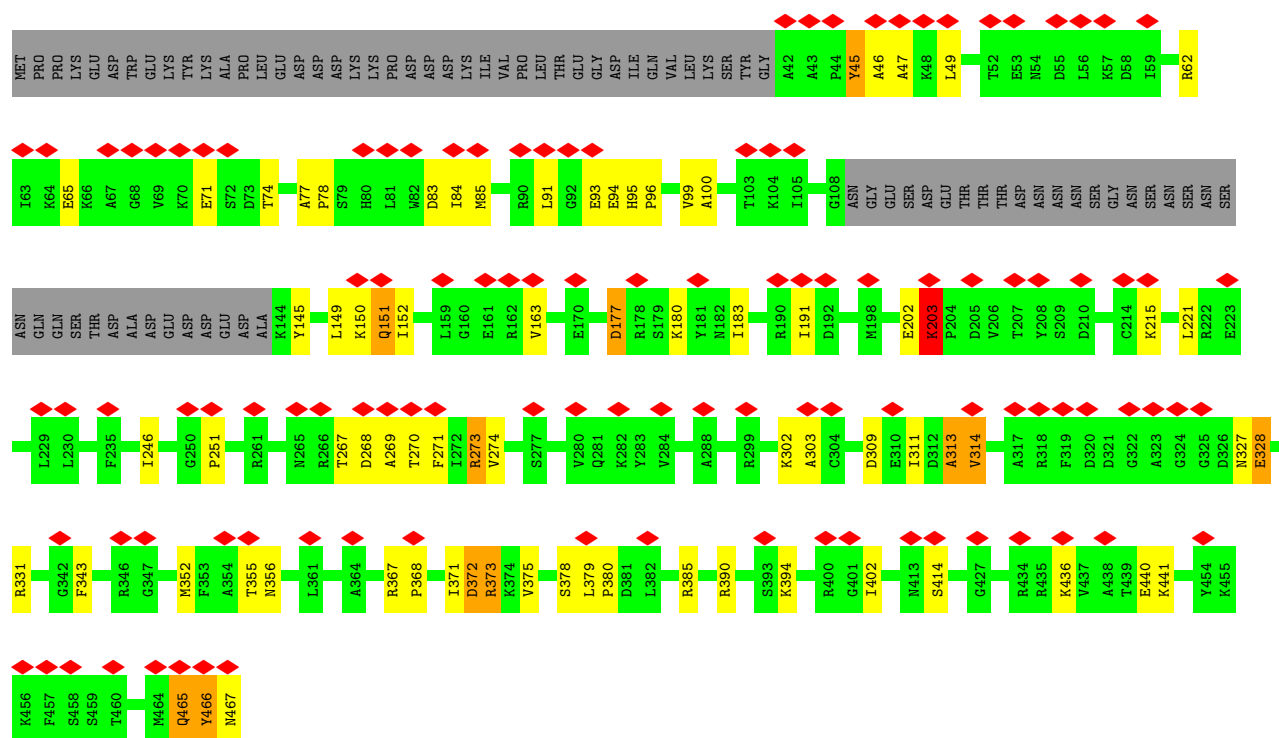
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

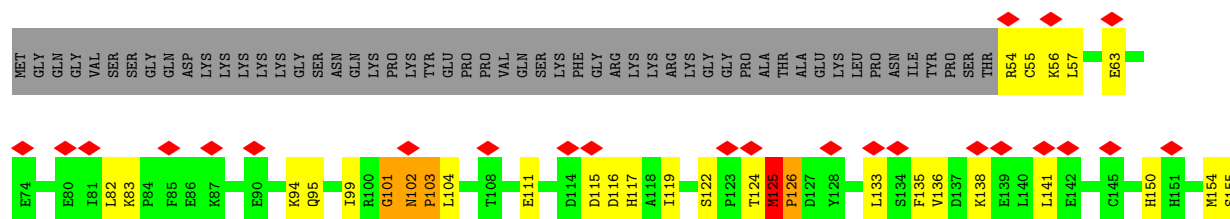
- Molecule 1: 26S proteasome regulatory subunit RPN1

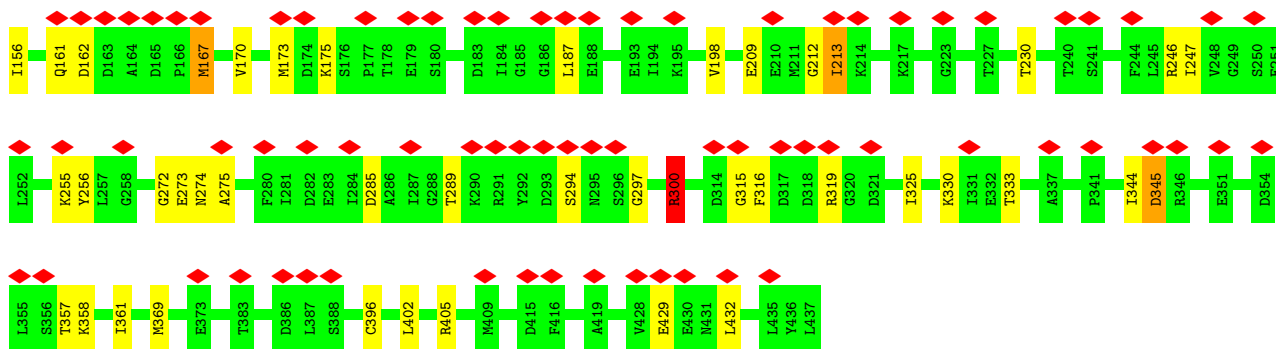


- Molecule 2: RPT1 isoform 1

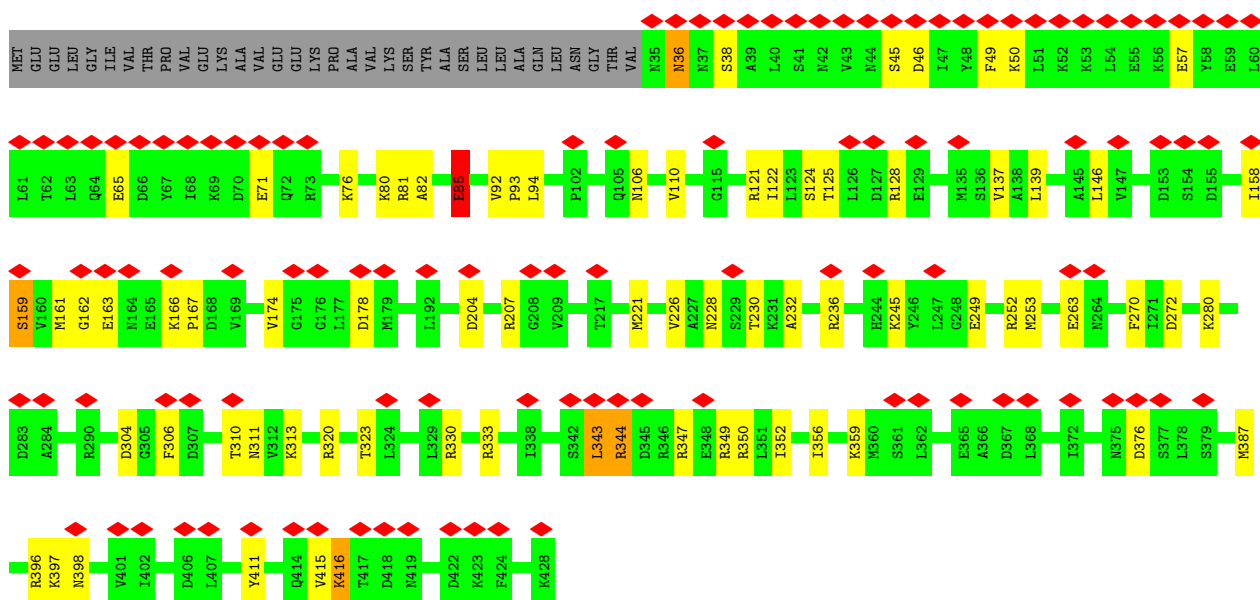


- Molecule 3: RPT2 isoform 1

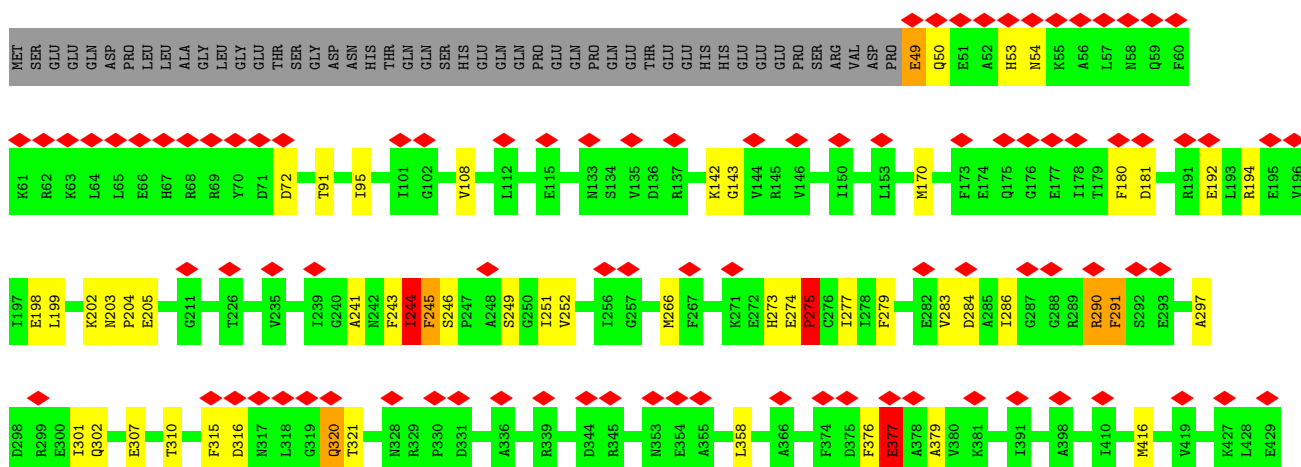
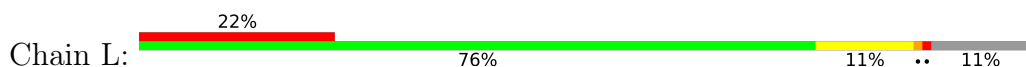


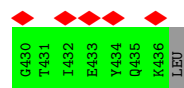


• Molecule 4: RPT3 isoform 1

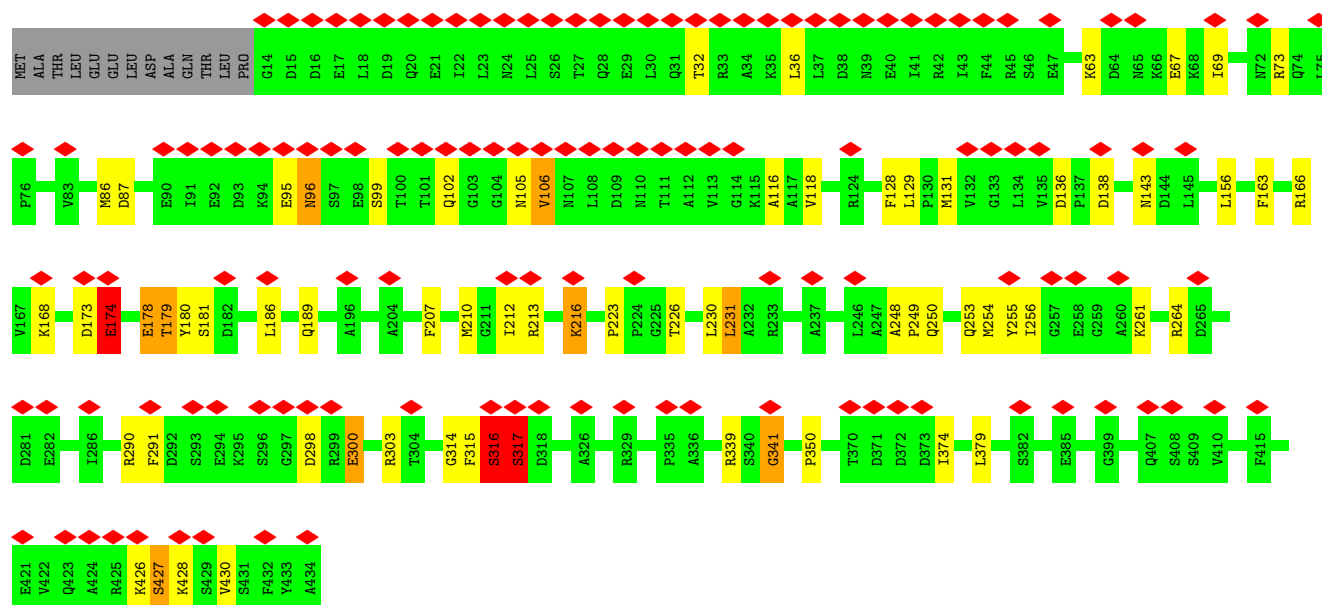
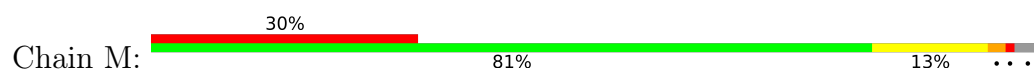


• Molecule 5: RPT4 isoform 1

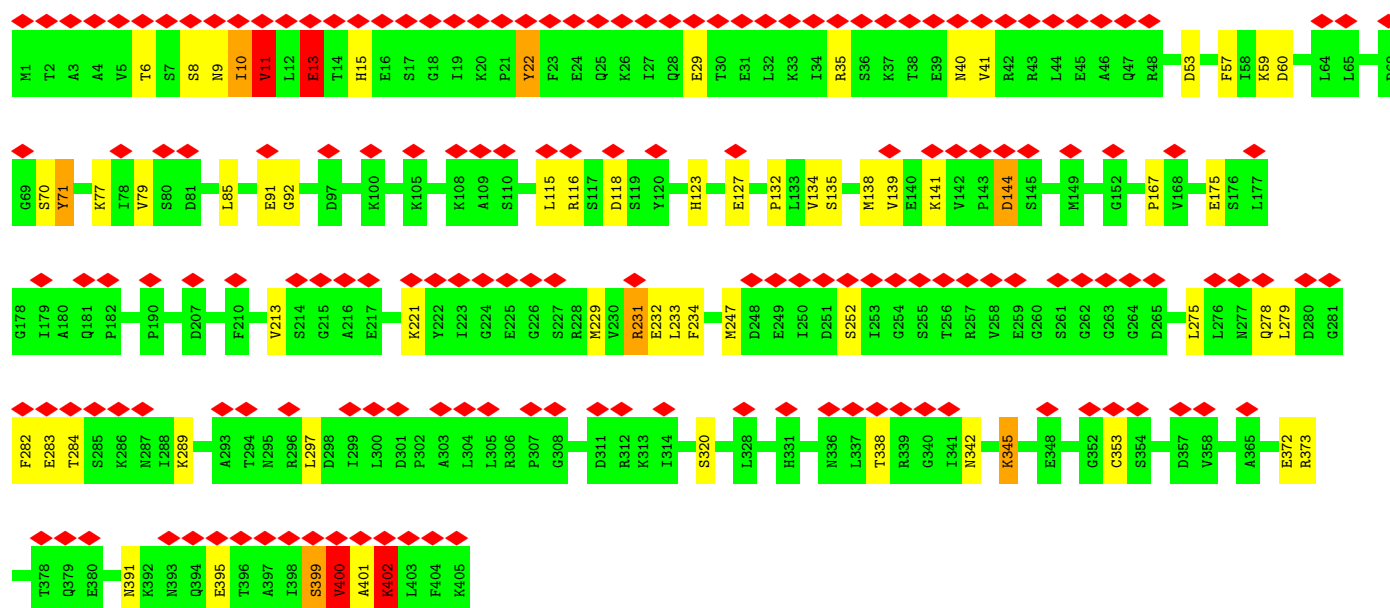
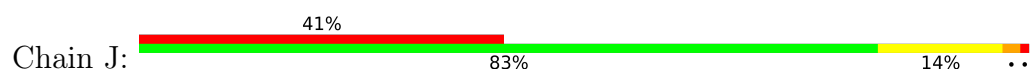




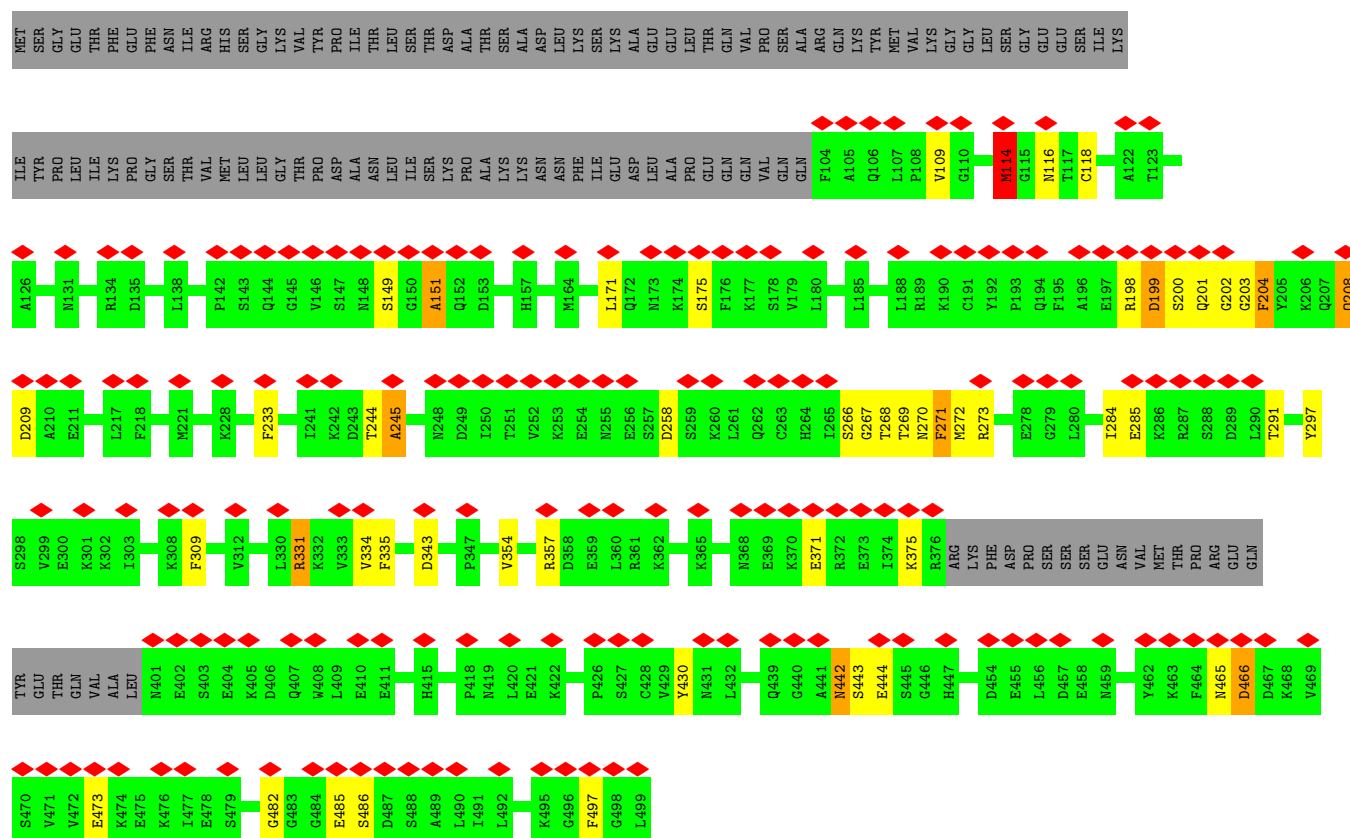
• Molecule 6: RPT5 isoform 1



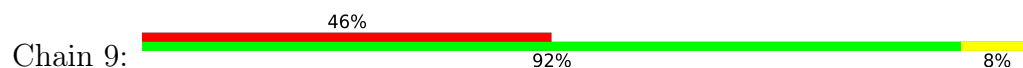
• Molecule 7: RPT6 isoform 1



• Molecule 8: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase



• Molecule 9: Polyubiquitin-B



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	88243	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	60	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	33.914	Depositor
Minimum map value	-16.285	Depositor
Average map value	-0.023	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.792	Depositor
Recommended contour level	6.5	Depositor
Map size (Å)	588.0, 588.0, 588.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	280, 280, 280	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	2.1, 2.1, 2.1	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GLZ, ADP, MG, ATP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	Z	0.67	0/7122	1.44	61/9645 (0.6%)
2	H	0.48	0/3106	0.95	8/4180 (0.2%)
3	I	0.58	1/3054 (0.0%)	1.05	17/4111 (0.4%)
4	K	0.52	0/3156	0.97	3/4261 (0.1%)
5	L	0.62	4/3128 (0.1%)	1.02	16/4204 (0.4%)
6	M	0.52	0/3323	0.95	4/4478 (0.1%)
7	J	0.48	0/3212	1.03	14/4316 (0.3%)
8	8	0.79	5/3089 (0.2%)	1.26	25/4144 (0.6%)
9	9	0.56	0/603	1.02	0/811
All	All	0.60	10/29793 (0.0%)	1.15	148/40150 (0.4%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	Z	0	40
2	H	0	4
3	I	0	4
4	K	0	10
5	L	0	6
6	M	0	7
7	J	0	12
8	8	0	11
9	9	0	2
All	All	0	96

The worst 5 of 10 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	L	273	HIS	ND1-CE1	7.48	1.40	1.32
8	8	198	ARG	NE-CZ	6.71	1.40	1.33
5	L	273	HIS	CE1-NE2	-6.35	1.26	1.32
8	8	198	ARG	N-CA	-6.29	1.38	1.46
8	8	270	ASN	N-CA	-6.13	1.38	1.46

The worst 5 of 148 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	Z	366	LYS	CG-CD-CE	22.40	162.82	111.30
1	Z	366	LYS	CB-CG-CD	17.14	150.73	111.30
1	Z	33	GLU	CG-CD-OE1	9.99	141.38	118.40
5	L	275	PRO	CA-N-CD	-8.81	99.67	112.00
1	Z	33	GLU	CG-CD-OE2	-8.77	98.24	118.40

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 96 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	Z	33	GLU	Sidechain
1	Z	4	GLU	Peptide
1	Z	65	GLU	Sidechain
1	Z	73	GLU	Sidechain
1	Z	9	GLN	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Z	7005	0	6932	89	0
2	H	3057	0	3130	63	0
3	I	3015	0	3084	74	0
4	K	3113	0	3169	58	0
5	L	3082	0	3157	38	0
6	M	3285	0	3323	58	0
7	J	3171	0	3313	51	0
8	8	3034	0	3005	30	0
9	9	601	0	630	7	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
10	H	31	0	12	5	0
10	I	31	0	12	1	0
10	K	31	0	12	0	0
10	L	31	0	12	3	0
10	M	31	0	12	2	0
11	H	1	0	0	0	0
11	I	1	0	0	0	0
11	J	1	0	0	0	0
11	K	1	0	0	0	0
11	L	1	0	0	0	0
11	M	1	0	0	0	0
12	J	27	0	12	0	0
All	All	29551	0	29815	413	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 413 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:K:344:ARG:O	4:K:349:ARG:NH1	1.79	1.15
1:Z:40:GLU:HB3	1:Z:44:LYS:HZ1	0.98	1.13
10:L:501:ATP:O3A	6:M:339:ARG:NH2	1.86	1.06
2:H:356:ASN:ND2	10:H:501:ATP:O2G	1.88	1.06
1:Z:30:LYS:HZ2	1:Z:44:LYS:NZ	1.56	1.01

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	Z	902/993 (91%)	817 (91%)	71 (8%)	14 (2%)	7	38
2	H	387/467 (83%)	350 (90%)	30 (8%)	7 (2%)	6	34
3	I	382/437 (87%)	333 (87%)	42 (11%)	7 (2%)	6	34
4	K	392/428 (92%)	358 (91%)	31 (8%)	3 (1%)	16	54
5	L	386/437 (88%)	364 (94%)	19 (5%)	3 (1%)	16	54
6	M	419/434 (96%)	376 (90%)	33 (8%)	10 (2%)	4	27
7	J	403/405 (100%)	357 (89%)	43 (11%)	3 (1%)	18	56
8	8	368/499 (74%)	336 (91%)	24 (6%)	8 (2%)	5	29
9	9	74/76 (97%)	67 (90%)	7 (10%)	0	100	100
All	All	3713/4176 (89%)	3358 (90%)	300 (8%)	55 (2%)	11	40

5 of 55 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Z	5	SER
1	Z	85	VAL
1	Z	142	ASP
1	Z	173	ALA
1	Z	174	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	Z	773/850 (91%)	733 (95%)	40 (5%)	21	42
2	H	330/399 (83%)	321 (97%)	9 (3%)	39	61
3	I	341/385 (89%)	337 (99%)	4 (1%)	63	75
4	K	346/374 (92%)	338 (98%)	8 (2%)	44	64
5	L	332/377 (88%)	327 (98%)	5 (2%)	57	72
6	M	364/375 (97%)	358 (98%)	6 (2%)	55	70
7	J	352/352 (100%)	342 (97%)	10 (3%)	38	59

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
8	8	337/449 (75%)	329 (98%)	8 (2%)	43	64
9	9	68/68 (100%)	68 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	3243/3629 (89%)	3153 (97%)	90 (3%)	38	59

5 of 90 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	K	159	SER
6	M	428	LYS
4	K	310	THR
5	L	377	GLU
7	J	252	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 52 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	K	302	GLN
6	M	72	ASN
8	8	338	GLN
4	K	388	GLN
5	L	76	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
9	GLZ	9	76	9	3,3,3	0.73	0	1,2,2	0.07	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
9	GLZ	9	76	9	-	0/0/1/1	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
9	9	76	GLZ	4	0

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 12 ligands modelled in this entry, 6 are monoatomic - leaving 6 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
10	ATP	L	501	11	32,33,33	1.49	7 (21%)	48,52,52	1.74	7 (14%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
10	ATP	H	501	-	32,33,33	1.55	6 (18%)	48,52,52	1.80	10 (20%)
10	ATP	I	501	11	32,33,33	1.42	6 (18%)	48,52,52	1.81	13 (27%)
10	ATP	K	501	-	32,33,33	1.72	8 (25%)	48,52,52	1.67	8 (16%)
10	ATP	M	501	11	32,33,33	1.64	8 (25%)	48,52,52	1.83	11 (22%)
12	ADP	J	501	11	28,29,29	1.37	4 (14%)	43,45,45	1.89	5 (11%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
10	ATP	L	501	11	-	3/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
10	ATP	H	501	-	-	5/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
10	ATP	I	501	11	-	8/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
10	ATP	K	501	-	-	3/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
10	ATP	M	501	11	-	9/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
12	ADP	J	501	11	-	2/16/32/32	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 39 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
12	J	501	ADP	C5-C4	4.30	1.46	1.39
10	K	501	ATP	C5-C4	4.27	1.46	1.39
10	H	501	ATP	C5-C4	4.08	1.46	1.39
10	M	501	ATP	C5-C4	4.08	1.46	1.39
10	M	501	ATP	PB-O3A	4.08	1.63	1.59

The worst 5 of 54 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
12	J	501	ADP	C5-C4-N3	-6.44	117.85	126.72
12	J	501	ADP	N3-C4-N9	5.91	137.22	127.17
10	H	501	ATP	C5-C4-N3	-5.68	118.89	126.72
10	L	501	ATP	C5-C4-N3	-5.60	119.01	126.72
10	M	501	ATP	C5-C4-N3	-5.56	119.06	126.72

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 30 torsion outliers are listed below:

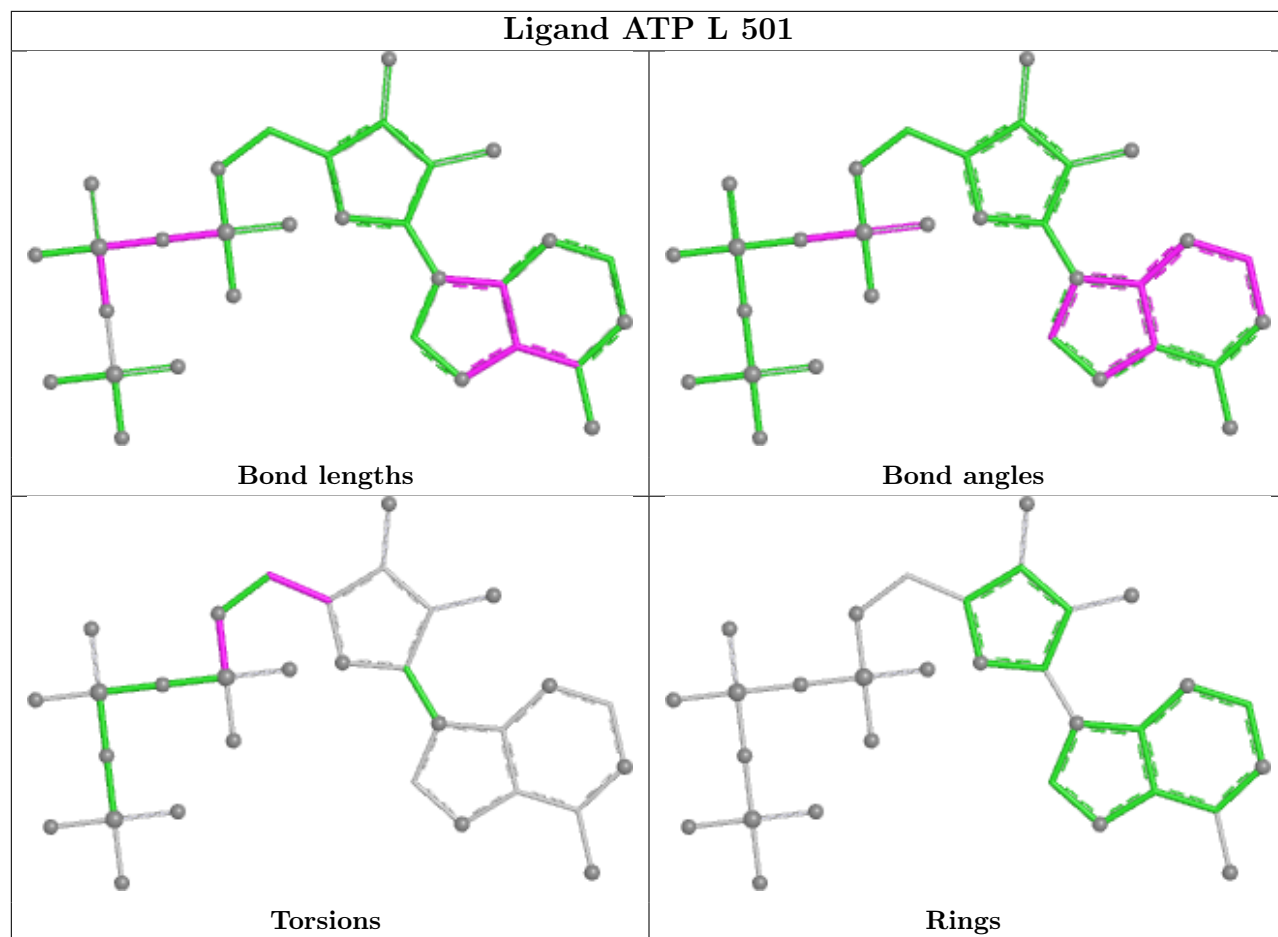
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
10	H	501	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
10	H	501	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
10	H	501	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
10	I	501	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
10	K	501	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A

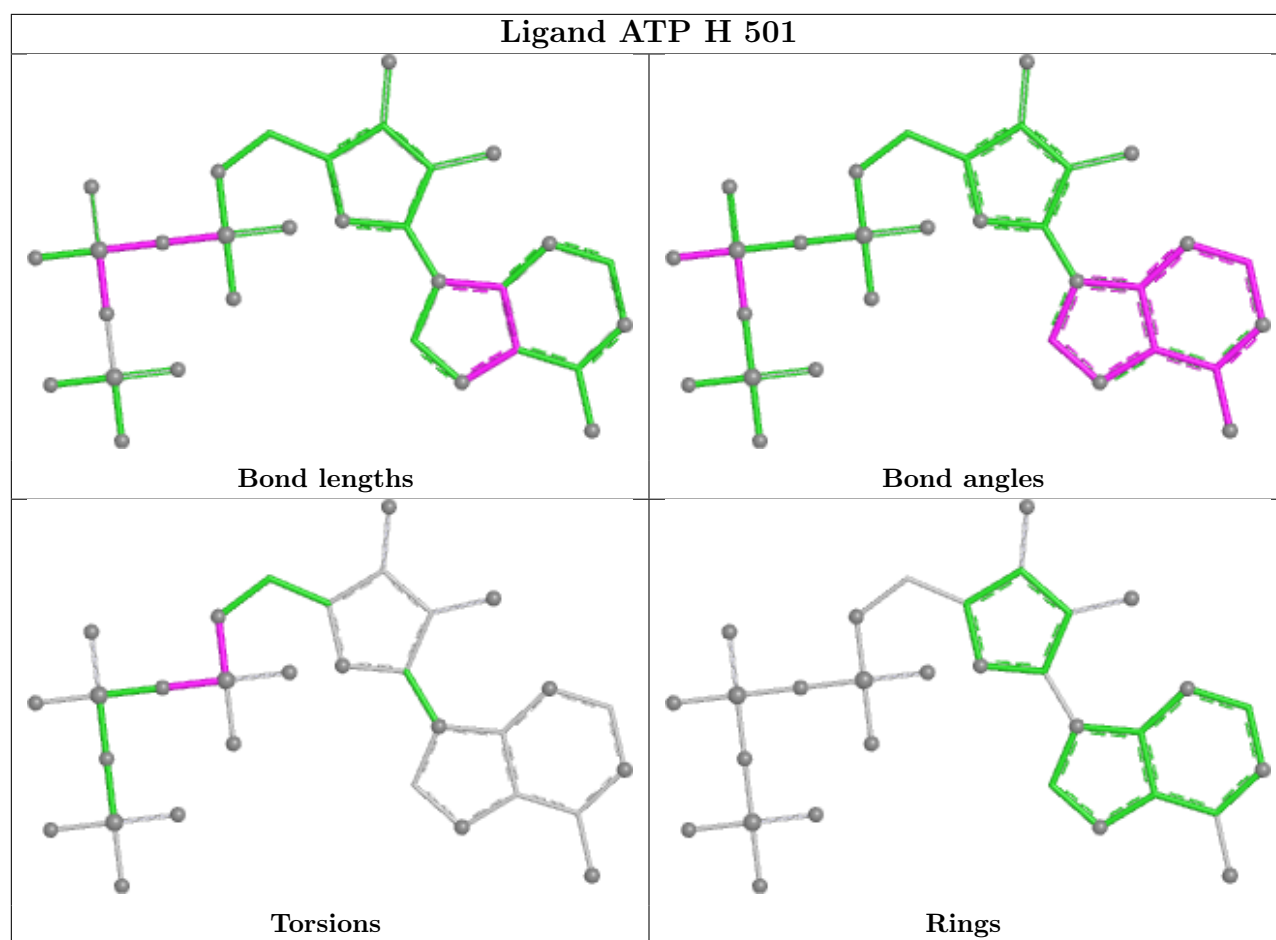
There are no ring outliers.

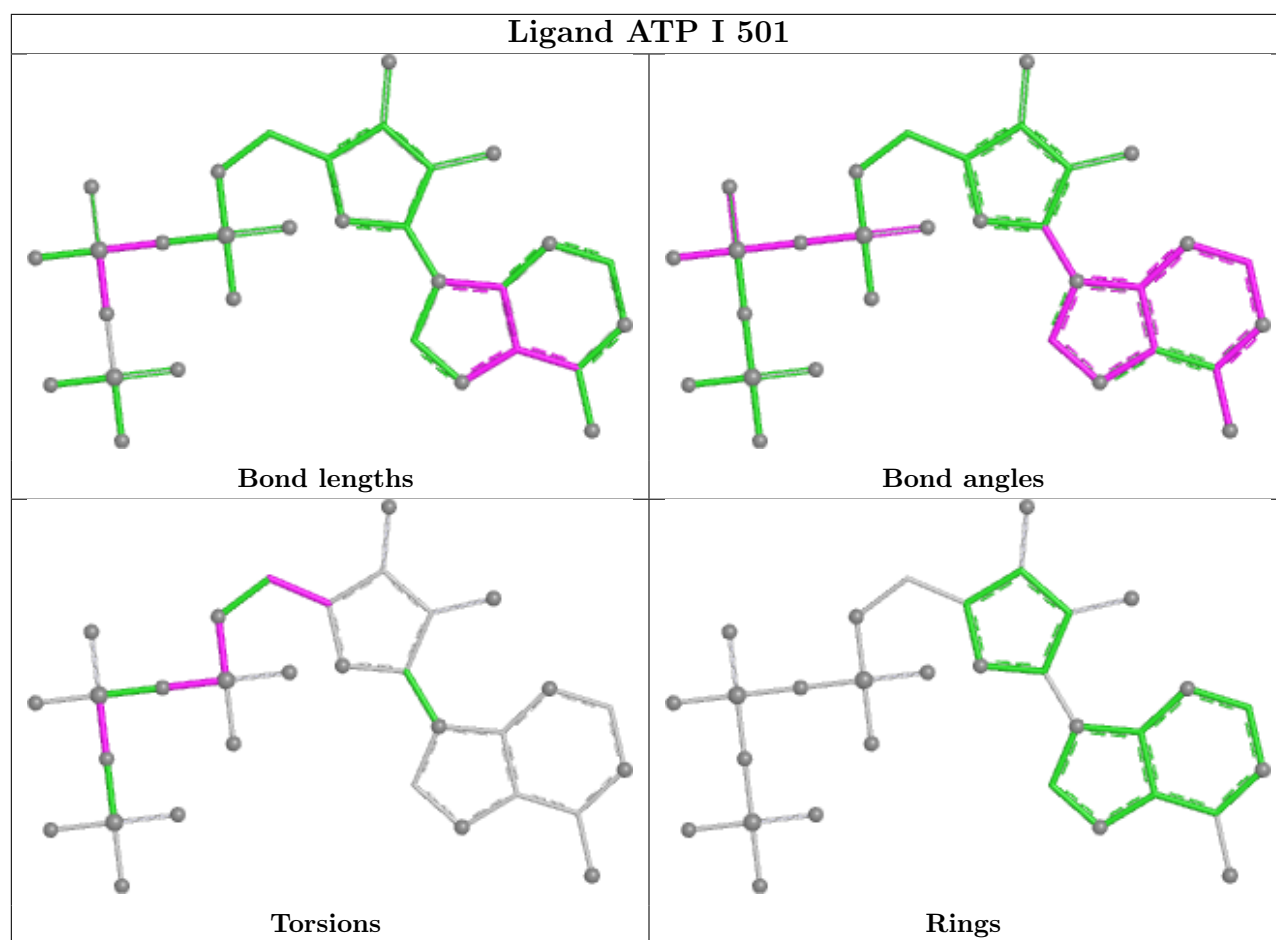
4 monomers are involved in 11 short contacts:

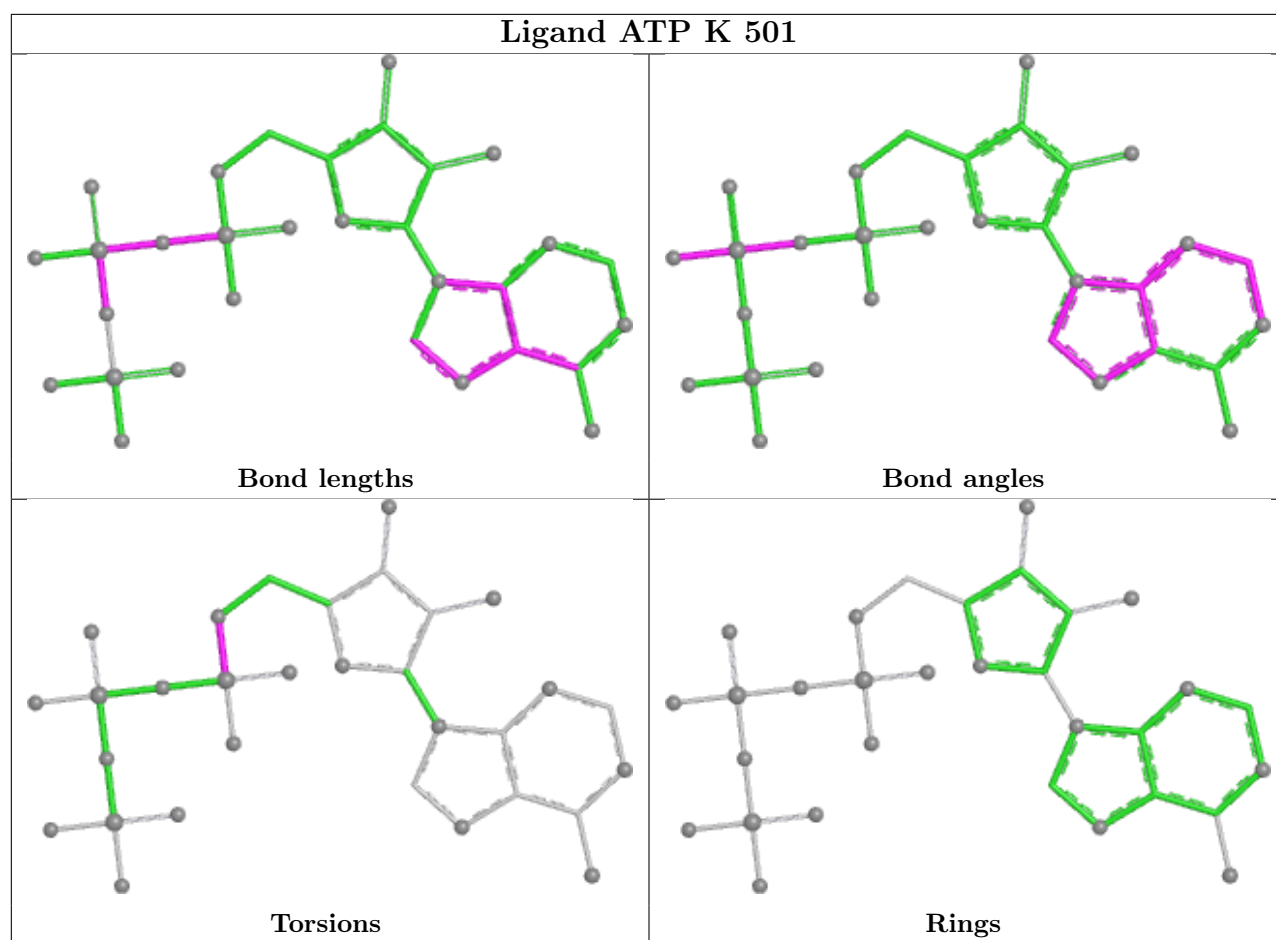
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
10	L	501	ATP	3	0
10	H	501	ATP	5	0
10	I	501	ATP	1	0
10	M	501	ATP	2	0

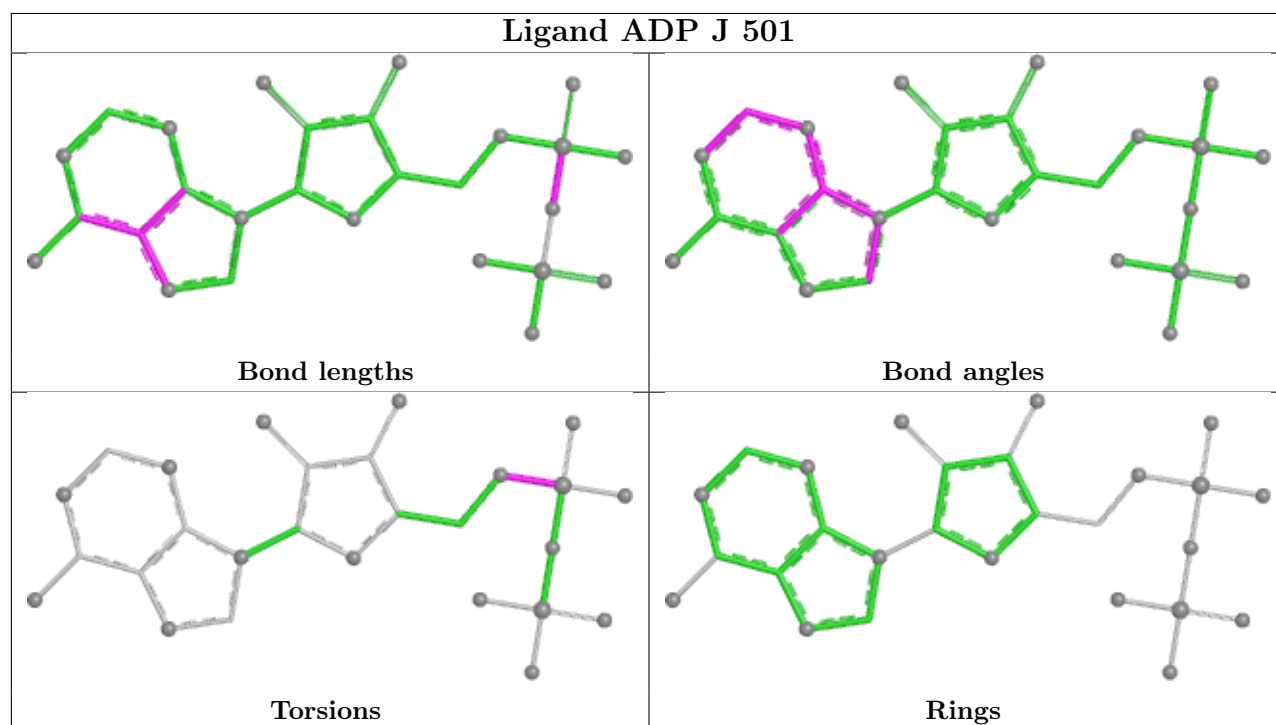
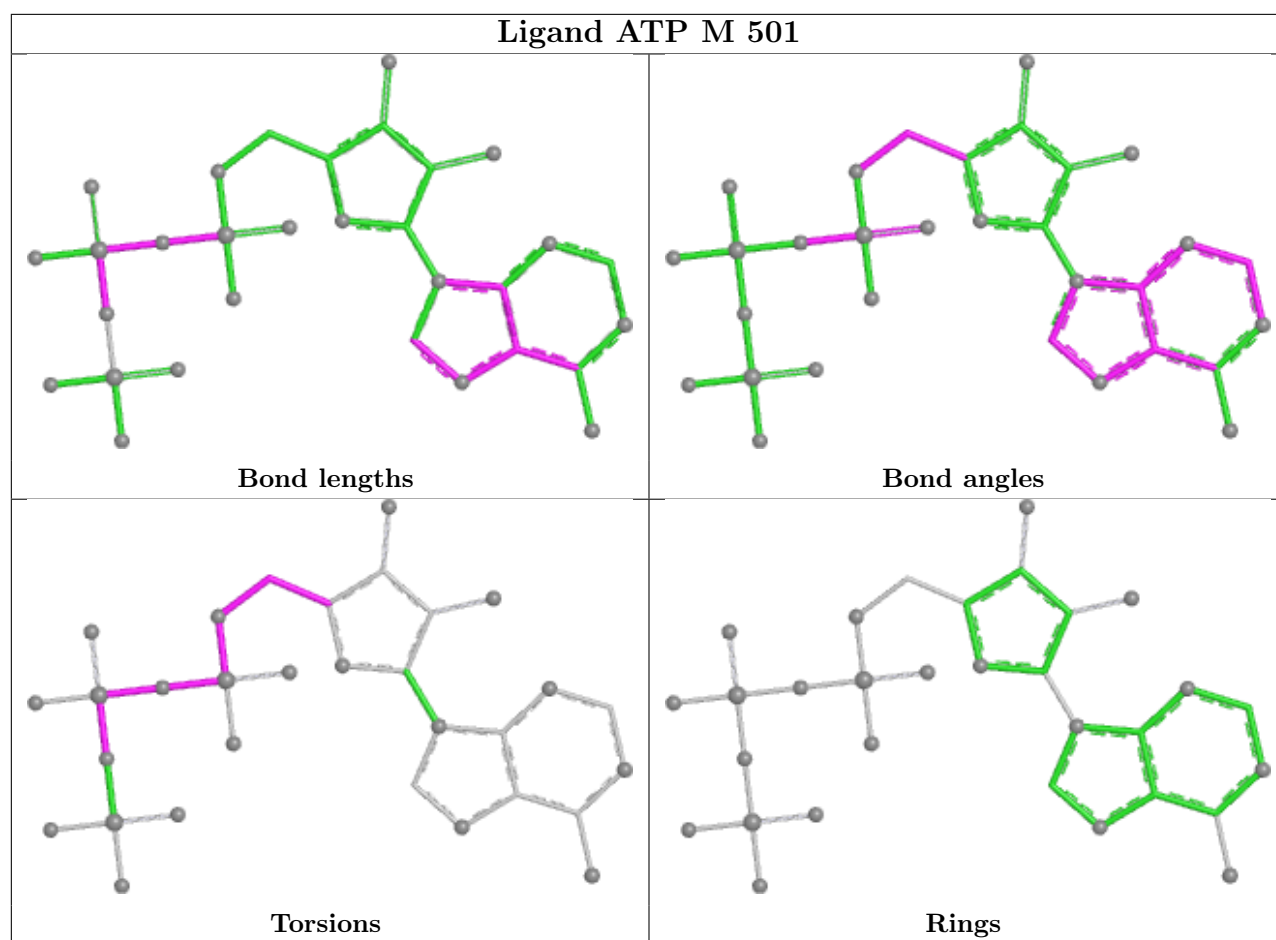
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.











5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

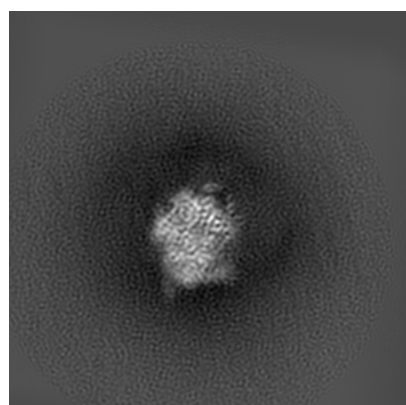
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-14083. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

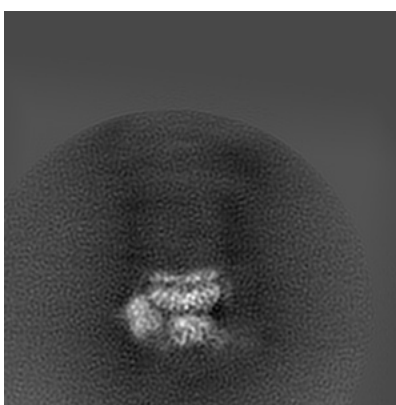
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

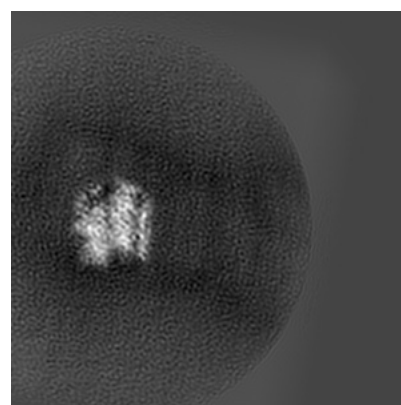
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

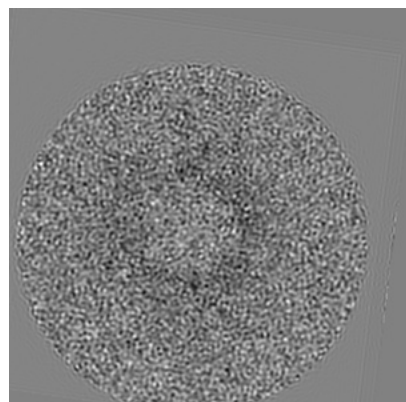


Z

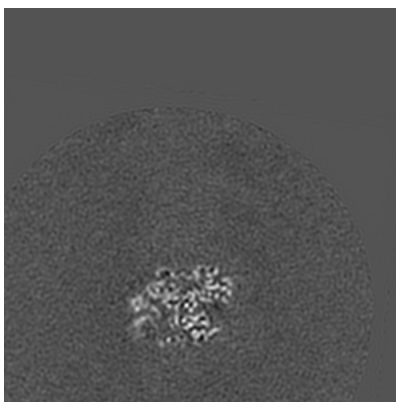
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

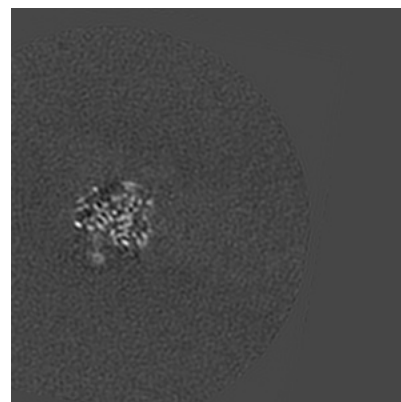
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 140



Y Index: 140

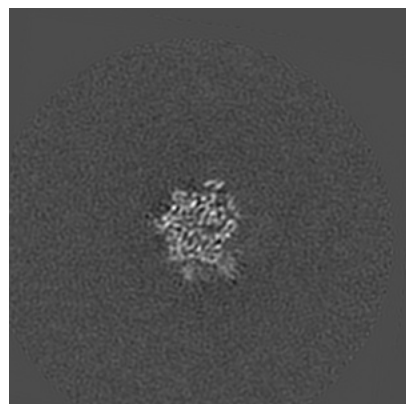


Z Index: 140

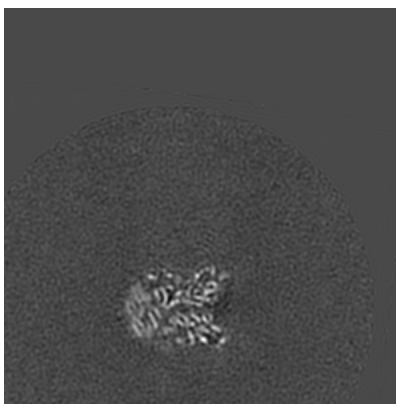
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

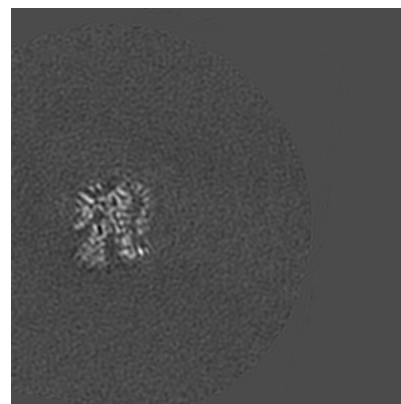
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 80



Y Index: 127

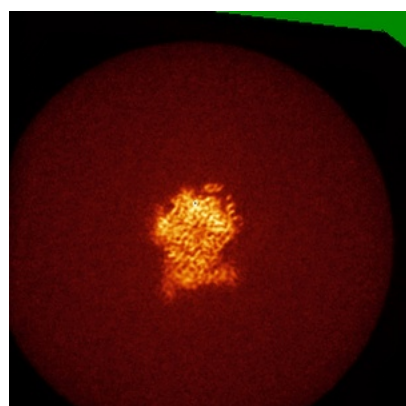


Z Index: 132

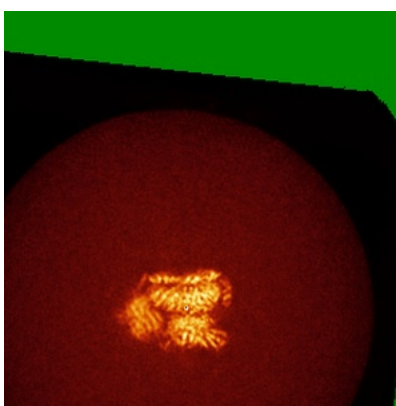
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

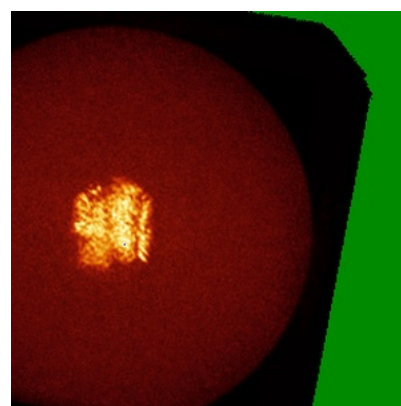
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

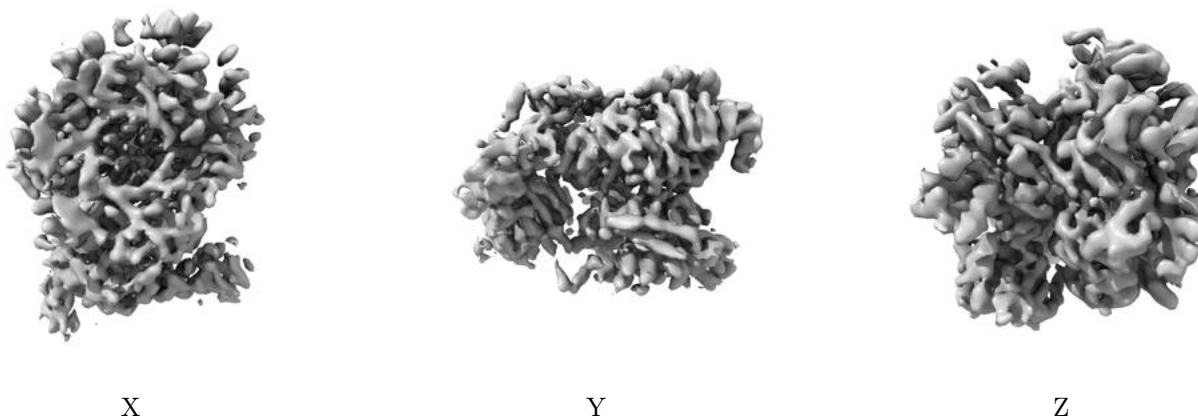


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 6.5. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

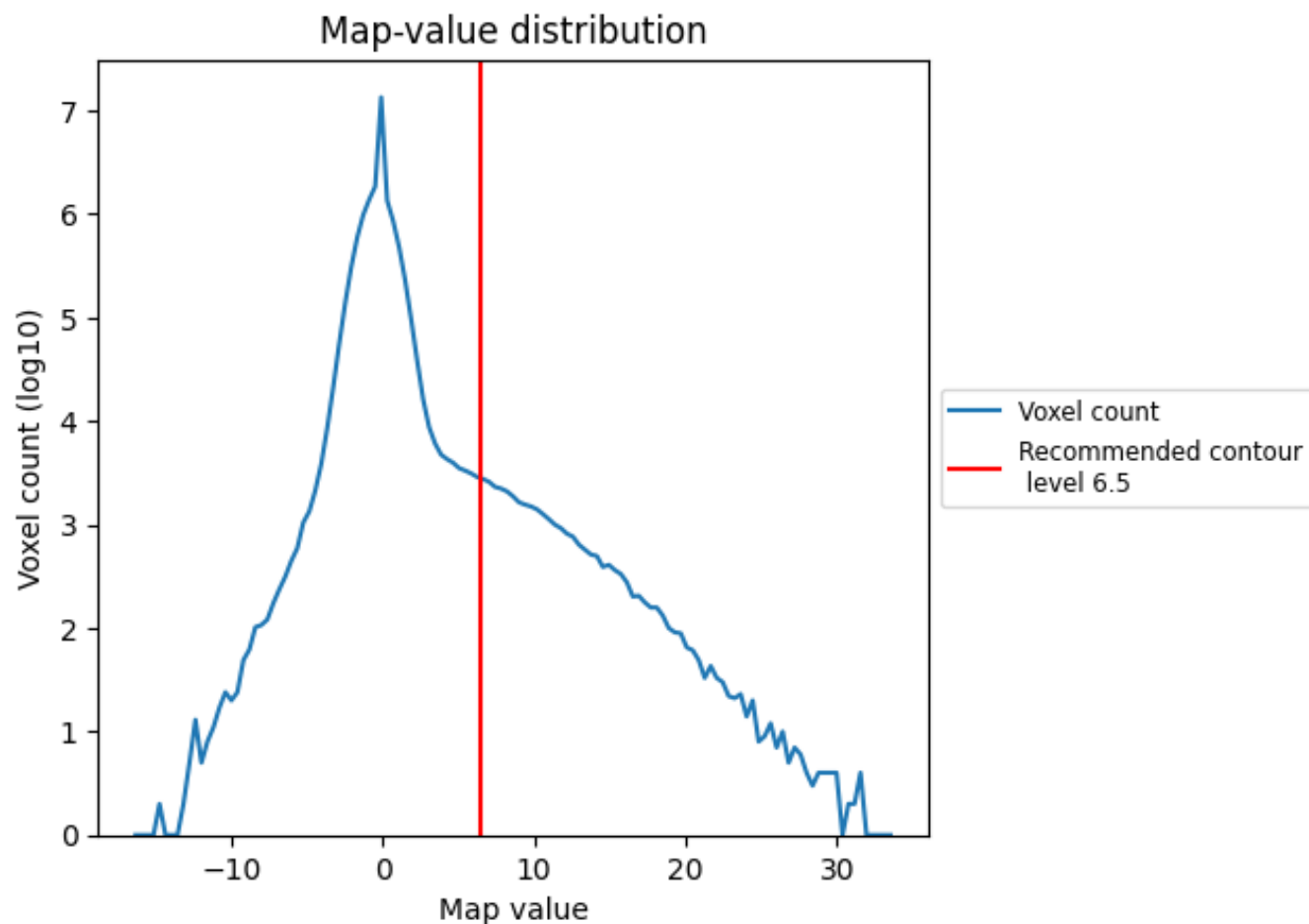
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

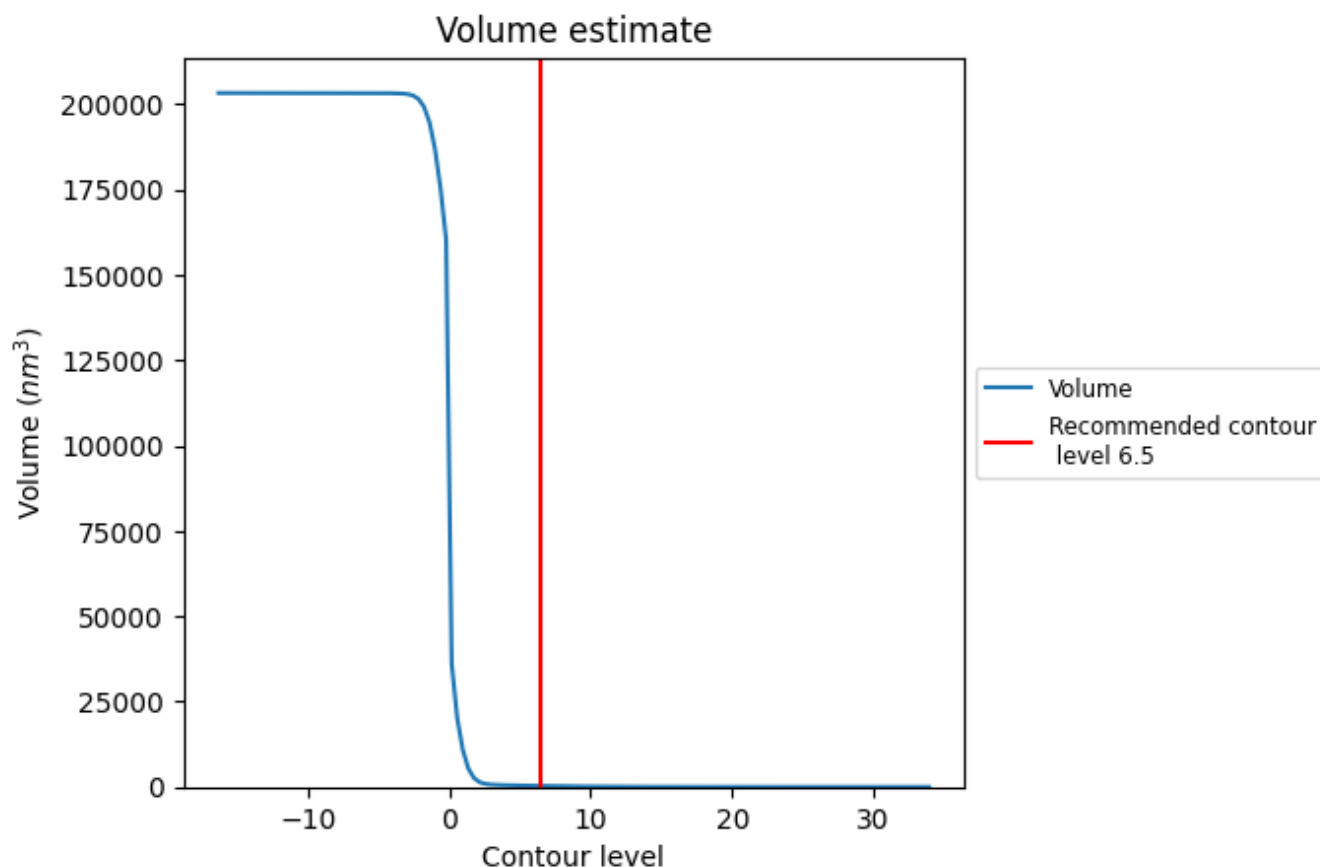
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

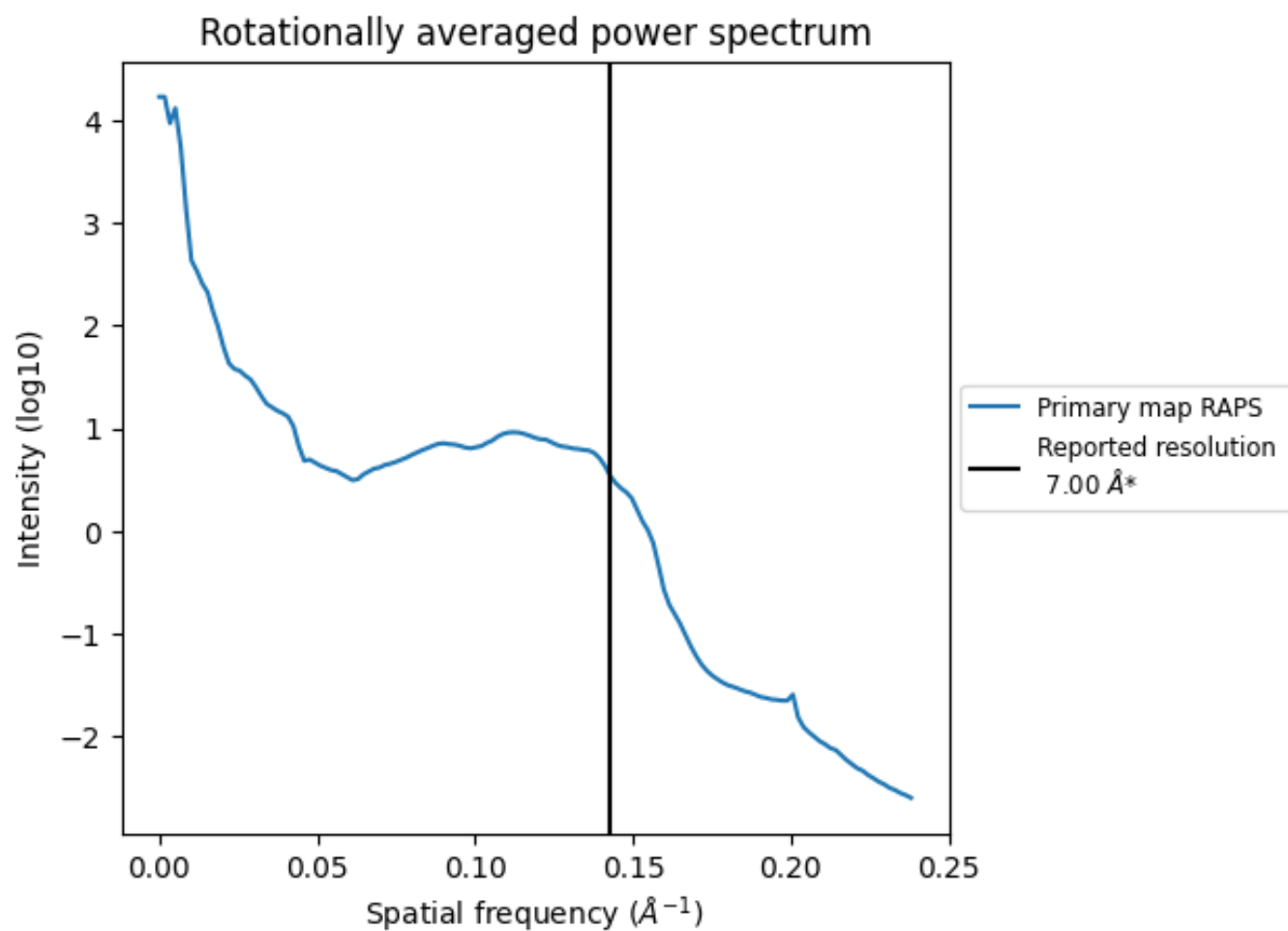
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 302 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 273 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.143 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

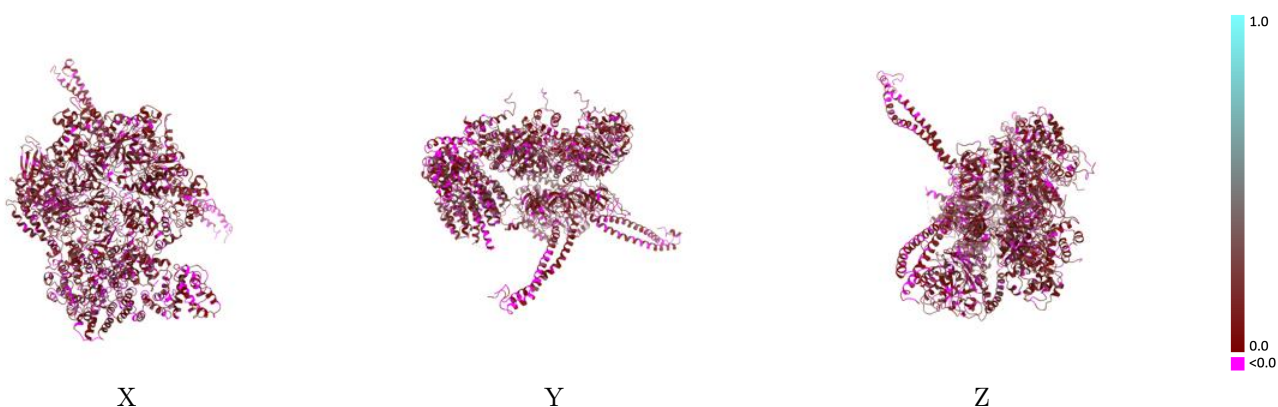
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-14083 and PDB model 7QO4. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)

This section was not generated.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)

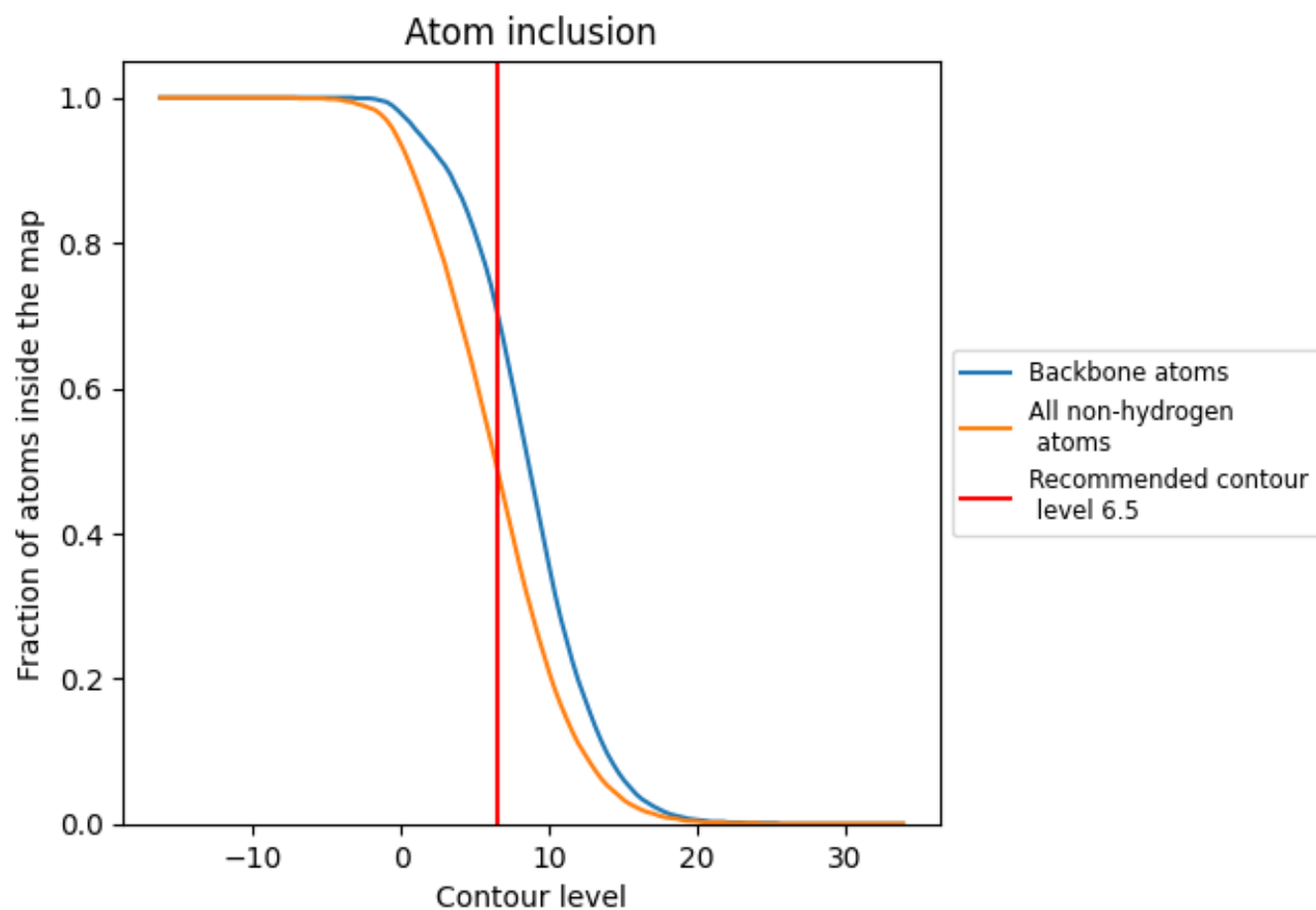


The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)

This section was not generated.

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 70% of all backbone atoms, 49% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (6.5) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.4870	0.1120
8	0.4270	0.1140
9	0.4380	0.1220
H	0.5430	0.1340
I	0.5350	0.1240
J	0.4350	0.1070
K	0.5030	0.1290
L	0.5430	0.1280
M	0.5180	0.1190
Z	0.4480	0.0790

