



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 6QTC / pdb_00006qtc
BMRB ID : 34362
Title : tSH2 domain of transcription elongation factor Spt6 complexed with tyrosine phosphorylated CTD
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Deposited on : 2019-02-24

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<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

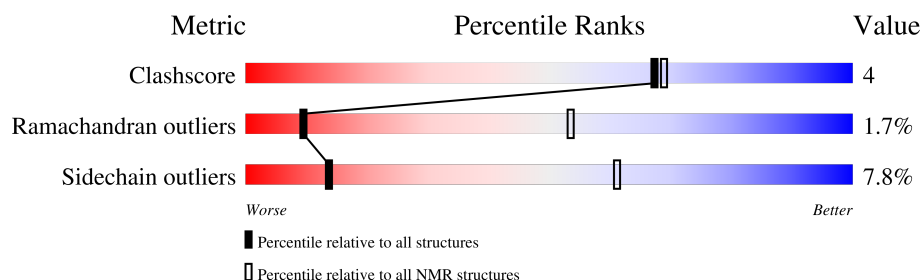
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 61%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424
Ramachandran outliers	224038	12848
Sidechain outliers	223484	12823

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	196	 85% 11% . .
2	B	16	 100%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 9 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:4-A:190 (187)	0.98	9

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 4, 6, 7, 10, 13, 14, 18, 20
2	1, 5, 8, 9, 11, 17, 19
3	3, 12, 16
Single-model clusters	15

3 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3504 atoms, of which 1737 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called tSH2 domain of transcription elongation factor Spt6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	195	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			3276	1067	1633	278	297	1	

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	0	SER	THR	conflict	UNP Q6FLB1

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Tyrosine phosphorylated CTD.

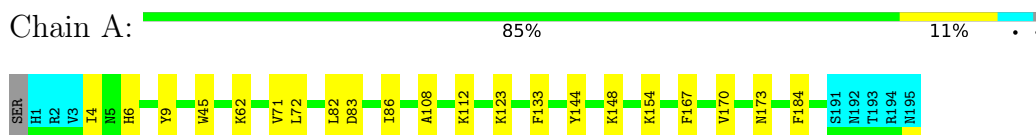
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
2	B	16	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			228	72	104	16	34	2	

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

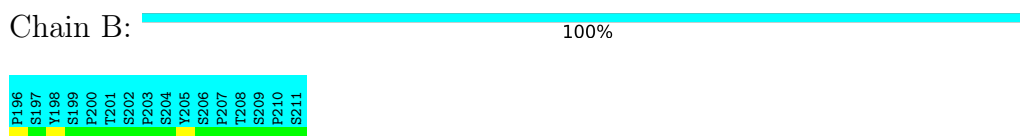
4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: tSH2 domain of transcription elongation factor Spt6



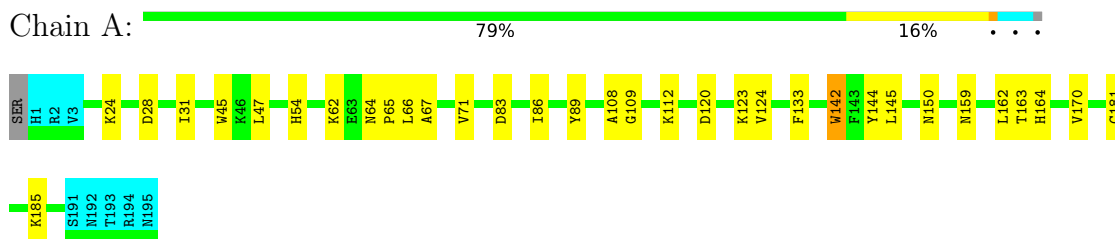
- Molecule 2: Tyrosine phosphorylated CTD



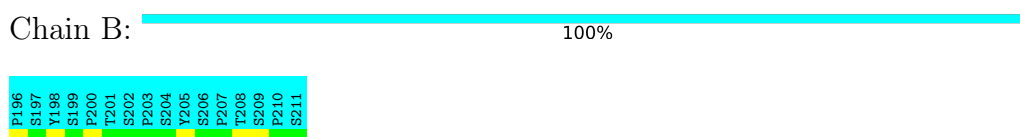
4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 9. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: tSH2 domain of transcription elongation factor Spt6



- Molecule 2: Tyrosine phosphorylated CTD



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 500 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure calculation	3.97-3.98.5
Amber	refinement	16

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1706
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1706
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	61%

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PTR

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.55±0.00	0±0/1616 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.02±0.01	1±1/2185 (0.1± 0.1%)
All	All	0.55	0/32320 (0.0%)	1.02	24/43700 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	0.1±0.2
All	All	0	1

There are no bond-length outliers.

5 of 10 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	167	PHE	CA-CB-CG	6.87	120.67	113.80	11	3
1	A	184	PHE	CA-CB-CG	5.91	119.71	113.80	7	1
1	A	174	TYR	CA-C-N	5.51	125.22	119.82	19	3
1	A	174	TYR	C-N-CA	5.51	125.22	119.82	19	3
1	A	139	ASN	CA-C-N	5.37	125.08	119.82	17	3

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	9	TYR	Sidechain	1

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1574	1567	1567	12±3
2	B	0	0	0	0±0
All	All	31480	31340	31340	239

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

5 of 127 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:10:PHE:CE1	1:A:17:ALA:HB2	0.63	2.28	3	1
1:A:45:TRP:CG	1:A:93:LYS:HZ2	0.58	2.15	20	1
1:A:50:ASP:C	1:A:51:LEU:HD22	0.56	2.25	17	1
1:A:10:PHE:CZ	1:A:17:ALA:HB2	0.56	2.35	3	1
1:A:160:VAL:HG22	1:A:161:LYS:H	0.55	1.61	8	1

6.3 Torsion angles

6.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	187/196 (95%)	172±2 (92±1%)	11±2 (6±1%)	3±1 (2±1%)	9	53
2	B	0	-	-	-	-	-
All	All	3740/4240 (88%)	3448 (92%)	227 (6%)	65 (2%)	9	53

5 of 21 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	170	VAL	19

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	108	ALA	11
1	A	109	GLY	5
1	A	26	ARG	4
1	A	154	LYS	3

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	173/182 (95%)	159±3 (92±2%)	14±3 (8±2%)	14 61
2	B	0	-	-	-
All	All	3460/3920 (88%)	3189 (92%)	271 (8%)	14 61

5 of 69 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	123	LYS	20
1	A	144	TYR	20
1	A	148	LYS	13
1	A	173	ASN	12
1	A	82	LEU	12

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is

considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	PTR	B	198	2	15,16,17	1.38±0.02	1±0 (6±0%)
2	PTR	B	205	2	15,16,17	1.38±0.02	1±0 (6±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	PTR	B	198	2	17,22,24	0.88±0.03	1±0 (4±2%)
2	PTR	B	205	2	17,22,24	0.92±0.07	1±0 (5±2%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	PTR	B	198	2	-	0±0,10,11,13	0±0,1,1,1
2	PTR	B	205	2	-	0±0,10,11,13	0±0,1,1,1

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	B	198	PTR	OH-CZ	3.50	1.32	1.40	17	20
2	B	205	PTR	OH-CZ	3.38	1.33	1.40	15	20

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	B	205	PTR	CB-CG-CD1	2.32	116.58	120.90	16	1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	B	198	PTR	O2P-P-O1P	2.30	119.78	110.83	1	15
2	B	205	PTR	O3P-P-O1P	2.25	119.59	110.83	13	16

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 61% for the well-defined parts and 57% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *spt6.STAR*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1706
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1706
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	2

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	152	-0.24 ± 0.16	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	145	-0.34 ± 0.07	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	156	-0.35 ± 0.35	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 61%, i.e. 1669 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2721. 0 out of 35 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	606/932 (65%)	306/377 (81%)	148/374 (40%)	152/181 (84%)
Sidechain	1001/1481 (68%)	679/955 (71%)	322/466 (69%)	0/60 (0%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	62/308 (20%)	39/150 (26%)	23/150 (15%)	0/8 (0%)
Overall	1669/2721 (61%)	1024/1482 (69%)	493/990 (50%)	152/249 (61%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

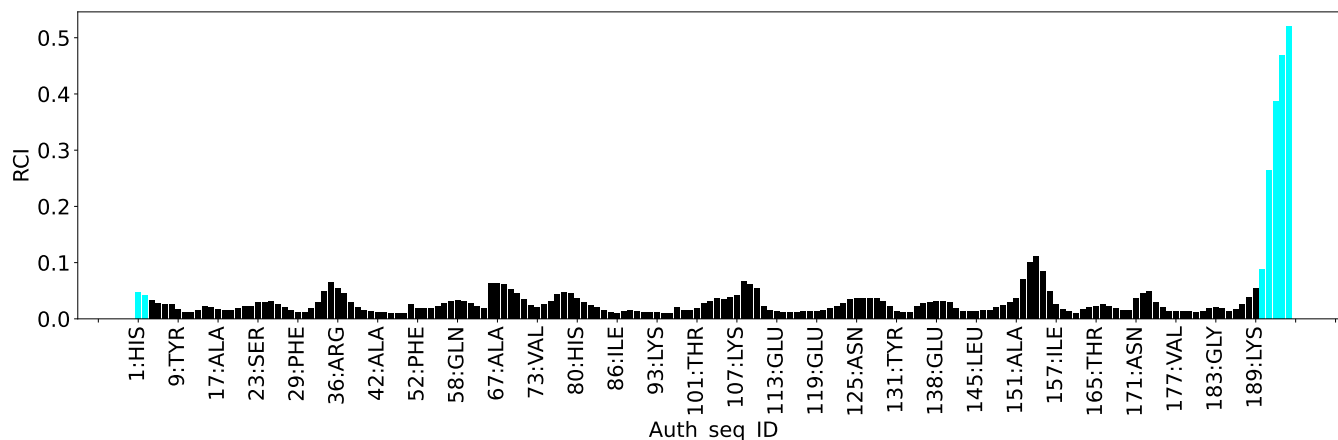
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	107	LYS	HE3	1.48	1.92 – 3.89	-7.2
1	A	107	LYS	HE2	1.59	1.95 – 3.88	-6.8

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



8 NMR restraints analysis

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	1948
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	495
Sequential ($ i-j =1$)	580
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	379
Long range ($ i-j \geq 5$)	494
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	9.2
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	2.3

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	37.3	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	19.2	0.5
>0.5 (Large)	15.8	2.67

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model [i](#)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations

9 Distance violation analysis

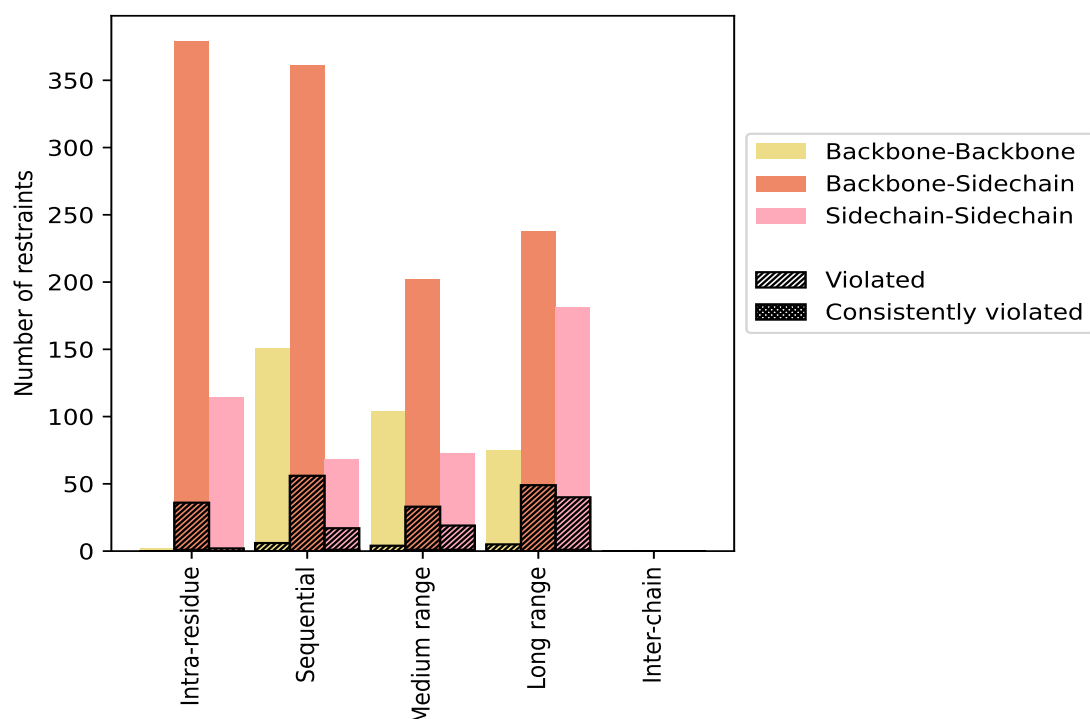
9.1 Summary of distance violations

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restrains type	Count	% ¹	Violated ³			Consistently Violated ⁴		
			Count	% ²	% ¹	Count	% ²	% ¹
Intra-residue ($i-j =0$)	495	25.4	38	7.7	2.0	1	0.2	0.1
Backbone-Backbone	2	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	379	19.5	36	9.5	1.8	1	0.3	0.1
Sidechain-Sidechain	114	5.9	2	1.8	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential ($i-j =1$)	580	29.8	79	13.6	4.1	1	0.2	0.1
Backbone-Backbone	151	7.8	6	4.0	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	361	18.5	56	15.5	2.9	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	68	3.5	17	25.0	0.9	1	1.5	0.1
Medium range ($i-j >1$ & $i-j <5$)	379	19.5	56	14.8	2.9	2	0.5	0.1
Backbone-Backbone	104	5.3	4	3.8	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	202	10.4	33	16.3	1.7	1	0.5	0.1
Sidechain-Sidechain	73	3.7	19	26.0	1.0	1	1.4	0.1
Long range ($i-j \geq 5$)	494	25.4	94	19.0	4.8	1	0.2	0.1
Backbone-Backbone	75	3.9	5	6.7	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	238	12.2	49	20.6	2.5	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	181	9.3	40	22.1	2.1	1	0.6	0.1
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	1948	100.0	267	13.7	13.7	5	0.3	0.3
Backbone-Backbone	332	17.0	15	4.5	0.8	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	1180	60.6	174	14.7	8.9	2	0.2	0.1
Sidechain-Sidechain	436	22.4	78	17.9	4.0	3	0.7	0.2

¹ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models

9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations [i](#)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model [i](#)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD ⁶ (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total				
1	9	26	20	31	0	86	0.45	2.67	0.55	0.18
2	9	23	18	27	0	77	0.33	1.92	0.35	0.18
3	10	24	19	23	0	76	0.32	1.76	0.36	0.17
4	12	23	15	31	0	81	0.33	1.87	0.37	0.19
5	14	24	15	30	0	83	0.47	2.07	0.51	0.21
6	13	21	17	27	0	78	0.35	1.95	0.4	0.18
7	7	19	18	34	0	78	0.39	2.5	0.42	0.24
8	13	24	15	28	0	80	0.42	2.52	0.45	0.21
9	11	18	16	19	0	64	0.37	2.2	0.41	0.2
10	7	22	15	16	0	60	0.4	2.03	0.47	0.18

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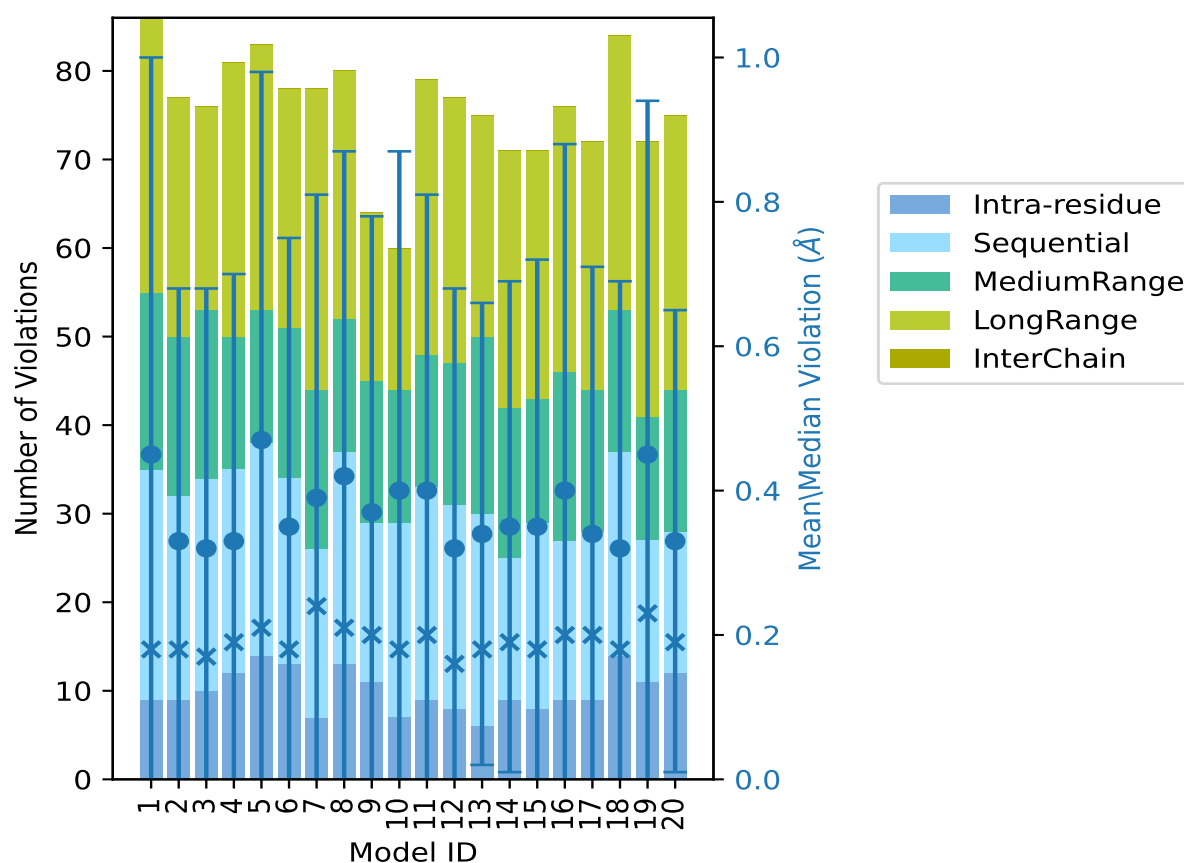
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Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD ⁶ (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total				
11	9	24	15	31	0	79	0.4	1.85	0.41	0.2
12	8	23	16	30	0	77	0.32	1.91	0.36	0.16
13	6	24	20	25	0	75	0.34	1.66	0.32	0.18
14	9	16	17	29	0	71	0.35	1.8	0.34	0.19
15	8	21	14	28	0	71	0.35	1.77	0.37	0.18
16	9	18	19	30	0	76	0.4	2.65	0.48	0.2
17	9	19	16	28	0	72	0.34	1.97	0.37	0.2
18	14	23	16	31	0	84	0.32	2.53	0.37	0.18
19	11	16	14	31	0	72	0.45	2.22	0.49	0.23
20	12	16	16	31	0	75	0.33	1.74	0.32	0.19

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints,

⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model ⓘ



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble

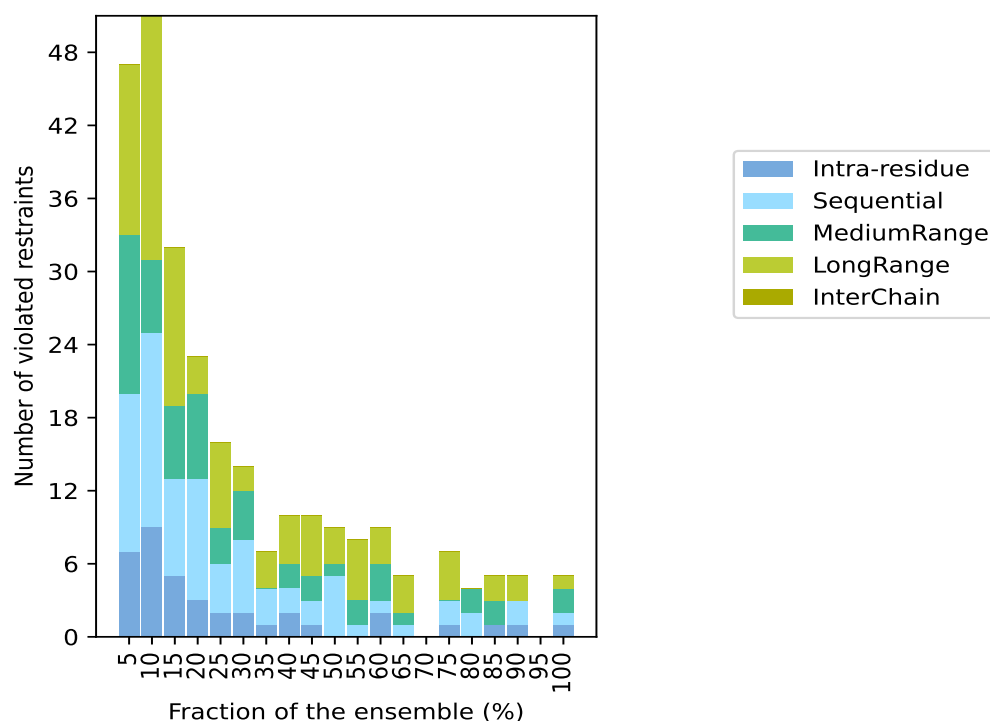
Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 1681(IR:457, SQ:501, MR:323, LR:400, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total	Count ⁶	%
7	13	13	14	0	47	1	5.0
9	16	6	20	0	51	2	10.0
5	8	6	13	0	32	3	15.0
3	10	7	3	0	23	4	20.0
2	4	3	7	0	16	5	25.0
2	6	4	2	0	14	6	30.0
1	3	0	3	0	7	7	35.0
2	2	2	4	0	10	8	40.0
1	2	2	5	0	10	9	45.0
0	5	1	3	0	9	10	50.0
0	1	2	5	0	8	11	55.0
2	1	3	3	0	9	12	60.0
0	1	1	3	0	5	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
1	2	0	4	0	7	15	75.0
0	2	2	0	0	4	16	80.0
1	0	2	2	0	5	17	85.0
1	2	0	2	0	5	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
1	1	2	1	0	5	20	100.0

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints,

⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶ Number of models with violations

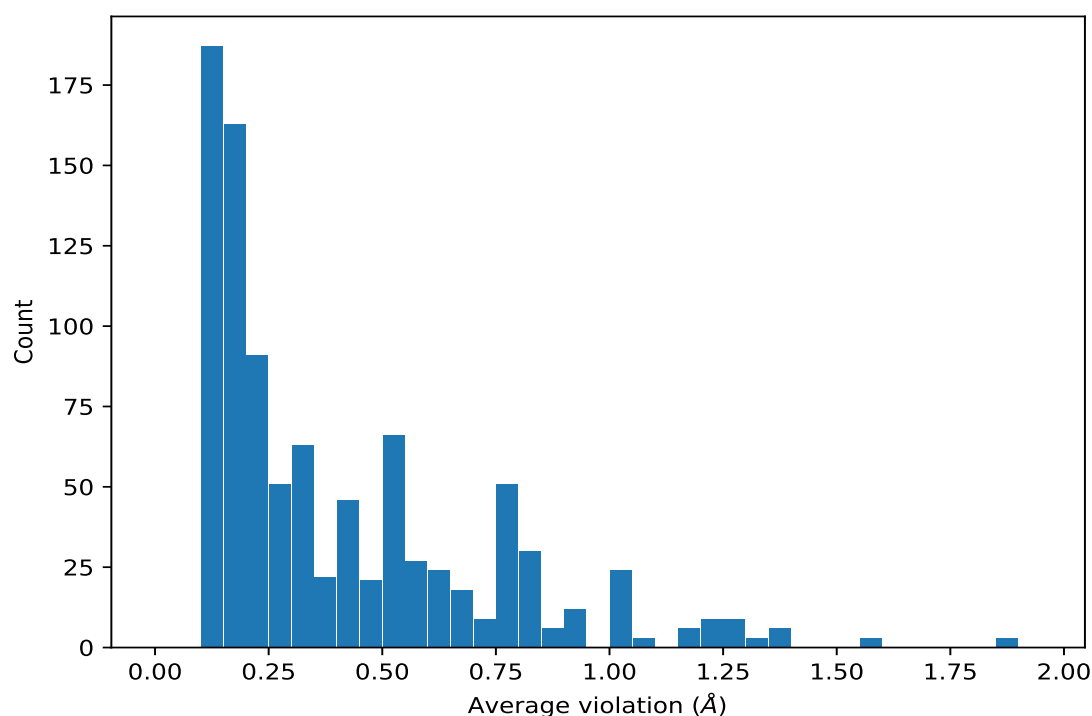
9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)



9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models ¹	Mean (Å)	SD ¹ (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,1535)	1:41:A:LEU:HD11	1:68:A:LEU:HG	20	1.28	0.62	1.37
(1,1535)	1:41:A:LEU:HD12	1:68:A:LEU:HG	20	1.28	0.62	1.37
(1,1535)	1:41:A:LEU:HD13	1:68:A:LEU:HG	20	1.28	0.62	1.37
(1,1535)	1:41:A:LEU:HD21	1:68:A:LEU:HG	20	1.28	0.62	1.37
(1,1535)	1:41:A:LEU:HD22	1:68:A:LEU:HG	20	1.28	0.62	1.37
(1,1535)	1:41:A:LEU:HD23	1:68:A:LEU:HG	20	1.28	0.62	1.37
(1,637)	1:187:A:LEU:HA	1:187:A:LEU:HD11	20	0.57	0.01	0.56
(1,637)	1:187:A:LEU:HA	1:187:A:LEU:HD12	20	0.57	0.01	0.56
(1,637)	1:187:A:LEU:HA	1:187:A:LEU:HD13	20	0.57	0.01	0.56
(1,1938)	1:186:A:THR:HB	1:187:A:LEU:HD11	20	0.32	0.06	0.32
(1,1938)	1:186:A:THR:HB	1:187:A:LEU:HD12	20	0.32	0.06	0.32
(1,1938)	1:186:A:THR:HB	1:187:A:LEU:HD13	20	0.32	0.06	0.32
(1,1938)	1:186:A:THR:HB	1:187:A:LEU:HD21	20	0.32	0.06	0.32
(1,1938)	1:186:A:THR:HB	1:187:A:LEU:HD22	20	0.32	0.06	0.32
(1,1938)	1:186:A:THR:HB	1:187:A:LEU:HD23	20	0.32	0.06	0.32
(1,445)	1:19:A:ASP:HB2	1:21:A:LEU:HD11	20	0.31	0.1	0.32

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models ¹	Mean (Å)	SD ¹ (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,445)	1:19:A:ASP:HB2	1:21:A:LEU:HD12	20	0.31	0.1	0.32
(1,445)	1:19:A:ASP:HB2	1:21:A:LEU:HD13	20	0.31	0.1	0.32
(1,445)	1:19:A:ASP:HB3	1:21:A:LEU:HD11	20	0.31	0.1	0.32
(1,445)	1:19:A:ASP:HB3	1:21:A:LEU:HD12	20	0.31	0.1	0.32
(1,445)	1:19:A:ASP:HB3	1:21:A:LEU:HD13	20	0.31	0.1	0.32
(1,539)	1:110:A:THR:HA	1:113:A:GLU:HG3	20	0.15	0.02	0.16
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD11	1:180:A:LEU:HD11	18	1.0	0.45	0.86
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD11	1:180:A:LEU:HD12	18	1.0	0.45	0.86
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD11	1:180:A:LEU:HD13	18	1.0	0.45	0.86
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD11	1:180:A:LEU:HD21	18	1.0	0.45	0.86
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD11	1:180:A:LEU:HD22	18	1.0	0.45	0.86
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD11	1:180:A:LEU:HD23	18	1.0	0.45	0.86
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD12	1:180:A:LEU:HD11	18	1.0	0.45	0.86
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD12	1:180:A:LEU:HD12	18	1.0	0.45	0.86
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD12	1:180:A:LEU:HD13	18	1.0	0.45	0.86
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD12	1:180:A:LEU:HD21	18	1.0	0.45	0.86
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD12	1:180:A:LEU:HD22	18	1.0	0.45	0.86
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD12	1:180:A:LEU:HD23	18	1.0	0.45	0.86
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD13	1:180:A:LEU:HD11	18	1.0	0.45	0.86
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD13	1:180:A:LEU:HD12	18	1.0	0.45	0.86
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD13	1:180:A:LEU:HD13	18	1.0	0.45	0.86
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD13	1:180:A:LEU:HD21	18	1.0	0.45	0.86
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD13	1:180:A:LEU:HD22	18	1.0	0.45	0.86
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD13	1:180:A:LEU:HD23	18	1.0	0.45	0.86
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD11	1:68:A:LEU:HD11	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD11	1:68:A:LEU:HD12	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD11	1:68:A:LEU:HD13	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD12	1:68:A:LEU:HD11	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD12	1:68:A:LEU:HD12	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD12	1:68:A:LEU:HD13	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD13	1:68:A:LEU:HD11	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD13	1:68:A:LEU:HD12	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD13	1:68:A:LEU:HD13	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD21	1:68:A:LEU:HD11	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD21	1:68:A:LEU:HD12	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD21	1:68:A:LEU:HD13	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD22	1:68:A:LEU:HD11	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD22	1:68:A:LEU:HD12	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD22	1:68:A:LEU:HD13	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD23	1:68:A:LEU:HD11	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD23	1:68:A:LEU:HD12	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD23	1:68:A:LEU:HD13	18	0.79	0.46	0.74

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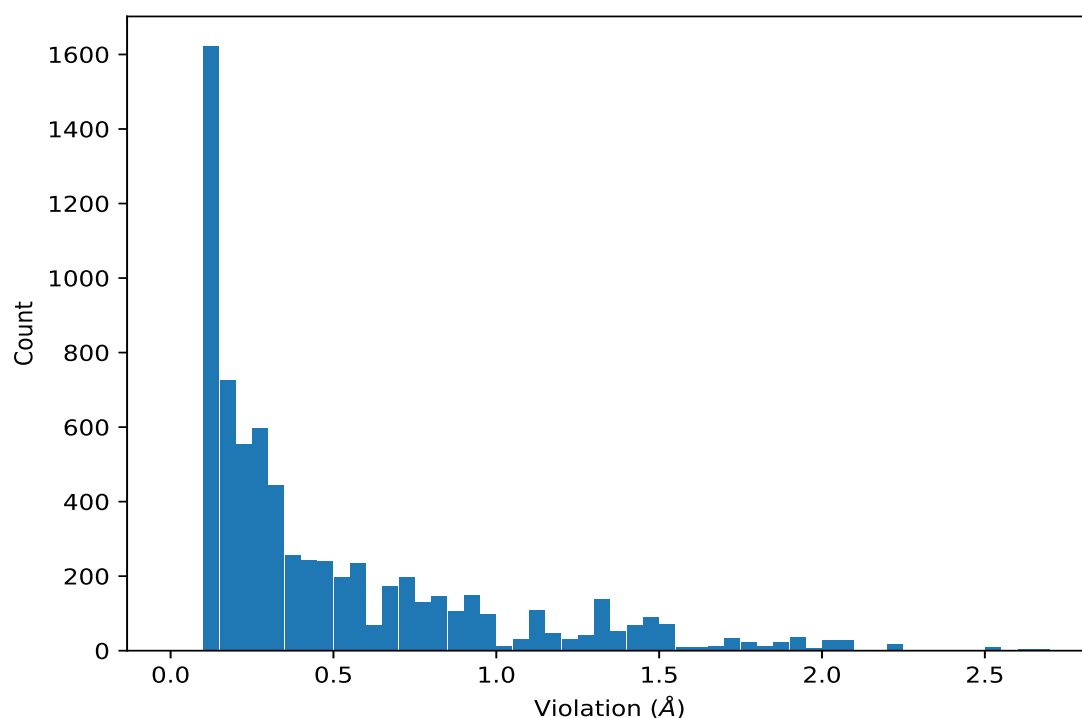
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models ¹	Mean (Å)	SD ¹ (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD11	1:68:A:LEU:HD21	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD11	1:68:A:LEU:HD22	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD11	1:68:A:LEU:HD23	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD12	1:68:A:LEU:HD21	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD12	1:68:A:LEU:HD22	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD12	1:68:A:LEU:HD23	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD13	1:68:A:LEU:HD21	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD13	1:68:A:LEU:HD22	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD13	1:68:A:LEU:HD23	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD21	1:68:A:LEU:HD21	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD21	1:68:A:LEU:HD22	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD21	1:68:A:LEU:HD23	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD22	1:68:A:LEU:HD21	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD22	1:68:A:LEU:HD22	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD22	1:68:A:LEU:HD23	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD23	1:68:A:LEU:HD21	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD23	1:68:A:LEU:HD22	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1536)	1:41:A:LEU:HD23	1:68:A:LEU:HD23	18	0.79	0.46	0.74
(1,1390)	1:185:A:LYS:HD2	1:186:A:THR:H	18	0.19	0.02	0.19
(1,1390)	1:185:A:LYS:HD3	1:186:A:THR:H	18	0.19	0.02	0.19
(1,1400)	1:187:A:LEU:H	1:188:A:LEU:HG	18	0.15	0.03	0.14
(1,1940)	1:187:A:LEU:H	1:187:A:LEU:HD11	18	0.14	0.03	0.14

¹Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints [i](#)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations [i](#)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,534)	1:43:A:ILE:HA	1:82:A:LEU:HD21	1	2.67
(1,534)	1:43:A:ILE:HA	1:82:A:LEU:HD22	1	2.67
(1,534)	1:43:A:ILE:HA	1:82:A:LEU:HD23	1	2.67
(1,534)	1:43:A:ILE:HA	1:82:A:LEU:HD21	16	2.65
(1,534)	1:43:A:ILE:HA	1:82:A:LEU:HD22	16	2.65
(1,534)	1:43:A:ILE:HA	1:82:A:LEU:HD23	16	2.65
(1,659)	1:4:A:ILE:HA	1:68:A:LEU:HD21	18	2.53
(1,659)	1:4:A:ILE:HA	1:68:A:LEU:HD22	18	2.53
(1,659)	1:4:A:ILE:HA	1:68:A:LEU:HD23	18	2.53
(1,534)	1:43:A:ILE:HA	1:82:A:LEU:HD21	8	2.52
(1,534)	1:43:A:ILE:HA	1:82:A:LEU:HD22	8	2.52
(1,534)	1:43:A:ILE:HA	1:82:A:LEU:HD23	8	2.52
(1,534)	1:43:A:ILE:HA	1:82:A:LEU:HD21	7	2.5
(1,534)	1:43:A:ILE:HA	1:82:A:LEU:HD22	7	2.5
(1,534)	1:43:A:ILE:HA	1:82:A:LEU:HD23	7	2.5
(1,1882)	1:158:A:TRP:HD1	1:169:A:LEU:HD11	19	2.22
(1,1882)	1:158:A:TRP:HD1	1:169:A:LEU:HD12	19	2.22

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,1882)	1:158:A:TRP:HD1	1:169:A:LEU:HD13	19	2.22
(1,1882)	1:158:A:TRP:HD1	1:169:A:LEU:HD21	19	2.22
(1,1882)	1:158:A:TRP:HD1	1:169:A:LEU:HD22	19	2.22
(1,1882)	1:158:A:TRP:HD1	1:169:A:LEU:HD23	19	2.22
(1,1535)	1:41:A:LEU:HD11	1:68:A:LEU:HG	1	2.2
(1,1535)	1:41:A:LEU:HD12	1:68:A:LEU:HG	1	2.2
(1,1535)	1:41:A:LEU:HD13	1:68:A:LEU:HG	1	2.2
(1,1535)	1:41:A:LEU:HD21	1:68:A:LEU:HG	1	2.2
(1,1535)	1:41:A:LEU:HD22	1:68:A:LEU:HG	1	2.2
(1,1535)	1:41:A:LEU:HD23	1:68:A:LEU:HG	1	2.2
(1,1535)	1:41:A:LEU:HD11	1:68:A:LEU:HG	9	2.2
(1,1535)	1:41:A:LEU:HD12	1:68:A:LEU:HG	9	2.2
(1,1535)	1:41:A:LEU:HD13	1:68:A:LEU:HG	9	2.2
(1,1535)	1:41:A:LEU:HD21	1:68:A:LEU:HG	9	2.2
(1,1535)	1:41:A:LEU:HD22	1:68:A:LEU:HG	9	2.2
(1,1535)	1:41:A:LEU:HD23	1:68:A:LEU:HG	9	2.2
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD11	1:180:A:LEU:HD11	5	2.07
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD11	1:180:A:LEU:HD12	5	2.07
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD11	1:180:A:LEU:HD13	5	2.07
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD11	1:180:A:LEU:HD21	5	2.07
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD11	1:180:A:LEU:HD22	5	2.07
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD11	1:180:A:LEU:HD23	5	2.07
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD12	1:180:A:LEU:HD11	5	2.07
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD12	1:180:A:LEU:HD12	5	2.07
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD12	1:180:A:LEU:HD13	5	2.07
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD12	1:180:A:LEU:HD21	5	2.07
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD12	1:180:A:LEU:HD22	5	2.07
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD12	1:180:A:LEU:HD23	5	2.07
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD13	1:180:A:LEU:HD11	5	2.07
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD13	1:180:A:LEU:HD12	5	2.07
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD13	1:180:A:LEU:HD13	5	2.07
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD13	1:180:A:LEU:HD21	5	2.07
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD13	1:180:A:LEU:HD22	5	2.07
(1,1714)	1:100:A:LEU:HD13	1:180:A:LEU:HD23	5	2.07
(1,211)	1:82:A:LEU:HD21	1:85:A:ILE:HG21	5	2.07

10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis ⓘ

No dihedral-angle restraints found