



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 14, 2026 – 08:33 AM UTC

PDB ID : 8R1L / pdb_00008r1l
EMDB ID : EMD-18822
Title : Structure of avian H5N1 influenza A polymerase in complex with human ANP32B.
Authors : Carrique, L.; Staller, E.; Keown, J.R.; Fan, H.; Fodor, E.; Grimes, J.M.
Deposited on : 2023-11-02
Resolution : 3.10 Å (reported)
Based on initial models : 6RR7, .

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

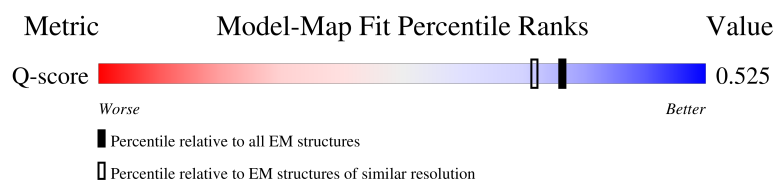
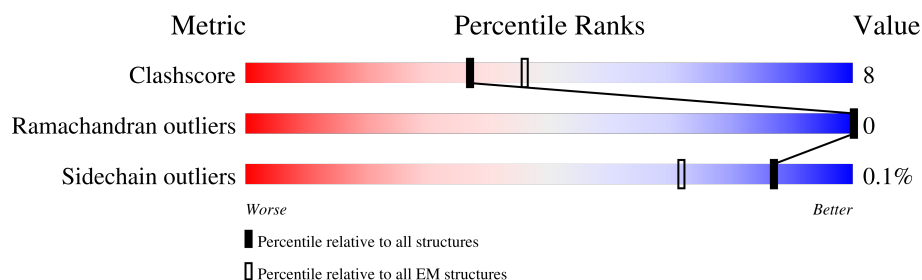
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	14724 (2.60 - 3.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	D	251	12% 53% 10% 37%
2	A	716	• 58% 14% 28%
3	B	757	• 65% 14% 21%
4	C	898	10% • 87%

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 22132 atoms, of which 11056 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Acidic leucine-rich nuclear phosphoprotein 32 family member B.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
1	D	159	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			2578	801	1310	216	245	6		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Polymerase acidic protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
2	A	512	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			8178	2595	4081	694	778	30		

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	MET	-	variant	UNP A5Z236
A	2	GLU	-	variant	UNP A5Z236
A	3	ASP	-	variant	UNP A5Z236
A	556	ARG	GLN	engineered mutation	UNP A5Z236

- Molecule 3 is a protein called RNA-directed RNA polymerase catalytic subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
3	B	599	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			9509	3016	4734	815	908	36		

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

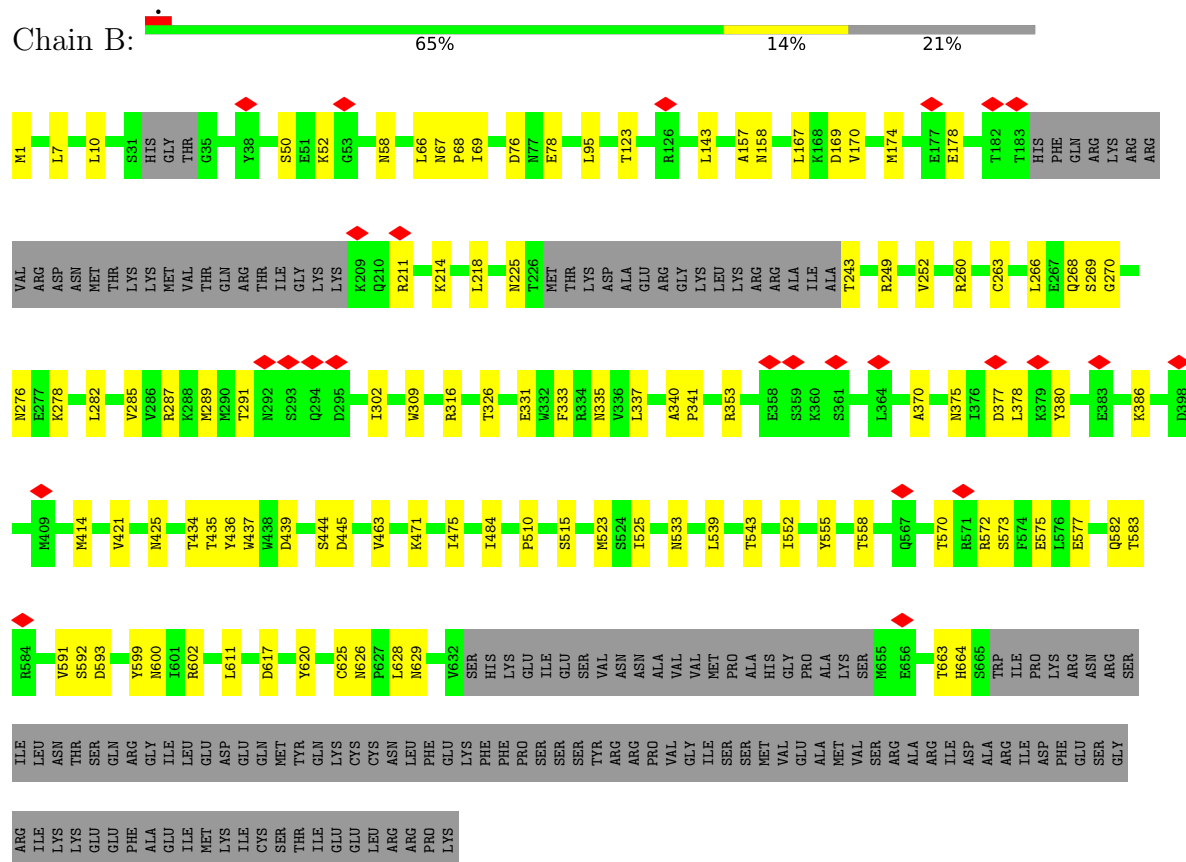
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	1	MET	-	variant	UNP A5Z231
B	2	ASP	-	variant	UNP A5Z231
B	3	VAL	-	variant	UNP A5Z231
B	577	GLU	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP A5Z231

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Polymerase basic protein 2.

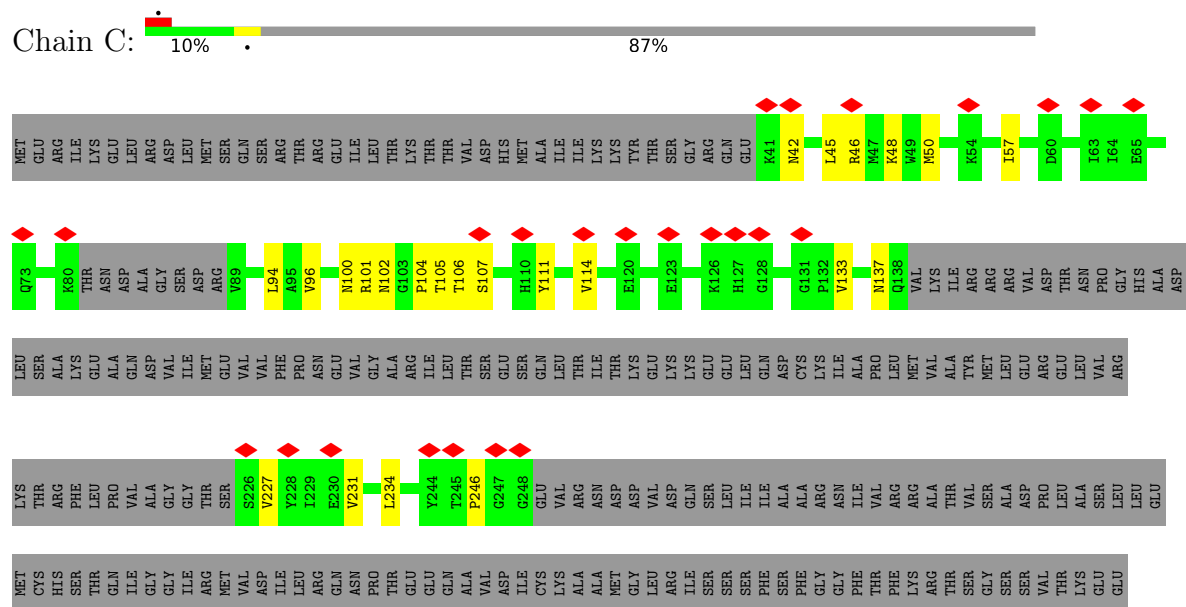
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
4	C	113	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1867	605	931	163	160	8		



• Molecule 3: RNA-directed RNA polymerase catalytic subunit



• Molecule 4: Polymerase basic protein 2



GLY	VAL	GLY	THR	LEU	ARG	SER	LEU	GLY	ILE	VAL
ALA	VAL	GLY	THR	VAL	TYR	GLY	VAL	THR	LEU	PHE
GLN	SER	GLY	GLY	PRO	ALA	MET	PRO	GLY	PRO	SER
ALA	THR	PRO	ALA	LYS	PRO	ARG	LYS	LYS	ASP	GLN
LYS	GLY	ILE	LEU	ALA	LEU	ILE	ALA	THR	MET	GLY
VAL	ASN	LEU	GLN	ALA	SER	LEU	ARG	ILE	PRO	ASP
ASP	GLN	ILE	HIS	ARG	THR	ILE	GLY	THR	THR	CYS
ALA	LEU	ASP	ASP	ILE	LEU	ILE	GLY	THR	SER	ILE
ASN	GLN	GLY	GLY	ASN	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	GLY	GLN
SER	LYS	LEU	LEU	ASN	LEU	SER	TYR	SER	MET	ALA
THR	ALA	ASN	ASP	THR	GLY	PRO	GLY	SER	VAL	VAL
	LYS	ASN	ASN	PHE	LYS	PHE	ASN	THR	LEU	ARG
	ASN	LYS	LYS	VAL	LYS	ARG	GLN	GLY	ARG	GLY
	GLU	GLY	GLY	TYR	GLY	THR	LEU	ILE	VAL	THR
	GLN	GLN	GLU	GLY	GLY	LEU	PHE	ASN	PHE	GLY
	ASN	ASN	GLN	LYS	LYS	VAL	GLN	GLY	VAL	GLU
	ALA	ALA	GLN	LYS	THR	THR	GLN	ILE	THR	GLY
	PHE	PHE	ASN	ASN	ASN	THR	THR	TRP	GLU	HIS
	TYR	THR	ALA	VAL	VAL	ALA	THR	GLY	GLU	ALA
	GLY	GLY	PHE	LEU	ILE	THR	VAL	VAL	THR	THR
	ILE	ILE	GLY	THR	GLY	VAL	LEU	VAL	GLY	GLY
	HIS	HIS	ILE	GLN	ILE	GLY	GLY	ASN	THR	LEU
	LEU	LEU	LEU	GLY	LYS	PHE	THR	ASN	SER	GLN
	PRO	PRO	HIS	VAL	ASP	ASN	ASN	TYR	SER	PRO
	ASN	ASN	LEU	ASP	VAL	ALA	THR	GLN	THR	ALA
	LEU	LEU	PRO	THR	VAL	ASP	THR	GLY	ILE	THR
	ASN	ASN	ASN	ALA	VAL	ALA	THR	TRP	GLU	ALA
	GLU	GLU	ASN	GLY	LYS	GLY	VAL	ASN	ARG	GLY
	GLN	GLN	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	GLN	ILE	VAL	LEU
	ASN	ASN	GLN	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLN	ARG	LEU	ILE
	ALA	ALA	GLN	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLN	TRP	VAL	GLN
	PHE	PHE	ASN	GLY	ASN	THR	GLN	GLY	THR	GLY
	TYR	THR	GLY	GLY	LYS	VAL	GLN	ILE	ARG	THR
	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	GLY	VAL	THR	GLY
	TYR	THR	GLY	PHE	GLY	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR
	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR
	ASN	ASN	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR
	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR
	ILE	ILE	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR
	ALA	ALA	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR
	LYS	LYS	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR
	LEU	LEU	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR
	ASN	ASN	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR
	ALA	ALA	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR
	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR
	THR	THR	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	VAL	THR	THR	THR

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	63000	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	5000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	24000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	TFS FALCON 4i (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	2.013	Depositor
Minimum map value	-1.614	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.047	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.248	Depositor
Map size (Å)	279.6, 279.6, 279.6	wwPDB
Map dimensions	300, 300, 300	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.93200004, 0.93200004, 0.93200004	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	D	0.09	0/1284	0.25	0/1730
2	A	0.12	0/4182	0.28	0/5637
3	B	0.11	0/4869	0.27	0/6578
4	C	0.14	0/964	0.32	0/1305
All	All	0.11	0/11299	0.28	0/15250

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
3	B	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
3	B	52	LYS	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	D	1268	1310	1310	15	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	4097	4081	4081	79	0
3	B	4775	4734	4734	82	0
4	C	936	931	931	22	0
All	All	11076	11056	11056	169	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 169 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:96:SER:OG	1:D:119:ASP:OD2	1.90	0.90
3:B:270:GLY:O	3:B:278:LYS:NZ	2.16	0.79
3:B:626:ASN:ND2	4:C:104:PRO:O	2.17	0.77
1:D:59:ASN:O	1:D:59:ASN:ND2	2.19	0.75
2:A:431:ASP:OD1	3:B:600:ASN:ND2	2.19	0.75

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	D	157/251 (62%)	152 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
2	A	508/716 (71%)	482 (95%)	26 (5%)	0	100	100
3	B	589/757 (78%)	559 (95%)	30 (5%)	0	100	100
4	C	107/898 (12%)	101 (94%)	6 (6%)	0	100	100
All	All	1361/2622 (52%)	1294 (95%)	67 (5%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	D	147/229 (64%)	146 (99%)	1 (1%)	76	82
2	A	456/641 (71%)	456 (100%)	0	100	100
3	B	529/670 (79%)	529 (100%)	0	100	100
4	C	102/782 (13%)	102 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1234/2322 (53%)	1233 (100%)	1 (0%)	87	90

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	59	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 6 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	B	268	GLN
4	C	42	ASN
4	C	137	ASN
2	A	547	ASN
2	A	392	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

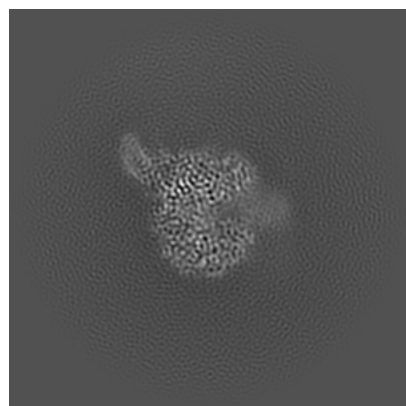
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-18822. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

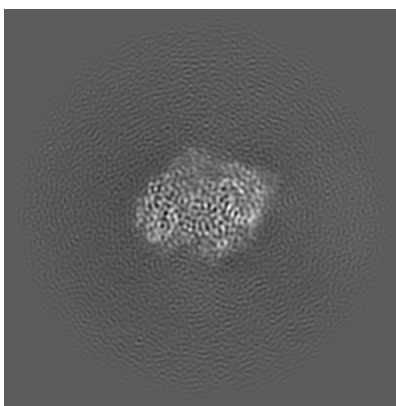
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

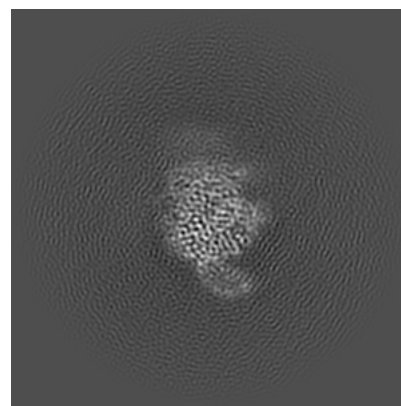
6.1.1 Primary map



X

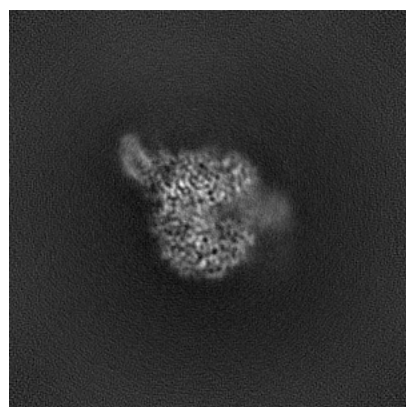


Y

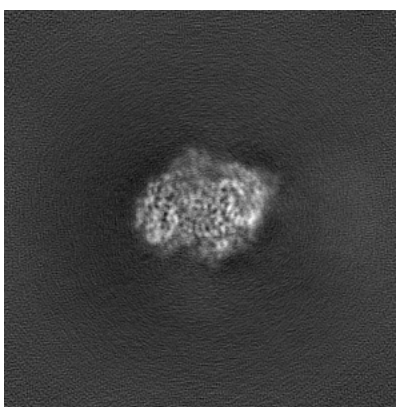


Z

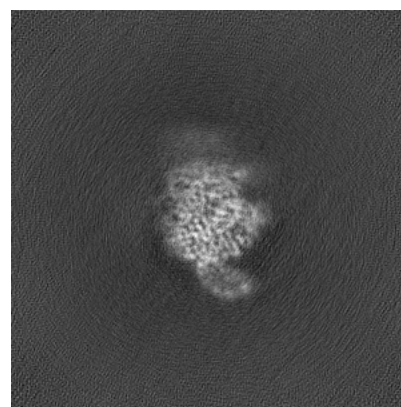
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

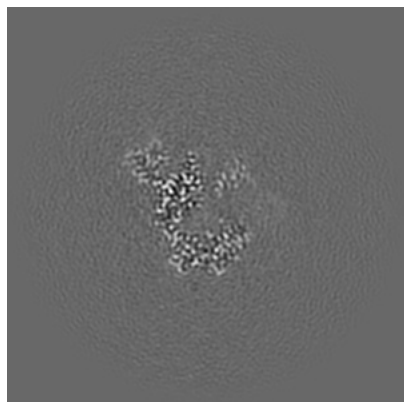


Z

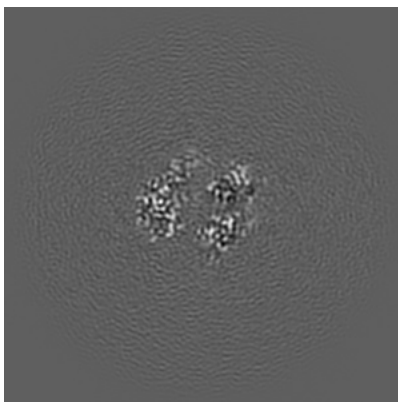
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

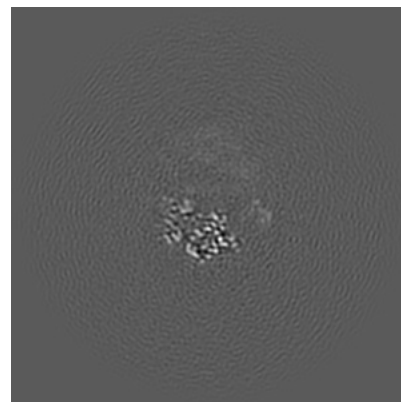
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 150

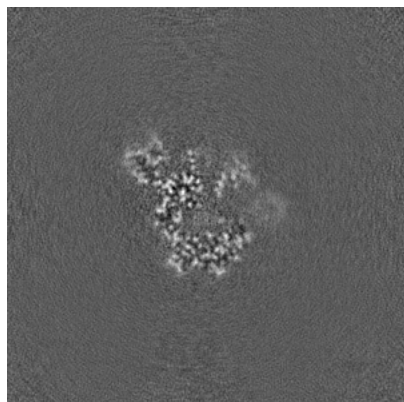


Y Index: 150

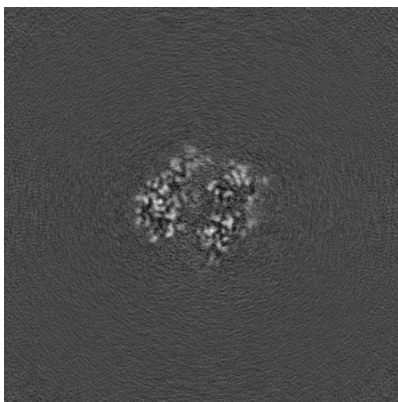


Z Index: 150

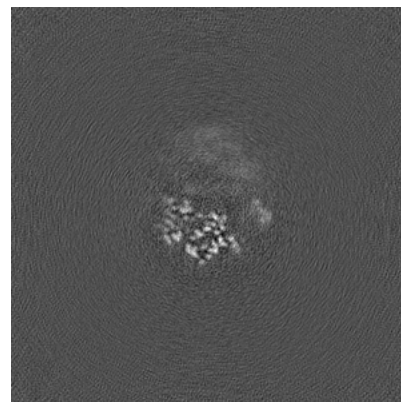
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 150



Y Index: 150

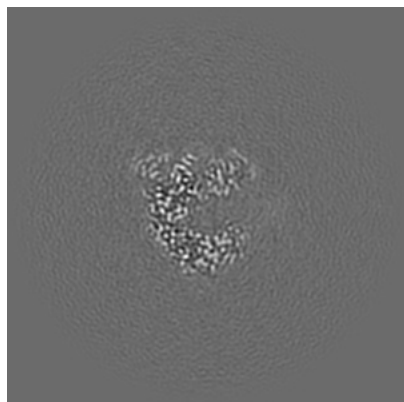


Z Index: 150

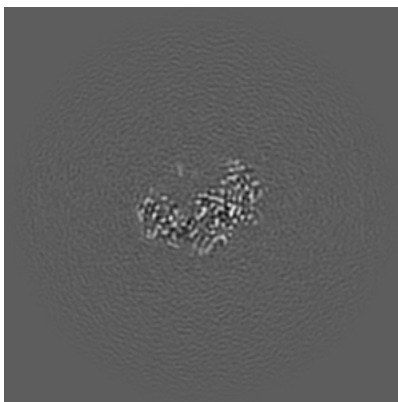
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

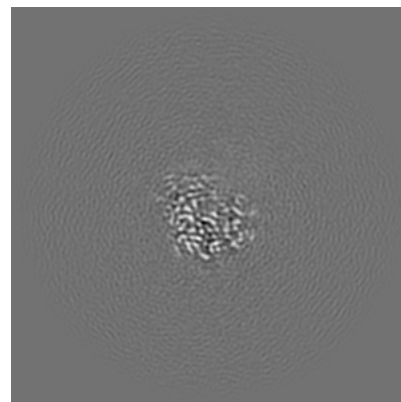
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 143

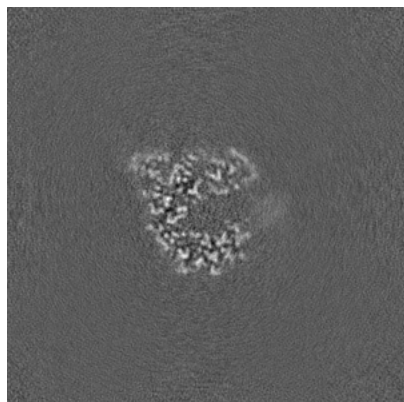


Y Index: 133

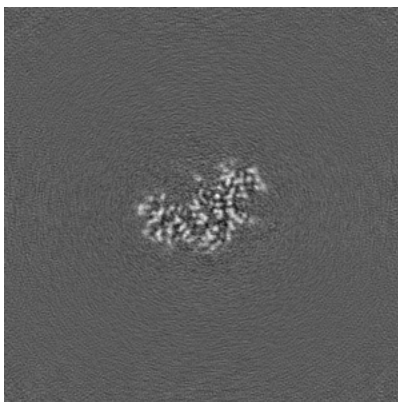


Z Index: 164

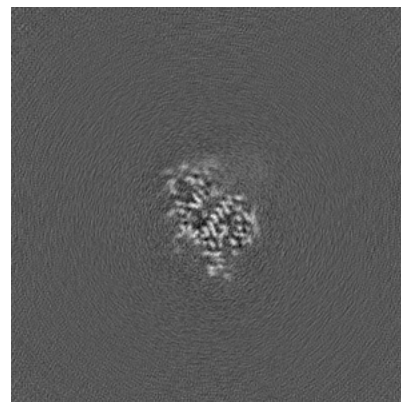
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 144



Y Index: 129

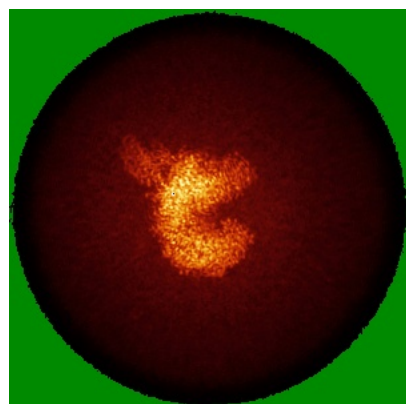


Z Index: 169

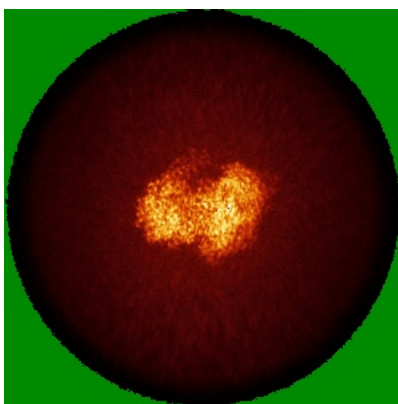
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

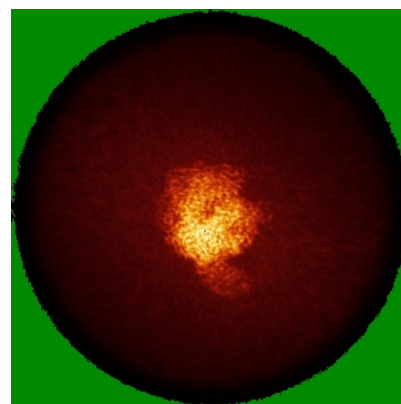
6.4.1 Primary map



X

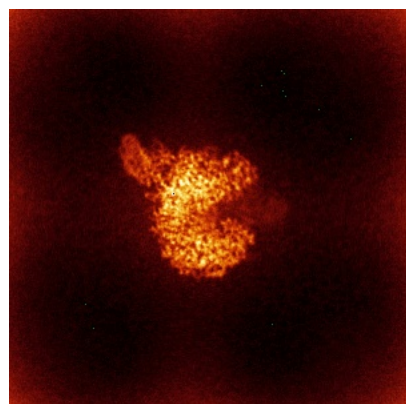


Y

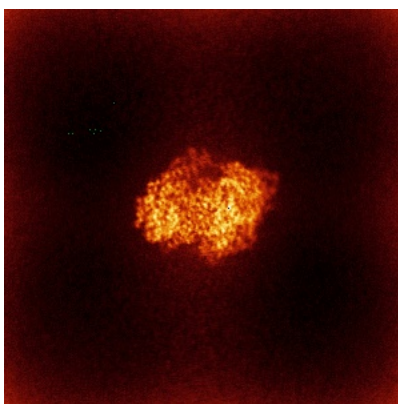


Z

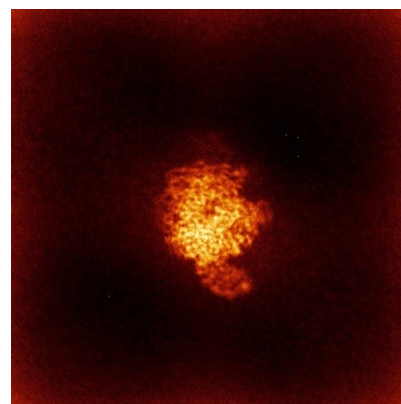
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

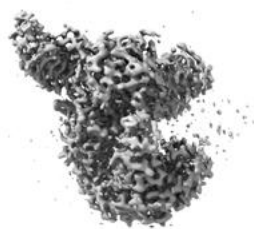


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.248. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

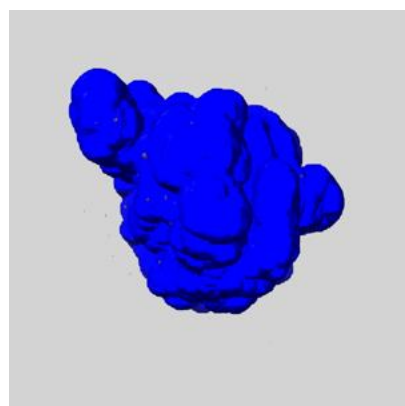
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

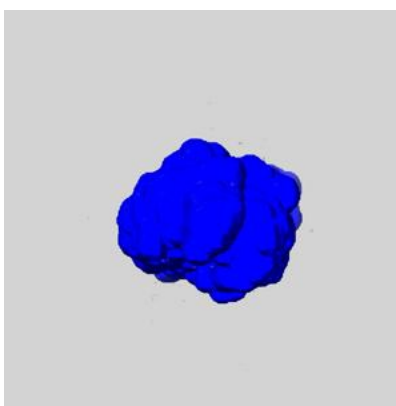
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

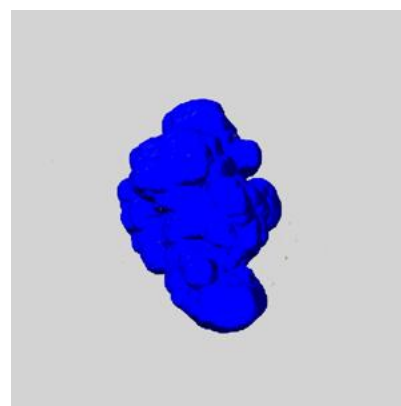
6.6.1 emd_18822_msk_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

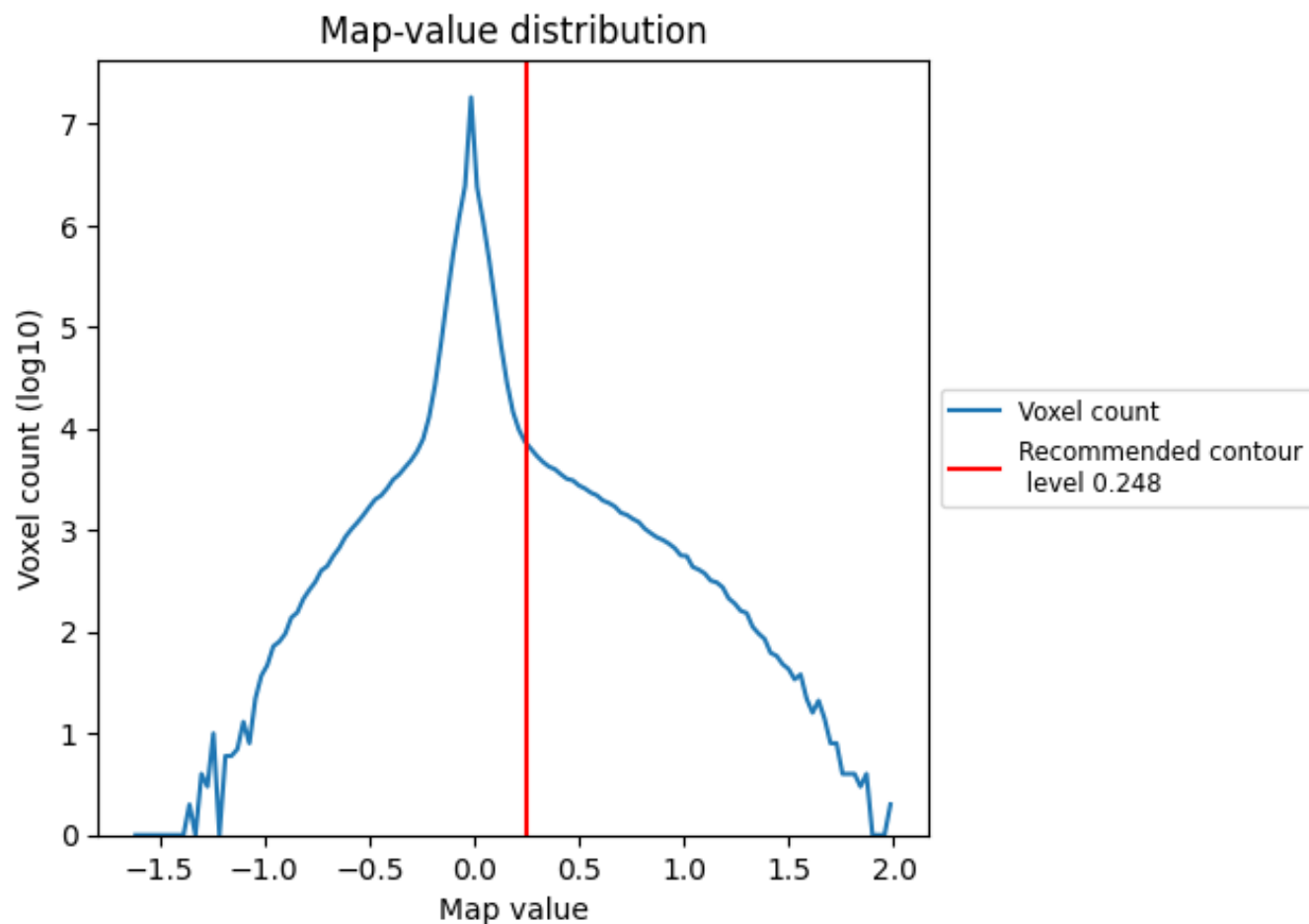


Z

7 Map analysis [i](#)

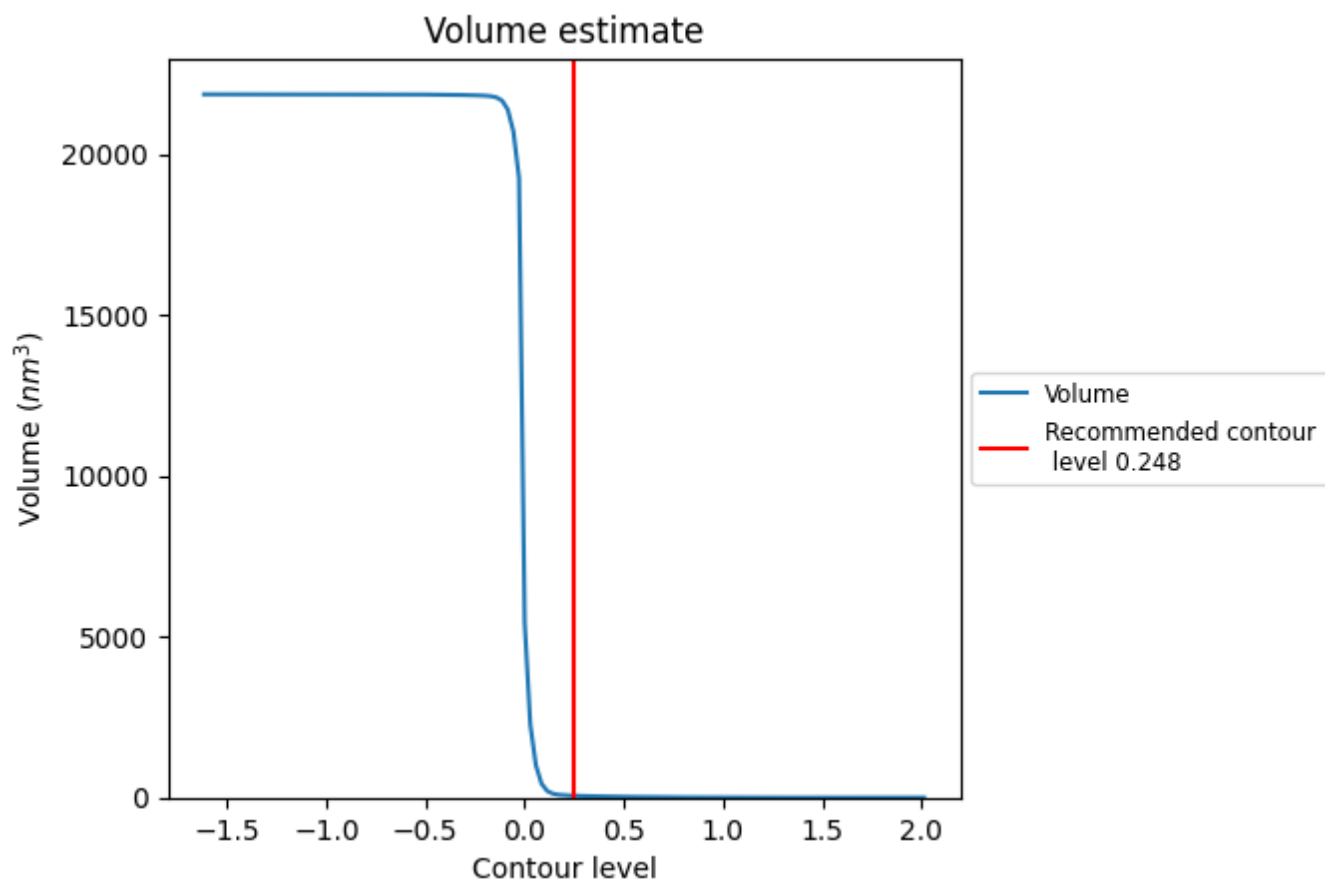
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

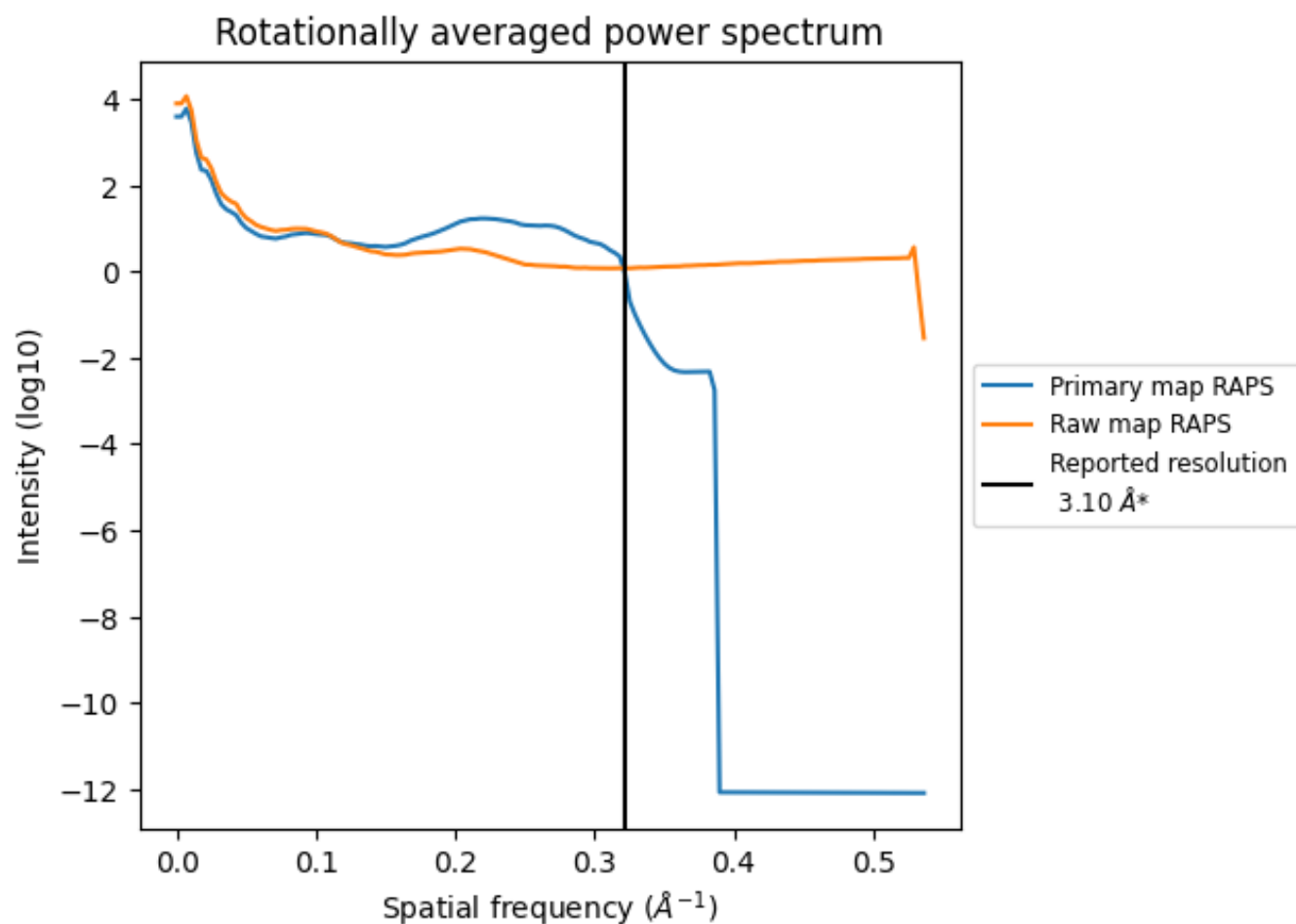
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 57 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 52 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

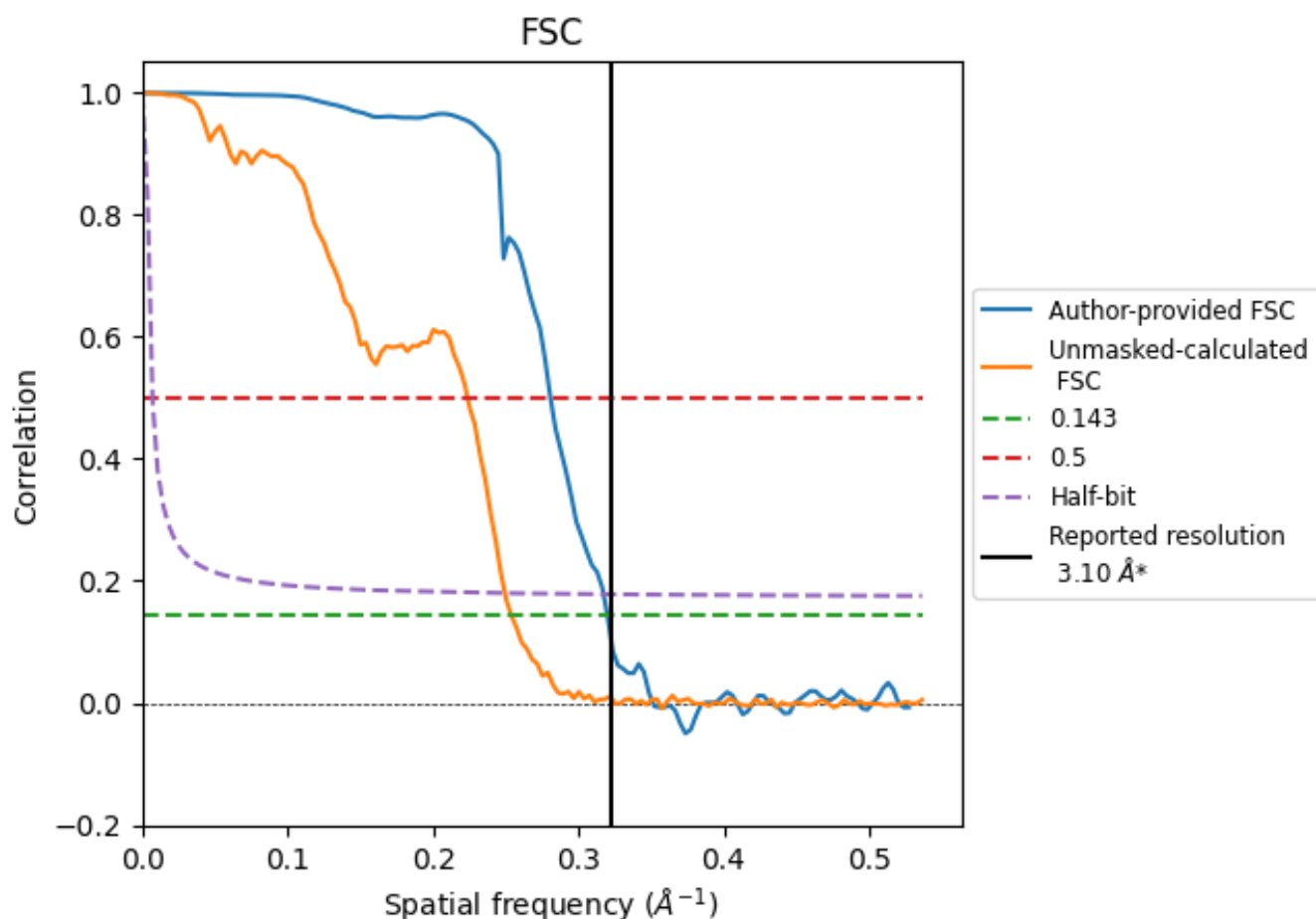


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.323 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of $0.323 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

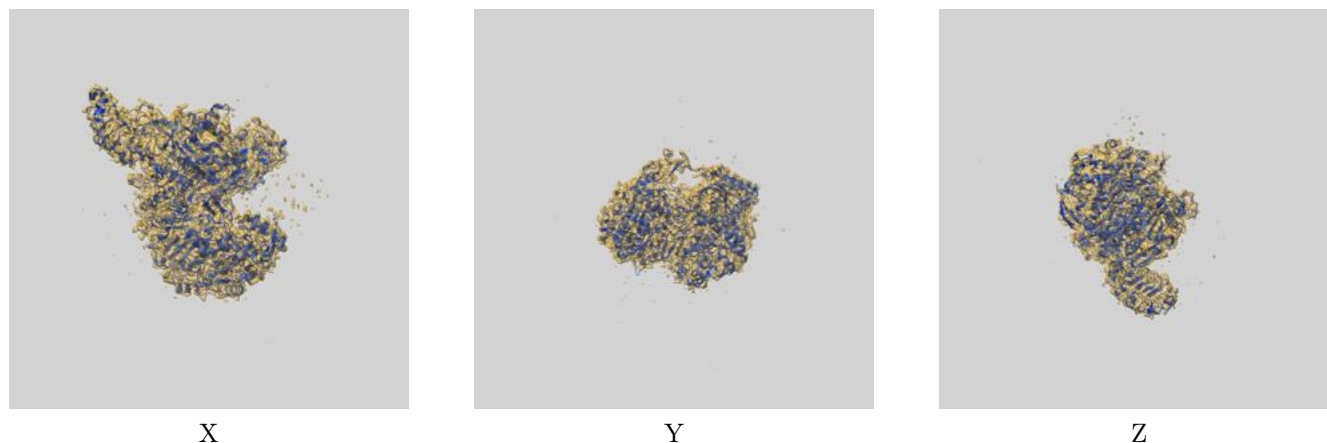
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.10	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.12	3.56	3.15
Unmasked-calculated*	3.94	4.47	4.01

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.94 differs from the reported value 3.1 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

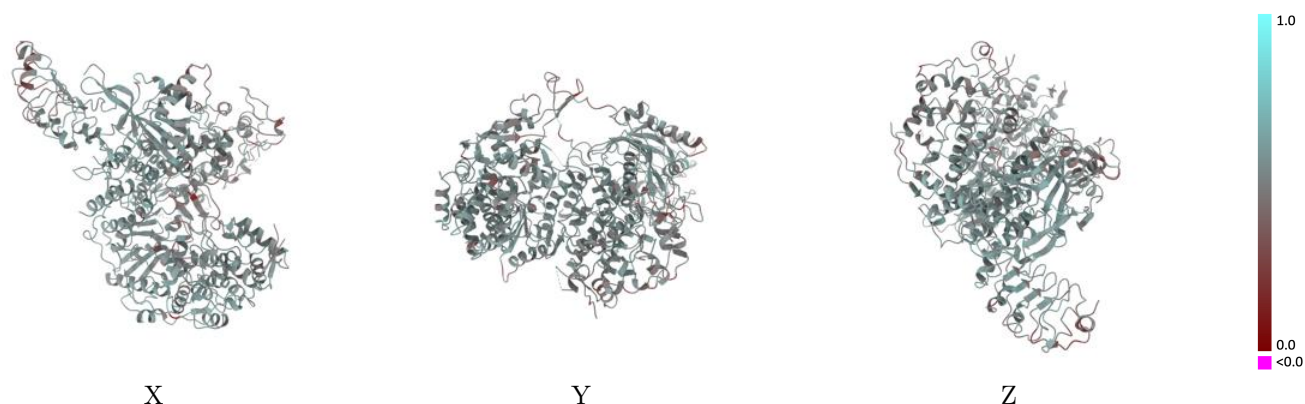
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-18822 and PDB model 8R1L. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 5](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



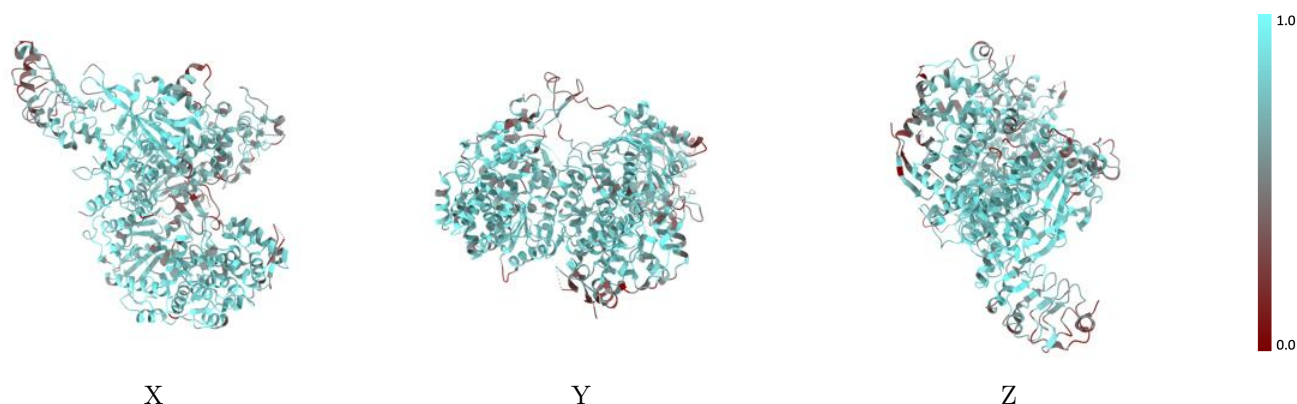
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.248 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



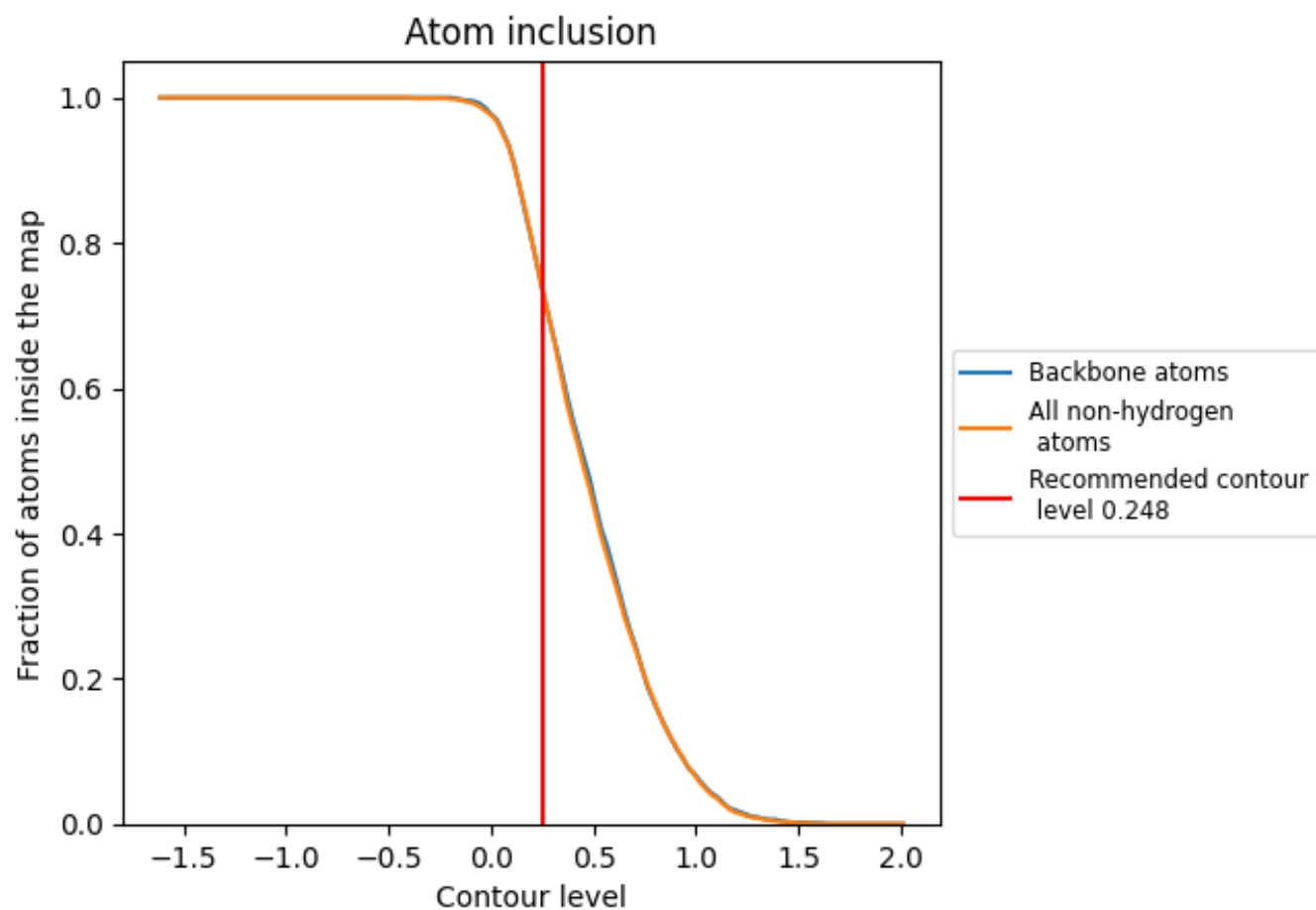
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.248).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 74% of all backbone atoms, 74% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.248) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7410	0.5250
A	0.7830	0.5410
B	0.7810	0.5290
C	0.5880	0.4730
D	0.6260	0.5000

