



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 6, 2026 – 12:54 PM UTC

PDB ID : 3R5M / pdb_00003r5m
Title : Crystal structure of RXRalphaLBD complexed with the agonist magnolol
Authors : Zhang, H.; Chen, L.; Chen, J.; Hu, L.; Jiang, H.; Shen, X.
Deposited on : 2011-03-18
Resolution : 2.80 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

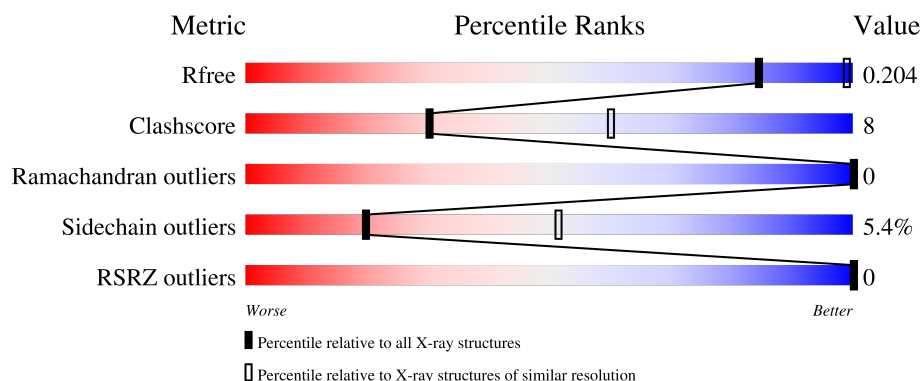
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	3866 (2.80-2.80)
Clashscore	190562	4276 (2.80-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	4196 (2.80-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	187428	4198 (2.80-2.80)
RSRZ outliers	180081	3869 (2.80-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	240	 69% 18% 10%
1	C	240	 68% 18% 11%
2	B	10	 80% 20%
2	D	10	 70% 20% 10%

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3665 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

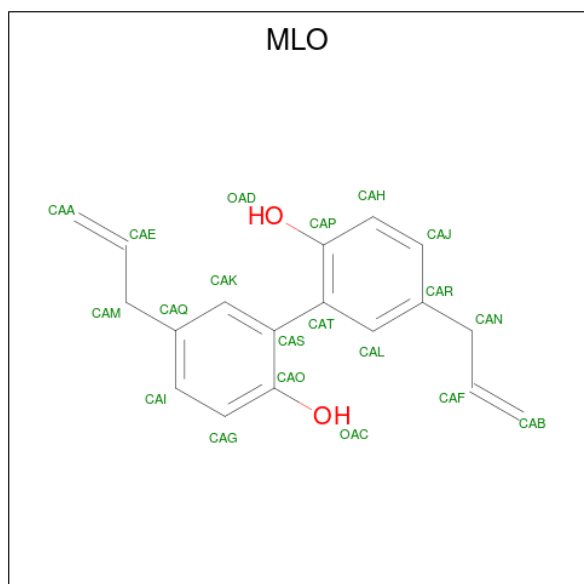
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Retinoic acid receptor RXR-alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	215	Total	C	N	O	S	14	0	0
			1697	1088	291	308	10			
1	C	213	Total	C	N	O	S	2	0	0
			1682	1079	288	305	10			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Nuclear receptor coactivator 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	10	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			89	57	19	13			
2	D	10	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			89	57	19	13			

- Molecule 3 is 5,5'-di(prop-2-en-1-yl)biphenyl-2,2'-diol (CCD ID: MLO) (formula: C₁₈H₁₈O₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			20	18	2		
3	C	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			20	18	2		

- Molecule 4 is water.

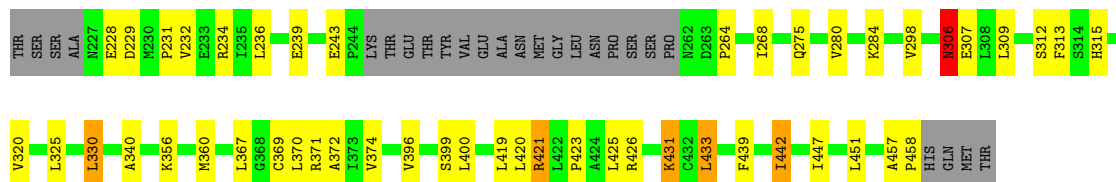
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	33	Total	O	0	0
			33	33		
4	B	2	Total	O	0	0
			2	2		
4	C	29	Total	O	0	0
			29	29		
4	D	4	Total	O	0	0
			4	4		

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

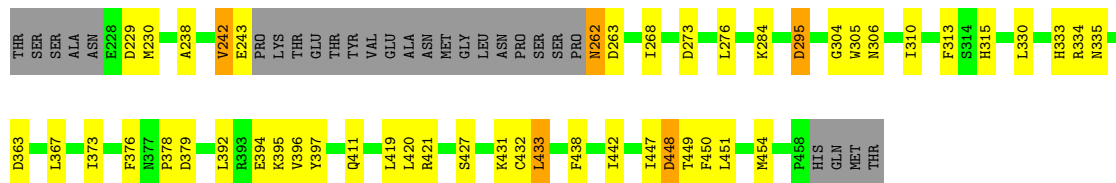
• Molecule 1: Retinoic acid receptor RXR-alpha

Chain A: 



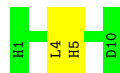
• Molecule 1: Retinoic acid receptor RXR-alpha

Chain C: 



• Molecule 2: Nuclear receptor coactivator 2

Chain B: 



• Molecule 2: Nuclear receptor coactivator 2

Chain D: 



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	65.95Å 65.83Å 110.29Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	56.60 – 2.80 56.60 – 2.80	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.8 (56.60-2.80) 98.5 (56.60-2.80)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.06	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.43 (at 2.81Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.249 , 0.293 0.206 , 0.204	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	595 reflections (4.76%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	47.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.462	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.33 , 23.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.449 for k,h,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	3665	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	46.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.17% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MLO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	1.40	5/1731 (0.3%)	1.34	11/2342 (0.5%)
1	C	1.20	2/1715 (0.1%)	1.05	3/2319 (0.1%)
2	B	0.42	0/90	0.88	0/119
2	D	0.49	0/90	0.80	0/119
All	All	1.28	7/3626 (0.2%)	1.19	14/4899 (0.3%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	C	0	1

All (7) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	243	GLU	CD-OE1	-34.61	0.59	1.25
1	C	295	ASP	CG-OD2	33.09	1.88	1.25
1	C	295	ASP	CG-OD1	-30.09	0.68	1.25
1	A	229	ASP	CB-CG	24.79	2.14	1.52
1	A	330	LEU	CG-CD2	-19.61	0.87	1.52
1	A	243	GLU	CD-OE2	19.38	1.62	1.25
1	A	228	GLU	CB-CG	12.84	1.91	1.52

All (14) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	229	ASP	CA-CB-CG	-32.52	80.08	112.60
1	A	330	LEU	CD1-CG-CD2	20.73	156.40	110.80

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	295	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-18.98	74.73	118.40
1	A	243	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	18.67	167.70	122.90
1	C	295	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	16.06	155.34	118.40
1	A	243	GLU	CG-CD-OE2	-14.22	85.70	118.40
1	A	306	ASN	N-CA-C	10.41	122.21	111.07
1	A	330	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	-8.77	84.39	110.70
1	A	243	GLU	CG-CD-OE1	-7.75	100.58	118.40
1	C	295	ASP	OD1-CG-OD2	-7.00	106.09	122.90
1	A	306	ASN	CB-CA-C	-6.07	101.35	110.88
1	A	229	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.48	130.99	118.40
1	A	229	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.41	105.96	118.40
1	A	228	GLU	CA-CB-CG	-5.31	103.47	114.10

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	C	295	ASP	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1697	0	1727	28	0
1	C	1682	0	1714	36	0
2	B	89	0	98	2	0
2	D	89	0	98	3	0
3	A	20	0	16	2	0
3	C	20	0	16	3	0
4	A	33	0	0	0	0
4	B	2	0	0	0	0
4	C	29	0	0	1	0
4	D	4	0	0	0	0
All	All	3665	0	3669	61	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (61) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:243:GLU:O	1:C:243:GLU:CG	2.30	0.76
1:A:268:ILE:HG23	3:A:1:MLO:HAL	1.72	0.71
1:C:310:ILE:HA	1:C:313:PHE:CE2	2.26	0.71
1:C:242:VAL:O	1:C:243:GLU:C	2.33	0.70
1:C:432:CYS:SG	3:C:1:MLO:OAC	2.49	0.70
1:C:230:MET:HG2	1:C:396:VAL:HA	1.72	0.70
1:C:373:ILE:HD11	1:C:397:TYR:HB3	1.75	0.69
1:C:268:ILE:HG23	3:C:1:MLO:HAK	1.76	0.66
1:C:243:GLU:O	1:C:243:GLU:HG2	1.97	0.64
1:A:356:LYS:O	1:A:360:MET:HG2	1.99	0.63
1:A:421:ARG:HH22	1:C:379:ASP:CG	2.08	0.61
1:A:268:ILE:HG23	3:A:1:MLO:CAL	2.33	0.58
1:C:305:TRP:CD1	1:C:454:MET:HE3	2.38	0.58
1:A:426:ARG:HH11	1:C:427:SER:HB2	1.68	0.58
1:C:333:HIS:HD2	1:C:335:ASN:H	1.52	0.57
1:A:447:ILE:HG23	1:A:451:LEU:HD23	1.86	0.57
1:A:307:GLU:HB3	1:A:425:LEU:HG	1.86	0.57
1:A:439:PHE:O	1:A:442:ILE:O	2.24	0.56
1:C:243:GLU:O	1:C:243:GLU:HG3	2.07	0.55
1:A:280:VAL:O	1:A:284:LYS:HG3	2.08	0.53
1:A:264:PRO:HG2	1:A:340:ALA:HB2	1.90	0.53
1:A:231:PRO:HG2	1:A:234:ARG:HD3	1.89	0.53
1:C:273:ASP:CG	1:C:448:ASP:HB2	2.36	0.51
1:A:370:LEU:O	1:A:374:VAL:HG23	2.11	0.51
1:C:376:PHE:O	1:C:378:PRO:HD3	2.11	0.51
1:A:369:CYS:HB2	1:A:400:LEU:HD13	1.94	0.50
1:C:315:HIS:CG	1:C:367:LEU:HD22	2.46	0.50
1:A:419:LEU:HD22	1:C:420:LEU:HD21	1.93	0.49
1:A:275:GLN:HB3	1:A:309:LEU:HD22	1.94	0.49
1:A:372:ALA:HB3	1:A:396:VAL:HG11	1.94	0.49
1:C:230:MET:HB2	1:C:395:LYS:HB3	1.95	0.48
1:A:239:GLU:OE2	1:A:371:ARG:HD3	2.13	0.48
1:C:304:GLY:O	1:C:305:TRP:C	2.56	0.48
1:A:420:LEU:HD21	1:C:419:LEU:HD22	1.97	0.47
2:D:1:HIS:CD2	2:D:5:HIS:CE1	3.02	0.47
1:C:438:PHE:CZ	1:C:442:ILE:HG13	2.49	0.47
1:C:268:ILE:CG2	3:C:1:MLO:HAK	2.44	0.46
1:C:276:LEU:HB3	1:C:450:PHE:CE1	2.50	0.46
1:A:306:ASN:OD1	1:A:433:LEU:HG	2.15	0.45
1:A:298:VAL:HG21	2:B:5:HIS:CE1	2.51	0.45

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:313:PHE:C	1:A:313:PHE:CD1	2.94	0.45
2:D:1:HIS:HD2	2:D:5:HIS:CE1	2.35	0.45
1:C:392:LEU:O	1:C:396:VAL:HG23	2.17	0.45
1:C:394:GLU:HA	1:C:397:TYR:CE2	2.52	0.44
1:C:447:ILE:HG23	1:C:451:LEU:HD23	1.99	0.44
1:C:284:LYS:NZ	2:D:7:LEU:O	2.52	0.43
1:C:306:ASN:HB2	4:C:20:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:C:276:LEU:HB3	1:C:450:PHE:CD1	2.54	0.43
1:C:262:ASN:HB2	1:C:263:ASP:H	1.63	0.43
1:A:232:VAL:HG13	1:A:399:SER:HB3	1.99	0.42
1:A:315:HIS:HB2	1:A:367:LEU:HD13	2.01	0.42
1:A:457:ALA:O	1:A:458:PRO:C	2.63	0.42
1:C:363:ASP:C	1:C:363:ASP:OD1	2.62	0.42
1:A:421:ARG:NH2	1:C:379:ASP:OD1	2.47	0.42
1:C:397:TYR:C	1:C:397:TYR:CD1	2.97	0.42
1:A:431:LYS:HD3	1:A:431:LYS:HA	1.86	0.42
1:C:431:LYS:HA	1:C:431:LYS:HD2	1.77	0.41
1:C:306:ASN:ND2	1:C:433:LEU:HG	2.34	0.41
1:A:298:VAL:HG13	2:B:4:LEU:HD23	2.02	0.41
1:C:238:ALA:O	1:C:242:VAL:HG22	2.21	0.40
1:A:420:LEU:O	1:A:423:PRO:HD2	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	211/240 (88%)	202 (96%)	9 (4%)	0	100	100
1	C	209/240 (87%)	198 (95%)	11 (5%)	0	100	100
2	B	8/10 (80%)	8 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	D	8/10 (80%)	6 (75%)	2 (25%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
All	All	436/500 (87%)	414 (95%)	22 (5%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	185/207 (89%)	175 (95%)	10 (5%)	20	51
1	C	183/207 (88%)	173 (94%)	10 (6%)	19	51
2	B	10/10 (100%)	10 (100%)	0	100	100
2	D	10/10 (100%)	9 (90%)	1 (10%)	7	24
All	All	388/434 (89%)	367 (95%)	21 (5%)	20	51

All (21) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	236	LEU
1	A	306	ASN
1	A	312	SER
1	A	320	VAL
1	A	325	LEU
1	A	330	LEU
1	A	421	ARG
1	A	431	LYS
1	A	433	LEU
1	A	442	ILE
1	C	229	ASP
1	C	242	VAL
1	C	262	ASN
1	C	330	LEU
1	C	334	ARG
1	C	411	GLN
1	C	421	ARG

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	433	LEU
1	C	448	ASP
1	C	449	THR
2	D	1	HIS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (9) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	270	GLN
1	A	333	HIS
1	A	361	GLN
1	A	435	HIS
1	C	275	GLN
1	C	333	HIS
1	C	335	ASN
2	D	1	HIS
2	D	5	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
3	MLO	C	1	-	21,21,21	1.39	2 (9%)	28,28,28	0.72	0
3	MLO	A	1	-	21,21,21	1.29	2 (9%)	28,28,28	0.65	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	MLO	C	1	-	-	1/10/10/10	0/2/2/2
3	MLO	A	1	-	-	3/10/10/10	0/2/2/2

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	C	1	MLO	CAT-CAS	-4.43	1.41	1.49
3	A	1	MLO	CAT-CAS	-4.15	1.41	1.49
3	C	1	MLO	CAA-CAE	3.23	1.49	1.29
3	A	1	MLO	CAB-CAF	2.39	1.44	1.29

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

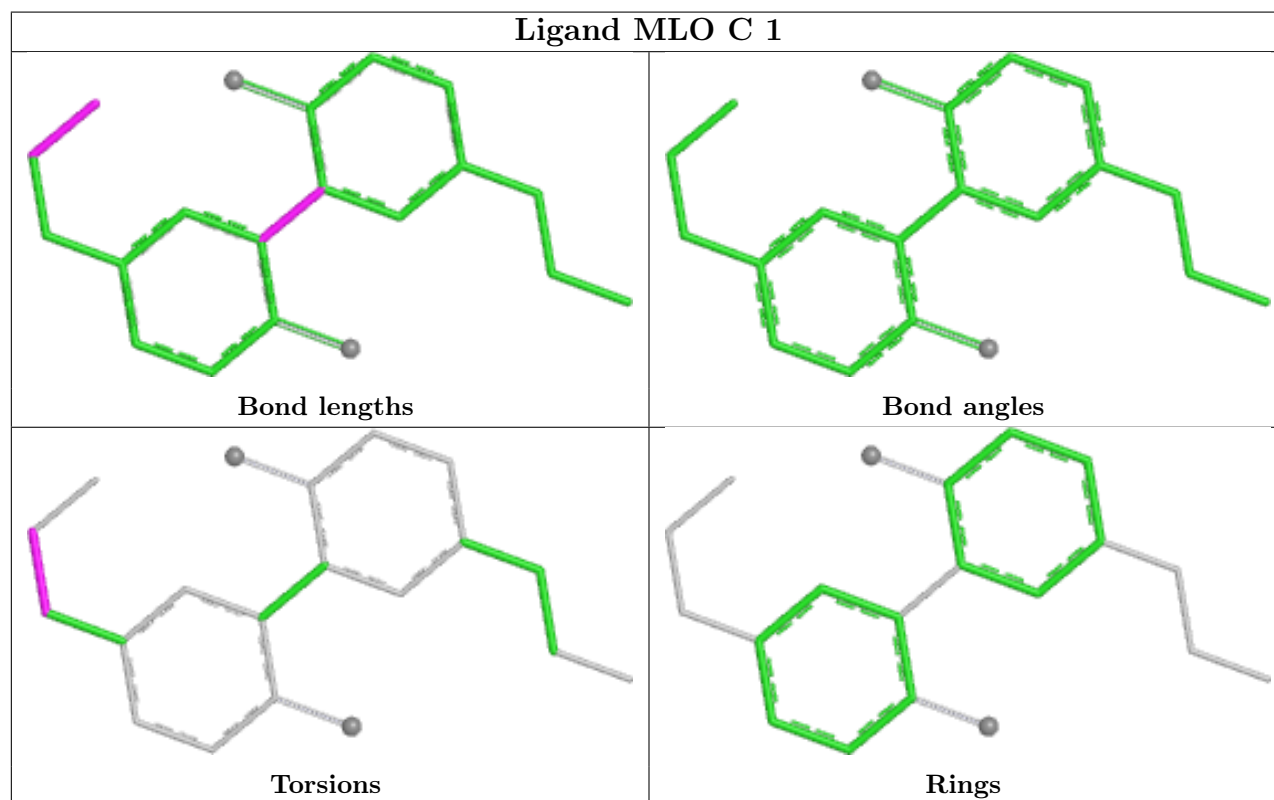
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	C	1	MLO	CAA-CAE-CAM-CAQ
3	A	1	MLO	CAB-CAF-CAN-CAR
3	A	1	MLO	CAF-CAN-CAR-CAJ
3	A	1	MLO	CAF-CAN-CAR-CAL

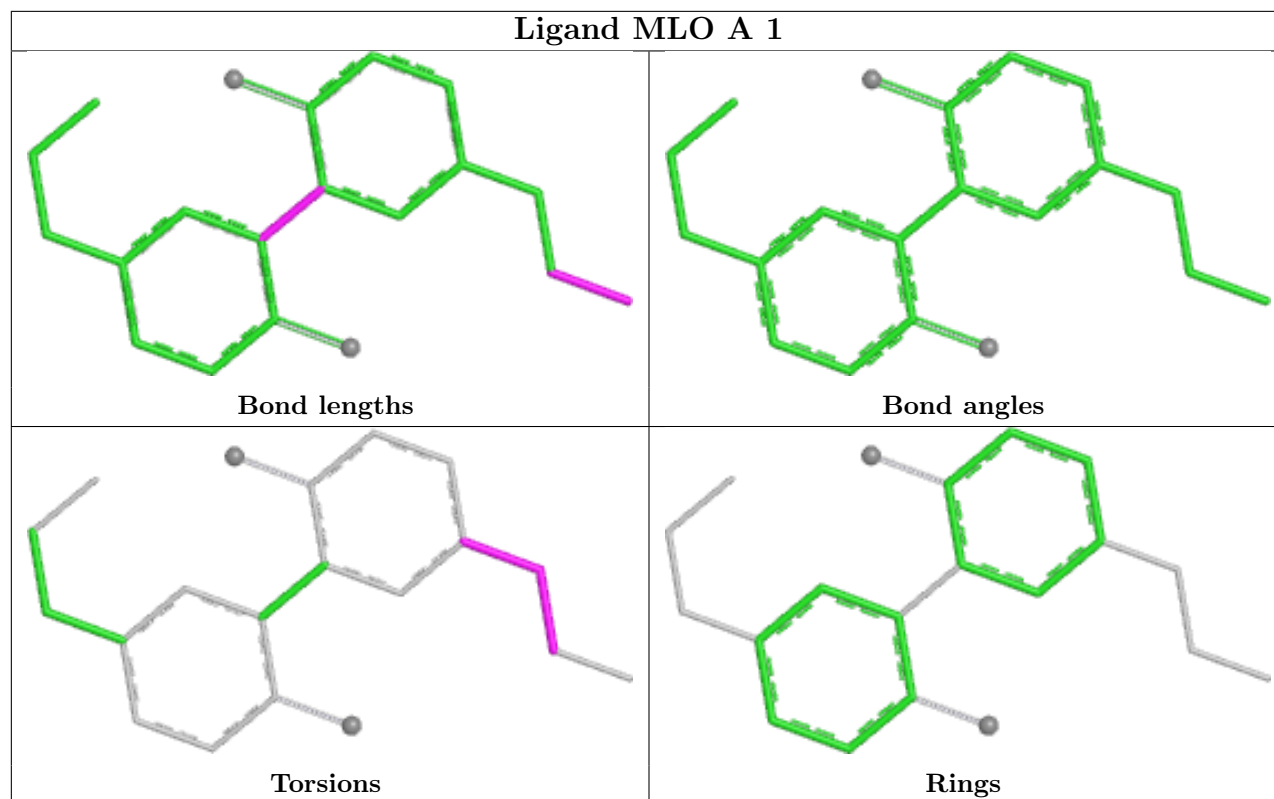
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	C	1	MLO	3	0
3	A	1	MLO	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	215/240 (89%)	-1.56	0 100 100	28, 45, 59, 65	5 (2%)
1	C	213/240 (88%)	-1.57	0 100 100	33, 46, 57, 66	1 (0%)
2	B	10/10 (100%)	-1.62	0 100 100	48, 49, 53, 53	0
2	D	10/10 (100%)	-1.46	0 100 100	47, 49, 55, 58	0
All	All	448/500 (89%)	-1.56	0 100 100	28, 46, 58, 66	6 (1%)

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

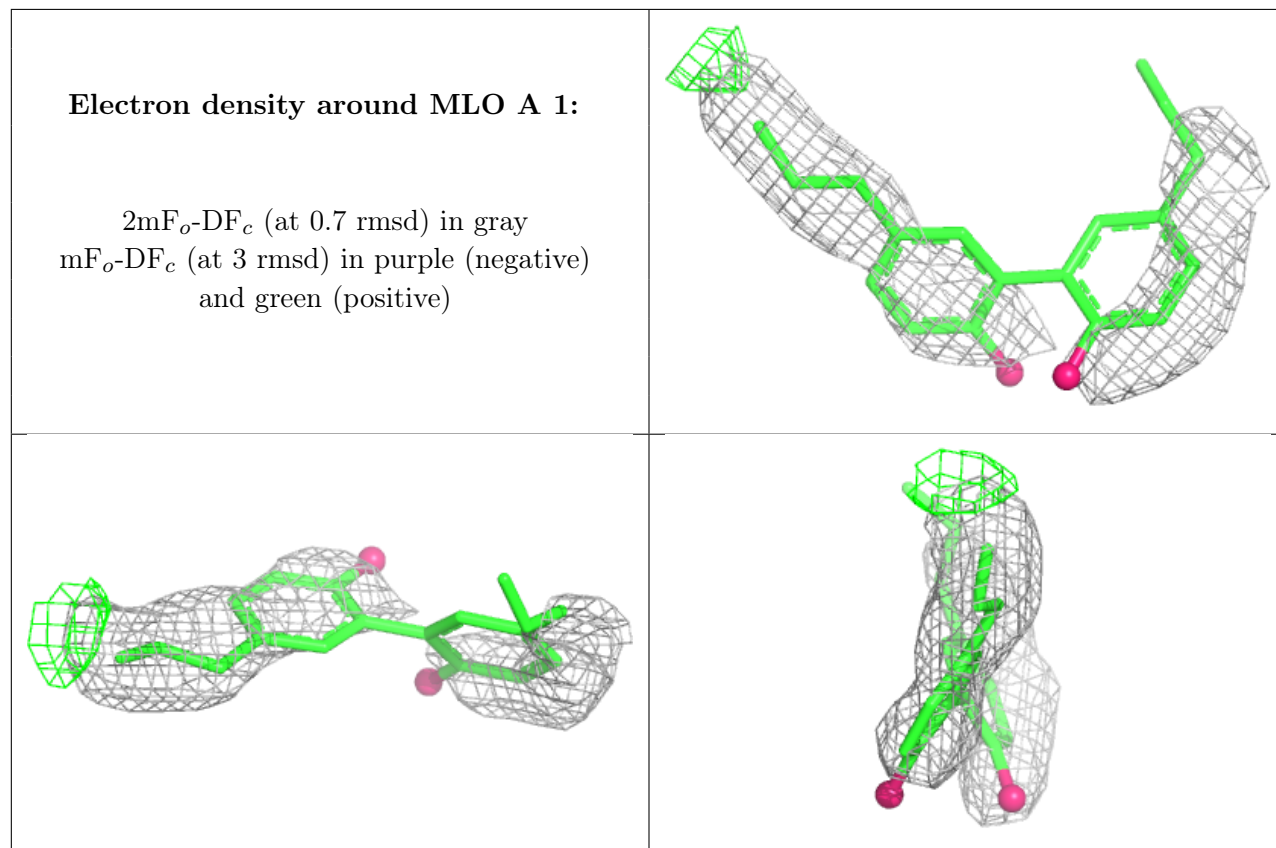
6.4 Ligands [i](#)

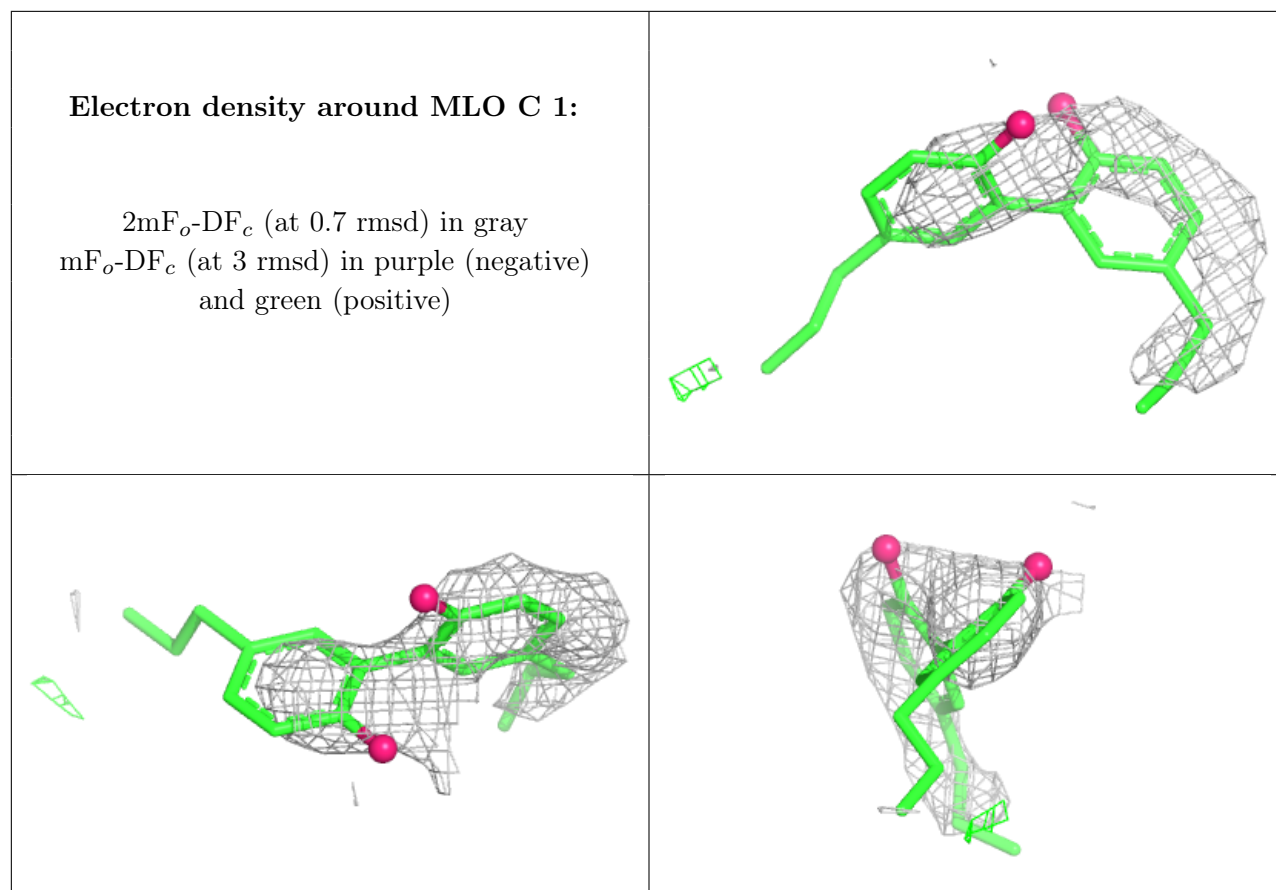
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
3	MLO	A	1	20/20	0.98	0.07	66,69,70,70	0
3	MLO	C	1	20/20	0.99	0.07	83,84,84,84	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all

instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.