



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 03:50 PM UTC

PDB ID : 8R7N / pdb_00008r7n
EMDB ID : EMD-18984
Title : Overall structure of the U11 snRNP
Authors : Zhao, J.; Galej, W.P.
Deposited on : 2023-11-26
Resolution : 3.40 Å (reported)
Based on initial models : 4PJO, .

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

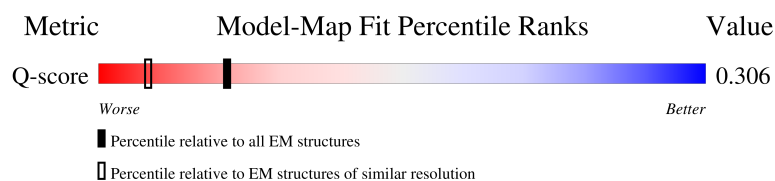
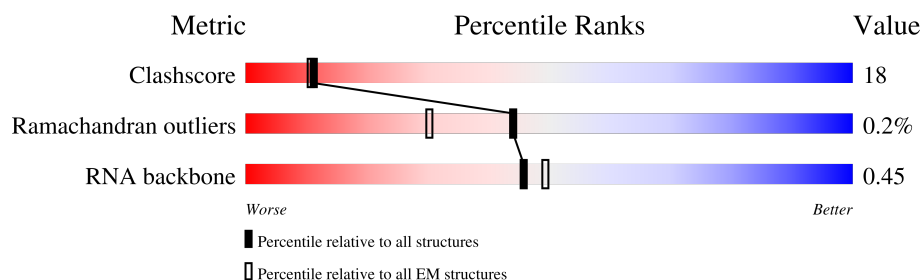
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDb archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

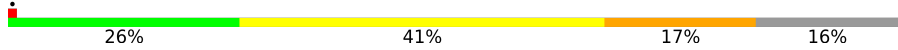
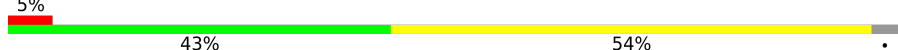
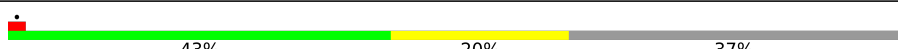
The reported resolution of this entry is 3.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
RNA backbone	8273	3508	-
Q-score	-	25397	14717 (2.90 - 3.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	135	
2	B	132	
3	C	246	
4	D	485	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
5	E	170	
6	F	339	
7	h	119	
8	i	118	
9	j	126	
10	k	240	
11	l	92	
12	m	86	
13	n	76	

2 Entry composition

There are 13 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 13171 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a RNA chain called U11 snRNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	114	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			2432	1084	427	807	114		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called U11/U12 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein 25 kDa protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	128	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1032	653	179	193	7		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called U11/U12 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein 35 kDa protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	C	155	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1261	802	232	226	1		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Programmed cell death protein 7.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	D	221	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1829	1118	379	328	4		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Zinc finger matrin-type protein 5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	E	42	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			371	235	72	61	3		

- Molecule 6 is a protein called U11/U12 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein 48 kDa protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
6	F	212	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1730	1070	293	356	11		

- Molecule 7 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein Sm D1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	h	81	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			641	408	112	118	3		

- Molecule 8 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein Sm D2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
8	i	94	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			764	478	139	141	6		

- Molecule 9 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein Sm D3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
9	j	81	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			637	400	112	119	6		

- Molecule 10 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein-associated proteins B and B'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
10	k	86	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			692	435	126	124	7		

- Molecule 11 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein E.

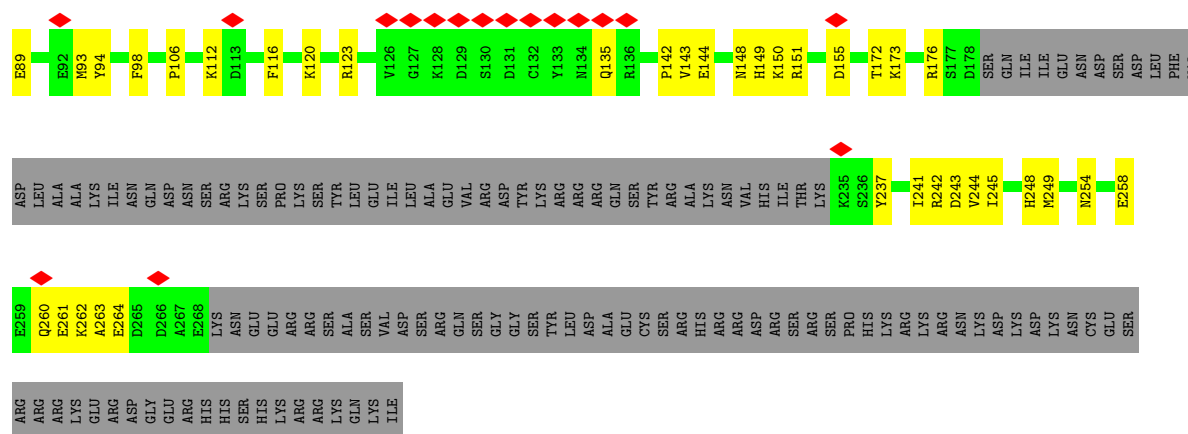
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
11	l	77	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			638	405	113	115	5		

- Molecule 12 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein F.

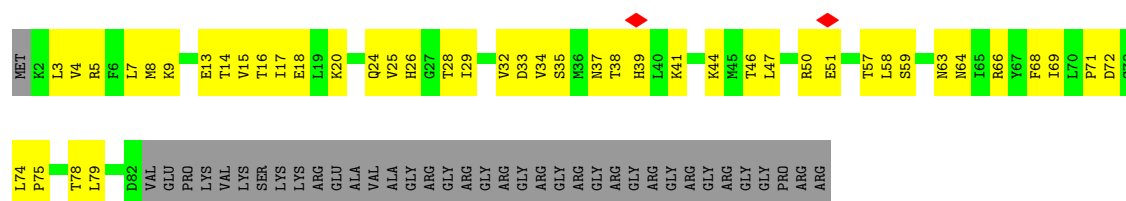
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
12	m	74	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			576	373	95	103	5		

- Molecule 13 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein G.

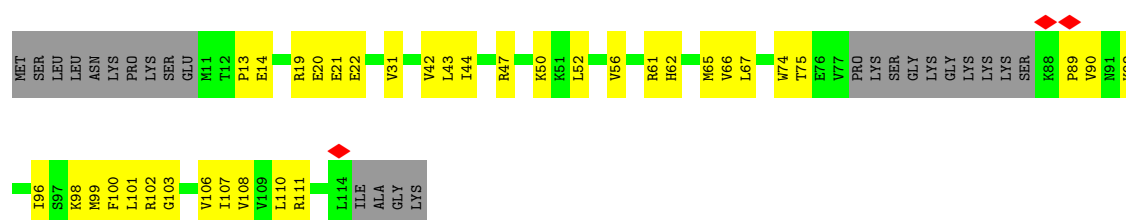
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
13	n	73	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			568	358	102	102	6		



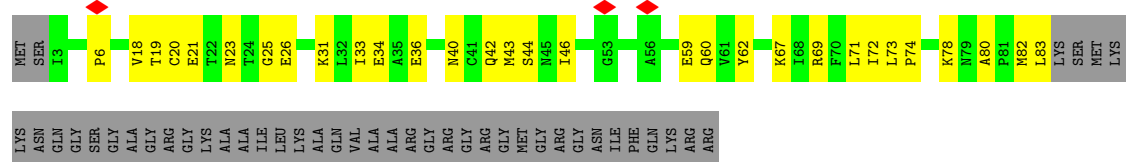
• Molecule 7: Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein Sm D1



• Molecule 8: Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein Sm D2



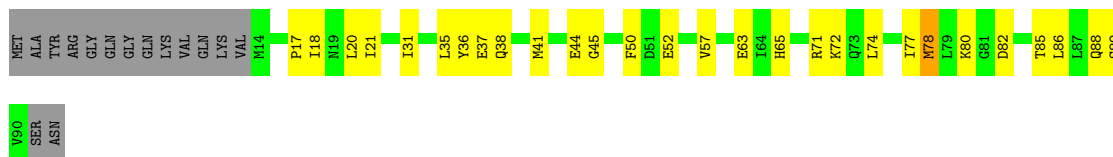
• Molecule 9: Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein Sm D3



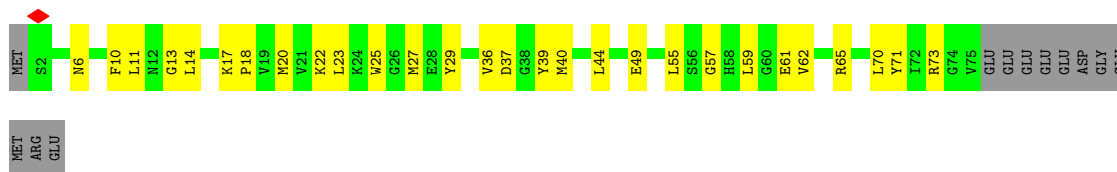
• Molecule 10: Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein-associated proteins B and B'



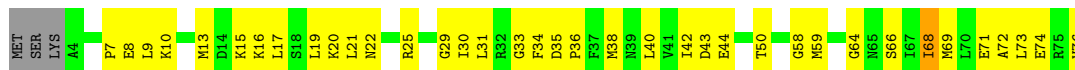
- Molecule 11: Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein E



- Molecule 12: Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein F



- Molecule 13: Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein G



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	222666	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	41.73	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	700	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1700	Depositor
Magnification	165000	Depositor
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.301	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.150	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.006	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.035	Depositor
Map size ($\text{\AA}$)	321.2, 321.2, 321.2	wwPDB
Map dimensions	440, 440, 440	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ($\text{\AA}$)	0.73, 0.73, 0.73	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.12	0/2715	0.27	0/4226
2	B	0.15	0/1047	0.42	0/1412
3	C	0.14	0/1286	0.35	0/1726
4	D	0.13	0/1842	0.41	2/2454 (0.1%)
5	E	0.08	0/381	0.24	0/506
6	F	0.14	0/1762	0.37	0/2377
7	h	0.15	0/649	0.42	0/878
8	i	0.16	0/773	0.38	0/1039
9	j	0.18	0/645	0.40	0/870
10	k	0.67	2/702 (0.3%)	0.94	4/936 (0.4%)
11	l	0.18	0/646	0.43	1/867 (0.1%)
12	m	0.18	0/588	0.42	0/795
13	n	0.19	0/575	0.47	1/768 (0.1%)
All	All	0.21	2/13611 (0.0%)	0.42	8/18854 (0.0%)

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
10	k	85	PRO	CG-CD	-14.15	1.02	1.50
10	k	85	PRO	N-CD	7.17	1.57	1.47

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
10	k	85	PRO	N-CD-CG	-15.46	80.02	103.20
10	k	85	PRO	CA-N-CD	-11.77	95.53	112.00
10	k	85	PRO	CA-CB-CG	-9.40	86.65	104.50
13	n	68	ILE	N-CA-C	-6.18	107.84	113.71
4	D	256	ARG	CG-CD-NE	5.28	123.61	112.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2432	0	1226	77	0
2	B	1032	0	1056	56	0
3	C	1261	0	1274	37	0
4	D	1829	0	1924	72	0
5	E	371	0	356	6	0
6	F	1730	0	1642	47	0
7	h	641	0	681	41	0
8	i	764	0	783	32	0
9	j	637	0	652	31	0
10	k	692	0	717	43	0
11	l	638	0	657	30	0
12	m	576	0	589	23	0
13	n	568	0	590	36	0
All	All	13171	0	12147	459	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 18.

The worst 5 of 459 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
13:n:20:LYS:HB3	13:n:69:MET:HB3	1.49	0.94
4:D:292:GLN:HA	4:D:295:LYS:HG2	1.55	0.89
1:A:109:U:H3	1:A:126:G:H1	0.88	0.87
11:l:37:GLU:H	13:n:22:ASN:HD21	1.20	0.86
3:C:128:LEU:HD12	3:C:132:LEU:HB2	1.60	0.83

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM

entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	B	126/132 (96%)	123 (98%)	2 (2%)	1 (1%)	16	44
3	C	153/246 (62%)	148 (97%)	4 (3%)	1 (1%)	18	47
4	D	219/485 (45%)	208 (95%)	11 (5%)	0	100	100
5	E	40/170 (24%)	40 (100%)	0	0	100	100
6	F	208/339 (61%)	193 (93%)	15 (7%)	0	100	100
7	h	79/119 (66%)	76 (96%)	3 (4%)	0	100	100
8	i	90/118 (76%)	85 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
9	j	79/126 (63%)	70 (89%)	9 (11%)	0	100	100
10	k	84/240 (35%)	76 (90%)	8 (10%)	0	100	100
11	l	75/92 (82%)	67 (89%)	8 (11%)	0	100	100
12	m	72/86 (84%)	71 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
13	n	71/76 (93%)	58 (82%)	13 (18%)	0	100	100
All	All	1296/2229 (58%)	1215 (94%)	79 (6%)	2 (0%)	44	71

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	22	ILE
3	C	101	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report in this entry.

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
1	A	111/135 (82%)	34 (30%)	0

5 of 34 RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	8	G

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	11	U
1	A	13	U
1	A	19	G
1	A	20	A

There are no RNA pucker outliers to report.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

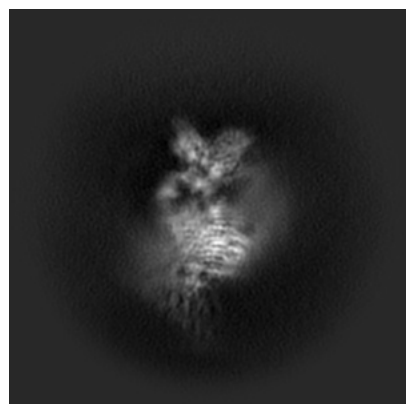
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-18984. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

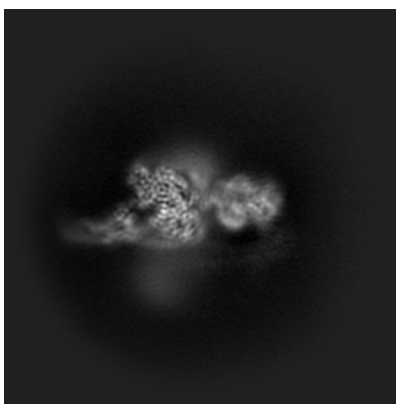
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

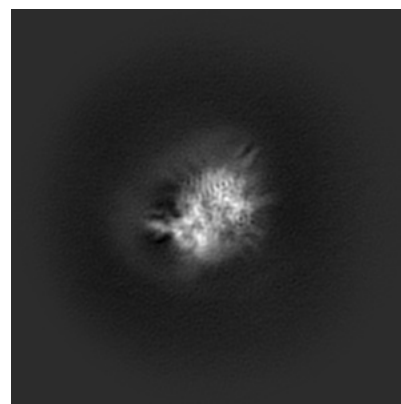
6.1.1 Primary map



X

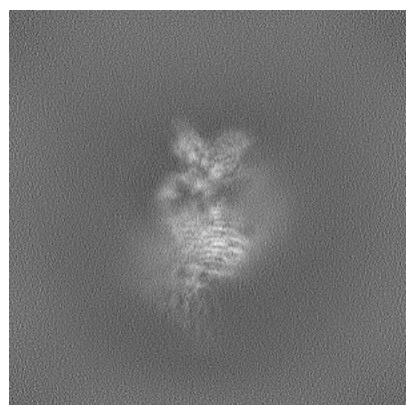


Y

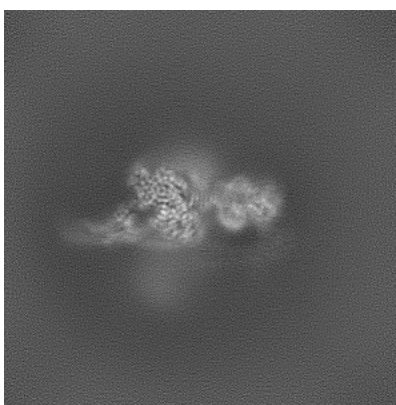


Z

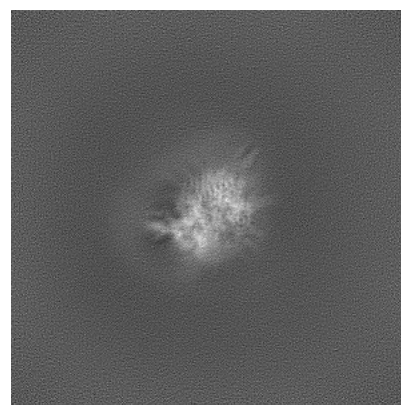
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

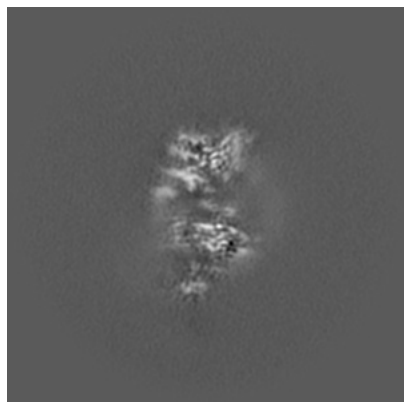


Z

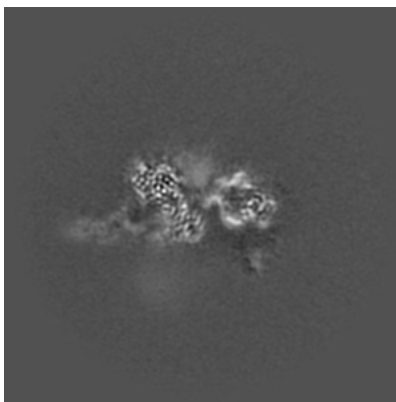
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

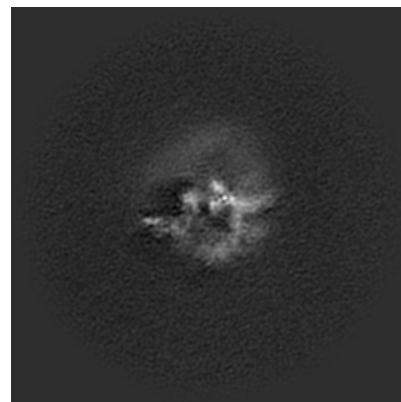
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 220

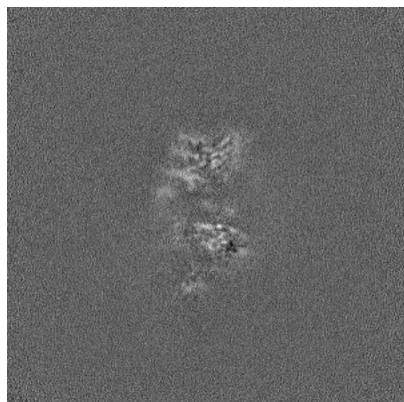


Y Index: 220

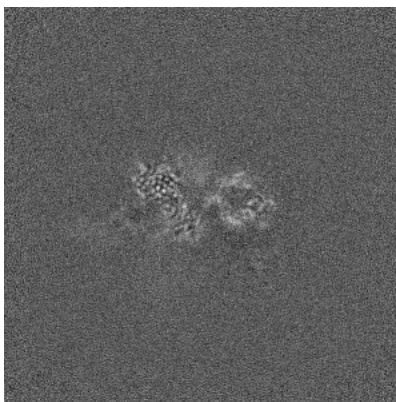


Z Index: 220

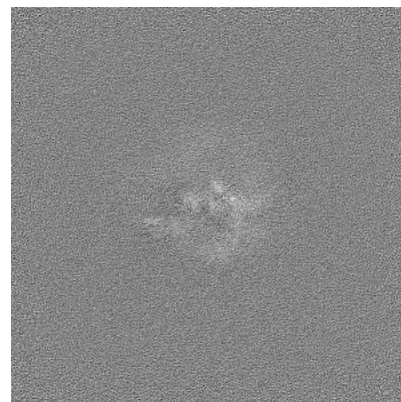
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 220



Y Index: 220

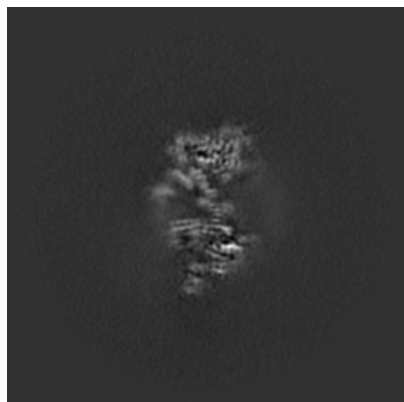


Z Index: 220

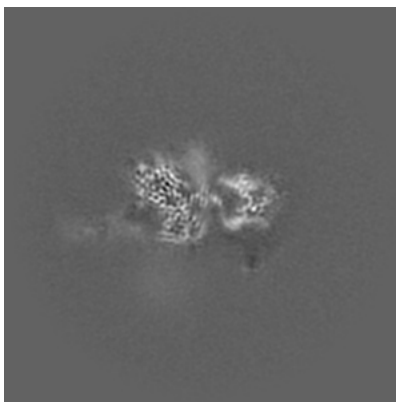
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

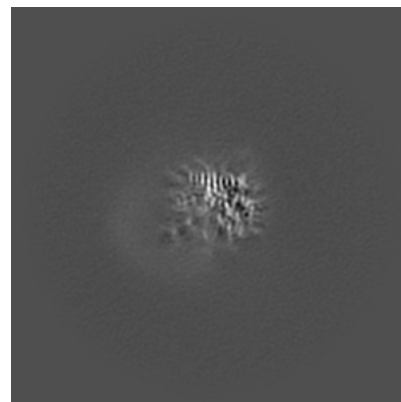
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 224

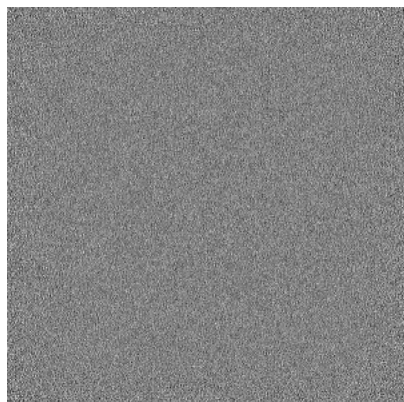


Y Index: 225

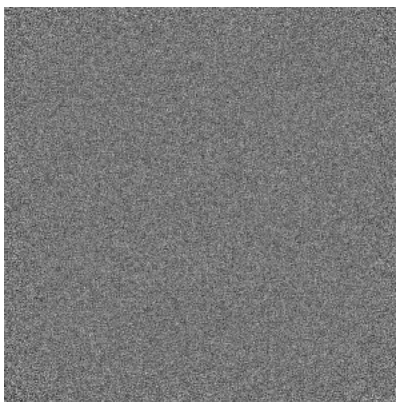


Z Index: 175

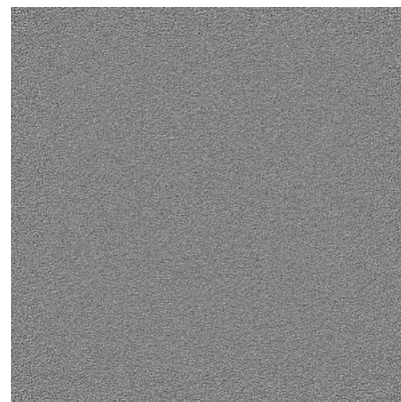
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 0



Y Index: 0

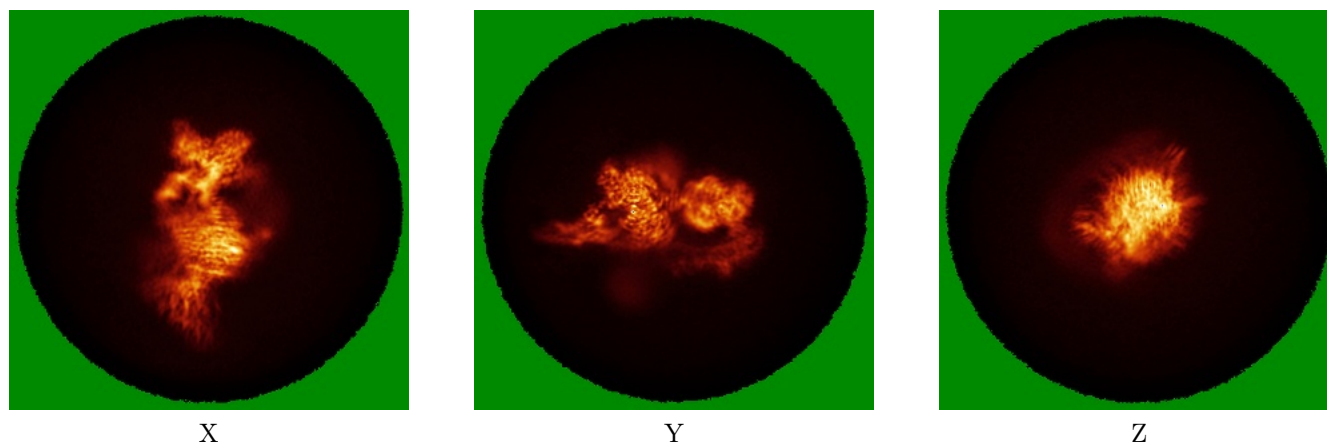


Z Index: 0

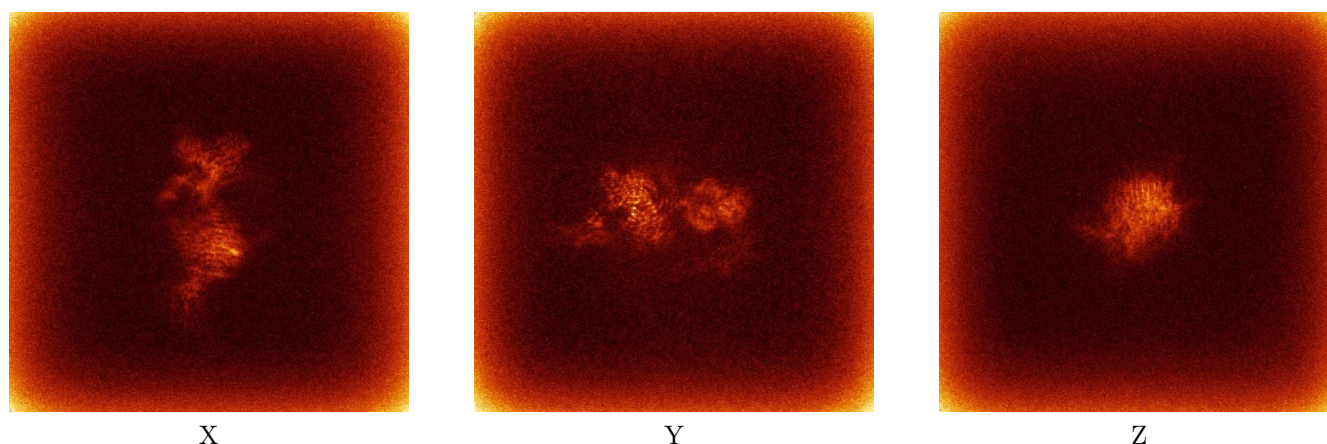
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

This section was not generated.

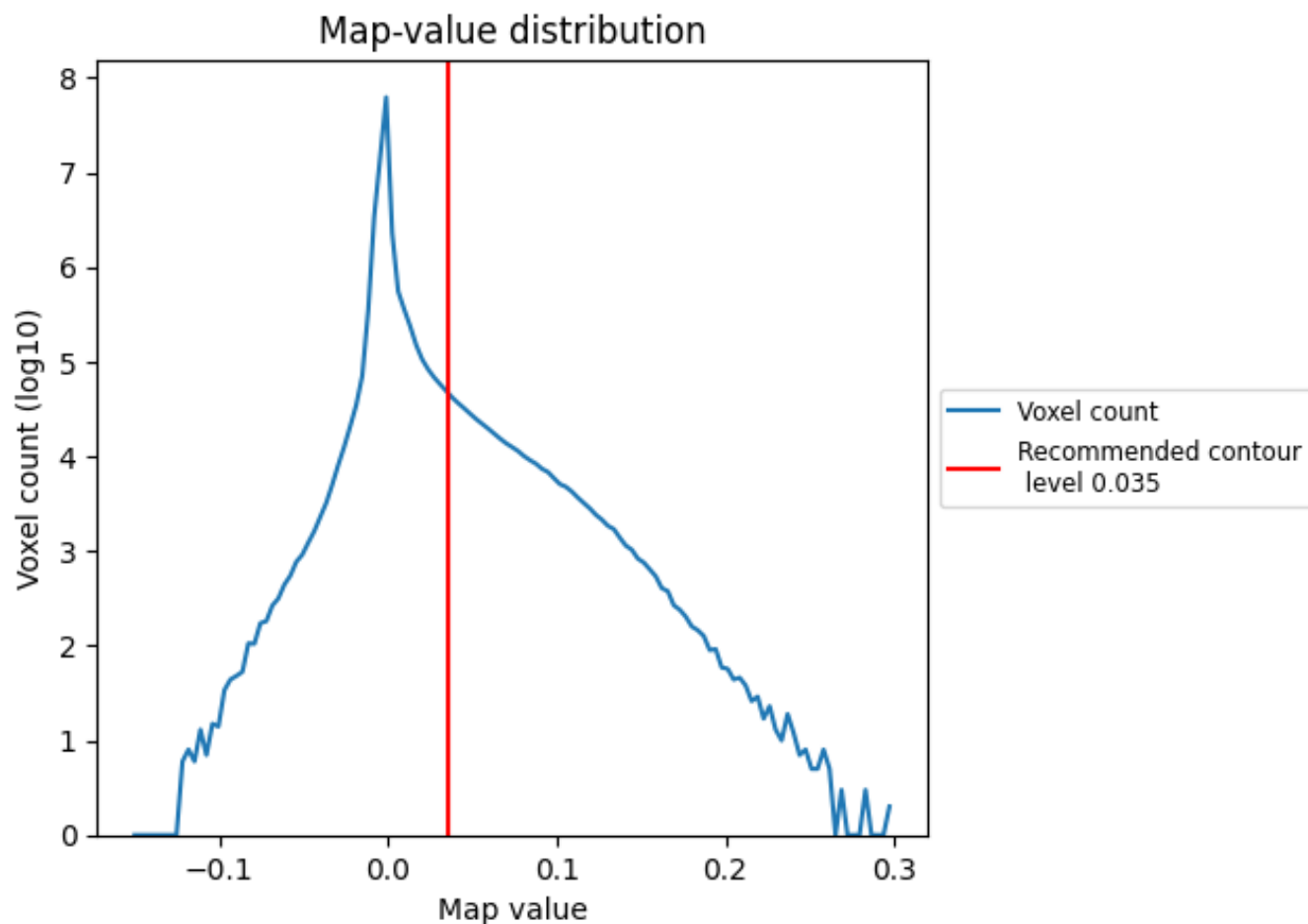
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

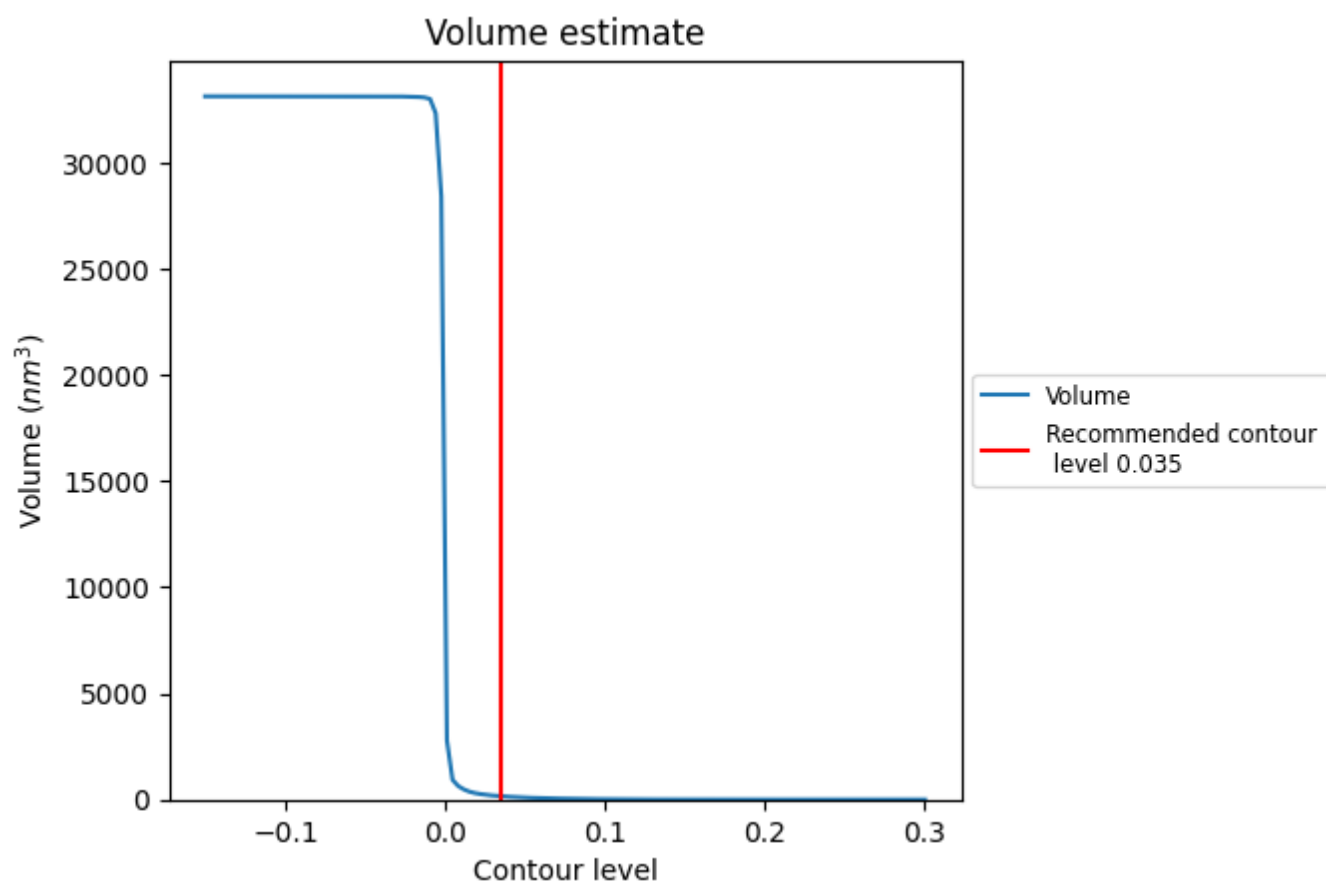
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

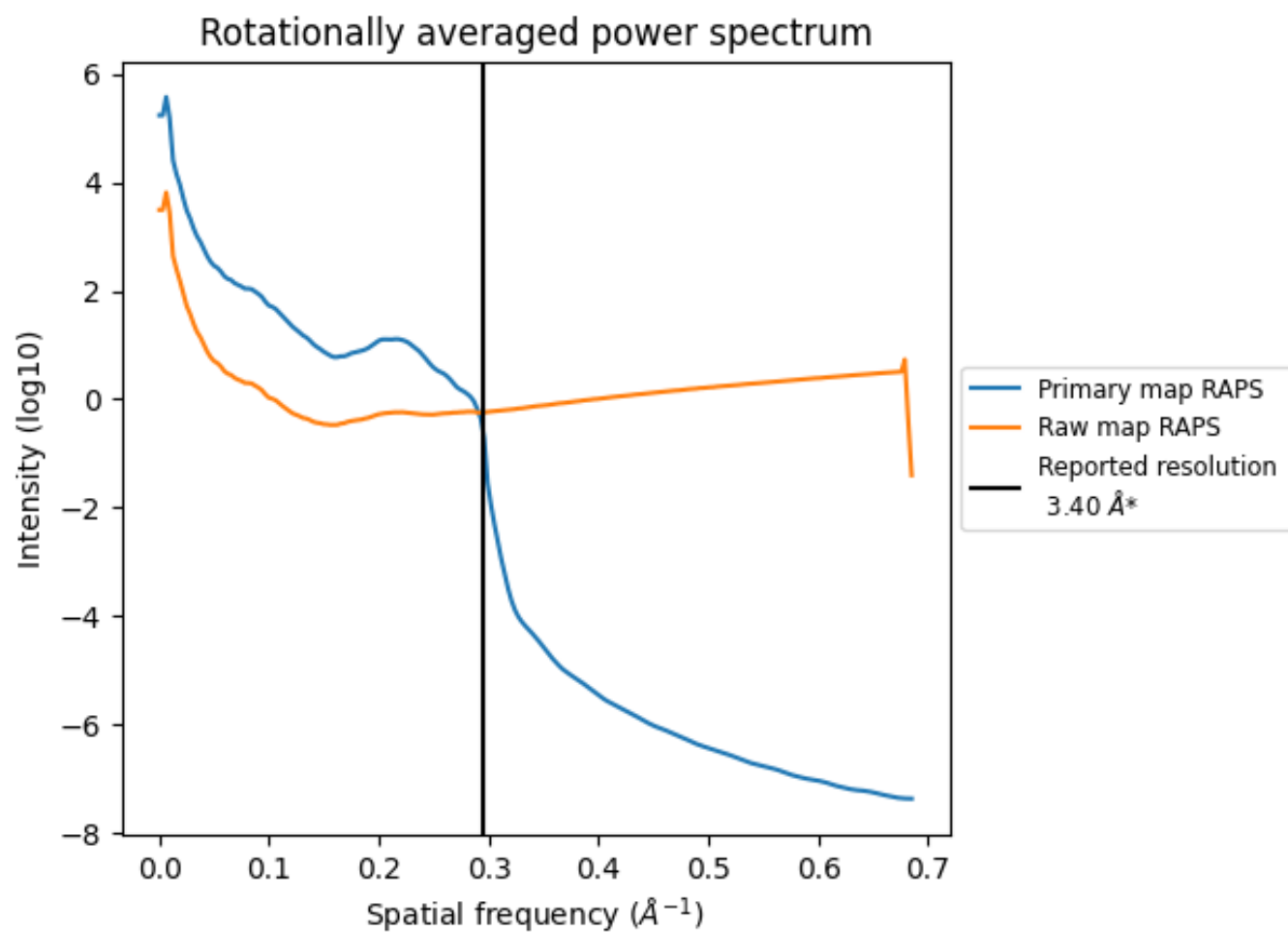
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 158 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 143 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

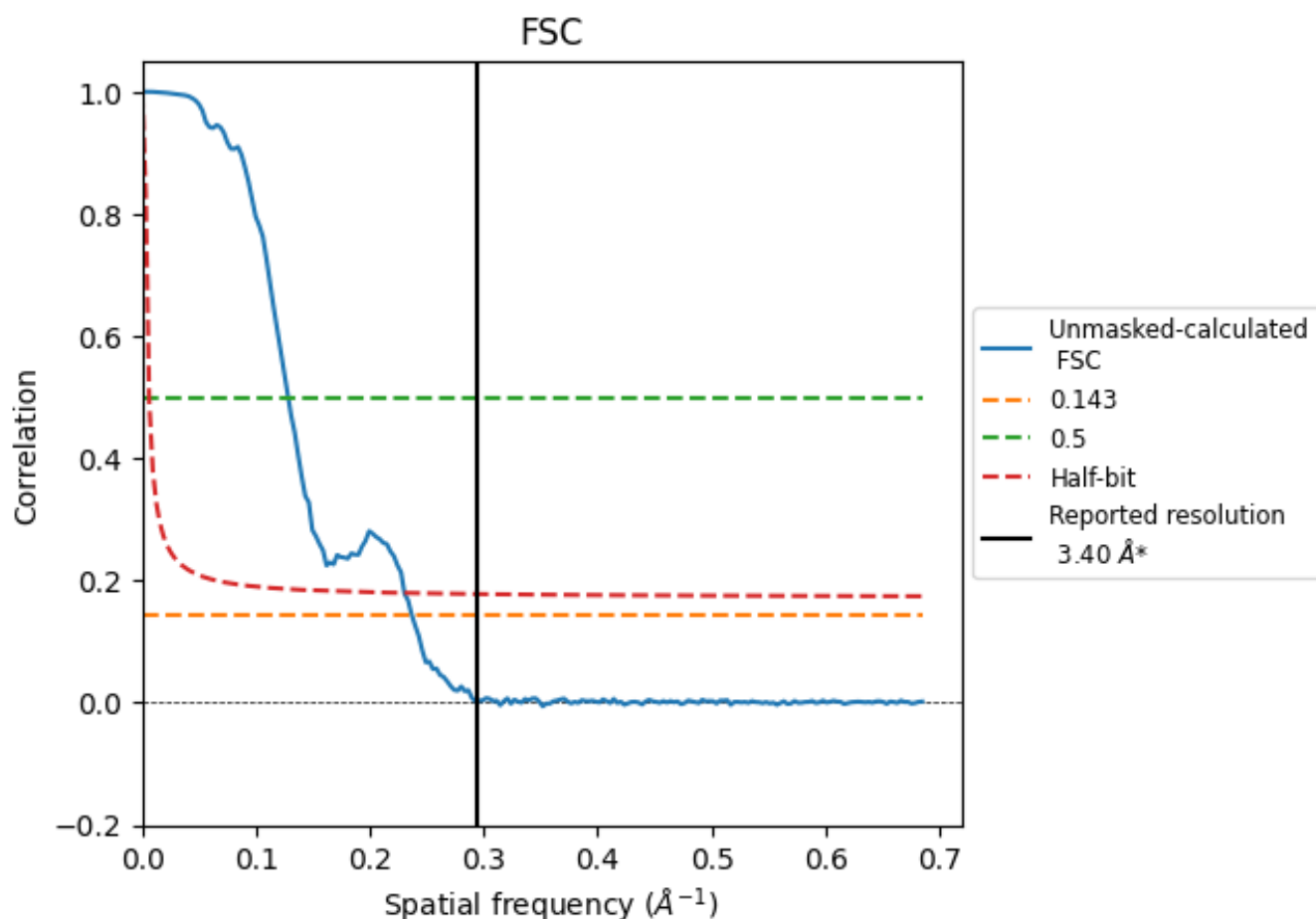


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of $0.294 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.294 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

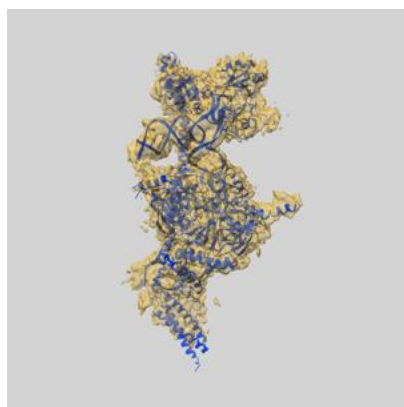
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.40	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	4.22	7.81	4.34

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 4.22 differs from the reported value 3.4 by more than 10 %

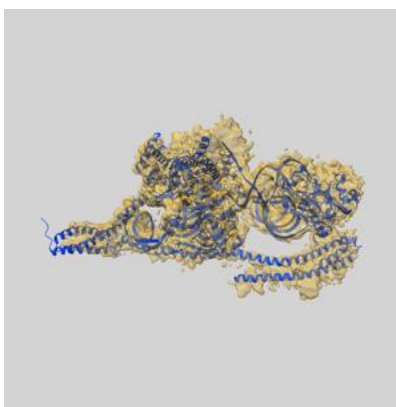
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-18984 and PDB model 8R7N. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [6](#).

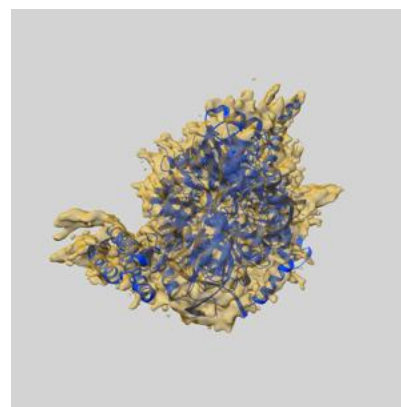
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



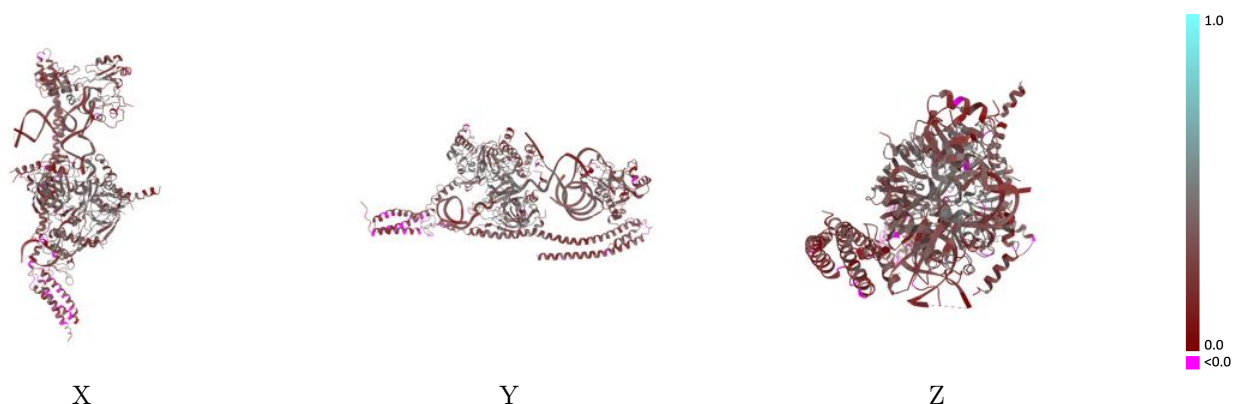
Y



Z

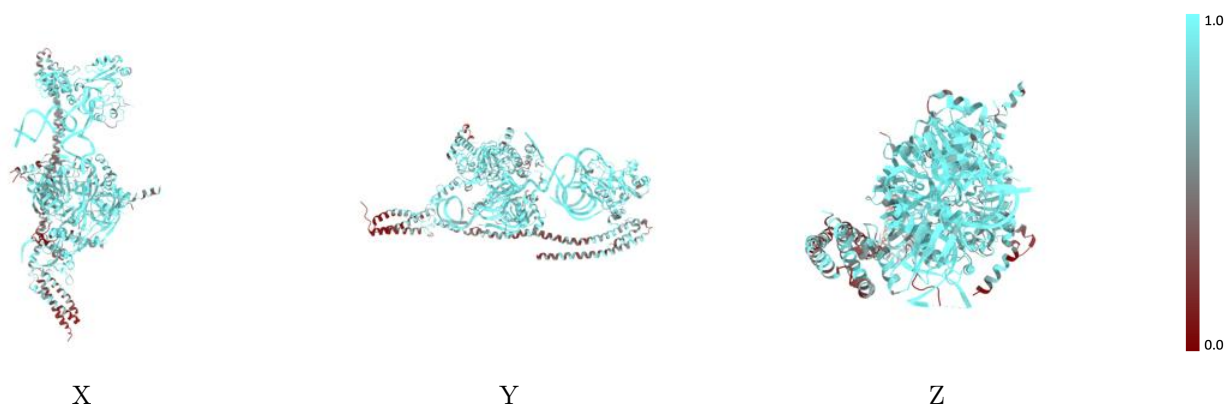
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.035 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



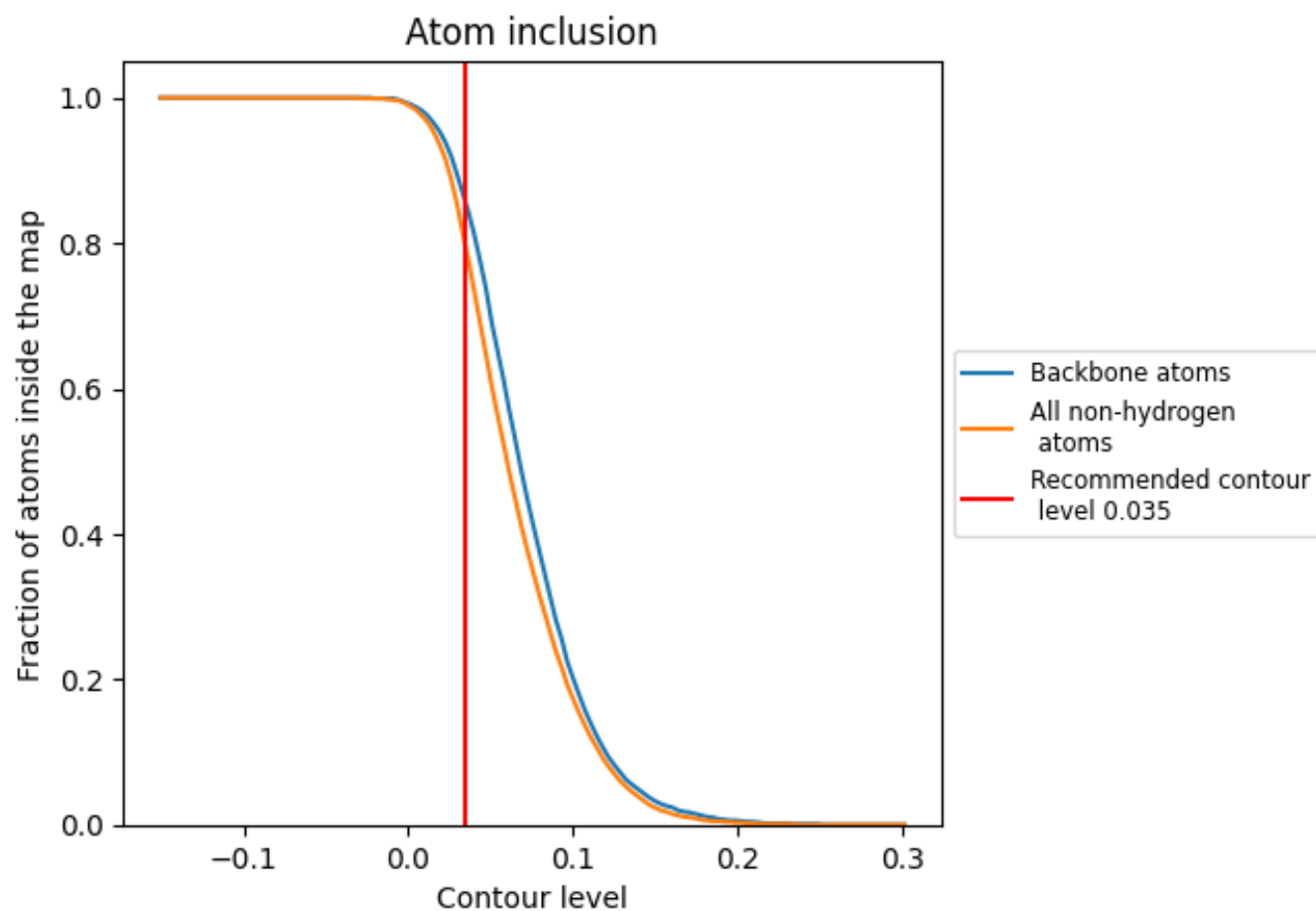
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.035).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 85% of all backbone atoms, 79% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.035) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.7910	 0.3060
A	 0.9370	 0.2970
B	 0.8490	 0.3000
C	 0.8730	 0.2930
D	 0.5070	 0.1850
E	 0.6350	 0.2190
F	 0.6380	 0.2900
h	 0.8610	 0.3490
i	 0.8730	 0.3740
j	 0.8460	 0.3730
k	 0.6960	 0.2920
l	 0.9440	 0.4260
m	 0.9150	 0.4440
n	 0.9020	 0.3940

