



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 2RMK / pdb_00002rmk
Title : Rac1/PRK1 Complex
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

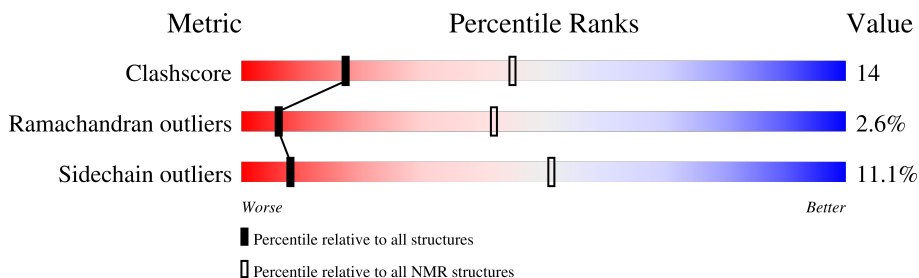
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424
Ramachandran outliers	224038	12848
Sidechain outliers	223484	12823

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	192	
2	B	81	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis i

This entry contains 25 models. Model 14 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *closest to the average*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:1-A:29, A:35-A:36, A:40-A:184, B:127-B:153, B:159-B:189 (234)	0.88	14

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 20
2	6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 15, 19, 22, 23, 24, 25
3	5, 9
Single-model clusters	21

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4417 atoms, of which 2248 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	192	3066	970	1561	252	273	10	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	61	LEU	GLN	engineered mutation	UNP P63000

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Serine/threonine-protein kinase N1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
2	B	81	1298	387	669	117	122	3	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	119	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q16512
B	120	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP Q16512
B	121	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q16512

- Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
			Total	Mg
3	A	1	1	1

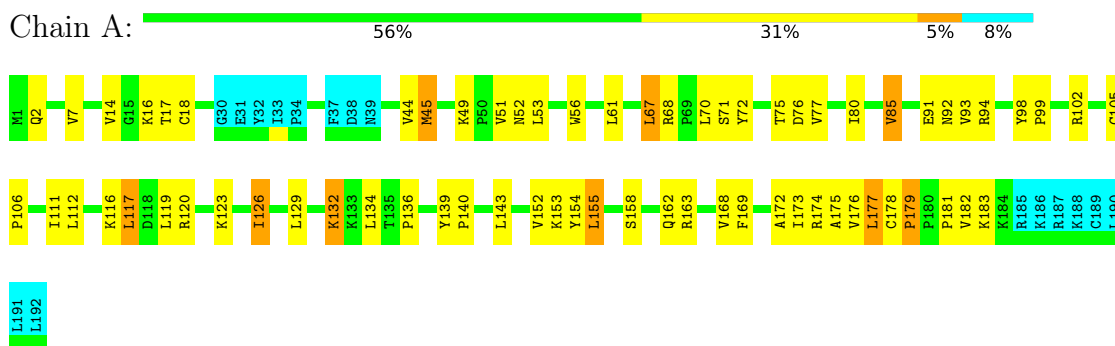
- Molecule 4 is PHOSPHOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID GUANYLATE ESTER (CCD ID: GCP) (formula: C₁₁H₁₈N₅O₁₃P₃).

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

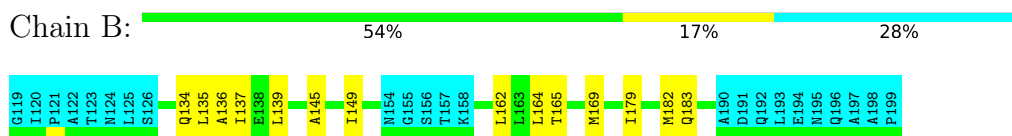
4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1



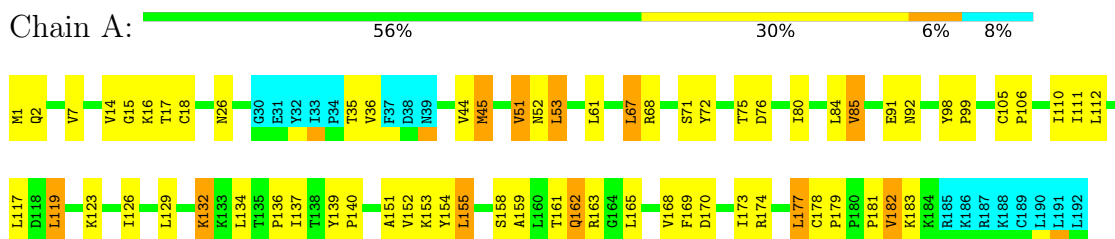
- Molecule 2: Serine/threonine-protein kinase N1



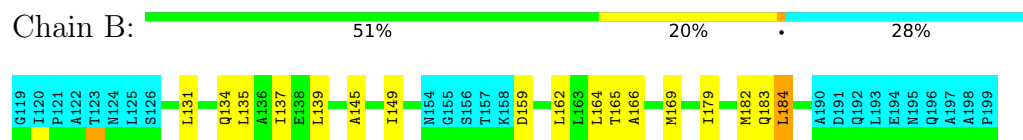
4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 14. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1



● Molecule 2: Serine/threonine-protein kinase N1



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 25 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	structure solution	1.1
CNS	refinement	1.1

No chemical shift data was provided.

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, GCP

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1367	1416	1414	44±5
2	B	468	513	513	10±2
4	A	32	14	14	3±1
All	All	46750	48675	48525	1304

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 14.

5 of 297 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:153:LYS:HZ3	1:A:155:LEU:HD22	0.85	1.32	19	17
1:A:67:LEU:HD22	2:B:169:MET:SD	0.74	2.23	22	14
1:A:153:LYS:HD2	1:A:154:TYR:N	0.70	2.01	24	1
1:A:4:ILE:HD12	1:A:176:VAL:HG21	0.70	1.61	3	4
1:A:175:ALA:O	1:A:179:PRO:HG2	0.65	1.92	24	15

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	175/192 (91%)	153±3 (87±1%)	16±2 (9±1%)	6±2 (3±1%)	4	34
2	B	58/81 (72%)	57±1 (99±1%)	0±1 (1±1%)	0±0 (0±0%)	49	83
All	All	5825/6825 (85%)	5262 (90%)	412 (7%)	151 (3%)	6	42

5 of 24 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	181	PRO	19
1	A	68	ARG	16
1	A	183	LYS	15
1	A	179	PRO	14
1	A	178	CYS	12

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	153/168 (91%)	132±2 (86±2%)	21±2 (14±2%)	6	45
2	B	51/68 (75%)	49±1 (96±3%)	2±1 (4±3%)	30	81
All	All	5100/5900 (86%)	4534 (89%)	566 (11%)	8	51

5 of 83 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	61	LEU	25
1	A	85	VAL	25

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	123	LYS	25
1	A	126	ILE	25
1	A	132	LYS	25

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
4	GCP	A	193	3	32,34,34	0.91±0.01	3±0 (8±1%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
4	GCP	A	193	3	49,54,54	0.76±0.02	2±0 (4±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	GCP	A	193	3	-	0±0,19,38,38	0±0,3,3,3

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
4	A	193	GCP	PB-O2B	3.17	1.48	1.56	10	25
4	A	193	GCP	PG-O2G	2.23	1.59	1.55	23	17
4	A	193	GCP	PG-O3G	2.19	1.59	1.55	13	25

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
4	A	193	GCP	PB-O3A-PA	4.01	119.29	132.37	4	25
4	A	193	GCP	O2B-PB-O1B	2.82	119.14	109.95	12	25

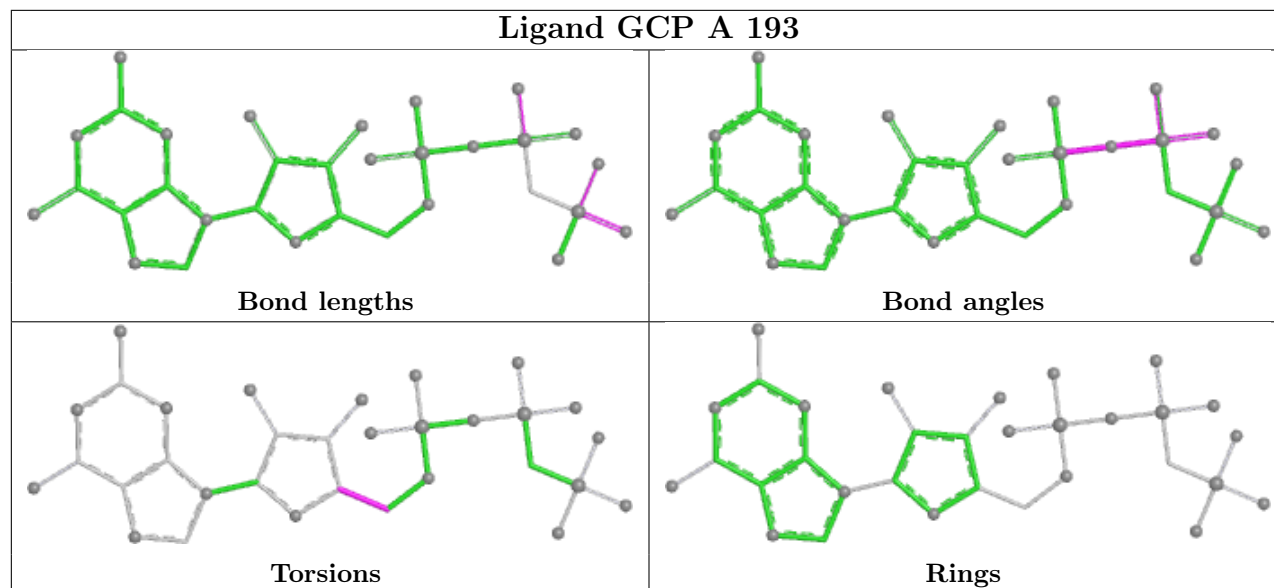
There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient

equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

No chemical shift data were provided