



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 5, 2026 – 02:44 PM UTC

PDB ID : 1RPM / pdb_00001rpm
Title : HUMAN RECEPTOR PROTEIN TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE MU, DOMAIN 1
Authors : Hoffmann, K.M.V.; Tonks, N.K.; Barford, D.
Deposited on : 1997-09-11
Resolution : 2.30 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0
EDS : 3.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4 : 9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness : 1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

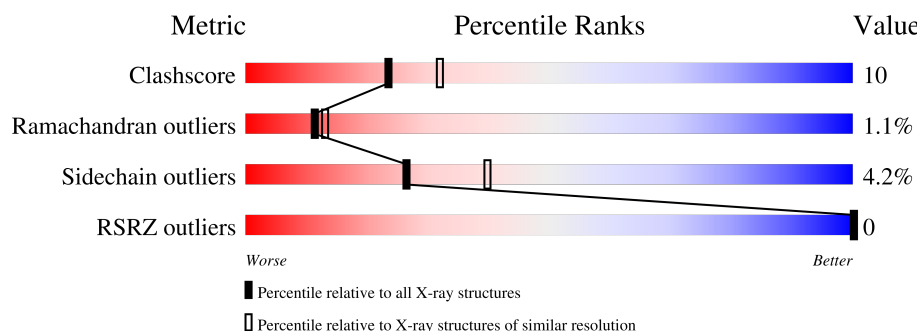
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	190562	6919 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	6854 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	187428	6854 (2.30-2.30)
RSRZ outliers	180081	6325 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	278	
1	B	278	

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4838 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called RECEPTOR PROTEIN TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE MU.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	278	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2244	1423	390	416	15			
1	B	278	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2244	1423	390	416	15			

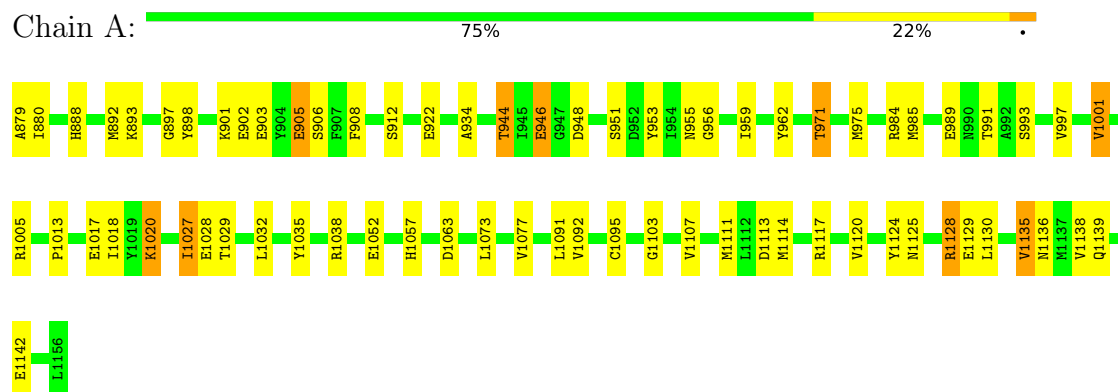
- Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	175	Total	O	0	0
			175	175		
2	B	175	Total	O	0	0
			175	175		

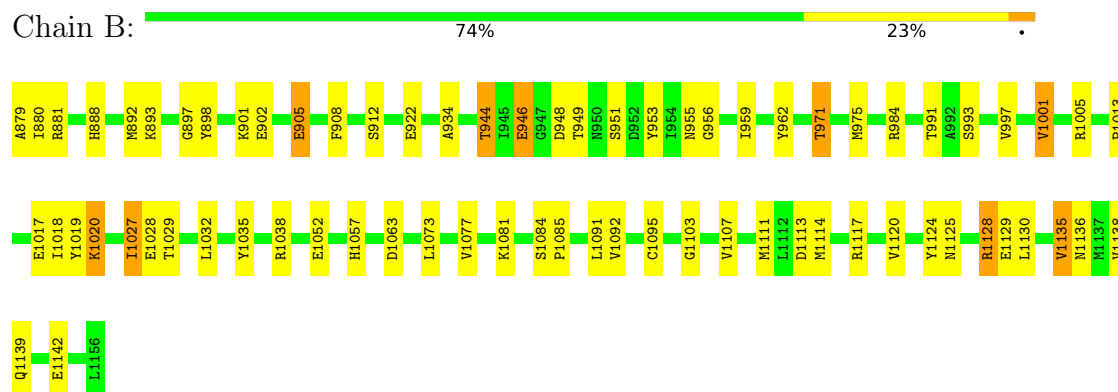
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: RECEPTOR PROTEIN TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE MU



• Molecule 1: RECEPTOR PROTEIN TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE MU



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	95.54Å 36.29Å 95.38Å 90.00° 95.66° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	8.00 – 2.30 8.00 – 2.30	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	88.2 (8.00-2.30) 89.7 (8.00-2.30)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.03	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	16.39 (at 2.29Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.820	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.195 , 0.260 0.188 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	18.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.270	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.38 , 36.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.480 for l,-k,h	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	4838	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	17.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.72% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.63	0/2297	1.02	8/3112 (0.3%)
1	B	0.63	0/2297	1.02	10/3112 (0.3%)
All	All	0.63	0/4594	1.02	18/6224 (0.3%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (18) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	934	ALA	N-CA-C	8.78	122.68	109.25
1	B	934	ALA	N-CA-C	8.71	122.58	109.25
1	B	1139	GLN	N-CA-C	6.83	120.87	112.54
1	A	1139	GLN	N-CA-C	6.78	120.81	112.54
1	B	1135	VAL	CB-CA-C	-5.90	101.71	111.32
1	A	1135	VAL	CB-CA-C	-5.81	101.85	111.32
1	B	975	MET	N-CA-C	-5.69	101.32	110.14
1	A	975	MET	N-CA-C	-5.68	101.34	110.14
1	B	1095	CYS	N-CA-C	-5.53	99.03	110.80
1	A	1136	ASN	N-CA-C	5.46	122.42	110.80
1	A	1095	CYS	N-CA-C	-5.45	99.19	110.80
1	B	1136	ASN	N-CA-C	5.42	122.36	110.80
1	A	1135	VAL	N-CA-C	5.35	117.34	109.63
1	B	1135	VAL	N-CA-C	5.34	117.32	109.63
1	A	953	TYR	N-CA-C	5.13	117.85	109.59
1	B	953	TYR	N-CA-C	5.05	117.73	109.59
1	B	881	ARG	N-CA-C	-5.05	102.81	110.28
1	B	949	THR	N-CA-C	-5.03	103.40	110.50

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2244	0	2170	46	0
1	B	2244	0	2170	46	0
2	A	175	0	0	1	0
2	B	175	0	0	2	0
All	All	4838	0	4340	90	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (90) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:1113:ASP:O	1:A:1117:ARG:HD2	1.84	0.77
1:B:1113:ASP:O	1:B:1117:ARG:HD2	1.84	0.75
1:B:1073:LEU:O	1:B:1077:VAL:HG23	1.92	0.68
1:A:1073:LEU:O	1:A:1077:VAL:HG23	1.92	0.68
1:B:1020:LYS:N	1:B:1020:LYS:HD2	2.11	0.65
1:A:1020:LYS:HD2	1:A:1020:LYS:N	2.11	0.65
1:A:1114:MET:HG2	1:A:1120:VAL:O	2.01	0.61
1:A:902:GLU:O	1:A:905:GLU:HG3	2.01	0.59
1:B:1114:MET:HG2	1:B:1120:VAL:O	2.01	0.59
1:B:902:GLU:O	1:B:905:GLU:HG3	2.01	0.59
1:B:959:ILE:HG21	1:B:1130:LEU:HD22	1.84	0.58
1:A:959:ILE:HG21	1:A:1130:LEU:HD22	1.85	0.57
1:B:908:PHE:CD2	1:B:912:SER:HB3	2.40	0.57
1:B:902:GLU:HA	1:B:905:GLU:CG	2.36	0.56
1:A:902:GLU:HA	1:A:905:GLU:CG	2.35	0.56
1:A:959:ILE:CG2	1:A:1130:LEU:HD22	2.36	0.55
1:B:959:ILE:CG2	1:B:1130:LEU:HD22	2.36	0.55
1:A:908:PHE:CD2	1:A:912:SER:HB3	2.41	0.55
1:A:991:THR:HG21	1:A:1092:VAL:HG23	1.89	0.55
1:B:991:THR:HG21	1:B:1092:VAL:HG23	1.89	0.54
1:B:1142:GLU:HB2	2:B:245:HOH:O	2.06	0.54
1:A:898:TYR:HA	1:A:901:LYS:HE3	1.91	0.52
1:B:898:TYR:HA	1:B:901:LYS:HE3	1.92	0.52

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:1142:GLU:HB2	2:A:70:HOH:O	2.11	0.51
1:A:897:GLY:O	1:A:901:LYS:HG3	2.10	0.51
1:A:962:TYR:CE2	1:A:1117:ARG:HD3	2.46	0.51
1:B:962:TYR:CE2	1:B:1117:ARG:HD3	2.46	0.50
1:A:946:GLU:H	1:A:946:GLU:CD	2.20	0.50
1:B:946:GLU:CD	1:B:946:GLU:H	2.20	0.50
1:B:897:GLY:O	1:B:901:LYS:HG3	2.11	0.50
1:A:997:VAL:HG12	1:A:997:VAL:O	2.12	0.49
1:A:1013:PRO:HB3	1:A:1017:GLU:HB3	1.95	0.49
1:A:1111:MET:HA	1:A:1111:MET:HE2	1.95	0.48
1:B:1013:PRO:HB3	1:B:1017:GLU:HB3	1.94	0.48
1:B:1111:MET:HA	1:B:1111:MET:HE2	1.95	0.48
1:A:893:LYS:HA	1:A:897:GLY:HA2	1.96	0.48
1:B:893:LYS:HA	1:B:897:GLY:HA2	1.96	0.48
1:A:1052:GLU:HB2	1:B:1027:ILE:HG23	1.96	0.48
1:A:993:SER:HB2	1:A:1091:LEU:HD22	1.93	0.48
1:B:993:SER:HB2	1:B:1091:LEU:HD22	1.94	0.48
1:A:1032:LEU:HD13	1:A:1035:TYR:CE2	2.49	0.47
1:B:997:VAL:HG12	1:B:997:VAL:O	2.15	0.47
1:A:902:GLU:C	1:A:905:GLU:HG3	2.40	0.47
1:B:902:GLU:C	1:B:905:GLU:HG3	2.40	0.47
1:B:1001:VAL:HA	1:B:1005:ARG:O	2.15	0.47
1:B:1032:LEU:HD13	1:B:1035:TYR:CE2	2.50	0.47
1:A:902:GLU:HA	1:A:905:GLU:HG3	1.97	0.46
1:A:1001:VAL:HA	1:A:1005:ARG:O	2.15	0.46
1:B:902:GLU:HA	1:B:905:GLU:HG3	1.97	0.46
1:B:1038:ARG:HH12	1:B:1057:HIS:HD2	1.63	0.46
1:B:1103:GLY:O	1:B:1107:VAL:HG23	2.16	0.46
1:A:879:ALA:HB1	1:A:1120:VAL:CG2	2.46	0.45
1:A:1027:ILE:HG23	1:B:1052:GLU:HB2	1.98	0.45
1:B:1124:TYR:HD2	1:B:1128:ARG:HH12	1.64	0.45
1:A:1125:ASN:HA	1:A:1128:ARG:HH11	1.82	0.45
1:A:1124:TYR:HD2	1:A:1128:ARG:HH12	1.64	0.45
1:B:955:ASN:O	1:B:971:THR:HG22	2.17	0.45
1:A:1103:GLY:O	1:A:1107:VAL:HG23	2.17	0.45
1:A:879:ALA:O	1:A:880:ILE:HD13	2.18	0.44
1:B:1084:SER:HA	1:B:1085:PRO:HD3	1.84	0.44
1:B:879:ALA:HB1	1:B:1120:VAL:CG2	2.46	0.44
1:A:1038:ARG:HH12	1:A:1057:HIS:HD2	1.63	0.44
1:B:1081:LYS:HA	2:B:329:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:B:944:THR:HG23	1:B:948:ASP:O	2.19	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:879:ALA:O	1:B:880:ILE:HD13	2.18	0.43
1:B:1125:ASN:HA	1:B:1128:ARG:HH11	1.82	0.43
1:A:955:ASN:O	1:A:971:THR:HG22	2.18	0.43
1:B:1028:GLU:HG2	1:B:1029:THR:N	2.34	0.43
1:A:1028:GLU:HG2	1:A:1029:THR:N	2.34	0.42
1:B:951:SER:O	1:B:984:ARG:NH2	2.52	0.42
1:A:944:THR:HG23	1:A:948:ASP:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:956:GLY:HA3	1:A:971:THR:HG23	2.01	0.42
1:B:956:GLY:HA3	1:B:971:THR:HG23	2.02	0.42
1:A:879:ALA:HB1	1:A:1120:VAL:HG21	2.02	0.41
1:A:897:GLY:C	1:A:901:LYS:HE2	2.45	0.41
1:A:898:TYR:HA	1:A:901:LYS:CE	2.50	0.41
1:B:879:ALA:HB1	1:B:1120:VAL:HG21	2.03	0.41
1:A:880:ILE:HG13	1:A:888:HIS:CD2	2.56	0.41
1:A:951:SER:O	1:A:984:ARG:NH2	2.52	0.41
1:B:1038:ARG:HH12	1:B:1057:HIS:CD2	2.38	0.41
1:A:888:HIS:O	1:A:892:MET:HG2	2.20	0.41
1:B:1018:ILE:O	1:B:1018:ILE:HG23	2.21	0.41
1:A:1114:MET:HB2	1:A:1114:MET:HE3	1.87	0.40
1:B:880:ILE:HG13	1:B:888:HIS:CD2	2.56	0.40
1:B:888:HIS:O	1:B:892:MET:HG2	2.20	0.40
1:B:898:TYR:HA	1:B:901:LYS:CE	2.50	0.40
1:A:985:MET:O	1:A:989:GLU:HG2	2.21	0.40
1:A:1018:ILE:HG23	1:A:1018:ILE:O	2.21	0.40
1:A:903:GLU:O	1:A:906:SER:OG	2.39	0.40
1:B:1017:GLU:HG2	1:B:1019:TYR:CZ	2.57	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	276/278 (99%)	255 (92%)	18 (6%)	3 (1%)	11	13
1	B	276/278 (99%)	256 (93%)	17 (6%)	3 (1%)	11	13
All	All	552/556 (99%)	511 (93%)	35 (6%)	6 (1%)	11	13

All (6) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	946	GLU
1	B	946	GLU
1	A	1020	LYS
1	B	1020	LYS
1	A	1138	VAL
1	B	1138	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	239/242 (99%)	229 (96%)	10 (4%)	26	40
1	B	239/242 (99%)	229 (96%)	10 (4%)	26	40
All	All	478/484 (99%)	458 (96%)	20 (4%)	26	40

All (20) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	905	GLU
1	A	922	GLU
1	A	944	THR
1	A	971	THR
1	A	1001	VAL
1	A	1027	ILE
1	A	1063	ASP
1	A	1128	ARG
1	A	1129	GLU
1	A	1135	VAL

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	905	GLU
1	B	922	GLU
1	B	944	THR
1	B	971	THR
1	B	1001	VAL
1	B	1027	ILE
1	B	1063	ASP
1	B	1128	ARG
1	B	1129	GLU
1	B	1135	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (12) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	888	HIS
1	A	963	HIS
1	A	976	GLN
1	A	988	HIS
1	A	1057	HIS
1	A	1069	HIS
1	B	888	HIS
1	B	943	GLN
1	B	963	HIS
1	B	976	GLN
1	B	1057	HIS
1	B	1079	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	278/278 (100%)	-1.56	0 100 100	3, 14, 36, 58	0
1	B	278/278 (100%)	-1.56	0 100 100	3, 13, 37, 57	0
All	All	556/556 (100%)	-1.56	0 100 100	3, 13, 37, 58	0

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.