



## wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 08:34 PM UTC

PDB ID : 7RVC / pdb\_00007rvc  
Title : Segment from the human prion protein 168-176 EYSNQNNFV  
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Deposited on : 2021-08-18  
Resolution : 1.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB/EMDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0  
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)  
CCP4 : 9.0.010 (Gargrove)  
Density-Fitness : 1.0.12  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

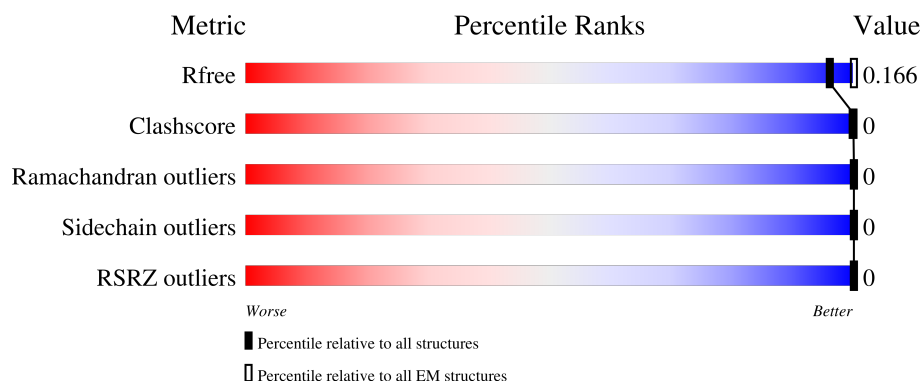
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*ELECTRON CRYSTALLOGRAPHY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



| Metric                | Whole archive<br>(#Entries) | EM structures<br>(#Entries) |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| $R_{free}$            | 180332                      | 208                         |
| Clashscore            | 229148                      | 23984                       |
| Ramachandran outliers | 224038                      | 23583                       |
| Sidechain outliers    | 223484                      | 23102                       |
| RSRZ outliers         | 180361                      | 209                         |

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ .

| Mol | Chain | Length | Quality of chain                                                                          |
|-----|-------|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1   | A     | 9      |  100% |

## 2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 144 atoms, of which 64 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Major prion protein.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms |    |    |    |    | AltConf | Trace |
|-----|-------|----------|-------|----|----|----|----|---------|-------|
| 1   | A     | 9        | Total | C  | H  | N  | O  | 0       | 0     |
|     |       |          | 143   | 48 | 64 | 13 | 18 |         |       |

- Molecule 2 is water.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms |   | AltConf |
|-----|-------|----------|-------|---|---------|
| 2   | A     | 1        | Total | O | 0       |
|     |       |          | 1     | 1 |         |

### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Major prion protein

Chain A:  100%

There are no outlier residues recorded for this chain.

## 4 Data and refinement statistics

| Property                                                                | Value                                                           | Source           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| Space group                                                             | P 1                                                             | Depositor        |
| Cell constants<br>a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$                | 10.02Å 4.89Å 31.33Å<br>90.99° 91.42° 102.18°                    | Depositor        |
| Resolution (Å)                                                          | 10.44 – 1.00<br>10.44 – 1.00                                    | Depositor<br>EDS |
| % Data completeness<br>(in resolution range)                            | 97.5 (10.44-1.00)<br>97.5 (10.44-1.00)                          | Depositor<br>EDS |
| $R_{merge}$                                                             | 0.19                                                            | Depositor        |
| $R_{sym}$                                                               | (Not available)                                                 | Depositor        |
| $\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>                              | 1.21 (at 1.00Å)                                                 | Xtriage          |
| Refinement program                                                      | PHENIX 1.12_2829                                                | Depositor        |
| R, $R_{free}$                                                           | 0.163 , 0.168<br>0.182 , 0.166                                  | Depositor<br>DCC |
| $R_{free}$ test set                                                     | 303 reflections (9.76%)                                         | wwPDB-VP         |
| Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )                                       | 4.4                                                             | Xtriage          |
| Anisotropy                                                              | 0.486                                                           | Xtriage          |
| Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> ) | 0.42 , 36.4                                                     | EDS              |
| L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>                                        | $\langle  L  \rangle = 0.46$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.29$     | Xtriage          |
| Estimated twinning fraction                                             | 0.186 for -h-k,k,-l<br>0.039 for -h,-k,l<br>0.025 for h+k,-k,-l | Xtriage          |
| $F_o, F_c$ correlation                                                  | 0.96                                                            | EDS              |
| Total number of atoms                                                   | 144                                                             | wwPDB-VP         |
| Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )                                  | 9.0                                                             | wwPDB-VP         |

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 32.16 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 9.8346e-04. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

| Mol | Chain | Bond lengths |             | Bond angles |             |
|-----|-------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
|     |       | RMSZ         | $\# Z  > 5$ | RMSZ        | $\# Z  > 5$ |
| 1   | A     | 0.94         | 0/80        | 0.96        | 0/106       |

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

| Mol | Chain | Non-H | H(model) | H(added) | Clashes | Symm-Clashes |
|-----|-------|-------|----------|----------|---------|--------------|
| 1   | A     | 79    | 64       | 63       | 0       | 0            |
| 2   | A     | 1     | 0        | 0        | 0       | 0            |
| All | All   | 80    | 64       | 63       | 0       | 0            |

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

There are no clashes within the asymmetric unit.

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM

entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

| Mol | Chain | Analysed  | Favoured | Allowed | Outliers | Percentiles |     |
|-----|-------|-----------|----------|---------|----------|-------------|-----|
| 1   | A     | 7/9 (78%) | 7 (100%) | 0       | 0        | 100         | 100 |

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

| Mol | Chain | Analysed   | Rotameric | Outliers | Percentiles |     |
|-----|-------|------------|-----------|----------|-------------|-----|
| 1   | A     | 9/9 (100%) | 9 (100%)  | 0        | 100         | 100 |

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.