



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 20, 2026 – 12:03 PM UTC

PDB ID : 1SR5 / pdb_00001sr5
Title : ANTITHROMBIN-ANHYDROTHROMBIN-HEPARIN TERNARY COM-
PLEX STRUCTURE
Authors : Dementiev, A.; Petitou, M.; Gettins, P.G.
Deposited on : 2004-03-22
Resolution : 3.10 Å (reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtrriage (Phenix) : 2.0
EDS : 3.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4 : 9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness : 1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

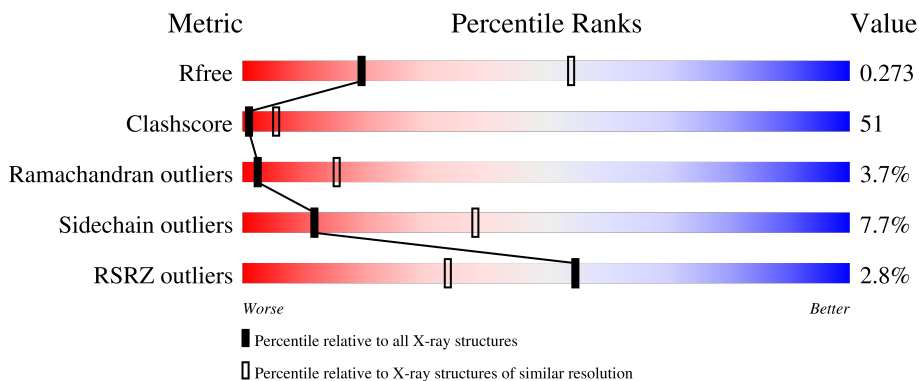
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	1456 (3.10-3.10)
Clashscore	190562	1539 (3.10-3.10)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	1467 (3.10-3.10)
Sidechain outliers	187428	1467 (3.10-3.10)
RSRZ outliers	180081	1456 (3.10-3.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	432	 4% 34% 51% 10% 5%
2	B	36	 50% 33% 6% 11%
3	C	259	 34% 49% 10% . .
4	D	7	 43% 57%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard

residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	U9D	D	7	X	-	-	-

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5534 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Antithrombin-III.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	409	3085	1974	523	571	17	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Prothrombin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	B	32	248	156	40	51	1	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Prothrombin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
3	C	248	1960	1251	341	354	14	0	0	0

- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called 4-deoxy-2,3,6-tri-O-methyl-alpha-D-xylo-hexopyranose-(1-4)-2,3,6-tri-O-methyl-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2,3-di-O-methyl-6-O-sulfo-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-(2R,3R,4S,5S,6S)-6-(dihydroxymethyl)-3,4-dimethoxytetrahydro-2H-pyran-2,5-diol-(1-4)-2,3,6-tri-O-sulfo-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-(2R,3R,4S,5S,6R)-6-(dihydroxymethyl)-3,4-dimethoxytetrahydro-2H-pyran-2,5-diol-(1-4)-1,5-anhydro-3-O-methyl-2,6-di-O-sulfo-D-glucitol.

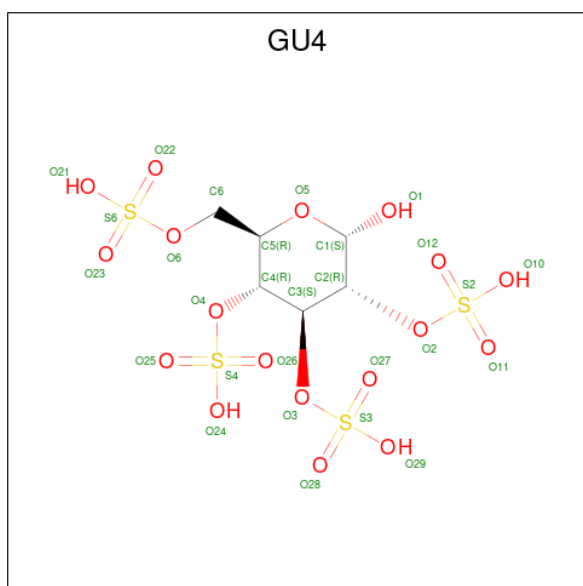
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	O	S			
4	D	7	111	53	52	6	0	0	0

- Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: NAG) (formula: C₈H₁₅NO₆).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
5	C	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

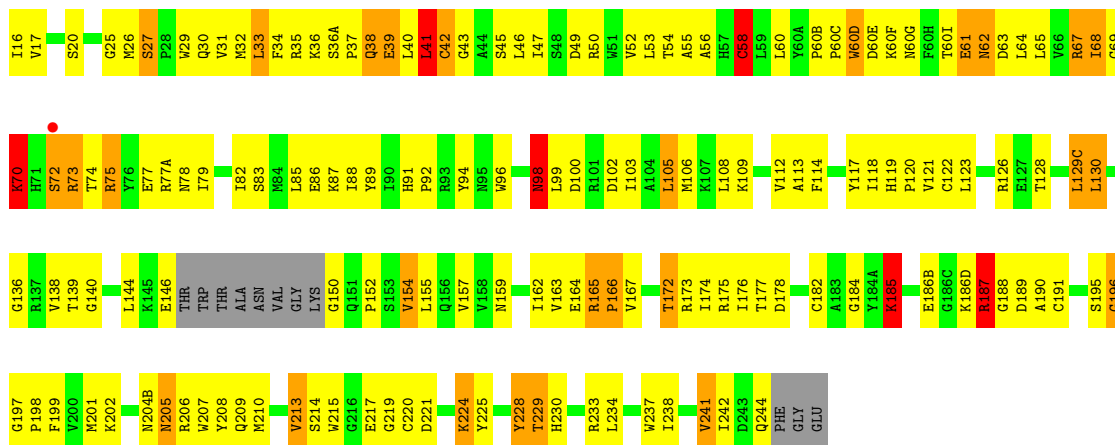
- Molecule 6 is 2,3,4,6-tetra-O-sulfonato-alpha-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: GU4) (formula: $C_6H_{12}O_{18}S_4$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	C	1	Total	C	O	S	0	0
			13	6	6	1		

- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	37	Total	O	0	0
			37	37		
7	B	4	Total	O	0	0
			4	4		
7	C	34	Total	O	0	0
			34	34		



- Molecule 4: 4-deoxy-2,3,6-tri-O-methyl-alpha-D-xylo-hexopyranose-(1-4)-2,3,6-tri-O-methyl-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2,3-di-O-methyl-6-O-sulfo-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-(2R,3R,4S,5S,6S)-6-(dihydroxymethyl)-3,4-dimethoxytetrahydro-2H-pyran-2,5-diol-(1-4)-2,3,6-tri-O-sulfo-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-(2R,3R,4S,5S,6R)-6-(dihydroxymethyl)-3,4-dimethoxytetrahydro-2H-pyran-2,5-diol-(1-4)-1,5-anhydro-3-O-methyl-2,6-di-O-sulfo-D-glucitol

Chain D:



4 Data and refinement statistics i

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.04Å 90.70Å 159.90Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 – 3.10 30.00 – 3.10	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.6 (30.00-3.10) 99.5 (30.00-3.10)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.12	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.20 (at 3.11Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.227 , 0.278 0.230 , 0.273	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2278 reflections (4.99%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	66.0	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.879	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.27 , 64.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.45$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.28$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.027 for k,h,-l	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	5534	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	62.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.17% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: U9M, U9D, YYB, GU4, U9J, GU6, NAG, GU8, U9G

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.56	0/3149	1.15	23/4286 (0.5%)
2	B	0.52	0/251	1.02	3/335 (0.9%)
3	C	0.57	0/2011	1.09	16/2728 (0.6%)
All	All	0.56	0/5411	1.12	42/7349 (0.6%)

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 42 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	229	PHE	O-C-N	-14.07	106.17	123.06
1	A	157	THR	N-CA-C	-10.95	99.75	113.55
1	A	388	VAL	N-CA-C	-9.26	103.34	113.43
1	A	18	ASN	CA-C-N	-8.37	109.37	119.84
1	A	18	ASN	C-N-CA	-8.37	109.37	119.84

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3085	0	2922	341	1
2	B	248	0	236	16	1
3	C	1960	0	1884	184	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	D	111	0	16	11	0
5	A	28	0	26	6	0
5	C	14	0	13	3	0
6	C	13	0	8	4	0
7	A	37	0	0	2	0
7	B	4	0	0	0	0
7	C	34	0	0	1	0
All	All	5534	0	5105	534	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 51.

The worst 5 of 534 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:D:6:GU8:C7	4:D:6:GU8:O2	1.63	1.43
4:D:2:U9J:O2	4:D:2:U9J:C2M	1.63	1.41
4:D:5:U9G:C3G	4:D:5:U9G:O2	1.65	1.39
4:D:6:GU8:O3	4:D:6:GU8:C8	1.67	1.39
1:A:95:CYS:O	1:A:99:LEU:HB3	1.29	1.24

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:378:GLU:O	2:B:11:SER:OG[4_445]	1.94	0.26

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	401/432 (93%)	310 (77%)	74 (18%)	17 (4%)	2	13
2	B	30/36 (83%)	25 (83%)	4 (13%)	1 (3%)	3	17
3	C	244/259 (94%)	197 (81%)	40 (16%)	7 (3%)	3	19
All	All	675/727 (93%)	532 (79%)	118 (18%)	25 (4%)	2	15

5 of 25 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	19	PRO
3	C	38	GLN
1	A	20	MET
1	A	25	SER
1	A	183	ARG

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	316/383 (82%)	300 (95%)	16 (5%)	21	52
2	B	26/31 (84%)	25 (96%)	1 (4%)	29	60
3	C	206/225 (92%)	181 (88%)	25 (12%)	5	20
All	All	548/639 (86%)	506 (92%)	42 (8%)	12	38

5 of 42 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	105	LEU
3	C	198	PRO
3	C	130	LEU
3	C	172	THR
3	C	224	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 18 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	143	ASN
3	C	244	GLN
3	C	205	ASN
3	C	38	GLN
3	C	98	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

7 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
4	YYB	D	1	4	20,20,20	1.40	5 (25%)	25,30,30	1.13	2 (8%)
4	U9J	D	2	4	14,14,15	3.29	7 (50%)	16,19,21	2.07	3 (18%)
4	GU6	D	3	4	23,23,24	2.16	7 (30%)	28,36,38	1.37	3 (10%)
4	U9M	D	4	4	14,14,15	3.72	9 (64%)	16,19,21	1.87	4 (25%)
4	U9G	D	5	4	17,17,18	3.37	7 (41%)	23,24,26	2.28	8 (34%)
4	GU8	D	6	4	12,12,15	5.32	10 (83%)	16,16,20	4.21	9 (56%)
4	U9D	D	7	4	11,11,14	3.81	7 (63%)	14,14,18	1.12	1 (7%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	YYB	D	1	4	-	6/13/30/30	0/1/1/1
4	U9J	D	2	4	-	3/8/25/28	0/1/1/1
4	GU6	D	3	4	-	6/16/33/36	0/1/1/1
4	U9M	D	4	4	-	4/8/25/28	0/1/1/1
4	U9G	D	5	4	-	8/10/27/30	0/1/1/1
4	GU8	D	6	4	-	0/4/21/27	0/1/1/1
4	U9D	D	7	4	1/1/3/4	1/4/17/23	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 52 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	D	6	GU8	O5-C1	8.28	1.57	1.43
4	D	6	GU8	C3-C2	7.47	1.73	1.52
4	D	6	GU8	O3-C8	7.45	1.67	1.42
4	D	6	GU8	C4-C5	6.92	1.68	1.52
4	D	5	U9G	O4-C4	6.90	1.60	1.43

The worst 5 of 30 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	D	6	GU8	O5-C5-C4	-7.87	95.39	109.55
4	D	6	GU8	O4-C4-C3	-7.52	90.66	109.94
4	D	5	U9G	C1-O5-C5	6.77	121.26	112.19
4	D	6	GU8	C6-C5-C4	-6.51	101.17	113.08
4	D	6	GU8	O4-C4-C5	6.44	123.94	109.74

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
4	D	7	U9D	C1

5 of 28 torsion outliers are listed below:

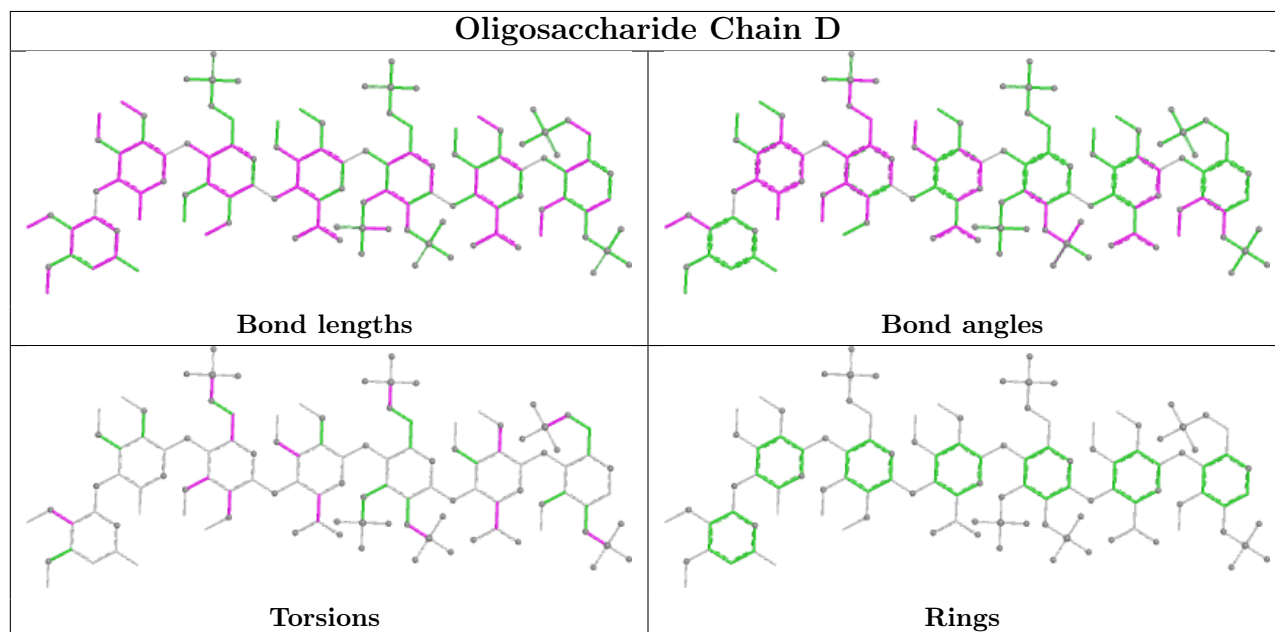
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	D	1	YYB	C6-O6-S6-O2S6
4	D	1	YYB	C6-O6-S6-O3S6
4	D	2	U9J	C4-C5-C6-O6A
4	D	2	U9J	O5-C5-C6-O6A
4	D	3	GU6	C6-O6-S6-O20

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 11 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	D	6	GU8	4	0
4	D	3	GU6	1	0
4	D	2	U9J	2	0
4	D	5	U9G	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



5.6 Ligand geometry [\(i\)](#)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
5	NAG	A	502	-	14,14,15	3.07	7 (50%)	17,19,21	2.53	6 (35%)
5	NAG	C	503	-	14,14,15	2.73	7 (50%)	17,19,21	2.89	7 (41%)
5	NAG	A	501	1	14,14,15	2.63	6 (42%)	17,19,21	2.80	7 (41%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
6	GU4	C	602	-	11,13,28	2.03	4 (36%)	17,18,45	3.65	9 (52%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	A	502	-	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	C	503	-	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	501	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	GU4	C	602	-	-	2/2/24/41	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 24 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	A	501	NAG	C4-C5	6.49	1.66	1.53
5	A	502	NAG	C1-C2	6.08	1.60	1.52
5	A	502	NAG	C4-C5	5.59	1.64	1.53
5	C	503	NAG	C4-C5	5.32	1.64	1.53
5	A	502	NAG	C4-C3	4.96	1.65	1.52

The worst 5 of 29 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	C	602	GU4	O3-C3-C4	-8.69	87.65	109.94
5	C	503	NAG	C1-O5-C5	7.82	122.66	112.19
5	A	501	NAG	C1-O5-C5	7.62	122.40	112.19
5	A	502	NAG	C2-N2-C7	6.07	131.03	122.90
6	C	602	GU4	O5-C1-C2	5.80	120.49	110.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 14 torsion outliers are listed below:

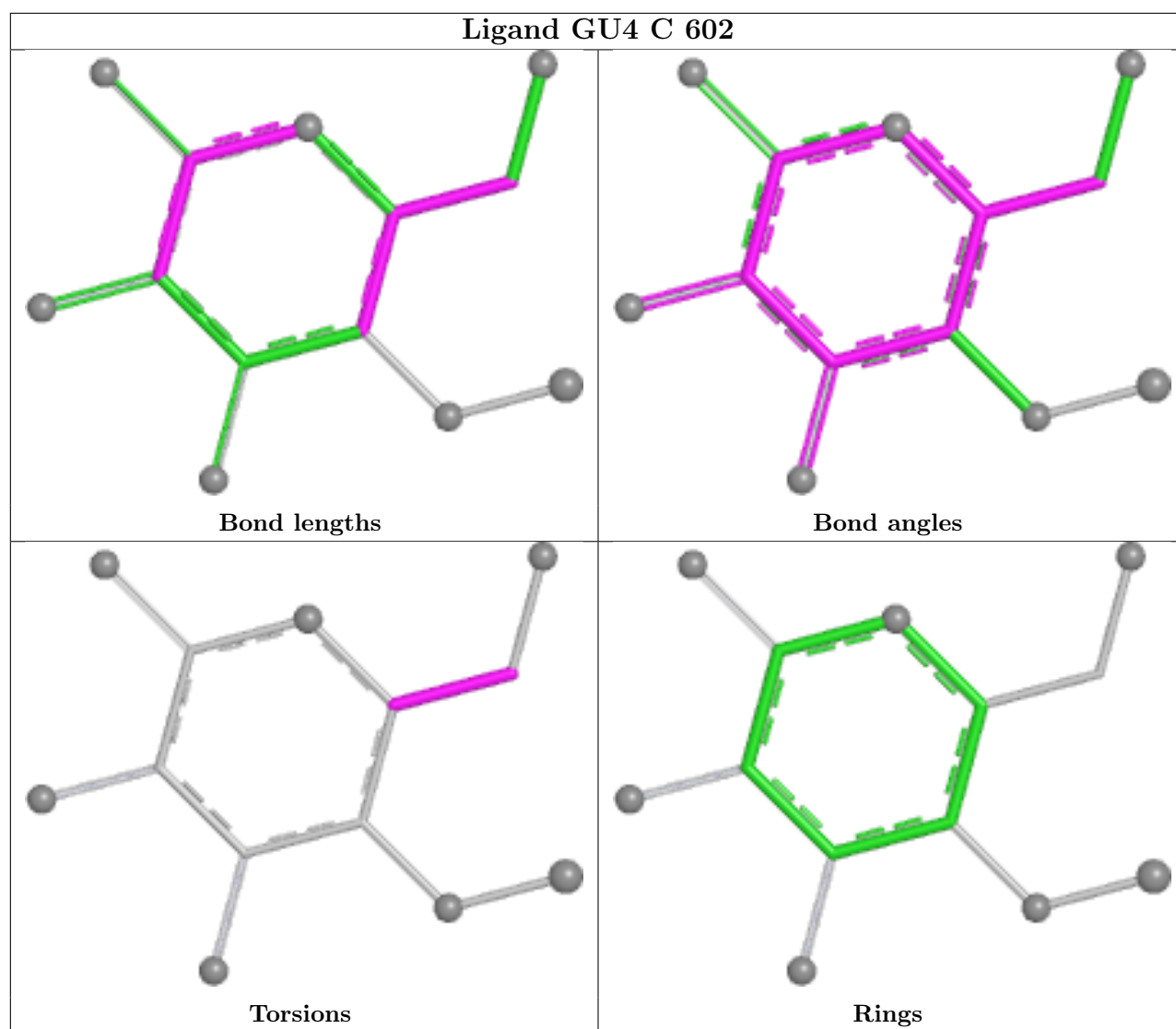
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	501	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	C	503	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	A	501	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	C	503	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	A	502	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 13 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	502	NAG	5	0
5	C	503	NAG	3	0
5	A	501	NAG	1	0
6	C	602	GU4	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [\(i\)](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ > 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	409/432 (94%)	0.19	18 (4%) 39 21	34, 67, 98, 116	0
2	B	32/36 (88%)	-0.17	0 100 100	37, 50, 74, 76	0
3	C	248/259 (95%)	-0.22	1 (0%) 88 76	15, 50, 69, 86	0
All	All	689/727 (94%)	0.02	19 (2%) 55 34	15, 59, 95, 116	0

The worst 5 of 19 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	378	GLU	6.4
1	A	382	ALA	4.3
1	A	93	GLY	3.5
1	A	366	ASP	3.3
3	C	72	SER	3.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

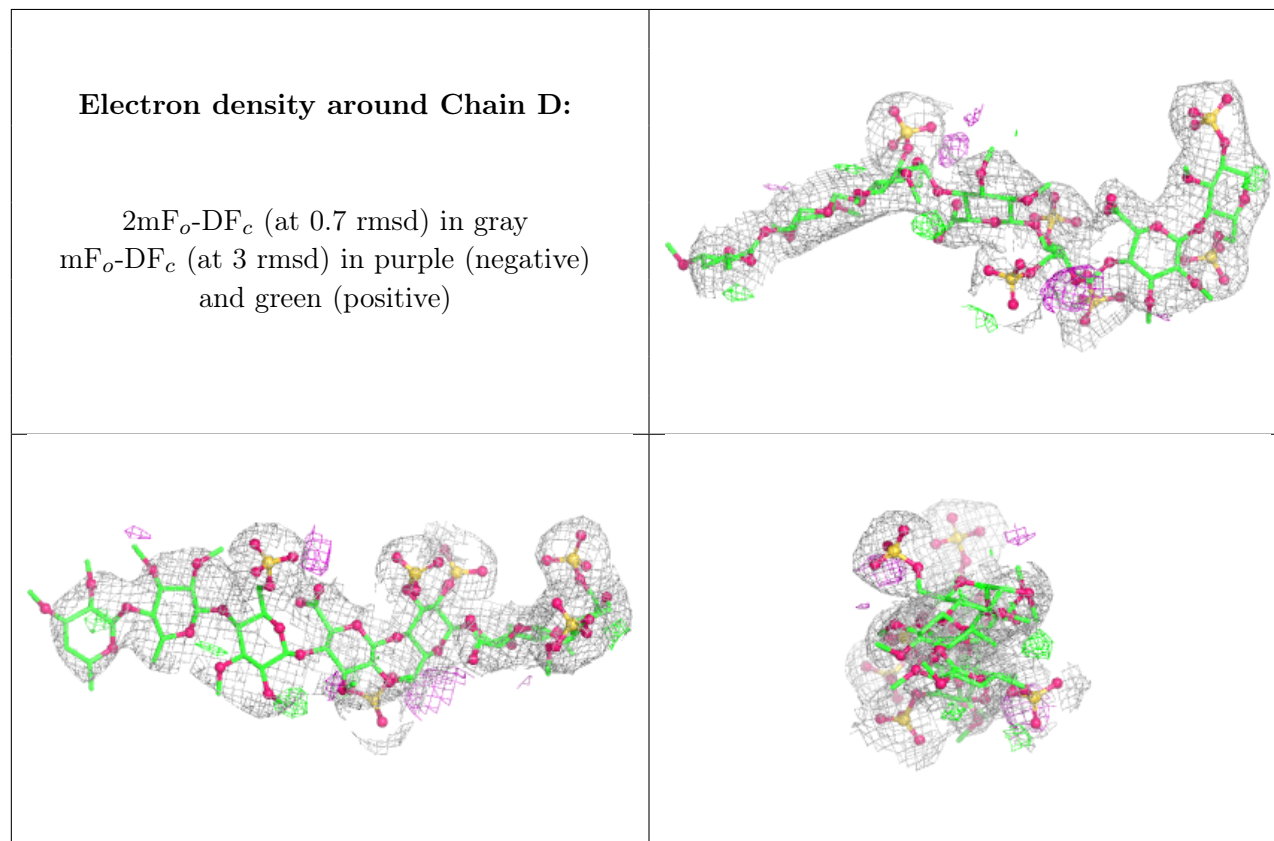
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
4	U9D	D	7	11/14	0.76	0.25	111,114,116,116	0
4	GU8	D	6	12/15	0.88	0.18	95,100,103,108	0
4	YYB	D	1	20/20	0.91	0.11	78,79,85,85	0

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
4	GU6	D	3	23/24	0.91	0.09	70,77,86,87	0
4	U9M	D	4	14/15	0.92	0.12	81,83,85,86	0
4	U9G	D	5	17/18	0.92	0.12	67,81,85,90	0
4	U9J	D	2	14/15	0.95	0.12	78,80,82,82	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

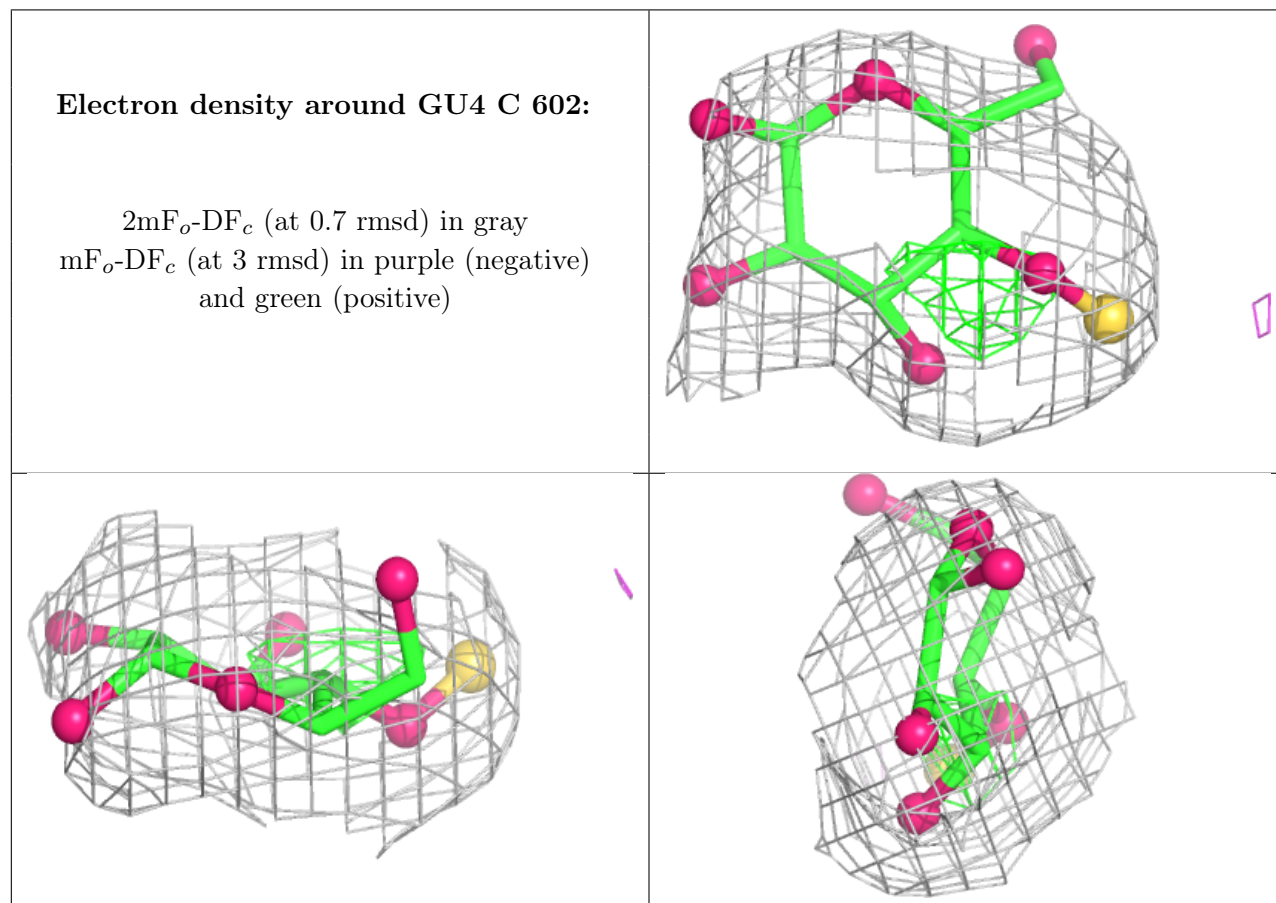


6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
5	NAG	A	502	14/15	0.57	0.17	125,127,128,129	0
5	NAG	A	501	14/15	0.67	0.16	103,105,105,105	0
5	NAG	C	503	14/15	0.76	0.14	101,104,105,105	0
6	GU4	C	602	13/28	0.86	0.18	115,118,119,120	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.5 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.