



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 20, 2026 – 04:04 AM UTC

PDB ID : 7SYE / pdb_00007sye
EMDB ID : EMD-25523
Title : Cryo-EM structure of the extracellular module of the full-length EGFR bound to EGF. "tips-separated" conformation
Authors : Huang, Y.; Ognjenovic, J.; Karandur, D.; Miller, K.; Merk, A.; Subramaniam, S.; Kuriyan, J.
Deposited on : 2021-11-24
Resolution : 3.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

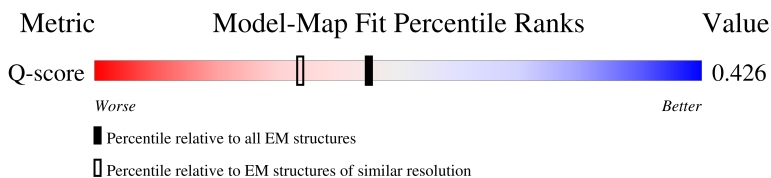
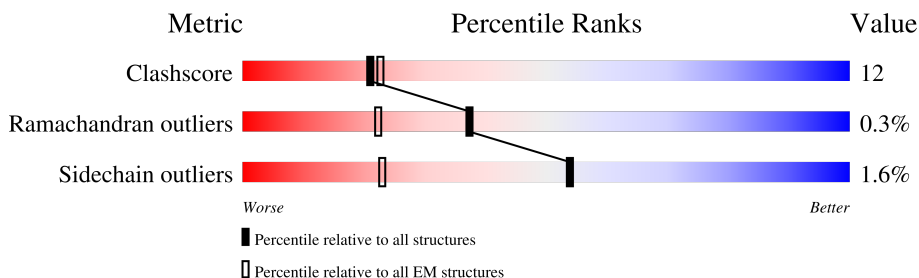
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	15087 (2.80 - 3.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	1210	 6% 38% 12% 49%
1	B	1210	 6% 36% 15% 49%
2	C	53	 72% 17% 11%
2	D	53	 75% 13% 11%

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10216 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Epidermal growth factor receptor.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	614	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4723	2914	842	907	60		
1	B	614	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4723	2914	842	907	60		

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	232	ASN	ASP	conflict	UNP P00533
B	232	ASN	ASP	conflict	UNP P00533

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Epidermal growth factor.

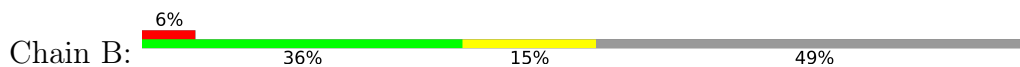
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	C	47	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			385	244	63	71	7		
2	D	47	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			385	244	63	71	7		

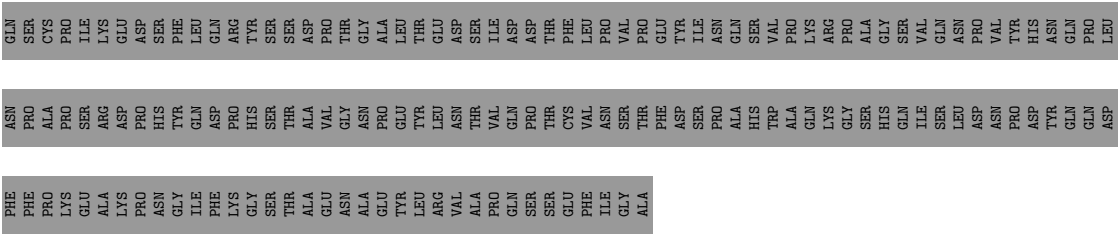
- Molecule 1: Epidermal growth factor receptor



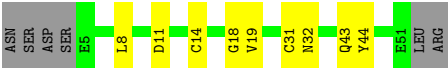
PHE	PRO	LYS	GLU	ALA	LYS	PRO	ASN	GLY	ILE	PHE	LYS	GLY	SER	THR	ALA	GLU	ASN	ALA	GLU	TYR	LEU	ARG	VAL	ALA	PRO	GLN	SER	SER	GLU	PHE	ILE	GLY	ALA
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- Molecule 1: Epidermal growth factor receptor

[illegible]



● Molecule 2: Epidermal growth factor



● Molecule 2: Epidermal growth factor



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	89757	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	750	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	1.316	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.591	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.036	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.2	Depositor
Map size (Å)	323.81998, 323.81998, 323.81998	wwPDB
Map dimensions	300, 300, 300	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.0794, 1.0794, 1.0794	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.34	0/4815	0.51	0/6514
1	B	0.37	0/4815	0.61	3/6514 (0.0%)
2	C	0.28	0/396	0.43	0/536
2	D	0.28	0/396	0.43	0/536
All	All	0.35	0/10422	0.55	3/14100 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	504	ASN	N-CA-C	-9.19	102.07	113.28
1	B	571	CYS	CA-C-N	5.34	125.34	119.90
1	B	571	CYS	C-N-CA	5.34	125.34	119.90

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4723	0	4556	103	0
1	B	4723	0	4556	127	0
2	C	385	0	344	5	0
2	D	385	0	344	5	0
All	All	10216	0	9800	238	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

The worst 5 of 238 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:420:ASN:ND2	1:B:443:LYS:HD2	1.79	0.96
1:B:487:SER:HB3	1:B:503:ARG:HA	1.48	0.95
1:A:539:LEU:H	1:A:559:ALA:HB2	1.37	0.88
1:B:521:GLU:HB3	1:B:522:PRO:HD3	1.57	0.83
1:A:585:LYS:HB3	1:A:593:CYS:HB3	1.62	0.82

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	612/1210 (51%)	528 (86%)	83 (14%)	1 (0%)	43	71
1	B	612/1210 (51%)	513 (84%)	96 (16%)	3 (0%)	24	55
2	C	45/53 (85%)	37 (82%)	8 (18%)	0	100	100
2	D	45/53 (85%)	37 (82%)	8 (18%)	0	100	100
All	All	1314/2526 (52%)	1115 (85%)	195 (15%)	4 (0%)	37	65

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	538	CYS
1	B	171	PRO
1	B	503	ARG
1	B	600	CYS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	536/1053 (51%)	531 (99%)	5 (1%)	70	78
1	B	536/1053 (51%)	522 (97%)	14 (3%)	40	64
2	C	41/47 (87%)	41 (100%)	0	100	100
2	D	41/47 (87%)	41 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1154/2200 (52%)	1135 (98%)	19 (2%)	54	72

5 of 19 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	562	ILE
1	B	596	CYS
1	B	610	GLU
1	B	595	LEU
1	B	497	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 30 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	599	ASN
1	B	420	ASN
1	B	33	ASN
1	B	557	GLN
1	B	211	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

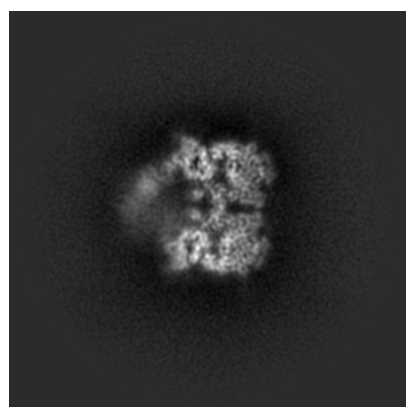
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-25523. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

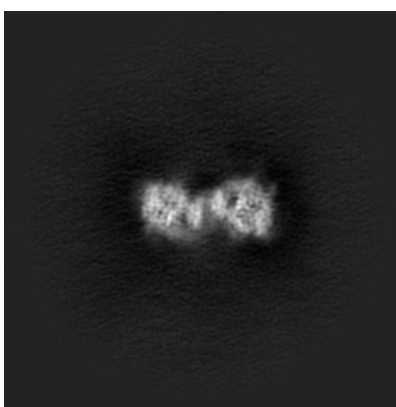
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

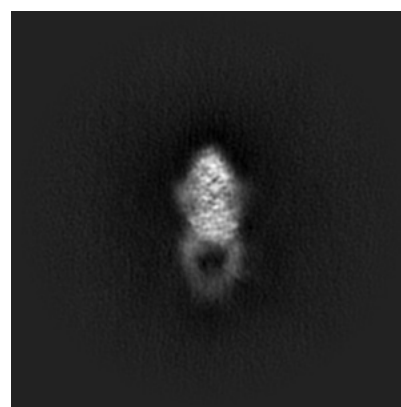
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

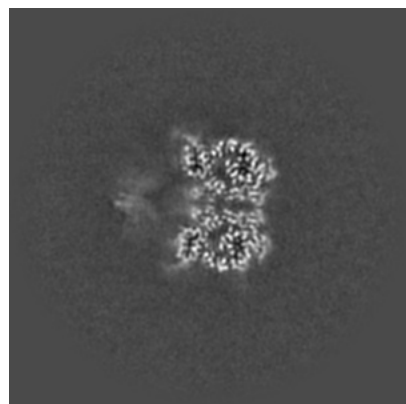


Z

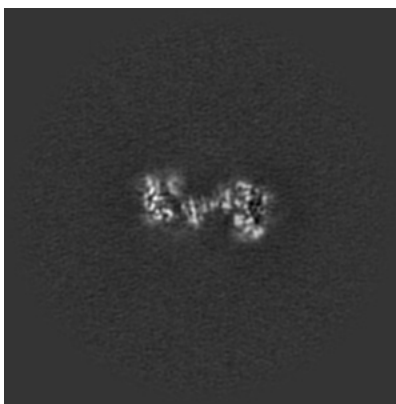
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 150



Y Index: 150

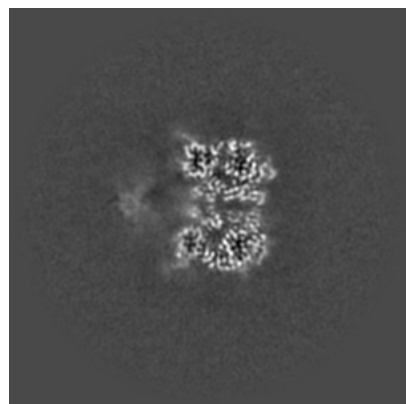


Z Index: 150

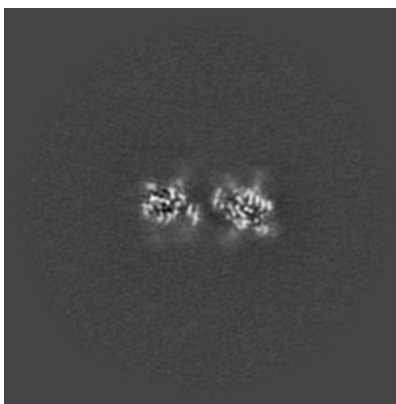
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

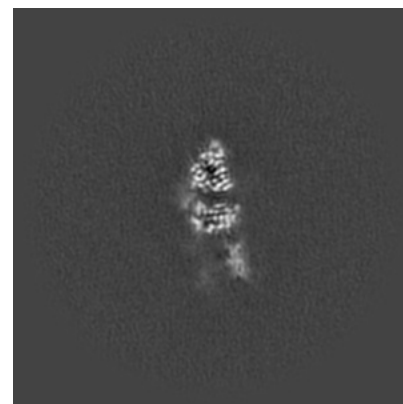
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 152



Y Index: 168

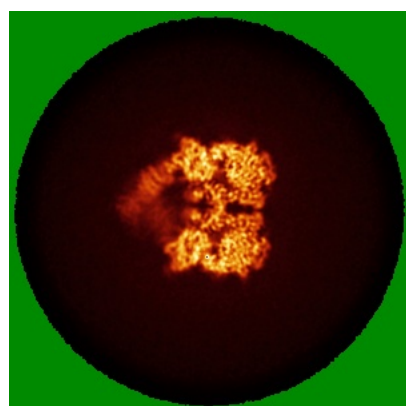


Z Index: 177

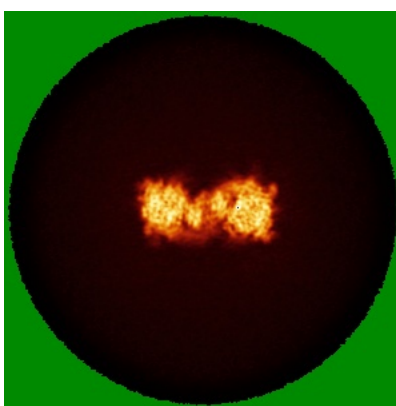
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

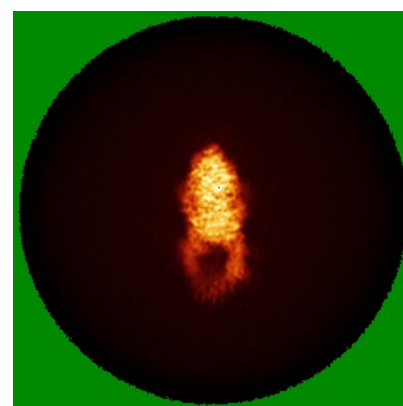
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

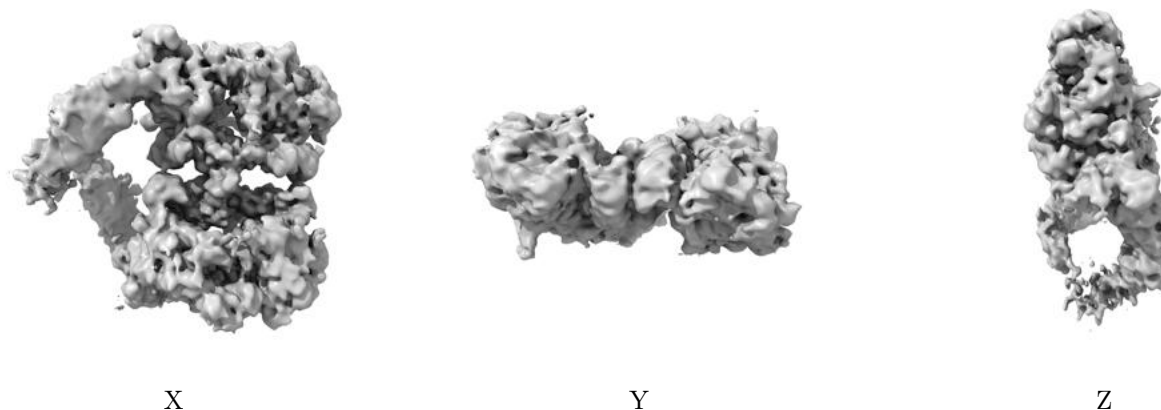


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.2. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

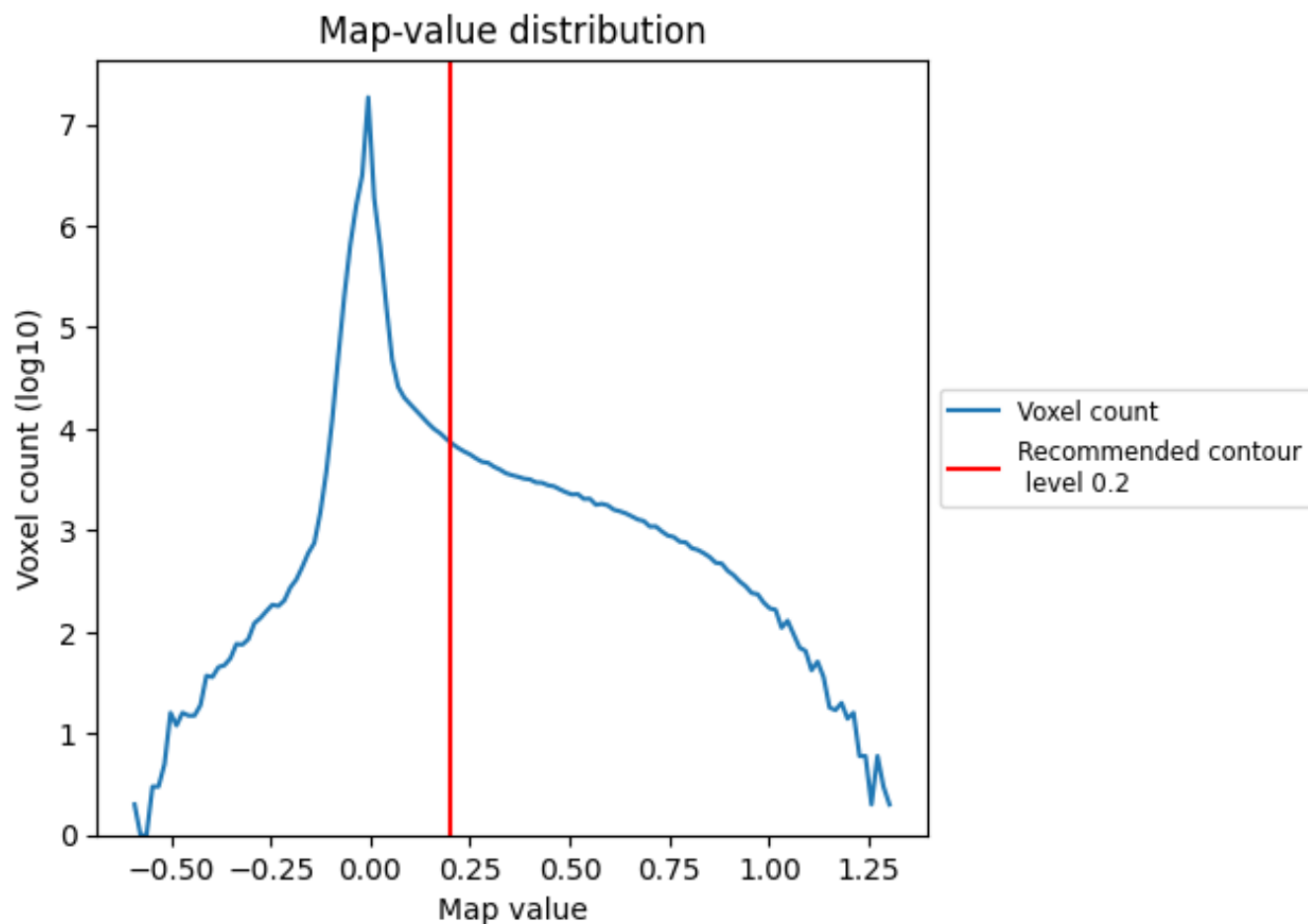
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

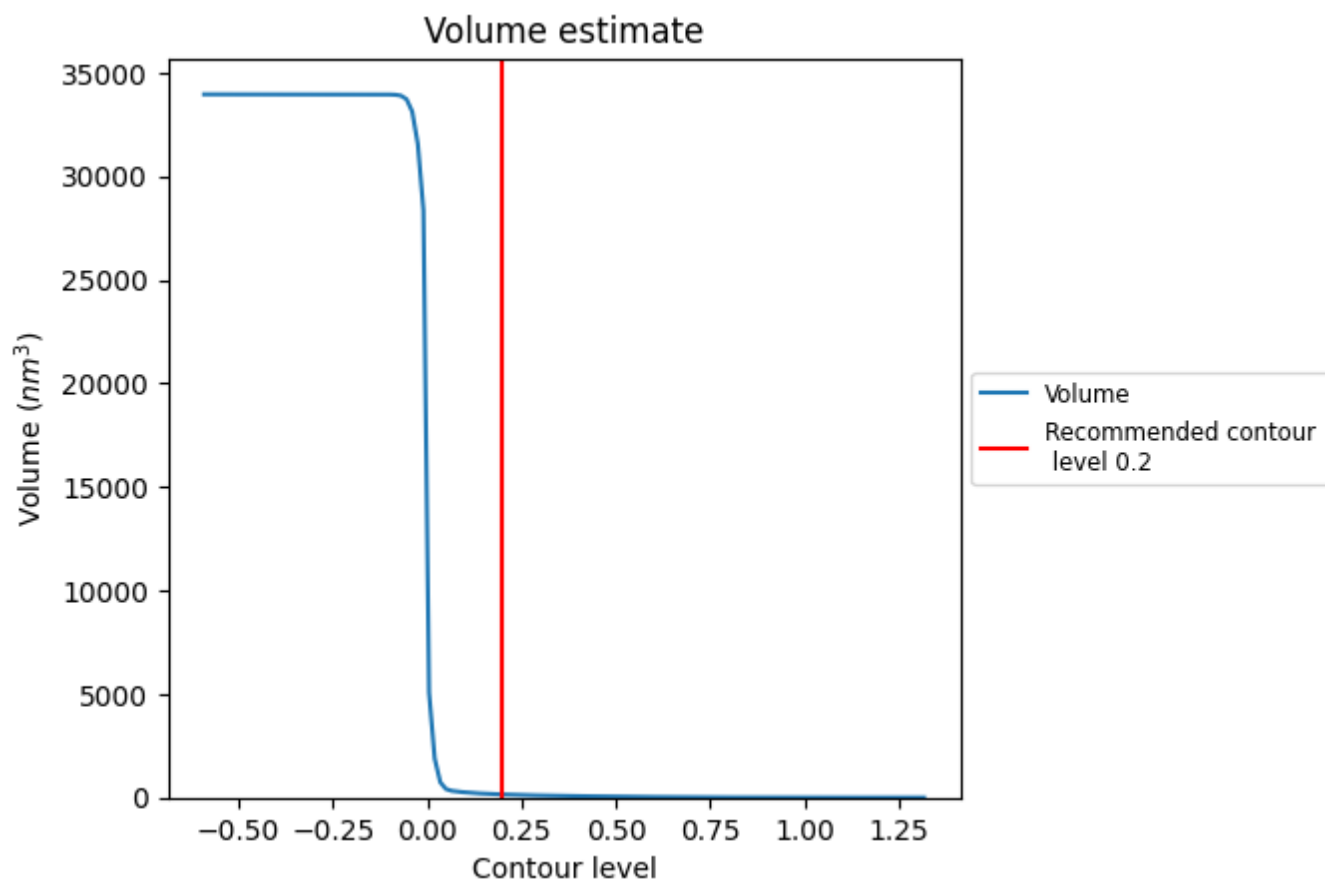
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

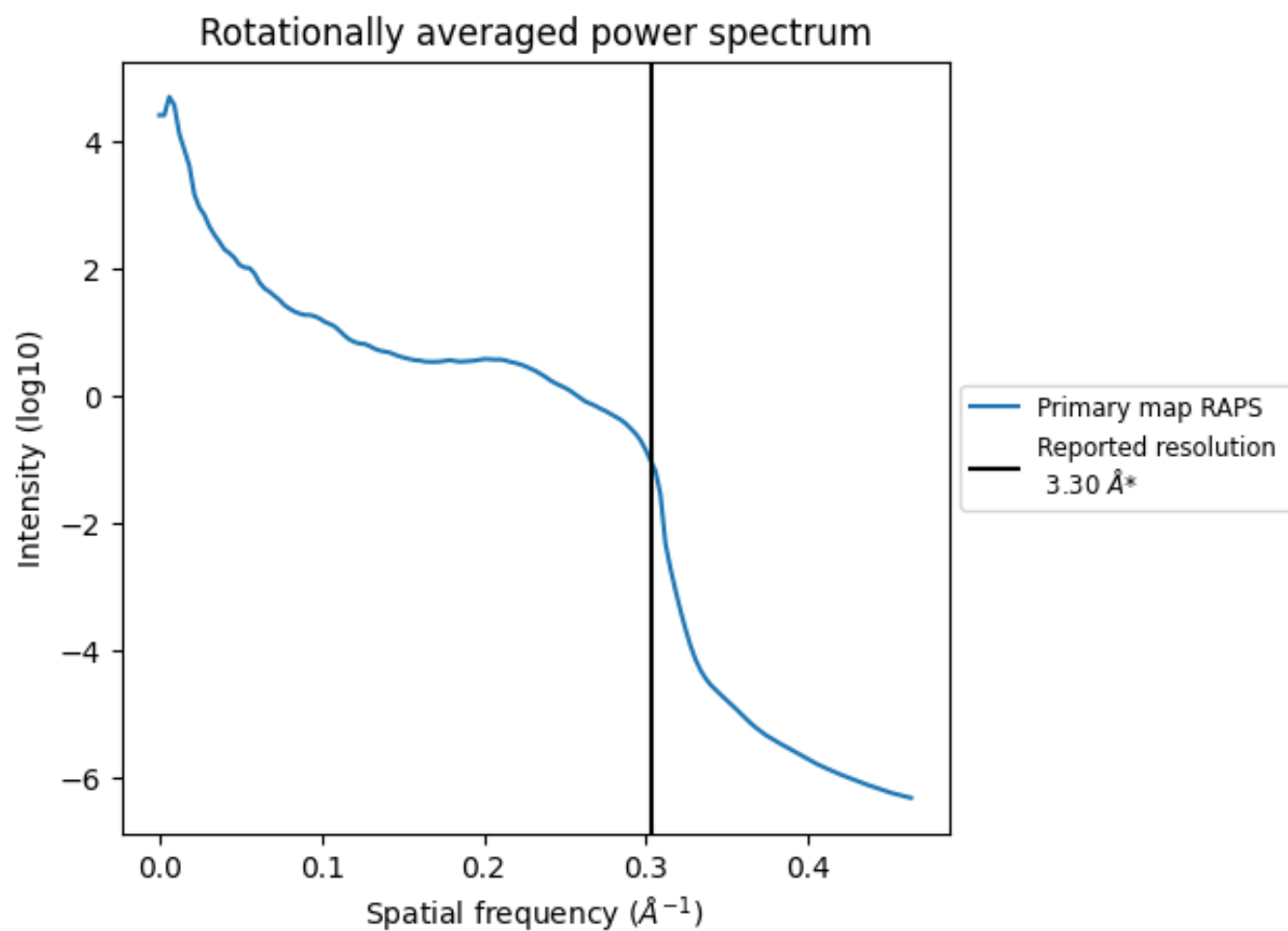
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 150 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 135 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.303 Å⁻¹

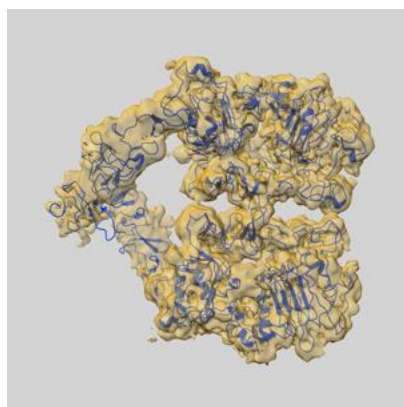
8 Fourier-Shell correlation ⓘ

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

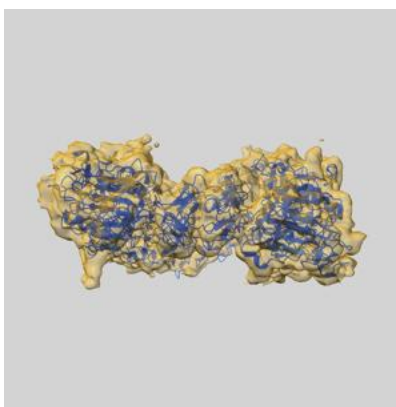
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-25523 and PDB model 7SYE. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [4](#).

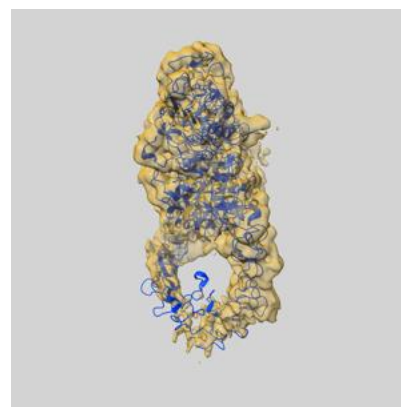
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



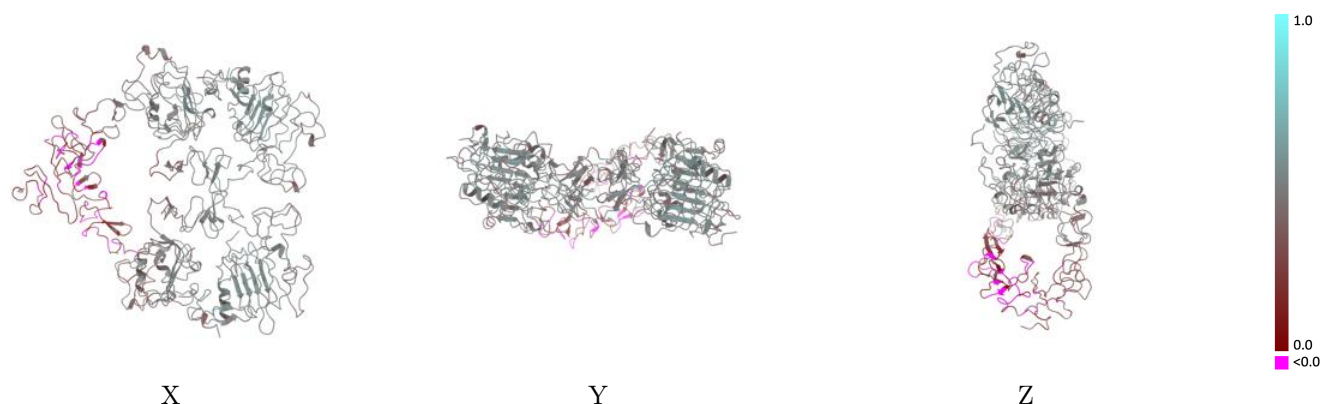
Y



Z

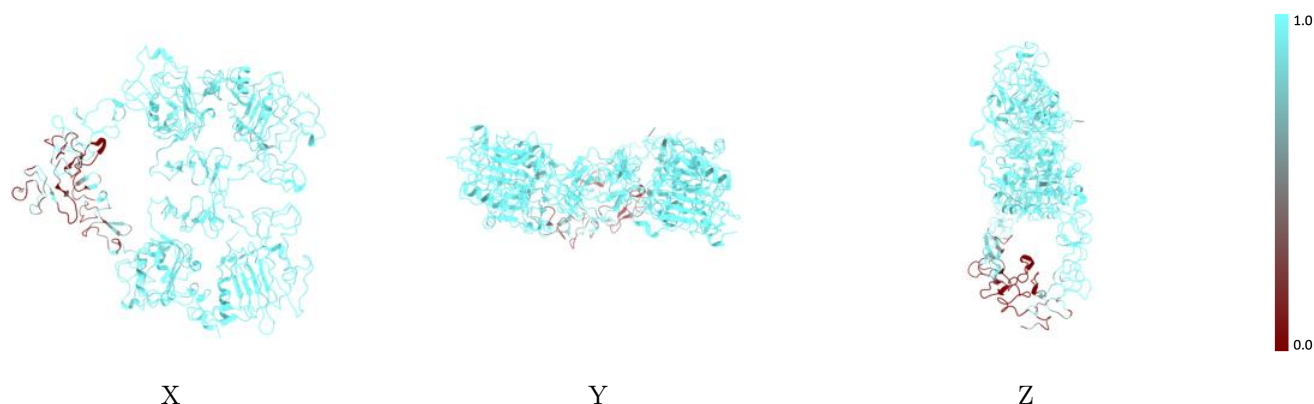
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.2 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



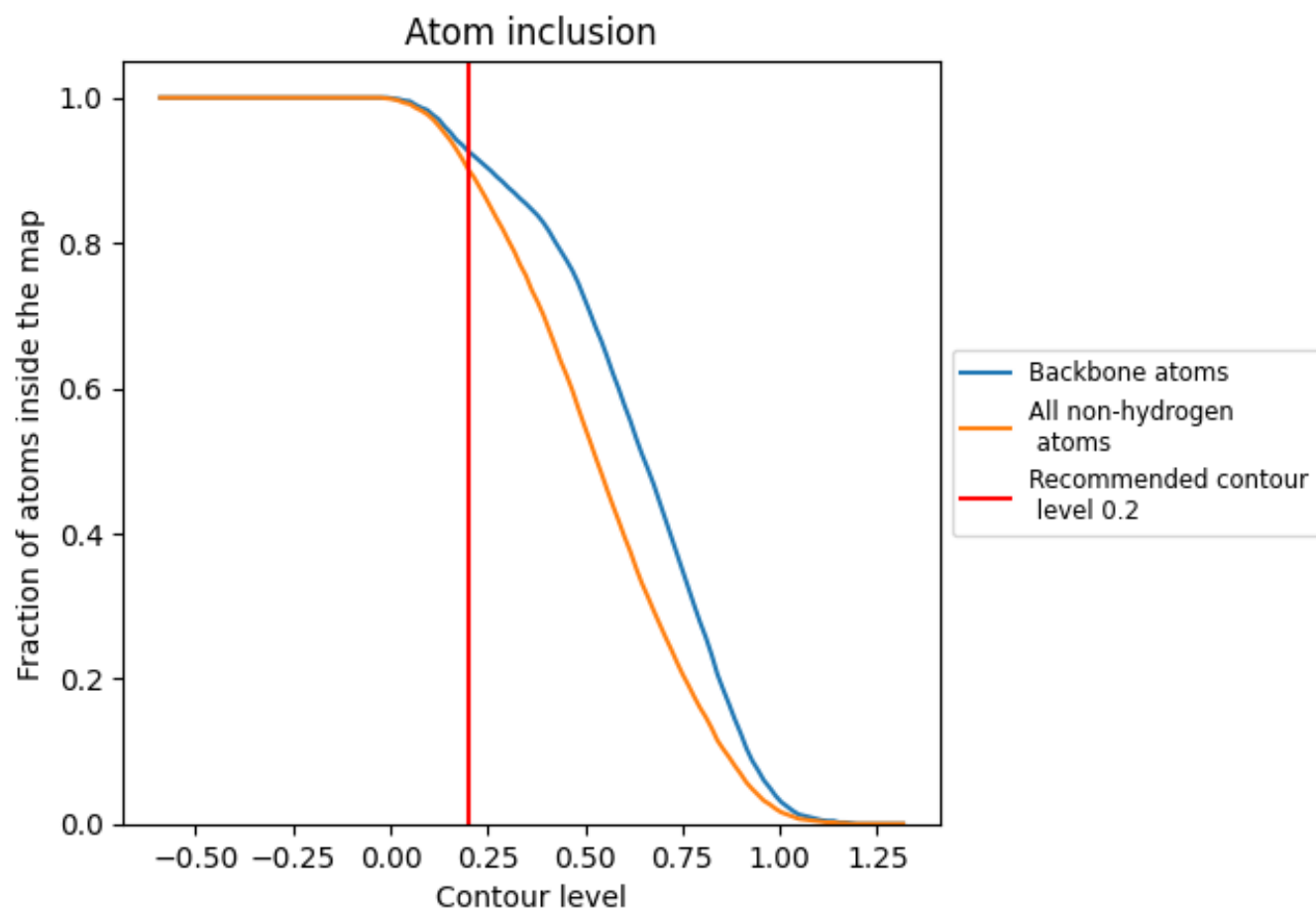
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.2).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 93% of all backbone atoms, 90% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.2) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.9010	0.4260
A	0.9340	0.4480
B	0.8580	0.3950
C	0.9710	0.4850
D	0.9730	0.4840

