



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 5TGG / pdb_00005tgg
BMRB ID : 30184
Title : Solution structure of parallel stranded adenosine duplex
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Deposited on : 2016-09-27

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

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A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

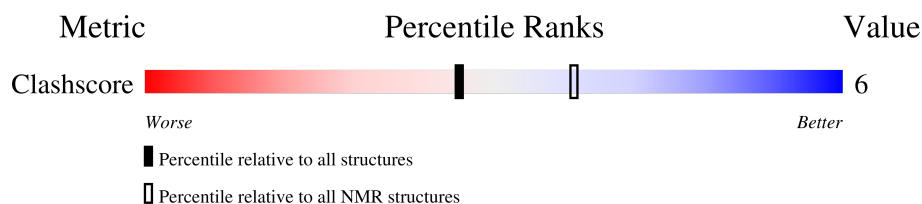
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

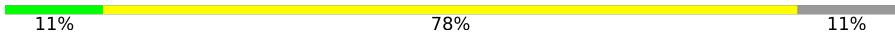
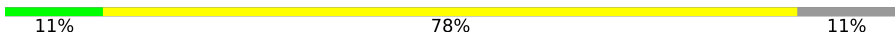
The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 22%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	9	 11% 78% 11%
1	B	9	 11% 78% 11%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 11 models. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 564 atoms, of which 206 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is DNA/RNA hybrid called RNA/DNA (5'-D(P*T)-R(*(A2M)P*(A2M)P*(A2M)P*(A2M))-D(P*A)-R(P*(A2M)P*(A2M)P*(A2M))-3').

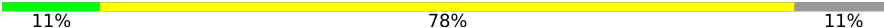
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	8	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			282	87	103	40	45	7	
1	B	8	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			282	87	103	40	45	7	

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

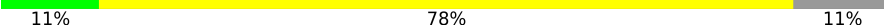
These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: RNA/DNA (5'-D(P*T)-R(*(A2M)P*(A2M)P*(A2M)P*(A2M))-D(P*A)-R(P*(A2M)P*(A2M)P*(A2M))-3')

Chain A: 



- Molecule 1: RNA/DNA (5'-D(P*T)-R(*(A2M)P*(A2M)P*(A2M)P*(A2M))-D(P*A)-R(P*(A2M)P*(A2M)P*(A2M))-3')

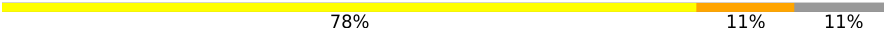
Chain B: 



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (author defined) model from the NMR ensemble

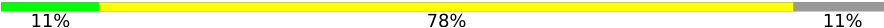
The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: RNA/DNA (5'-D(P*T)-R(*(A2M)P*(A2M)P*(A2M)P*(A2M))-D(P*A)-R(P*(A2M)P*(A2M)P*(A2M))-3')

Chain A: 



- Molecule 1: RNA/DNA (5'-D(P*T)-R(*(A2M)P*(A2M)P*(A2M)P*(A2M))-D(P*A)-R(P*(A2M)P*(A2M)P*(A2M))-3')

Chain B: 



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 40 calculated structures, 11 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the least restraint violations and the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	1.2

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	96
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	86
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	10
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	22%

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: A2M

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	1.05±0.01	0±0/24 (1.5± 2.0%)	0.50±0.02	0±0/37 (0.0± 0.0%)
1	B	1.05±0.01	0±0/24 (1.9± 2.1%)	0.58±0.02	0±0/37 (0.0± 0.0%)
All	All	1.05	9/528 (1.7%)	0.54	0/814 (0.0%)

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	B	5	A2M	O3'-P	5.10	1.61	1.56	8	5
1	A	5	A2M	O3'-P	5.10	1.61	1.56	8	4

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	179	103	103	2±2
1	B	179	103	103	1±2
All	All	3938	2266	2266	39

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including

hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

5 of 32 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:7:A2M:HM'3	1:A:7:A2M:H4'	0.78	1.55	10	1
1:A:4:A2M:HM'3	1:A:4:A2M:H4'	0.78	1.55	2	2
1:A:8:A2M:H4'	1:A:8:A2M:HM'3	0.72	1.59	7	1
1:B:2:A2M:H4'	1:B:2:A2M:HM'3	0.68	1.64	5	1
1:A:7:A2M:HM'3	1:A:7:A2M:C4'	0.63	2.22	10	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

14 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	A2M	A	7	1	22,25,26	0.19±0.01	0±0 (0±0%)
1	A2M	A	9	1	22,25,26	0.17±0.01	0±0 (0±0%)
1	A2M	A	5	1	22,25,26	0.20±0.01	0±0 (0±0%)
1	A2M	A	2	1	22,22,26	0.18±0.01	0±0 (0±0%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	A2M	B	2	1	22,22,26	0.18±0.01	0±0 (0±0%)
1	A2M	B	4	1	22,25,26	0.20±0.00	0±0 (0±0%)
1	A2M	B	5	1	22,25,26	0.20±0.00	0±0 (0±0%)
1	A2M	B	8	1	22,25,26	0.19±0.01	0±0 (0±0%)
1	A2M	A	3	1	22,25,26	0.19±0.01	0±0 (0±0%)
1	A2M	A	8	1	22,25,26	0.20±0.01	0±0 (0±0%)
1	A2M	B	9	1	22,25,26	0.18±0.01	0±0 (0±0%)
1	A2M	B	3	1	22,25,26	0.20±0.00	0±0 (0±0%)
1	A2M	A	4	1	22,25,26	0.21±0.02	0±0 (0±0%)
1	A2M	B	7	1	22,25,26	0.19±0.01	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	A2M	A	7	1	30,36,39	0.63±0.03	1±0 (3±0%)
1	A2M	A	9	1	30,36,39	0.47±0.01	1±0 (3±0%)
1	A2M	A	5	1	30,36,39	0.63±0.03	1±0 (3±0%)
1	A2M	A	2	1	31,32,39	0.50±0.00	1±0 (3±0%)
1	A2M	B	2	1	31,32,39	0.51±0.02	1±0 (2±0%)
1	A2M	B	4	1	30,36,39	0.66±0.01	1±0 (3±0%)
1	A2M	B	5	1	30,36,39	0.64±0.01	1±0 (3±0%)
1	A2M	B	8	1	30,36,39	0.62±0.01	1±0 (3±0%)
1	A2M	A	3	1	30,36,39	0.61±0.01	1±0 (3±0%)
1	A2M	A	8	1	30,36,39	0.59±0.03	1±0 (3±0%)
1	A2M	B	9	1	30,36,39	0.49±0.01	1±0 (3±0%)
1	A2M	B	3	1	30,36,39	0.64±0.01	1±0 (3±0%)
1	A2M	A	4	1	30,36,39	0.67±0.02	1±0 (3±0%)
1	A2M	B	7	1	30,36,39	0.64±0.03	1±0 (3±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	A2M	A	7	1	-	0±0,9,27,28	0±0,3,3,3
1	A2M	A	3	1	-	0±0,9,27,28	0±0,3,3,3
1	A2M	A	5	1	-	0±0,9,27,28	0±0,3,3,3
1	A2M	A	2	1	-	0±0,8,24,28	0±0,3,3,3
1	A2M	B	4	1	-	0±0,9,27,28	0±0,3,3,3
1	A2M	A	8	1	-	0±0,9,27,28	0±0,3,3,3
1	A2M	B	8	1	-	0±0,9,27,28	0±0,3,3,3
1	A2M	B	2	1	-	0±0,8,24,28	0±0,3,3,3
1	A2M	B	9	1	-	0±0,9,27,28	0±0,3,3,3
1	A2M	B	3	1	-	0±0,9,27,28	0±0,3,3,3
1	A2M	A	4	1	-	0±0,9,27,28	0±0,3,3,3
1	A2M	B	7	1	-	0±0,9,27,28	0±0,3,3,3
1	A2M	B	5	1	-	0±0,9,27,28	0±0,3,3,3
1	A2M	A	9	1	-	0±0,9,27,28	0±0,3,3,3

There are no bond-length outliers.

5 of 18 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	5	A2M	O2'-C2'-C1'	2.30	113.35	108.99	3	1
1	A	8	A2M	O2'-C2'-C1'	2.24	113.24	108.99	8	1
1	A	4	A2M	C2'-C1'-N9	2.16	110.19	113.75	11	2
1	B	3	A2M	CM'-O2'-C2'	2.10	109.09	114.47	9	11
1	A	4	A2M	CM'-O2'-C2'	2.09	109.10	114.47	10	9

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique torsion outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Models (Total)
1	A	5	A2M	C1'-C2'-O2'-CM'	1

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 22% for the well-defined parts and 22% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *dA_OMe_SHIFTS.str*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	96
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	86
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	10
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

- No matching atom found in the structure. First 5 (of 10) occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
					Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	1	DT	H1'	5.62	.	1
1	A	1	DT	H2'	2.41	.	.
1	A	1	DT	H2''	2.53	.	.
1	A	1	DT	H3	10.49	.	1
1	A	1	DT	H3'	4.52	.	1
1	A	1	DT	H4'	4.05	.	1
1	A	1	DT	H6	7.59	.	1
1	A	1	DT	H71	1.3	.	1
1	A	1	DT	H72	1.3	.	1
1	A	1	DT	H73	1.3	.	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 22%, i.e. 9 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 40. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Sugar	5/24 (21%)	5/14 (36%)	0/10 (0%)	0/0 (—%)
Base	4/16 (25%)	4/10 (40%)	0/4 (0%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	9/40 (22%)	9/24 (38%)	0/14 (0%)	0/2 (0%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	6	DA	H3'	4.09	4.16 – 5.75	-5.5

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

No *random coil index*(RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list. RCI is only applicable to proteins

8 NMR restraints analysis [i](#)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	150
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	62
Sequential ($ i-j =1$)	42
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	0
Long range ($ i-j \geq 5$)	0
Inter-chain	46
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	124
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	17.1
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	0.0

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations [i](#)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model [i](#)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation. There are no distance violations

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model [i](#)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Bins (°)	Average number of violations per model	Max (°)
1.0-10.0 (Small)	12.5	1.84

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Bins (°)	Average number of violations per model	Max (°)
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	None	None
>20.0 (Large)	None	None

9 Distance violation analysis

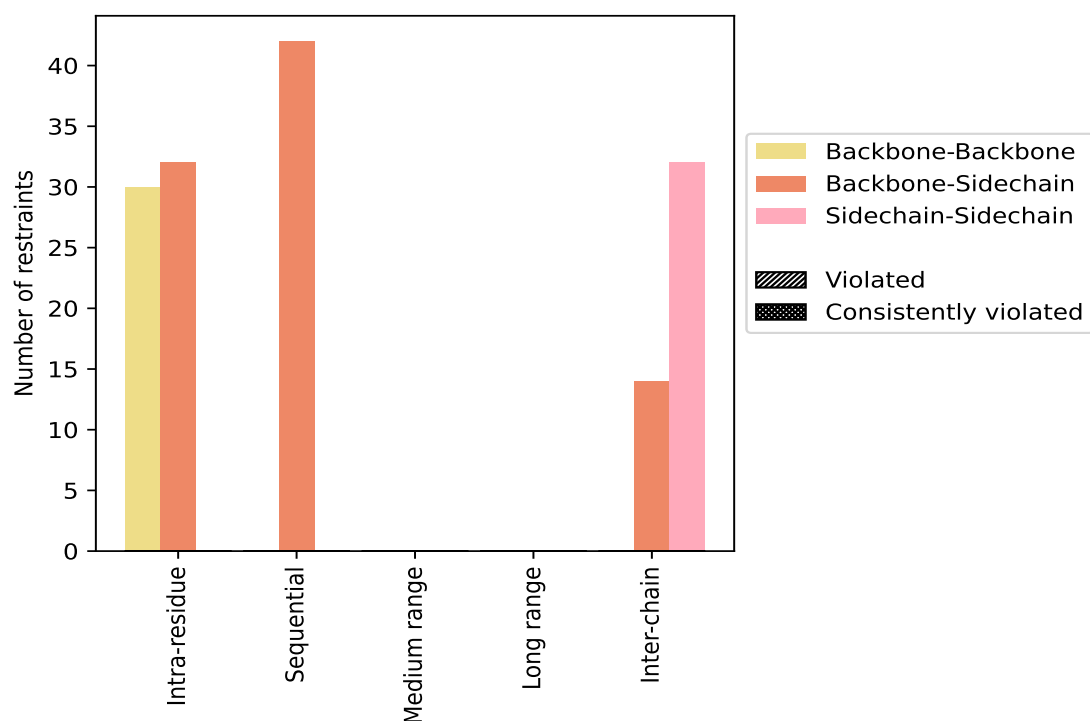
9.1 Summary of distance violations

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restrains type	Count	% ¹	Violated ³			Consistently Violated ⁴		
			Count	% ²	% ¹	Count	% ²	% ¹
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	62	41.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	30	20.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	32	21.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (i-j =1)	42	28.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	42	28.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range (i-j >1 & i-j <5)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range (i-j ≥5)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	46	30.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	14	9.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	32	21.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	150	100.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	30	20.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	88	58.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	32	21.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

¹ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models

9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations [i](#)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfid bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model [i](#)

No violations found

9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)

No violations found

9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

No violations found

9.5 All violated distance restraints [i](#)

No violations found

10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis [i](#)

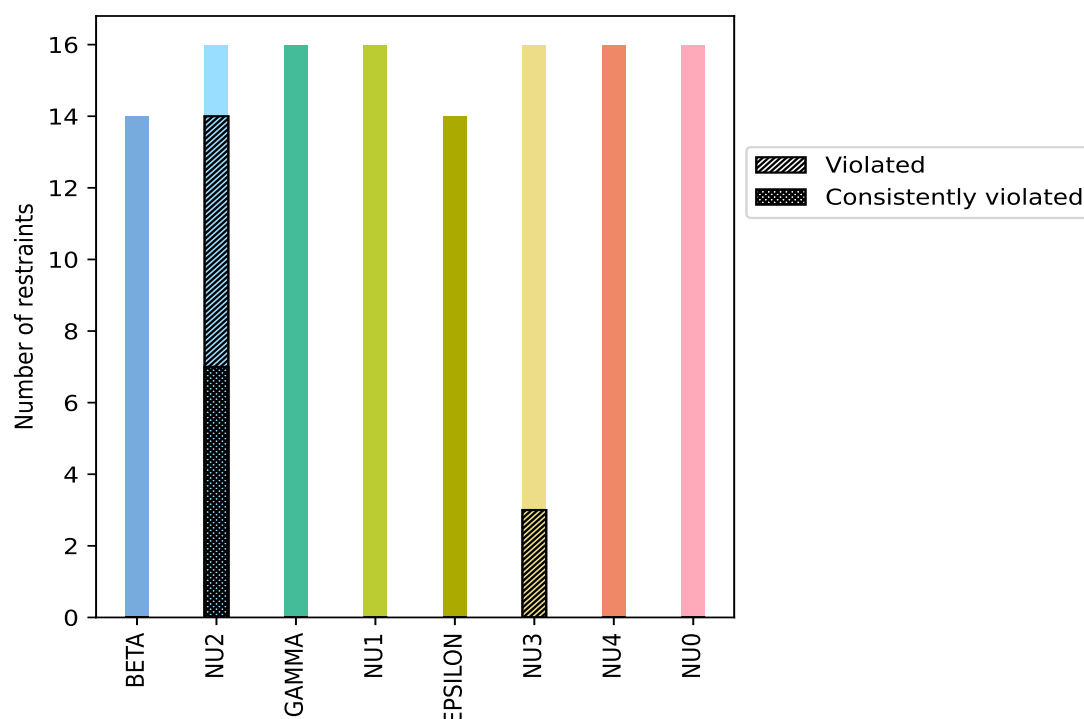
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations [i](#)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Angle type	Count	% ¹	Violated ³			Consistently Violated ⁴		
			Count	% ²	% ¹	Count	% ²	% ¹
BETA	14	11.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NU2	16	12.9	14	87.5	11.3	7	43.8	5.6
GAMMA	16	12.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NU1	16	12.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
EPSILON	14	11.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NU3	16	12.9	3	18.8	2.4	0	0.0	0.0
NU4	16	12.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
NU0	16	12.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	124	100.0	17	13.7	13.7	7	5.6	5.6

¹ percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations [i](#)



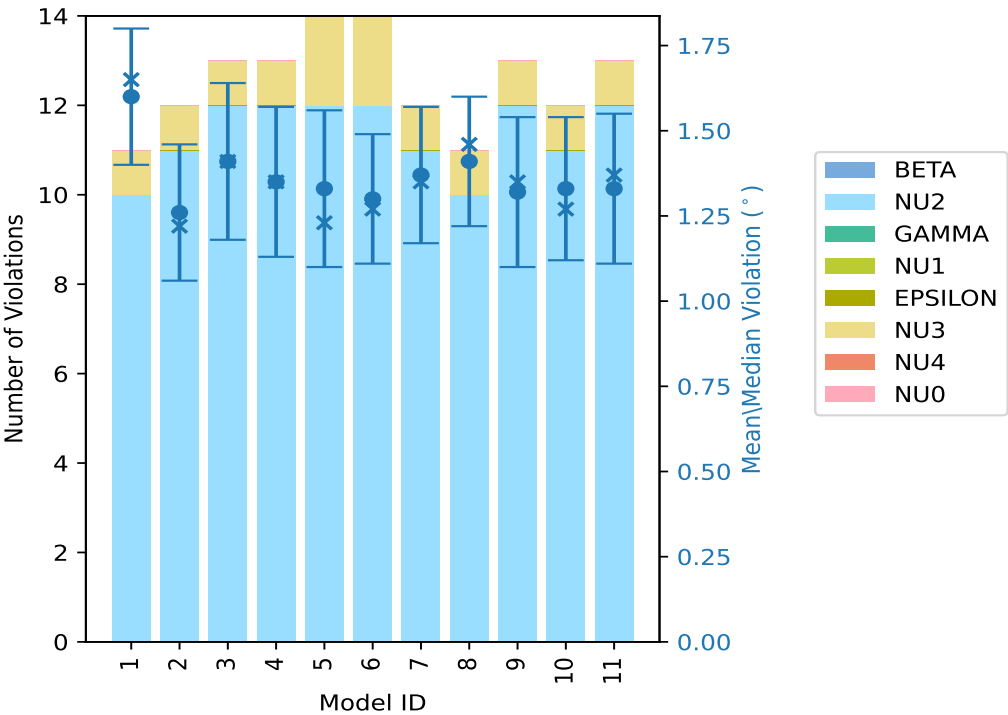
Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories

10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model ⓘ

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 1° are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations									Total	Mean (°)	Max (°)	SD (°)	Median (°)
	BETA	NU2	GAMMA	NU1	EPSILON	NU3	NU4	NU0						
1	0	10	0	0	0	1	0	0	11	1.6	1.77	0.2	1.65	
2	0	11	0	0	0	1	0	0	12	1.26	1.68	0.2	1.22	
3	0	12	0	0	0	1	0	0	13	1.41	1.83	0.23	1.41	
4	0	12	0	0	0	1	0	0	13	1.35	1.78	0.22	1.35	
5	0	12	0	0	0	2	0	0	14	1.33	1.78	0.23	1.23	
6	0	12	0	0	0	2	0	0	14	1.3	1.66	0.19	1.27	
7	0	11	0	0	0	1	0	0	12	1.37	1.77	0.2	1.35	
8	0	10	0	0	0	1	0	0	11	1.41	1.69	0.19	1.46	
9	0	12	0	0	0	1	0	0	13	1.32	1.69	0.22	1.35	
10	0	11	0	0	0	1	0	0	12	1.33	1.84	0.21	1.27	
11	0	12	0	0	0	1	0	0	13	1.33	1.73	0.22	1.37	

10.2.1 Bar graph : Dihedral violation statistics for each model ⓘ



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble ⓘ

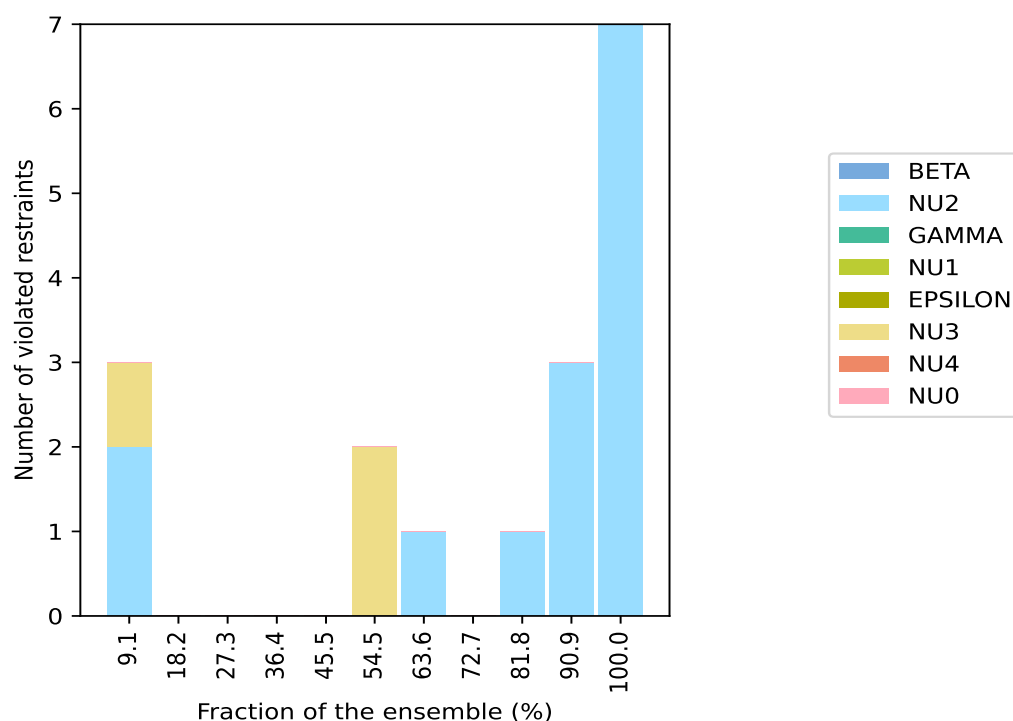
Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated

restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Number of violated restraints									Fraction of the ensemble	
BETA	NU2	GAMMA	NU1	EPSILON	NU3	NU4	NU0	Total	Count ¹	%
0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	1	9.1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	18.2
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	27.3
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	36.4
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	45.5
0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	6	54.5
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	63.6
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	72.7
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	9	81.8
0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	10	90.9
0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	11	100.0

¹ Number of models with violations

10.3.1 Bar graph : Dihedral-angle Violation statistics for the ensemble ⓘ

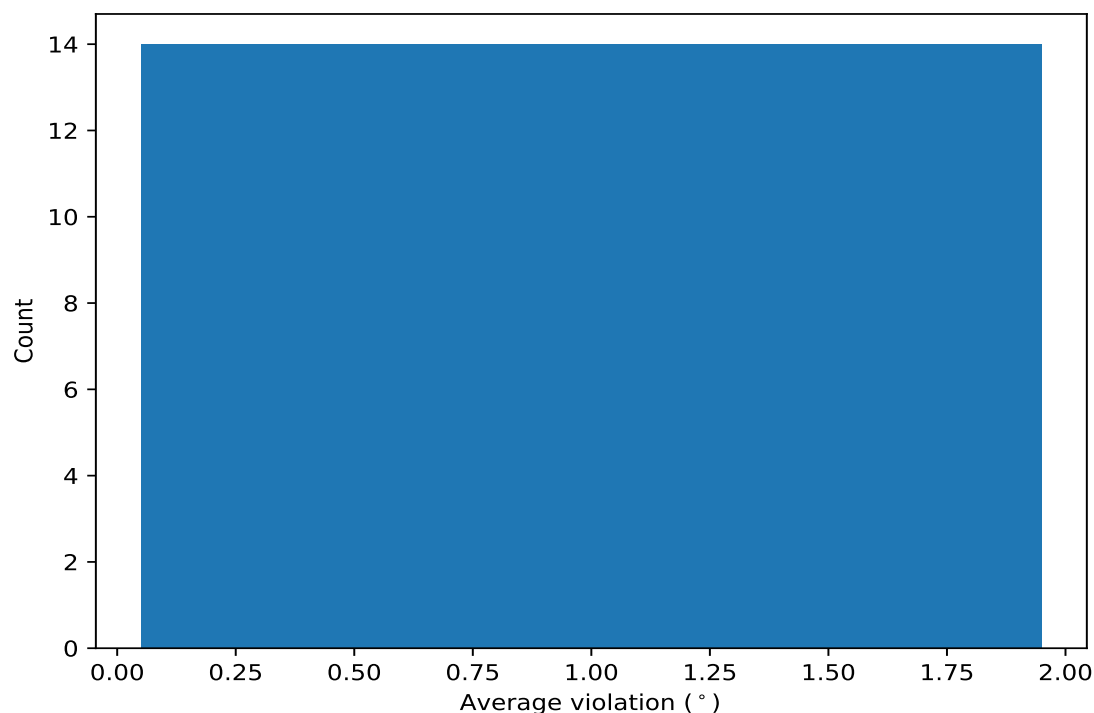


10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble ⓘ

10.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean dihedral-angle violations ⓘ

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models

in the ensemble



10.4.2 Table: Most violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

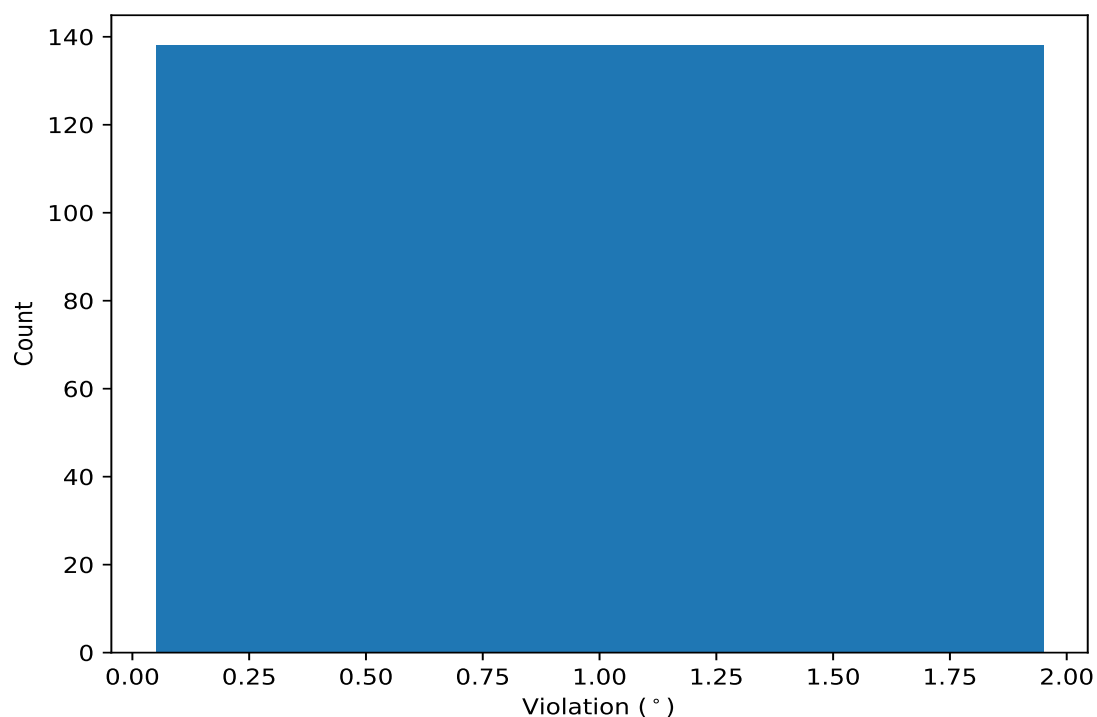
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Models ¹	Mean	SD ²	Median
(1,86)	1:3:B:A2M:C1'	1:3:B:A2M:C2'	1:3:B:A2M:C3'	1:3:B:A2M:C4'	11	1.67	0.09	1.68
(1,90)	1:7:B:A2M:C1'	1:7:B:A2M:C2'	1:7:B:A2M:C3'	1:7:B:A2M:C4'	11	1.59	0.12	1.56
(1,88)	1:5:B:A2M:C1'	1:5:B:A2M:C2'	1:5:B:A2M:C3'	1:5:B:A2M:C4'	11	1.48	0.13	1.45
(1,89)	1:6:B:DA:C1'	1:6:B:DA:C2'	1:6:B:DA:C3'	1:6:B:DA:C4'	11	1.41	0.11	1.4
(1,78)	1:3:A:A2M:C1'	1:3:A:A2M:C2'	1:3:A:A2M:C3'	1:3:A:A2M:C4'	11	1.38	0.14	1.36
(1,87)	1:4:B:A2M:C1'	1:4:B:A2M:C2'	1:4:B:A2M:C3'	1:4:B:A2M:C4'	11	1.33	0.18	1.29
(1,80)	1:5:A:A2M:C1'	1:5:A:A2M:C2'	1:5:A:A2M:C3'	1:5:A:A2M:C4'	11	1.28	0.14	1.23
(1,82)	1:7:A:A2M:C1'	1:7:A:A2M:C2'	1:7:A:A2M:C3'	1:7:A:A2M:C4'	10	1.52	0.22	1.56
(1,81)	1:6:A:DA:C1'	1:6:A:DA:C2'	1:6:A:DA:C3'	1:6:A:DA:C4'	10	1.18	0.13	1.15
(1,91)	1:8:B:A2M:C1'	1:8:B:A2M:C2'	1:8:B:A2M:C3'	1:8:B:A2M:C4'	10	1.16	0.1	1.18

¹ Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation, All angle values are in degree (°)

10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

10.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



10.5.2 Table: All violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the list of violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation (°)
(1,86)	1:3:B:A2M:C1'	1:3:B:A2M:C2'	1:3:B:A2M:C3'	1:3:B:A2M:C4'	10	1.84
(1,82)	1:7:A:A2M:C1'	1:7:A:A2M:C2'	1:7:A:A2M:C3'	1:7:A:A2M:C4'	3	1.83
(1,90)	1:7:B:A2M:C1'	1:7:B:A2M:C2'	1:7:B:A2M:C3'	1:7:B:A2M:C4'	5	1.78
(1,82)	1:7:A:A2M:C1'	1:7:A:A2M:C2'	1:7:A:A2M:C3'	1:7:A:A2M:C4'	4	1.78
(1,90)	1:7:B:A2M:C1'	1:7:B:A2M:C2'	1:7:B:A2M:C3'	1:7:B:A2M:C4'	1	1.77
(1,86)	1:3:B:A2M:C1'	1:3:B:A2M:C2'	1:3:B:A2M:C3'	1:3:B:A2M:C4'	7	1.77
(1,87)	1:4:B:A2M:C1'	1:4:B:A2M:C2'	1:4:B:A2M:C3'	1:4:B:A2M:C4'	1	1.75
(1,79)	1:4:A:A2M:C1'	1:4:A:A2M:C2'	1:4:A:A2M:C3'	1:4:A:A2M:C4'	1	1.75
(1,82)	1:7:A:A2M:C1'	1:7:A:A2M:C2'	1:7:A:A2M:C3'	1:7:A:A2M:C4'	11	1.73
(1,88)	1:5:B:A2M:C1'	1:5:B:A2M:C2'	1:5:B:A2M:C3'	1:5:B:A2M:C4'	3	1.72