



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Jun 29, 2026 – 03:23 pm BST

PDB ID : 9TIK / pdb_00009tik
EMDB ID : EMD-55959
Title : Phage 812 baseplate in the pre-contraction state - lower arm (uRBP1-lRBP2)
Authors : Binovsky, J.; Plevka, P.
Deposited on : 2025-12-05
Resolution : 4.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

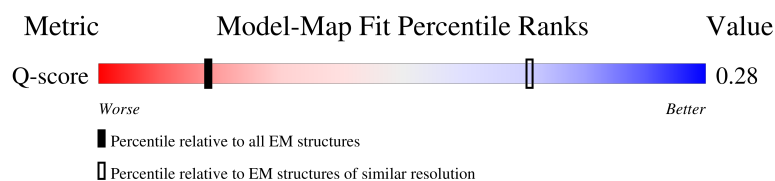
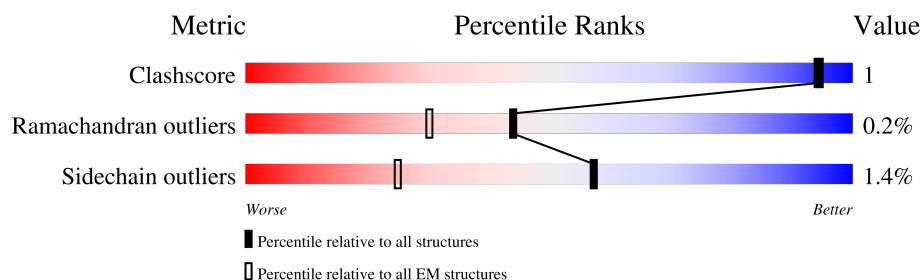
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev133
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.50

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	1274 (4.40 - 5.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	458	14% 60% 36%
1	B	458	7% 60% 36%
1	C	458	13% 60% 36%
2	D	640	6% 17% 80%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
2	E	640	
2	F	640	

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9786 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called ORF68.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	294	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2264	1425	376	454	9		
1	B	294	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2264	1425	376	454	9		
1	C	294	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2264	1425	376	454	9		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called CBM-cenC domain-containing protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	D	126	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			998	625	168	202	3		
2	E	126	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			998	625	168	202	3		
2	F	126	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			998	625	168	202	3		

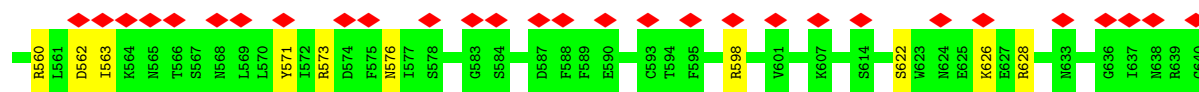
Chain C:

13%
60%
36%

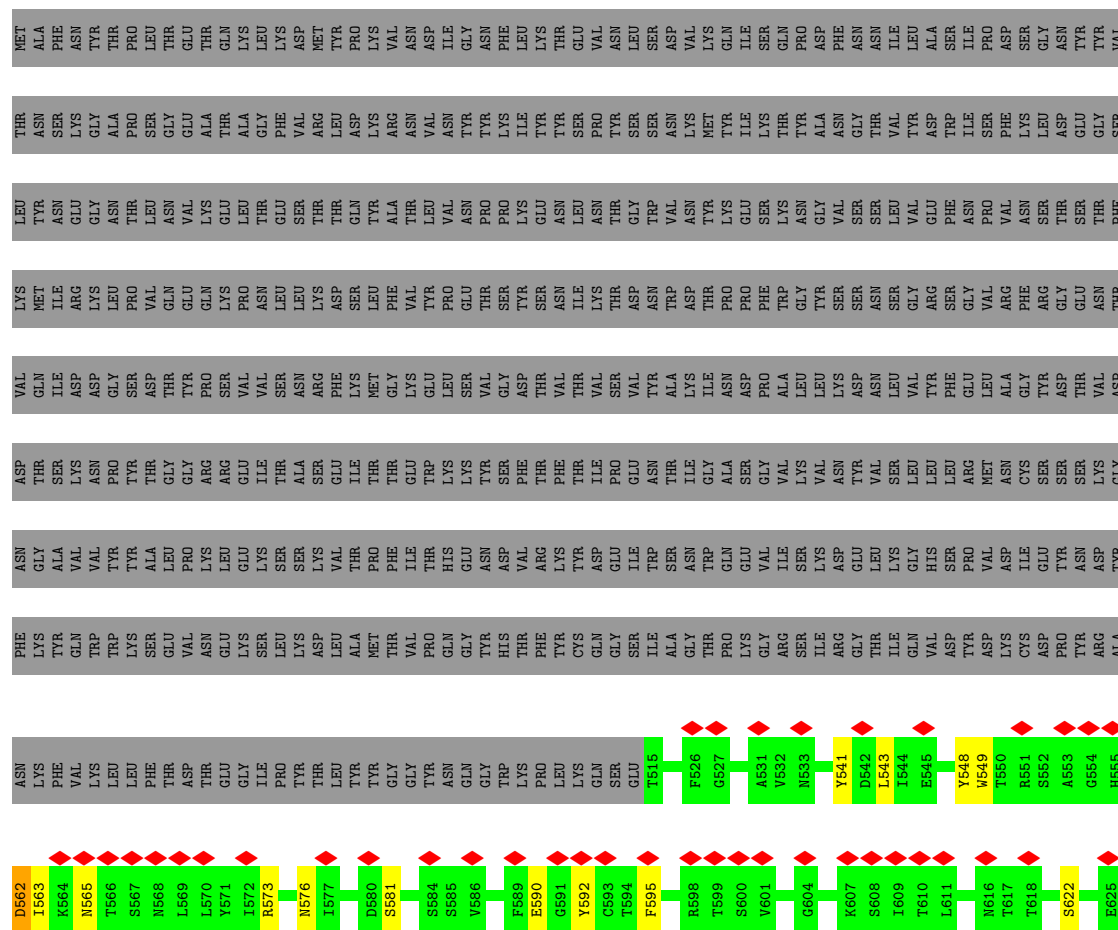
MET
ALA
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GLN
VAL
ASN
ASN
ILE
GLY
GLU
LEU
THR
LYS
GLU
ARG
ASN
I34

D92
D93
E94
E95
H102
L106
S109
S110
K111
H115
M123
Y130
R131
Q142
L147
I155
I163
A164
G167
M174
G181
F186
L187
D188
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K214
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T219
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F227

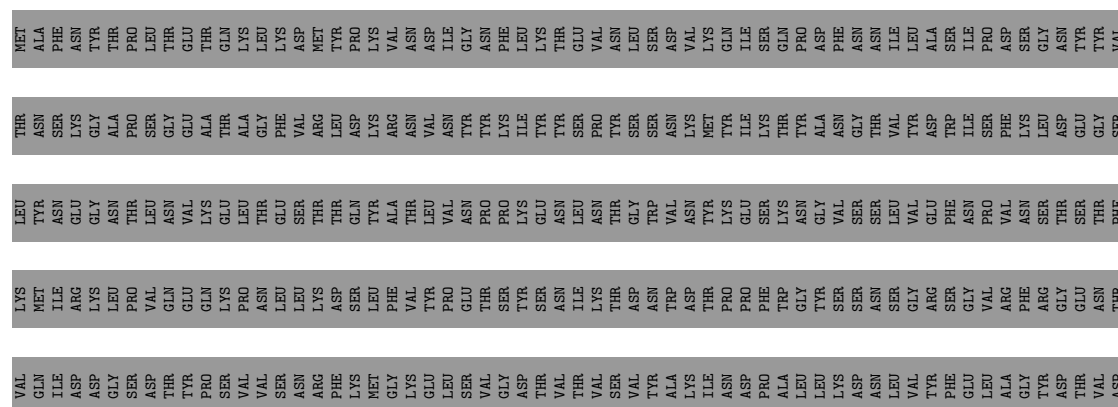
[illegible]



• Molecule 2: CBM-cenC domain-containing protein



• Molecule 2: CBM-cenC domain-containing protein





4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	22031	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING ONLY	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	40.8	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Magnification	105000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.115	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.062	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.003	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.035	Depositor
Map size ($\text{\AA}$)	300.096, 300.096, 300.096	wwPDB
Map dimensions	180, 180, 180	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ($\text{\AA}$)	1.6672001, 1.6672001, 1.6672001	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.73	0/2308	1.24	6/3129 (0.2%)
1	B	0.71	0/2308	1.24	9/3129 (0.3%)
1	C	0.72	0/2308	1.25	6/3129 (0.2%)
2	D	0.74	0/1017	1.34	3/1378 (0.2%)
2	E	0.77	0/1017	1.33	3/1378 (0.2%)
2	F	0.77	0/1017	1.36	2/1378 (0.1%)
All	All	0.73	0/9975	1.28	29/13521 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3
1	B	0	4
1	C	0	7
2	D	0	2
2	E	0	4
2	F	0	6
All	All	0	26

There are no bond length outliers.

All (29) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	266	ASP	CA-CB-CG	7.07	119.67	112.60
1	B	242	ASP	CA-CB-CG	-6.77	105.83	112.60
1	A	200	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	6.71	125.24	119.20
1	B	266	ASP	CA-CB-CG	6.70	119.30	112.60
1	B	91	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-6.54	114.96	121.50
2	D	573	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	6.50	125.05	119.20

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	267	HIS	CB-CG-CD2	-6.43	122.84	131.20
1	A	227	PHE	CA-CB-CG	-6.37	107.43	113.80
2	F	639	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	6.24	124.82	119.20
1	A	115	HIS	CA-CB-CG	6.18	119.98	113.80
2	F	625	GLU	CB-CG-CD	-6.17	102.11	112.60
1	C	266	ASP	CA-CB-CG	6.07	118.67	112.60
1	C	74	GLU	CB-CG-CD	-5.76	102.81	112.60
1	A	179	PRO	N-CA-CB	5.75	108.15	103.32
2	E	562	ASP	CA-CB-CG	5.59	118.19	112.60
1	C	320	ASN	OD1-CG-ND2	-5.59	117.01	122.60
1	B	44	ASN	CA-CB-CG	-5.51	107.09	112.60
2	E	628	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.46	124.11	119.20
1	C	188	ASP	CA-CB-CG	5.46	118.06	112.60
1	B	200	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.38	124.04	119.20
1	A	267	HIS	CA-CB-CG	-5.34	108.46	113.80
1	C	131	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.33	124.00	119.20
2	D	598	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.31	123.98	119.20
1	B	320	ASN	OD1-CG-ND2	-5.27	117.33	122.60
1	B	308	HIS	CB-CG-CD2	-5.25	124.37	131.20
1	C	102	HIS	CA-CB-CG	5.22	119.02	113.80
2	E	565	ASN	OD1-CG-ND2	-5.13	117.47	122.60
2	D	573	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.05	116.45	121.50
1	B	197	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.04	123.74	119.20

There are no chirality outliers.

All (26) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	220	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	270	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	319	ARG	Sidechain
1	B	197	ARG	Sidechain
1	B	200	ARG	Sidechain
1	B	235	TYR	Sidechain
1	B	70	ARG	Sidechain
1	C	115	HIS	Sidechain
1	C	200	ARG	Sidechain
1	C	220	TYR	Sidechain
1	C	248	PHE	Sidechain
1	C	270	ARG	Sidechain
1	C	311	TYR	Sidechain
1	C	70	ARG	Sidechain

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	D	541	TYR	Sidechain
2	D	560	ARG	Sidechain
2	E	541	TYR	Sidechain
2	E	556	PHE	Sidechain
2	E	592	TYR	Sidechain
2	E	595	PHE	Sidechain
2	F	541	TYR	Sidechain
2	F	556	PHE	Sidechain
2	F	560	ARG	Sidechain
2	F	571	TYR	Sidechain
2	F	573	ARG	Sidechain
2	F	592	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2264	0	2223	3	0
1	B	2264	0	2223	4	0
1	C	2264	0	2223	3	0
2	D	998	0	966	7	0
2	E	998	0	966	5	0
2	F	998	0	966	4	0
All	All	9786	0	9567	23	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (23) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:F:543:LEU:HD23	2:F:562:ASP:HA	1.82	0.61
2:D:543:LEU:HD23	2:D:562:ASP:HA	1.88	0.56
2:E:581:SER:HB3	2:F:623:TRP:CD1	2.42	0.55
1:B:308:HIS:CE1	1:B:327:GLY:H	2.25	0.54
2:D:622:SER:HB3	2:D:628:ARG:CZ	2.40	0.52

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:D:571:TYR:OH	2:F:553:ALA:HB1	2.10	0.51
2:E:543:LEU:HD23	2:E:562:ASP:HA	1.94	0.49
1:A:227:PHE:CD2	1:C:227:PHE:CE2	3.00	0.48
1:B:225:LYS:HE3	1:B:226:GLU:O	2.14	0.47
2:E:573:ARG:HE	2:E:590:GLU:CD	2.22	0.47
2:E:622:SER:HB3	2:E:628:ARG:CZ	2.44	0.47
2:F:573:ARG:HE	2:F:590:GLU:CD	2.25	0.45
1:C:130:TYR:CD1	1:C:142:GLN:HB2	2.51	0.45
2:D:528:SER:CA	2:D:626:LYS:HE2	2.47	0.44
2:D:549:TRP:CZ2	2:D:551:ARG:HA	2.52	0.44
1:A:225:LYS:HE3	1:A:226:GLU:O	2.17	0.44
1:B:311:TYR:C	1:B:311:TYR:CD1	2.97	0.43
2:E:548:TYR:CZ	2:E:557:SER:HB3	2.54	0.42
1:C:130:TYR:CE1	1:C:142:GLN:HB2	2.55	0.42
2:D:548:TYR:CE2	2:D:557:SER:HB3	2.55	0.42
1:B:279:TYR:CD1	1:B:279:TYR:C	2.98	0.41
1:A:214:LYS:HE2	1:A:218:GLY:O	2.21	0.40
2:D:548:TYR:CZ	2:D:557:SER:HB3	2.57	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	292/458 (64%)	284 (97%)	8 (3%)	0	100	100
1	B	292/458 (64%)	282 (97%)	10 (3%)	0	100	100
1	C	292/458 (64%)	280 (96%)	11 (4%)	1 (0%)	36	71
2	D	124/640 (19%)	119 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100
2	E	124/640 (19%)	116 (94%)	8 (6%)	0	100	100
2	F	124/640 (19%)	116 (94%)	7 (6%)	1 (1%)	16	52

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	1248/3294 (38%)	1197 (96%)	49 (4%)	2 (0%)	44 77

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	226	GLU
2	F	604	GLY

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	256/405 (63%)	252 (98%)	4 (2%)	55 69
1	B	256/405 (63%)	255 (100%)	1 (0%)	84 83
1	C	256/405 (63%)	253 (99%)	3 (1%)	63 74
2	D	114/577 (20%)	112 (98%)	2 (2%)	51 67
2	E	114/577 (20%)	111 (97%)	3 (3%)	40 61
2	F	114/577 (20%)	111 (97%)	3 (3%)	40 61
All	All	1110/2946 (38%)	1094 (99%)	16 (1%)	57 72

All (16) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	55	ASP
1	A	57	LYS
1	A	192	ASP
1	A	209	GLU
1	B	192	ASP
1	C	111	LYS
1	C	192	ASP
1	C	200	ARG
2	D	563	ILE
2	D	576	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	E	549	TRP
2	E	563	ILE
2	E	576	ASN
2	F	549	TRP
2	F	563	ILE
2	F	576	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (13) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	145	GLN
1	A	150	ASN
1	A	320	ASN
1	B	102	HIS
1	B	145	GLN
1	B	150	ASN
1	B	267	HIS
1	C	142	GLN
1	C	320	ASN
2	D	602	GLN
2	E	579	ASN
2	E	638	ASN
2	F	602	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

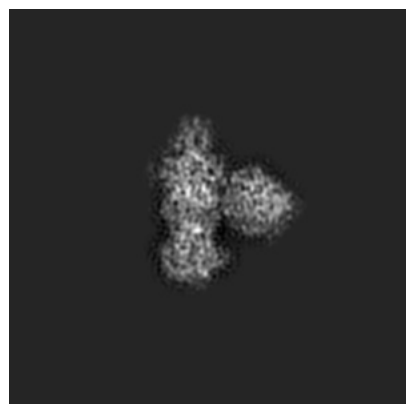
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-55959. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

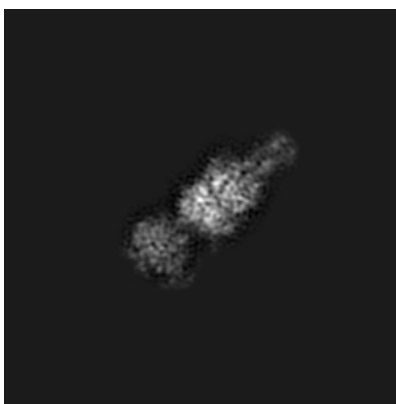
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

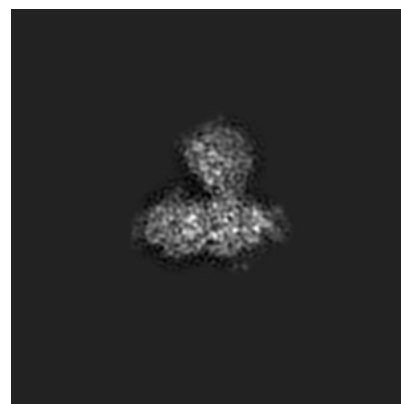
6.1.1 Primary map



X

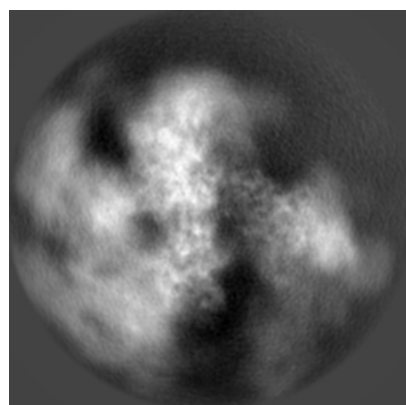


Y

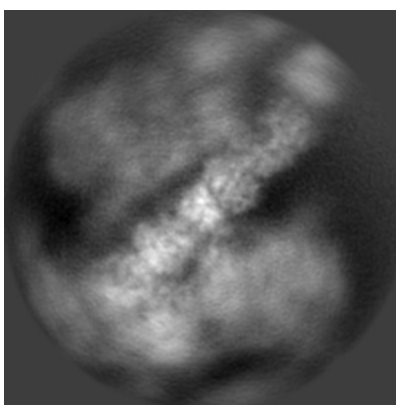


Z

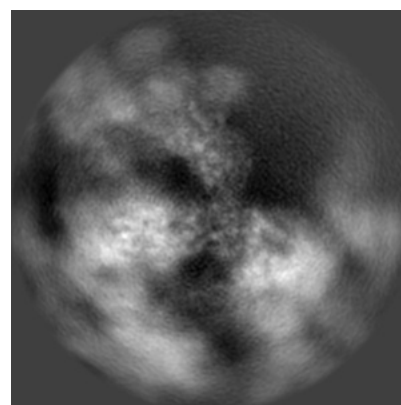
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

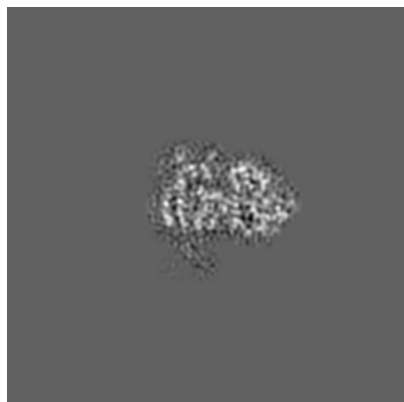


Z

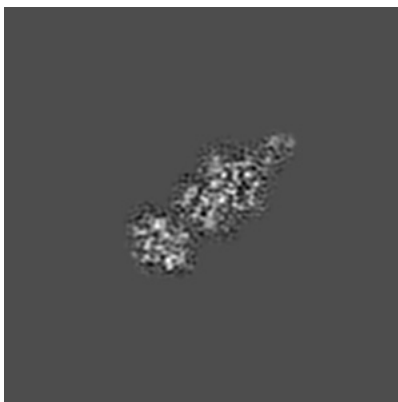
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

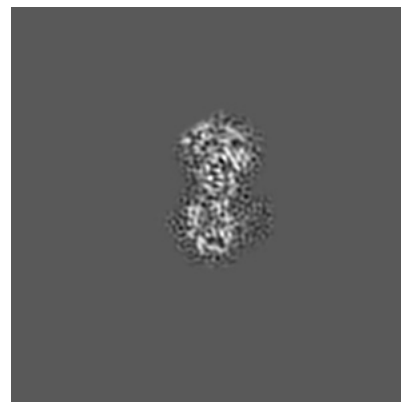
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 90

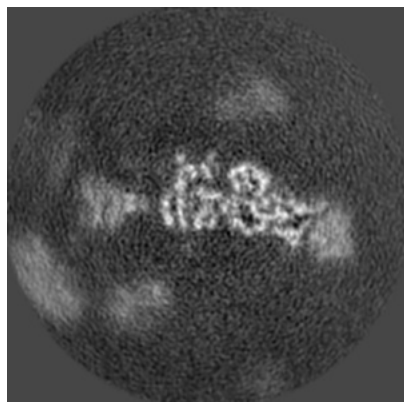


Y Index: 90

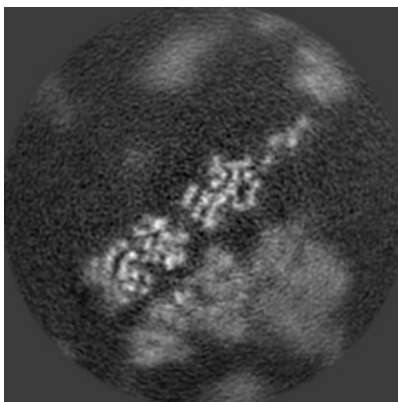


Z Index: 90

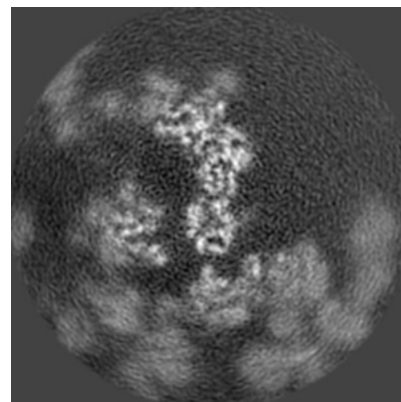
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 90



Y Index: 90

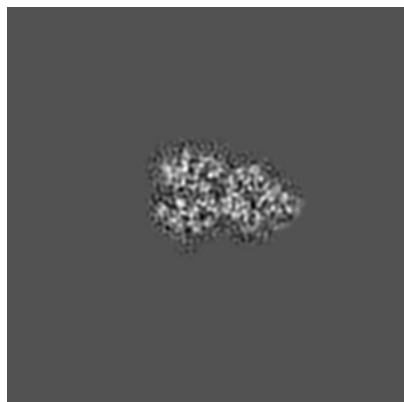


Z Index: 90

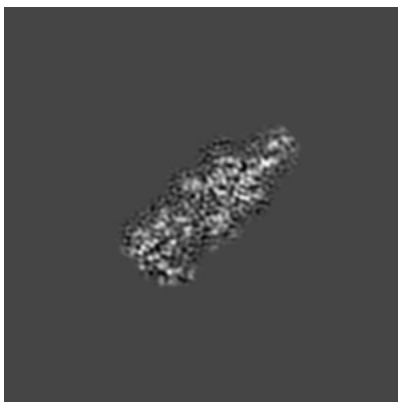
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

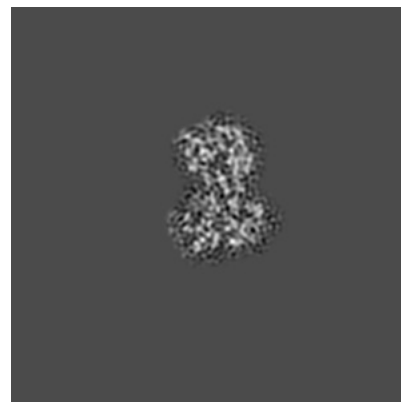
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 94

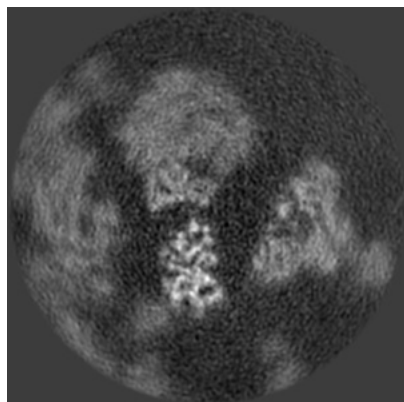


Y Index: 80

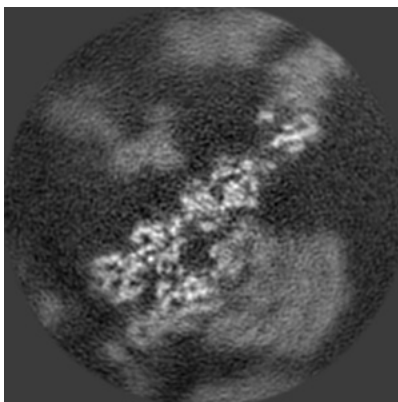


Z Index: 95

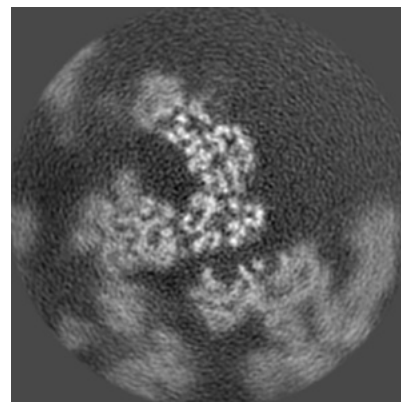
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 68



Y Index: 78

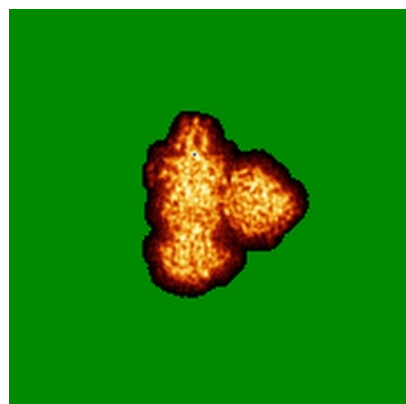


Z Index: 94

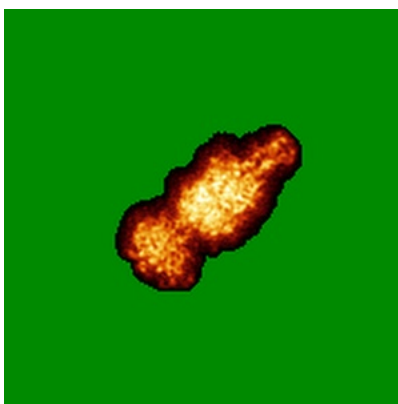
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

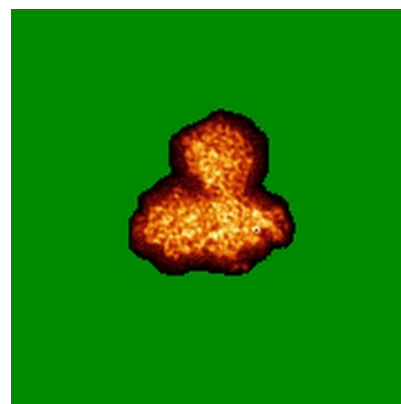
6.4.1 Primary map



X

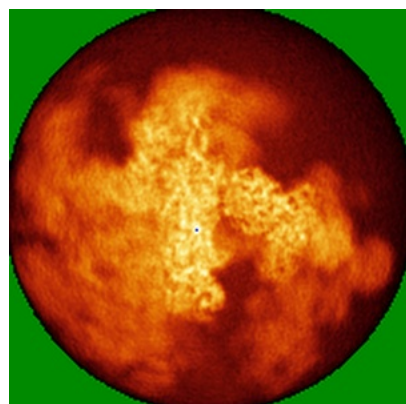


Y

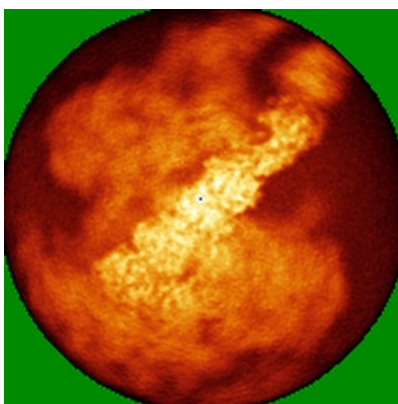


Z

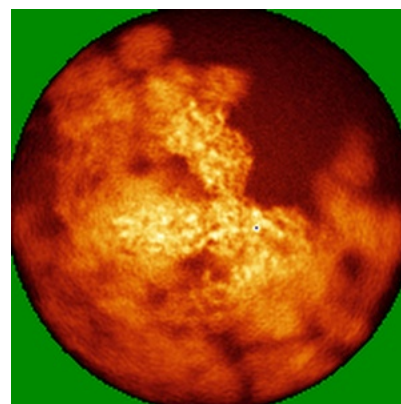
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

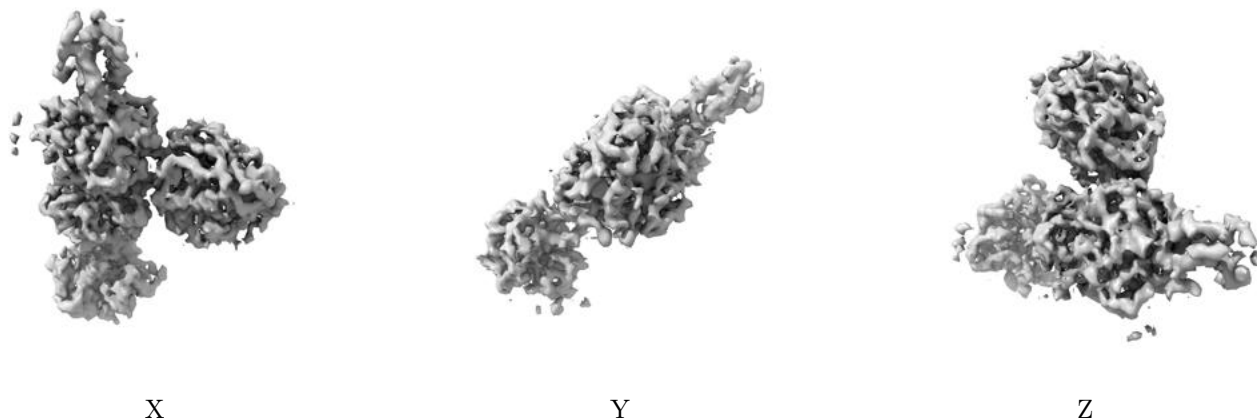


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

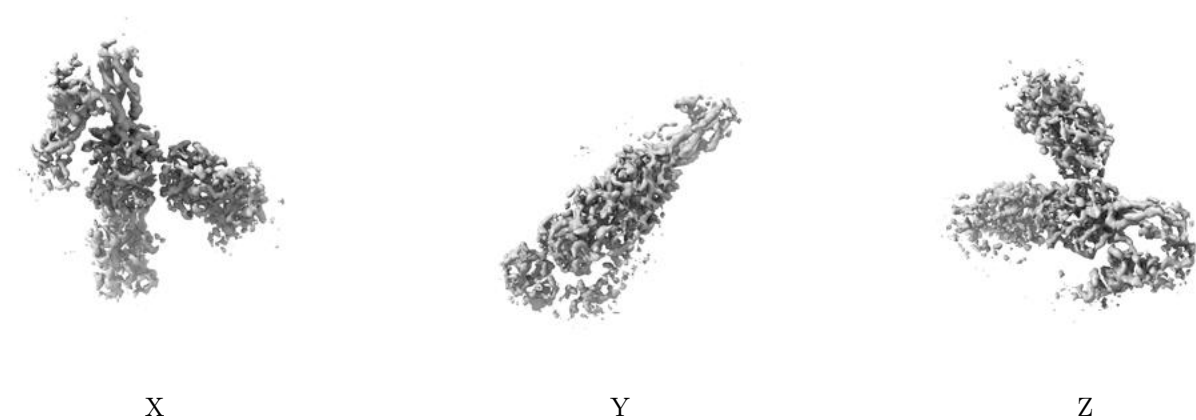
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.035. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

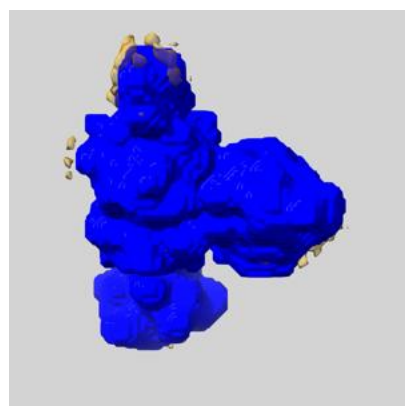
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

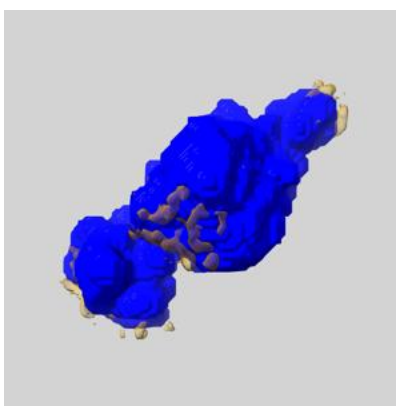
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

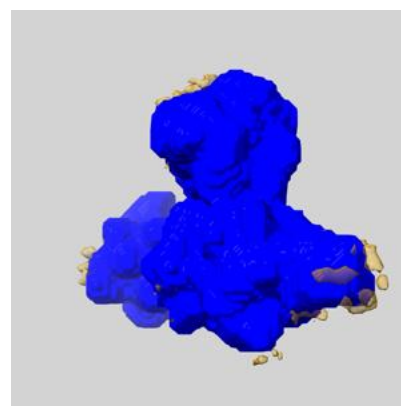
6.6.1 emd_55959_msk_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

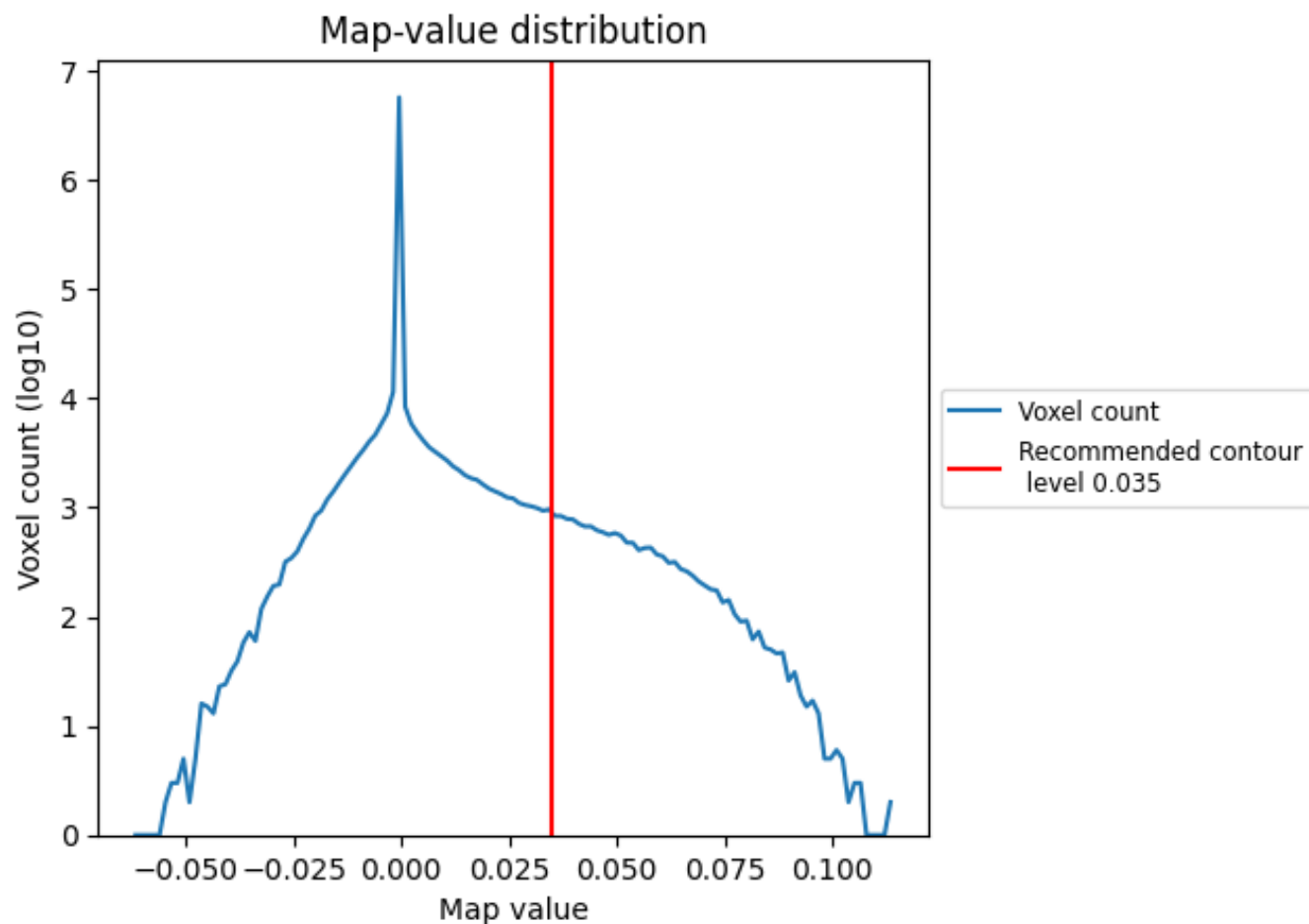


Z

7 Map analysis [i](#)

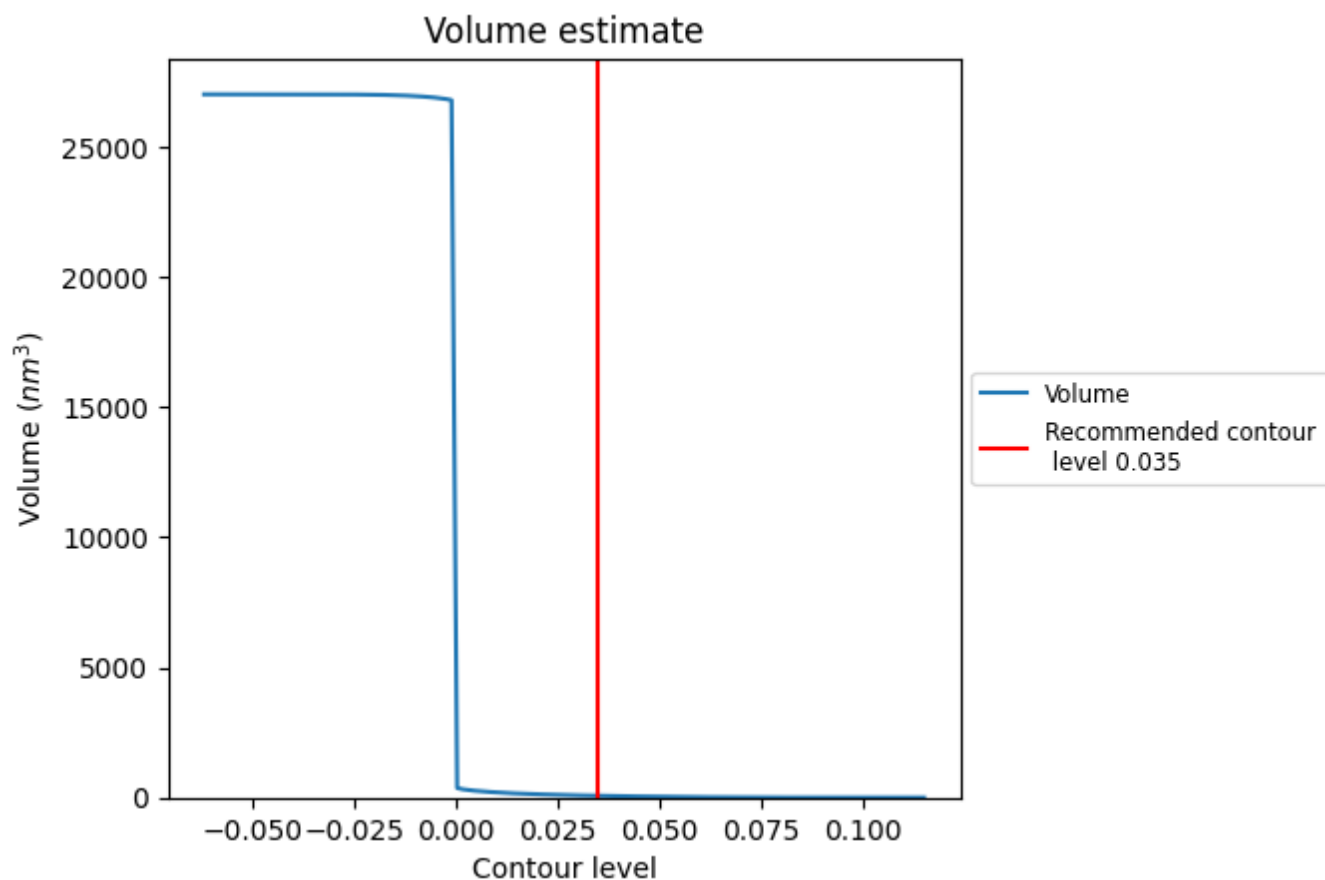
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

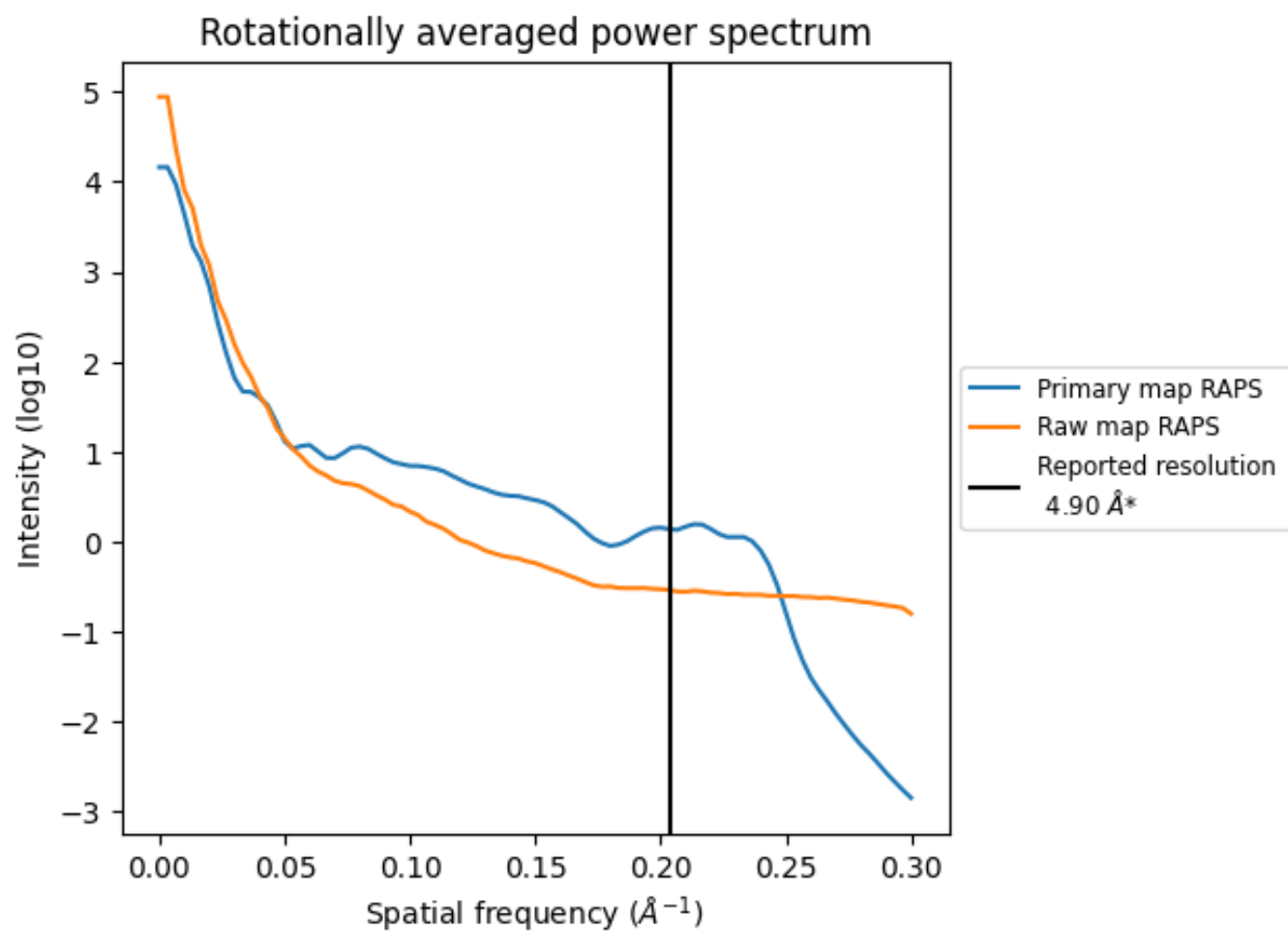
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 68 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 62 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

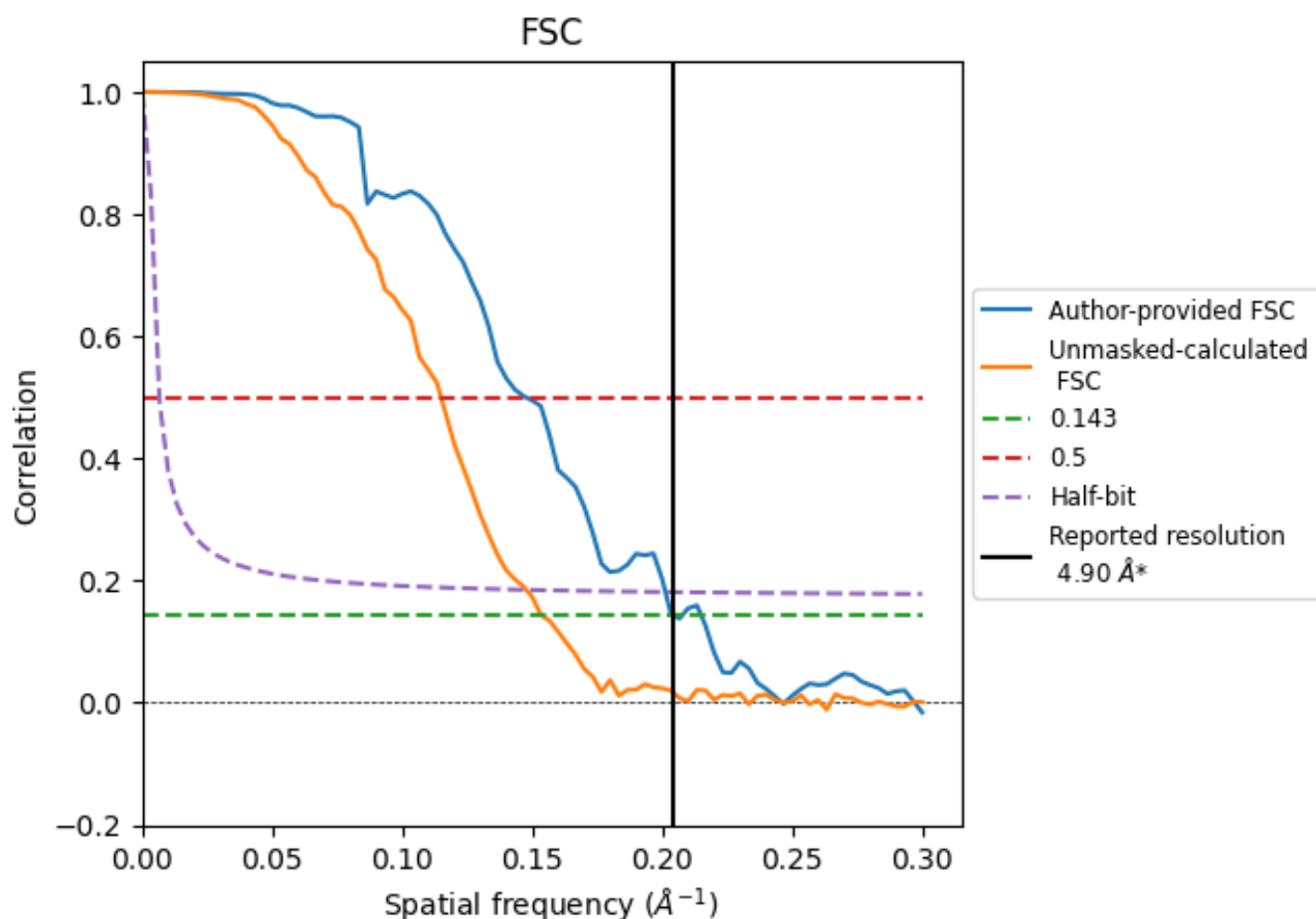


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.204 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.204 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

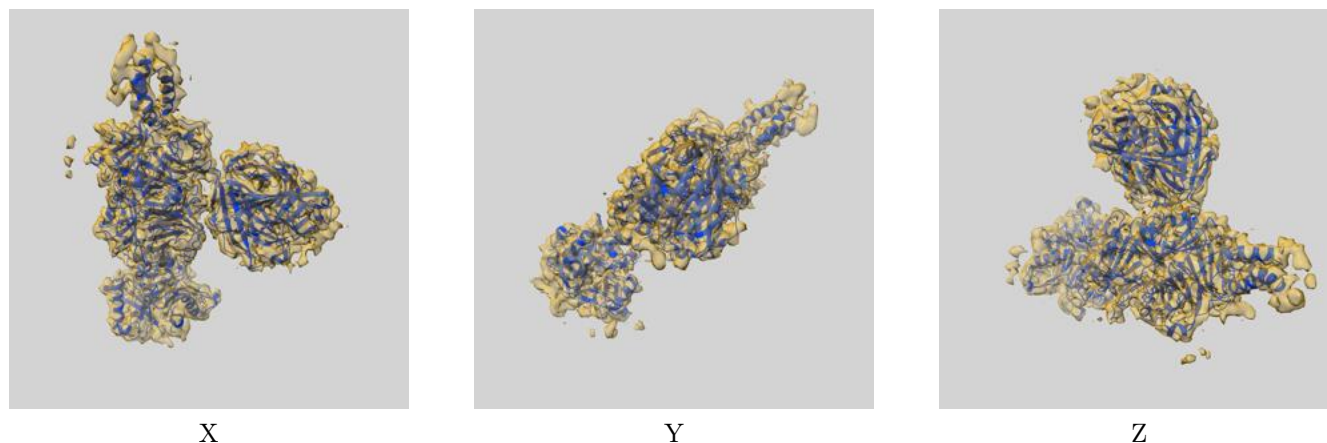
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	4.90	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	4.89	6.78	4.97
Unmasked-calculated*	6.51	8.70	6.77

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 6.51 differs from the reported value 4.9 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

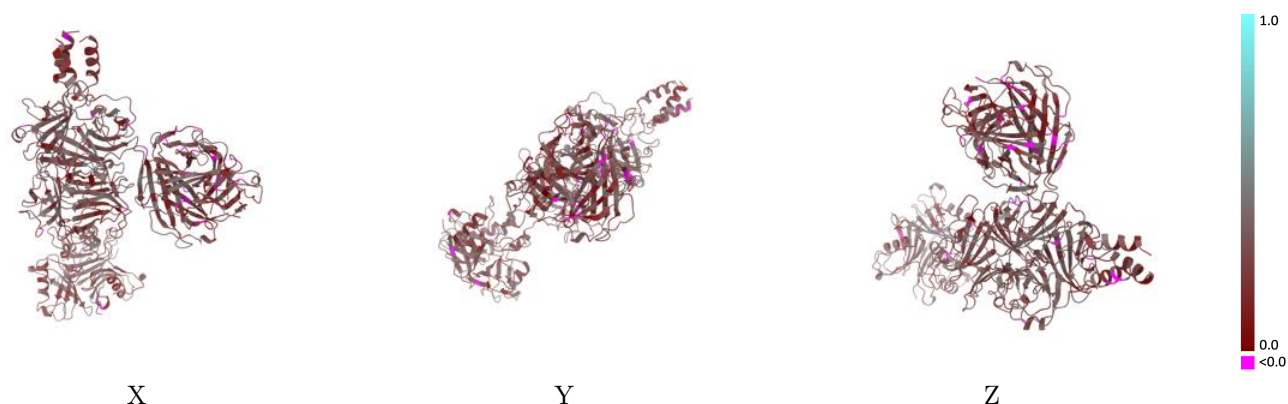
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-55959 and PDB model 9TIK. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 5](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



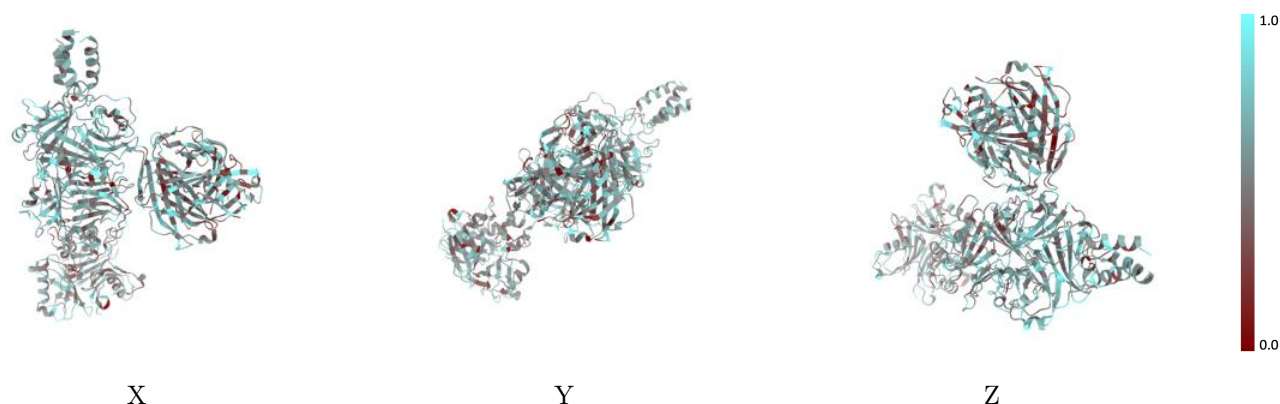
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.035 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



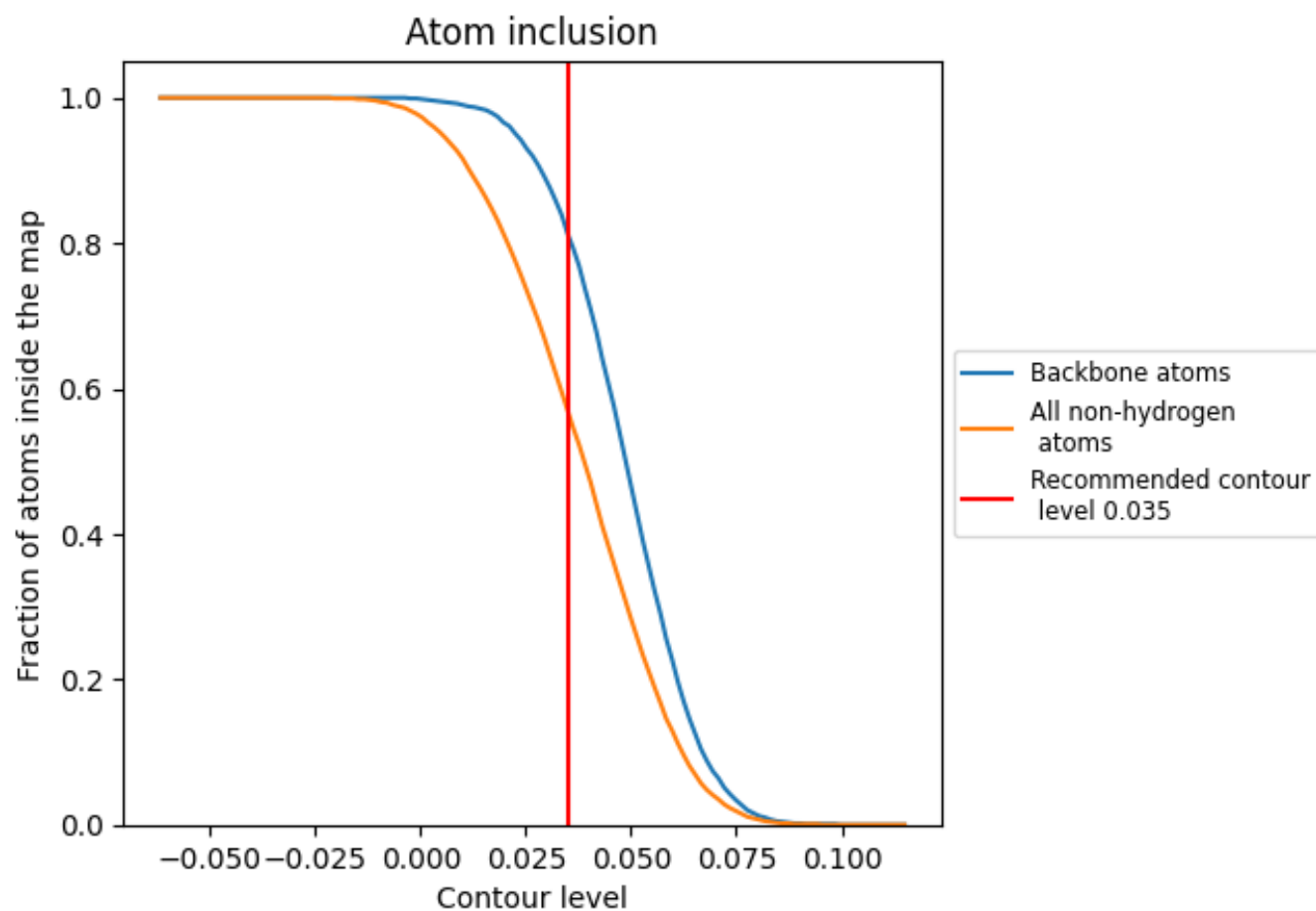
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.035).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 81% of all backbone atoms, 57% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.035) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.5680	0.2800
A	0.5710	0.2830
B	0.6020	0.2970
C	0.5760	0.2950
D	0.5200	0.2340
E	0.5160	0.2460
F	0.5630	0.2790

1.0

0.0

<0.0