



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 25, 2026 – 08:10 PM EDT

PDB ID : 5TQA / pdb_00005tqa
Title : Crystal Structure of DH270.6 (unliganded) from the DH270 Broadly Neutralizing N332-Glycan Dependent Lineage
Authors : Fera, D.; Harrison, S.C.
Deposited on : 2016-10-23
Resolution : 2.72 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

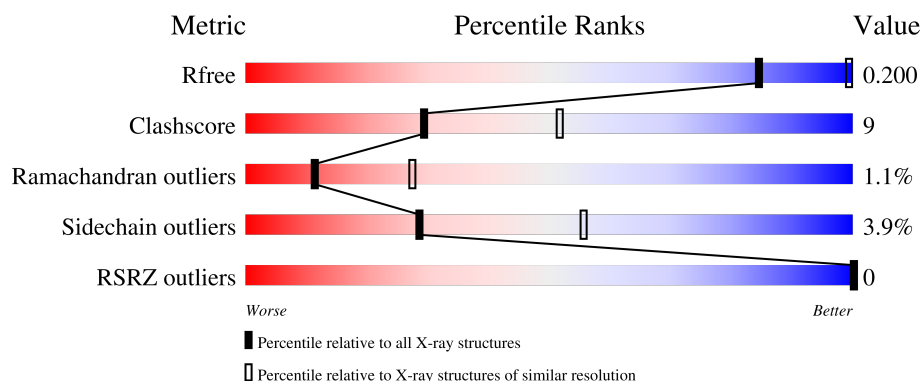
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.72 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	4348 (2.74-2.70)
Clashscore	190562	4665 (2.74-2.70)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	4584 (2.74-2.70)
Sidechain outliers	187428	4585 (2.74-2.70)
RSRZ outliers	180081	4348 (2.74-2.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	238	
1	H	238	
2	B	216	
2	L	216	

2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6689 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called DH270.6 Fab heavy chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	H	230	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1730	1087	295	338	10			
1	A	230	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1730	1087	295	338	10			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called DH270.6 Fab light chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	L	211	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1561	975	261	318	7			
2	B	211	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1561	975	261	318	7			

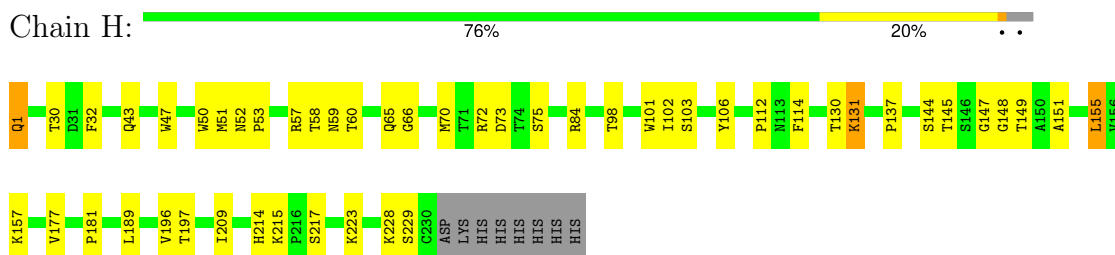
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	H	20	Total	O	0	0
			20	20		
3	L	28	Total	O	0	0
			28	28		
3	B	33	Total	O	0	0
			33	33		
3	A	26	Total	O	0	0
			26	26		

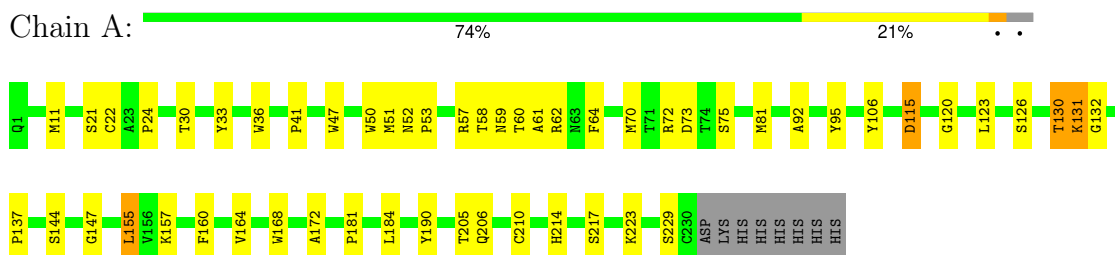
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

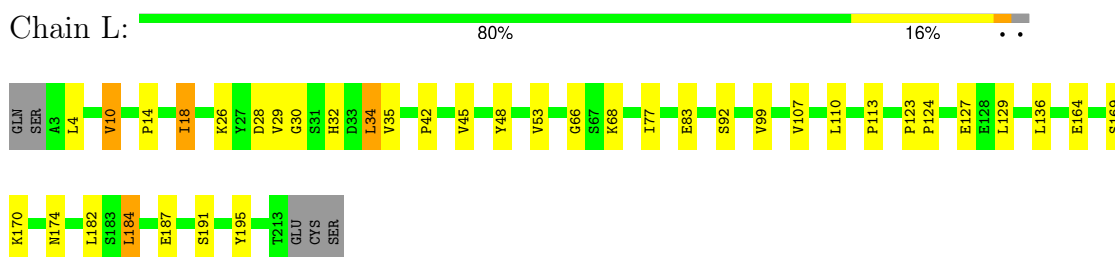
- Molecule 1: DH270.6 Fab heavy chain



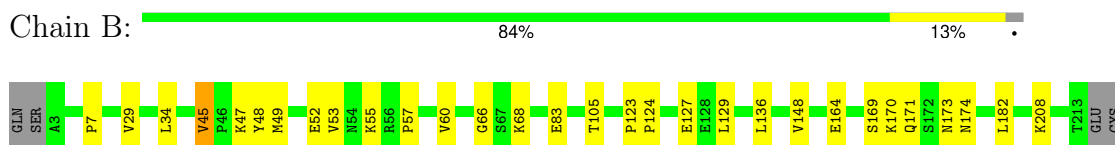
- Molecule 1: DH270.6 Fab heavy chain



- Molecule 2: DH270.6 Fab light chain



- Molecule 2: DH270.6 Fab light chain



SER

4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	67.07Å 73.72Å 112.71Å 90.00° 107.18° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	48.36 – 2.72 48.36 – 2.72	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.2 (48.36-2.72) 90.5 (48.36-2.72)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.11	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.25 (at 2.73Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.8.2_1309	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.185 , 0.201 0.186 , 0.200	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1288 reflections (4.53%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	39.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.406	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.34 , 27.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.43$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.26$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.276 for h,-k,-h-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	6689	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	55.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.57% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.33	0/1776	0.78	0/2425
1	H	0.32	0/1776	0.77	0/2425
2	B	0.31	0/1598	0.76	0/2178
2	L	0.31	0/1598	0.75	0/2178
All	All	0.32	0/6748	0.76	0/9206

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1730	0	1668	37	0
1	H	1730	0	1668	43	0
2	B	1561	0	1515	17	0
2	L	1561	0	1517	24	0
3	A	26	0	0	5	0
3	B	33	0	0	0	0
3	H	20	0	0	2	0
3	L	28	0	0	0	0
All	All	6689	0	6368	111	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (111) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:208:LYS:NZ	1:A:144:SER:OG	1.96	0.96
1:H:101:TRP:CZ3	1:H:103:SER:HB2	2.05	0.91
1:H:147:GLY:O	1:H:149:THR:N	2.06	0.89
1:H:228:LYS:HD3	1:H:229:SER:H	1.35	0.89
1:H:101:TRP:HZ3	1:H:103:SER:HB2	1.39	0.87
1:A:131:LYS:HE3	3:A:321:HOH:O	1.81	0.80
1:A:36:TRP:HD1	1:A:70:MET:HE3	1.47	0.78
2:B:29:VAL:O	2:B:68:LYS:NZ	2.16	0.78
1:H:101:TRP:HZ3	1:H:103:SER:CB	1.99	0.76
2:B:127:GLU:OE2	1:A:223:LYS:NZ	2.17	0.69
2:L:187:GLU:O	2:L:191:SER:OG	2.10	0.68
1:A:115:ASP:OD1	1:A:115:ASP:N	2.20	0.68
1:H:32:PHE:HE1	1:H:101:TRP:HD1	1.41	0.67
1:A:33:TYR:OH	1:A:57:ARG:NH2	2.30	0.65
1:H:32:PHE:HD1	1:H:101:TRP:HA	1.61	0.65
1:H:144:SER:OG	3:H:301:HOH:O	2.15	0.64
2:L:18:ILE:HD11	2:L:77:ILE:HD12	1.78	0.63
1:H:215:LYS:NZ	3:H:303:HOH:O	2.25	0.63
1:A:51:MET:HG3	1:A:58:THR:HG22	1.79	0.62
1:A:130:THR:O	1:A:131:LYS:HB2	2.00	0.62
1:H:32:PHE:HE1	1:H:101:TRP:CD1	2.19	0.61
1:H:1:GLN:NE2	1:A:115:ASP:OD2	2.34	0.61
2:L:32:HIS:O	2:L:68:LYS:NZ	2.35	0.60
2:B:170:LYS:HE2	2:B:174:ASN:HA	1.84	0.60
2:B:83:GLU:N	2:B:83:GLU:OE1	2.34	0.59
2:L:83:GLU:N	2:L:83:GLU:OE1	2.34	0.59
1:A:36:TRP:CD1	1:A:70:MET:HE3	2.33	0.59
1:A:131:LYS:N	3:A:304:HOH:O	2.28	0.59
1:H:32:PHE:CD1	1:H:101:TRP:HA	2.39	0.57
1:H:101:TRP:CE3	1:H:103:SER:HB2	2.39	0.57
2:L:170:LYS:HE2	2:L:174:ASN:HA	1.87	0.56
1:H:73:ASP:OD1	1:H:75:SER:OG	2.23	0.56
2:L:136:LEU:HD12	2:L:182:LEU:HD23	1.88	0.56
2:B:136:LEU:HB2	2:B:182:LEU:HB3	1.87	0.55
1:H:101:TRP:CZ3	1:H:103:SER:CB	2.78	0.55
1:A:11:MET:HE3	1:A:126:SER:HB3	1.89	0.54
1:A:132:GLY:O	3:A:301:HOH:O	2.18	0.54
1:A:130:THR:O	1:A:160:PHE:HB3	2.08	0.54
1:H:53:PRO:HD2	1:H:102:ILE:HD11	1.90	0.54
2:L:182:LEU:HG	2:L:184:LEU:HD13	1.89	0.54

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:H:32:PHE:CE1	1:H:101:TRP:HD1	2.23	0.53
2:B:136:LEU:HD12	2:B:182:LEU:HD23	1.90	0.53
2:L:184:LEU:HD21	2:L:195:TYR:CZ	2.44	0.53
2:B:123:PRO:HA	2:B:136:LEU:HD23	1.91	0.53
1:H:177:VAL:HG22	1:H:196:VAL:HG22	1.90	0.53
2:L:26:LYS:HA	2:L:30:GLY:HA3	1.92	0.52
2:L:29:VAL:O	2:L:68:LYS:NZ	2.26	0.52
1:H:58:THR:HB	1:H:70:MET:HE3	1.91	0.52
1:H:145:THR:OG1	1:H:149:THR:O	2.28	0.52
1:H:228:LYS:CD	1:H:229:SER:H	2.14	0.52
1:H:209:ILE:HD12	1:A:172:ALA:HB1	1.91	0.51
2:L:136:LEU:HB2	2:L:182:LEU:HB3	1.93	0.51
2:B:7:PRO:O	2:B:105:THR:OG1	2.25	0.51
1:A:30:THR:HA	1:A:53:PRO:HB2	1.92	0.51
1:H:145:THR:HG21	1:H:151:ALA:HB2	1.93	0.51
1:A:51:MET:HB2	1:A:70:MET:HE2	1.93	0.49
1:H:51:MET:HG3	1:H:58:THR:HG22	1.94	0.49
2:L:14:PRO:HD3	2:L:110:LEU:O	2.12	0.49
2:B:45:VAL:HG13	1:A:95:TYR:CE1	2.48	0.48
2:B:52:GLU:OE1	2:B:55:LYS:NZ	2.39	0.48
1:H:47:TRP:CG	2:L:99:VAL:HB	2.49	0.48
1:A:137:PRO:HD3	1:A:223:LYS:HE2	1.96	0.48
1:A:164:VAL:HG12	1:A:214:HIS:CD2	2.49	0.47
2:L:123:PRO:HA	2:L:136:LEU:HD23	1.97	0.47
2:B:57:PRO:HD2	2:B:60:VAL:HG21	1.96	0.47
1:A:184:LEU:HD13	1:A:190:TYR:CZ	2.50	0.47
1:A:214:HIS:ND1	1:A:217:SER:OG	2.40	0.47
1:H:137:PRO:HD3	1:H:223:LYS:HE2	1.97	0.47
2:B:169:SER:OG	1:A:181:PRO:HG2	2.15	0.47
1:H:50:TRP:NE1	1:H:59:ASN:HB3	2.29	0.47
1:H:32:PHE:CE1	1:H:101:TRP:CD1	3.02	0.47
1:H:60:THR:HG21	1:H:65:GLN:HA	1.97	0.46
1:H:147:GLY:C	1:H:149:THR:N	2.73	0.46
1:A:131:LYS:CE	3:A:321:HOH:O	2.53	0.46
1:A:130:THR:O	1:A:131:LYS:CB	2.64	0.45
2:L:34:LEU:HD12	2:L:34:LEU:HA	1.83	0.45
1:H:30:THR:HA	1:H:53:PRO:HB2	1.98	0.45
1:H:98:THR:O	1:H:114:PHE:HA	2.15	0.45
2:L:28:ASP:OD1	2:L:29:VAL:N	2.43	0.45
1:H:52:ASN:HB3	1:H:57:ARG:HG2	1.99	0.45
1:A:120:GLY:O	3:A:302:HOH:O	2.21	0.45

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:H:223:LYS:HA	1:H:223:LYS:HD2	1.81	0.44
1:A:41:PRO:HD3	1:A:92:ALA:HA	1.98	0.44
1:H:181:PRO:HG2	2:L:169:SER:OG	2.16	0.44
2:B:47:LYS:O	2:B:49:MET:HG2	2.18	0.44
1:A:36:TRP:CE2	1:A:81:MET:HB2	2.54	0.43
1:A:50:TRP:CE2	1:A:59:ASN:HB3	2.53	0.43
2:L:35:VAL:HG22	2:L:92:SER:HB2	2.00	0.43
1:H:50:TRP:CE2	1:H:59:ASN:HB3	2.54	0.43
1:A:47:TRP:CZ3	1:A:61:ALA:HB2	2.54	0.43
1:A:168:TRP:CH2	1:A:210:CYS:HB3	2.53	0.43
1:H:223:LYS:NZ	2:L:127:GLU:OE2	2.32	0.43
2:L:42:PRO:HG2	2:L:170:LYS:HB3	1.99	0.43
2:B:124:PRO:HD3	2:B:136:LEU:CD2	2.49	0.43
2:B:53:VAL:O	2:B:66:GLY:HA3	2.19	0.43
1:A:73:ASP:OD1	1:A:75:SER:OG	2.26	0.43
2:L:124:PRO:HD3	2:L:136:LEU:HD23	2.00	0.43
1:H:131:LYS:HA	1:H:131:LYS:HD2	1.53	0.42
1:H:155:LEU:HD13	1:H:157:LYS:HB2	2.01	0.42
1:H:214:HIS:CE1	1:H:217:SER:HG	2.30	0.42
1:A:155:LEU:HD13	1:A:157:LYS:HB2	2.02	0.42
1:H:214:HIS:ND1	1:H:217:SER:OG	2.34	0.42
1:A:62:ARG:C	1:A:64:PHE:H	2.28	0.41
2:L:10:VAL:HG13	2:L:107:VAL:HG22	2.03	0.41
1:A:22:CYS:O	1:A:24:PRO:HD3	2.21	0.41
1:H:66:GLY:O	1:H:84:ARG:NH2	2.38	0.41
2:B:171:GLN:NE2	2:B:173:ASN:OD1	2.51	0.41
1:A:223:LYS:HD2	1:A:223:LYS:HA	1.78	0.40
2:L:53:VAL:O	2:L:66:GLY:HA3	2.21	0.40
1:A:52:ASN:HB3	1:A:57:ARG:HG2	2.03	0.40
1:H:112:PRO:HD2	2:L:34:LEU:HG	2.02	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	228/238 (96%)	216 (95%)	7 (3%)	5 (2%)	5	13
1	H	228/238 (96%)	221 (97%)	5 (2%)	2 (1%)	14	33
2	B	209/216 (97%)	198 (95%)	10 (5%)	1 (0%)	24	46
2	L	209/216 (97%)	199 (95%)	8 (4%)	2 (1%)	12	30
All	All	874/908 (96%)	834 (95%)	30 (3%)	10 (1%)	11	27

All (10) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	147	GLY
1	H	148	GLY
2	L	113	PRO
2	L	164	GLU
2	B	164	GLU
1	H	106	TYR
1	A	106	TYR
1	A	130	THR
1	A	131	LYS
1	A	229	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	193/203 (95%)	185 (96%)	8 (4%)	27	54
1	H	193/203 (95%)	185 (96%)	8 (4%)	27	54
2	B	176/181 (97%)	171 (97%)	5 (3%)	38	67
2	L	176/181 (97%)	168 (96%)	8 (4%)	24	50
All	All	738/768 (96%)	709 (96%)	29 (4%)	28	56

All (29) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	H	1	GLN
1	H	43	GLN
1	H	72	ARG
1	H	130	THR
1	H	131	LYS
1	H	155	LEU
1	H	189	LEU
1	H	197	THR
2	L	4	LEU
2	L	10	VAL
2	L	18	ILE
2	L	34	LEU
2	L	45	VAL
2	L	48	TYR
2	L	129	LEU
2	L	184	LEU
2	B	34	LEU
2	B	45	VAL
2	B	48	TYR
2	B	129	LEU
2	B	148	VAL
1	A	21	SER
1	A	60	THR
1	A	72	ARG
1	A	115	ASP
1	A	123	LEU
1	A	155	LEU
1	A	205	THR
1	A	206	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	H	116	HIS
1	A	116	HIS
1	A	206	GLN
1	A	218	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	230/238 (96%)	-1.68	0 100 100	25, 50, 89, 112	0
1	H	230/238 (96%)	-1.67	0 100 100	26, 53, 99, 149	0
2	B	211/216 (97%)	-1.73	0 100 100	29, 52, 82, 98	0
2	L	211/216 (97%)	-1.70	0 100 100	29, 54, 87, 119	0
All	All	882/908 (97%)	-1.70	0 100 100	25, 52, 91, 149	0

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.