



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 12:33 AM UTC

PDB ID : 6U0M / pdb_00006u0m
EMDB ID : EMD-20607
Title : Structure of the *S. cerevisiae* replicative helicase CMG in complex with a forked DNA
Authors : Yuan, Z.; Georgescu, R.; Bai, L.; Zhang, D.; O'Donnell, M.; Li, H.
Deposited on : 2019-08-14
Resolution : 3.90 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

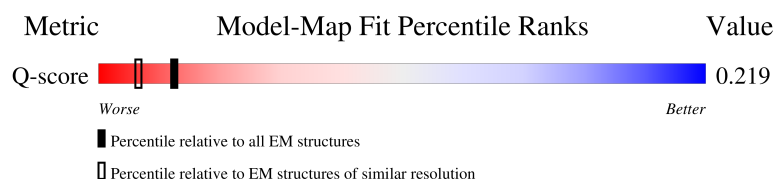
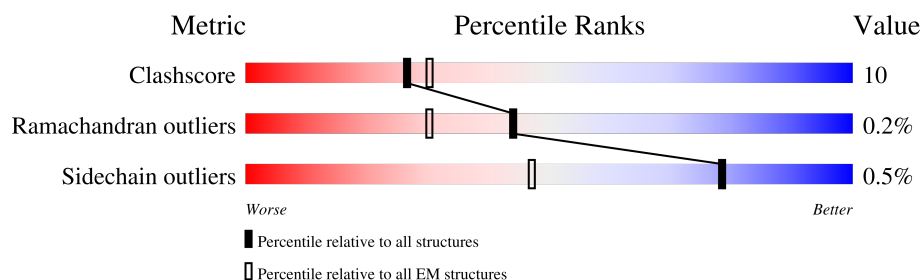
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	8855 (3.40 - 4.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	208	48% 73% 27%
2	B	198	22% 73% 19% 9%
3	C	191	35% 63% 19% 17%
4	D	291	26% 59% 17% 24%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
5	E	646	
6	2	664	
7	3	722	
8	4	753	
9	5	670	
10	6	667	
11	7	729	
12	F	23	
13	G	15	

2 Entry composition

There are 14 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 41146 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called DNA replication complex GINS protein PSF1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	208	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1690	1062	287	331	10		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called DNA replication complex GINS protein PSF2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	181	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1507	975	258	270	4		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called DNA replication complex GINS protein PSF3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	C	159	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1288	843	207	232	6		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called DNA replication complex GINS protein SLD5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	D	221	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1820	1159	300	348	13		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Cell division control protein 45.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	E	553	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4472	2853	763	843	13		

- Molecule 6 is a protein called DNA replication licensing factor MCM2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
6	2	634	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4957	3110	897	933	17		

- Molecule 7 is a protein called DNA replication licensing factor MCM3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	3	594	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4653	2933	829	878	13		

- Molecule 8 is a protein called DNA replication licensing factor MCM4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
8	4	681	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5404	3394	945	1037	28		

- Molecule 9 is a protein called Minichromosome maintenance protein 5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
9	5	597	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4663	2931	799	910	23		

- Molecule 10 is a protein called DNA replication licensing factor MCM6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
10	6	614	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4691	2953	829	889	20		

- Molecule 11 is a protein called DNA replication licensing factor MCM7.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
11	7	663	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5212	3285	903	994	30		

- Molecule 12 is a DNA chain called DNA (26-MER).

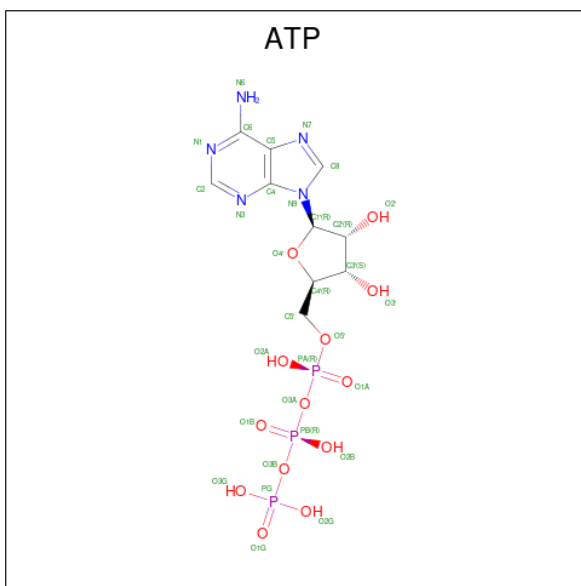
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
12	F	23	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			472	228	78	143	23		

- Molecule 13 is a DNA chain called DNA (15-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
13	G	11	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			224	107	40	66	11		

- Molecule 14 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: ATP) (formula: C₁₀H₁₆N₅O₁₃P₃)

(labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

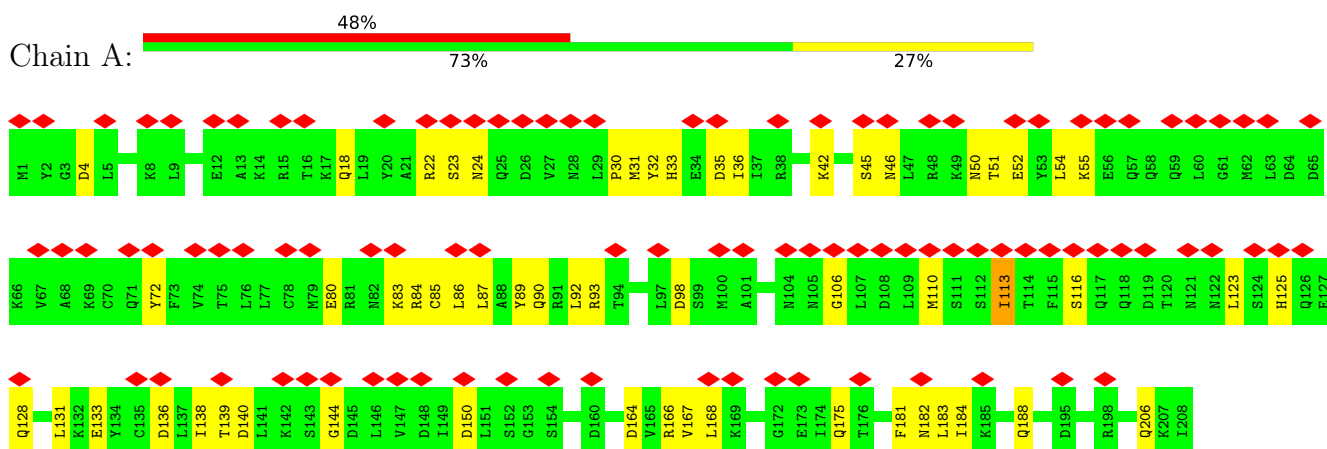


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
14	2	1	Total 31	C 10	N 5	O 13	P 3	0
14	3	1	Total 31	C 10	N 5	O 13	P 3	0
14	5	1	Total 31	C 10	N 5	O 13	P 3	0

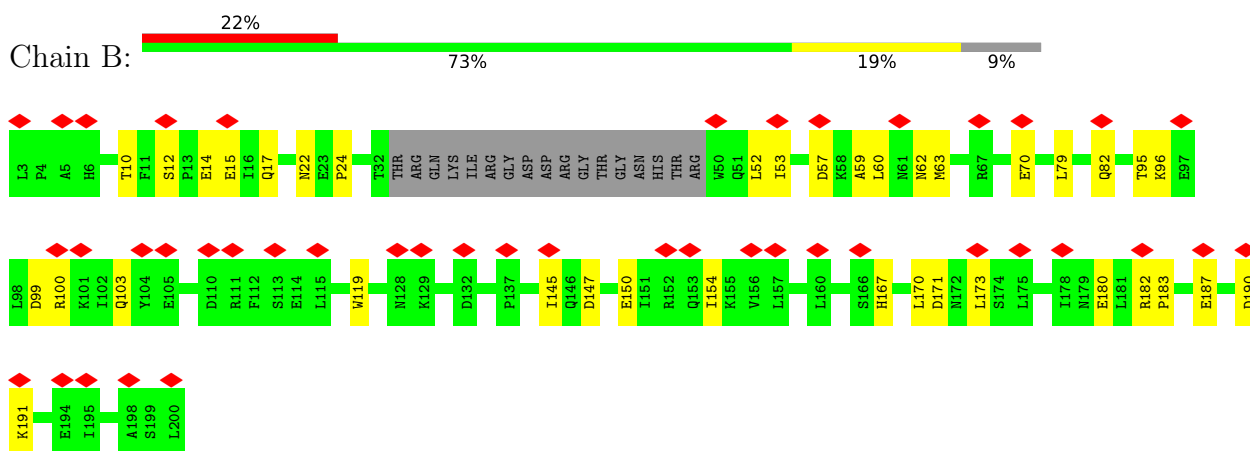
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

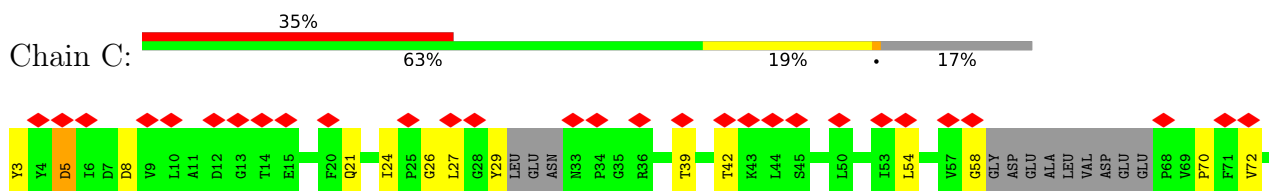
- Molecule 1: DNA replication complex GINS protein PSF1

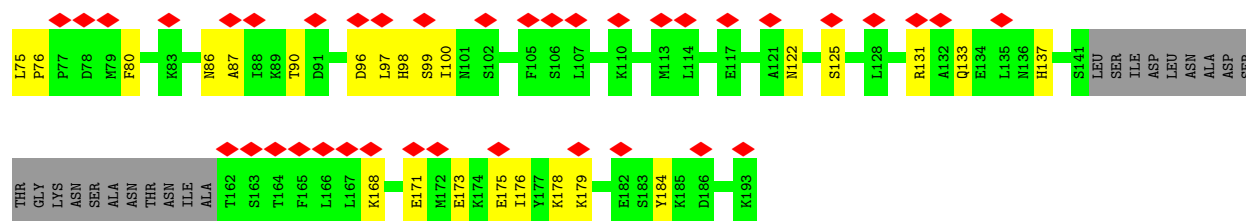


- Molecule 2: DNA replication complex GINS protein PSF2

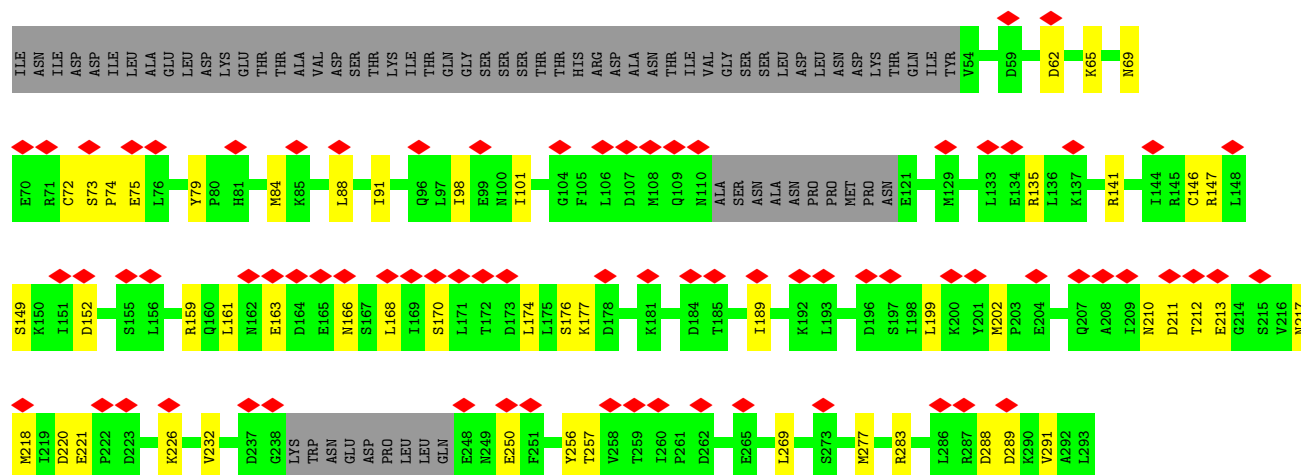


- Molecule 3: DNA replication complex GINS protein PSF3

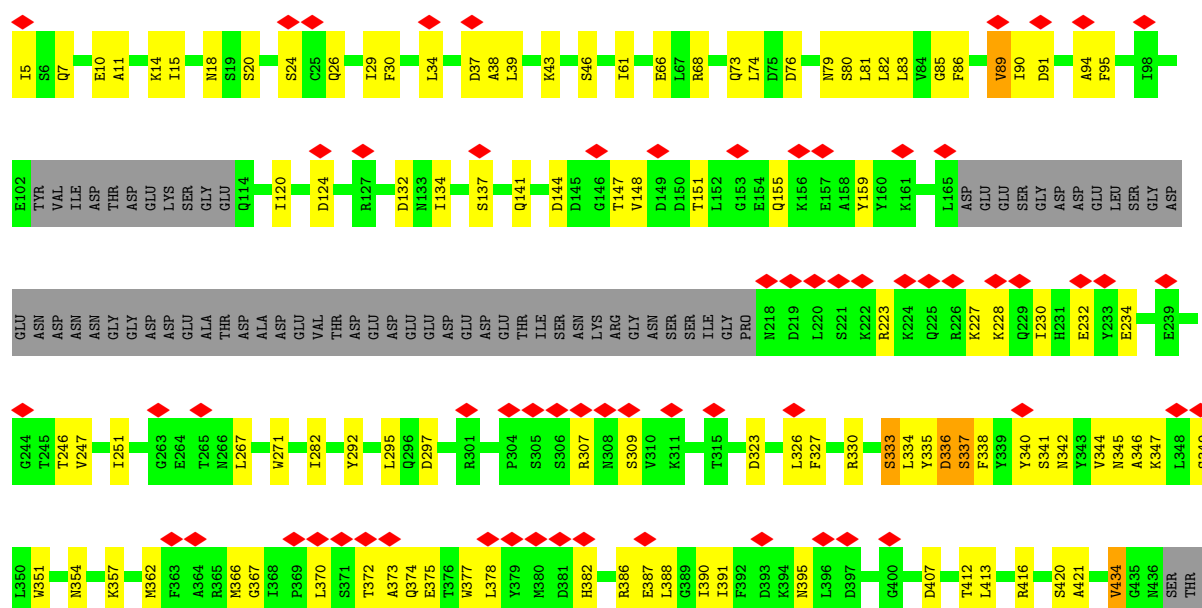


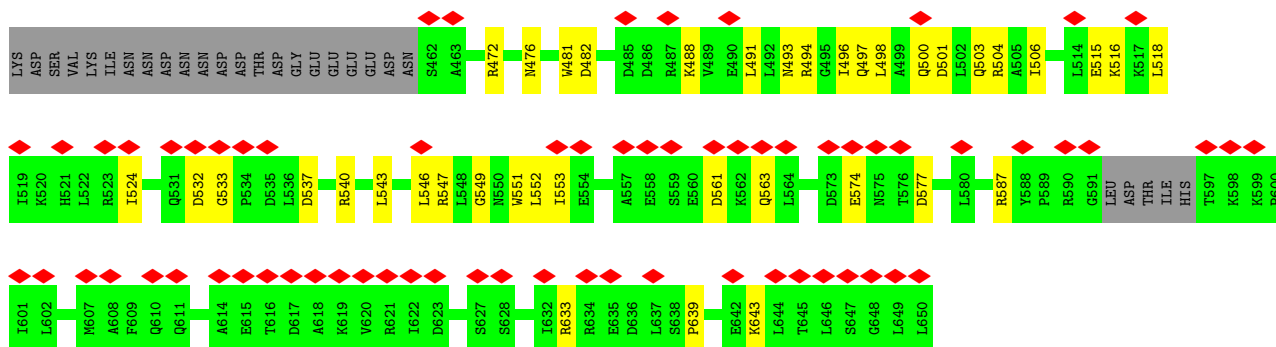


• Molecule 4: DNA replication complex GINS protein SLD5

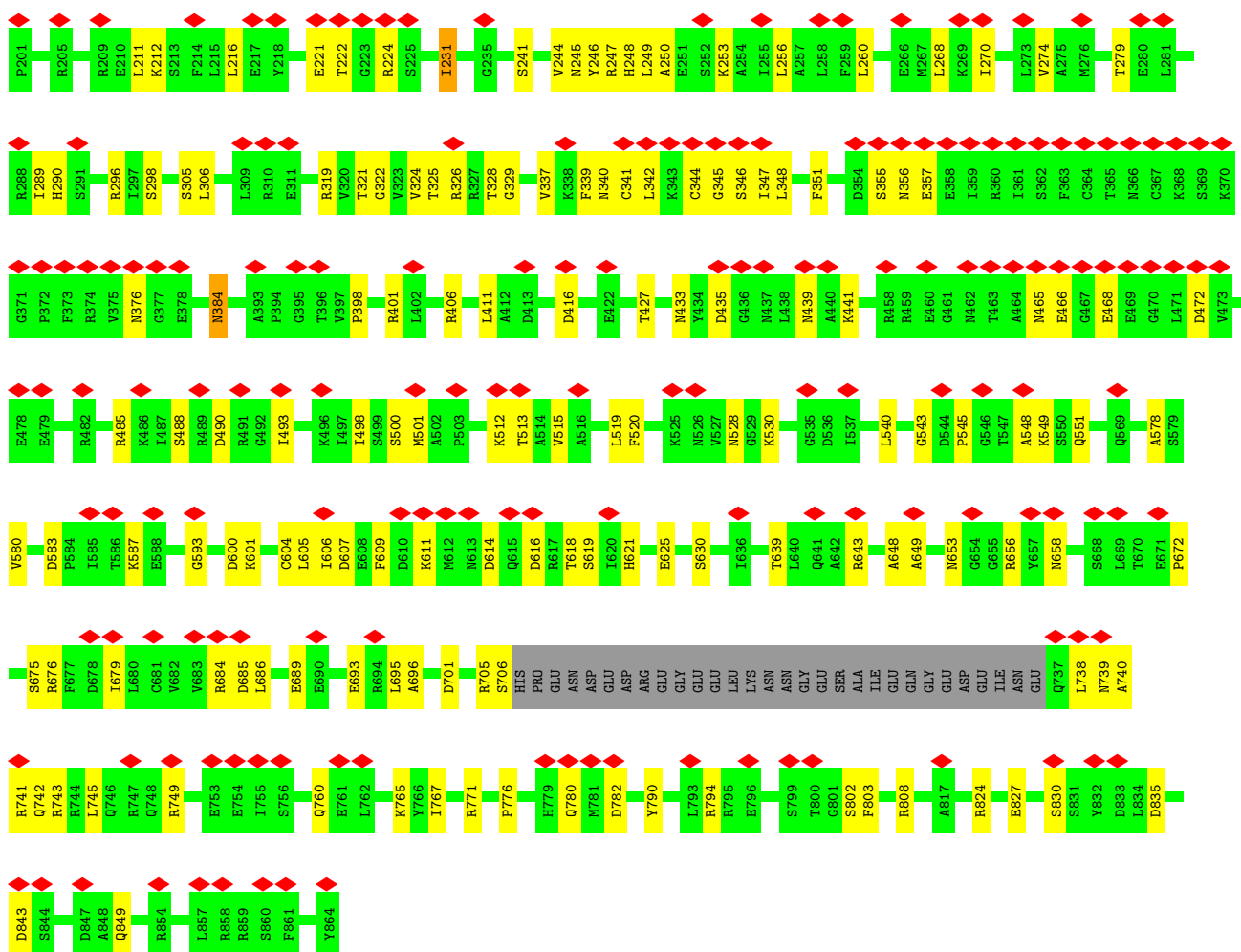


• Molecule 5: Cell division control protein 45



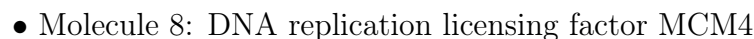


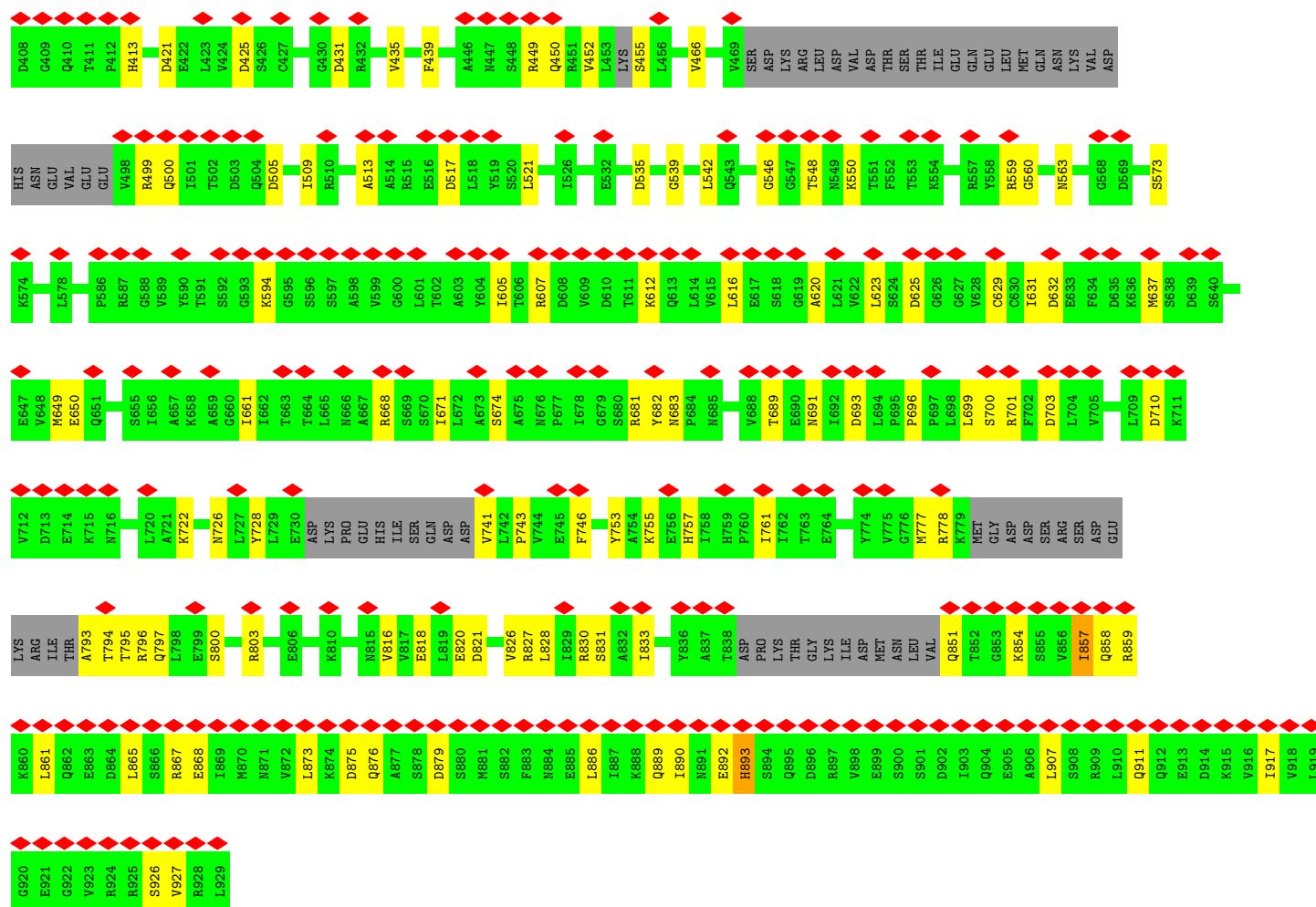
• Molecule 6: DNA replication licensing factor MCM2



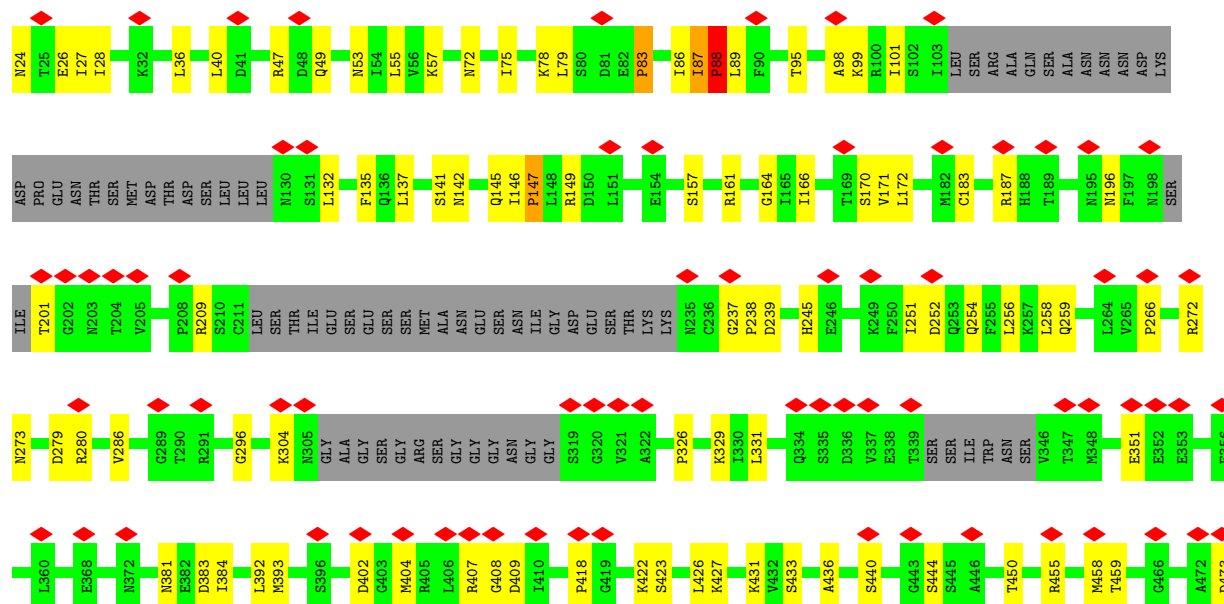
• Molecule 7: DNA replication licensing factor MCM3







• Molecule 9: Minichromosome maintenance protein 5







4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	162550	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.144	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.053	Depositor
Average map value	0.002	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.008	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.04	Depositor
Map size (Å)	274.944, 274.944, 274.944	wwPDB
Map dimensions	256, 256, 256	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.074, 1.074, 1.074	Depositor

5 Model quality ⓘ

5.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ATP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	A	0.25	0/1712	0.62	1/2307 (0.0%)
2	B	0.26	0/1539	0.58	0/2085
3	C	0.27	0/1320	0.55	0/1784
4	D	0.25	0/1853	0.48	0/2500
5	E	0.26	0/4552	0.57	3/6158 (0.0%)
6	2	0.26	0/5036	0.59	0/6801
7	3	0.26	0/4733	0.60	4/6418 (0.1%)
8	4	0.26	1/5473 (0.0%)	0.61	5/7384 (0.1%)
9	5	0.29	0/4724	0.66	4/6381 (0.1%)
10	6	0.24	0/4759	0.57	0/6428
11	7	0.22	0/5291	0.57	2/7151 (0.0%)
12	F	0.38	0/527	1.02	1/812 (0.1%)
13	G	0.44	0/250	1.02	0/383
All	All	0.26	1/41769 (0.0%)	0.60	20/56592 (0.0%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
8	4	876	GLN	N-CA	5.82	1.53	1.45

The worst 5 of 20 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
8	4	875	ASP	N-CA-C	9.56	124.05	112.38
11	7	397	VAL	N-CA-C	-9.34	103.84	112.43
8	4	876	GLN	N-CA-C	9.12	124.31	109.72
9	5	88	PRO	CA-N-CD	-7.46	101.56	112.00
7	3	138	ASP	CA-C-N	7.20	124.78	120.24

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1690	0	1687	41	0
2	B	1507	0	1547	25	0
3	C	1288	0	1298	27	0
4	D	1820	0	1824	34	0
5	E	4472	0	4483	92	0
6	2	4957	0	4968	105	0
7	3	4653	0	4709	94	0
8	4	5404	0	5485	122	0
9	5	4663	0	4709	126	0
10	6	4691	0	4617	92	0
11	7	5212	0	5285	101	0
12	F	472	0	265	13	0
13	G	224	0	125	0	0
14	2	31	0	12	1	0
14	3	31	0	12	1	0
14	5	31	0	12	4	0
All	All	41146	0	41038	822	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 822 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
11:7:265:CYS:SG	11:7:288:GLU:CB	2.59	0.90
9:5:87:ILE:HD12	9:5:137:LEU:HD21	1.56	0.86
8:4:865:LEU:HD12	8:4:868:GLU:OE2	1.74	0.85
9:5:87:ILE:HB	9:5:88:PRO:HD2	1.56	0.85
9:5:87:ILE:HG22	9:5:88:PRO:HD3	1.59	0.82

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	206/208 (99%)	180 (87%)	25 (12%)	1 (0%)	24	59
2	B	177/198 (89%)	147 (83%)	30 (17%)	0	100	100
3	C	151/191 (79%)	131 (87%)	20 (13%)	0	100	100
4	D	215/291 (74%)	188 (87%)	27 (13%)	0	100	100
5	E	543/646 (84%)	470 (87%)	70 (13%)	3 (1%)	21	55
6	2	630/664 (95%)	543 (86%)	86 (14%)	1 (0%)	43	74
7	3	584/722 (81%)	517 (88%)	67 (12%)	0	100	100
8	4	667/753 (89%)	575 (86%)	91 (14%)	1 (0%)	48	80
9	5	583/670 (87%)	500 (86%)	81 (14%)	2 (0%)	36	69
10	6	606/667 (91%)	530 (88%)	75 (12%)	1 (0%)	43	74
11	7	653/729 (90%)	565 (86%)	88 (14%)	0	100	100
All	All	5015/5739 (87%)	4346 (87%)	660 (13%)	9 (0%)	44	74

5 of 9 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	E	336	ASP
5	E	334	LEU
5	E	335	TYR
8	4	893	HIS
9	5	83	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	192/193 (100%)	192 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	170/185 (92%)	169 (99%)	1 (1%)	78	80
3	C	144/171 (84%)	143 (99%)	1 (1%)	76	78
4	D	213/276 (77%)	213 (100%)	0	100	100
5	E	497/583 (85%)	495 (100%)	2 (0%)	84	83
6	2	533/580 (92%)	529 (99%)	4 (1%)	73	77
7	3	514/619 (83%)	513 (100%)	1 (0%)	87	87
8	4	609/687 (89%)	606 (100%)	3 (0%)	81	82
9	5	529/595 (89%)	523 (99%)	6 (1%)	65	74
10	6	487/545 (89%)	486 (100%)	1 (0%)	87	87
11	7	583/646 (90%)	580 (100%)	3 (0%)	81	82
All	All	4471/5080 (88%)	4449 (100%)	22 (0%)	78	82

5 of 22 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
9	5	326	PRO
9	5	577	THR
9	5	575	ILE
10	6	147	ASP
6	2	384	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 80 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
8	4	889	GLN
10	6	814	ASN
9	5	145	GLN
10	6	357	GLN
11	7	112	HIS

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
14	ATP	5	801	-	32,33,33	1.28	4 (12%)	48,52,52	1.86	10 (20%)
14	ATP	2	901	-	32,33,33	1.29	5 (15%)	48,52,52	1.77	9 (18%)
14	ATP	3	1001	-	32,33,33	1.31	4 (12%)	48,52,52	1.81	8 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
14	ATP	5	801	-	-	4/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
14	ATP	2	901	-	-	6/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
14	ATP	3	1001	-	-	4/22/38/38	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 13 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
14	3	1001	ATP	C5-C4	4.48	1.47	1.39
14	2	901	ATP	C5-C4	4.35	1.46	1.39
14	5	801	ATP	C5-C4	4.29	1.46	1.39

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
14	5	801	ATP	C5-C6	2.68	1.48	1.41
14	2	901	ATP	C5-C6	2.57	1.48	1.41

The worst 5 of 27 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
14	3	1001	ATP	C5-C4-N3	-5.95	118.52	126.72
14	5	801	ATP	C5-C4-N3	-5.73	118.82	126.72
14	2	901	ATP	C5-C4-N3	-5.70	118.86	126.72
14	3	1001	ATP	N3-C4-N9	5.04	135.73	127.17
14	2	901	ATP	N3-C4-N9	4.64	135.05	127.17

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 14 torsion outliers are listed below:

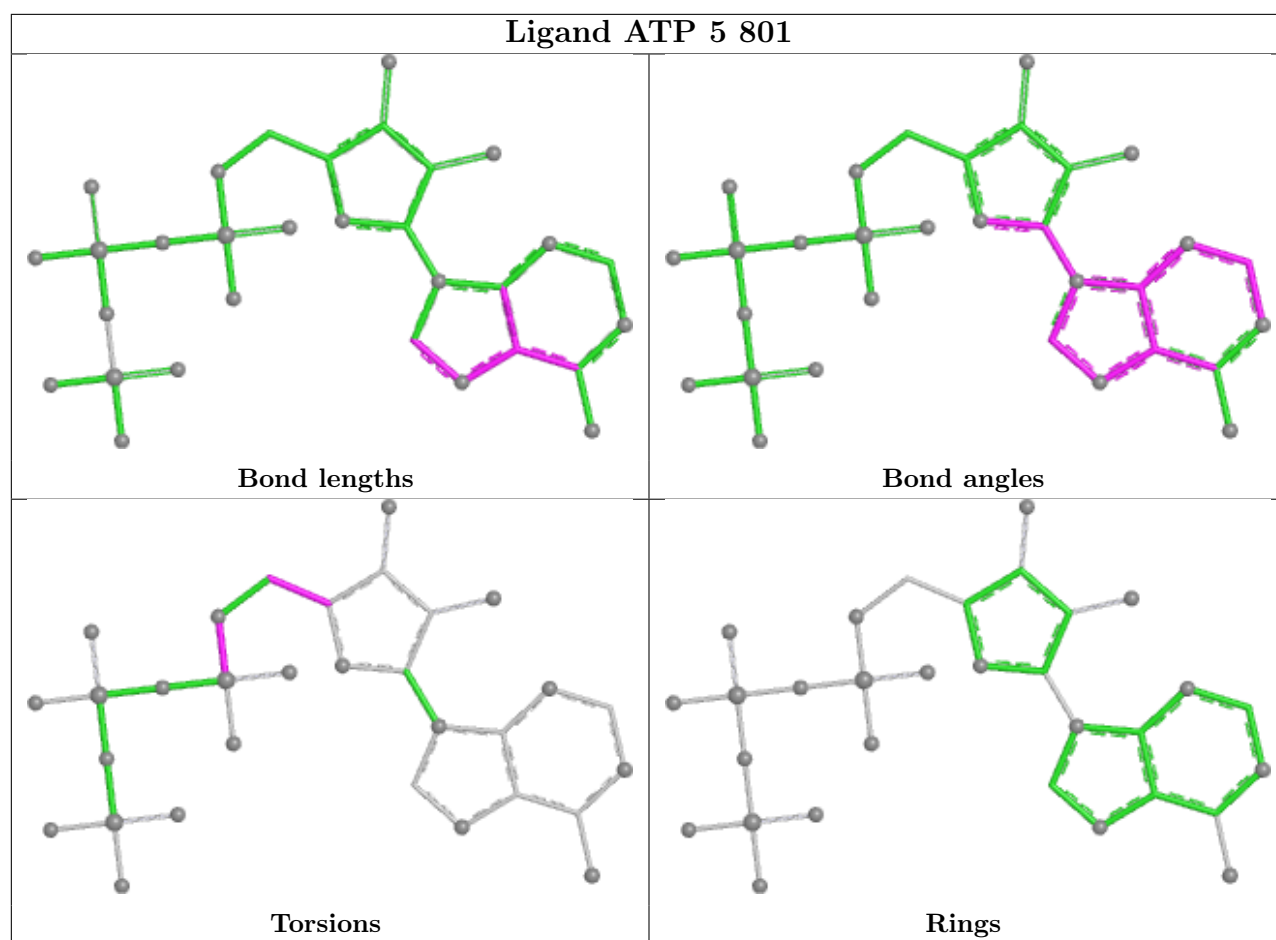
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
14	2	901	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
14	2	901	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
14	2	901	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
14	3	1001	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
14	3	1001	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A

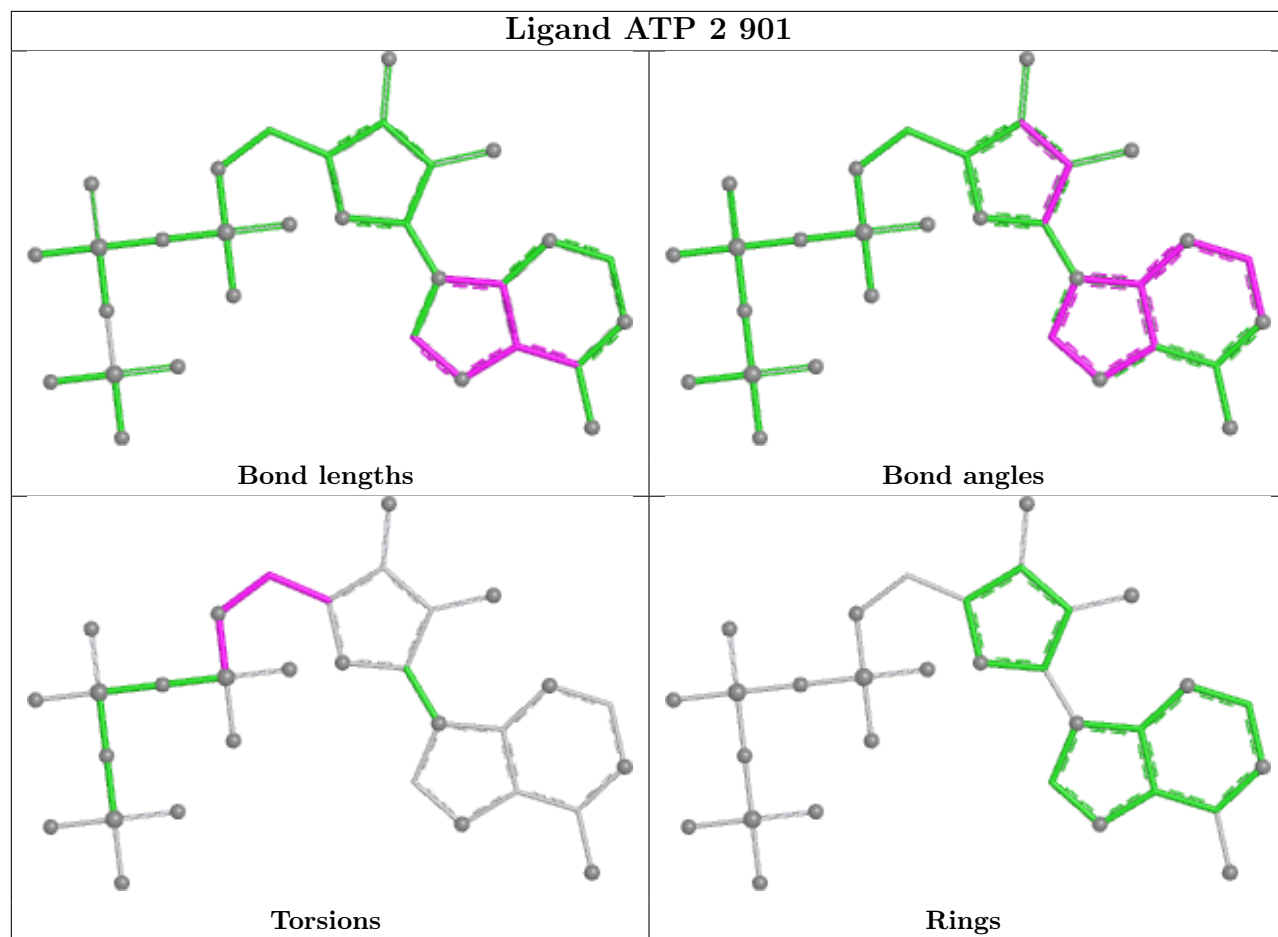
There are no ring outliers.

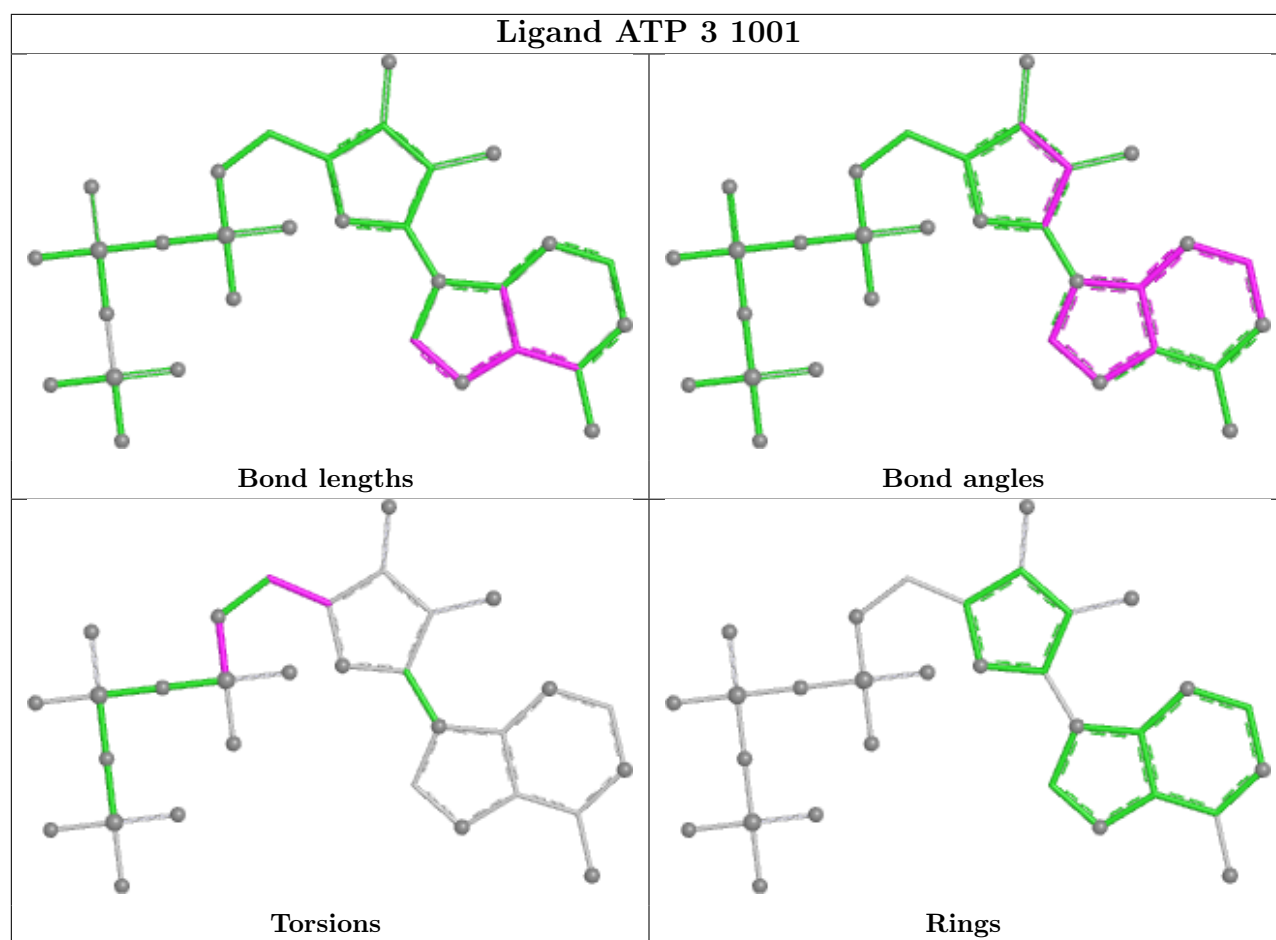
3 monomers are involved in 6 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
14	5	801	ATP	4	0
14	2	901	ATP	1	0
14	3	1001	ATP	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

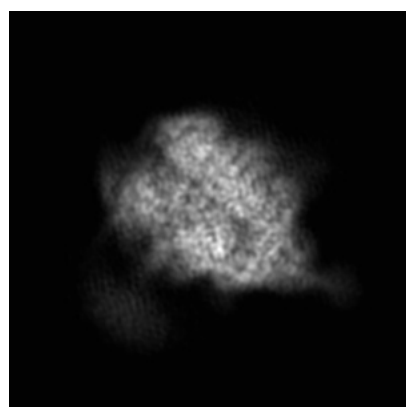
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-20607. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

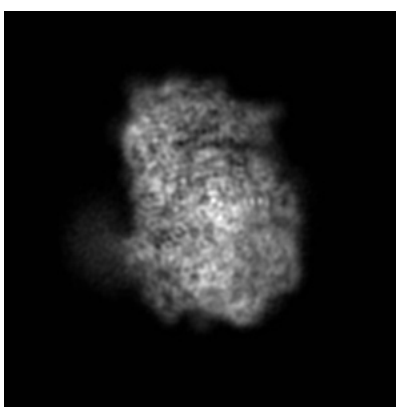
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

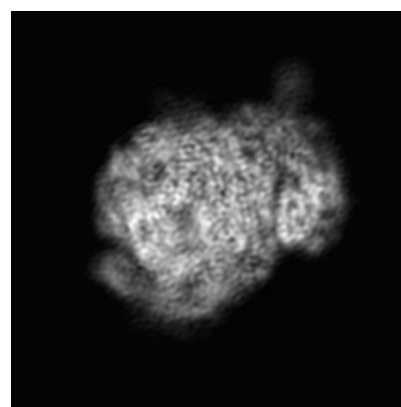
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

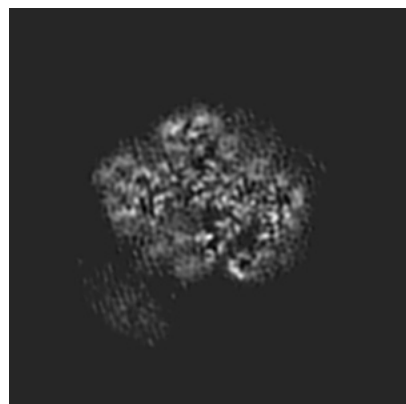


Z

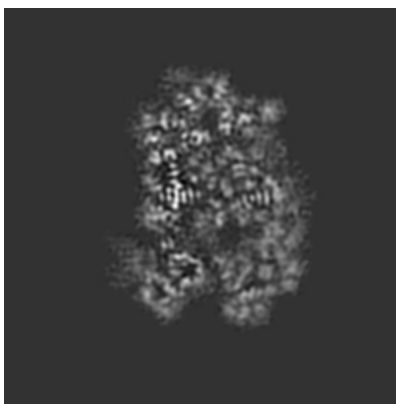
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

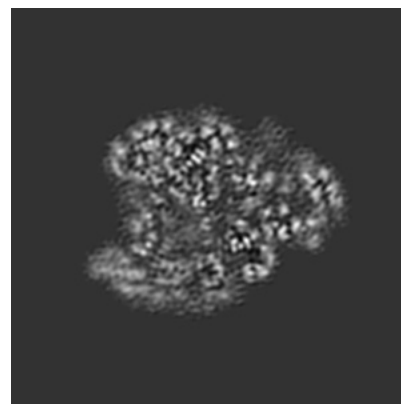
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 128



Y Index: 128

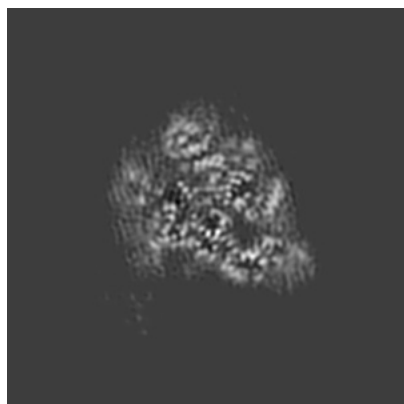


Z Index: 128

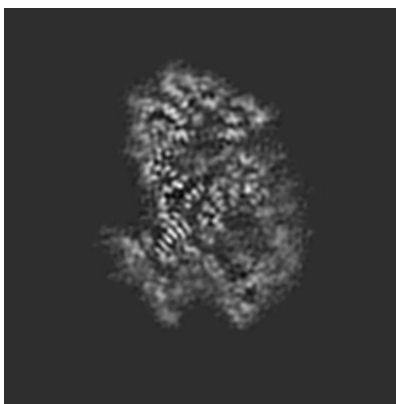
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

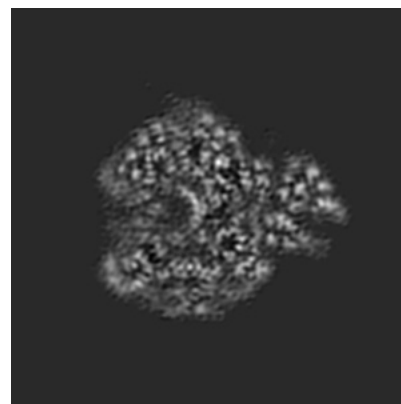
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 142



Y Index: 134

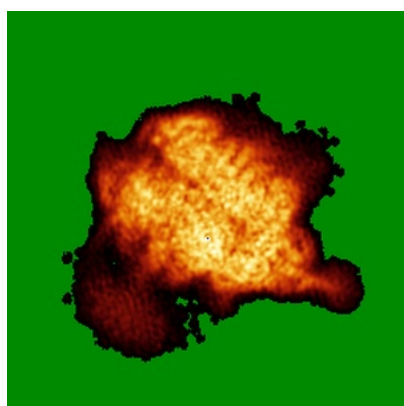


Z Index: 138

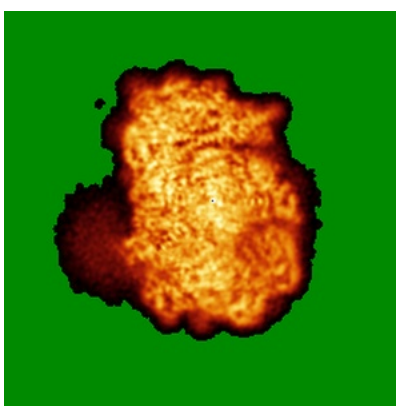
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

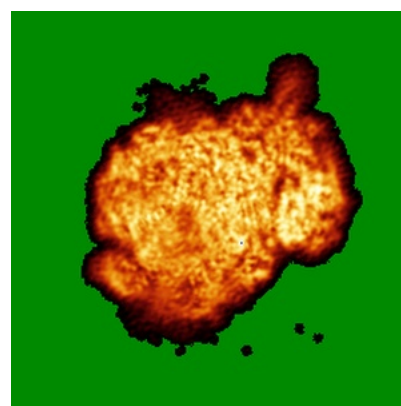
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.04. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

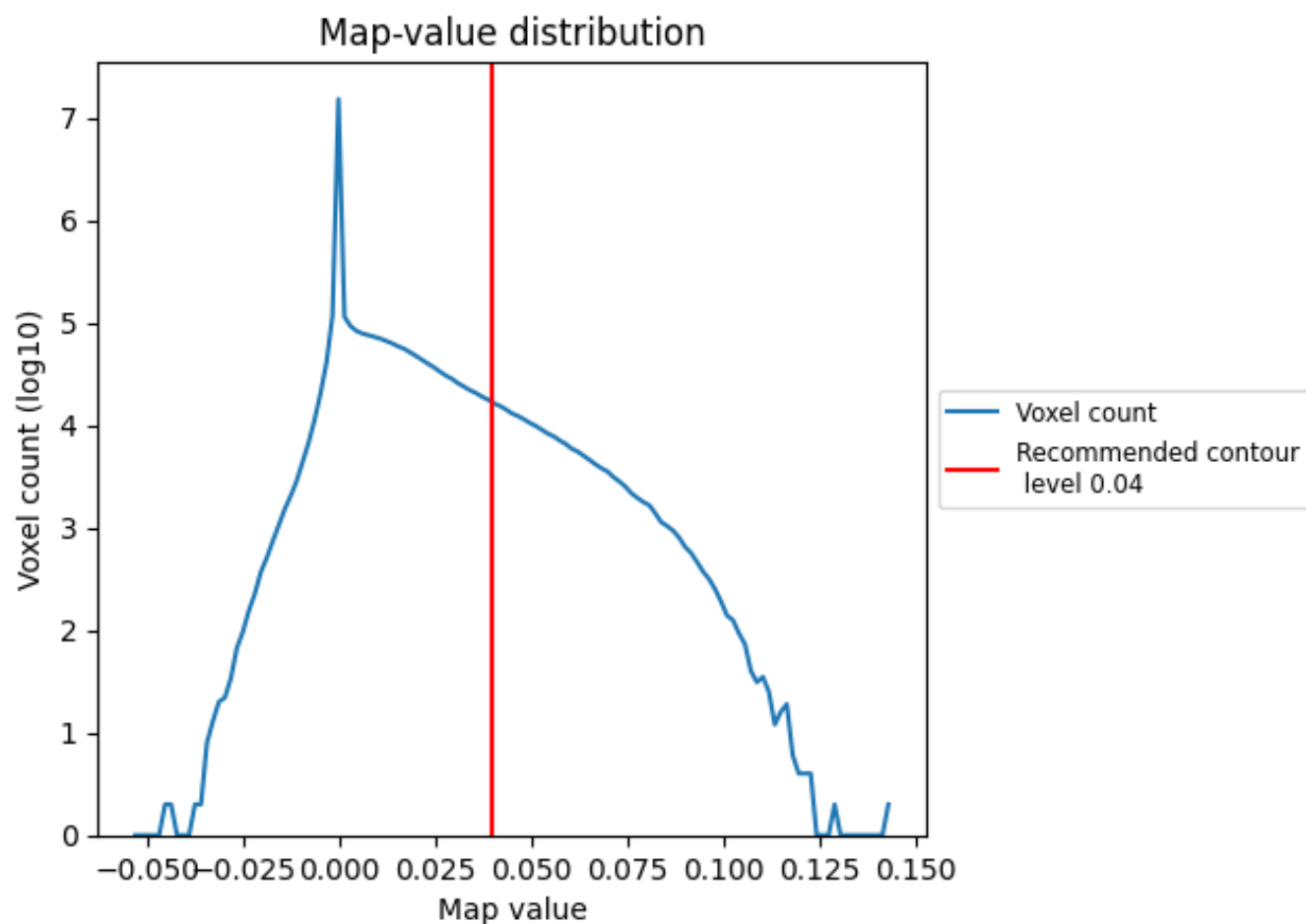
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

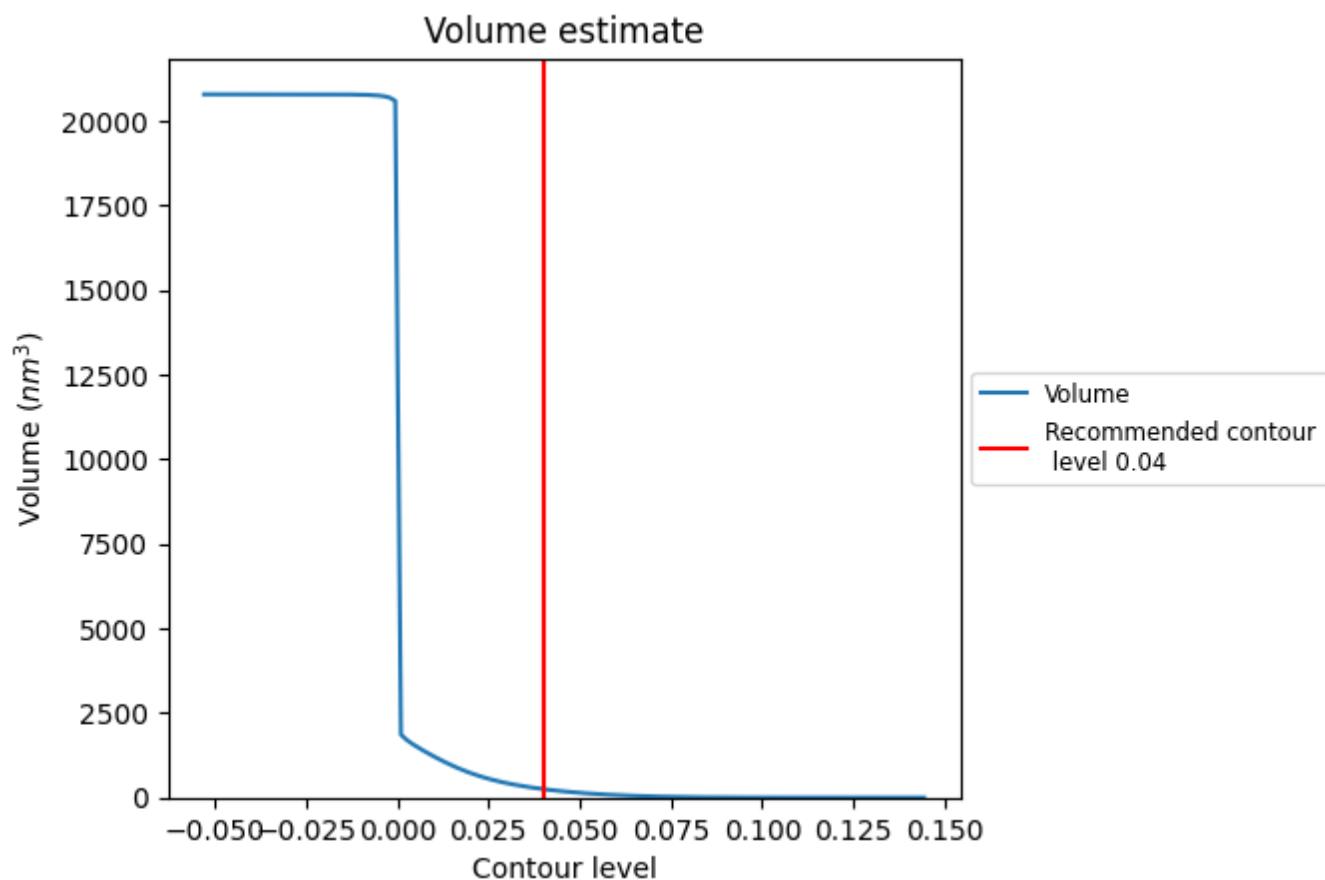
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

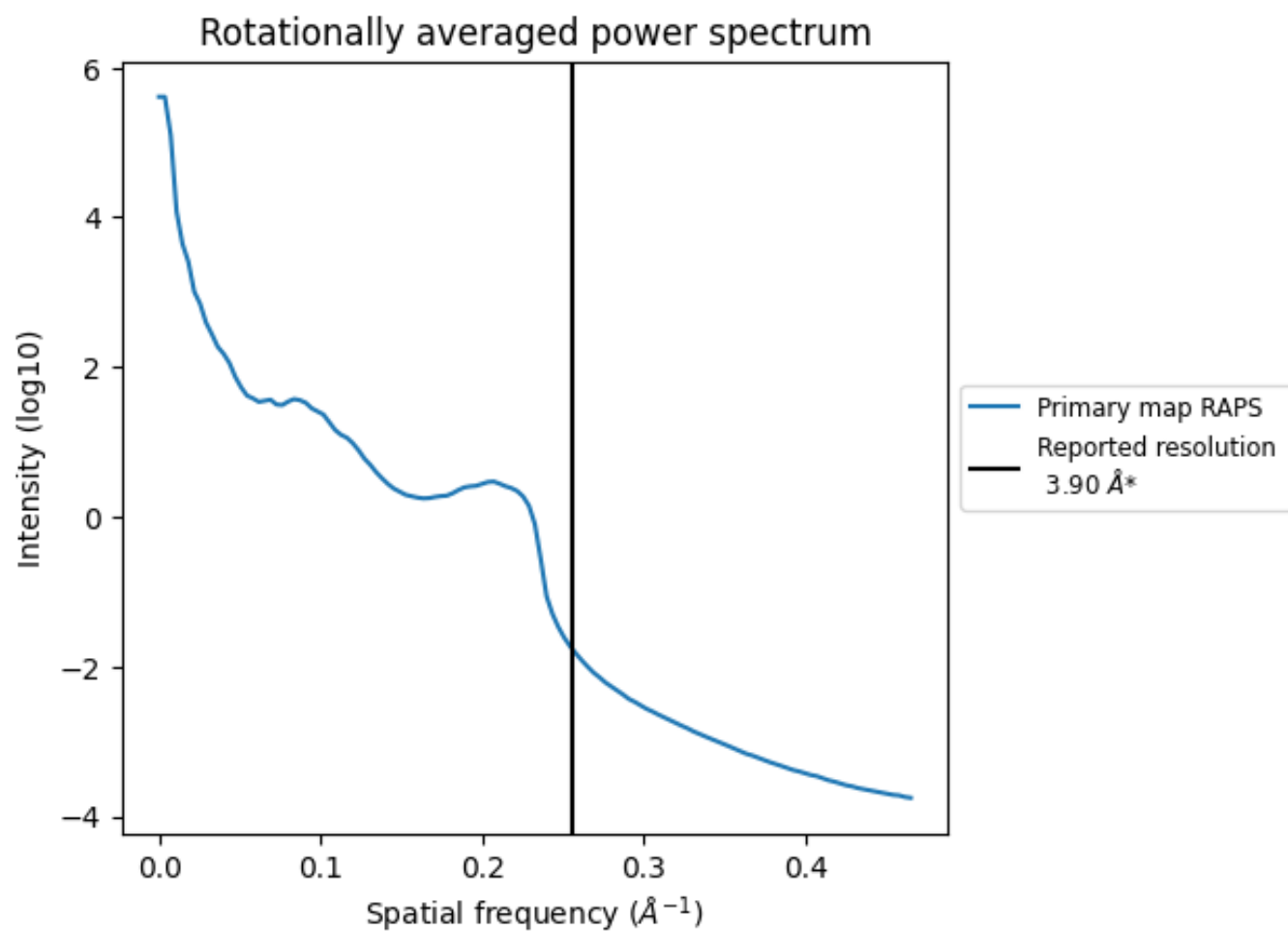
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 250 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 226 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.256 Å⁻¹

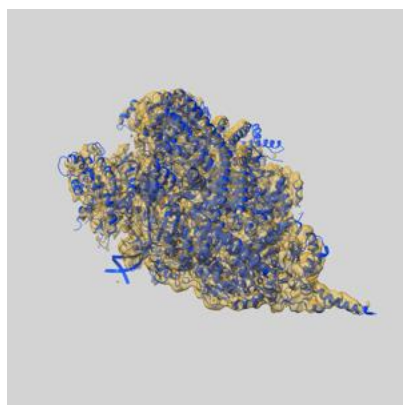
8 Fourier-Shell correlation ⓘ

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

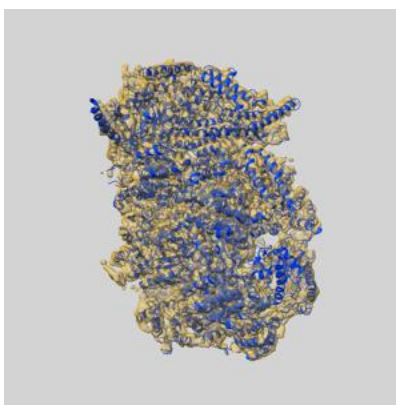
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-20607 and PDB model 6U0M. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

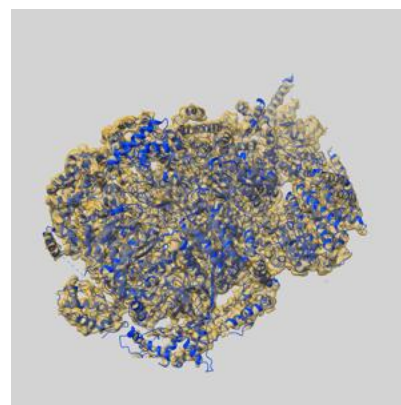
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



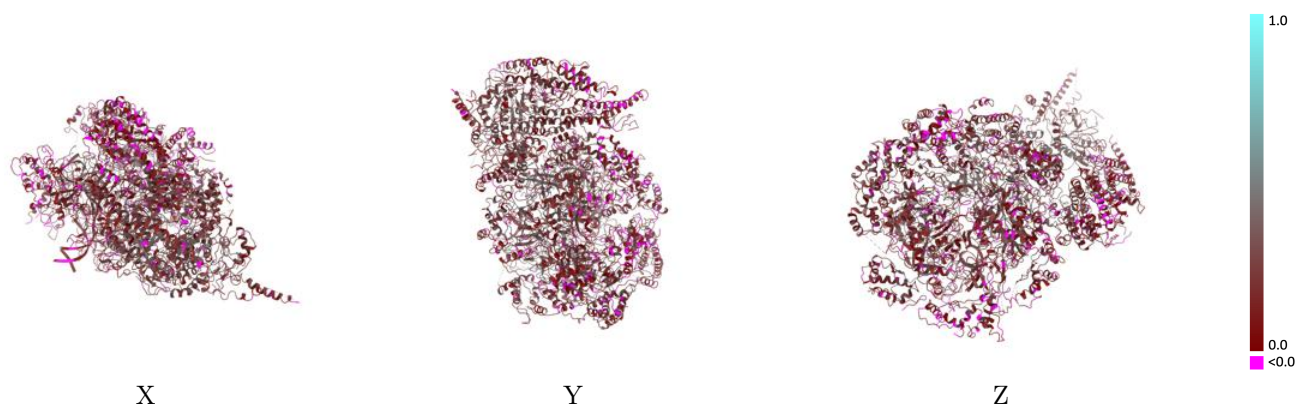
Y



Z

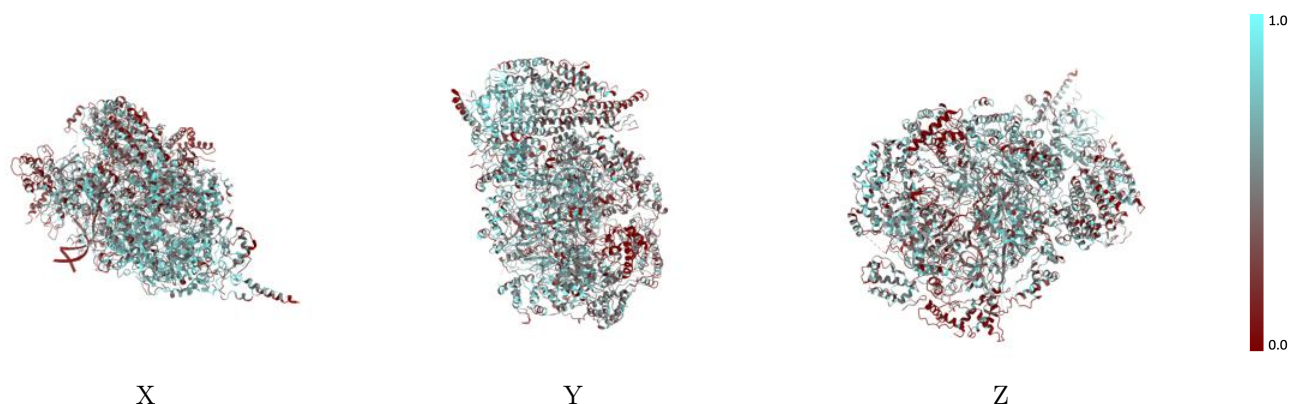
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.04 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



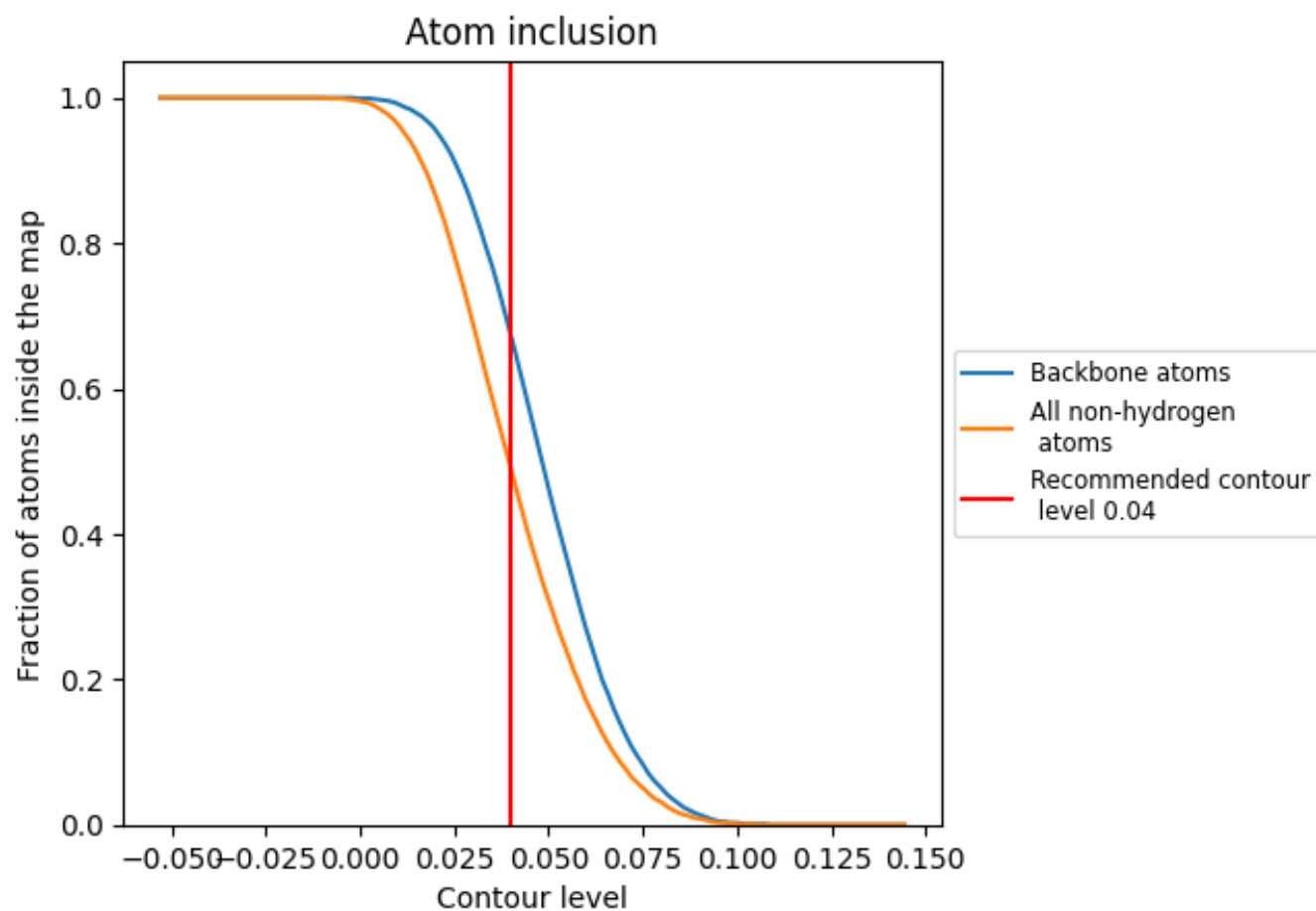
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.04).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 67% of all backbone atoms, 49% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.04) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.4890	 0.2190
2	 0.5470	 0.2500
3	 0.4910	 0.1950
4	 0.4090	 0.2100
5	 0.5520	 0.2620
6	 0.5170	 0.2280
7	 0.3390	 0.1700
A	 0.4450	 0.1840
B	 0.6010	 0.2500
C	 0.5070	 0.1650
D	 0.5430	 0.1750
E	 0.5850	 0.2660
F	 0.3050	 0.1880
G	 0.1470	 0.0990

