



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 5, 2026 – 04:56 PM UTC

PDB ID : 2V1N / pdb_00002v1n
BMRB ID : 6938
Title : SOLUTION STRUCTURE OF THE REGION 51-160 OF HUMAN KIN17
REVEALS A WINGED HELIX FOLD
Authors : Carlier, L.; Le Maire, A.; Gondry, M.; Guilhaudis, L.; Milazzo, I.; Davoust,
D.; Couprie, J.; Gilquin, B.; Zinn-Justin, S.
Deposited on : 2007-05-27

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

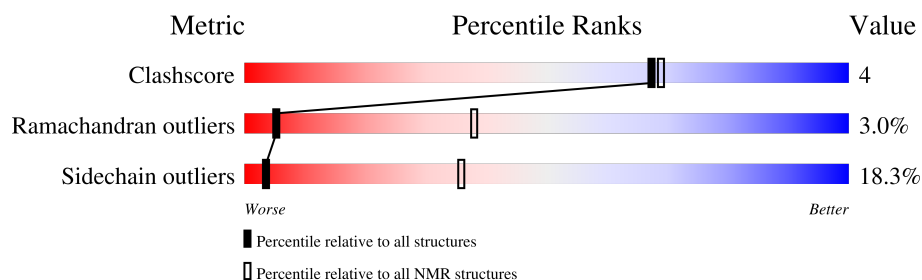
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 89%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424
Ramachandran outliers	224038	12848
Sidechain outliers	223484	12823

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	111	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 12 models. Model 4 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:16-A:105 (90)	0.55	4

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11
2	5, 12
Single-model clusters	6

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1904 atoms, of which 939 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called PROTEIN KIN HOMOLOG.

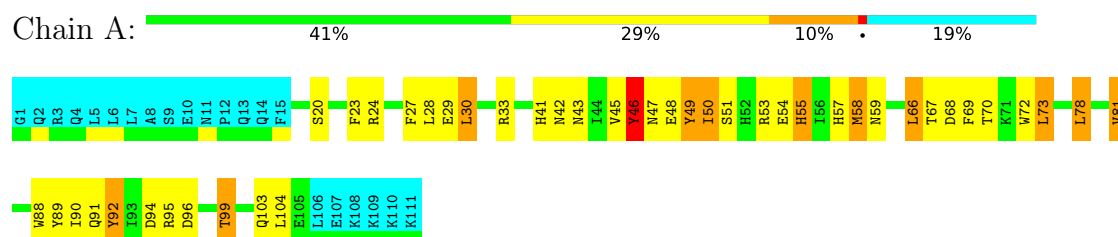
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	111	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1904	611	939	176	175	3	

4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: PROTEIN KIN HOMOLOG

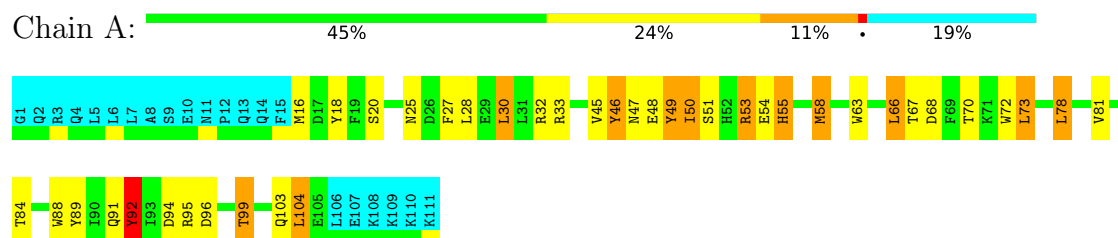


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

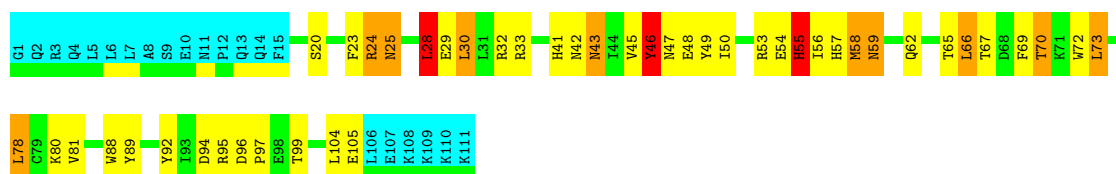
• Molecule 1: PROTEIN KIN HOMOLOG



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

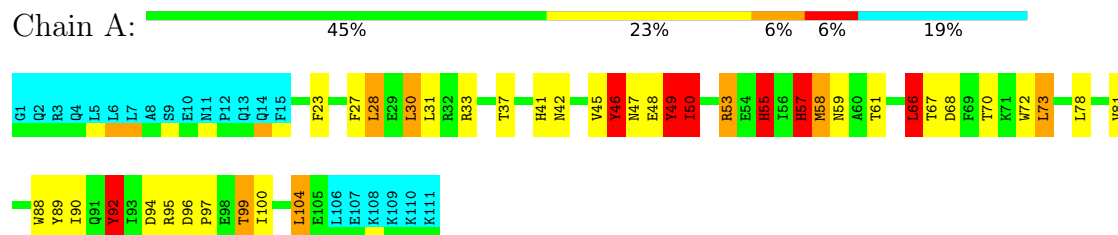
• Molecule 1: PROTEIN KIN HOMOLOG





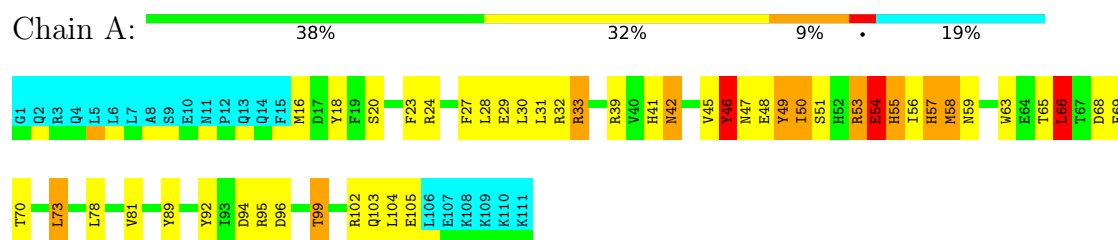
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: PROTEIN KIN HOMOLOG



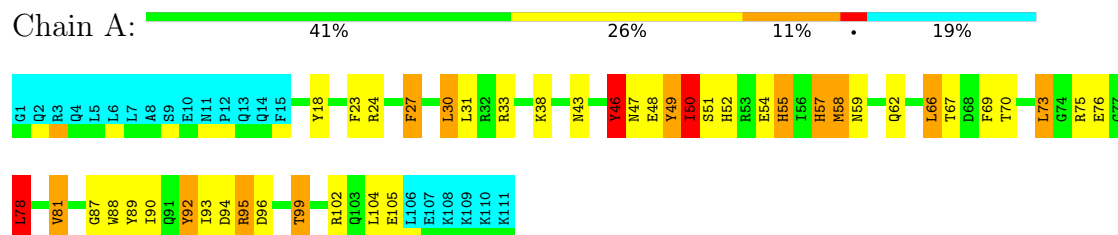
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: PROTEIN KIN HOMOLOG



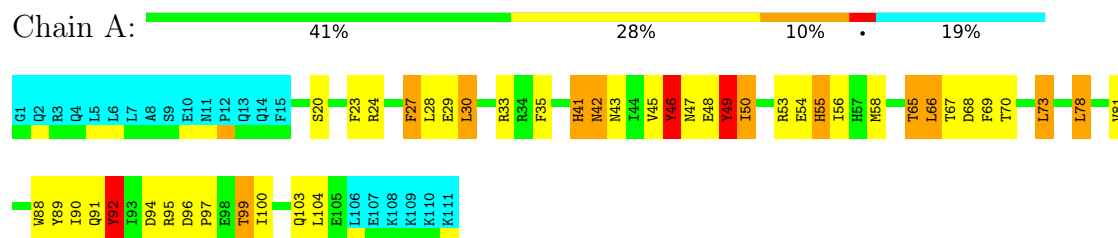
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: PROTEIN KIN HOMOLOG



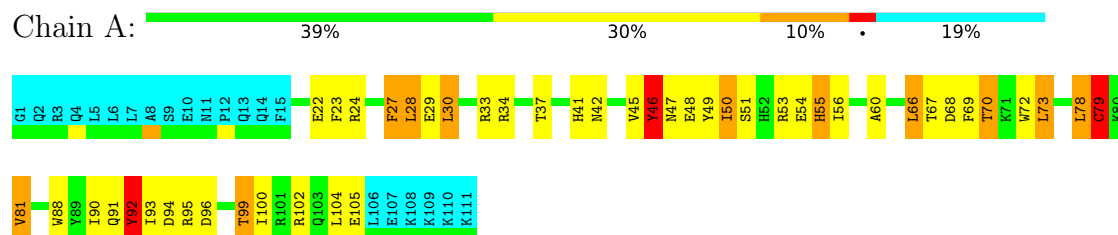
4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: PROTEIN KIN HOMOLOG



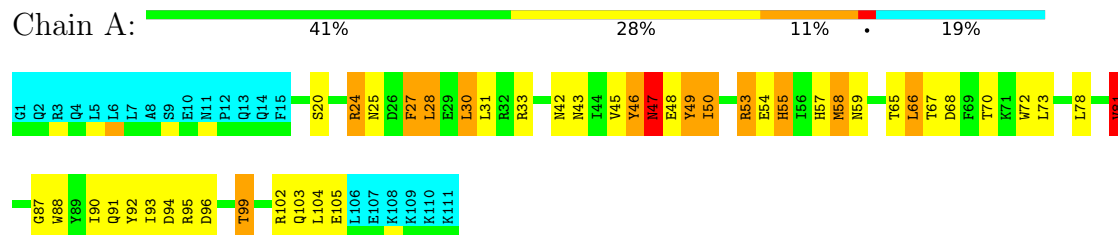
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: PROTEIN KIN HOMOLOG



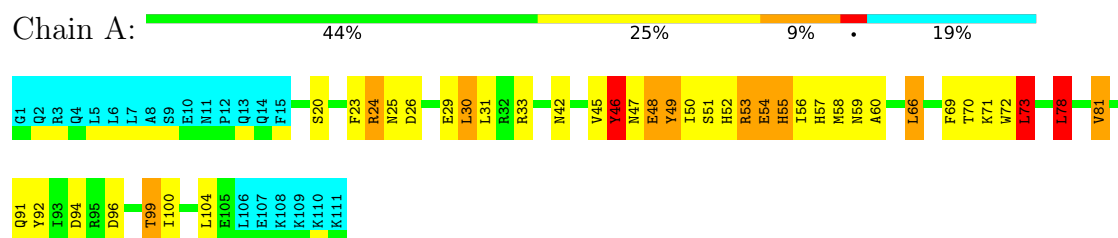
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: PROTEIN KIN HOMOLOG



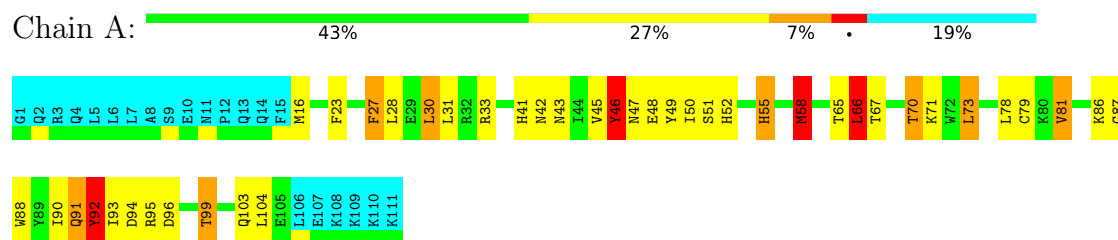
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: PROTEIN KIN HOMOLOG



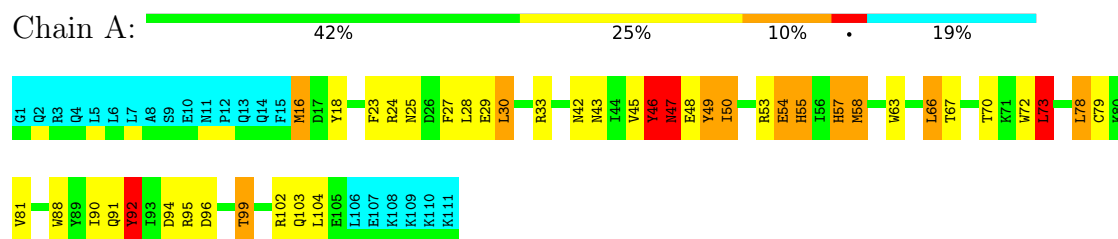
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: PROTEIN KIN HOMOLOG



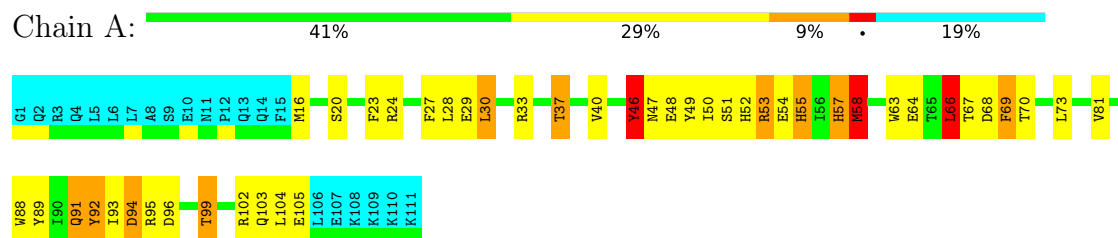
4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: PROTEIN KIN HOMOLOG



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

• Molecule 1: PROTEIN KIN HOMOLOG



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *SIMULATED ANNEALING USING CNS*.

Of the 400 calculated structures, 12 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *STRUCTURES WITH ACCEPTABLE COVALENT GEOMETRY, WITH THE LEAST RESTRAINT VIOLATIONS, WITH THE LOWEST ENERGY*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	1.0
NMRView	structure solution	
NMRPipe	structure solution	
Felix	structure solution	
CNS	structure solution	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1480
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1480
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	89%

6 Model quality i

6.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	1.43±0.01	0±0/813 (0.0± 0.0%)	2.32±0.04	52±6/1098 (4.7± 0.5%)
All	All	1.43	0/9756 (0.0%)	2.32	623/13176 (4.7%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	4.2±1.0
All	All	0	50

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	47	ASN	CA-CB-CG	12.05	124.65	112.60	11	11
1	A	66	LEU	CA-C-N	11.63	135.56	120.44	7	12
1	A	66	LEU	C-N-CA	11.63	135.56	120.44	7	12
1	A	92	TYR	CB-CA-C	10.79	127.74	109.50	11	10
1	A	33	ARG	N-CA-C	9.85	121.78	111.14	4	11
1	A	103	GLN	CA-C-N	9.48	133.97	120.79	1	1
1	A	103	GLN	C-N-CA	9.48	133.97	120.79	1	1
1	A	53	ARG	CA-C-N	9.38	139.46	121.54	8	8
1	A	53	ARG	C-N-CA	9.38	139.46	121.54	8	8
1	A	92	TYR	CA-C-N	9.37	134.08	122.37	6	9
1	A	92	TYR	C-N-CA	9.37	134.08	122.37	6	9
1	A	55	HIS	CA-C-N	9.17	134.94	122.93	7	12
1	A	55	HIS	C-N-CA	9.17	134.94	122.93	7	12
1	A	48	GLU	CA-C-N	8.91	132.22	120.28	8	12
1	A	48	GLU	C-N-CA	8.91	132.22	120.28	8	12

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	54	GLU	N-CA-C	8.89	123.73	113.15	6	5
1	A	99	THR	CA-C-N	8.80	131.82	120.56	6	11
1	A	99	THR	C-N-CA	8.80	131.82	120.56	6	11
1	A	42	ASN	CA-CB-CG	8.56	121.16	112.60	6	2
1	A	58	MET	CA-C-N	8.45	135.92	121.14	5	10
1	A	58	MET	C-N-CA	8.45	135.92	121.14	5	10
1	A	30	LEU	CA-C-N	8.37	131.32	120.44	11	12
1	A	30	LEU	C-N-CA	8.37	131.32	120.44	11	12
1	A	57	HIS	CA-C-N	8.36	132.58	120.38	8	4
1	A	57	HIS	C-N-CA	8.36	132.58	120.38	8	4
1	A	94	ASP	N-CA-C	8.31	122.39	111.75	5	2
1	A	49	TYR	CA-C-N	8.27	131.79	120.46	3	2
1	A	49	TYR	C-N-CA	8.27	131.79	120.46	3	2
1	A	94	ASP	N-CA-CB	8.00	121.82	110.46	6	7
1	A	27	PHE	CA-CB-CG	7.94	121.74	113.80	10	9
1	A	96	ASP	CA-C-O	-7.69	112.90	119.36	3	5
1	A	24	ARG	N-CA-C	7.53	119.56	111.36	11	2
1	A	96	ASP	CA-C-N	7.33	127.03	119.56	7	12
1	A	96	ASP	C-N-CA	7.33	127.03	119.56	7	12
1	A	65	THR	CA-C-N	7.22	130.68	120.28	4	4
1	A	65	THR	C-N-CA	7.22	130.68	120.28	4	4
1	A	55	HIS	N-CA-C	7.20	126.12	110.80	6	5
1	A	103	GLN	CB-CA-C	7.19	122.17	110.88	11	3
1	A	50	ILE	N-CA-C	7.15	121.92	112.98	4	6
1	A	73	LEU	CA-C-N	7.12	129.04	120.14	9	12
1	A	73	LEU	C-N-CA	7.12	129.04	120.14	9	12
1	A	33	ARG	N-CA-CB	7.10	120.36	110.07	10	8
1	A	41	HIS	CA-CB-CG	7.09	120.89	113.80	4	1
1	A	53	ARG	N-CA-C	7.07	118.98	111.28	12	4
1	A	94	ASP	CA-C-N	7.03	134.96	121.54	6	9
1	A	94	ASP	C-N-CA	7.03	134.96	121.54	6	9
1	A	46	TYR	CA-C-N	7.01	130.38	120.28	11	6
1	A	46	TYR	C-N-CA	7.01	130.38	120.28	11	6
1	A	41	HIS	N-CA-CB	7.00	120.80	109.95	2	1
1	A	52	HIS	N-CA-C	-6.98	99.66	108.45	9	2
1	A	56	ILE	CB-CA-C	-6.97	104.73	112.68	6	1
1	A	45	VAL	CA-C-N	6.91	129.84	120.44	6	9
1	A	45	VAL	C-N-CA	6.91	129.84	120.44	6	9
1	A	28	LEU	CA-C-N	6.89	129.39	120.44	10	2
1	A	28	LEU	C-N-CA	6.89	129.39	120.44	10	2
1	A	51	SER	CA-C-N	6.85	133.98	122.20	9	7

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	51	SER	C-N-CA	6.85	133.98	122.20	9	7
1	A	46	TYR	CA-CB-CG	6.82	126.17	113.90	5	1
1	A	73	LEU	CB-CA-C	6.79	123.70	110.67	9	4
1	A	41	HIS	CA-C-N	6.72	130.19	120.38	6	2
1	A	41	HIS	C-N-CA	6.72	130.19	120.38	6	2
1	A	105	GLU	N-CA-C	6.71	119.90	111.24	2	6
1	A	87	GLY	CA-C-N	6.71	131.57	122.84	8	3
1	A	87	GLY	C-N-CA	6.71	131.57	122.84	8	3
1	A	72	TRP	CA-C-N	6.71	129.27	120.28	2	7
1	A	72	TRP	C-N-CA	6.71	129.27	120.28	2	7
1	A	91	GLN	CB-CA-C	6.67	121.47	110.74	12	3
1	A	102	ARG	CA-C-N	6.64	129.07	120.44	4	3
1	A	102	ARG	C-N-CA	6.64	129.07	120.44	4	3
1	A	29	GLU	CA-C-N	6.63	129.17	120.28	2	7
1	A	29	GLU	C-N-CA	6.63	129.17	120.28	2	7
1	A	100	ILE	CB-CA-C	-6.47	103.54	112.02	9	1
1	A	97	PRO	CA-C-N	6.45	129.22	120.38	3	3
1	A	97	PRO	C-N-CA	6.45	129.22	120.38	3	3
1	A	59	ASN	N-CA-CB	-6.39	99.98	110.40	3	5
1	A	46	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	6.35	130.32	120.80	5	7
1	A	69	PHE	CA-CB-CG	6.34	120.14	113.80	7	2
1	A	20	SER	N-CA-CB	6.34	120.10	110.28	6	7
1	A	52	HIS	CA-CB-CG	6.29	120.09	113.80	9	3
1	A	46	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	6.17	130.06	120.80	9	3
1	A	56	ILE	CB-CG1-CD1	-6.17	100.84	113.80	6	1
1	A	25	ASN	CA-CB-CG	-6.17	106.43	112.60	9	4
1	A	79	CYS	CA-C-N	6.16	131.86	123.11	10	2
1	A	79	CYS	C-N-CA	6.16	131.86	123.11	10	2
1	A	42	ASN	N-CA-CB	6.16	119.70	110.22	8	3
1	A	41	HIS	CB-CG-ND1	6.15	131.92	122.70	4	1
1	A	90	ILE	CA-CB-CG1	6.14	120.85	110.40	7	1
1	A	79	CYS	CA-CB-SG	6.14	128.53	114.40	7	1
1	A	91	GLN	N-CA-C	-6.08	98.17	108.26	7	2
1	A	31	LEU	CA-C-N	5.99	128.31	120.28	10	5
1	A	31	LEU	C-N-CA	5.99	128.31	120.28	10	5
1	A	16	MET	CA-C-N	5.99	128.59	120.38	10	2
1	A	16	MET	C-N-CA	5.99	128.59	120.38	10	2
1	A	58	MET	CG-SD-CE	-5.96	87.79	100.90	2	2
1	A	28	LEU	N-CA-CB	5.87	118.85	110.16	12	5
1	A	22	GLU	CA-C-N	5.85	128.04	120.44	7	1
1	A	22	GLU	C-N-CA	5.85	128.04	120.44	7	1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	69	PHE	CA-C-N	5.83	129.17	120.31	2	1
1	A	69	PHE	C-N-CA	5.83	129.17	120.31	2	1
1	A	41	HIS	CB-CG-CD2	-5.81	123.65	131.20	4	1
1	A	26	ASP	CA-C-N	5.77	128.29	120.44	9	1
1	A	26	ASP	C-N-CA	5.77	128.29	120.44	9	1
1	A	100	ILE	N-CA-CB	-5.77	103.19	110.57	6	3
1	A	59	ASN	CB-CG-ND2	5.76	125.04	116.40	2	2
1	A	49	TYR	CB-CA-C	5.75	119.99	110.90	6	2
1	A	94	ASP	CA-CB-CG	5.75	118.35	112.60	1	3
1	A	18	TYR	CA-C-N	5.75	129.04	120.31	5	2
1	A	18	TYR	C-N-CA	5.75	129.04	120.31	5	2
1	A	68	ASP	CA-C-N	5.72	128.41	120.29	4	2
1	A	68	ASP	C-N-CA	5.72	128.41	120.29	4	2
1	A	50	ILE	CA-CB-CG2	5.68	120.16	110.50	8	3
1	A	25	ASN	CA-C-N	5.68	128.36	120.29	11	1
1	A	25	ASN	C-N-CA	5.68	128.36	120.29	11	1
1	A	81	VAL	N-CA-C	5.65	117.73	108.97	8	2
1	A	18	TYR	N-CA-C	5.63	117.23	111.14	1	1
1	A	91	GLN	CB-CG-CD	5.61	122.14	112.60	12	1
1	A	65	THR	N-CA-C	-5.59	100.23	108.79	10	2
1	A	62	GLN	CA-C-N	5.58	130.09	122.84	2	1
1	A	62	GLN	C-N-CA	5.58	130.09	122.84	2	1
1	A	58	MET	N-CA-C	5.55	119.55	112.34	5	1
1	A	52	HIS	CA-C-N	5.54	127.71	120.28	12	1
1	A	52	HIS	C-N-CA	5.54	127.71	120.28	12	1
1	A	43	ASN	CA-C-N	5.49	128.22	120.42	6	3
1	A	43	ASN	C-N-CA	5.49	128.22	120.42	6	3
1	A	56	ILE	N-CA-C	-5.49	99.90	108.95	4	1
1	A	91	GLN	CA-C-N	5.49	129.03	120.75	8	2
1	A	91	GLN	C-N-CA	5.49	129.03	120.75	8	2
1	A	87	GLY	N-CA-C	5.47	118.69	111.52	5	1
1	A	56	ILE	CA-CB-CG2	5.46	119.79	110.50	2	1
1	A	29	GLU	CB-CA-C	-5.46	102.31	110.88	2	1
1	A	75	ARG	CA-C-N	5.45	129.81	120.72	5	1
1	A	75	ARG	C-N-CA	5.45	129.81	120.72	5	1
1	A	32	ARG	CA-C-N	5.43	127.83	120.44	4	1
1	A	32	ARG	C-N-CA	5.43	127.83	120.44	4	1
1	A	64	GLU	N-CA-C	5.42	119.61	111.96	12	1
1	A	33	ARG	CB-CA-C	-5.36	102.43	110.90	3	2
1	A	78	LEU	N-CA-CB	5.32	118.56	110.42	8	3
1	A	42	ASN	CA-C-N	5.29	128.35	120.31	4	1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	42	ASN	C-N-CA	5.29	128.35	120.31	4	1
1	A	37	THR	N-CA-C	-5.29	98.41	107.61	7	1
1	A	95	ARG	CB-CA-C	5.28	120.92	110.42	5	1
1	A	30	LEU	N-CA-CB	5.27	118.45	110.28	8	1
1	A	104	LEU	N-CA-CB	-5.26	101.82	109.82	1	2
1	A	78	LEU	CD1-CG-CD2	5.26	122.37	110.80	5	1
1	A	57	HIS	CA-CB-CG	-5.26	108.54	113.80	11	1
1	A	32	ARG	N-CA-C	5.25	116.69	111.07	2	3
1	A	105	GLU	CA-C-N	5.24	127.73	120.29	5	1
1	A	105	GLU	C-N-CA	5.24	127.73	120.29	5	1
1	A	59	ASN	CB-CA-C	5.21	120.87	109.99	8	1
1	A	91	GLN	CA-CB-CG	5.20	124.51	114.10	12	1
1	A	47	ASN	N-CA-C	5.15	117.64	111.71	3	1
1	A	66	LEU	N-CA-CB	5.12	119.14	110.49	3	1
1	A	58	MET	CA-C-O	5.06	125.86	120.20	8	1
1	A	73	LEU	N-CA-C	5.05	116.86	111.36	6	1
1	A	103	GLN	CG-CD-NE2	-5.04	108.85	116.40	12	1
1	A	61	THR	CA-C-N	5.02	131.20	122.56	3	1
1	A	61	THR	C-N-CA	5.02	131.20	122.56	3	1
1	A	92	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	5.01	128.32	120.80	12	1
1	A	84	THR	CA-CB-OG1	5.00	117.11	109.60	1	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	46	TYR	Sidechain	12
1	A	49	TYR	Sidechain	11
1	A	89	TYR	Sidechain	7
1	A	92	TYR	Sidechain	7
1	A	27	PHE	Sidechain	6
1	A	69	PHE	Sidechain	4
1	A	24	ARG	Sidechain	2
1	A	18	TYR	Sidechain	1

6.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes

averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	791	751	751	6±2
All	All	9492	9012	9012	71

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:16:MET:HE1	1:A:63:TRP:CZ2	0.70	2.21	4	3
1:A:49:TYR:CE1	1:A:50:ILE:HG23	0.68	2.24	5	3
1:A:70:THR:HG21	1:A:88:TRP:CE3	0.67	2.25	2	1
1:A:79:CYS:SG	1:A:81:VAL:HG13	0.64	2.33	7	1
1:A:67:THR:HG23	1:A:88:TRP:CZ2	0.56	2.36	5	9
1:A:28:LEU:HD21	1:A:78:LEU:HD22	0.53	1.78	1	1
1:A:24:ARG:NE	1:A:73:LEU:HD12	0.51	2.19	9	1
1:A:67:THR:HG1	1:A:88:TRP:CD1	0.49	2.25	7	1
1:A:37:THR:HG21	1:A:94:ASP:HB3	0.49	1.85	12	1
1:A:43:ASN:O	1:A:47:ASN:HB3	0.48	2.08	8	2
1:A:28:LEU:HD11	1:A:78:LEU:HD13	0.48	1.85	7	1
1:A:28:LEU:HD21	1:A:73:LEU:HD11	0.48	1.85	11	1
1:A:50:ILE:HG23	1:A:55:HIS:CD2	0.47	2.44	3	1
1:A:49:TYR:CE2	1:A:50:ILE:HG23	0.47	2.45	7	3
1:A:23:PHE:CE2	1:A:46:TYR:CE1	0.46	3.03	7	1
1:A:58:MET:HE3	1:A:66:LEU:HA	0.46	1.85	12	3
1:A:23:PHE:CZ	1:A:46:TYR:CE2	0.46	3.04	4	2
1:A:23:PHE:CZ	1:A:46:TYR:CE1	0.46	3.04	12	3
1:A:23:PHE:CZ	1:A:46:TYR:CZ	0.45	3.05	5	1
1:A:49:TYR:CE2	1:A:50:ILE:CG2	0.45	2.99	11	1
1:A:24:ARG:NH2	1:A:78:LEU:HB2	0.45	2.26	9	1
1:A:69:PHE:CZ	1:A:73:LEU:HD13	0.45	2.46	9	1
1:A:23:PHE:CE1	1:A:46:TYR:CE2	0.44	3.05	6	3
1:A:28:LEU:HD11	1:A:78:LEU:HD22	0.44	1.88	2	1
1:A:50:ILE:CD1	1:A:57:HIS:CE1	0.44	3.00	4	2
1:A:70:THR:HB	1:A:81:VAL:HG11	0.44	1.90	10	4
1:A:76:GLU:CB	1:A:78:LEU:CD2	0.44	2.96	5	1
1:A:28:LEU:HD11	1:A:78:LEU:HB3	0.44	1.89	11	1
1:A:42:ASN:HB2	1:A:66:LEU:HD11	0.44	1.90	4	1
1:A:16:MET:HE2	1:A:63:TRP:CZ2	0.43	2.48	11	1
1:A:49:TYR:CD1	1:A:50:ILE:HG23	0.42	2.48	5	2
1:A:50:ILE:HB	1:A:55:HIS:CD2	0.42	2.49	2	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:41:HIS:CD2	1:A:88:TRP:O	0.42	2.73	3	2
1:A:49:TYR:CE1	1:A:50:ILE:CG2	0.42	3.03	4	1
1:A:56:ILE:HG23	1:A:60:ALA:HB3	0.42	1.91	7	2
1:A:37:THR:HG22	1:A:92:TYR:O	0.41	2.15	12	1
1:A:41:HIS:HE2	1:A:88:TRP:H	0.41	1.59	7	1
1:A:50:ILE:HG13	1:A:57:HIS:CE1	0.41	2.50	3	1
1:A:30:LEU:O	1:A:34:ARG:HB2	0.41	2.16	7	1
1:A:37:THR:HG22	1:A:92:TYR:CD1	0.40	2.51	3	1
1:A:81:VAL:HG12	1:A:90:ILE:HG22	0.40	1.92	8	2

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	90/111 (81%)	84±2 (93±2%)	4±2 (4±2%)	3±0 (3±1%)	5	38
All	All	1080/1332 (81%)	1002 (93%)	46 (4%)	32 (3%)	5	38

All 4 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	55	HIS	12
1	A	95	ARG	11
1	A	54	GLU	7
1	A	66	LEU	2

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	85/104 (82%)	69±3 (82±3%)	16±3 (18±3%)	3	36
All	All	1020/1248 (82%)	833 (82%)	187 (18%)	3	36

All 44 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	66	LEU	12
1	A	81	VAL	12
1	A	99	THR	12
1	A	104	LEU	12
1	A	30	LEU	10
1	A	70	THR	10
1	A	73	LEU	10
1	A	78	LEU	10
1	A	58	MET	8
1	A	53	ARG	7
1	A	24	ARG	7
1	A	92	TYR	6
1	A	57	HIS	6
1	A	68	ASP	5
1	A	91	GLN	5
1	A	28	LEU	5
1	A	93	ILE	5
1	A	42	ASN	4
1	A	50	ILE	4
1	A	90	ILE	4
1	A	102	ARG	3
1	A	43	ASN	2
1	A	46	TYR	2
1	A	49	TYR	2
1	A	54	GLU	2
1	A	103	GLN	2
1	A	47	ASN	2
1	A	71	LYS	2
1	A	25	ASN	1
1	A	59	ASN	1
1	A	80	LYS	1
1	A	45	VAL	1
1	A	33	ARG	1
1	A	39	ARG	1
1	A	31	LEU	1
1	A	38	LYS	1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	62	GLN	1
1	A	35	PHE	1
1	A	65	THR	1
1	A	79	CYS	1
1	A	48	GLU	1
1	A	86	LYS	1
1	A	37	THR	1
1	A	40	VAL	1

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 89% for the well-defined parts and 89% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1480
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1480
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	7

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	111	-0.14 ± 0.11	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	106	0.19 ± 0.10	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	110	0.00 ± 0.14	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	105	-0.03 ± 0.40	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 89%, i.e. 1189 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1343. 0 out of 10 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	448/450 (100%)	181/182 (99%)	180/180 (100%)	87/88 (99%)
Sidechain	613/734 (84%)	415/467 (89%)	191/225 (85%)	7/42 (17%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	128/159 (81%)	65/79 (82%)	60/73 (82%)	3/7 (43%)
Overall	1189/1343 (89%)	661/728 (91%)	431/478 (90%)	97/137 (71%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 89%, i.e. 1480 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1659. 0 out of 14 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	547/554 (99%)	221/224 (99%)	221/222 (100%)	105/108 (97%)
Sidechain	795/936 (85%)	538/595 (90%)	245/287 (85%)	12/54 (22%)
Aromatic	138/169 (82%)	70/84 (83%)	65/78 (83%)	3/7 (43%)
Overall	1480/1659 (89%)	829/903 (92%)	531/587 (90%)	120/169 (71%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	83	GLU	HB3	-0.19	0.95 – 3.05	-10.4
1	A	62	GLN	HG3	-0.24	0.91 – 3.68	-9.2
1	A	62	GLN	HG2	0.11	1.01 – 3.62	-8.4
1	A	83	GLU	HG3	0.67	1.20 – 3.30	-7.5
1	A	76	GLU	HG3	0.83	1.20 – 3.30	-6.8
1	A	76	GLU	HB3	0.94	0.95 – 3.05	-5.0
1	A	76	GLU	HG2	1.23	1.24 – 3.30	-5.0

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

