



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Apr 26, 2026 – 03:22 AM EDT

PDB ID : 8VTM / pdb_00008vtm
Title : Crystal structure of R. sphaeroides Photosynthetic Reaction Center variant Y (M210)2-bromophenylalanine
Authors : Tran, K.; Mathews, I.; Boxer, S.G.
Deposited on : 2024-01-26
Resolution : 3.51 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

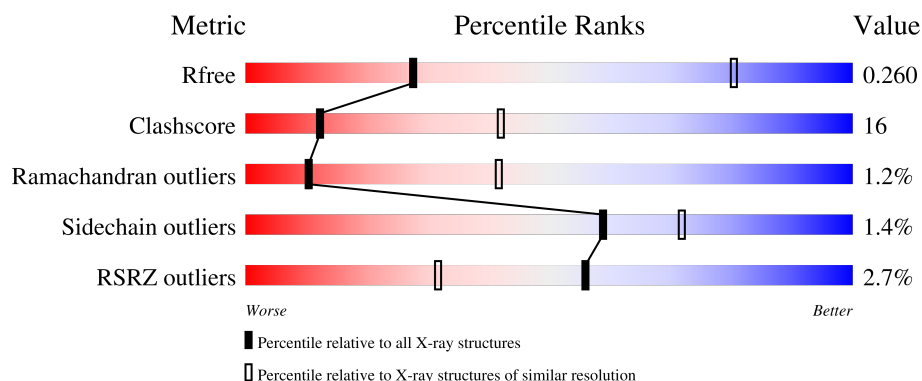
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

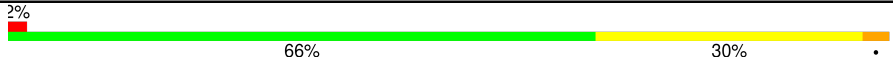
The reported resolution of this entry is 3.51 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	1025 (3.56-3.48)
Clashscore	190562	1079 (3.56-3.48)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	1052 (3.56-3.48)
Sidechain outliers	187428	1053 (3.56-3.48)
RSRZ outliers	180081	1024 (3.56-3.48)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	H	240	
2	L	281	
3	M	301	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
10	CDL	M	407	X	-	-	-

2 Entry composition

There are 11 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6994 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Reaction center protein H chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	H	240	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1829	1169	314	337	9			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Reaction center protein L chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	L	281	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2232	1507	355	362	8			

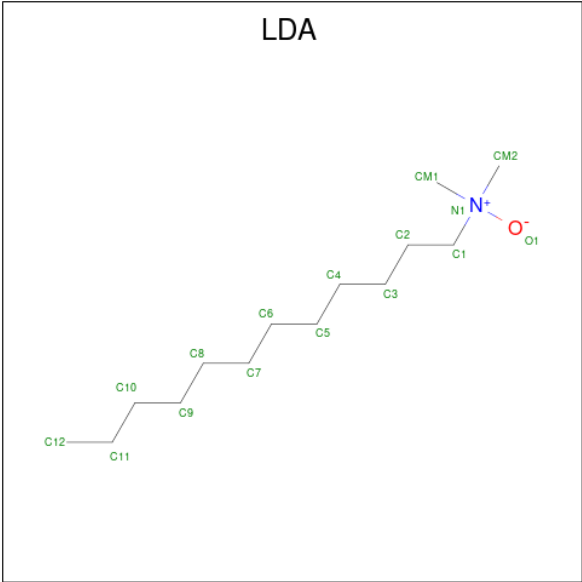
- Molecule 3 is a protein called Reaction center protein M chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	M	301	Total	Br	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2396	1	1598	392	395	10			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

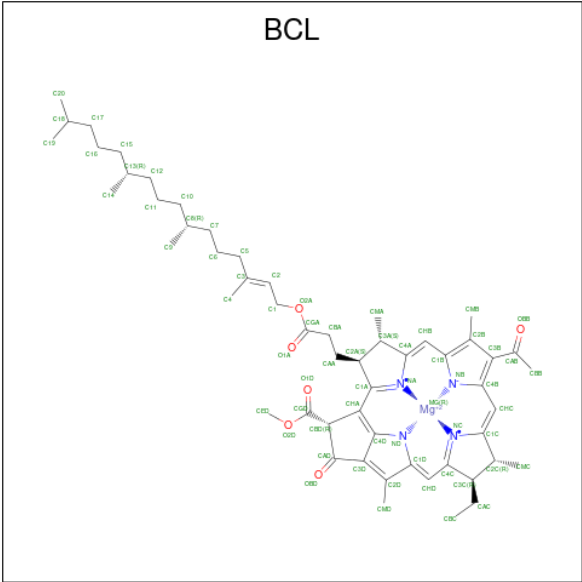
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
M	210	6DU	TYR	conflict	UNP P0C0Y9
M	252	VAL	TRP	conflict	UNP P0C0Y9

- Molecule 4 is LAURYL DIMETHYLAMINE-N-OXIDE (CCD ID: LDA) (formula: C₁₄H₃₁NO).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	H	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			16	14	1	1		
4	M	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			16	14	1	1		
4	M	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			16	14	1	1		

- Molecule 5 is BACTERIOCHLOROPHYLL A (CCD ID: BCL) (formula: C₅₅H₇₄MgN₄O₆) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	L	1	Total	C	Mg	N	O	
			66	55	1	4	6	
5	L	1	Total	C	Mg	N	O	
			66	55	1	4	6	
5	M	1	Total	C	Mg	N	O	
			66	55	1	4	6	
5	M	1	Total	C	Mg	N	O	
			51	40	1	4	6	

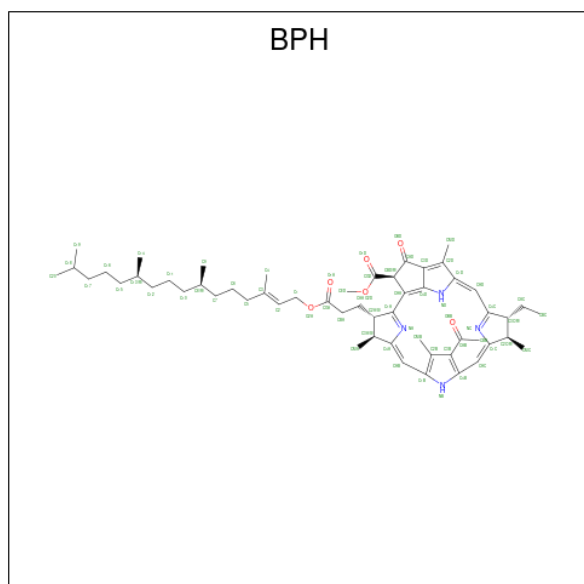
- Molecule 6 is CHLORIDE ION (CCD ID: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	L	1	Total	Cl		
			1	1	0	0

- Molecule 7 is FE (III) ION (CCD ID: FE) (formula: Fe).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	M	1	Total	Fe		
			1	1	0	0

- Molecule 8 is BACTERIOPHEOPHYTIN A (CCD ID: BPH) (formula: C₅₅H₇₆N₄O₆) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



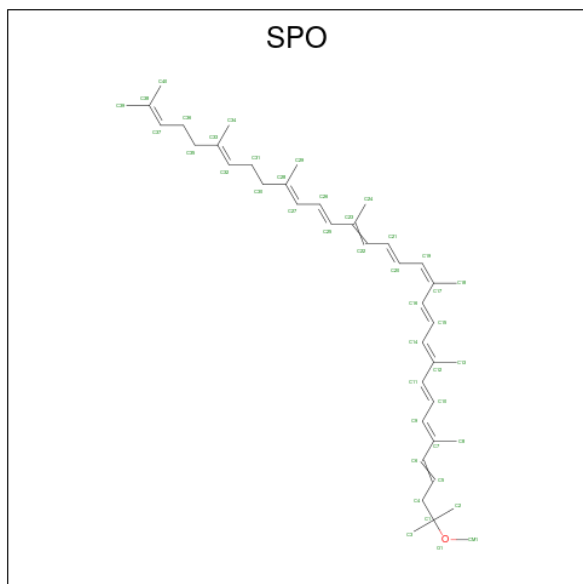
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	M	1	Total	C	N	O		
			55	45	4	6	0	0

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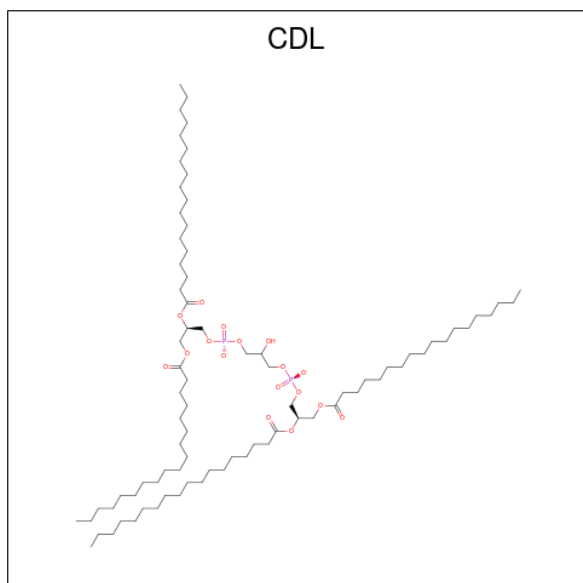
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	M	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			65	55	4	6		

- Molecule 9 is SPHEROIDENE (CCD ID: SPO) (formula: $C_{41}H_{60}O$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	M	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			42	41	1		

- Molecule 10 is CARDIOLIPIN (CCD ID: CDL) (formula: $C_{81}H_{156}O_{17}P_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	M	1	Total	C	O	P	0	0
			69	50	17	2		

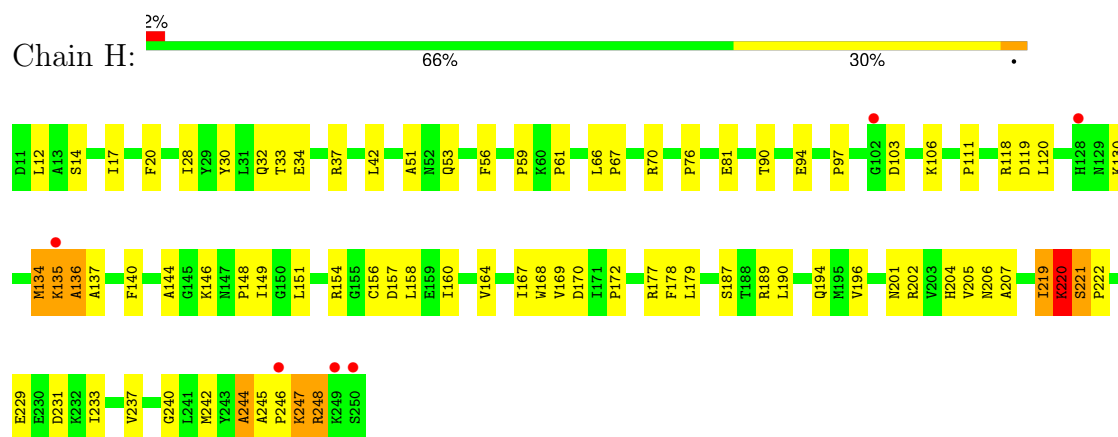
- Molecule 11 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	H	2	Total	O	0	0
			2	2		
11	L	3	Total	O	0	0
			3	3		
11	M	2	Total	O	0	0
			2	2		

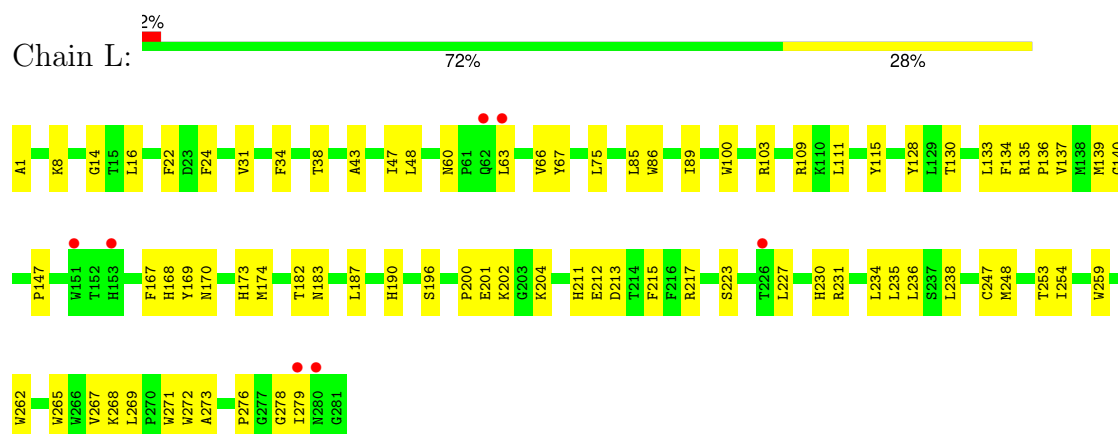
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

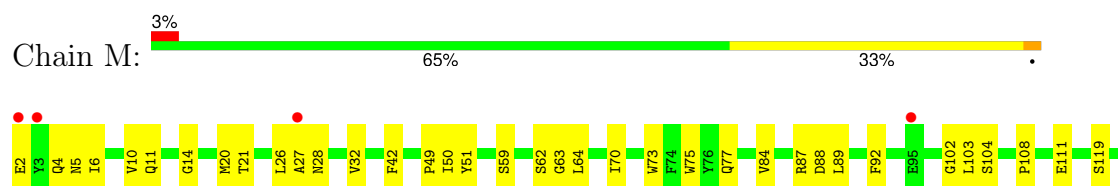
• Molecule 1: Reaction center protein H chain

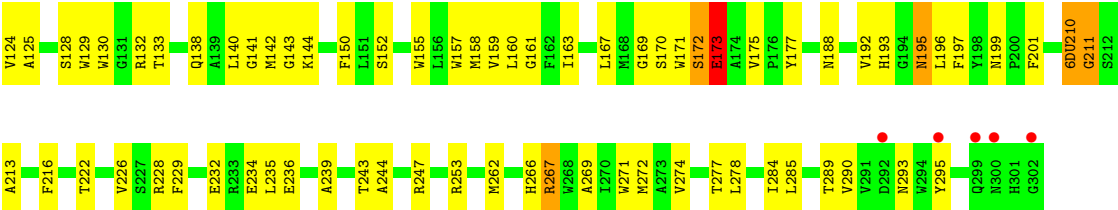


• Molecule 2: Reaction center protein L chain



• Molecule 3: Reaction center protein M chain





4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 31 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	141.79Å 141.79Å 187.71Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	39.99 – 3.51 39.99 – 3.51	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.7 (39.99-3.51) 89.3 (39.99-3.51)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.34	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.45 (at 3.48Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.19.2_4158: ???)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.220 , 0.261 0.222 , 0.260	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1387 reflections (4.98%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	71.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.148	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.25 , 40.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.035 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.88	EDS
Total number of atoms	6994	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	69.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.76% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: LDA, SPO, 6DU, FE, CDL, BPH, CL, BCL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	H	0.36	0/1877	0.59	4/2553 (0.2%)
2	L	0.15	0/2320	0.32	0/3175
3	M	0.44	0/2472	0.51	2/3372 (0.1%)
All	All	0.34	0/6669	0.48	6/9100 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
3	M	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	H	221	SER	CA-C-N	9.76	132.04	119.84
1	H	221	SER	C-N-CA	9.76	132.04	119.84
3	M	267	ARG	N-CA-C	-6.48	104.30	111.36
1	H	244	ALA	N-CA-C	-6.11	97.78	110.80
1	H	136	ALA	N-CA-C	-5.68	98.70	110.80

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
3	M	210	6DU	Peptide,Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	H	1829	0	1836	69	17
2	L	2232	0	2187	67	0
3	M	2396	0	2302	103	17
4	H	16	0	31	1	0
4	M	32	0	62	0	0
5	L	132	0	146	10	0
5	M	117	0	112	5	0
6	L	1	0	0	0	0
7	M	1	0	0	0	0
8	M	120	0	126	6	0
9	M	42	0	54	7	0
10	M	69	0	82	2	0
11	H	2	0	0	0	0
11	L	3	0	0	0	0
11	M	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	6994	0	6938	216	17

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 16.

The worst 5 of 216 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:H:240:GLY:O	1:H:244:ALA:HB2	1.66	0.96
2:L:231:ARG:NE	3:M:6:ILE:O	2.03	0.91
1:H:248:ARG:HB2	1:H:248:ARG:CZ	1.98	0.91
1:H:156:CYS:SG	1:H:206:ASN:HA	2.11	0.90
1:H:30:TYR:OH	3:M:267:ARG:NH1	2.08	0.86

The worst 5 of 17 symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:H:135:LYS:CE	3:M:295:TYR:CZ[4_565]	0.51	1.69

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:H:135:LYS:NZ	3:M:295:TYR:CG[4_565]	0.83	1.37
1:H:135:LYS:CD	3:M:295:TYR:CE1[4_565]	0.85	1.35
1:H:135:LYS:CE	3:M:295:TYR:CE2[4_565]	1.00	1.20
1:H:135:LYS:NZ	3:M:295:TYR:CD2[4_565]	1.06	1.14

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	H	238/240 (99%)	220 (92%)	14 (6%)	4 (2%)	7	35
2	L	279/281 (99%)	263 (94%)	13 (5%)	3 (1%)	11	44
3	M	298/301 (99%)	276 (93%)	19 (6%)	3 (1%)	12	45
All	All	815/822 (99%)	759 (93%)	46 (6%)	10 (1%)	10	42

5 of 10 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	H	245	ALA
3	M	5	ASN
1	H	136	ALA
3	M	211	GLY
2	L	276	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	H	195/195 (100%)	189 (97%)	6 (3%)	35	60
2	L	220/220 (100%)	220 (100%)	0	100	100
3	M	235/235 (100%)	232 (99%)	3 (1%)	61	72
All	All	650/650 (100%)	641 (99%)	9 (1%)	59	72

5 of 9 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	M	173	GLU
3	M	195	ASN
1	H	220	LYS
1	H	247	LYS
1	H	248	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	H	174	GLN
1	H	201	ASN
2	L	170	ASN
3	M	195	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
3	6DU	M	210	3	11,12,13	0.90	1 (9%)	10,15,17	0.23	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	6DU	M	210	3	-	2/5/6/8	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	M	210	6DU	O-C	2.89	1.31	1.20

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	M	210	6DU	CA-CB-CG-CD1
3	M	210	6DU	CA-CB-CG-CD2

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 13 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 11 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
8	BPH	M	408	-	59,70,70	1.15	5 (8%)	59,101,101	1.87	8 (13%)
5	BCL	M	401	-	69,74,74	1.17	4 (5%)	79,115,115	1.43	10 (12%)
10	CDL	M	407	-	68,68,99	1.08	6 (8%)	74,80,111	0.87	4 (5%)
4	LDA	M	402	-	13,15,15	2.33	2 (15%)	14,17,17	0.66	0
5	BCL	L	302	-	69,74,74	1.12	3 (4%)	79,115,115	1.26	7 (8%)
4	LDA	H	301	-	13,15,15	2.45	2 (15%)	14,17,17	0.57	0
5	BCL	M	409	-	54,59,74	1.26	3 (5%)	61,97,115	1.42	6 (9%)
8	BPH	M	405	-	49,60,70	1.18	5 (10%)	47,89,101	2.01	7 (14%)
9	SPO	M	406	-	41,41,41	0.19	0	47,50,50	0.44	0
4	LDA	M	403	-	13,15,15	2.35	2 (15%)	14,17,17	0.57	0
5	BCL	L	301	-	69,74,74	1.11	5 (7%)	79,115,115	1.38	7 (8%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
8	BPH	M	408	-	-	9/37/105/105	0/5/6/6
5	BCL	M	401	-	-	5/41/137/137	-
10	CDL	M	407	-	1/1/9/9	34/79/79/110	-
4	LDA	M	402	-	-	8/13/13/13	-
5	BCL	L	302	-	-	5/41/137/137	-
4	LDA	H	301	-	-	5/13/13/13	-
5	BCL	M	409	-	-	6/23/119/137	-
8	BPH	M	405	-	-	1/25/93/105	0/5/6/6
9	SPO	M	406	-	-	8/47/47/47	-
4	LDA	M	403	-	-	7/13/13/13	-
5	BCL	L	301	-	-	7/41/137/137	-

The worst 5 of 37 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	M	403	LDA	O1-N1	-6.79	1.25	1.42
4	H	301	LDA	O1-N1	-6.78	1.25	1.42
4	M	402	LDA	O1-N1	-6.75	1.25	1.42
4	H	301	LDA	C1-N1	-5.60	1.45	1.51
5	M	401	BCL	MG-NA	5.11	2.18	2.06

The worst 5 of 49 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
8	M	408	BPH	C4D-CHA-CBD	-10.14	103.59	108.45
8	M	405	BPH	C4D-CHA-CBD	-9.76	103.78	108.45
5	M	401	BCL	C4D-CHA-C1A	5.27	127.53	121.24
5	L	301	BCL	C4D-CHA-C1A	5.12	127.35	121.24
5	M	409	BCL	C4D-CHA-C1A	5.04	127.26	121.24

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
10	M	407	CDL	CA4

5 of 95 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	M	402	LDA	C2-C1-N1-O1
4	M	402	LDA	C2-C1-N1-CM1
4	M	402	LDA	C2-C1-N1-CM2
4	M	403	LDA	C2-C1-N1-O1
4	M	403	LDA	C2-C1-N1-CM1

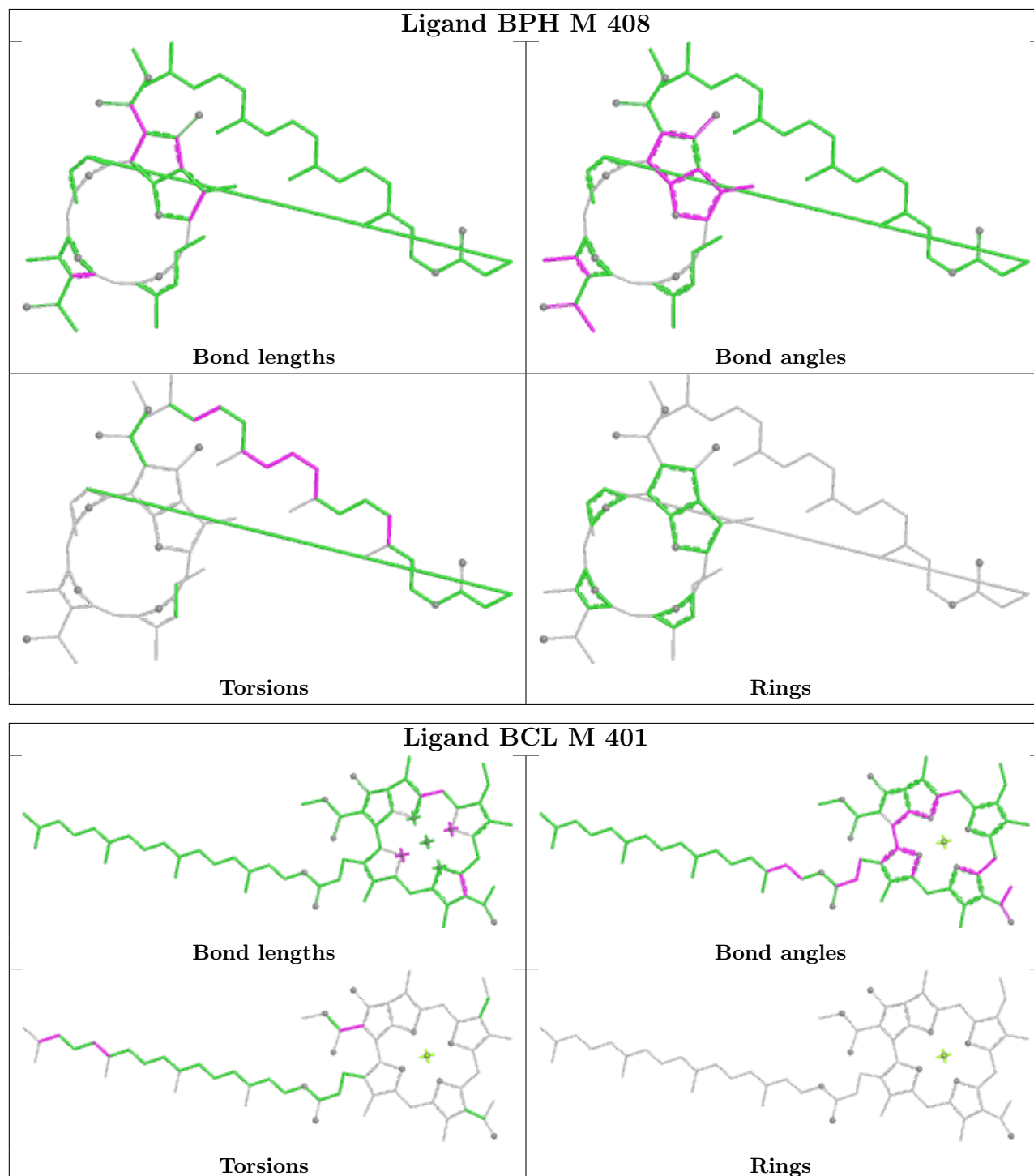
There are no ring outliers.

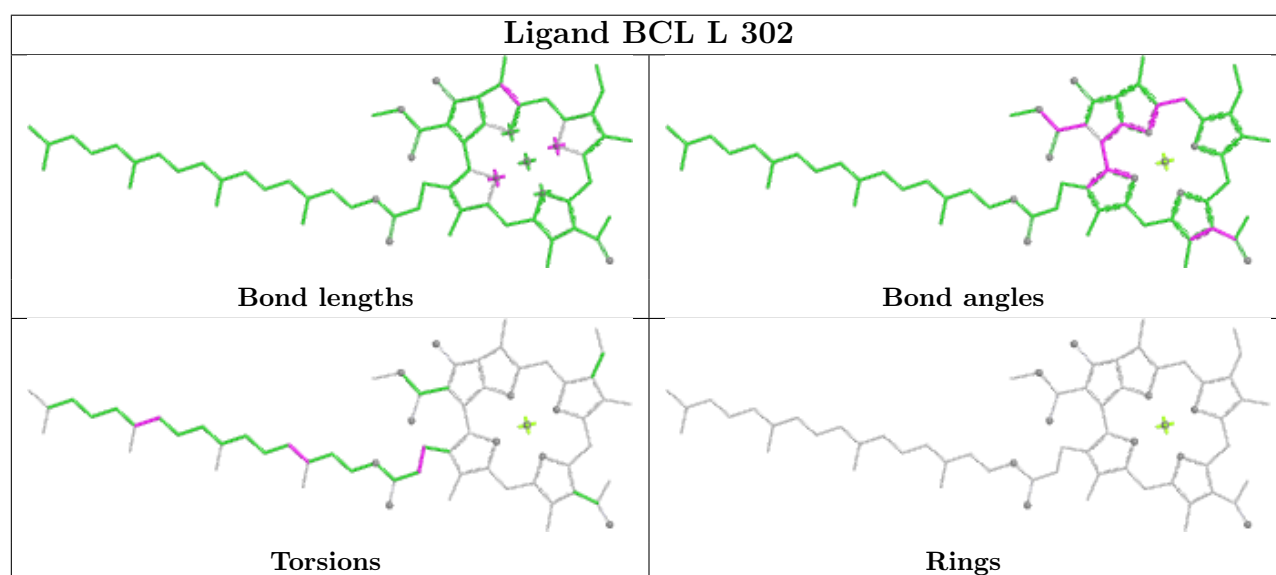
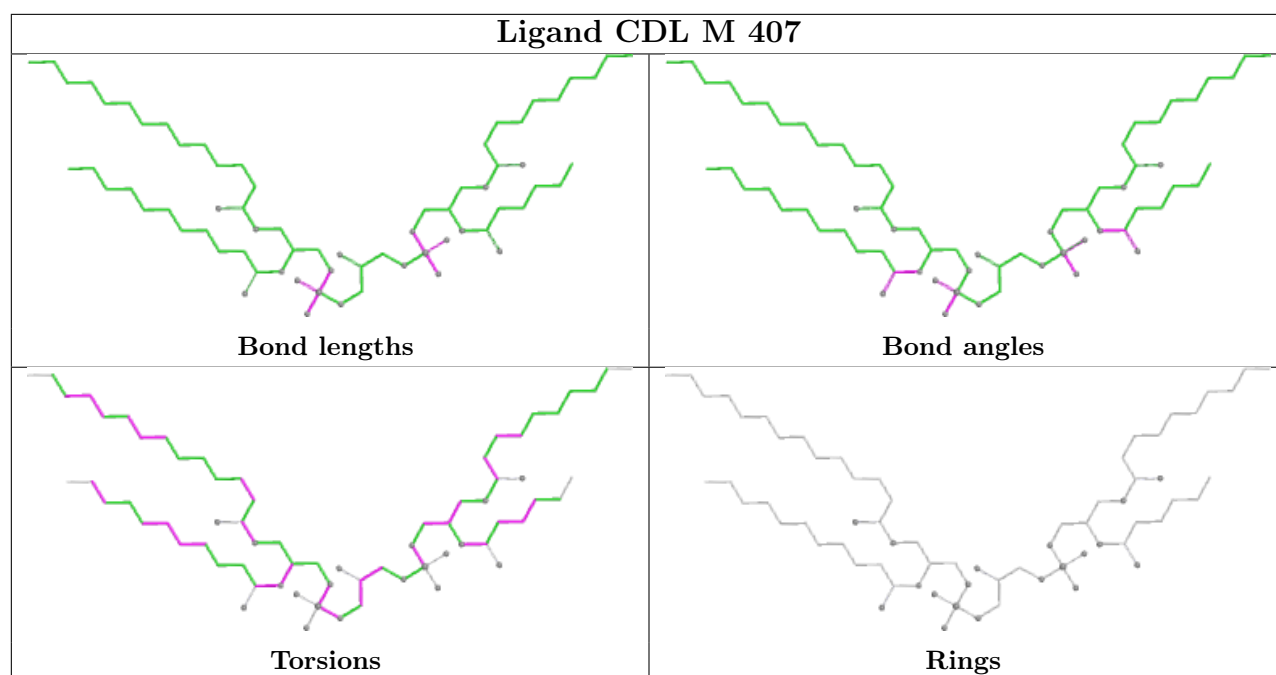
9 monomers are involved in 26 short contacts:

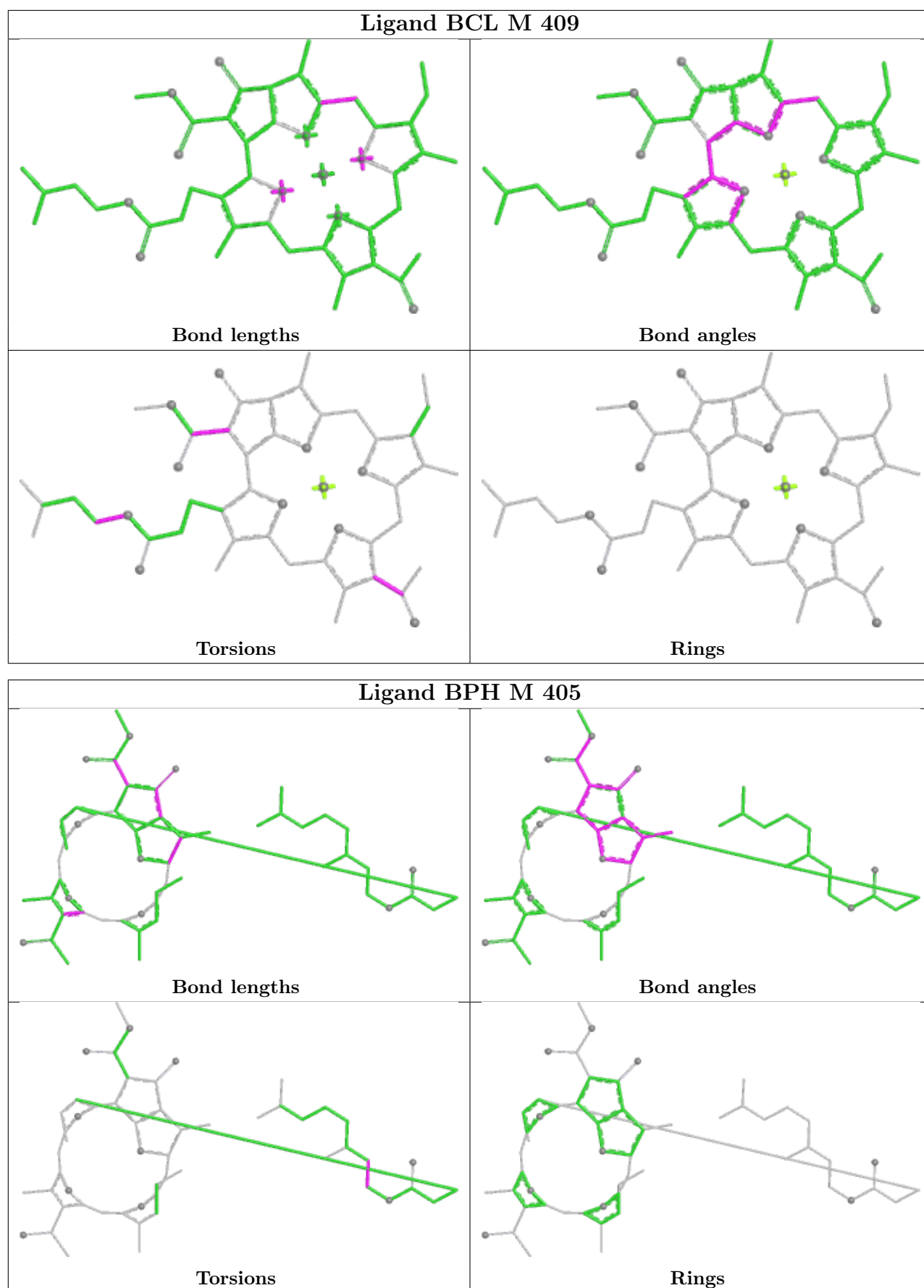
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	M	408	BPH	1	0
5	M	401	BCL	3	0
10	M	407	CDL	2	0
5	L	302	BCL	8	0
4	H	301	LDA	1	0
5	M	409	BCL	2	0
8	M	405	BPH	5	0
9	M	406	SPO	7	0
5	L	301	BCL	3	0

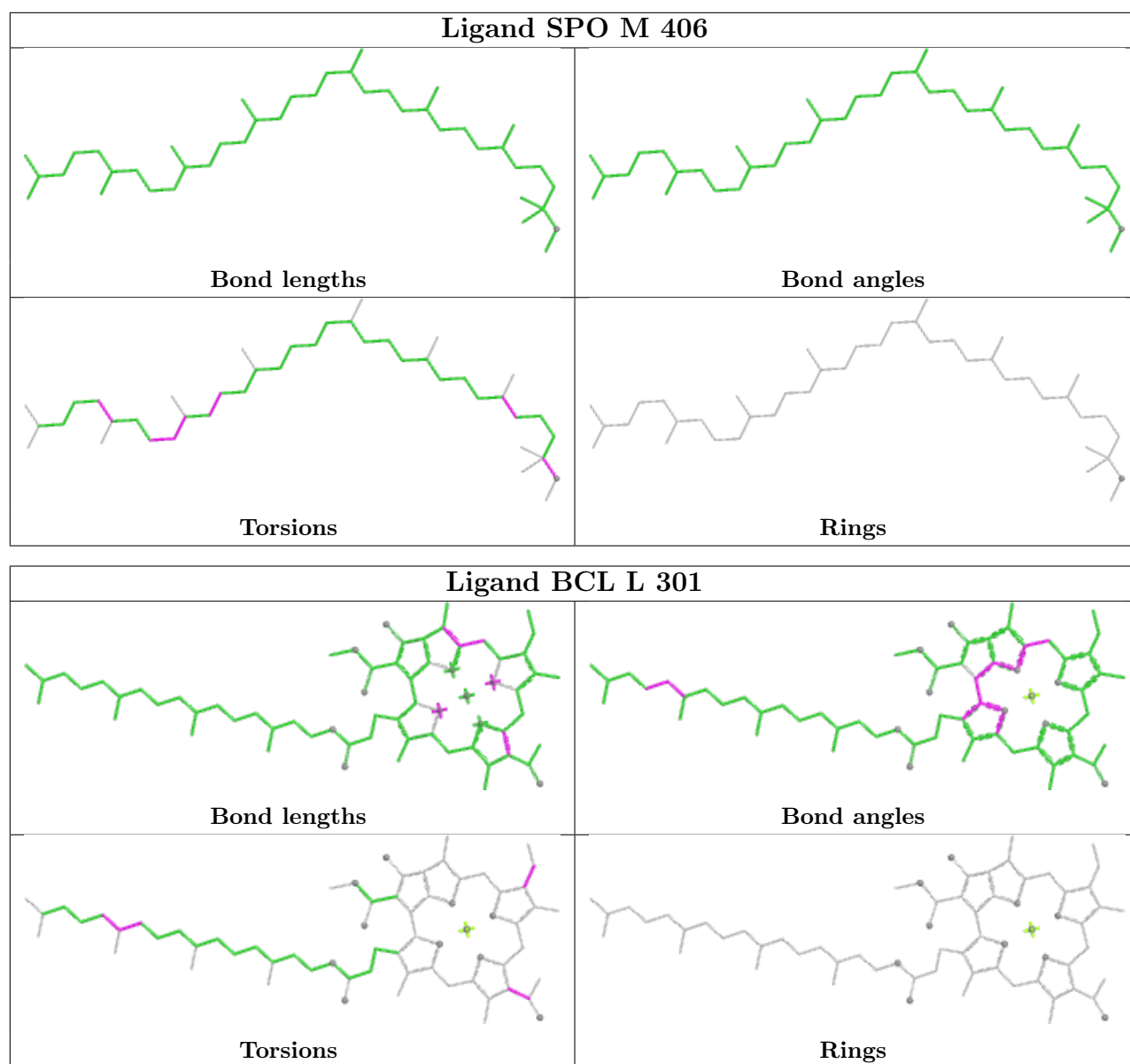
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring

in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.









5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	H	240/240 (100%)	0.28	6 (2%) 58 33	54, 68, 103, 206	0
2	L	281/281 (100%)	0.04	7 (2%) 58 33	46, 62, 96, 161	0
3	M	300/301 (99%)	0.18	9 (3%) 52 29	50, 68, 100, 142	0
All	All	821/822 (99%)	0.16	22 (2%) 56 32	46, 66, 101, 206	0

The worst 5 of 22 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	H	102	GLY	5.7
3	M	292	ASP	4.4
3	M	299	GLN	3.8
3	M	300	ASN	3.8
2	L	279	ILE	3.6

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
3	6DU	M	210	12/13	0.89	0.21	58,66,80,90	0

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands

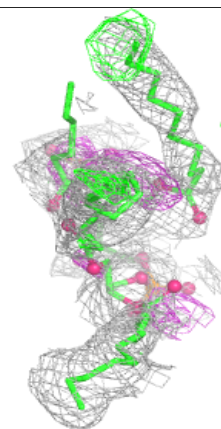
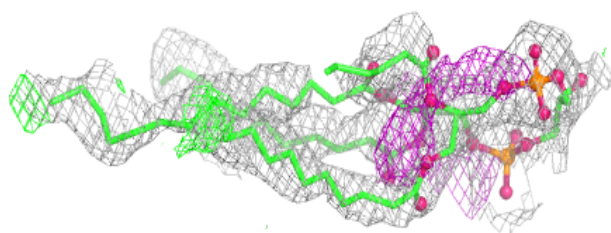
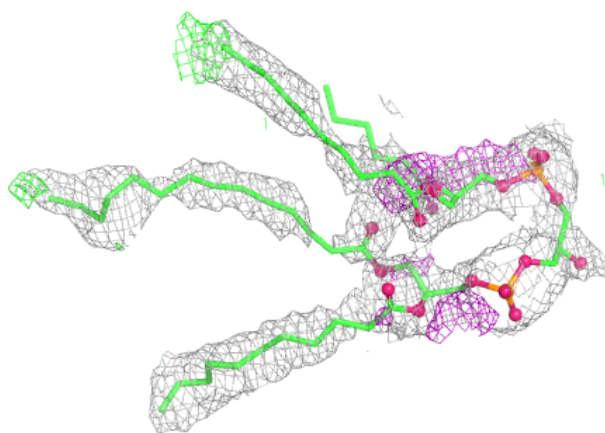
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
4	LDA	M	403	16/16	0.75	0.28	68,87,118,118	0
10	CDL	M	407	69/100	0.76	0.24	72,93,116,118	0
4	LDA	H	301	16/16	0.84	0.27	75,81,97,99	0
4	LDA	M	402	16/16	0.84	0.21	69,78,92,93	0
9	SPO	M	406	42/42	0.91	0.19	54,69,77,79	0
8	BPH	M	405	55/65	0.93	0.15	50,59,75,82	0
8	BPH	M	408	65/65	0.94	0.13	49,55,59,68	0
5	BCL	M	409	51/66	0.94	0.12	50,56,62,69	0
5	BCL	L	302	66/66	0.94	0.13	43,54,63,67	0
5	BCL	L	301	66/66	0.95	0.12	48,56,64,70	0
5	BCL	M	401	66/66	0.96	0.11	45,55,63,71	0
6	CL	L	303	1/1	0.97	0.10	85,85,85,85	0
7	FE	M	404	1/1	1.00	0.04	46,46,46,46	0

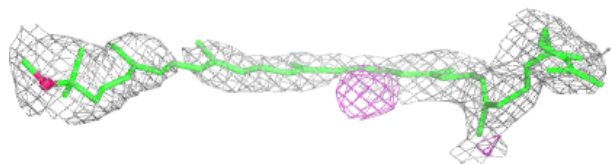
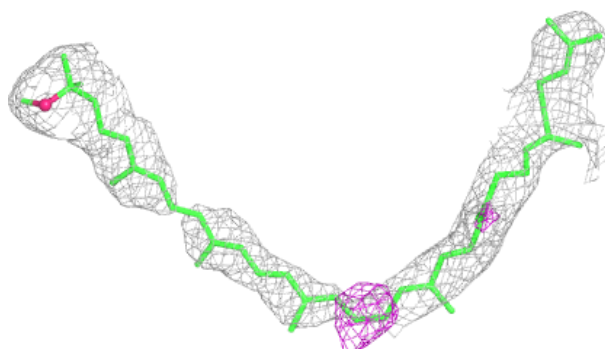
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around CDL M 407:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

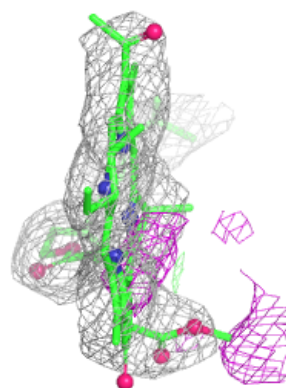
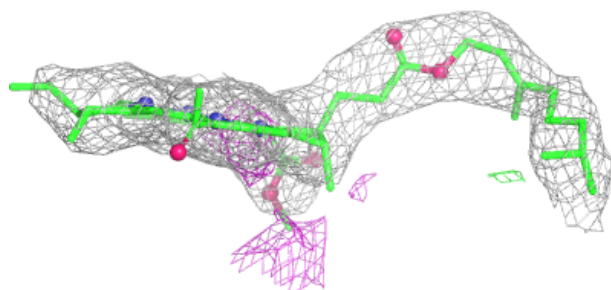
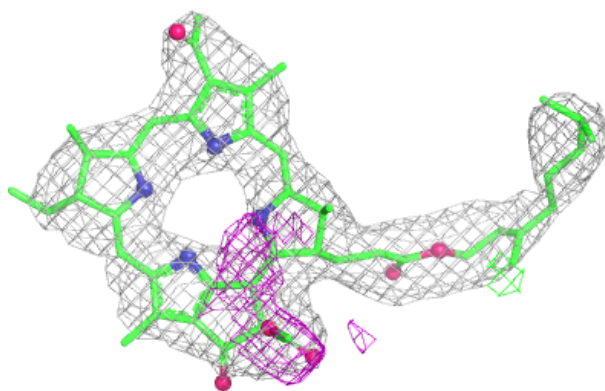
**Electron density around SPO M 406:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



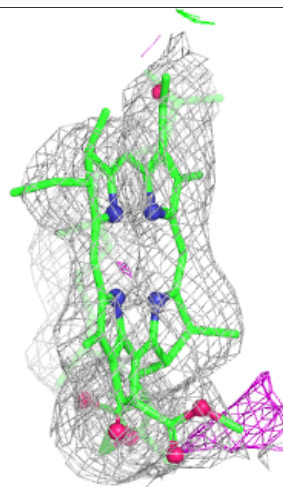
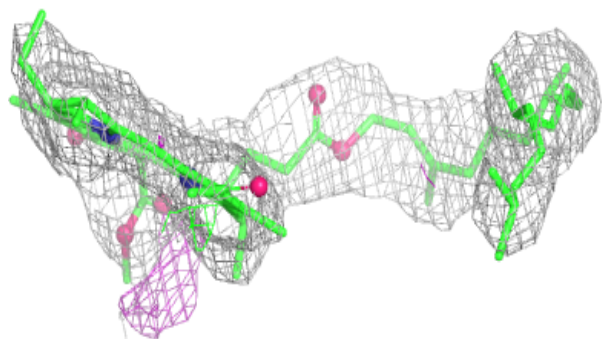
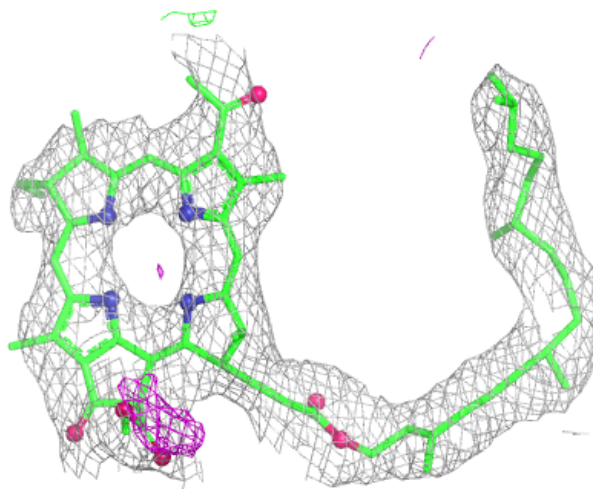
Electron density around BPH M 405:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



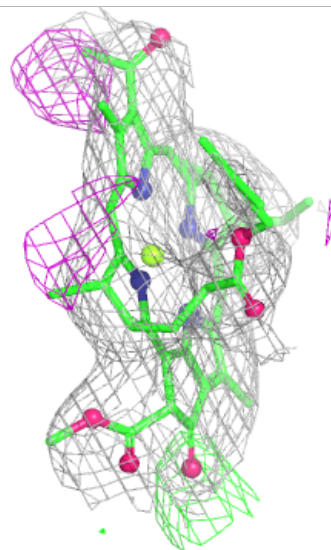
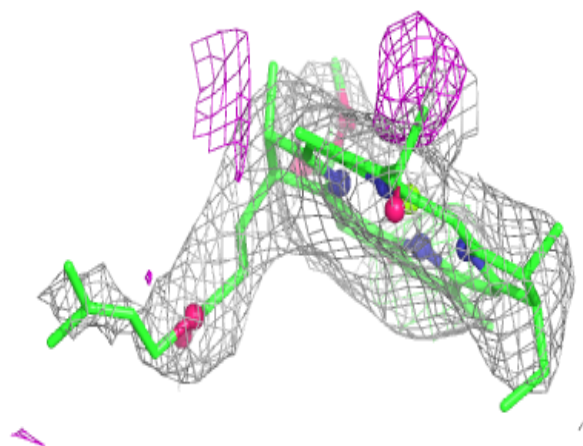
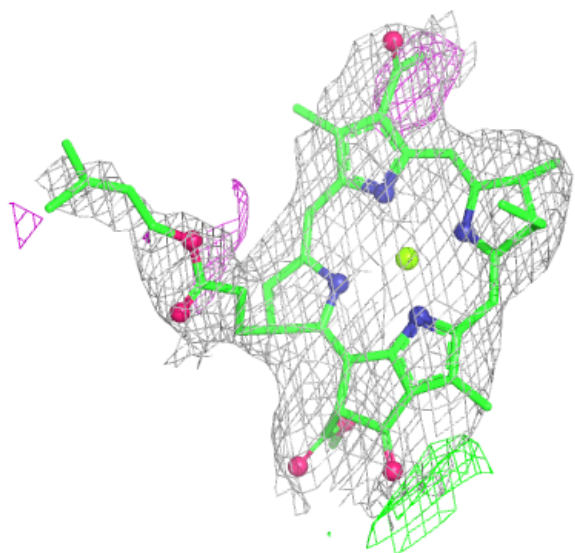
Electron density around BPH M 408:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



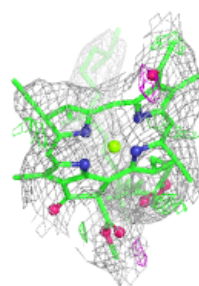
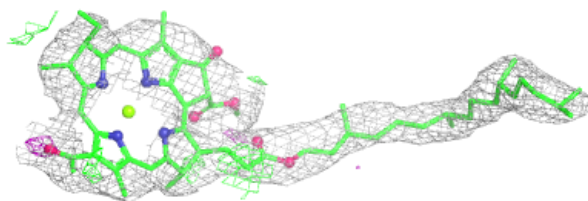
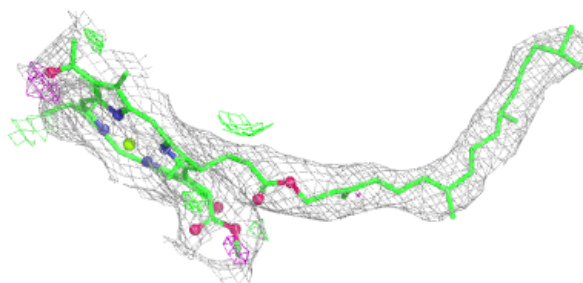
Electron density around BCL M 409:

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 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

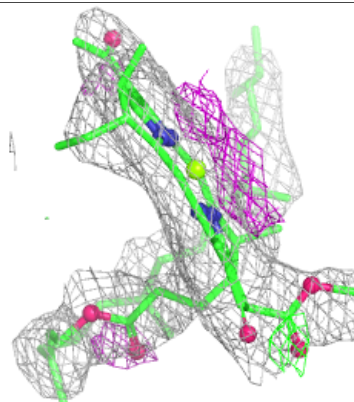
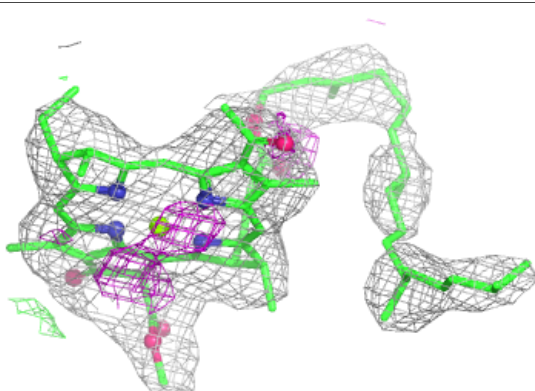
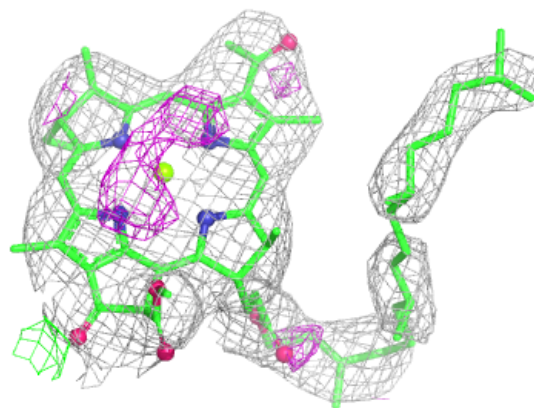


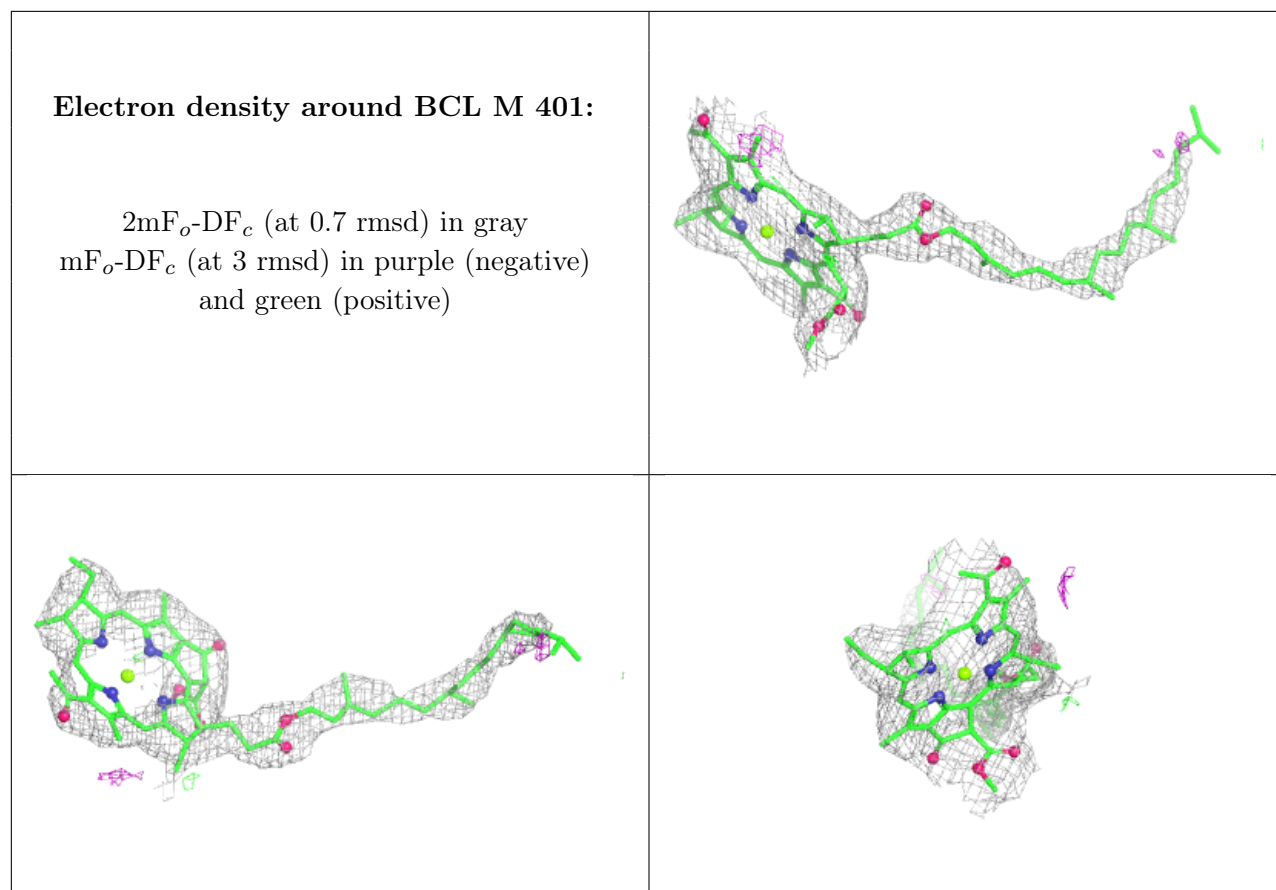
Electron density around BCL L 302:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

**Electron density around BCL L 301:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)





6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.