



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 11:12 AM UTC

PDB ID : 6W2X / pdb_00006w2x
EMDB ID : EMD-21533
Title : CryoEM Structure of Inactive GABAB Heterodimer
Authors : Papasergi-Scott, M.M.; Robertson, M.J.; Skiniotis, G.
Deposited on : 2020-03-08
Resolution : 3.60 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

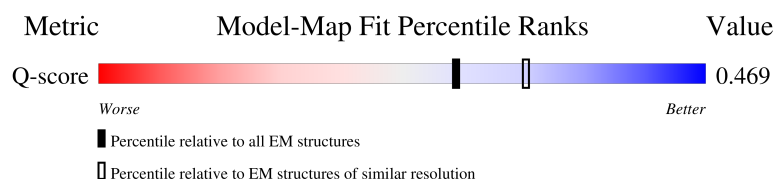
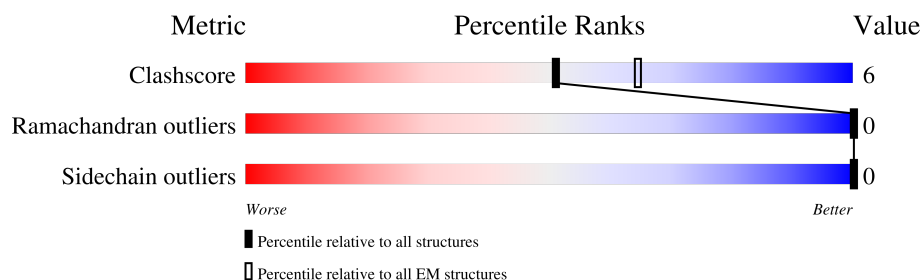
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	12797 (3.10 - 4.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	829	
2	B	908	
3	C	2	
3	D	2	

2 Entry composition

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9860 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Gamma-aminobutyric acid type B receptor subunit 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	676	Total	C	N	O	S	1	0
			4934	3221	817	875	21		

There are 14 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	22	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UBS5
A	23	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UBS5
A	24	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UBS5
A	25	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UBS5
A	26	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UBS5
A	27	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UBS5
A	28	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UBS5
A	29	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UBS5
A	845	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UBS5
A	846	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UBS5
A	847	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UBS5
A	848	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UBS5
A	849	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UBS5
A	850	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UBS5

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Gamma-aminobutyric acid type B receptor subunit 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	669	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4724	3096	794	809	25		

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	34	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP O75899
B	35	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP O75899
B	36	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP O75899

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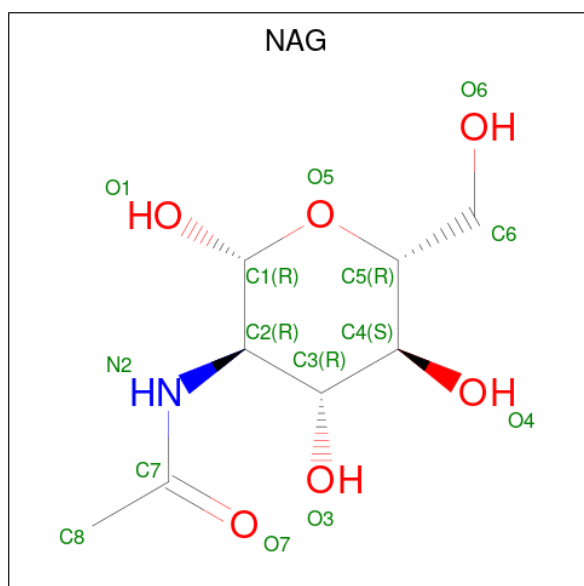
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	37	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP O75899
B	38	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP O75899
B	39	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP O75899
B	40	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP O75899
B	41	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP O75899

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
3	C	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		
3	D	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		

- Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: NAG) (formula: C₈H₁₅NO₆).



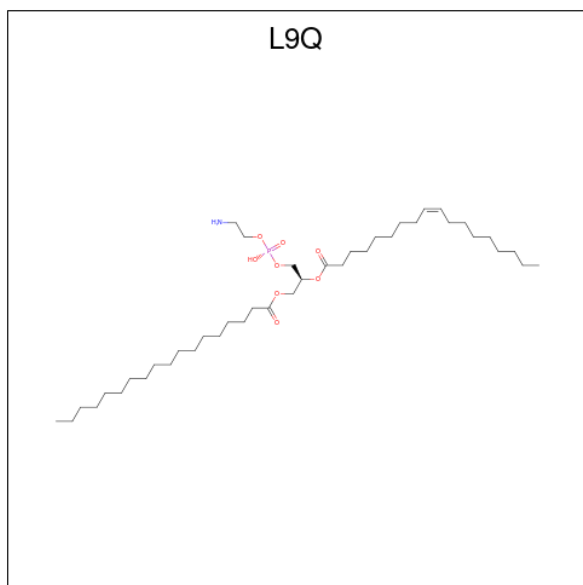
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	

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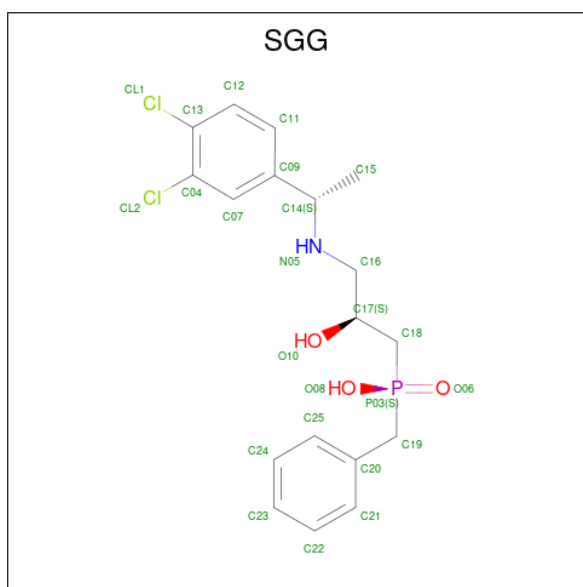
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	

- Molecule 5 is (1S)-2-[[[(S)-(2-aminoethoxy)(hydroxy)phosphoryl]oxy}-1-[(octadecanoyloxy)methyl]ethyl (9Z)-octadec-9-enoate (CCD ID: L9Q) (formula: C₄₁H₈₀NO₈P).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			46	36	1	8	1	
5	B	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			46	36	1	8	1	

- Molecule 6 is [(2 {S})-3-[[[(1 {S})-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]amino]-2-oxidanyl-propyl]-(phenylmethyl)phosphinic acid (CCD ID: SGG) (formula: C₁₈H₂₂Cl₂NO₃P).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	
6	A	1	Total	C	Cl	N	O	P	0
			25	18	2	1	3	1	

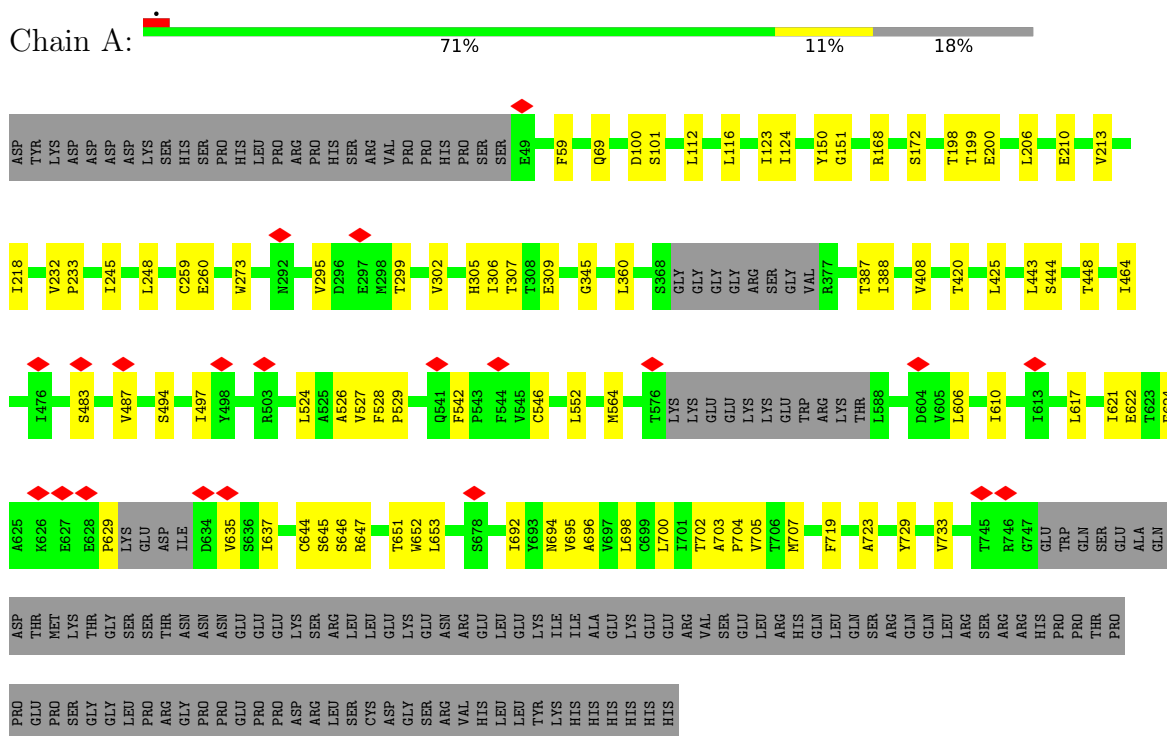
- Molecule 7 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
7	A	1	Total	Mg	0
			1	1	

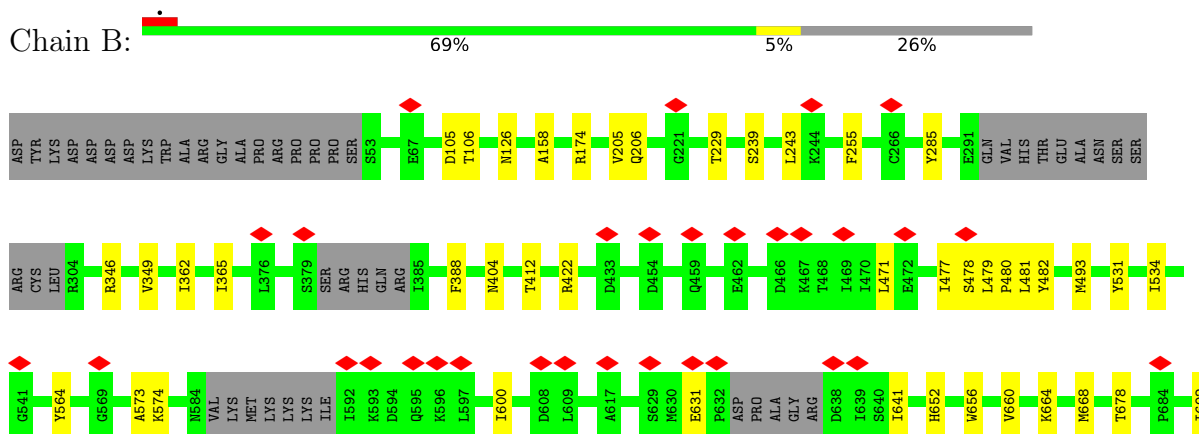
3 Residue-property plots

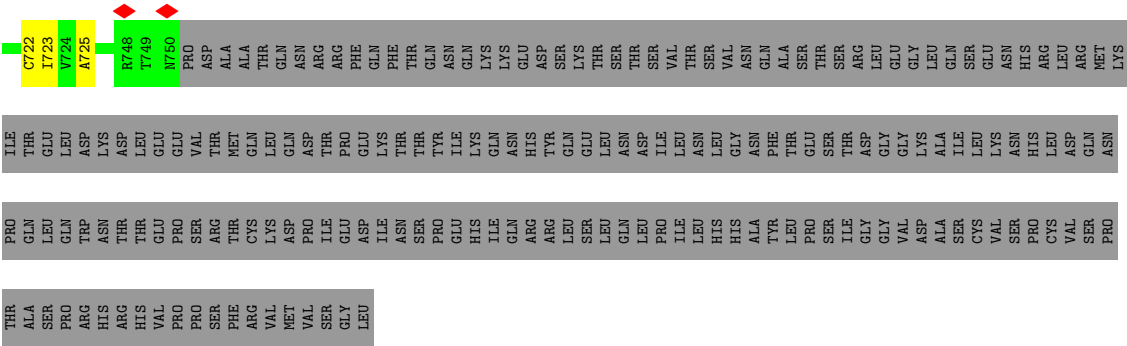
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Gamma-aminobutyric acid type B receptor subunit 1



- Molecule 2: Gamma-aminobutyric acid type B receptor subunit 2





● Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



● Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	286140	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	60.5	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.177	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.147	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.002	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.0168	Depositor
Map size ($\text{\AA}$)	323.798, 323.798, 323.798	wwPDB
Map dimensions	380, 380, 380	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ($\text{\AA}$)	0.8521, 0.8521, 0.8521	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, SGG, L9Q, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.25	0/5060	0.39	0/6934
2	B	0.17	0/4836	0.33	0/6632
All	All	0.21	0/9896	0.36	0/13566

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4934	0	4579	63	0
2	B	4724	0	4266	38	0
3	C	28	0	25	1	0
3	D	28	0	25	3	0
4	A	28	0	26	0	0
5	A	46	0	63	1	0
5	B	46	0	63	1	0
6	A	25	0	0	1	0
7	A	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	9860	0	9047	104	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including

hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (104) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:D:1:NAG:O4	3:D:2:NAG:N2	2.03	0.90
1:A:694:ASN:OD1	1:A:695:VAL:N	2.10	0.85
1:A:622:GLU:OE2	1:A:624:PHE:HD1	1.62	0.81
2:B:652:HIS:O	2:B:656:TRP:HD1	1.63	0.80
2:B:534:ILE:HD11	2:B:725:ALA:HB1	1.70	0.74
2:B:404:ASN:HD22	3:D:1:NAG:H83	1.51	0.73
2:B:531:TYR:O	2:B:534:ILE:HG22	1.88	0.71
1:A:702:THR:HG21	1:A:723:ALA:CB	2.21	0.71
3:C:1:NAG:H61	3:C:2:NAG:C1	2.21	0.70
2:B:471:LEU:HB2	2:B:641:ILE:HG22	1.72	0.69
1:A:622:GLU:OE2	1:A:624:PHE:CD1	2.44	0.69
2:B:652:HIS:O	2:B:656:TRP:CD1	2.45	0.68
1:A:617:LEU:O	1:A:617:LEU:HD12	1.96	0.65
1:A:617:LEU:HD13	1:A:644:CYS:SG	2.37	0.64
2:B:105:ASP:OD1	2:B:106:THR:N	2.31	0.64
1:A:100:ASP:OD1	1:A:101:SER:N	2.32	0.63
1:A:206:LEU:CD2	1:A:248:LEU:HD22	2.29	0.63
2:B:477:ILE:HG22	2:B:479:LEU:H	1.64	0.61
1:A:542:PHE:CE1	1:A:644:CYS:HB2	2.37	0.60
1:A:198:THR:O	1:A:199:THR:OG1	2.18	0.59
1:A:151:GLY:O	6:A:906:SGG:O10	2.22	0.58
2:B:158:ALA:O	2:B:174:ARG:NH1	2.36	0.58
1:A:653:LEU:HD12	1:A:707:MET:HE1	1.87	0.57
2:B:362:ILE:O	2:B:365:ILE:HG22	2.05	0.57
2:B:471:LEU:HD22	2:B:641:ILE:HG22	1.87	0.57
2:B:471:LEU:CB	2:B:641:ILE:HG22	2.35	0.57
2:B:574:LYS:HD2	2:B:692:ILE:HD13	1.86	0.56
2:B:678:THR:O	2:B:678:THR:HG22	2.05	0.56
1:A:526:ALA:HB2	1:A:552:LEU:HB3	1.87	0.56
2:B:631:GLU:O	2:B:641:ILE:HG12	2.05	0.56
1:A:629:PRO:HG3	1:A:635:VAL:O	2.05	0.55
2:B:668:MET:HE1	5:B:1003:L9Q:H45	1.88	0.55
2:B:660:VAL:HG13	2:B:664:LYS:HE2	1.89	0.55
1:A:305:HIS:O	1:A:305:HIS:ND1	2.40	0.54
2:B:534:ILE:HD11	2:B:725:ALA:CB	2.36	0.54
1:A:698:LEU:O	1:A:702:THR:HG23	2.08	0.54
1:A:542:PHE:HE1	1:A:644:CYS:HB2	1.73	0.53
1:A:309:GLU:O	1:A:420:THR:OG1	2.24	0.52

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:524:LEU:O	1:A:527:VAL:HG12	2.09	0.52
2:B:573:ALA:CB	2:B:600:ILE:HD11	2.40	0.52
1:A:646:SER:OG	1:A:647:ARG:N	2.43	0.52
2:B:346:ARG:HD3	2:B:349:VAL:O	2.09	0.52
1:A:702:THR:HG21	1:A:723:ALA:HB1	1.92	0.51
2:B:479:LEU:HD13	2:B:482:TYR:HB3	1.92	0.51
1:A:705:VAL:HG11	1:A:719:PHE:CD2	2.46	0.51
2:B:477:ILE:HD12	2:B:477:ILE:H	1.76	0.51
1:A:729:TYR:O	1:A:733:VAL:HG22	2.11	0.50
2:B:573:ALA:HB1	2:B:600:ILE:HD11	1.93	0.50
1:A:443:LEU:HD23	1:A:444:SER:N	2.26	0.50
2:B:471:LEU:HB2	2:B:641:ILE:HA	1.94	0.50
1:A:150:TYR:C	1:A:150:TYR:CD1	2.90	0.50
1:A:59:PHE:HD1	1:A:150:TYR:HH	1.59	0.49
1:A:213:VAL:HG22	1:A:218:ILE:HB	1.94	0.49
1:A:302:VAL:O	1:A:425:LEU:HD23	2.11	0.49
2:B:481:LEU:H	2:B:481:LEU:HD23	1.78	0.49
1:A:564:MET:O	1:A:692:ILE:HD11	2.13	0.48
1:A:306:ILE:HG22	1:A:307:THR:N	2.28	0.48
1:A:700:LEU:O	1:A:704:PRO:HD2	2.13	0.48
1:A:546:CYS:HB2	1:A:617:LEU:HD11	1.96	0.48
1:A:528:PHE:HB2	1:A:529:PRO:HD3	1.96	0.48
1:A:199:THR:HG22	1:A:200:GLU:N	2.29	0.48
1:A:703:ALA:HB3	1:A:704:PRO:CD	2.44	0.47
2:B:471:LEU:HD22	2:B:641:ILE:CG2	2.45	0.47
1:A:621:ILE:HG22	1:A:622:GLU:N	2.31	0.46
1:A:232:VAL:N	1:A:233:PRO:HD2	2.30	0.45
2:B:412:THR:HG21	2:B:422:ARG:HH12	1.81	0.45
2:B:404:ASN:ND2	3:D:1:NAG:H83	2.27	0.45
2:B:126:ASN:ND2	2:B:388:PHE:O	2.50	0.45
2:B:229:THR:O	2:B:229:THR:HG23	2.16	0.44
1:A:694:ASN:OD1	1:A:695:VAL:HG23	2.17	0.44
1:A:124:ILE:CD1	1:A:360:LEU:HD11	2.47	0.44
1:A:150:TYR:HD1	1:A:150:TYR:O	1.99	0.44
1:A:464:ILE:O	1:A:637:ILE:HA	2.17	0.44
1:A:232:VAL:HG13	1:A:233:PRO:HD3	1.99	0.44
1:A:696:ALA:O	1:A:700:LEU:HD13	2.18	0.44
1:A:150:TYR:CD1	1:A:150:TYR:O	2.70	0.44
1:A:651:THR:HG23	1:A:652:TRP:N	2.33	0.44
2:B:255:PHE:O	2:B:285:TYR:OH	2.32	0.43
1:A:69:GLN:OE1	1:A:345:GLY:N	2.51	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:112:LEU:HD11	1:A:116:LEU:HD22	2.01	0.43
2:B:722:CYS:SG	2:B:723:ILE:N	2.92	0.43
2:B:205:VAL:HG12	2:B:206:GLN:N	2.34	0.43
1:A:245:ILE:HG21	1:A:273:TRP:CZ3	2.54	0.42
5:A:905:L9Q:H38A	5:A:905:L9Q:H41	1.81	0.42
2:B:239:SER:O	2:B:243:LEU:HD13	2.19	0.42
1:A:259:CYS:SG	1:A:260:GLU:N	2.92	0.42
1:A:606:LEU:CD2	1:A:610:ILE:HD12	2.50	0.42
1:A:408:VAL:O	1:A:408:VAL:HG23	2.19	0.42
1:A:448:THR:HG22	1:A:448:THR:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:483:SER:O	1:A:487:VAL:HG23	2.20	0.42
1:A:168:ARG:NH2	1:A:172:SER:OG	2.53	0.42
1:A:199:THR:HG22	1:A:200:GLU:H	1.84	0.42
1:A:494:SER:HA	1:A:497:ILE:HG22	2.02	0.42
2:B:493:MET:HE2	2:B:531:TYR:HB3	2.01	0.41
1:A:621:ILE:CG2	1:A:622:GLU:N	2.83	0.41
2:B:477:ILE:HG22	2:B:478:SER:N	2.36	0.41
1:A:295:VAL:O	1:A:299:THR:OG1	2.29	0.41
1:A:210:GLU:HA	1:A:213:VAL:HG12	2.03	0.41
1:A:617:LEU:HB2	1:A:645:SER:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:694:ASN:OD1	1:A:694:ASN:C	2.63	0.41
1:A:123:ILE:HG23	1:A:124:ILE:N	2.36	0.41
1:A:387:THR:HG23	1:A:388:ILE:N	2.36	0.41
2:B:564:TYR:OH	2:B:668:MET:HE3	2.21	0.41
2:B:479:LEU:N	2:B:480:PRO:CD	2.84	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	669/829 (81%)	623 (93%)	46 (7%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	B	659/908 (73%)	611 (93%)	48 (7%)	0	100	100
All	All	1328/1737 (76%)	1234 (93%)	94 (7%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	463/728 (64%)	463 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	404/804 (50%)	404 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	867/1532 (57%)	867 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (15) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	99	HIS
1	A	144	ASN
1	A	176	HIS
1	A	511	ASN
1	A	514	ASN
1	A	572	HIS
1	A	612	GLN
1	A	640	GLN
2	B	126	ASN
2	B	127	HIS
2	B	147	GLN
2	B	150	ASN
2	B	192	HIS
2	B	278	GLN
2	B	520	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
3	NAG	C	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.25	0	17,19,21	0.47	0
3	NAG	C	2	3	14,14,15	0.63	0	17,19,21	0.45	0
3	NAG	D	1	3,2	14,14,15	0.56	0	17,19,21	0.52	0
3	NAG	D	2	3	14,14,15	0.49	0	17,19,21	0.42	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	C	1	3,1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	1	3,2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	2	3	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (9) torsion outliers are listed below:

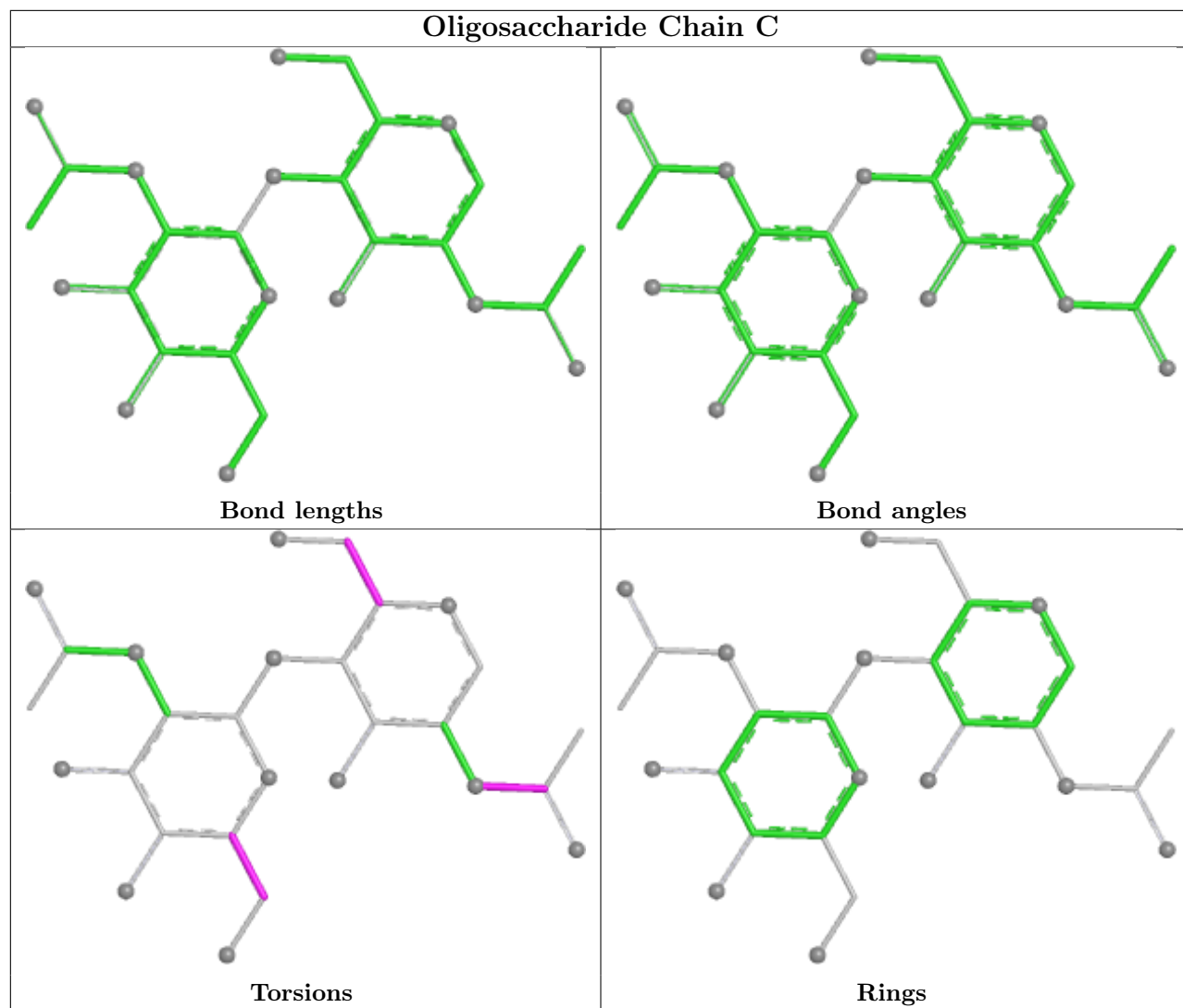
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	C	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	C	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	C	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	C	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	C	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
3	D	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	D	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
3	C	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	D	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7

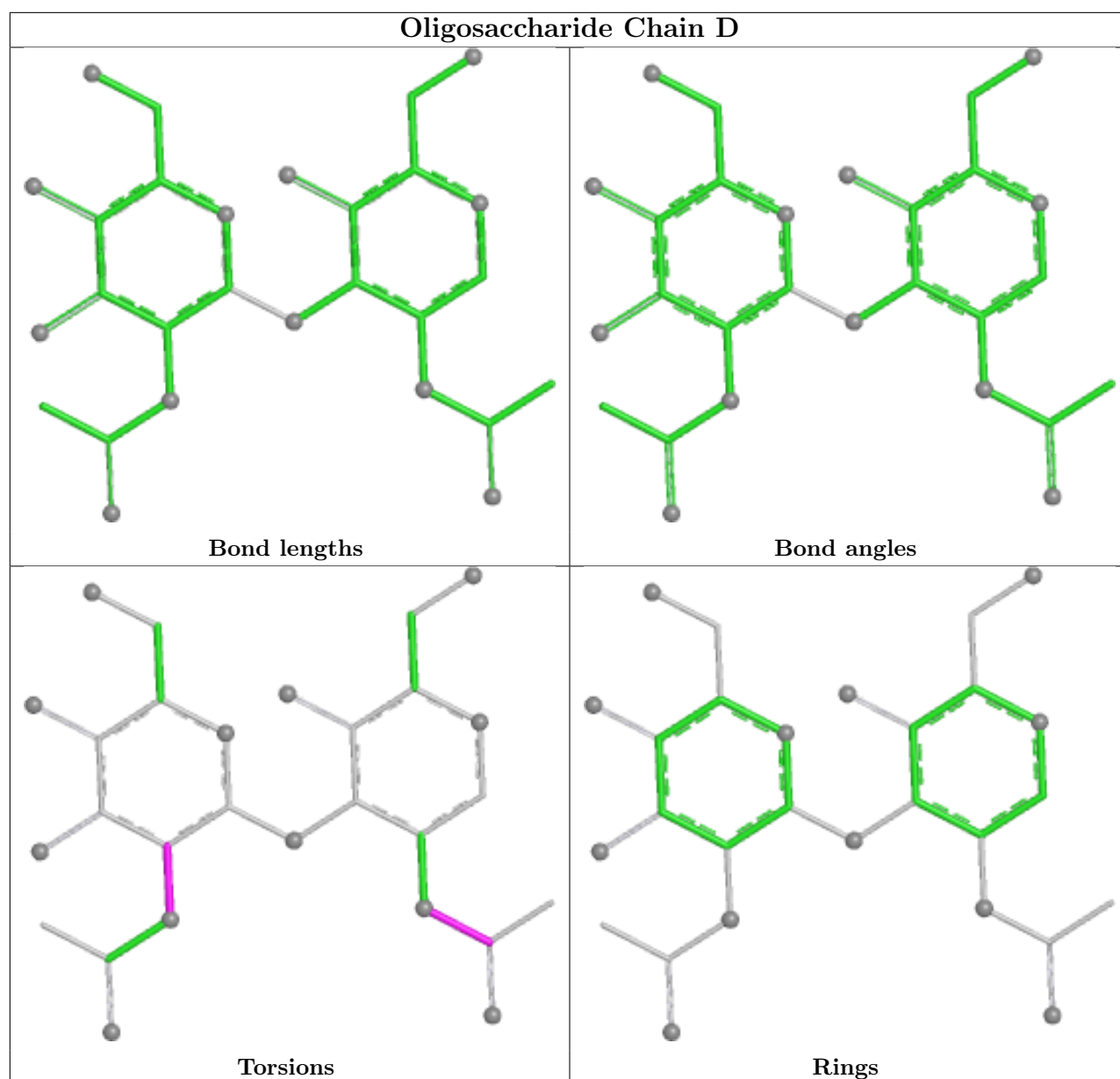
There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	D	2	NAG	1	0
3	C	2	NAG	1	0
3	C	1	NAG	1	0
3	D	1	NAG	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 5 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
6	SGG	A	906	-	24,26,26	1.65	4 (16%)	27,36,36	0.77	0
5	L9Q	B	1003	-	45,45,50	0.92	4 (8%)	48,50,55	1.08	2 (4%)
4	NAG	A	902	1	14,14,15	0.22	0	17,19,21	0.45	0
5	L9Q	A	905	-	45,45,50	0.92	4 (8%)	48,50,55	1.08	2 (4%)
4	NAG	A	901	1	14,14,15	0.28	0	17,19,21	0.38	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	SGG	A	906	-	-	7/19/19/19	0/2/2/2
5	L9Q	B	1003	-	-	16/49/49/54	-
4	NAG	A	902	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	L9Q	A	905	-	-	16/49/49/54	-
4	NAG	A	901	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (12) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	A	906	SGG	P03-C18	6.73	1.86	1.79
5	B	1003	L9Q	O2-C2	-2.69	1.40	1.46
5	A	905	L9Q	O2-C2	-2.66	1.40	1.46
6	A	906	SGG	P03-C19	2.57	1.86	1.81
5	A	905	L9Q	O3-C11	2.40	1.40	1.33
5	B	1003	L9Q	O3-C11	2.38	1.40	1.33
6	A	906	SGG	C04-CL2	2.24	1.78	1.73
6	A	906	SGG	C13-CL1	2.23	1.78	1.73
5	B	1003	L9Q	O3-C3	-2.17	1.40	1.45
5	B	1003	L9Q	O2-C31	2.14	1.40	1.34
5	A	905	L9Q	O3-C3	-2.14	1.40	1.45
5	A	905	L9Q	O2-C31	2.13	1.40	1.34

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	B	1003	L9Q	O2-C31-C32	3.87	119.85	111.48
5	A	905	L9Q	O2-C31-C32	3.87	119.84	111.48
5	B	1003	L9Q	O3-C11-C12	2.70	120.06	111.83

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	A	905	L9Q	O3-C11-C12	2.67	119.99	111.83

There are no chirality outliers.

All (41) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	905	L9Q	C4-O4P-P-O2P
5	A	905	L9Q	C4-O4P-P-O3P
5	B	1003	L9Q	C4-O4P-P-O2P
5	B	1003	L9Q	C4-O4P-P-O3P
6	A	906	SGG	C16-C17-C18-P03
6	A	906	SGG	O10-C17-C18-P03
6	A	906	SGG	C09-C14-N05-C16
6	A	906	SGG	C17-C16-N05-C14
6	A	906	SGG	C17-C18-P03-O06
4	A	901	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	A	905	L9Q	C32-C33-C34-C35
5	B	1003	L9Q	C32-C33-C34-C35
4	A	901	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	A	905	L9Q	C32-C31-O2-C2
5	B	1003	L9Q	C32-C31-O2-C2
5	A	905	L9Q	C41-C42-C43-C44
5	B	1003	L9Q	C41-C42-C43-C44
5	A	905	L9Q	C18-C19-C20-C21
5	B	1003	L9Q	C18-C19-C20-C21
5	A	905	L9Q	O31-C31-O2-C2
5	B	1003	L9Q	O31-C31-O2-C2
5	A	905	L9Q	O3P-C1-C2-O2
5	B	1003	L9Q	O3P-C1-C2-O2
5	A	905	L9Q	O3P-C1-C2-C3
5	B	1003	L9Q	O3P-C1-C2-C3
5	A	905	L9Q	C5-C4-O4P-P
5	B	1003	L9Q	C5-C4-O4P-P
5	A	905	L9Q	C43-C44-C45-C46
5	B	1003	L9Q	C43-C44-C45-C46
5	A	905	L9Q	C42-C43-C44-C45
6	A	906	SGG	C17-C18-P03-C19
5	B	1003	L9Q	C42-C43-C44-C45
5	A	905	L9Q	C11-C12-C13-C14
5	B	1003	L9Q	C11-C12-C13-C14
5	A	905	L9Q	C2-C3-O3-C11
5	B	1003	L9Q	C2-C3-O3-C11

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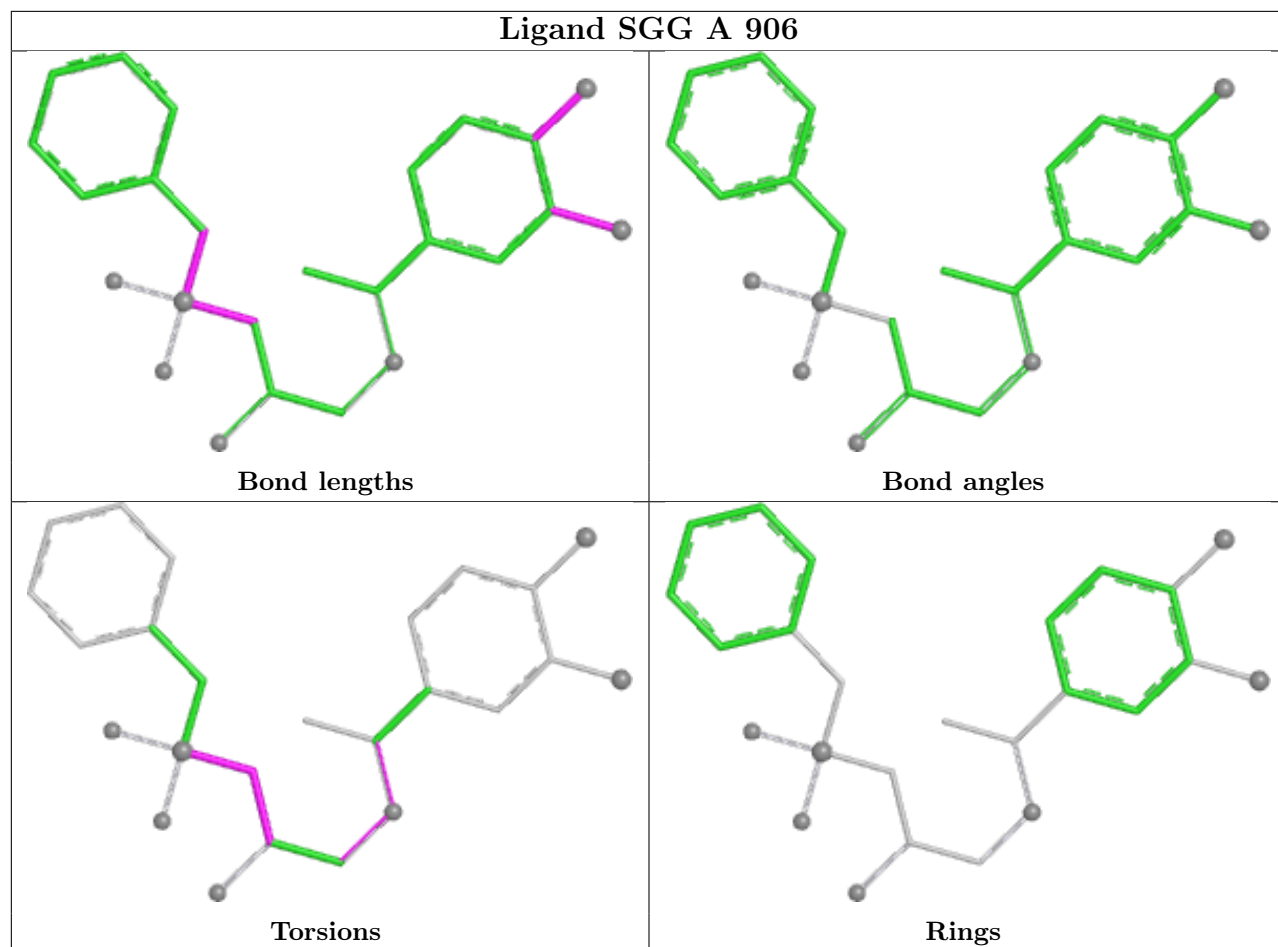
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	905	L9Q	C15-C16-C17-C18
5	B	1003	L9Q	C15-C16-C17-C18
5	A	905	L9Q	C16-C17-C18-C19
5	B	1003	L9Q	C16-C17-C18-C19
6	A	906	SGG	C17-C18-P03-O08

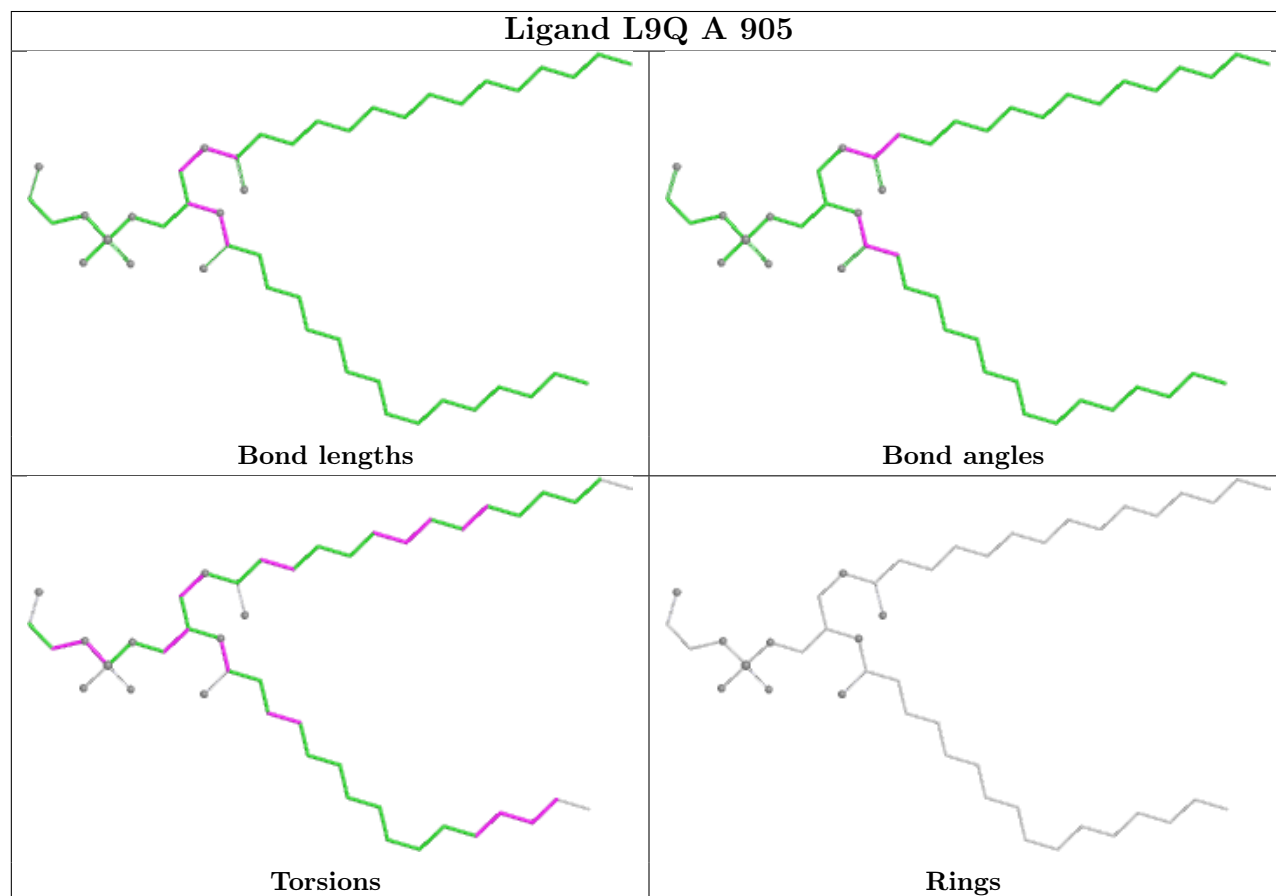
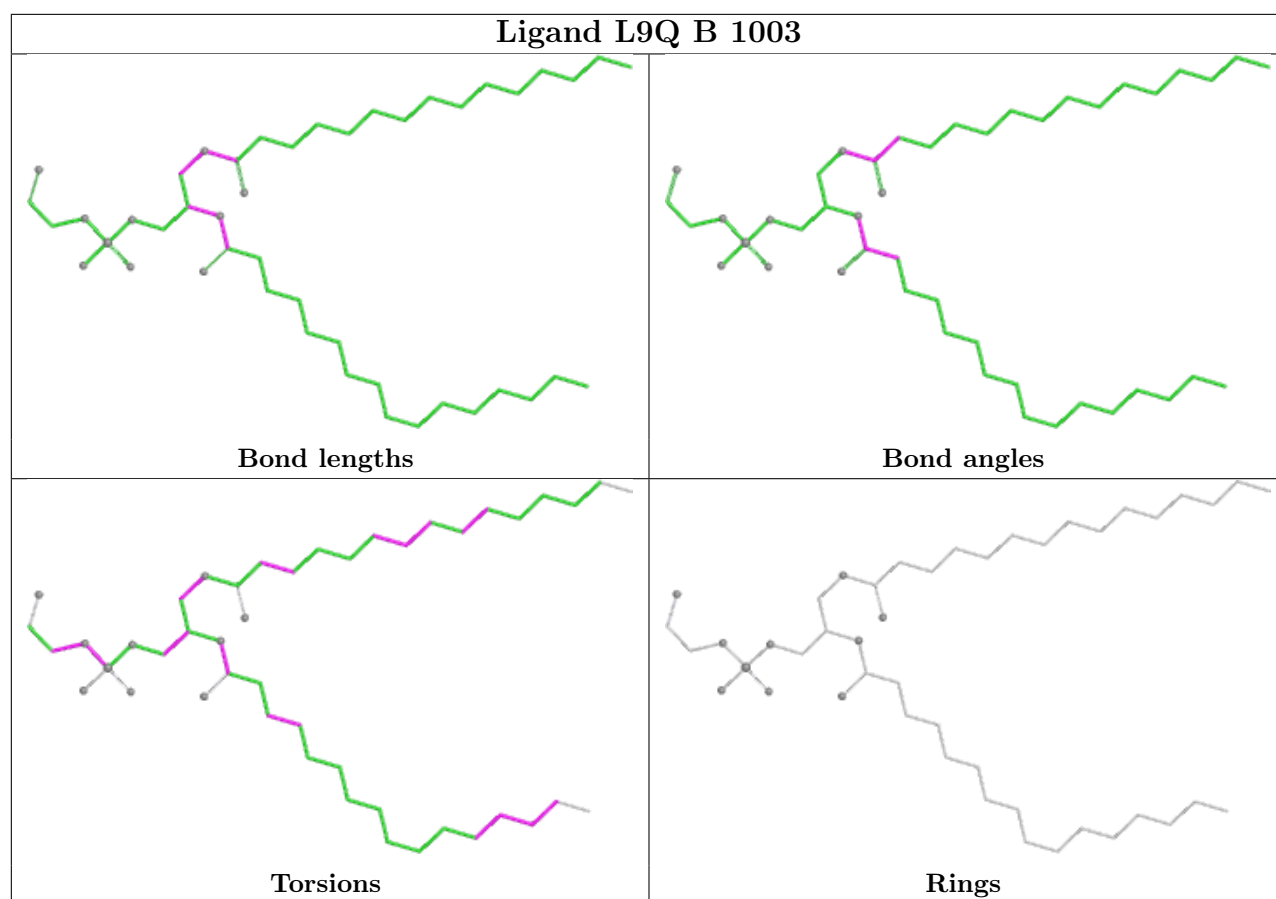
There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	A	906	SGG	1	0
5	B	1003	L9Q	1	0
5	A	905	L9Q	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

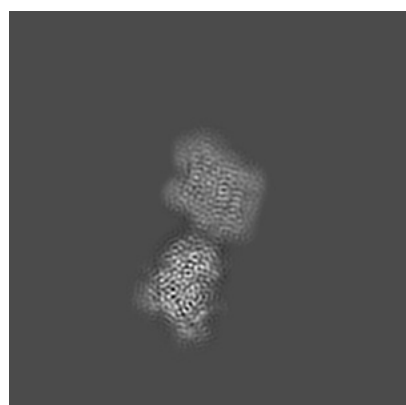
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-21533. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

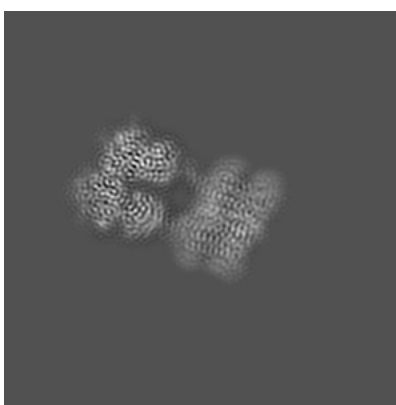
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

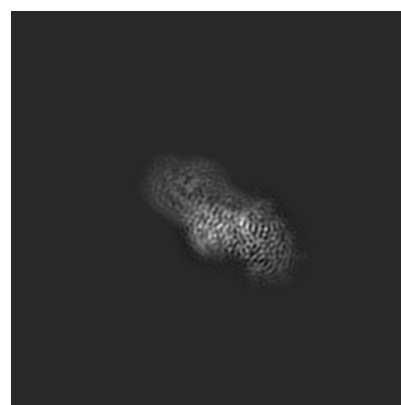
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

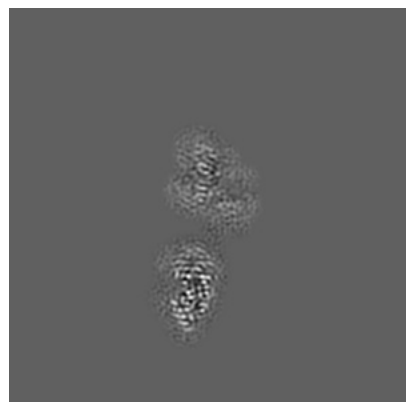


Z

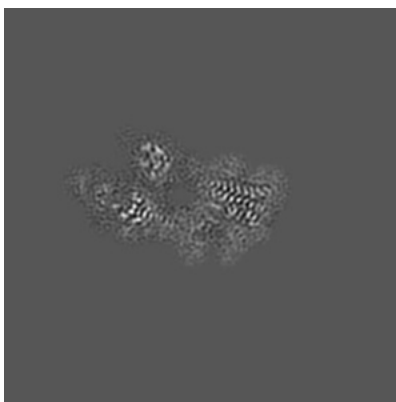
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

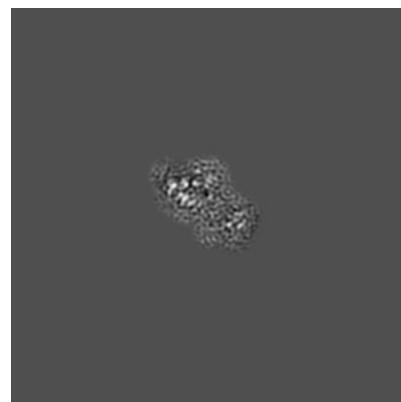
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 190



Y Index: 190

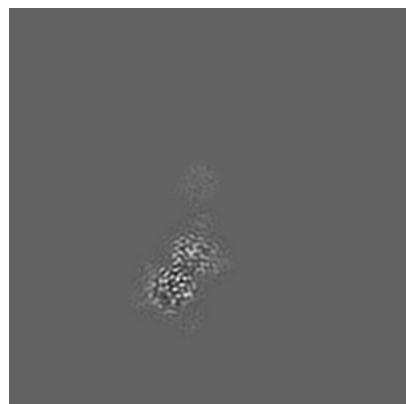


Z Index: 190

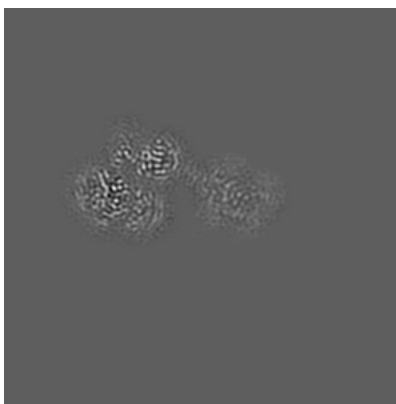
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 235



Y Index: 172

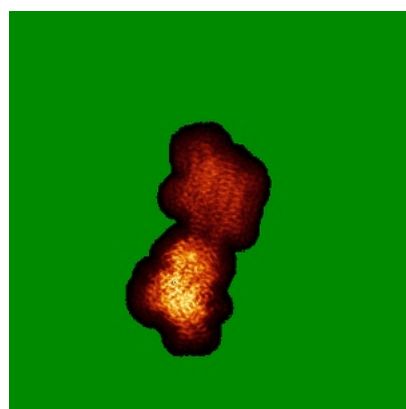


Z Index: 101

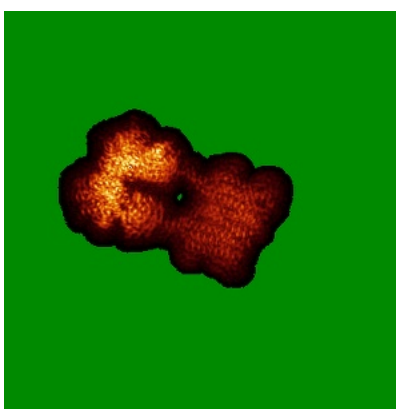
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

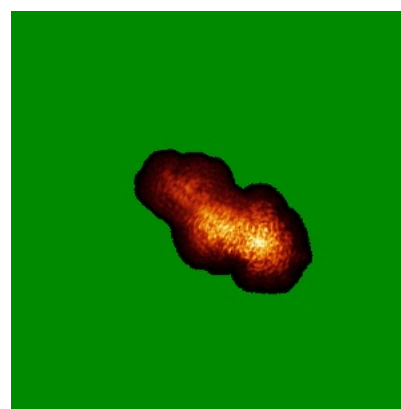
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

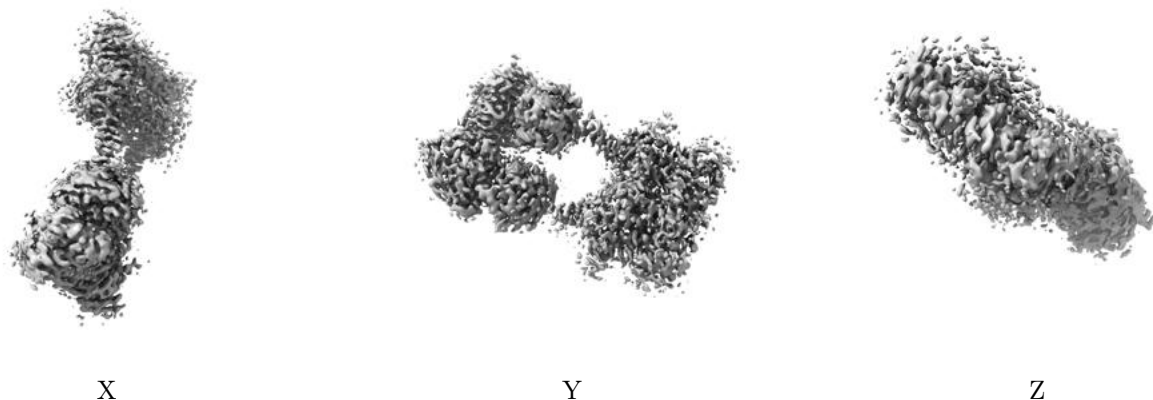


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0168. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

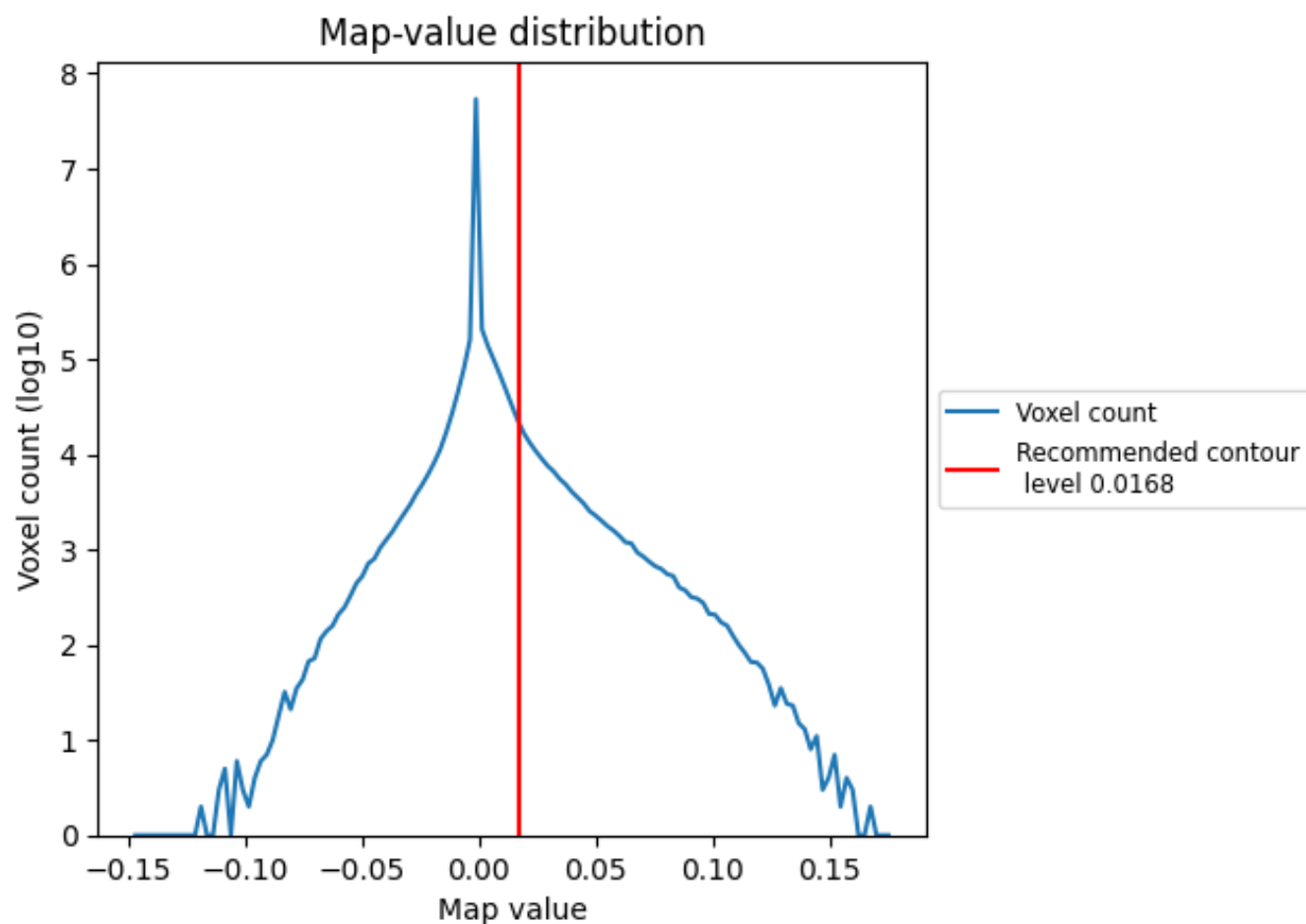
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

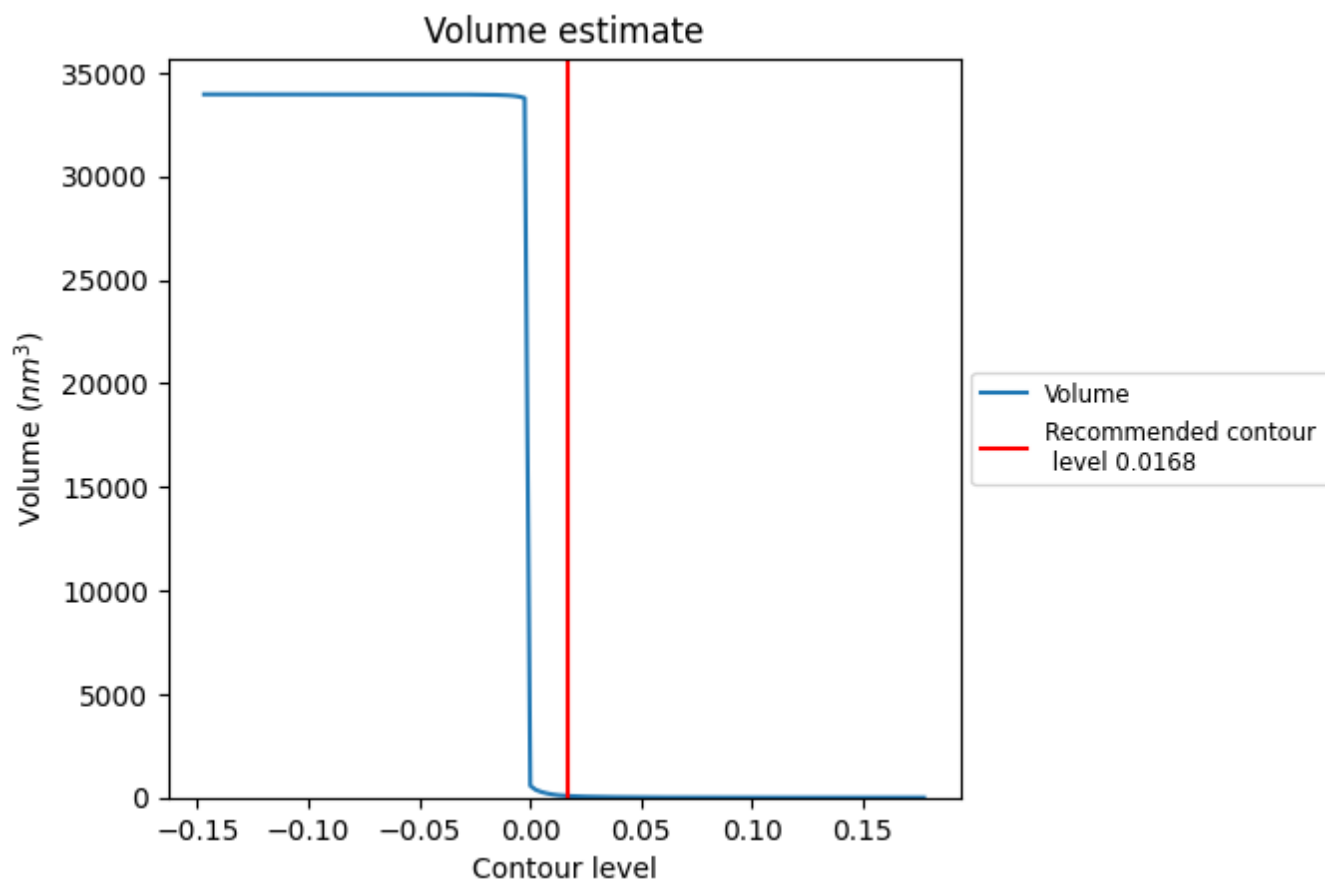
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

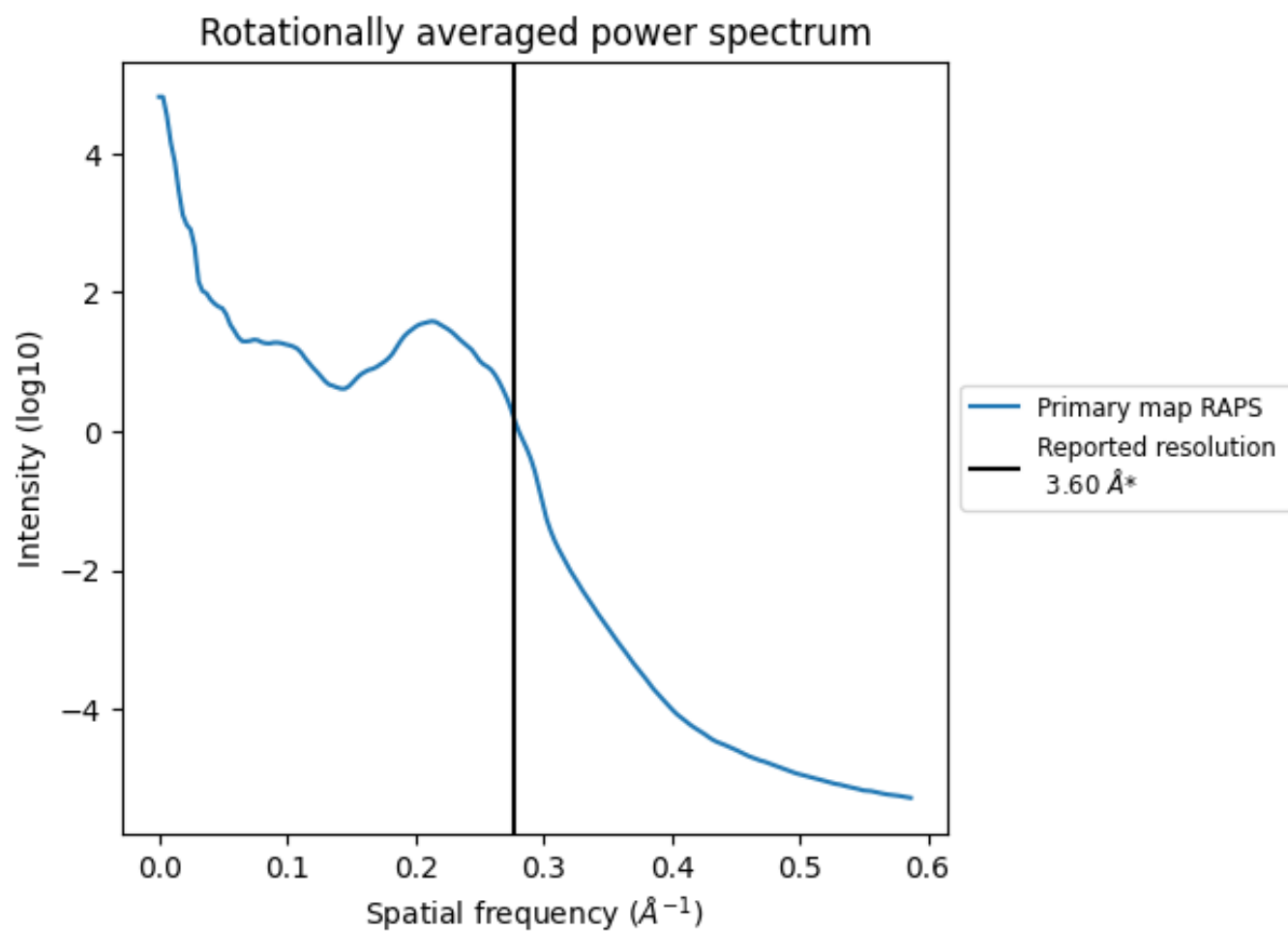
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 79 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 72 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.278 Å⁻¹

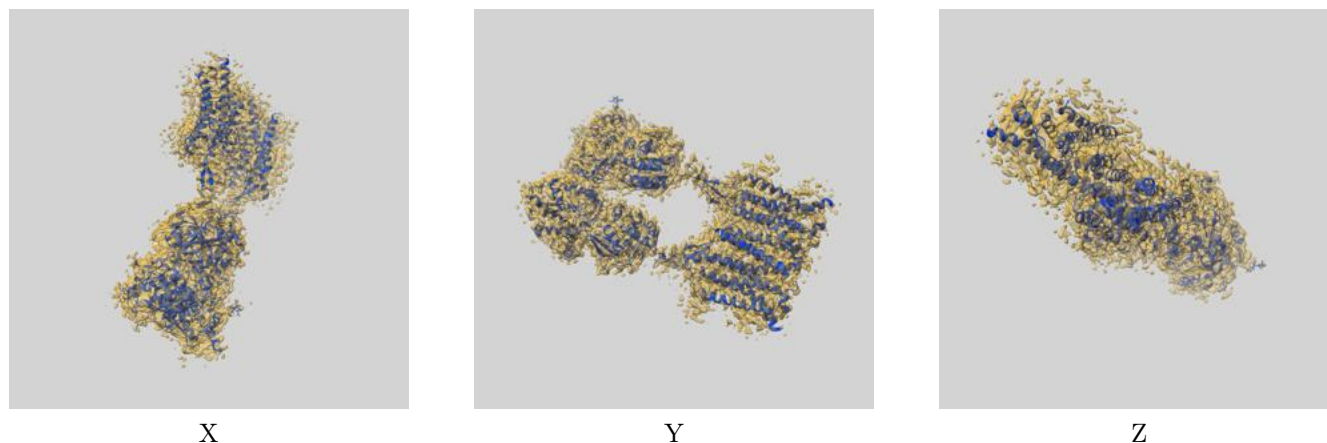
8 Fourier-Shell correlation ⓘ

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

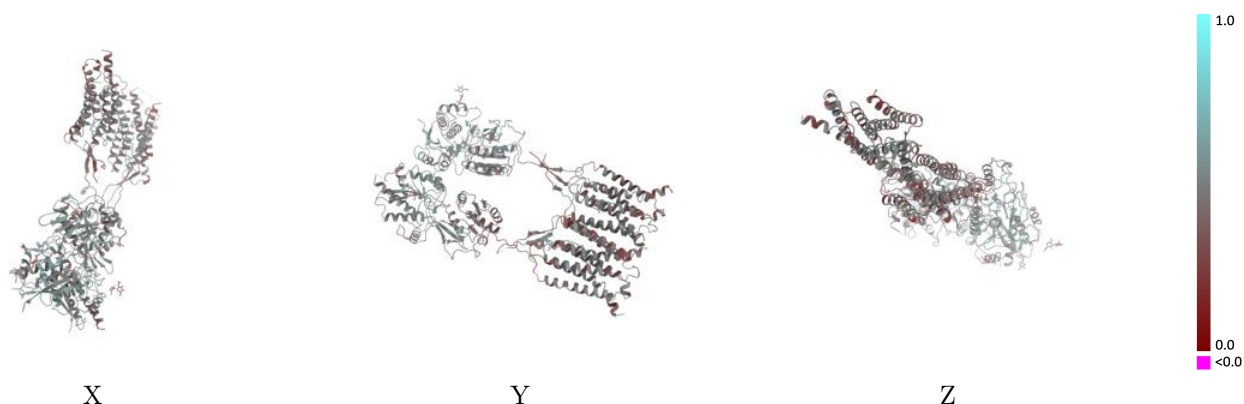
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-21533 and PDB model 6W2X. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 7](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



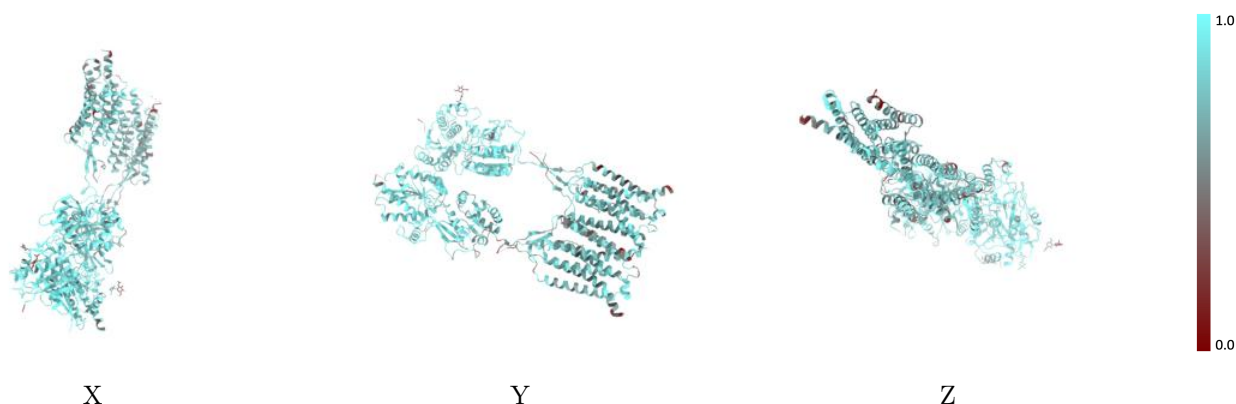
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0168 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



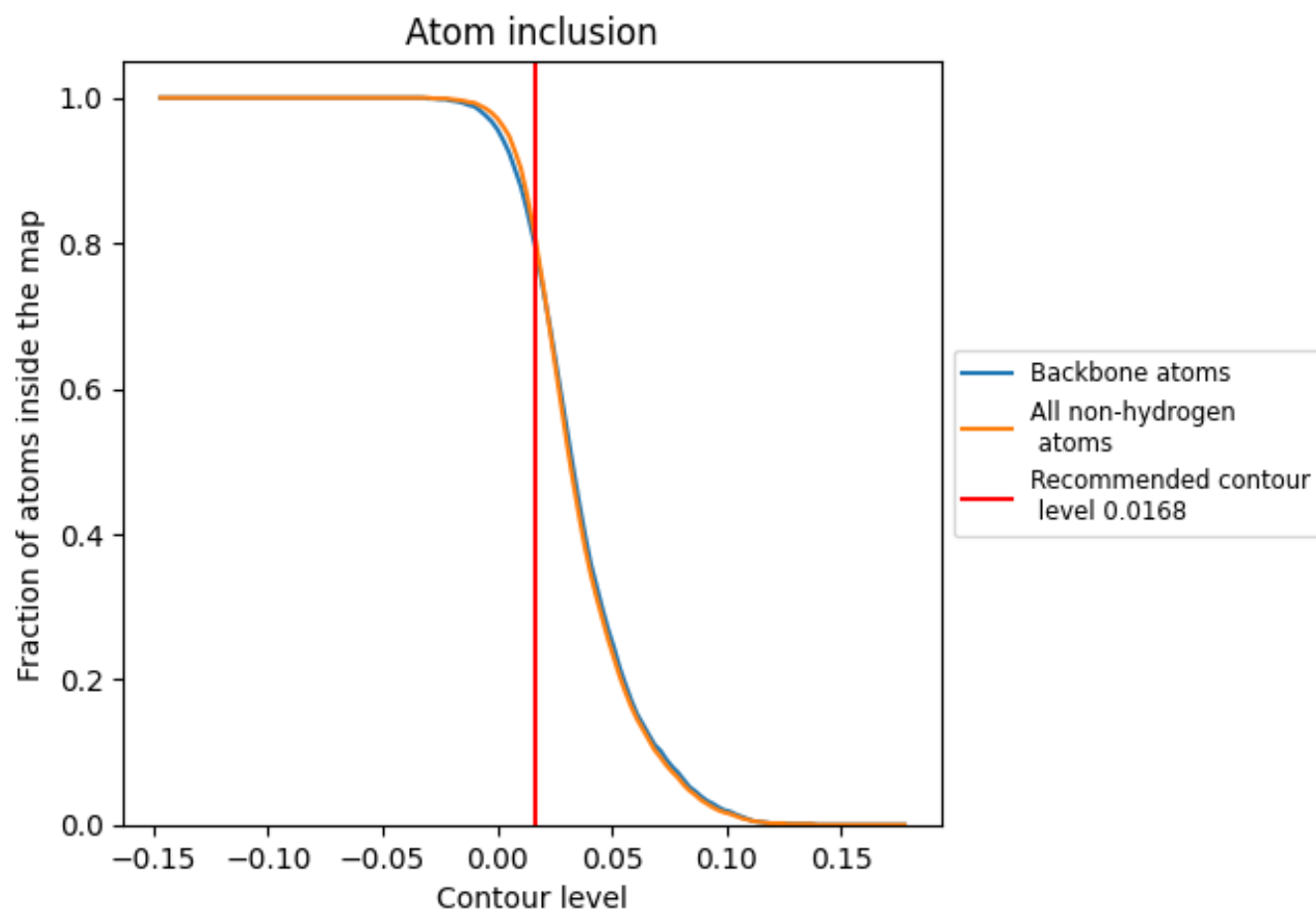
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.0168).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 79% of all backbone atoms, 80% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.0168) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8020	0.4690
A	0.8160	0.4800
B	0.7910	0.4600
C	0.3210	0.3210
D	0.5360	0.3350

