



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 12:00 PM UTC

PDB ID : 2WBE / pdb_00002wbe
EMDB ID : EMD-1604
Title : Kinesin-5-Tubulin Complex with AMPPNP
Authors : Bodey, A.J.; Kikkawa, M.; Moores, C.A.
Deposited on : 2009-02-26
Resolution : 9.40 Å(reported)
Based on initial models : 1MKJ, 1T5C, 2KIN

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

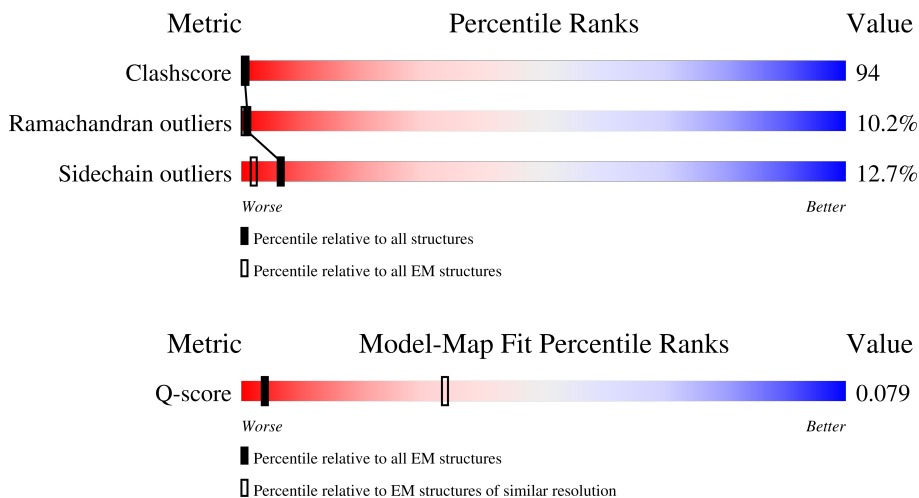
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 9.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	224 (8.90 - 9.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	451	
2	B	445	
3	C	373	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard

residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
8	ANP	C	1358	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition i

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9385 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called TUBULIN ALPHA-1D CHAIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	412	3227	2043	551	613	20	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	265	GLY	ALA	conflict	UNP P02550

- Molecule 2 is a protein called TUBULIN BETA-2B CHAIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	426	3351	2105	575	646	25	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called BIPOLAR KINESIN KRP-130.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	C	335	2652	1653	469	520	10	0	0

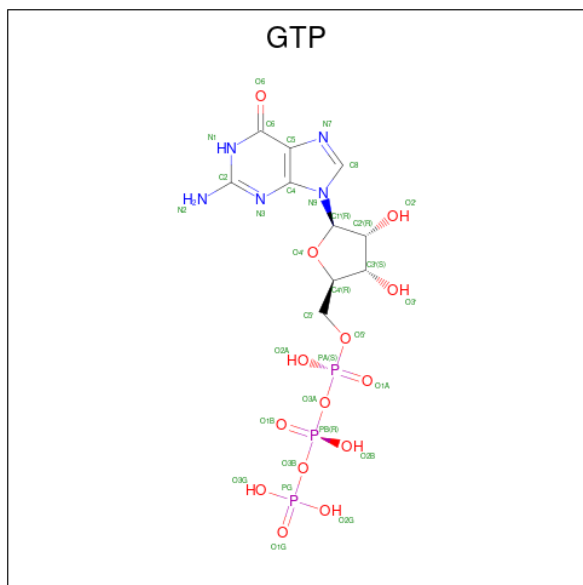
There are 5 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	-16	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P46863
C	-15	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P46863
C	-14	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P46863
C	-13	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P46863
C	-12	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P46863

- Molecule 4 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg).

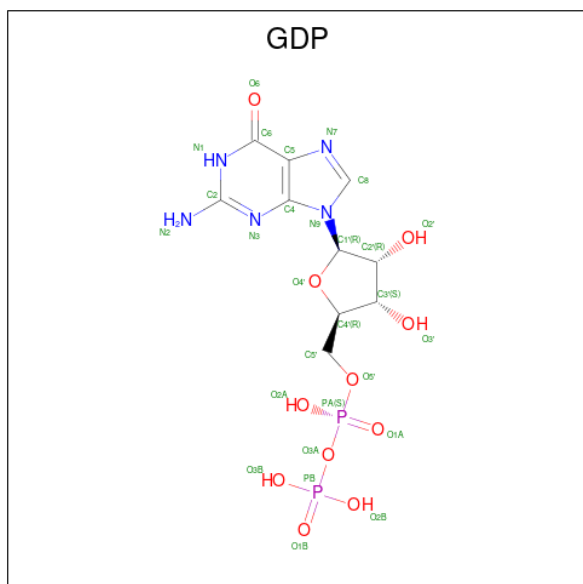
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
4	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0
4	C	1	Total Mg 1 1	0

- Molecule 5 is GUANOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: GTP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{14}P_3$).



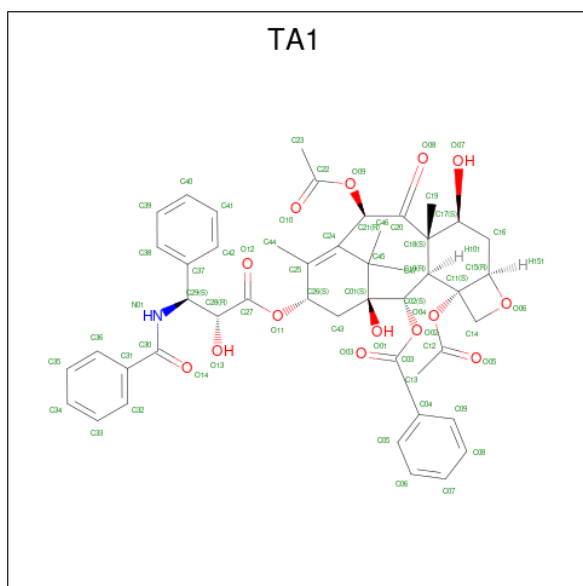
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C N O P 32 10 5 14 3	0

- Molecule 6 is GUANOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: GDP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{11}P_2$).



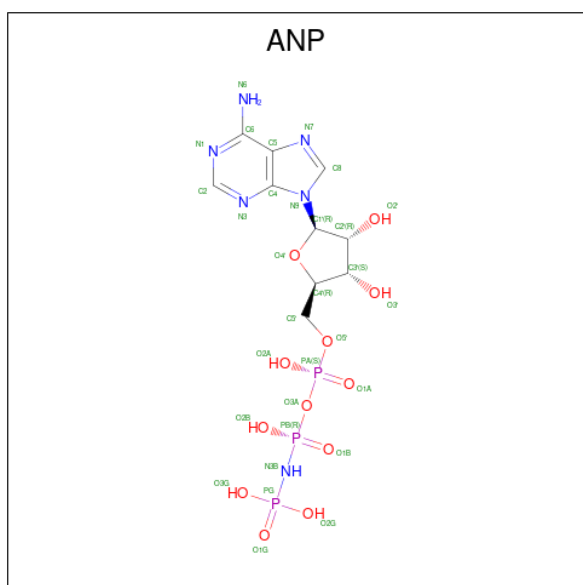
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	
			Total	C	N	O		P
6	B	1	28	10	5	11	2	0

- Molecule 7 is TAXOL (CCD ID: TA1) (formula: $C_{47}H_{51}NO_{14}$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	
7	B	1	62	47	1	14	0

- Molecule 8 is PHOSPHOAMINOPHOSPHONIC ACID-ADENYLATE ESTER (CCD ID: ANP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{17}N_6O_{12}P_3$).

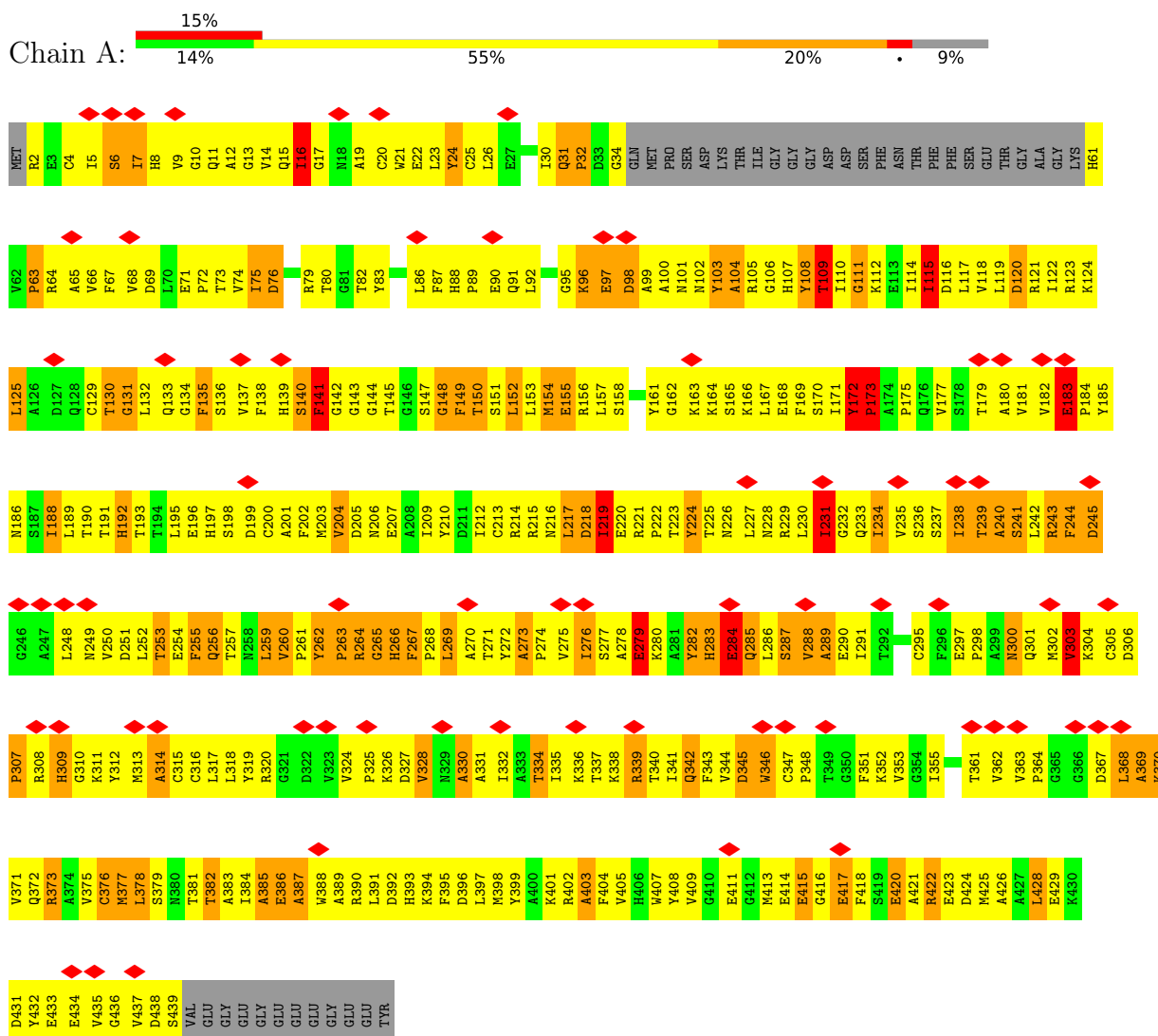


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P	
8	C	1	31	10	6	12	3	0

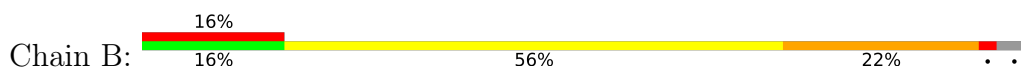
3 Residue-property plots

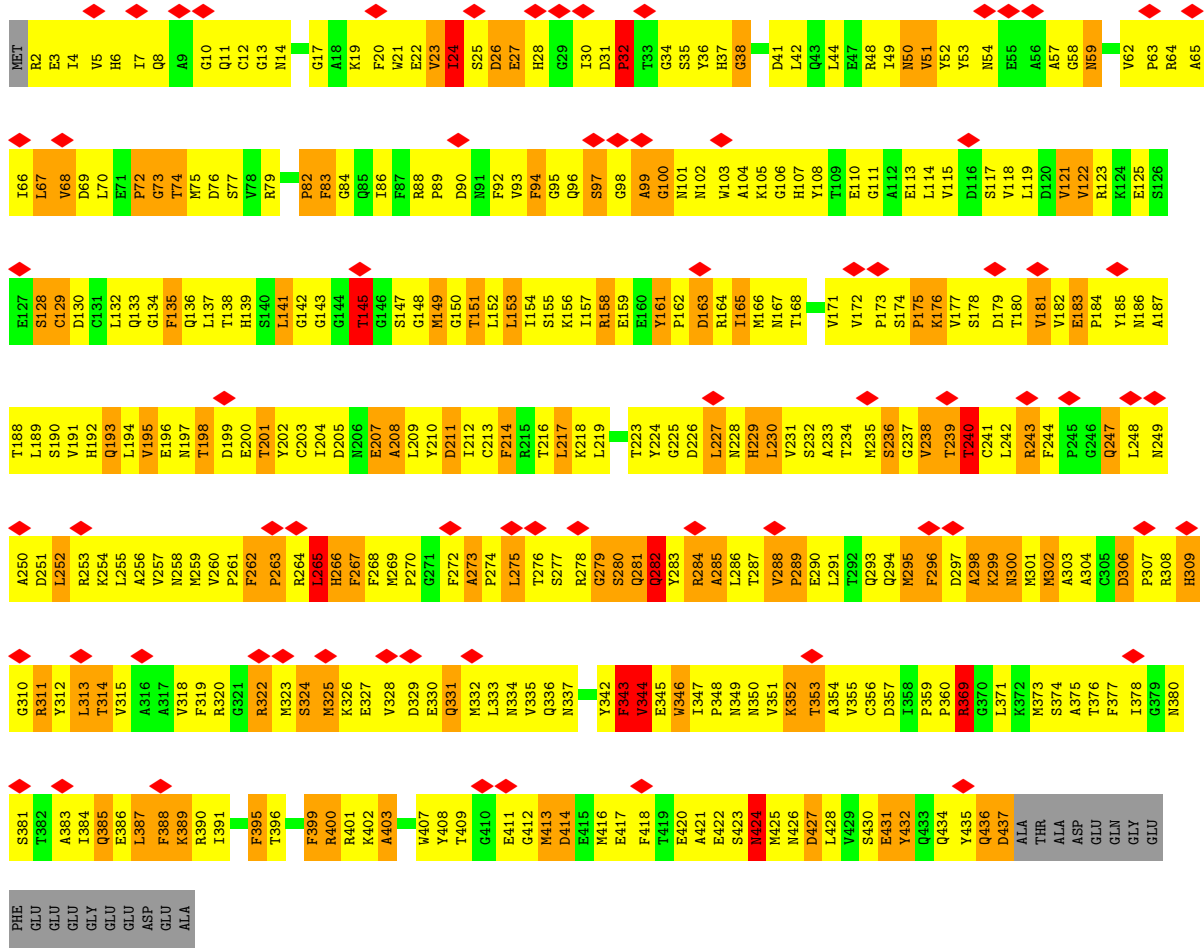
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: TUBULIN ALPHA-1D CHAIN

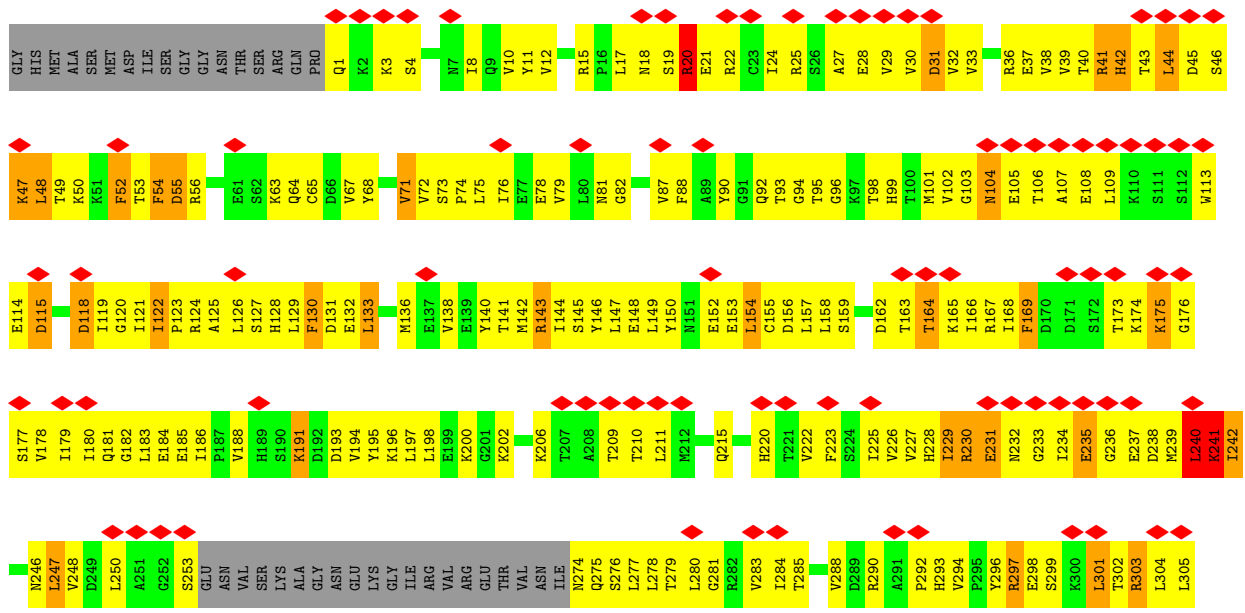


• Molecule 2: TUBULIN BETA-2B CHAIN





• Molecule 3: BIPOLAR KINESIN KRP-130





4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	HELICAL	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	HELICAL, twist=Not provided°, rise=Not provided Å, axial sym=Not provided	Depositor
Number of segments used	Not provided	
Resolution determination method	Not provided	
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING, WIENER	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TECNAI F20	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{Å}^2$)	10	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1080	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	3940	Depositor
Magnification	50000	Depositor
Image detector	KODAK SO-163 FILM	Depositor
Maximum map value	5.504	Depositor
Minimum map value	-3.809	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	1.000	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.5	Depositor
Map size (Å)	211.4, 133, 319.2	wwPDB
Map dimensions	151, 95, 228	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90, 90, 90	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.4, 1.4, 1.4	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, GTP, GDP, TA1, ANP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	A	0.62	1/3300 (0.0%)	1.10	22/4482 (0.5%)
2	B	0.64	0/3426	1.11	22/4642 (0.5%)
3	C	1.43	5/2688 (0.2%)	1.66	29/3627 (0.8%)
All	All	0.93	6/9414 (0.1%)	1.29	73/12751 (0.6%)

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	C	48	LEU	CA-C	-7.10	1.46	1.53
3	C	122	ILE	CA-CB	-6.71	1.50	1.54
1	A	282	TYR	CA-C	-5.47	1.48	1.53
3	C	241	LYS	CA-C	-5.47	1.45	1.52
3	C	240	LEU	CA-C	-5.46	1.45	1.52

The worst 5 of 73 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	C	240	LEU	CA-C-N	-11.94	101.75	123.01
3	C	240	LEU	C-N-CA	-11.94	101.75	123.01
1	A	172	TYR	CA-C-N	10.65	133.15	119.84
1	A	172	TYR	C-N-CA	10.65	133.15	119.84
2	B	262	PHE	CA-C-N	10.03	132.38	119.84

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3227	0	3142	681	0
2	B	3351	0	3229	716	0
3	C	2652	0	2694	500	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	C	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	32	0	12	8	0
6	B	28	0	12	1	0
7	B	62	0	51	5	0
8	C	31	0	13	9	0
All	All	9385	0	9153	1749	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 94.

The worst 5 of 1749 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:420:GLU:CD	3:C:167:ARG:HH22	1.02	1.60
1:A:101:ASN:CG	2:B:254:LYS:HD2	1.17	1.55
1:A:181:VAL:CG2	2:B:258:ASN:HB3	1.38	1.51
1:A:11:GLN:HE22	2:B:249:ASN:ND2	1.17	1.41
1:A:179:THR:HG22	2:B:352:LYS:NZ	1.34	1.38

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	408/451 (90%)	267 (65%)	82 (20%)	59 (14%)	0	3
2	B	424/445 (95%)	273 (64%)	95 (22%)	56 (13%)	0	4
3	C	331/373 (89%)	312 (94%)	15 (4%)	4 (1%)	10	44
All	All	1163/1269 (92%)	852 (73%)	192 (16%)	119 (10%)	1	7

5 of 119 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	96	LYS
1	A	97	GLU
1	A	108	TYR
1	A	109	THR
1	A	141	PHE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	347/377 (92%)	294 (85%)	53 (15%)	3	12
2	B	367/381 (96%)	306 (83%)	61 (17%)	2	10
3	C	304/335 (91%)	289 (95%)	15 (5%)	22	43
All	All	1018/1093 (93%)	889 (87%)	129 (13%)	6	16

5 of 129 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	133	LEU
3	C	196	LYS
1	A	417	GLU
1	A	415	GLU
3	C	231	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 44 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	406	HIS
3	C	99	HIS
2	B	434	GLN
3	C	6	GLN
3	C	151	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
5	GTP	A	1357	4	33,34,34	1.90	4 (12%)	50,54,54	1.04	5 (10%)
8	ANP	C	1358	4	33,33,33	2.10	10 (30%)	45,52,52	3.03	17 (37%)
7	TA1	B	1439	-	68,68,68	2.20	26 (38%)	105,105,105	1.50	13 (12%)
6	GDP	B	1438	-	29,30,30	2.97	12 (41%)	45,47,47	3.48	17 (37%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	GTP	A	1357	4	-	4/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
8	ANP	C	1358	4	-	9/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
7	TA1	B	1439	-	-	9/41/127/127	0/7/7/7
6	GDP	B	1438	-	-	4/16/32/32	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 52 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	B	1438	GDP	PA-O3A	7.59	1.67	1.59
7	B	1439	TA1	C06-C05	6.54	1.50	1.38
6	B	1438	GDP	O6-C6	6.01	1.35	1.23
5	A	1357	GTP	PA-O3A	-5.89	1.53	1.59
6	B	1438	GDP	C8-N9	5.88	1.50	1.37

The worst 5 of 52 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	B	1438	GDP	N9-C8-N7	-10.75	93.47	113.40
6	B	1438	GDP	C8-N7-C5	9.23	120.71	104.26
8	C	1358	ANP	O2B-PB-O1B	8.98	129.13	109.87
6	B	1438	GDP	C6-C5-N7	8.59	145.92	130.29
8	C	1358	ANP	O5'-PA-O1A	-7.40	79.61	108.94

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 26 torsion outliers are listed below:

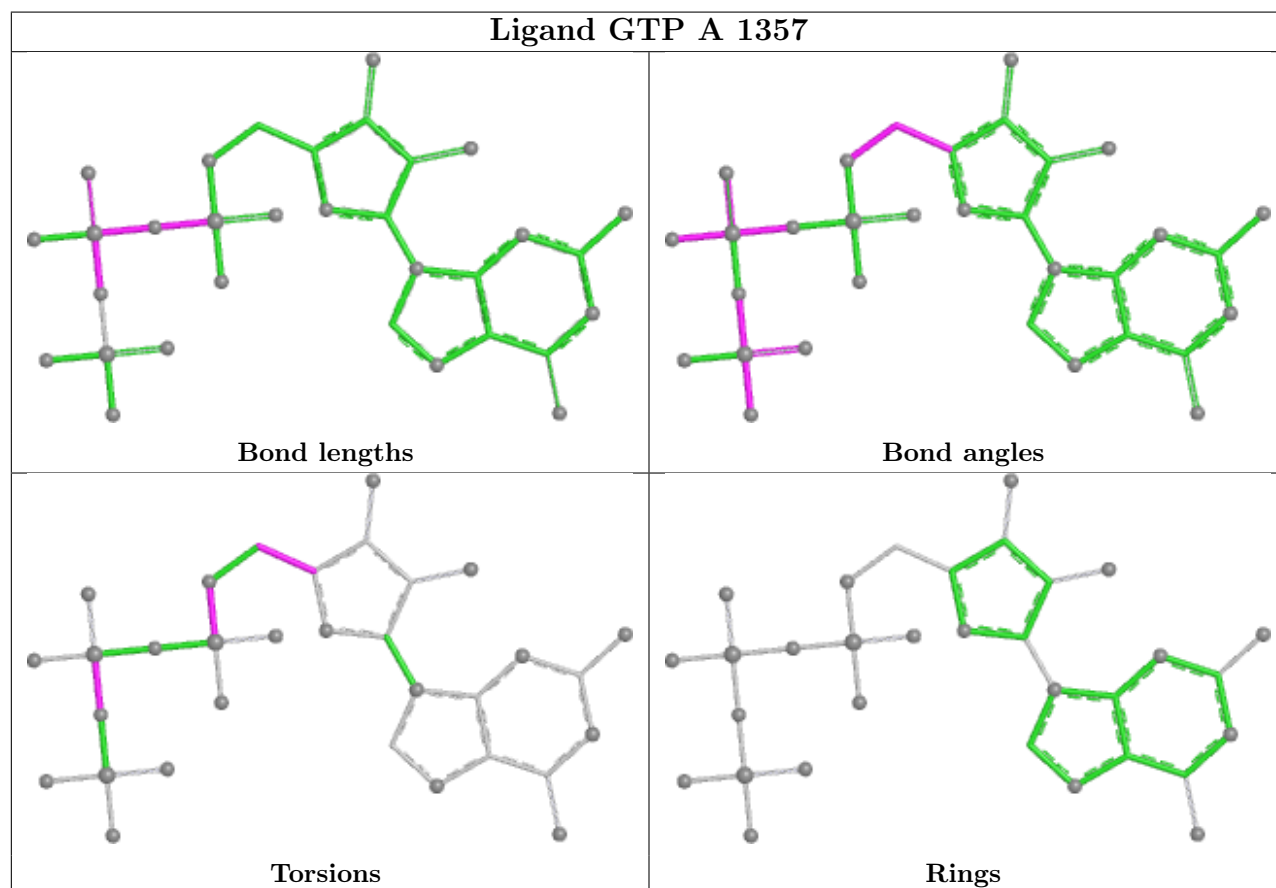
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	B	1438	GDP	PA-O3A-PB-O2B
6	B	1438	GDP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
6	B	1438	GDP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
8	C	1358	ANP	PB-N3B-PG-O1G
8	C	1358	ANP	PG-N3B-PB-O1B

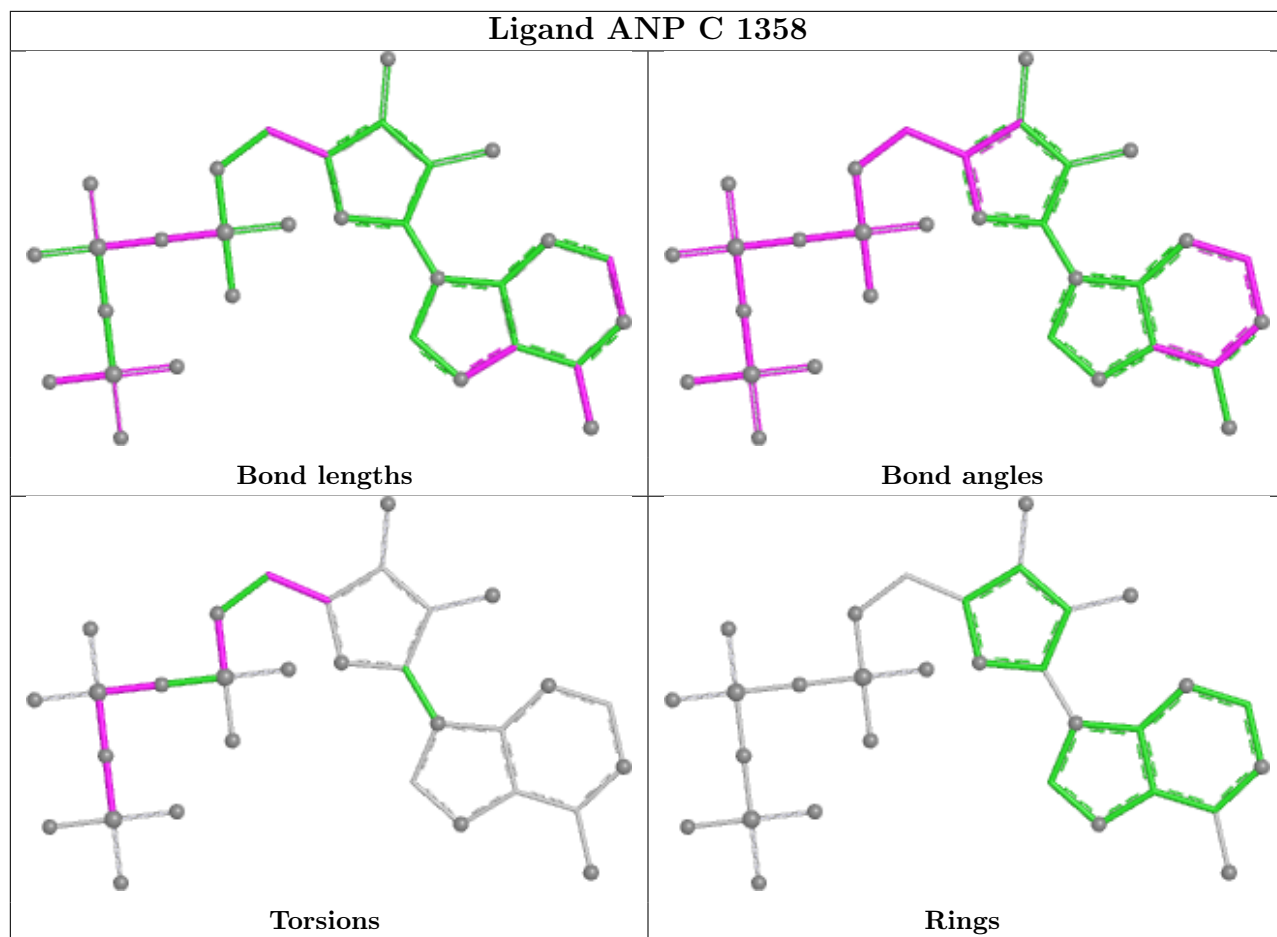
There are no ring outliers.

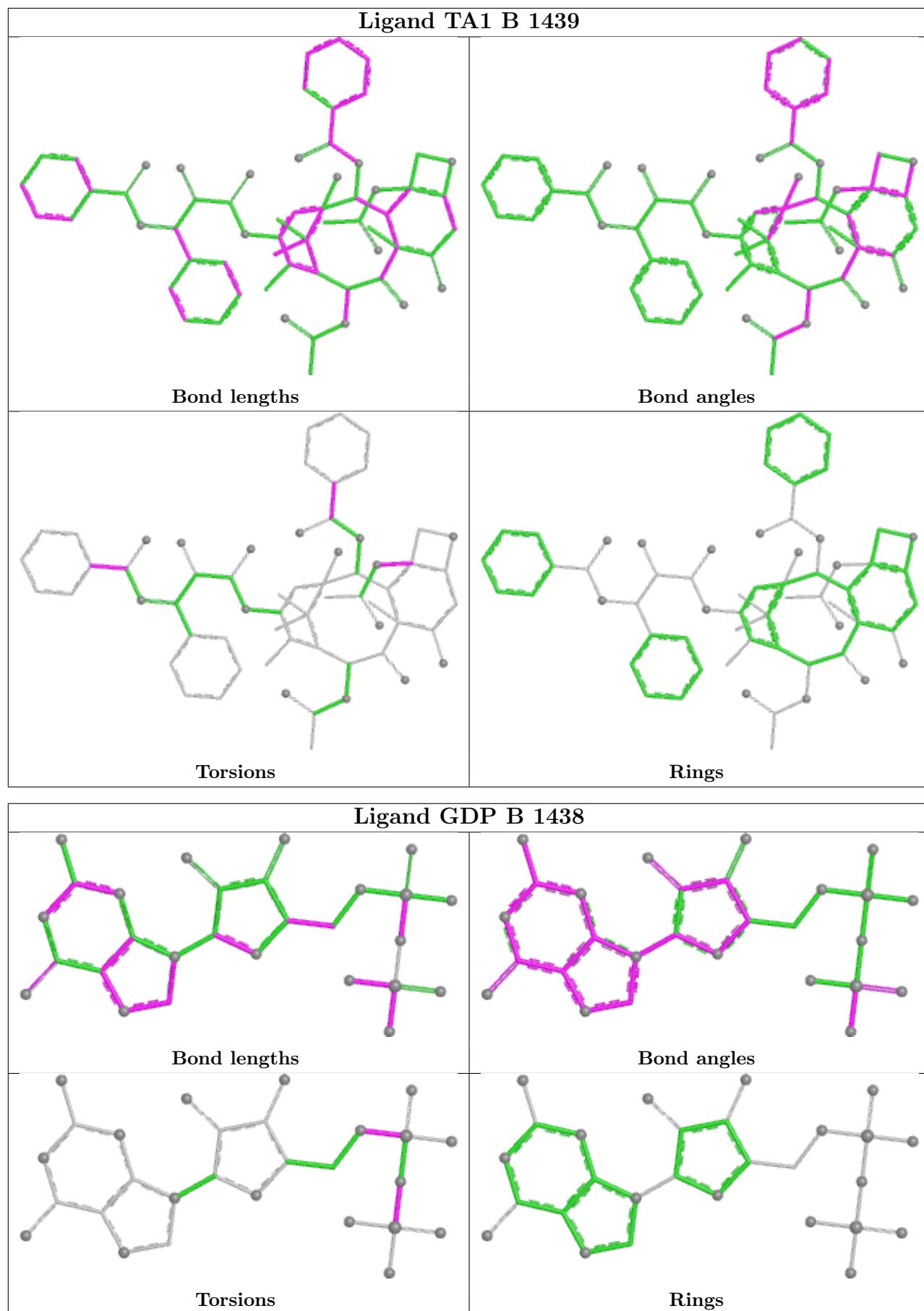
4 monomers are involved in 23 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	1357	GTP	8	0
8	C	1358	ANP	9	0
7	B	1439	TA1	5	0
6	B	1438	GDP	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

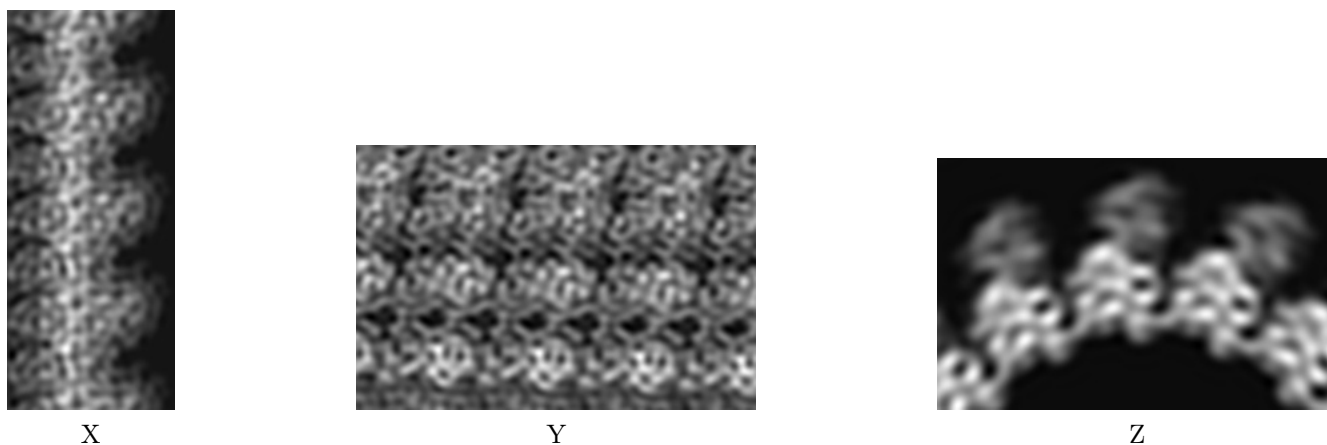
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-1604. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

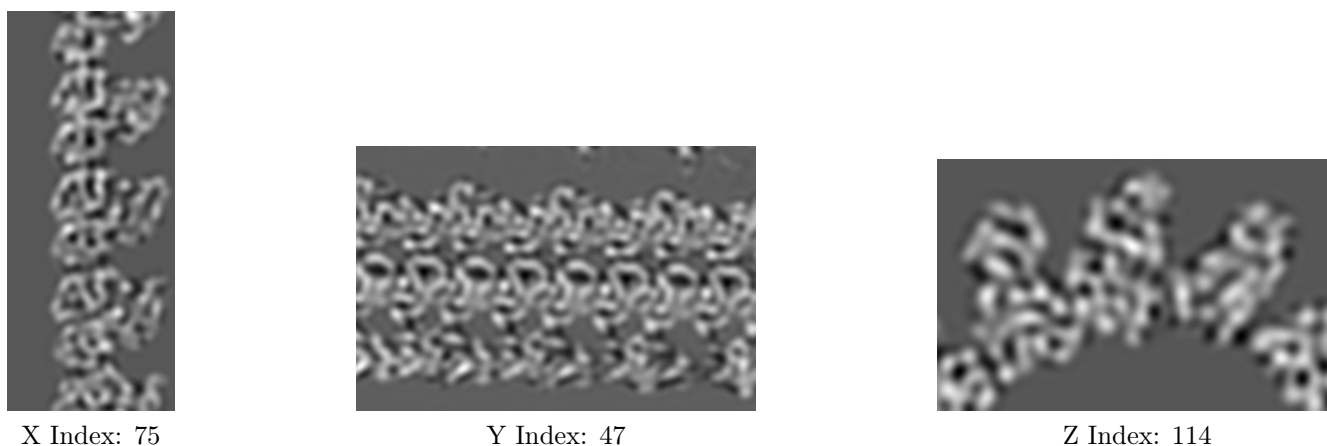
6.1.1 Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

6.2.1 Primary map



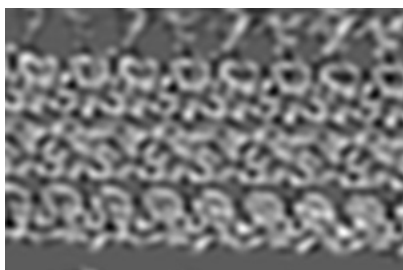
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

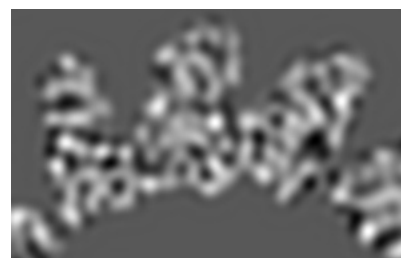
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 22



Y Index: 41

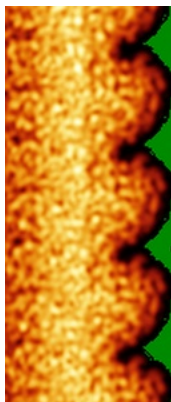


Z Index: 177

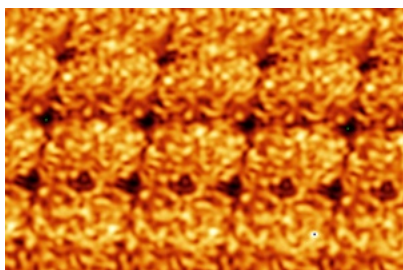
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

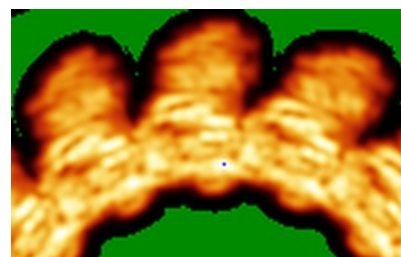
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views

This section was not generated.

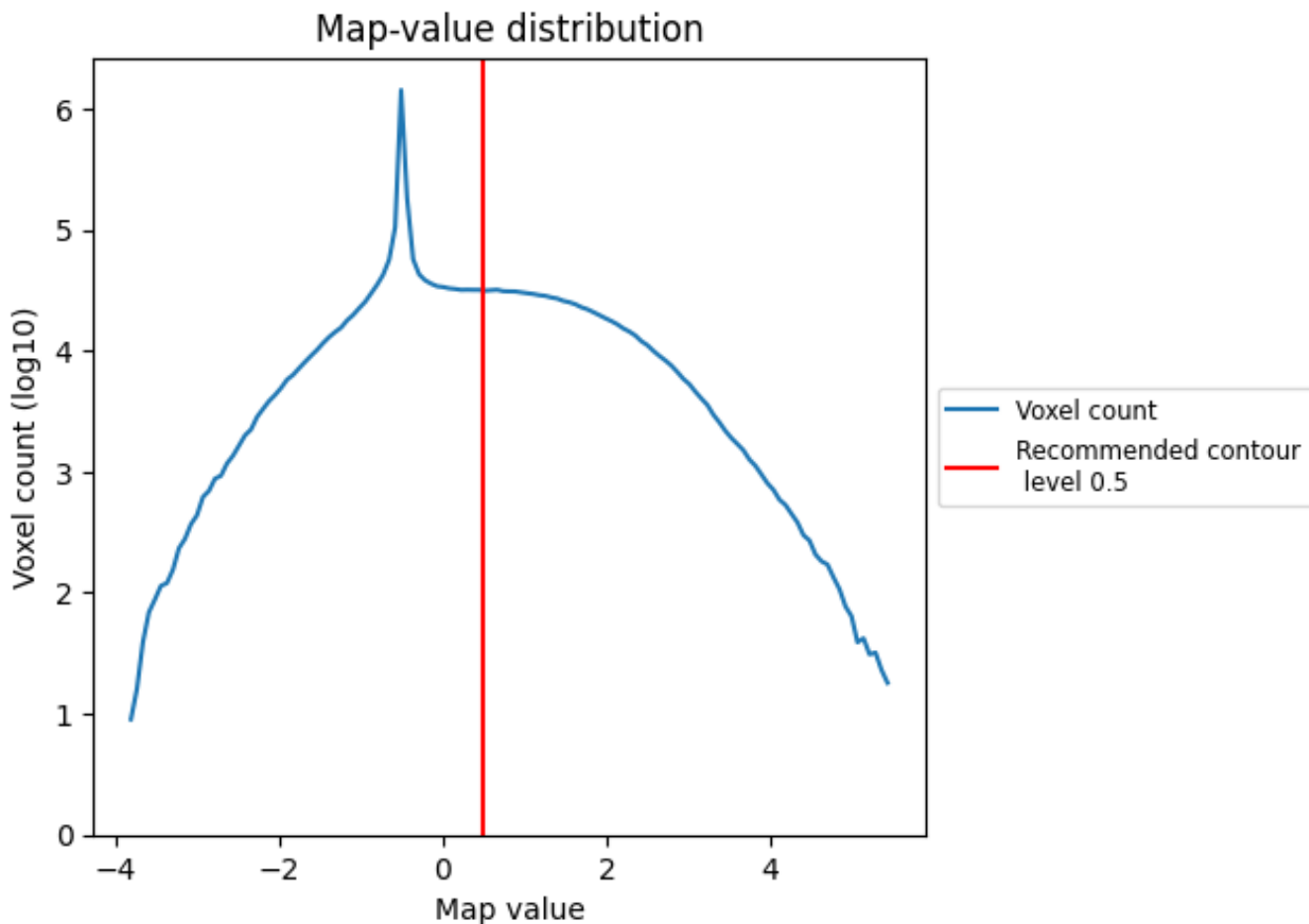
6.6 Mask visualisation

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

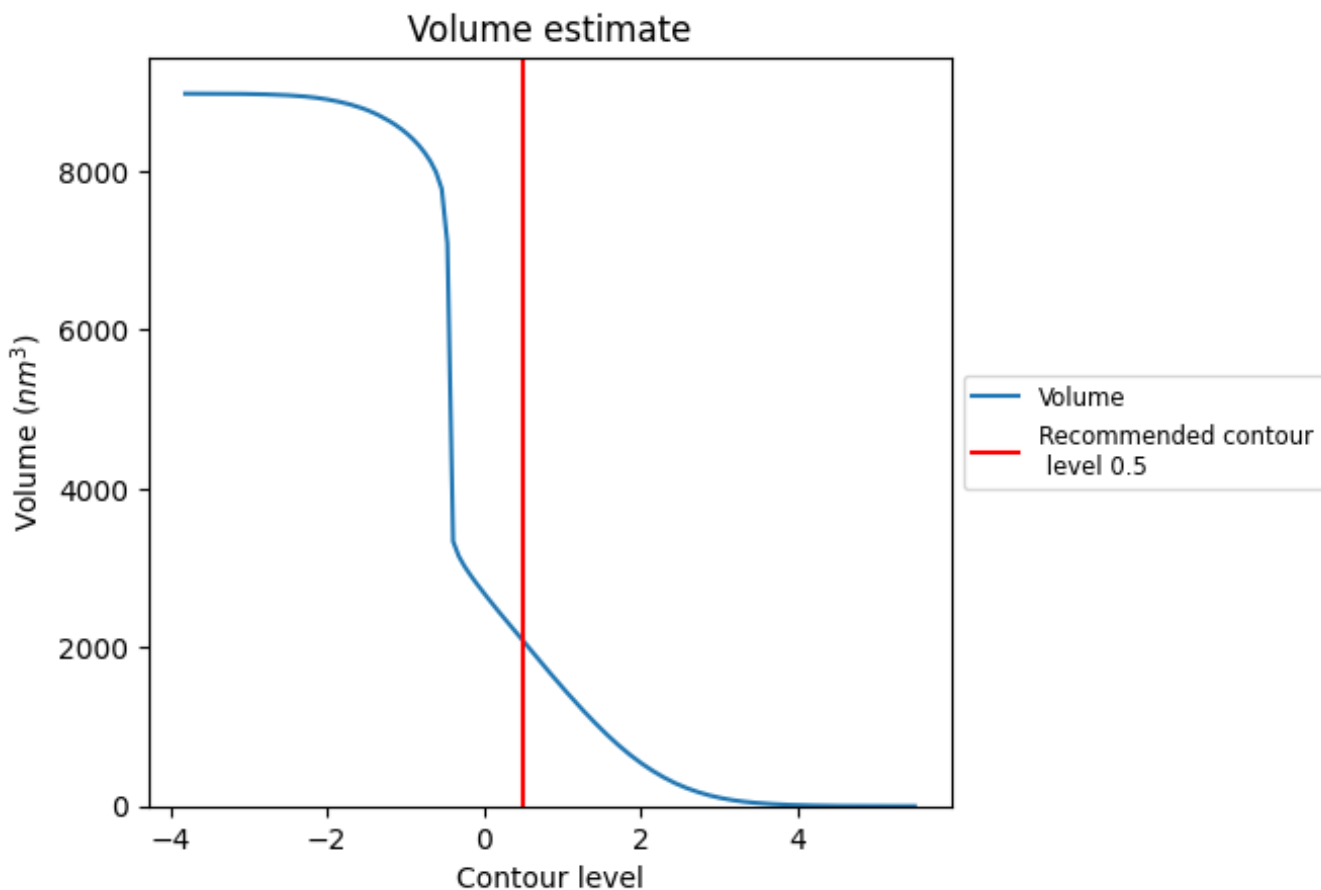
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 2085 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 1884 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

This section was not generated. The rotationally averaged power spectrum is only generated for cubic maps.

8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

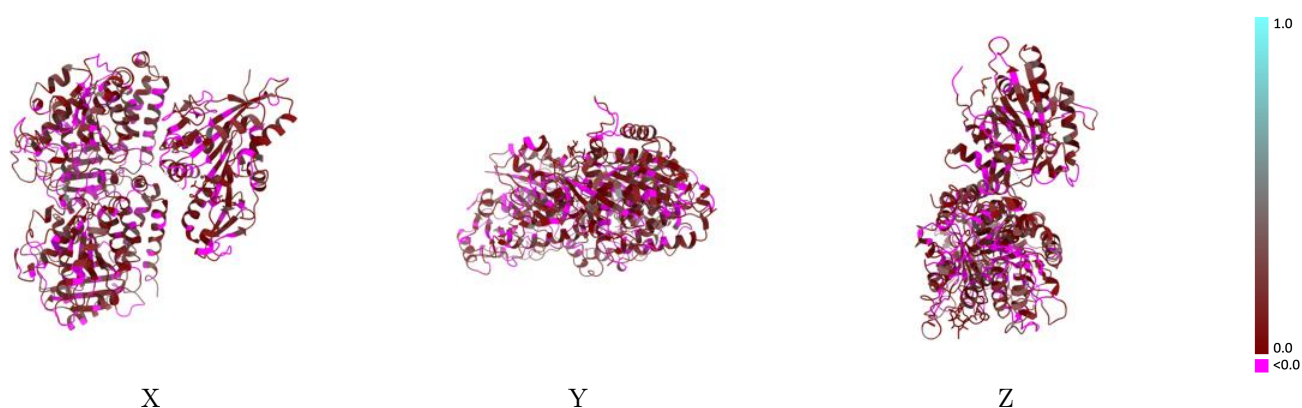
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-1604 and PDB model 2WBE. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 8.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)

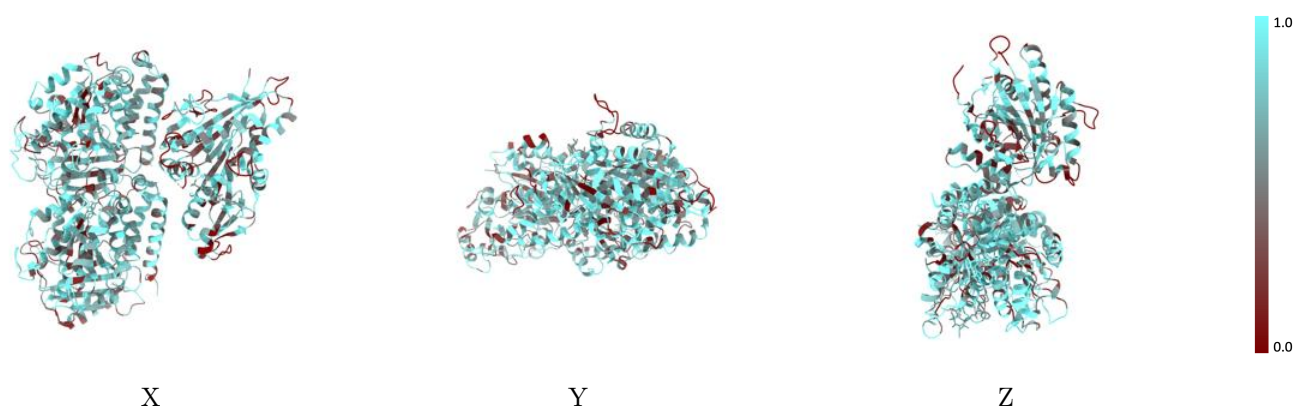
This section was not generated.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



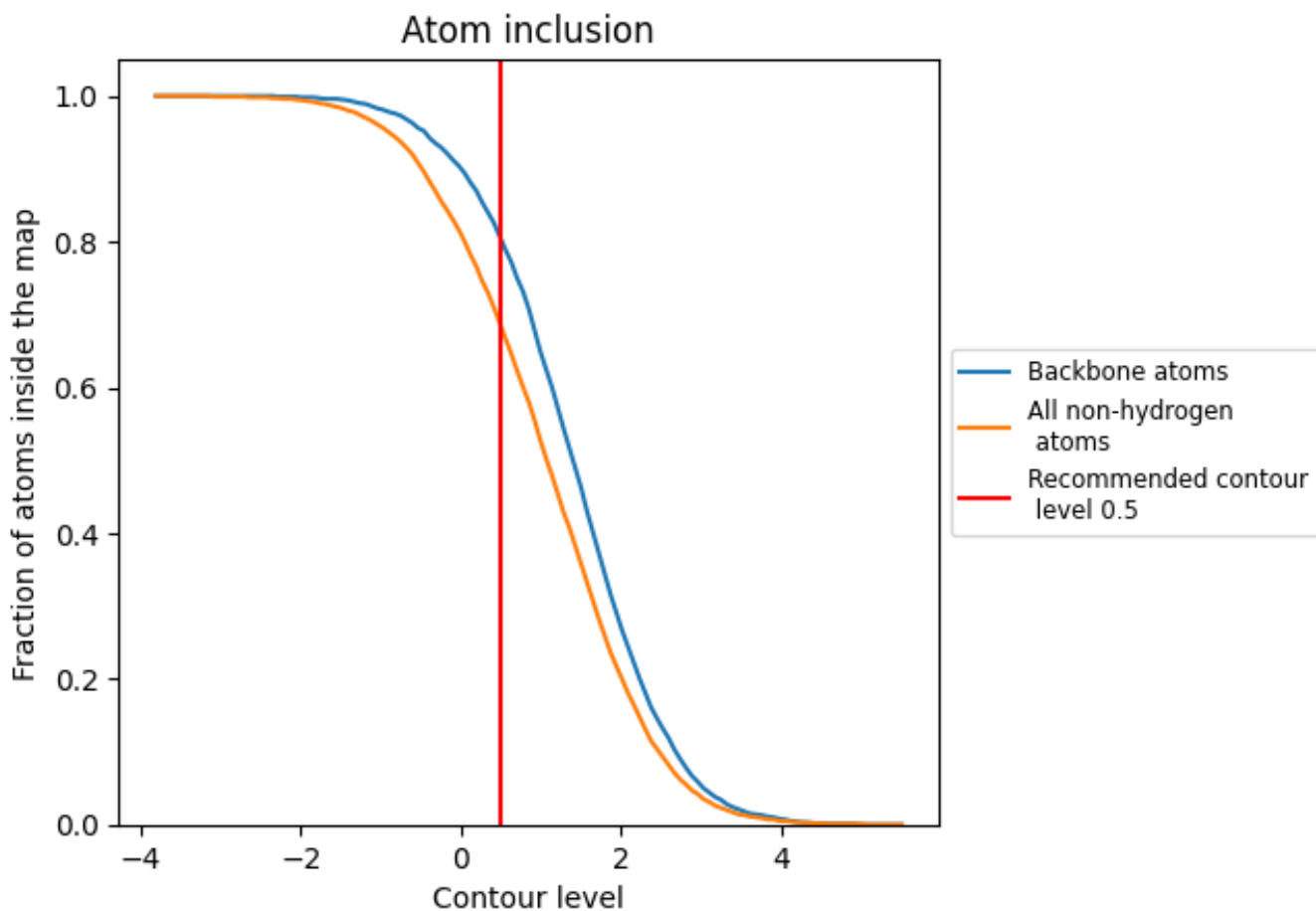
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.5).









9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 80% of all backbone atoms, 68% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary [i](#)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.5) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.6840	 0.0790
A	 0.7060	 0.0770
B	 0.7070	 0.0860
C	 0.6260	 0.0720

