



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 29, 2026 – 03:55 AM UTC

PDB ID : 5WBT / pdb_00005wbt
BMRB ID : 30314
Title : Solution Structure and Dynamics of an Ultra-Stable Single-Chain Insulin Analog STUDIES OF AN ENGINEERED MONOMER AND IMPLICATIONS FOR RECEPTOR BINDING
Authors : Glidden, M.D.; Yang, Y.; Wickramasinghe, N.P.; Weiss, M.A.
Deposited on : 2017-06-29

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

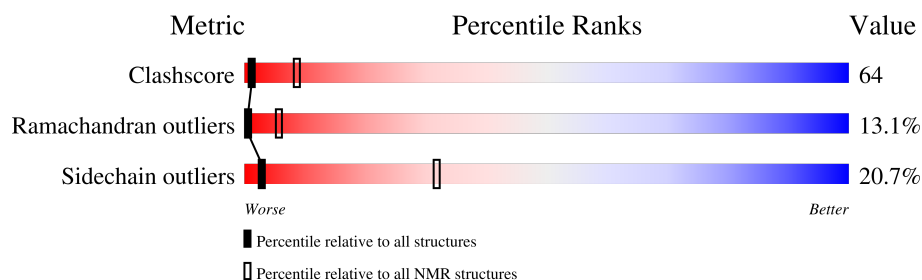
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 73%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424
Ramachandran outliers	224038	12848
Sidechain outliers	223484	12823

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	57	19% 60% 21%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 19 models. Model 13 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *closest to the average*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:1-A:57 (57)	0.91	13

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16
2	1, 4, 19
3	9, 18
Single-model clusters	17

3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 872 atoms, of which 418 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Insulin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	57	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			872	282	418	78	88	6	

There are 10 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

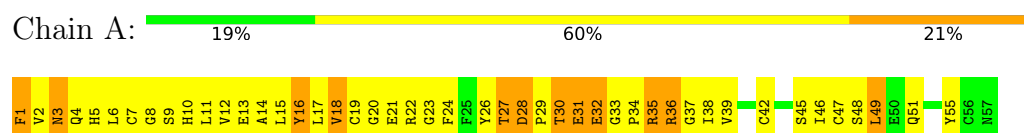
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	28	ASP	PRO	conflict	UNP P01308
A	29	PRO	LYS	conflict	UNP P01308
A	31	GLU	-	insertion	UNP P01308
A	32	GLU	-	insertion	UNP P01308
A	33	GLY	-	insertion	UNP P01308
A	34	PRO	-	insertion	UNP P01308
A	35	ARG	-	insertion	UNP P01308
A	36	ARG	-	insertion	UNP P01308
A	44	HIS	THR	conflict	UNP P01308
A	50	GLU	TYR	conflict	UNP P01308

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

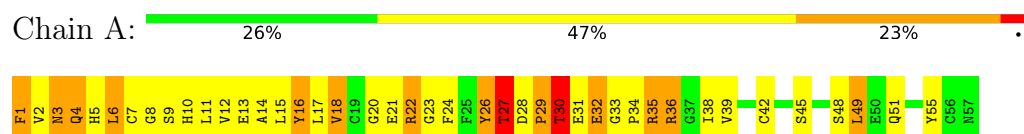
- Molecule 1: Insulin



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 13. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: Insulin



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 98 calculated structures, 19 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with acceptable covalent geometry*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR	refinement	
Sparky	structure solution	
TopSpin	structure solution	
X-PLOR	structure solution	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	552
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	552
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	73%

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	1.51±0.03	0±1/464 (0.1± 0.1%)	1.35±0.03	1±1/626 (0.2± 0.2%)
All	All	1.51	8/8816 (0.1%)	1.35	20/11894 (0.2%)

5 of 7 unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	1	PHE	C-N	-5.83	1.28	1.33	6	2
1	A	10	HIS	N-CA	5.37	1.53	1.46	17	1
1	A	31	GLU	CA-C	5.33	1.59	1.52	19	1
1	A	8	GLY	N-CA	5.25	1.51	1.45	17	1
1	A	32	GLU	N-CA	5.13	1.52	1.46	12	1

5 of 8 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	10	HIS	CA-CB-CG	-7.83	105.97	113.80	17	1
1	A	1	PHE	CA-CB-CG	-7.63	106.17	113.80	12	5
1	A	32	GLU	CB-CA-C	-6.68	108.86	116.54	3	1
1	A	35	ARG	N-CA-C	-6.03	105.10	112.88	3	1
1	A	24	PHE	CA-CB-CG	-5.86	107.94	113.80	3	4

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen

atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	454	418	415	56±10
All	All	8626	7942	7885	1061

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 64.

5 of 390 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:30:THR:O	1:A:32:GLU:N	1.32	1.62	6	6
1:A:1:PHE:CE2	1:A:14:ALA:HB1	1.30	1.62	16	3
1:A:29:PRO:O	1:A:30:THR:HG23	1.30	1.14	14	3
1:A:32:GLU:O	1:A:33:GLY:O	1.17	1.63	11	3
1:A:31:GLU:O	1:A:33:GLY:N	1.14	1.79	8	6

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	55/57 (96%)	38±2 (69±4%)	10±3 (18±5%)	7±2 (13±4%)	0	6
All	All	1045/1083 (96%)	717 (69%)	191 (18%)	137 (13%)	0	6

5 of 20 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	27	THR	12
1	A	31	GLU	10
1	A	34	PRO	10
1	A	32	GLU	10
1	A	26	TYR	9

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	51/51 (100%)	40±2 (79±3%)	11±2 (21±3%)	3	32
All	All	969/969 (100%)	768 (79%)	201 (21%)	3	32

5 of 29 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	6	LEU	19
1	A	16	TYR	19
1	A	18	VAL	19
1	A	28	ASP	19
1	A	49	LEU	19

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 73% for the well-defined parts and 73% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *SC1b_shifts_final.bmrB*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	552
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	552
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	51	-0.14 ± 0.17	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	46	0.38 ± 0.12	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	40	-0.06 ± 0.11	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	42	0.13 ± 0.19	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 73%, i.e. 552 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 757. 0 out of 10 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	235/286 (82%)	102/117 (87%)	91/114 (80%)	42/55 (76%)
Sidechain	300/390 (77%)	194/252 (77%)	100/123 (81%)	6/15 (40%)

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	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	17/81 (21%)	3/39 (8%)	14/36 (39%)	0/6 (0%)
Overall	552/757 (73%)	299/408 (73%)	205/273 (75%)	48/76 (63%)

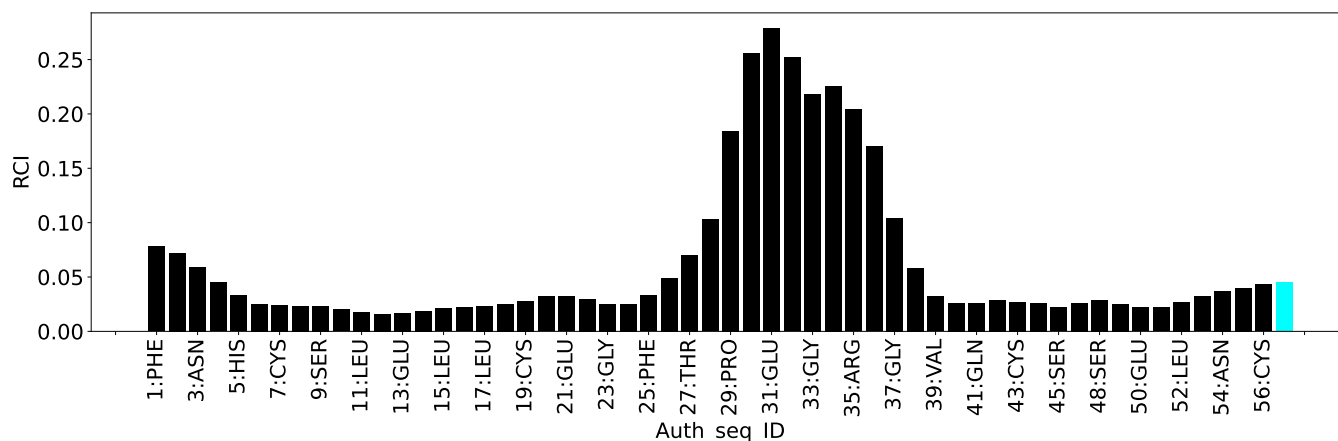
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



8 NMR restraints analysis

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	1370
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	633
Sequential ($ i-j =1$)	285
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	198
Long range ($ i-j \geq 5$)	254
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	76
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	25.4
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	4.5

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	29.5	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	25.5	0.5
>0.5 (Large)	13.9	3.65

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model [i](#)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Bins (°)	Average number of violations per model	Max (°)
1.0-10.0 (Small)	7.6	9.09
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	0.1	11.65
>20.0 (Large)	None	None

9 Distance violation analysis ⓘ

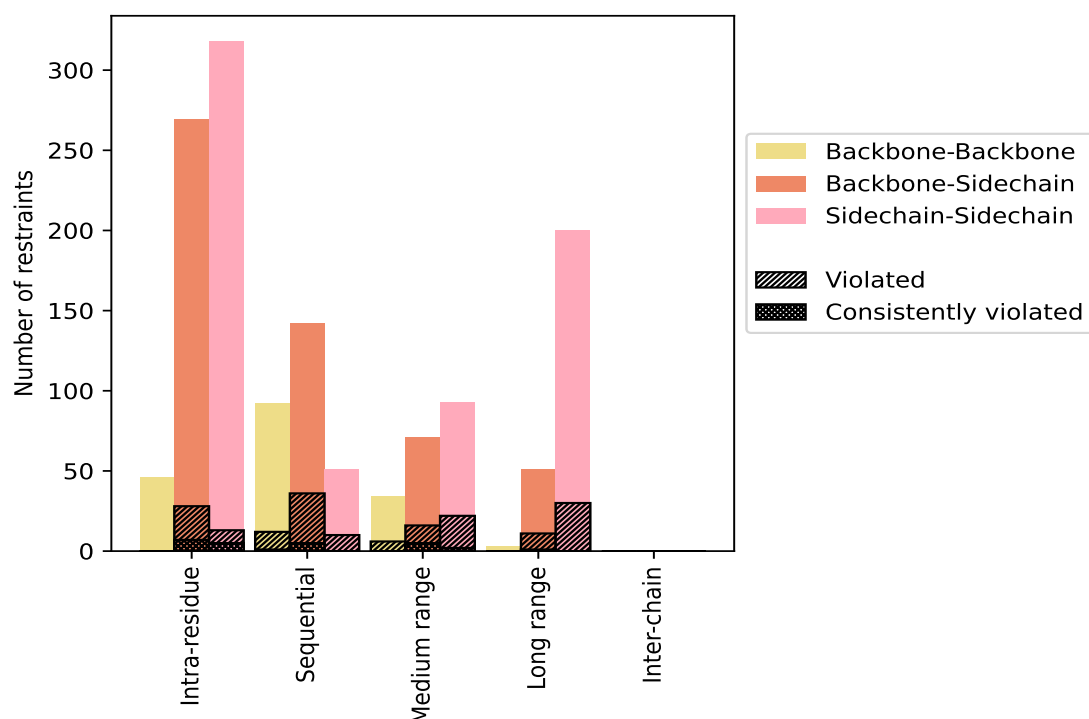
9.1 Summary of distance violations ⓘ

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restrains type	Count	% ¹	Violated ³			Consistently Violated ⁴		
			Count	% ²	% ¹	Count	% ²	% ¹
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	633	46.2	41	6.5	3.0	12	1.9	0.9
Backbone-Backbone	46	3.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	269	19.6	28	10.4	2.0	7	2.6	0.5
Sidechain-Sidechain	318	23.2	13	4.1	0.9	5	1.6	0.4
Sequential (i-j =1)	285	20.8	58	20.4	4.2	6	2.1	0.4
Backbone-Backbone	92	6.7	12	13.0	0.9	1	1.1	0.1
Backbone-Sidechain	142	10.4	36	25.4	2.6	5	3.5	0.4
Sidechain-Sidechain	51	3.7	10	19.6	0.7	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range (i-j >1 & i-j <5)	198	14.5	44	22.2	3.2	7	3.5	0.5
Backbone-Backbone	34	2.5	6	17.6	0.4	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	71	5.2	16	22.5	1.2	5	7.0	0.4
Sidechain-Sidechain	93	6.8	22	23.7	1.6	2	2.2	0.1
Long range (i-j ≥5)	254	18.5	41	16.1	3.0	1	0.4	0.1
Backbone-Backbone	3	0.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	51	3.7	11	21.6	0.8	1	2.0	0.1
Sidechain-Sidechain	200	14.6	30	15.0	2.2	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	1370	100.0	184	13.4	13.4	26	1.9	1.9
Backbone-Backbone	175	12.8	18	10.3	1.3	1	0.6	0.1
Backbone-Sidechain	533	38.9	91	17.1	6.6	18	3.4	1.3
Sidechain-Sidechain	662	48.3	75	11.3	5.5	7	1.1	0.5

¹ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models

9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations [i](#)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model [i](#)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD ⁶ (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total				
1	16	20	21	11	0	68	0.27	1.05	0.2	0.22
2	20	22	11	6	0	59	0.29	1.84	0.3	0.2
3	23	26	28	11	0	88	0.34	2.11	0.34	0.24
4	19	22	18	18	0	77	0.53	2.48	0.62	0.25
5	18	24	18	10	0	70	0.38	2.14	0.41	0.24
6	19	20	25	12	0	76	0.46	2.67	0.53	0.26
7	22	23	21	10	0	76	0.37	2.56	0.46	0.21
8	19	26	30	5	0	80	0.6	2.54	0.66	0.24
9	19	20	23	7	0	69	0.34	2.32	0.38	0.22
10	18	22	18	19	0	77	0.45	2.34	0.52	0.23

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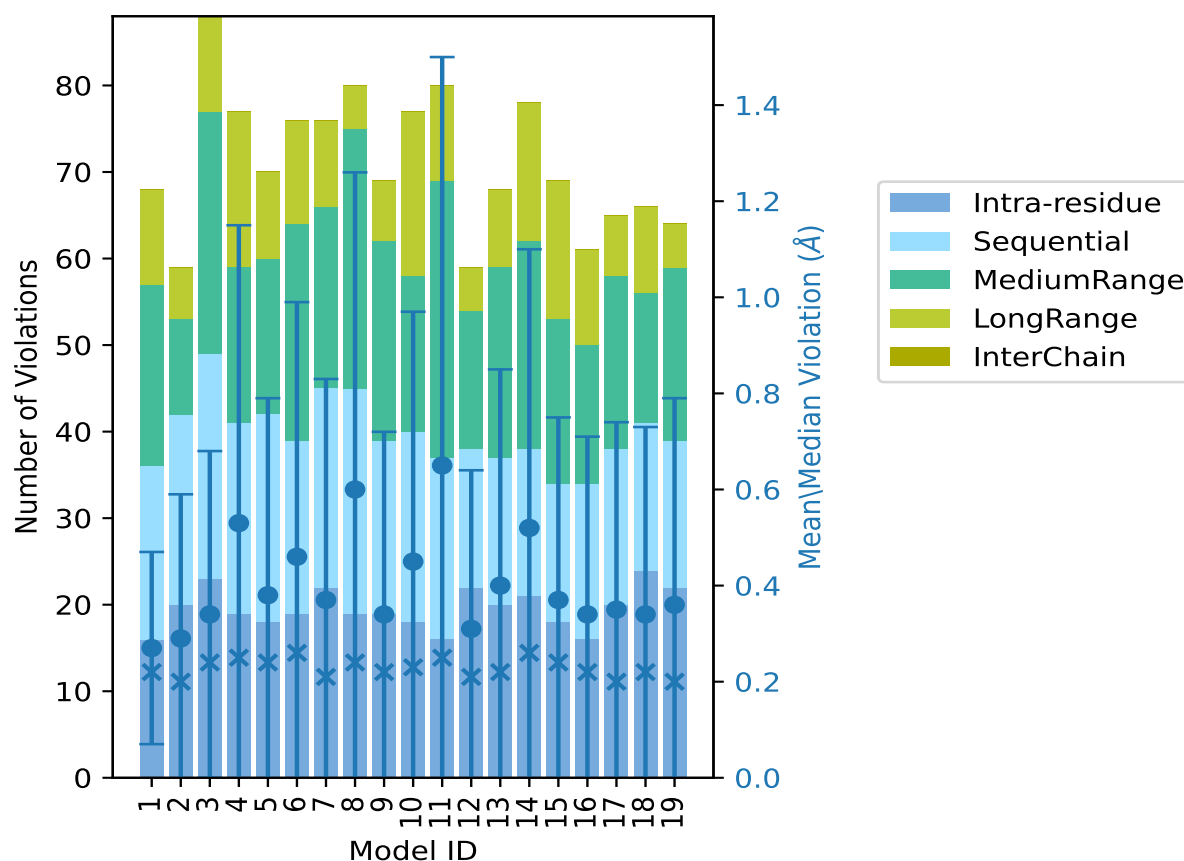
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Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD ⁶ (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total				
11	16	21	32	11	0	80	0.65	3.65	0.85	0.25
12	22	16	16	5	0	59	0.31	2.13	0.33	0.21
13	20	17	22	9	0	68	0.4	2.82	0.45	0.22
14	21	17	24	16	0	78	0.52	2.59	0.58	0.26
15	18	16	19	16	0	69	0.37	1.71	0.38	0.24
16	16	18	16	11	0	61	0.34	2.36	0.37	0.22
17	20	18	20	7	0	65	0.35	1.82	0.39	0.2
18	24	17	15	10	0	66	0.34	2.78	0.39	0.22
19	22	17	20	5	0	64	0.36	2.52	0.43	0.2

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints,

⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model ⓘ



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble ⓘ

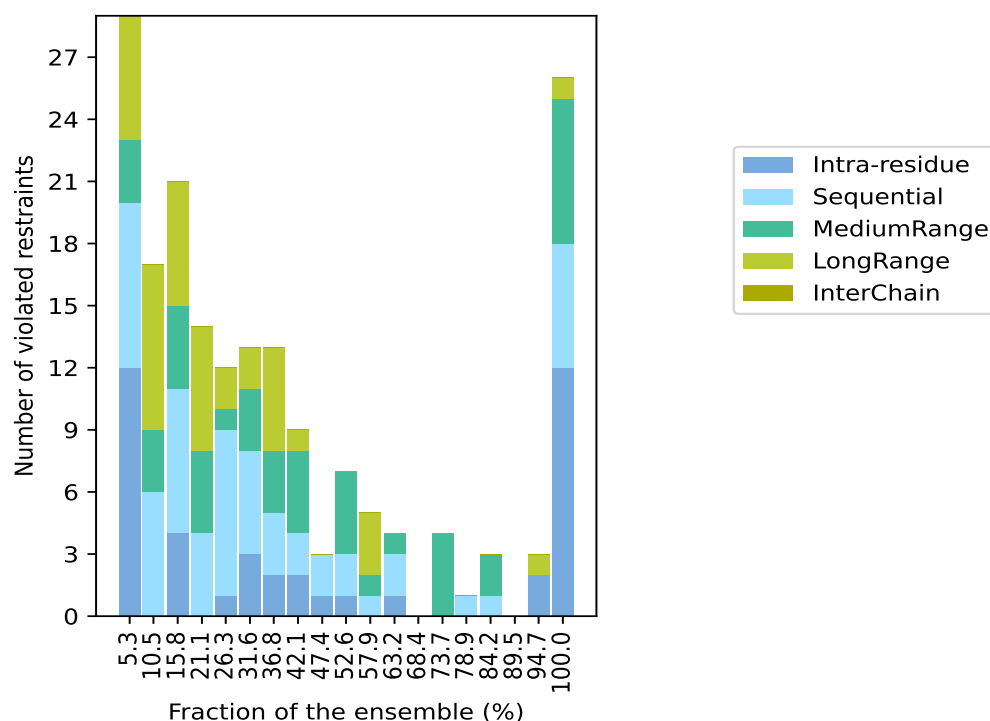
Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 1186(IR:592, SQ:227, MR:154, LR:213, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total	Count ⁶	%
12	8	3	6	0	29	1	5.3
0	6	3	8	0	17	2	10.5
4	7	4	6	0	21	3	15.8
0	4	4	6	0	14	4	21.1
1	8	1	2	0	12	5	26.3
3	5	3	2	0	13	6	31.6
2	3	3	5	0	13	7	36.8
2	2	4	1	0	9	8	42.1
1	2	0	0	0	3	9	47.4
1	2	4	0	0	7	10	52.6
0	1	1	3	0	5	11	57.9
1	2	1	0	0	4	12	63.2
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	68.4
0	0	4	0	0	4	14	73.7
0	1	0	0	0	1	15	78.9
0	1	2	0	0	3	16	84.2
0	0	0	0	0	0	17	89.5
2	0	0	1	0	3	18	94.7
12	6	7	1	0	26	19	100.0

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints,

⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶ Number of models with violations

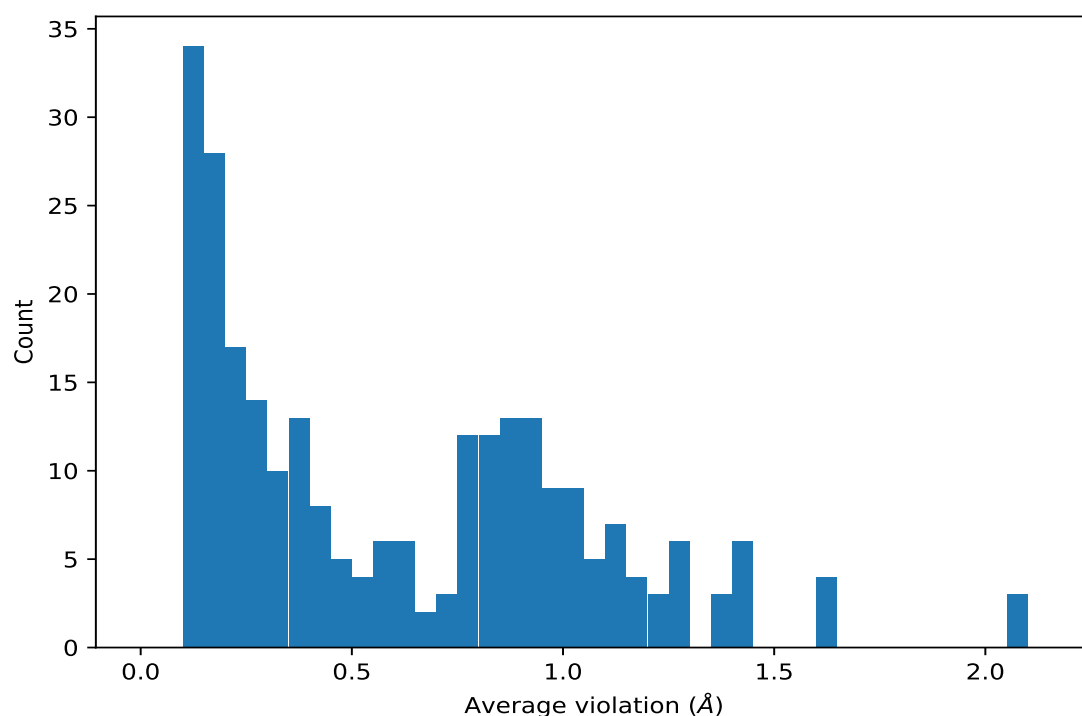
9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)



9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models ¹	Mean (Å)	SD ¹ (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,451)	1:18:A:VAL:HG11	1:15:A:LEU:HD11	19	1.03	0.04	1.05
(1,451)	1:18:A:VAL:HG11	1:15:A:LEU:HD12	19	1.03	0.04	1.05
(1,451)	1:18:A:VAL:HG11	1:15:A:LEU:HD13	19	1.03	0.04	1.05
(1,451)	1:18:A:VAL:HG12	1:15:A:LEU:HD11	19	1.03	0.04	1.05
(1,451)	1:18:A:VAL:HG12	1:15:A:LEU:HD12	19	1.03	0.04	1.05
(1,451)	1:18:A:VAL:HG12	1:15:A:LEU:HD13	19	1.03	0.04	1.05
(1,451)	1:18:A:VAL:HG13	1:15:A:LEU:HD11	19	1.03	0.04	1.05
(1,451)	1:18:A:VAL:HG13	1:15:A:LEU:HD12	19	1.03	0.04	1.05
(1,451)	1:18:A:VAL:HG13	1:15:A:LEU:HD13	19	1.03	0.04	1.05
(1,1038)	1:49:A:LEU:HD11	1:51:A:GLN:HB2	19	0.8	0.06	0.8
(1,1038)	1:49:A:LEU:HD12	1:51:A:GLN:HB2	19	0.8	0.06	0.8
(1,1038)	1:49:A:LEU:HD13	1:51:A:GLN:HB2	19	0.8	0.06	0.8
(1,1186)	1:53:A:GLU:HB3	1:53:A:GLU:H	19	0.31	0.01	0.31
(1,1348)	1:55:A:TYR:HA	1:55:A:TYR:HE2	19	0.31	0.02	0.32
(1,1346)	1:52:A:LEU:HA	1:55:A:TYR:HE2	19	0.28	0.02	0.27
(1,1362)	1:55:A:TYR:HE2	1:52:A:LEU:HA	19	0.28	0.02	0.27

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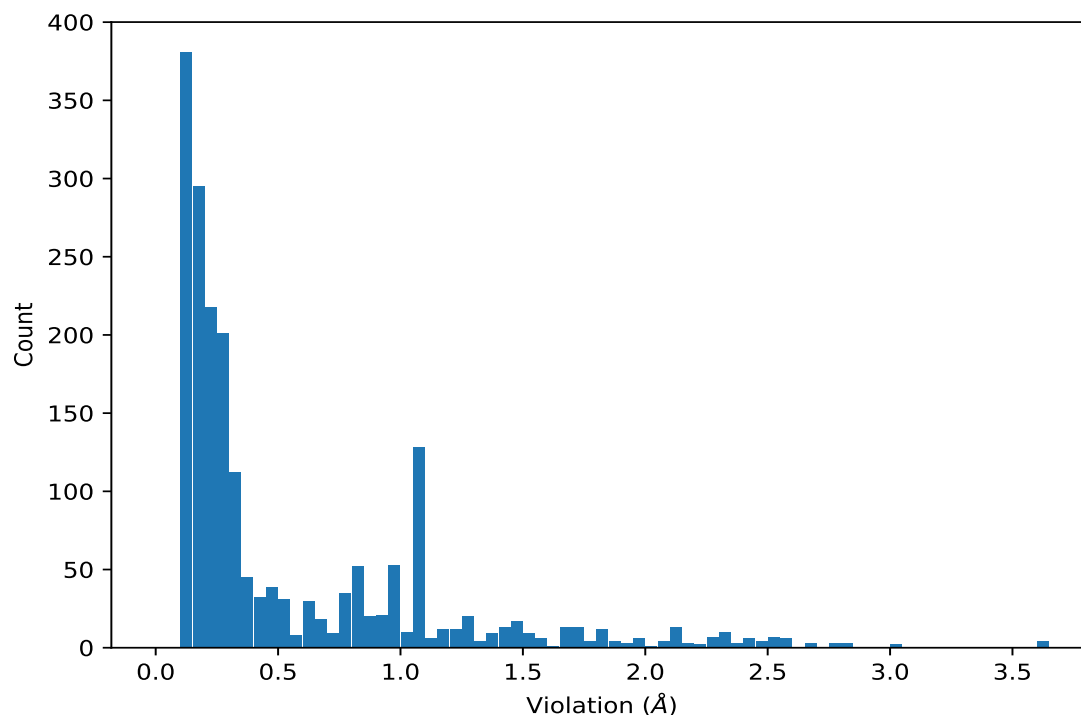
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models ¹	Mean (Å)	SD ¹ (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,364)	1:16:A:TYR:HA	1:24:A:PHE:HE1	19	0.27	0.03	0.26
(1,1074)	1:50:A:GLU:HA	1:51:A:GLN:H	19	0.27	0.01	0.27
(1,258)	1:13:A:GLU:HG2	1:13:A:GLU:H	19	0.26	0.01	0.26
(1,1202)	1:55:A:TYR:HA	1:55:A:TYR:HE1	19	0.24	0.02	0.24

¹Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints [i](#)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations [i](#)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,734)	1:31:A:GLU:HG2	1:28:A:ASP:HB3	11	3.65

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,734)	1:31:A:GLU:HG3	1:28:A:ASP:HB3	11	3.65
(1,668)	1:28:A:ASP:HB3	1:31:A:GLU:HG2	11	3.65
(1,668)	1:28:A:ASP:HB3	1:31:A:GLU:HG3	11	3.65
(1,735)	1:31:A:GLU:HG2	1:28:A:ASP:HB2	11	3.0
(1,735)	1:31:A:GLU:HG3	1:28:A:ASP:HB2	11	3.0
(1,402)	1:17:A:LEU:HD21	1:1:A:PHE:HD1	13	2.82
(1,402)	1:17:A:LEU:HD22	1:1:A:PHE:HD1	13	2.82
(1,402)	1:17:A:LEU:HD23	1:1:A:PHE:HD1	13	2.82
(1,402)	1:17:A:LEU:HD21	1:1:A:PHE:HD1	18	2.78
(1,402)	1:17:A:LEU:HD22	1:1:A:PHE:HD1	18	2.78
(1,402)	1:17:A:LEU:HD23	1:1:A:PHE:HD1	18	2.78
(1,402)	1:17:A:LEU:HD21	1:1:A:PHE:HD1	6	2.67
(1,402)	1:17:A:LEU:HD22	1:1:A:PHE:HD1	6	2.67
(1,402)	1:17:A:LEU:HD23	1:1:A:PHE:HD1	6	2.67
(1,1133)	1:52:A:LEU:HD11	1:1:A:PHE:HZ	14	2.59
(1,1133)	1:52:A:LEU:HD12	1:1:A:PHE:HZ	14	2.59
(1,1133)	1:52:A:LEU:HD13	1:1:A:PHE:HZ	14	2.59
(1,402)	1:17:A:LEU:HD21	1:1:A:PHE:HD1	7	2.56
(1,402)	1:17:A:LEU:HD22	1:1:A:PHE:HD1	7	2.56
(1,402)	1:17:A:LEU:HD23	1:1:A:PHE:HD1	7	2.56
(1,1301)	1:17:A:LEU:HD21	1:1:A:PHE:HD2	11	2.54
(1,1301)	1:17:A:LEU:HD22	1:1:A:PHE:HD2	11	2.54
(1,1301)	1:17:A:LEU:HD23	1:1:A:PHE:HD2	11	2.54
(1,666)	1:28:A:ASP:HB3	1:31:A:GLU:HB3	8	2.54

10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis [i](#)

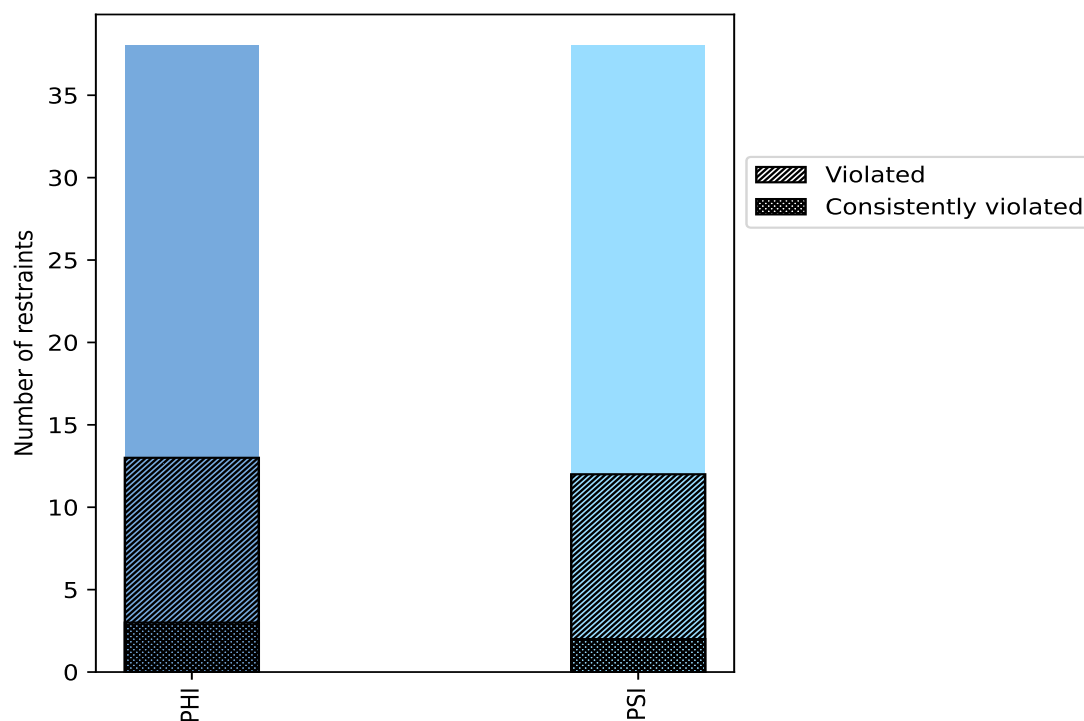
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations [i](#)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Angle type	Count	% ¹	Violated ³			Consistently Violated ⁴		
			Count	% ²	% ¹	Count	% ²	% ¹
PHI	38	50.0	13	34.2	17.1	3	7.9	3.9
PSI	38	50.0	12	31.6	15.8	2	5.3	2.6
Total	76	100.0	25	32.9	32.9	5	6.6	6.6

¹ percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations [i](#)



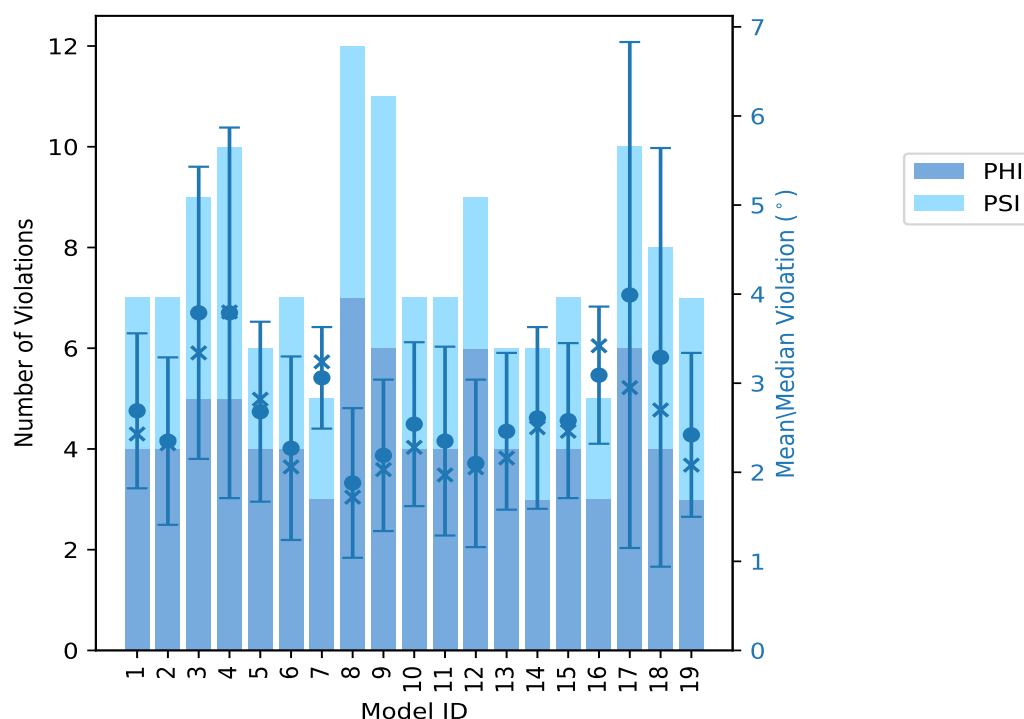
Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories

10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 1° are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations			Mean (°)	Max (°)	SD (°)	Median (°)
	PHI	PSI	Total				
1	4	3	7	2.69	3.98	0.87	2.43
2	4	3	7	2.35	3.67	0.94	2.32
3	5	4	9	3.79	6.44	1.64	3.34
4	5	5	10	3.79	9.09	2.08	3.8
5	4	2	6	2.68	3.95	1.01	2.82
6	4	3	7	2.27	4.0	1.03	2.06
7	3	2	5	3.06	3.77	0.57	3.24
8	7	5	12	1.88	3.59	0.84	1.72
9	6	5	11	2.19	3.93	0.85	2.03
10	4	3	7	2.54	4.11	0.92	2.28
11	4	3	7	2.35	4.04	1.06	1.97
12	6	3	9	2.1	3.83	0.94	2.05
13	4	2	6	2.46	3.94	0.88	2.16
14	3	3	6	2.61	3.97	1.02	2.5
15	4	3	7	2.58	4.35	0.87	2.46
16	3	2	5	3.09	4.01	0.77	3.42
17	6	4	10	3.99	11.65	2.84	2.95
18	4	4	8	3.29	8.96	2.35	2.7
19	3	4	7	2.42	4.28	0.92	2.08

10.2.1 Bar graph : Dihedral violation statistics for each model [i](#)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Number of violated restraints			Fraction of the ensemble	
PHI	PSI	Total	Count ¹	%
6	3	9	1	5.3
2	4	6	2	10.5
1	1	2	3	15.8
0	1	1	4	21.1
0	0	0	5	26.3
0	0	0	6	31.6
0	1	1	7	36.8
0	0	0	8	42.1
0	0	0	9	47.4
0	0	0	10	52.6
0	0	0	11	57.9

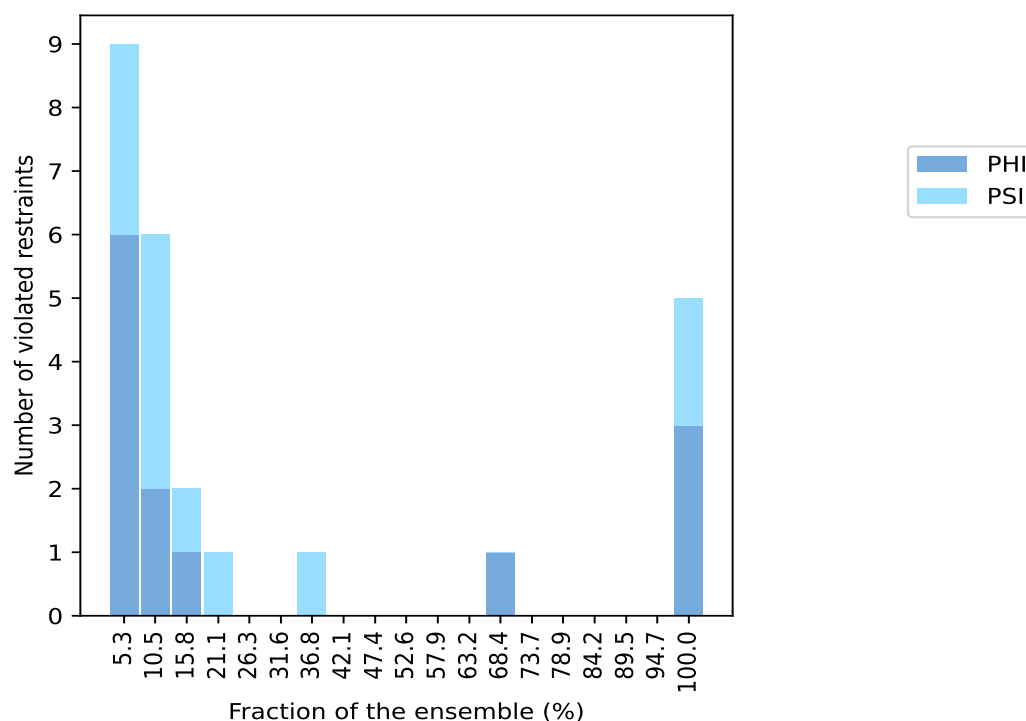
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Number of violated restraints			Fraction of the ensemble	
PHI	PSI	Total	Count ¹	%
0	0	0	12	63.2
1	0	1	13	68.4
0	0	0	14	73.7
0	0	0	15	78.9
0	0	0	16	84.2
0	0	0	17	89.5
0	0	0	18	94.7
3	2	5	19	100.0

¹ Number of models with violations

10.3.1 Bar graph : Dihedral-angle Violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)

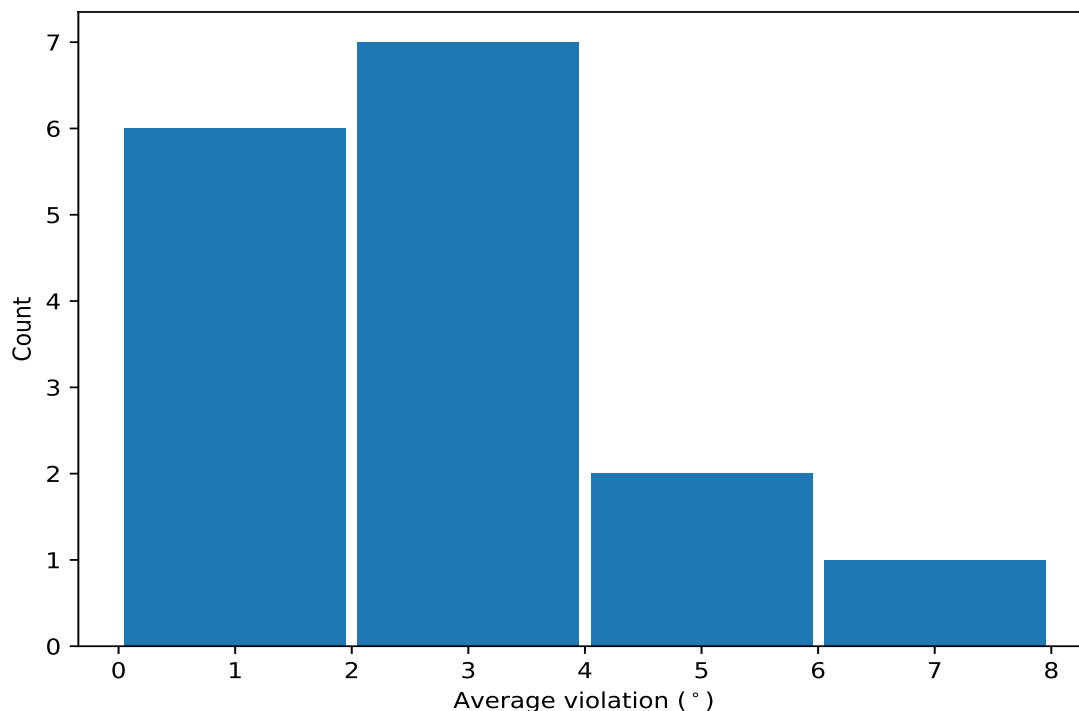


10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

10.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean dihedral-angle violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models

in the ensemble



10.4.2 Table: Most violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

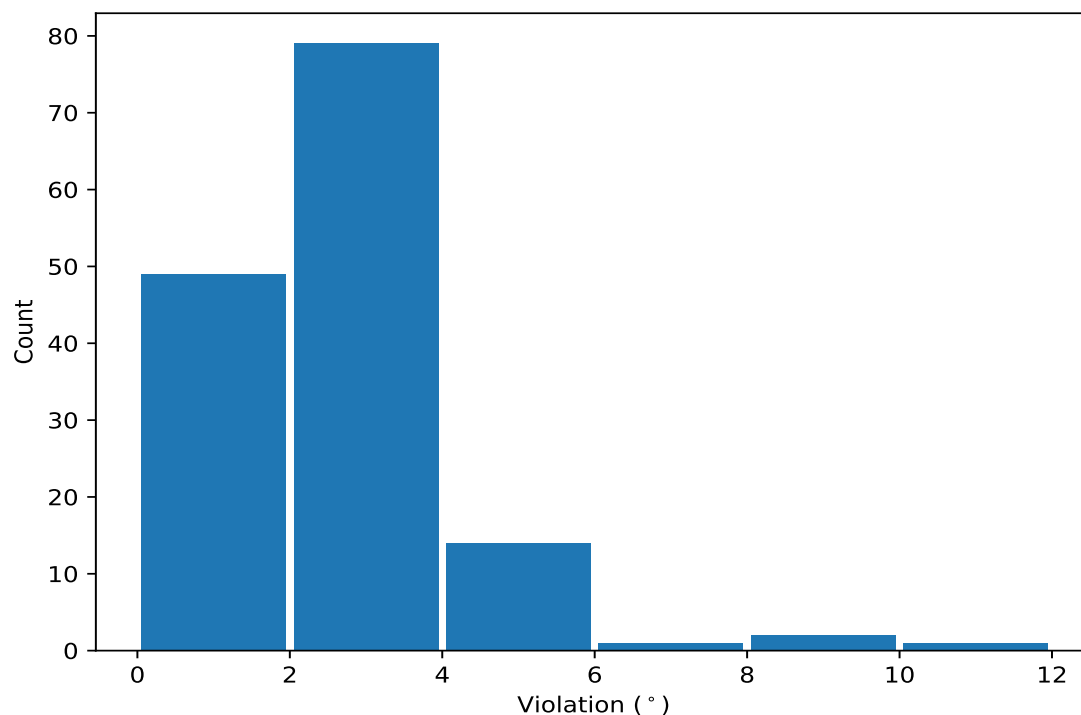
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Models ¹	Mean	SD ²	Median
(1,17)	1:13:A:GLU:C	1:14:A:ALA:N	1:14:A:ALA:CA	1:14:A:ALA:C	19	3.96	0.36	3.97
(1,61)	1:48:A:SER:C	1:49:A:LEU:N	1:49:A:LEU:CA	1:49:A:LEU:C	19	3.56	0.31	3.57
(1,72)	1:54:A:ASN:N	1:54:A:ASN:CA	1:54:A:ASN:C	1:55:A:TYR:N	19	2.47	0.45	2.43
(1,42)	1:39:A:VAL:N	1:39:A:VAL:CA	1:39:A:VAL:C	1:40:A:GLU:N	19	2.37	0.54	2.16
(1,67)	1:51:A:GLN:C	1:52:A:LEU:N	1:52:A:LEU:CA	1:52:A:LEU:C	19	1.93	0.38	1.82
(1,45)	1:40:A:GLU:C	1:41:A:GLN:N	1:41:A:GLN:CA	1:41:A:GLN:C	13	1.34	0.17	1.31
(1,76)	1:56:A:CYS:N	1:56:A:CYS:CA	1:56:A:CYS:C	1:57:A:ASN:N	7	3.04	1.26	2.46
(1,24)	1:17:A:LEU:N	1:17:A:LEU:CA	1:17:A:LEU:C	1:18:A:VAL:N	4	1.63	0.19	1.65
(1,38)	1:28:A:ASP:N	1:28:A:ASP:CA	1:28:A:ASP:C	1:29:A:PRO:N	3	6.84	3.1	8.96
(1,1)	1:4:A:GLN:C	1:5:A:HIS:N	1:5:A:HIS:CA	1:5:A:HIS:C	3	2.08	0.61	2.37

¹ Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation, All angle values are in degree (°)

10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

10.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



10.5.2 Table: All violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the list of violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation (°)
(1,6)	1:7:A:CYS:N	1:7:A:CYS:CA	1:7:A:CYS:C	1:8:A:GLY:N	17	11.65
(1,38)	1:28:A:ASP:N	1:28:A:ASP:CA	1:28:A:ASP:C	1:29:A:PRO:N	4	9.09
(1,38)	1:28:A:ASP:N	1:28:A:ASP:CA	1:28:A:ASP:C	1:29:A:PRO:N	18	8.96
(1,28)	1:19:A:CYS:N	1:19:A:CYS:CA	1:19:A:CYS:C	1:20:A:GLY:N	3	6.44
(1,4)	1:6:A:LEU:N	1:6:A:LEU:CA	1:6:A:LEU:C	1:7:A:CYS:N	17	5.98
(1,76)	1:56:A:CYS:N	1:56:A:CYS:CA	1:56:A:CYS:C	1:57:A:ASN:N	3	5.82
(1,29)	1:20:A:GLY:C	1:21:A:GLU:N	1:21:A:GLU:CA	1:21:A:GLU:C	3	4.8
(1,17)	1:13:A:GLU:C	1:14:A:ALA:N	1:14:A:ALA:CA	1:14:A:ALA:C	4	4.57
(1,17)	1:13:A:GLU:C	1:14:A:ALA:N	1:14:A:ALA:CA	1:14:A:ALA:C	3	4.55
(1,28)	1:19:A:CYS:N	1:19:A:CYS:CA	1:19:A:CYS:C	1:20:A:GLY:N	4	4.48