



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 5, 2026 – 08:22 PM UTC

PDB ID : 7XOV / pdb_00007xov
EMDB ID : EMD-33360
Title : Structural insights into human brain gut peptide cholecystokinin receptors
Authors : Ding, Y.; Zhang, H.; Liao, Y.; Chen, L.; Ji, S.
Deposited on : 2022-05-01
Resolution : 3.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

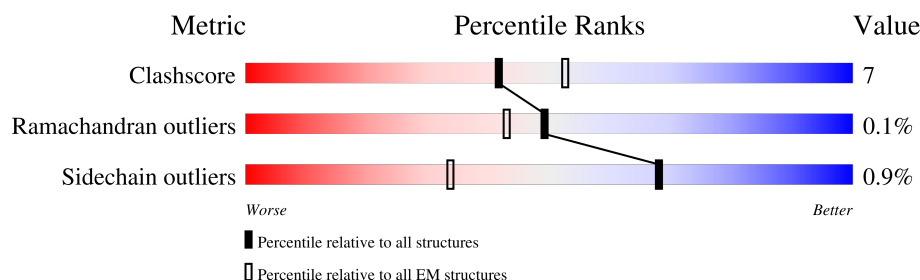
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	23984
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	380	32% 53% 6% 40%
2	B	338	67% 92% 6%
3	G	71	55% 72% 8% 20%
4	N	126	53% 89% 9%
5	R	428	36% 55% 10% 33%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
6	IA1	R	501	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8219 atoms, of which 1 is hydrogen and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Isoform Gnas-2 of Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(s) subunit alpha isoforms short.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	227	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1884	1189	342	346	7		

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	54	ASN	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P63092-2
A	226	ALA	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP P63092-2
A	268	ALA	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P63092-2
A	271	LYS	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP P63092-2
A	274	ASP	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P63092-2
A	280	LYS	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P63092-2
A	284	ASP	THR	engineered mutation	UNP P63092-2
A	285	THR	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P63092-2

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	338	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2601	1604	467	509	21		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	G	57	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			436	273	77	83	3		

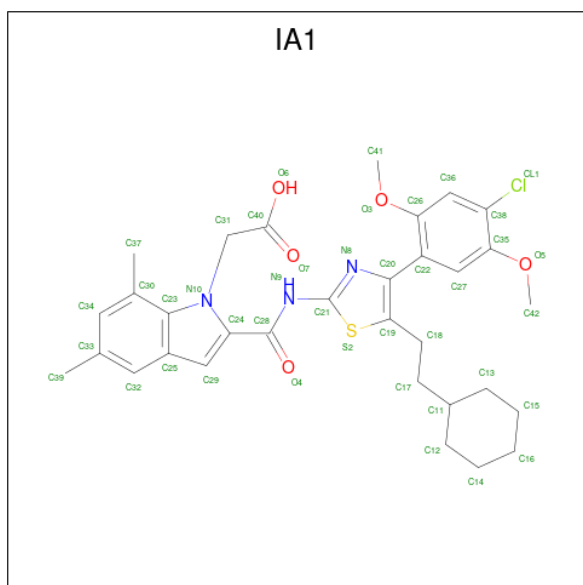
- Molecule 4 is a protein called Nanobody 35.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	N	126	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			961	599	168	188	6		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Cholecystokinin receptor type A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	R	288	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2293	1520	370	380	23		

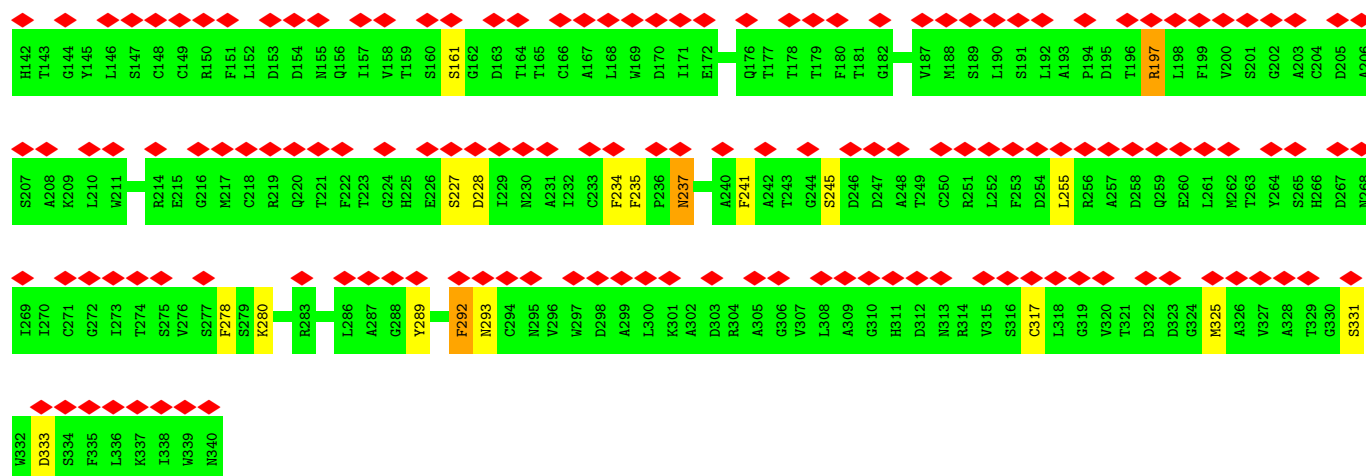
- Molecule 6 is 2-[2-[[4-(4-chloranyl-2,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-5-(2-cyclohexylethyl)-1,3-thiazol-2-yl]carbamoyl]-5,7-dimethyl-indol-1-yl]ethanoic acid (CCD ID: IA1) (formula: $C_{32}H_{36}ClN_3O_5S$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



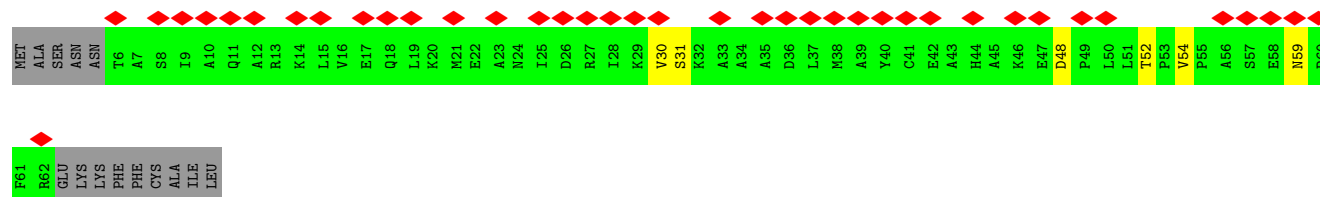
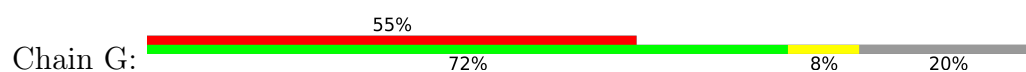
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms							AltConf
6	R	1	Total	C	Cl	H	N	O	S	0
			43	32	1	1	3	5	1	

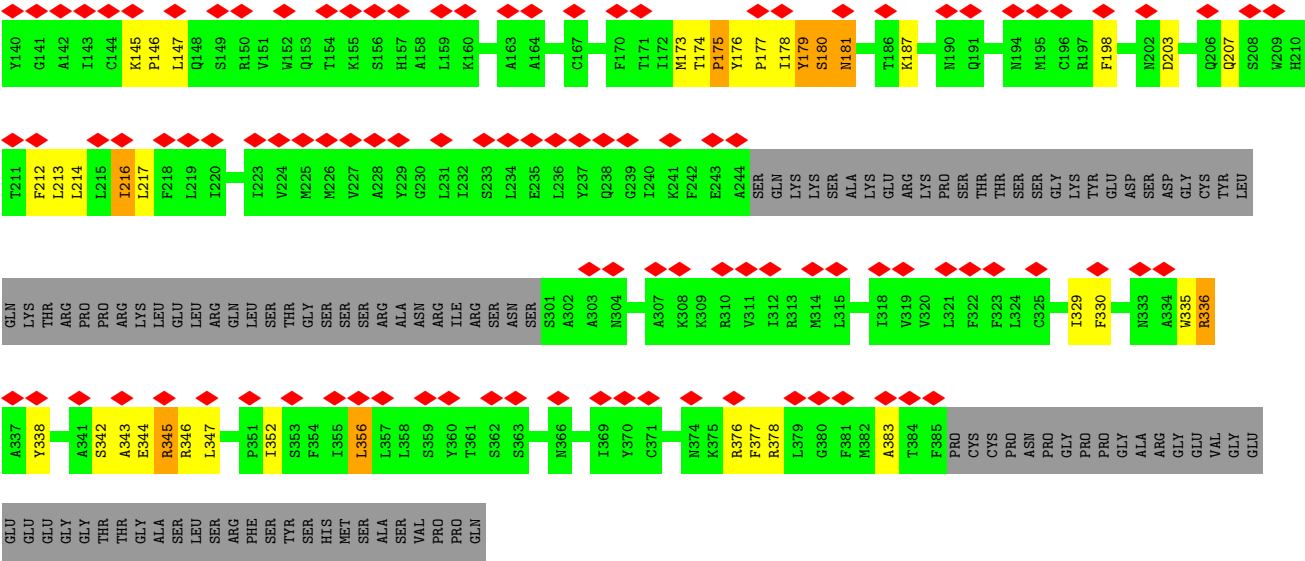
- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
7	R	1	Total	O	0
			1	1	



- Molecule 3: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2





4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	606654	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	62	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1200	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	5000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 QUANTUM (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.234	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.159	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.007	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.01	Depositor
Map size (Å)	194.68802, 194.68802, 194.68802	wwPDB
Map dimensions	192, 192, 192	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.014, 1.014, 1.014	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: IA1

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.94	0/1918	1.23	18/2577 (0.7%)
2	B	0.98	0/2648	1.28	24/3589 (0.7%)
3	G	0.78	0/442	1.21	8/597 (1.3%)
4	N	0.98	1/981 (0.1%)	1.67	15/1329 (1.1%)
5	R	0.94	1/2346 (0.0%)	1.31	13/3186 (0.4%)
All	All	0.95	2/8335 (0.0%)	1.32	78/11278 (0.7%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	7
2	B	0	5
4	N	0	3
5	R	0	4
All	All	0	19

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	R	109	PHE	CG-CD1	-5.04	1.28	1.38
4	N	98	ARG	CG-CD	-5.03	1.37	1.52

The worst 5 of 78 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	R	187	LYS	CA-C-N	20.35	154.71	120.72
5	R	187	LYS	C-N-CA	20.35	154.71	120.72

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	N	28	THR	CA-C-N	-18.94	96.53	122.85
4	N	28	THR	C-N-CA	-18.94	96.53	122.85
4	N	120	GLN	CA-C-N	16.58	151.55	121.70

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 19 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	205	SER	Mainchain
1	A	223	ASP	Peptide,Mainchain
1	A	227	GLN	Peptide,Mainchain
1	A	276	ILE	Mainchain
1	A	353	GLY	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1884	0	1862	6	0
2	B	2601	0	2505	6	0
3	G	436	0	448	1	0
4	N	961	0	928	3	0
5	R	2293	0	2408	97	0
6	R	42	1	0	30	0
7	R	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	8218	1	8151	112	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 112 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:R:347:LEU:HD12	6:R:501:IA1:C39	1.43	1.45
5:R:179:TYR:CE1	5:R:198:PHE:HB2	1.60	1.35

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:R:347:LEU:HD12	6:R:501:IA1:C33	1.78	1.13
5:R:179:TYR:CD1	5:R:198:PHE:HB2	1.84	1.12
5:R:343:ALA:HB1	6:R:501:IA1:C39	1.82	1.08

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	219/380 (58%)	214 (98%)	4 (2%)	1 (0%)	24	60
2	B	336/338 (99%)	327 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100	100
3	G	55/71 (78%)	55 (100%)	0	0	100	100
4	N	124/126 (98%)	122 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
5	R	284/428 (66%)	268 (94%)	16 (6%)	0	100	100
All	All	1018/1343 (76%)	986 (97%)	31 (3%)	1 (0%)	49	80

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	226	ALA

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	203/340 (60%)	202 (100%)	1 (0%)	81	89
2	B	281/281 (100%)	280 (100%)	1 (0%)	84	90
3	G	46/58 (79%)	46 (100%)	0	100	100
4	N	104/104 (100%)	104 (100%)	0	100	100
5	R	259/382 (68%)	253 (98%)	6 (2%)	44	74
All	All	893/1165 (77%)	885 (99%)	8 (1%)	68	85

5 of 8 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	R	356	LEU
5	R	345	ARG
5	R	216	ILE
5	R	119	TYR
5	R	336	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	294	GLN
2	B	91	HIS
2	B	293	ASN
2	B	340	ASN
5	R	207	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
6	IA1	R	501	-	46,46,46	5.65	26 (56%)	61,66,66	5.16	17 (27%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	IA1	R	501	-	-	10/25/33/33	0/5/5/5

The worst 5 of 26 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	R	501	IA1	C23-C30	13.02	1.57	1.40
6	R	501	IA1	C21-S2	-10.92	1.55	1.73
6	R	501	IA1	C20-N8	10.70	1.56	1.38
6	R	501	IA1	C19-S2	-10.66	1.52	1.74
6	R	501	IA1	C32-C25	9.56	1.56	1.40

The worst 5 of 17 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	R	501	IA1	C19-S2-C21	36.61	106.93	88.76
6	R	501	IA1	S2-C21-N8	-8.34	108.32	115.78
6	R	501	IA1	C19-C20-N8	-6.93	108.28	116.06
6	R	501	IA1	O5-C35-C38	4.35	120.72	116.62
6	R	501	IA1	S2-C21-N9	4.11	129.22	123.72

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 10 torsion outliers are listed below:

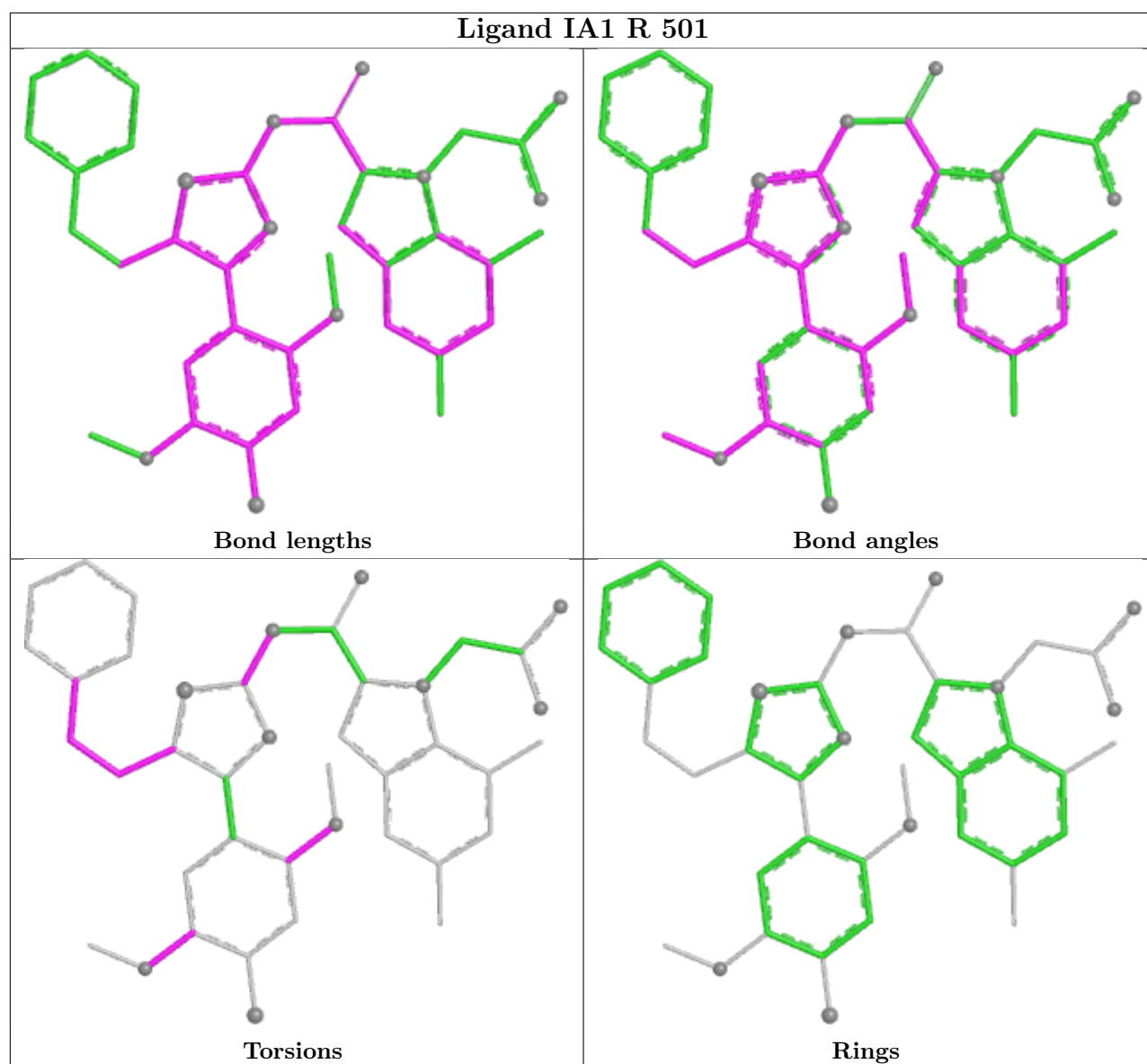
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	R	501	IA1	N8-C21-N9-C28
6	R	501	IA1	C17-C18-C19-S2
6	R	501	IA1	C22-C26-O3-C41
6	R	501	IA1	C11-C17-C18-C19
6	R	501	IA1	S2-C21-N9-C28

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 30 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	R	501	IA1	30	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

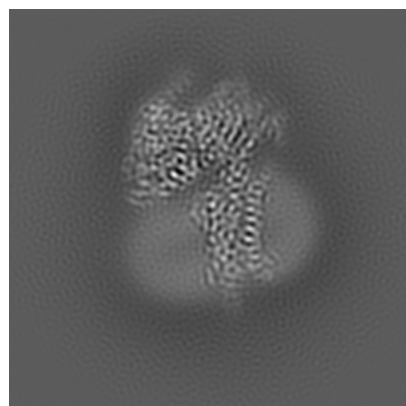
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-33360. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

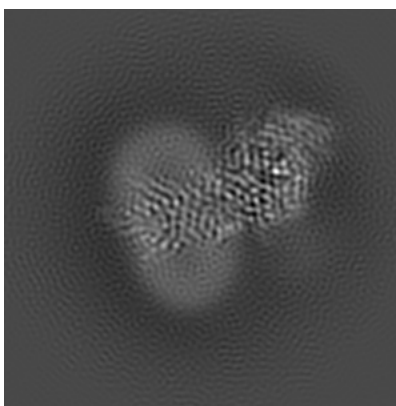
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

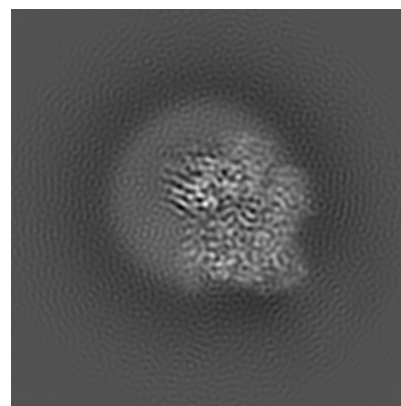
6.1.1 Primary map



X

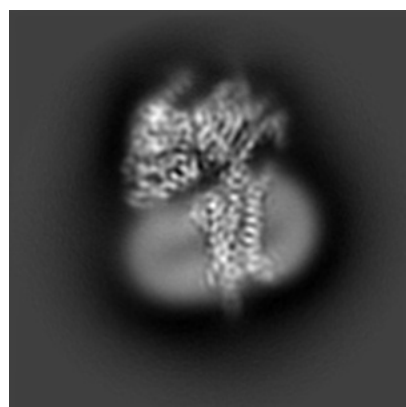


Y

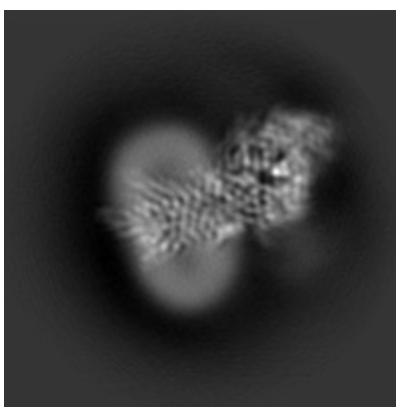


Z

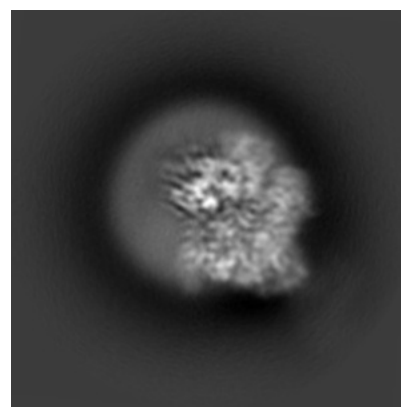
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

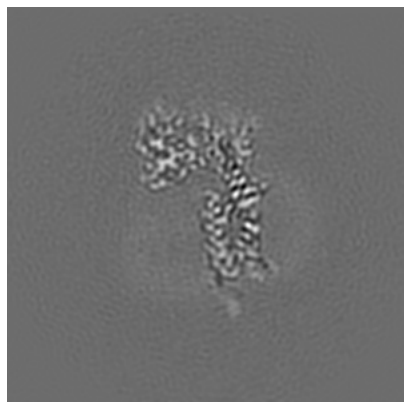


Z

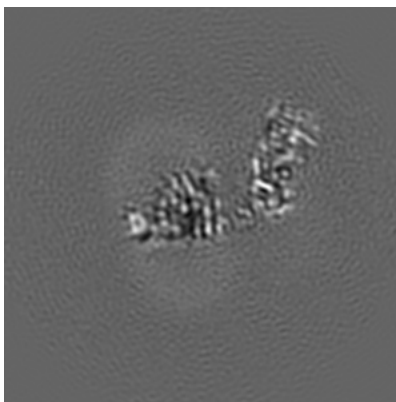
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

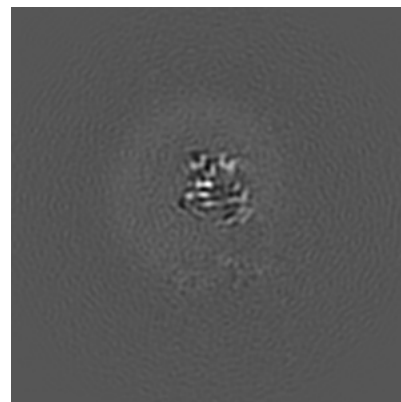
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 96

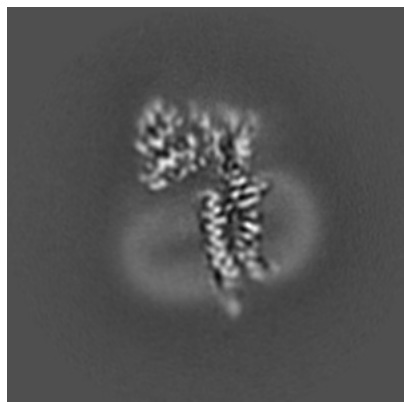


Y Index: 96

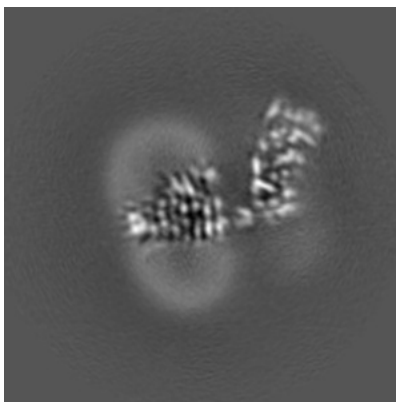


Z Index: 96

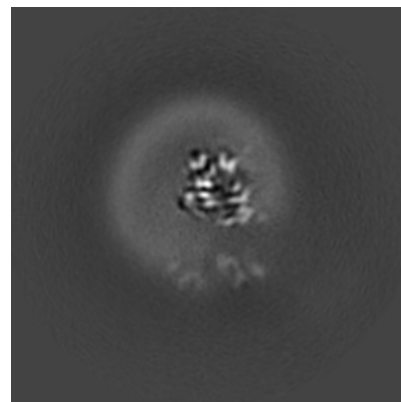
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 96



Y Index: 96

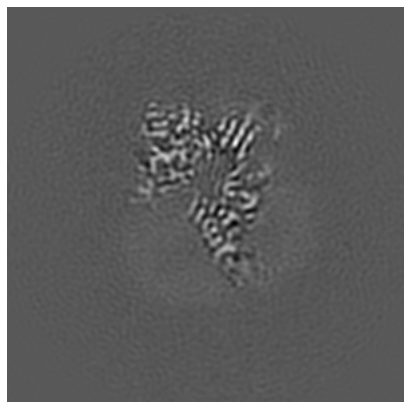


Z Index: 96

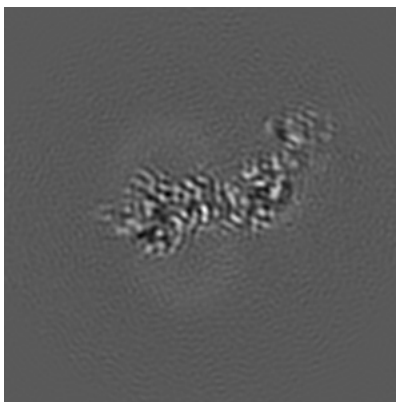
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

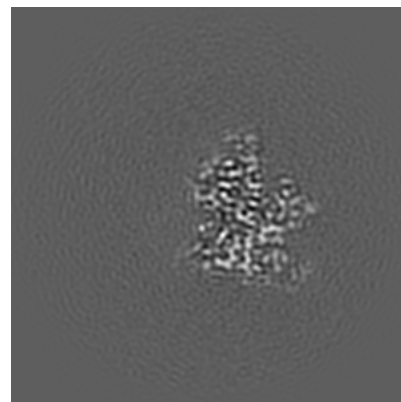
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 105

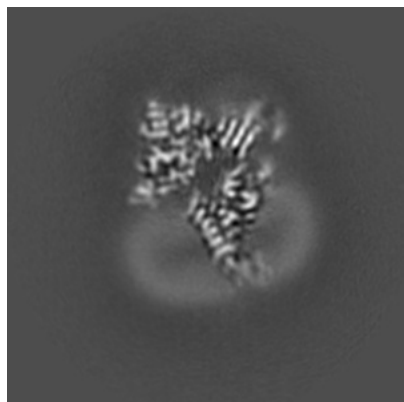


Y Index: 106

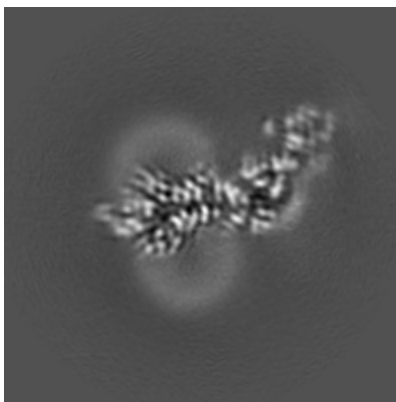


Z Index: 130

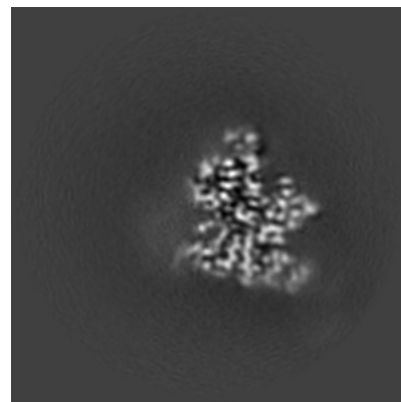
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 105



Y Index: 106

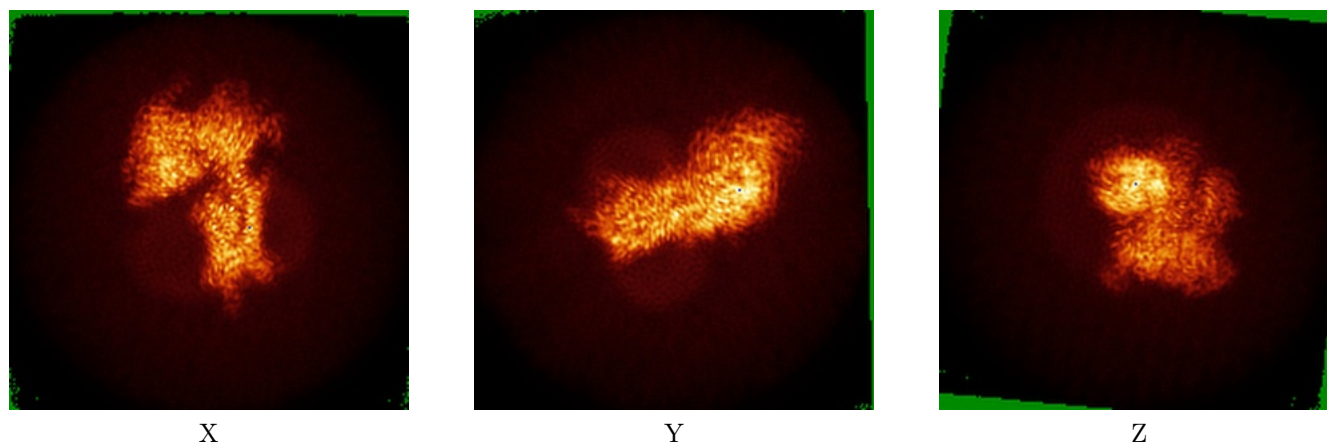


Z Index: 130

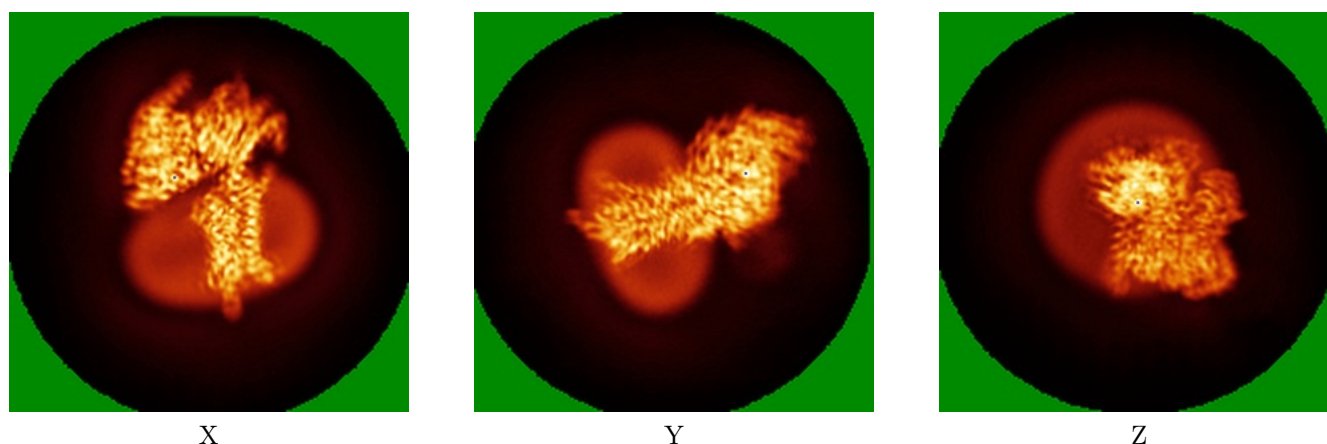
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

This section was not generated.

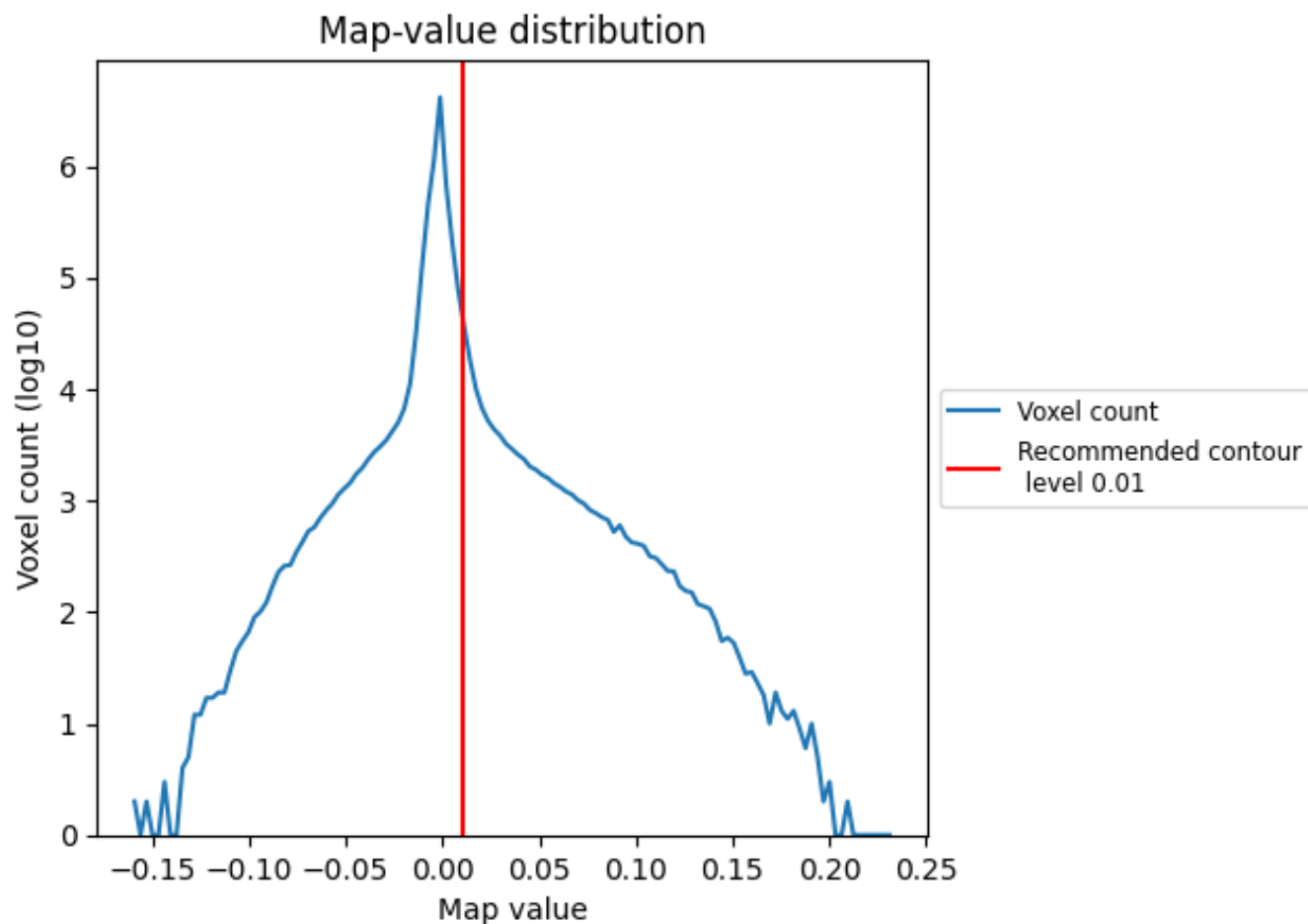
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

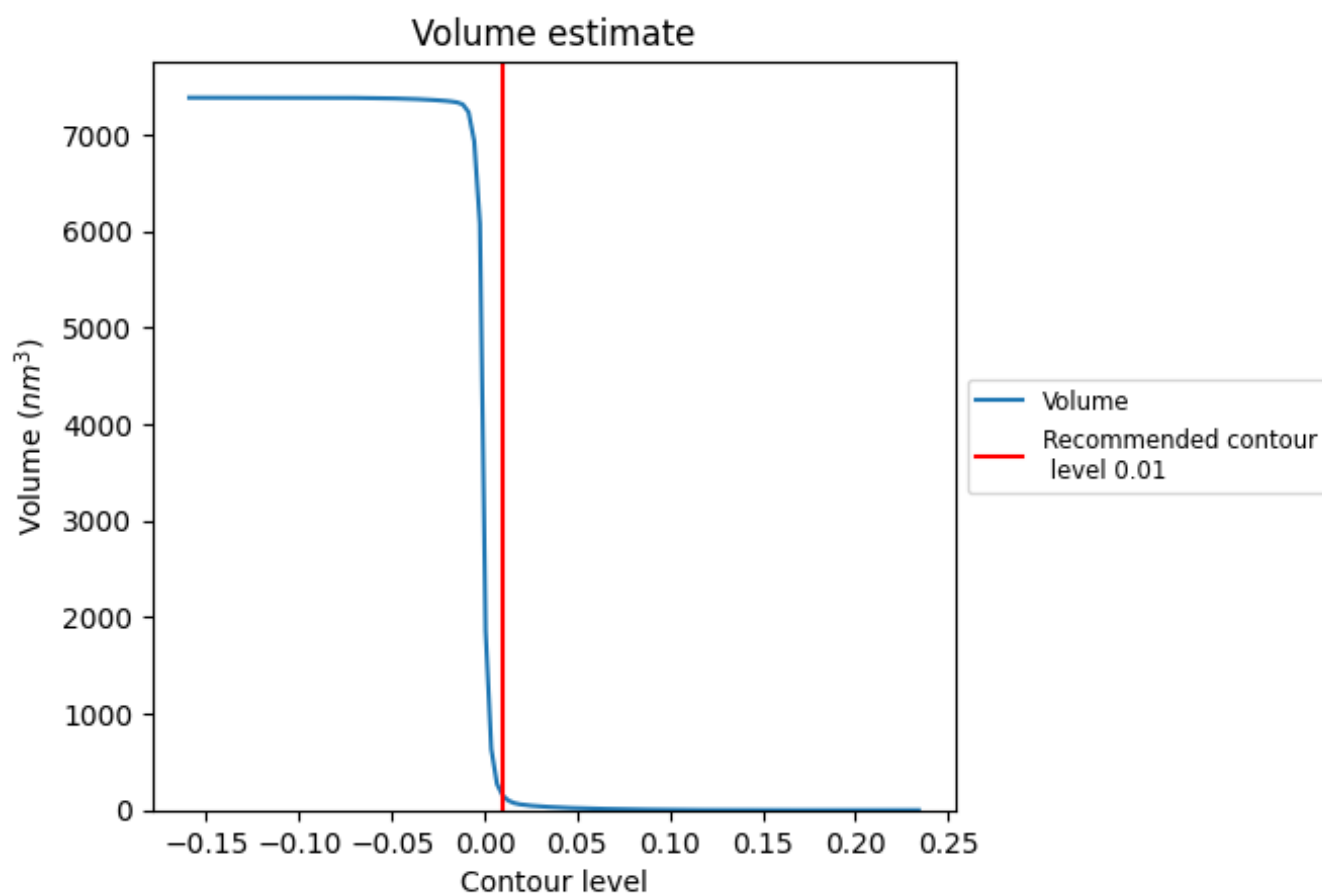
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

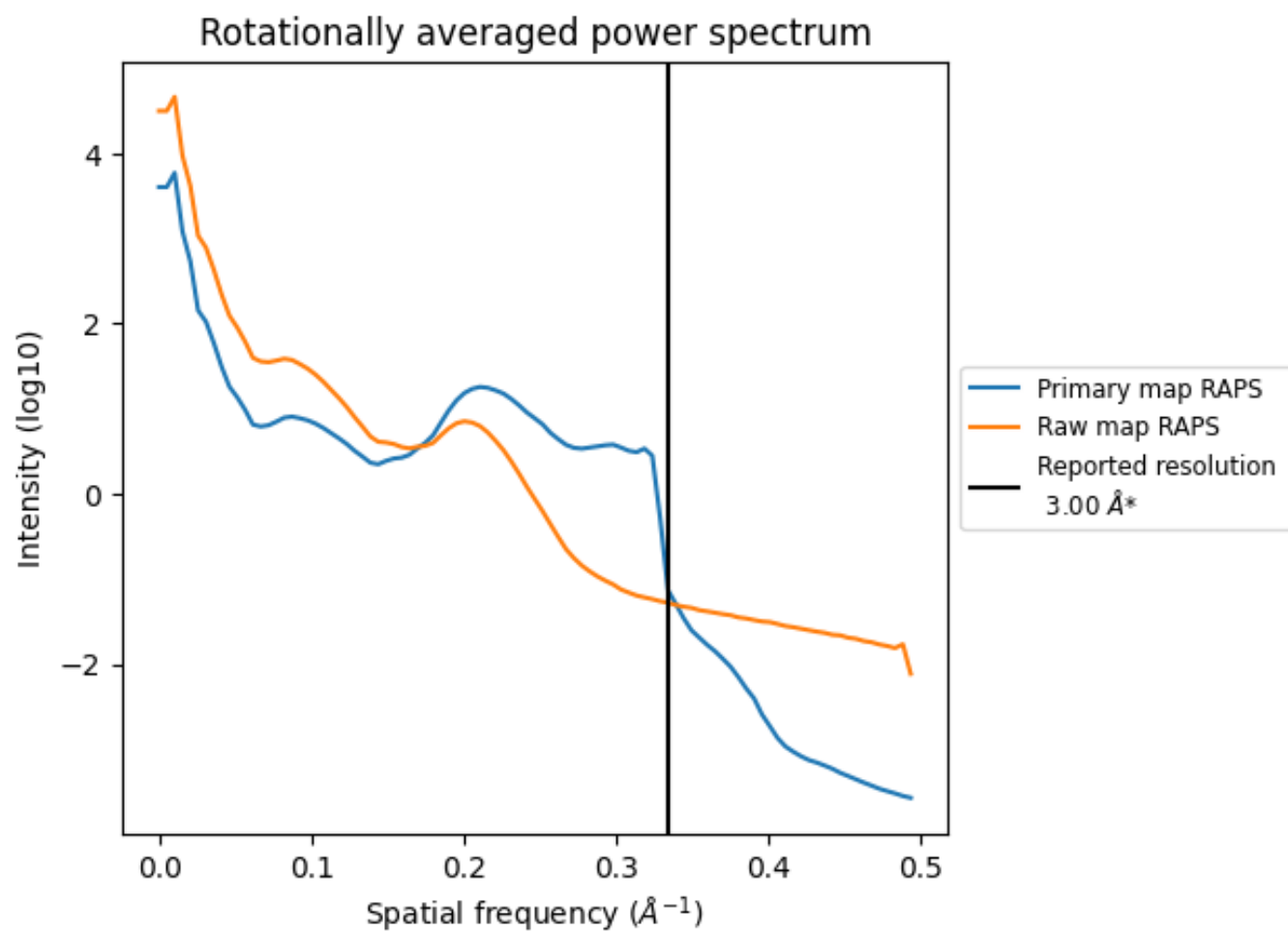
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 148 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 134 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

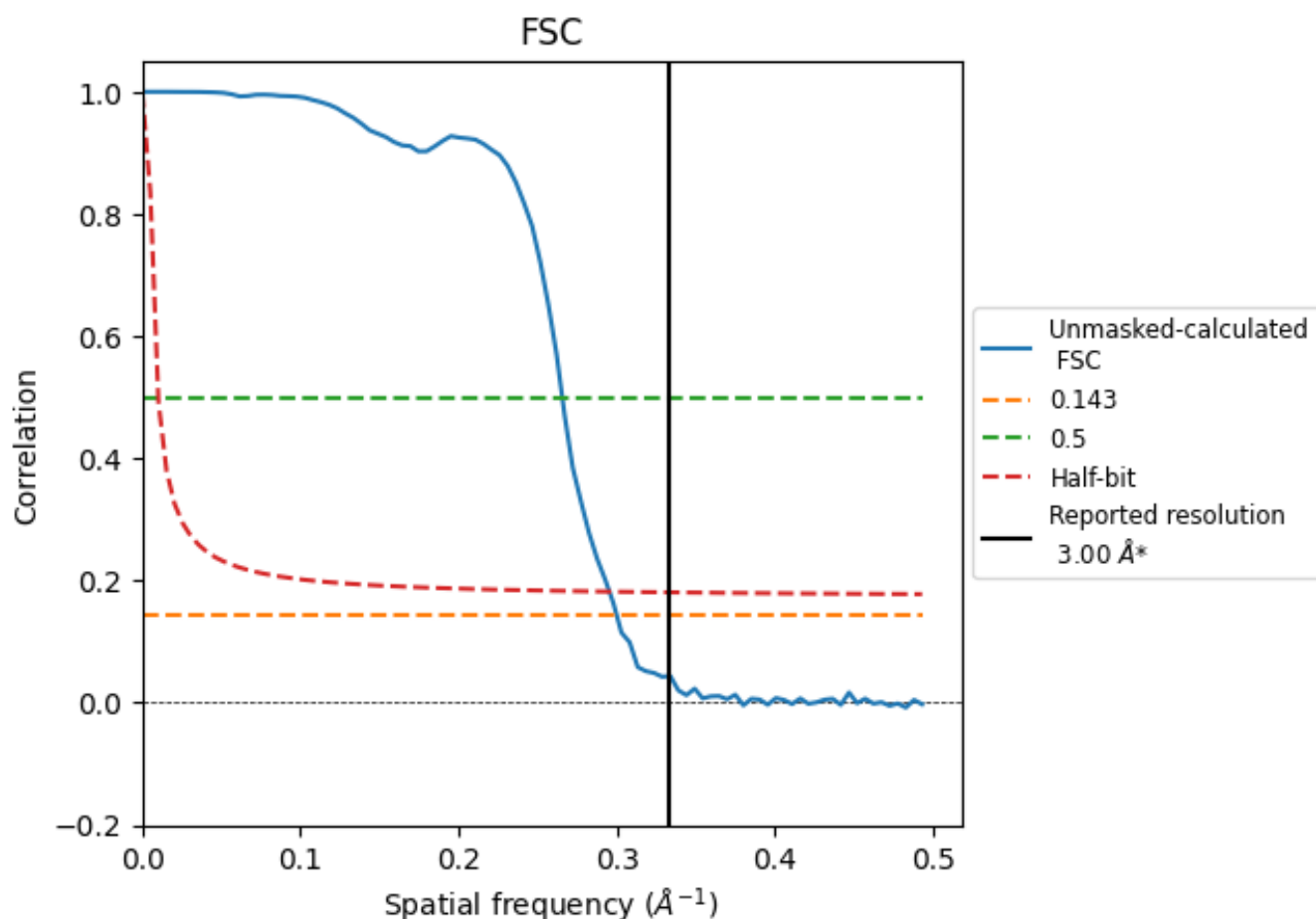


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.333 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.333 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.00	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	3.33	3.77	3.39

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.33 differs from the reported value 3.0 by more than 10 %

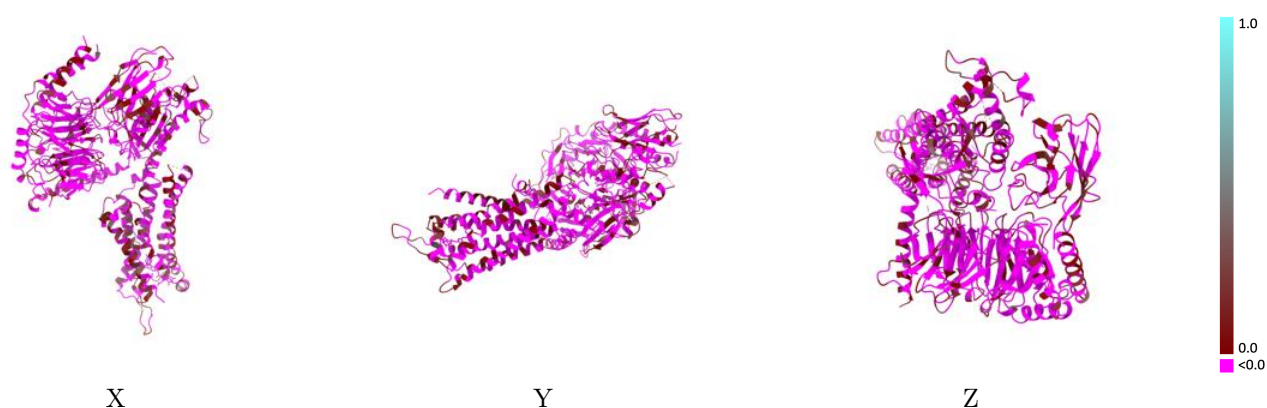
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-33360 and PDB model 7XOV. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)

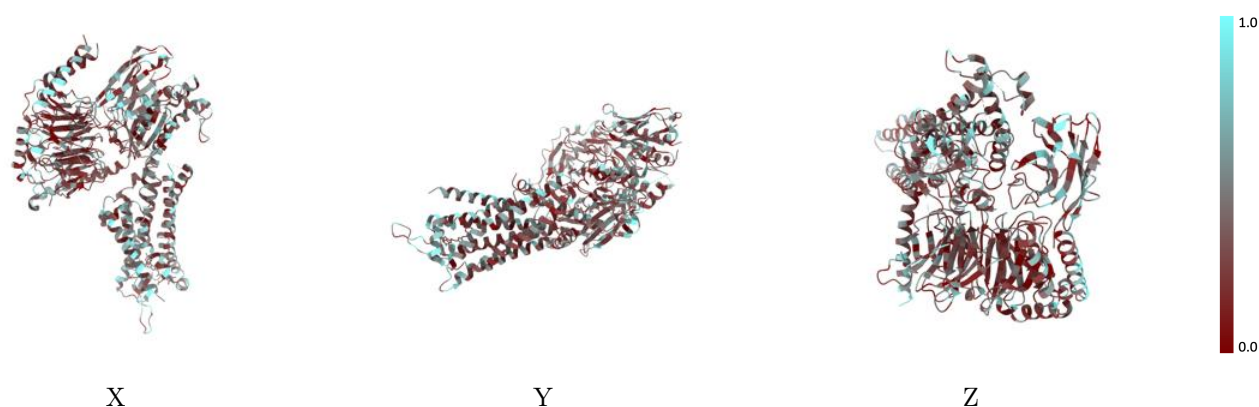
This section was not generated.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



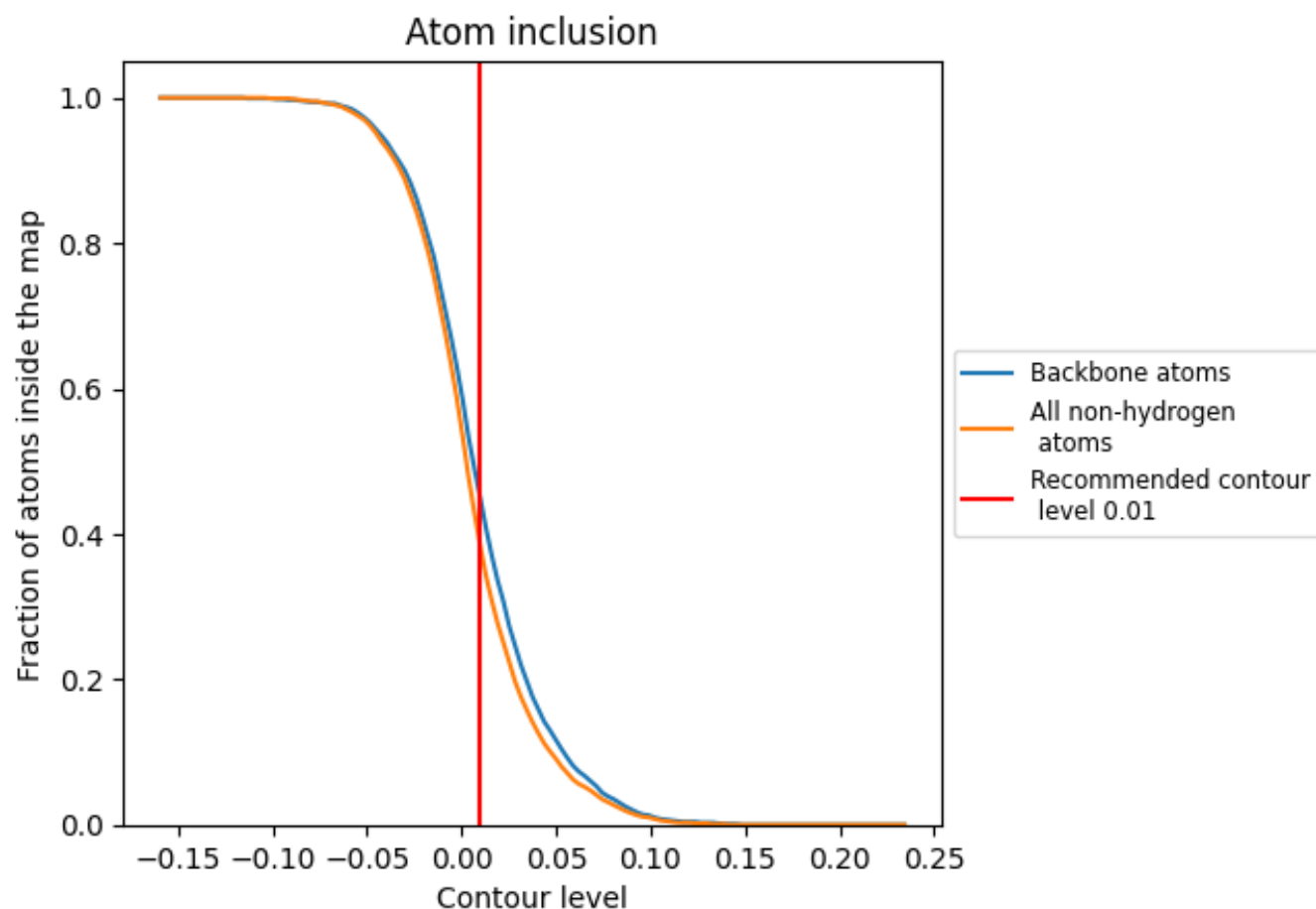
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.01).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 45% of all backbone atoms, 38% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.01) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.3820	-0.0790
A	0.3970	-0.0570
B	0.3350	-0.1210
G	0.3640	-0.0920
N	0.3900	-0.0710
R	0.4210	-0.0530

