



wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 06:26 AM UTC

PDB ID : 1XQN / pdb_00001xqn
Title : The 15k neutron structure of saccharide-free concanavalin A
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Deposited on : 2004-10-13
Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

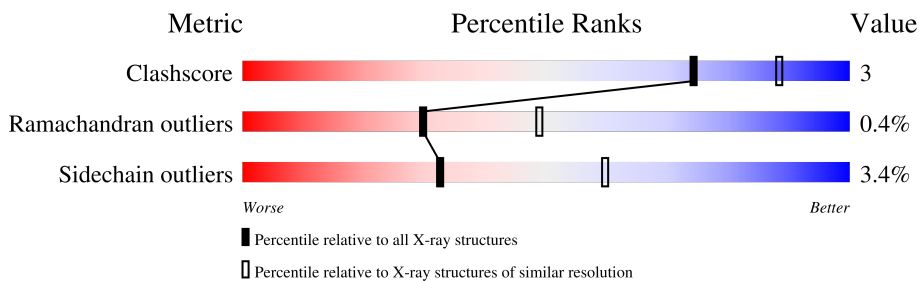
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

NEUTRON DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

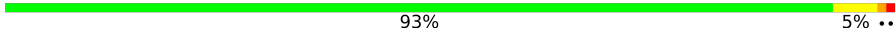
Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	190562	6492 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	6378 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	187428	6380 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	237	 93% 5% ..

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4127 atoms, of which 2089 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Concanavalin A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	237	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3564	1141	1755	302	364	2			

- Molecule 2 is MANGANESE (II) ION (CCD ID: MN) (formula: Mn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	Mn	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (CCD ID: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Ca	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 4 is water.

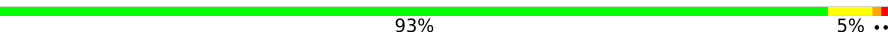
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	227	Total	H	O	0	0
			561	334	227		

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

- Molecule 1: Concanavalin A

Chain A:  93% 5% ..



4 Model quality [i](#)

4.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA, MN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.41	0/1851	0.93	2/2522 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	122	GLU	N-CA-C	13.24	126.41	110.91
1	A	121	HIS	N-CA-CB	5.28	119.41	110.49

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

4.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1809	1755	1755	11	1
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	227	334	0	0	0
All	All	2038	2089	1755	11	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 11 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:183:GLU:OE1	1:A:185:SER:OG	1.76	1.01
1:A:135:LYS:HD3	1:A:135:LYS:H	1.22	0.93
1:A:135:LYS:H	1:A:135:LYS:CD	1.83	0.84
1:A:135:LYS:HD3	1:A:135:LYS:N	1.88	0.82
1:A:9:LEU:HD12	1:A:25:ILE:HG22	1.56	0.78

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:122:GLU:HG2	1:A:131:ASN:HB3[2_665]	1.21	0.39

4.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

4.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	235/237 (99%)	227 (97%)	7 (3%)	1 (0%)	30 49

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	121	HIS

4.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	203/203 (100%)	196 (97%)	7 (3%)	32	60

5 of 7 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	122	GLU
1	A	151	ASP
1	A	198	LEU
1	A	162	ASN
1	A	121	HIS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	118	ASN
1	A	131	ASN
1	A	132	GLN
1	A	237	ASN

4.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

4.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

4.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

4.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

4.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

4.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.