



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 11:34 PM UTC

PDB ID : 4XSS / pdb_00004xss
Title : Insulin-like growth factor I in complex with site 1 of a hybrid insulin receptor
/ Type 1 insulin-like growth factor receptor
Authors : Lawrence, C.; Kong, G.K.-W.; Menting, J.G.; Lawrence, M.C.
Deposited on : 2015-01-22
Resolution : 3.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0
EDS : 3.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4 : 9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness : 1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

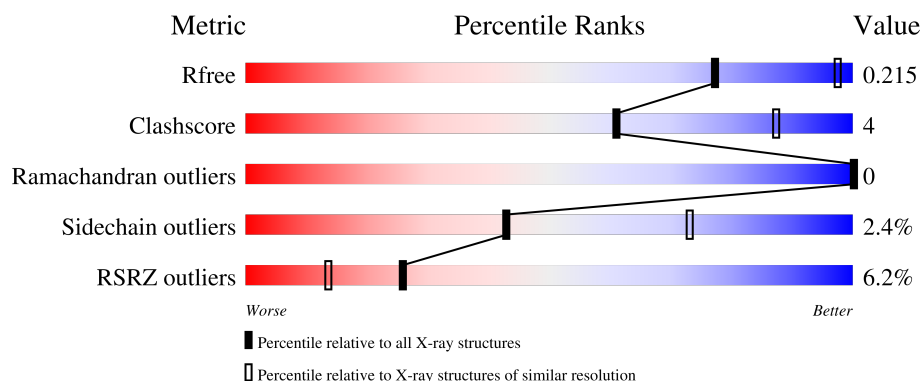
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	2672 (3.00-3.00)
Clashscore	190562	2977 (3.00-3.00)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	2877 (3.00-3.00)
Sidechain outliers	187428	2880 (3.00-3.00)
RSRZ outliers	180081	2671 (3.00-3.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	B	70	
2	E	317	
3	F	16	
4	A	4	
5	C	3	

2 Entry composition

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3081 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Insulin-like growth factor I.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	B	47	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			368	230	61	70	7			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Insulin receptor.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	E	309	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2461	1545	432	450	34			

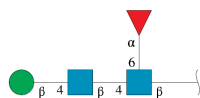
There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
E	144	HIS	TYR	conflict	UNP P06213
E	311	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P06213
E	312	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P06213
E	313	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P06213
E	314	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P06213
E	315	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P06213
E	316	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P06213
E	317	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P06213

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Insulin-like growth factor receptor alpha-CT peptide.

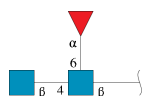
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	F	12	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			104	68	19	17			

- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



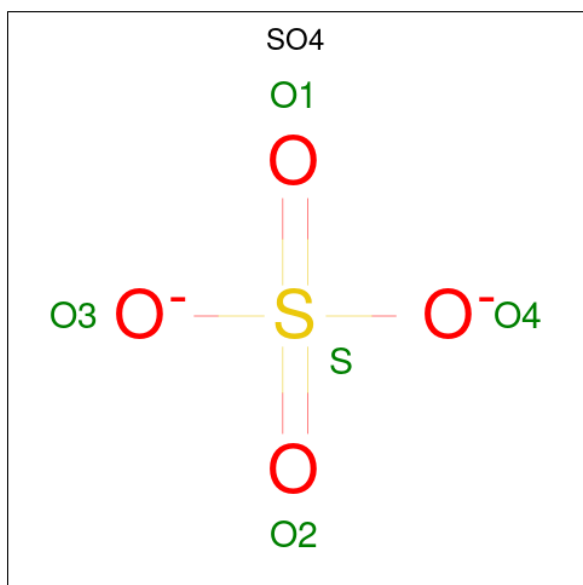
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	A	4	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			49	28	2	19			

- Molecule 5 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



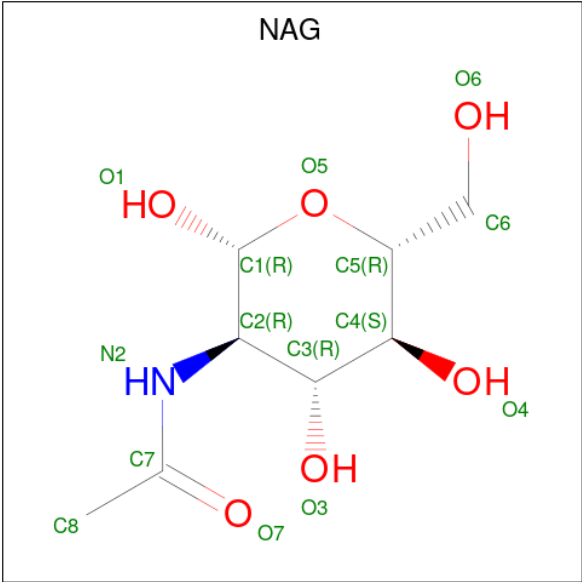
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
5	C	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			38	22	2	14			

- Molecule 6 is SULFATE ION (CCD ID: SO4) (formula: O₄S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	E	1	Total	O S	0	0
			5	4 1		

- Molecule 7 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: NAG) (formula: C₈H₁₅NO₆).

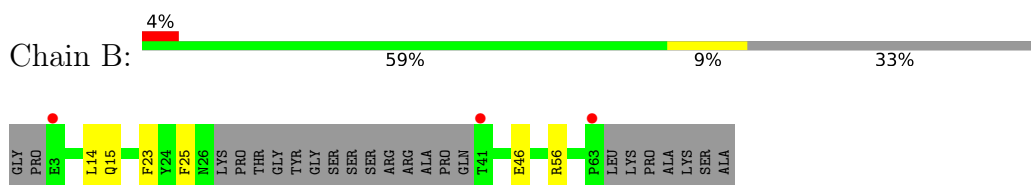


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	E	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
7	E	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
7	E	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
7	E	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

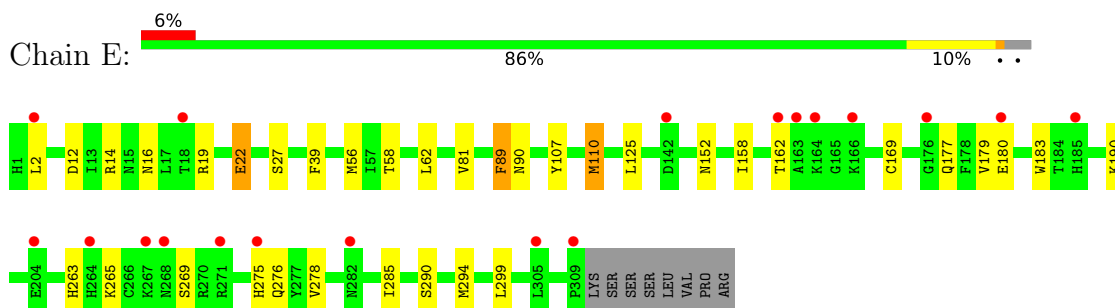
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

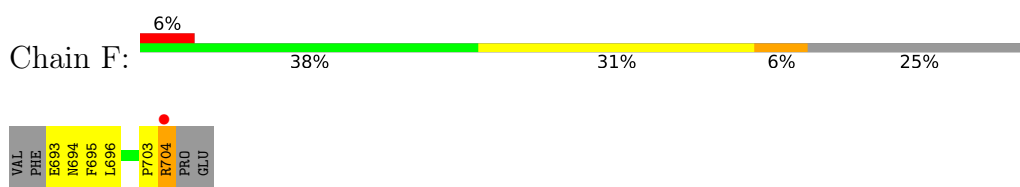
- Molecule 1: Insulin-like growth factor I



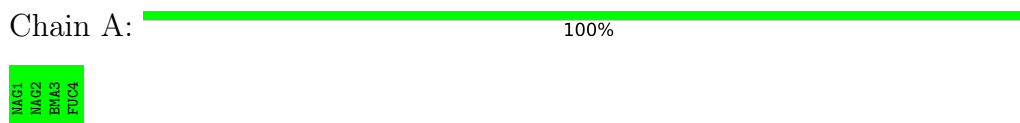
- Molecule 2: Insulin receptor



- Molecule 3: Insulin-like growth factor receptor alpha-CT peptide



- Molecule 4: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 5: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose





4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	H 3 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	219.16Å 219.16Å 121.22Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	48.28 – 3.00 48.28 – 3.00	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.8 (48.28-3.00) 99.8 (48.28-3.00)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.13	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.21 (at 3.01Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	BUSTER 2.10.2	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.209 , 0.229 (Not available) , 0.215	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1147 reflections (5.13%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	87.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.618	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.34 , 106.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.46$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.29$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	3081	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	129.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.38% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BMA, SO4, NAG, FUC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	B	0.75	0/373	1.18	2/500 (0.4%)
2	E	0.86	1/2522 (0.0%)	1.24	11/3420 (0.3%)
3	F	1.03	0/107	1.50	2/144 (1.4%)
All	All	0.85	1/3002 (0.0%)	1.24	15/4064 (0.4%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	E	110	MET	SD-CE	-5.12	1.66	1.79

All (15) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	E	16	ASN	CA-CB-CG	8.97	121.57	112.60
3	F	693	GLU	CB-CG-CD	7.01	124.53	112.60
2	E	265	LYS	N-CA-C	-6.70	103.14	112.45
1	B	25	PHE	CA-C-N	6.32	133.07	121.70
1	B	25	PHE	C-N-CA	6.32	133.07	121.70
2	E	89	PHE	CA-CB-CG	5.84	119.64	113.80
2	E	177	GLN	CB-CG-CD	-5.69	102.93	112.60
3	F	694	ASN	N-CA-C	-5.63	105.14	111.28
2	E	285	ILE	N-CA-C	5.61	115.19	108.45
2	E	152	ASN	CA-CB-CG	5.47	118.07	112.60
2	E	125	LEU	N-CA-C	5.26	117.30	109.25
2	E	179	VAL	CA-C-N	5.24	128.29	120.95
2	E	179	VAL	C-N-CA	5.24	128.29	120.95
2	E	177	GLN	CA-C-N	5.08	129.15	122.30
2	E	177	GLN	C-N-CA	5.08	129.15	122.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	B	368	0	337	7	0
2	E	2461	0	2360	21	0
3	F	104	0	98	2	0
4	A	49	0	43	0	0
5	C	38	0	34	0	0
6	E	5	0	0	0	0
7	E	56	0	52	0	0
All	All	3081	0	2924	25	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (25) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:14:LEU:HB3	1:B:23:PHE:HE1	1.46	0.79
1:B:14:LEU:HB3	1:B:23:PHE:CE1	2.30	0.67
2:E:56:MET:HE1	2:E:58:THR:HG22	1.80	0.64
1:B:23:PHE:HE2	2:E:39:PHE:HE2	1.50	0.59
2:E:263:HIS:CE1	2:E:276:GLN:HB3	2.39	0.57
1:B:46:GLU:HB3	1:B:56:ARG:HD2	1.87	0.57
2:E:56:MET:HG3	2:E:81:VAL:HB	1.87	0.57
2:E:169:CYS:HB2	2:E:180:GLU:HG3	1.87	0.56
1:B:23:PHE:CE2	2:E:39:PHE:HE2	2.26	0.54
1:B:23:PHE:HE2	2:E:39:PHE:CE2	2.26	0.53
2:E:110:MET:HE1	2:E:190:LYS:HD3	1.91	0.52
2:E:278:VAL:HG12	2:E:294:MET:HG3	1.93	0.51
2:E:89:PHE:O	2:E:90:ASN:HB2	2.11	0.50
2:E:12:ASP:OD1	2:E:14:ARG:HD2	2.10	0.50
2:E:107:TYR:HA	2:E:183:TRP:CD1	2.51	0.45
2:E:278:VAL:CG1	2:E:294:MET:HG3	2.47	0.45
2:E:110:MET:HE1	2:E:190:LYS:CD	2.47	0.45

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:E:89:PHE:HB2	3:F:695:PHE:CE1	2.54	0.43
2:E:169:CYS:HB2	2:E:180:GLU:CG	2.48	0.43
2:E:62:LEU:C	2:E:62:LEU:HD23	2.43	0.43
1:B:15:GLN:OE1	2:E:39:PHE:CD2	2.71	0.43
2:E:19:ARG:O	2:E:22:GLU:HB2	2.19	0.42
2:E:158:ILE:HG13	2:E:162:THR:OG1	2.19	0.41
2:E:294:MET:SD	2:E:299:LEU:HA	2.61	0.41
3:F:703:PRO:O	3:F:704:ARG:HB2	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	43/70 (61%)	42 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
2	E	307/317 (97%)	289 (94%)	18 (6%)	0	100	100
3	F	10/16 (62%)	9 (90%)	1 (10%)	0	100	100
All	All	360/403 (89%)	340 (94%)	20 (6%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	40/57 (70%)	40 (100%)	0	100	100
2	E	285/293 (97%)	279 (98%)	6 (2%)	47	75
3	F	12/16 (75%)	10 (83%)	2 (17%)	2	12
All	All	337/366 (92%)	329 (98%)	8 (2%)	43	73

All (8) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	E	2	LEU
2	E	22	GLU
2	E	27	SER
2	E	269	SER
2	E	275	HIS
2	E	290	SER
3	F	696	LEU
3	F	704	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	E	90	ASN
2	E	152	ASN
2	E	280	HIS
2	E	281	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

7 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and

the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	NAG	A	1	4,2	14,14,15	0.36	0	17,19,21	0.59	0
4	NAG	A	2	4	14,14,15	0.35	0	17,19,21	0.64	0
4	BMA	A	3	4	11,11,12	0.35	0	15,15,17	0.44	0
4	FUC	A	4	4	10,10,11	0.45	0	14,14,16	0.74	0
5	NAG	C	1	5,2	14,14,15	0.33	0	17,19,21	0.68	0
5	NAG	C	2	5	14,14,15	0.34	0	17,19,21	0.99	1 (5%)
5	FUC	C	3	5	10,10,11	0.49	0	14,14,16	0.74	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	A	1	4,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	A	3	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	FUC	A	4	4	-	-	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	C	1	5,2	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	C	2	5	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	FUC	C	3	5	-	-	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	C	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2	3.06	115.26	110.43

There are no chirality outliers.

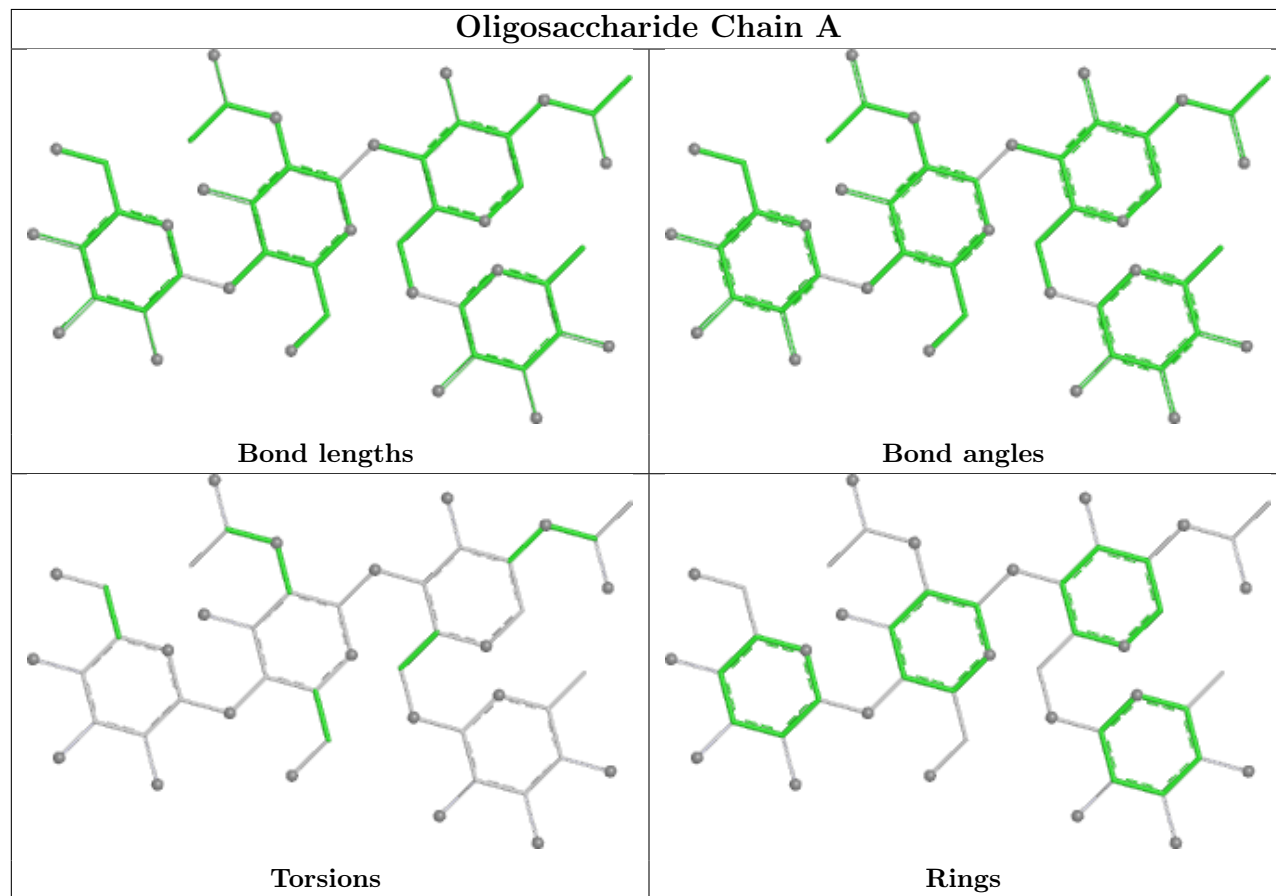
All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

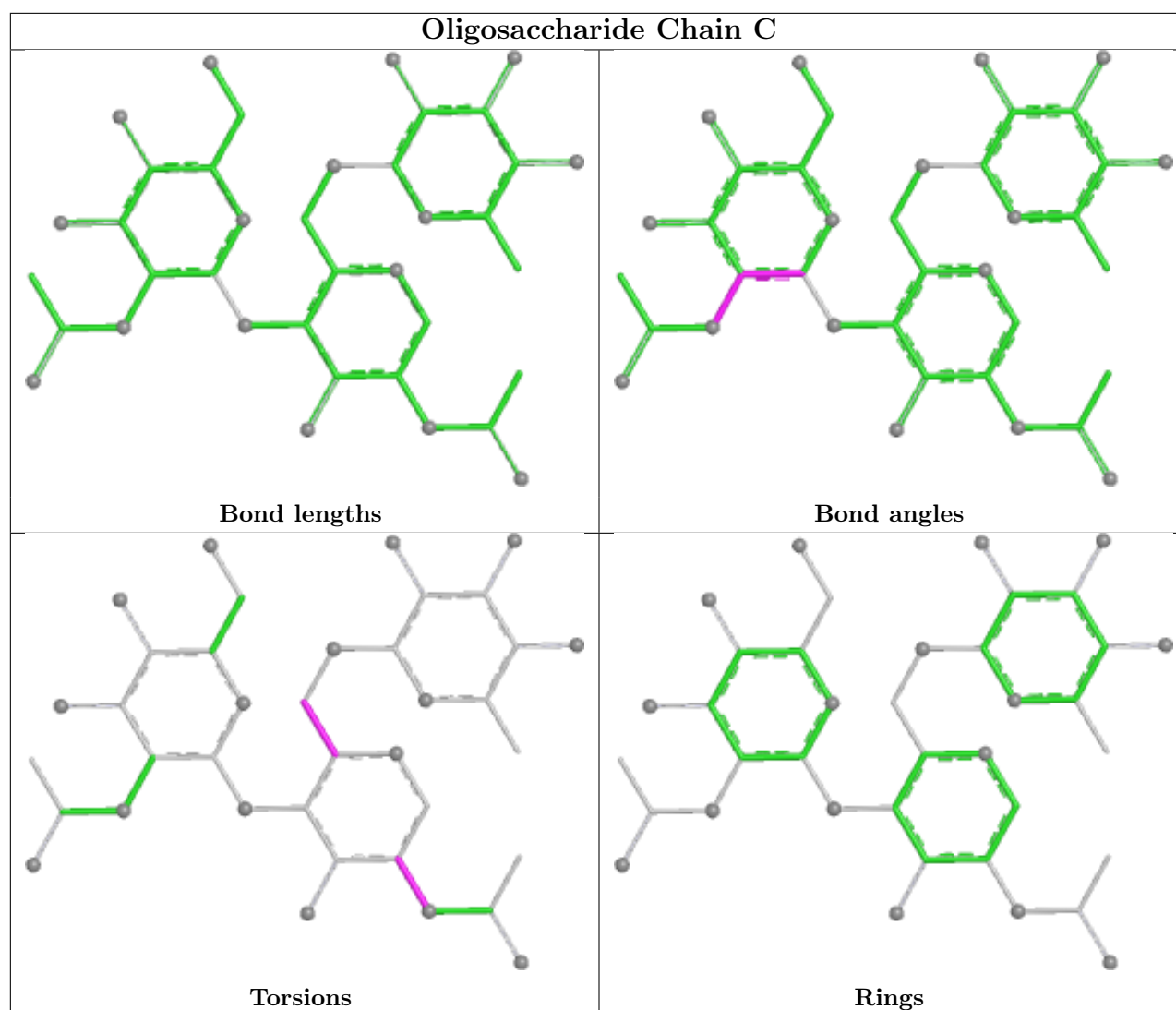
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	C	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	C	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	C	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

5 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
6	SO4	E	401	-	4,4,4	0.39	0	6,6,6	0.42	0
7	NAG	E	408	2	14,14,15	0.30	0	17,19,21	0.88	1 (5%)
7	NAG	E	407	2	14,14,15	0.32	0	17,19,21	1.65	3 (17%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
7	NAG	E	402	2	14,14,15	0.35	0	17,19,21	0.98	1 (5%)
7	NAG	E	412	2	14,14,15	0.42	0	17,19,21	1.00	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	NAG	E	407	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	E	402	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	E	408	2	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	E	412	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
7	E	407	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.95	118.82	112.19
7	E	407	NAG	C1-C2-N2	3.19	115.46	110.43
7	E	402	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-3.15	106.42	111.29
7	E	412	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.77	115.90	112.19
7	E	407	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.33	107.69	111.29
7	E	408	NAG	O5-C1-C2	2.30	114.85	111.29

There are no chirality outliers.

All (7) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
7	E	408	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
7	E	408	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
7	E	407	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
7	E	407	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
7	E	412	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
7	E	412	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
7	E	408	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	B	47/70 (67%)	0.72	3 (6%) 25 13	132, 159, 187, 199	0
2	E	309/317 (97%)	0.40	19 (6%) 27 14	80, 115, 180, 220	0
3	F	12/16 (75%)	0.46	1 (8%) 17 9	116, 133, 152, 197	0
All	All	368/403 (91%)	0.44	23 (6%) 26 13	80, 121, 182, 220	0

All (23) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	3	GLU	4.9
2	E	164	LYS	4.5
2	E	166	LYS	3.8
2	E	163	ALA	3.7
2	E	267	LYS	3.7
3	F	704	ARG	3.6
2	E	275	HIS	3.0
1	B	41	THR	2.9
2	E	305	LEU	2.9
2	E	309	PRO	2.9
1	B	63	PRO	2.8
2	E	268	ASN	2.8
2	E	162	THR	2.6
2	E	2	LEU	2.6
2	E	282	ASN	2.5
2	E	18	THR	2.4
2	E	264	HIS	2.4
2	E	271	ARG	2.3
2	E	142	ASP	2.2
2	E	176	GLY	2.2
2	E	180	GLU	2.1
2	E	185	HIS	2.0
2	E	204	GLU	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

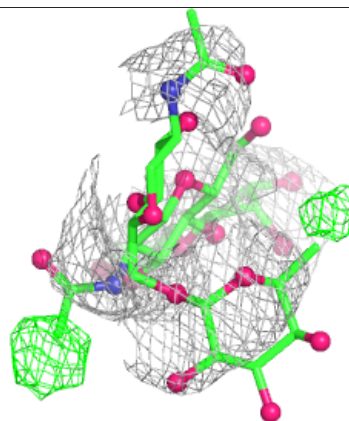
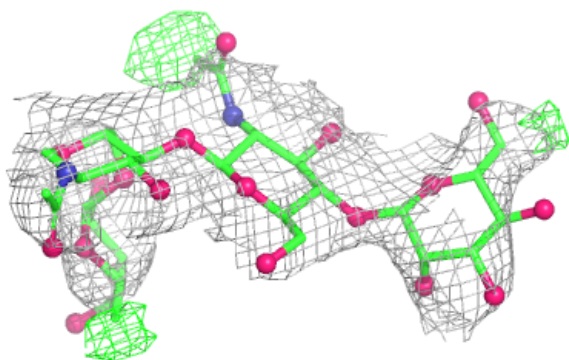
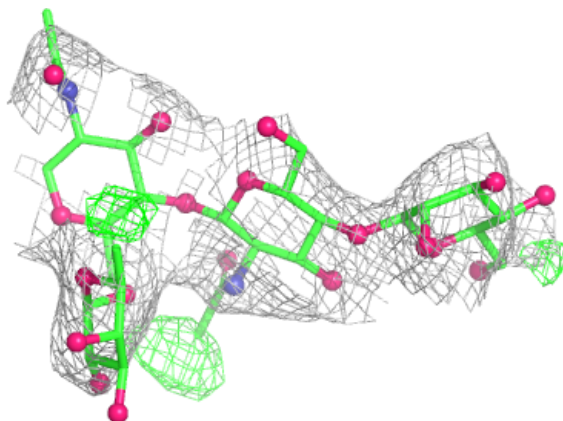
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

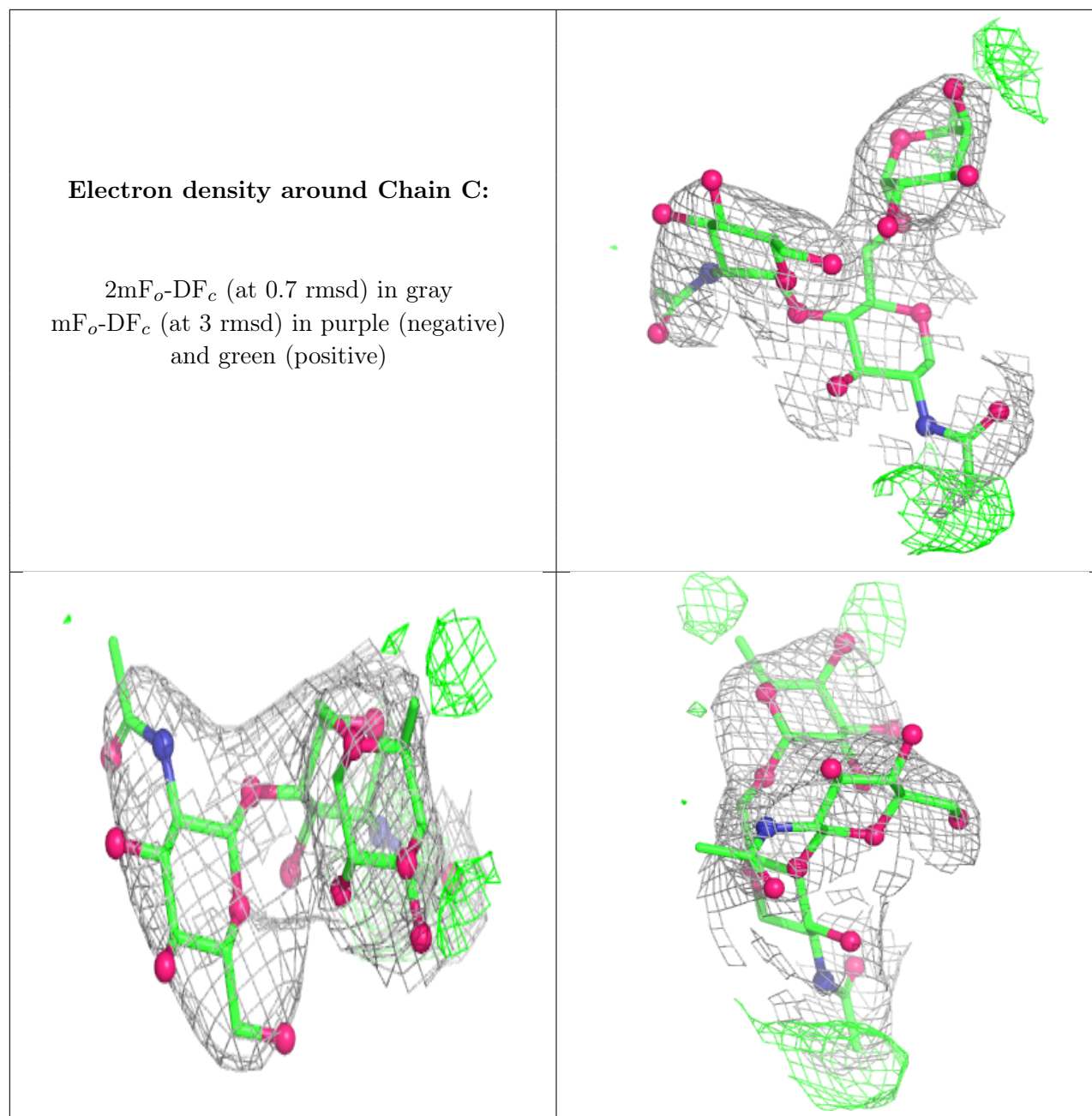
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
4	NAG	A	1	14/15	-	-	190,198,212,213	0
4	NAG	A	2	14/15	-	-	216,220,227,229	0
4	BMA	A	3	11/12	-	-	230,233,237,240	0
4	FUC	A	4	10/11	-	-	212,213,217,218	0
5	NAG	C	1	14/15	-	-	151,159,165,166	0
5	NAG	C	2	14/15	-	-	164,171,173,177	0
5	FUC	C	3	10/11	-	-	166,171,175,178	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around Chain A:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)





6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
7	NAG	E	412	14/15	0.68	0.23	197,206,209,209	0
7	NAG	E	402	14/15	0.74	0.17	184,191,198,199	0

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
6	SO4	E	401	5/5	0.88	0.19	130,134,137,139	0
7	NAG	E	408	14/15	0.89	0.16	124,137,151,156	0
7	NAG	E	407	14/15	0.95	0.10	94,98,106,109	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.