



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 8, 2026 – 07:33 AM UTC

PDB ID : 4XZQ / pdb_00004xzq
Title : Nucleosome disassembly by RSC and SWI/SNF is enhanced by H3 acetylation near the nucleosome dyad axis
Authors : Dechassa, M.L.; Luger, K.; Chatterjee, N.; North, J.A.; Manohar, M.; Prasad, R.; Ottessen, J.J.; Poirier, M.G.; Bartholomew, B.
Deposited on : 2015-02-04
Resolution : 2.40 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0
EDS : 3.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4 : 9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness : 1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

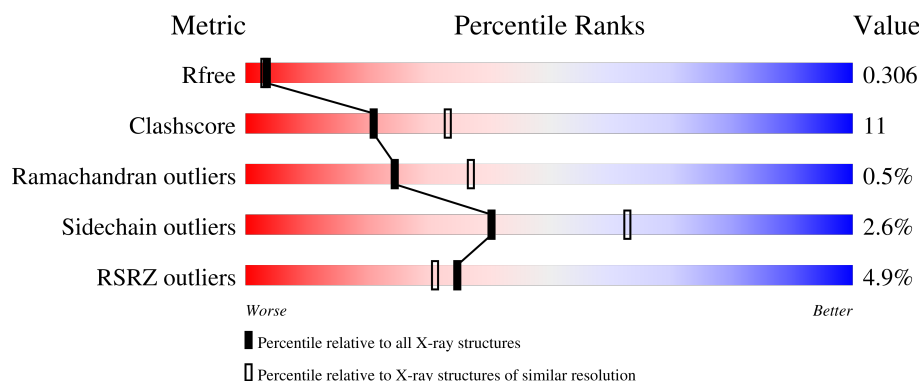
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	4912 (2.40-2.40)
Clashscore	190562	5391 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	5320 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	187428	5321 (2.40-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	180081	4916 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	98	6% 76% 21% .
1	E	98	6% 76% 21% .
2	B	79	9% 78% 20% .
2	F	79	4% 75% 24% .
3	C	107	4% 79% 18% ...

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
3	G	107	
4	D	93	
4	H	93	
5	I	147	
6	J	147	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
1	ALY	A	515	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12090 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Histone H3.2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	98	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			811	511	156	141	3			
1	E	98	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			811	511	156	141	3			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	502	ALA	GLY	conflict	UNP P84233
E	702	ALA	GLY	conflict	UNP P84233

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Histone H4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	79	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			627	395	121	110	1			
2	F	79	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			627	395	121	110	1			

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Histone H2A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	C	106	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			818	516	160	142			
3	G	106	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			818	516	160	142			

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Histone H2B 1.1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	D	93	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			729	459	131	137	2			

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	H	93	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			729	459	131	137	2			

- Molecule 5 is a DNA chain called DNA (147-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
5	I	147	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0	0
			3011	1440	546	879	146			

- Molecule 6 is a DNA chain called DNA (147-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
6	J	147	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0	0
			3010	1440	543	881	146			

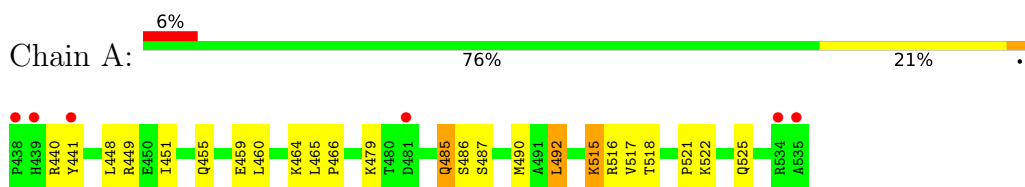
- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	10	Total	O	0	0
			10	10		
7	B	10	Total	O	0	0
			10	10		
7	C	11	Total	O	0	0
			11	11		
7	D	6	Total	O	0	0
			6	6		
7	E	27	Total	O	0	0
			27	27		
7	F	15	Total	O	0	0
			15	15		
7	G	5	Total	O	0	0
			5	5		
7	H	1	Total	O	0	0
			1	1		
7	I	6	Total	O	0	0
			6	6		
7	J	8	Total	O	0	0
			8	8		

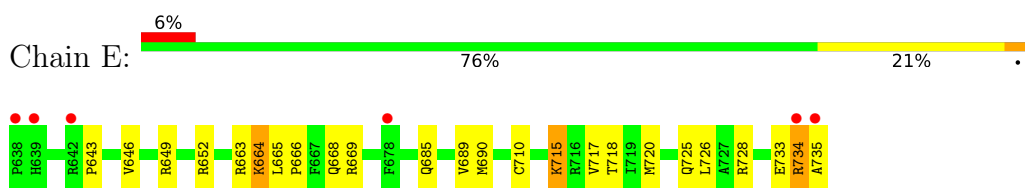
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

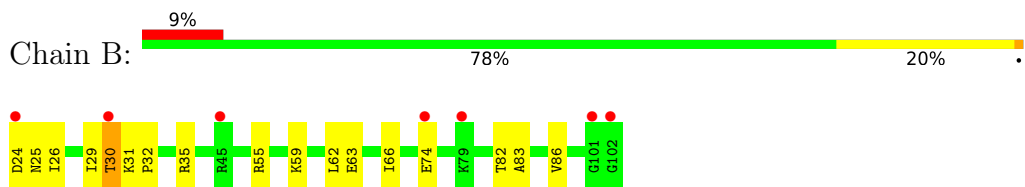
- Molecule 1: Histone H3.2



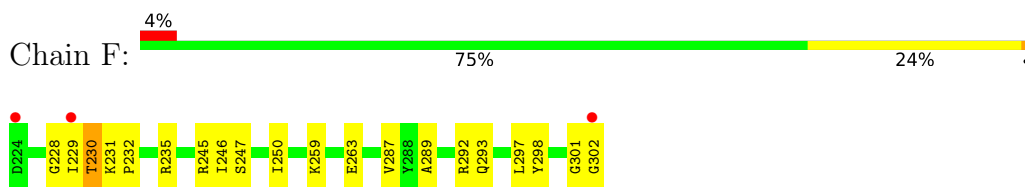
- Molecule 1: Histone H3.2



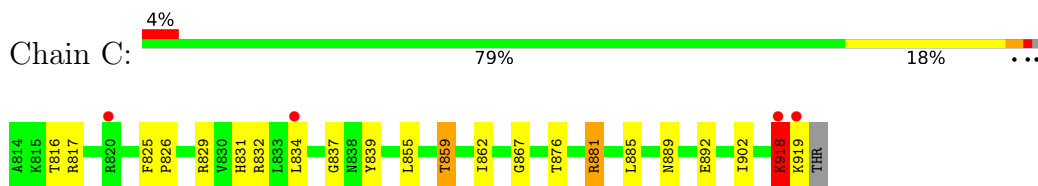
- Molecule 2: Histone H4



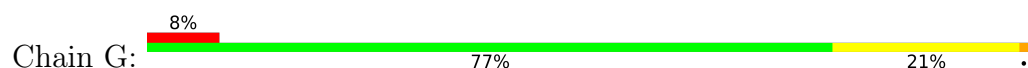
- Molecule 2: Histone H4



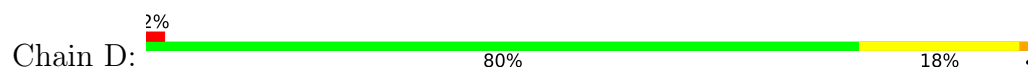
- Molecule 3: Histone H2A



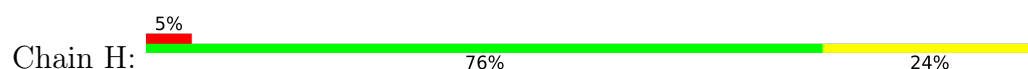
- Molecule 3: Histone H2A



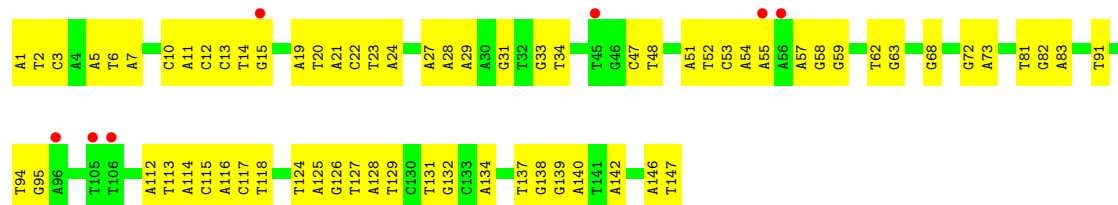
• Molecule 4: Histone H2B 1.1



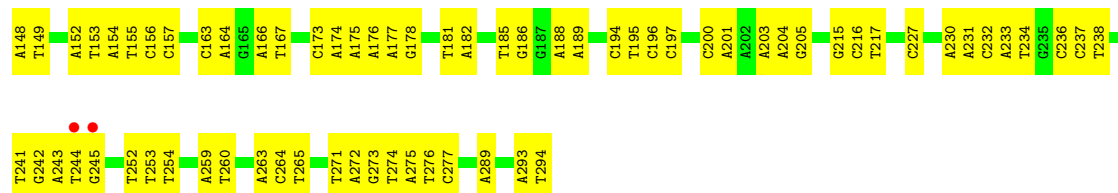
• Molecule 4: Histone H2B 1.1



• Molecule 5: DNA (147-MER)



• Molecule 6: DNA (147-MER)



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	105.40Å 109.57Å 180.81Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	42.81 – 2.40 42.81 – 2.40	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	90.6 (42.81-2.40) 92.6 (42.81-2.40)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.08	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.09 (at 2.39Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.256 , 0.299 0.262 , 0.306	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2875 reflections (1.96%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	49.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.191	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.30 , 37.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.008 for k,h,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	12090	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	66.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.94% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ALY

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.49	0/810	0.90	3/1085 (0.3%)
1	E	0.58	0/810	0.92	3/1085 (0.3%)
2	B	0.52	0/634	0.96	2/848 (0.2%)
2	F	0.58	0/634	1.10	4/848 (0.5%)
3	C	0.52	0/828	0.92	1/1117 (0.1%)
3	G	0.45	0/828	0.95	2/1117 (0.2%)
4	D	0.53	0/740	0.97	6/994 (0.6%)
4	H	0.46	0/740	0.96	2/994 (0.2%)
5	I	0.29	0/3378	0.66	0/5212
6	J	0.28	0/3376	0.67	0/5209
All	All	0.41	0/12778	0.80	23/18509 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
5	I	0	2
6	J	0	2
All	All	0	4

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 23 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	F	301	GLY	N-CA-C	-7.19	105.29	115.43
2	B	30	THR	N-CA-C	6.89	119.63	110.53
2	F	228	GLY	N-CA-C	-6.83	105.01	115.66
1	A	517	VAL	N-CA-C	-6.71	106.25	112.43

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
3	C	892	GLU	N-CA-C	6.70	118.66	111.36

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
5	I	134	DA	Sidechain
5	I	68	DG	Sidechain
6	J	215	DG	Sidechain
6	J	227	DC	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	811	0	846	23	0
1	E	811	0	846	19	0
2	B	627	0	663	15	0
2	F	627	0	663	13	0
3	C	818	0	877	24	0
3	G	818	0	877	27	0
4	D	729	0	753	15	0
4	H	729	0	753	16	0
5	I	3011	0	1662	60	0
6	J	3010	0	1663	72	0
7	A	10	0	0	0	0
7	B	10	0	0	0	0
7	C	11	0	0	0	0
7	D	6	0	0	0	0
7	E	27	0	0	1	0
7	F	15	0	0	0	0
7	G	5	0	0	0	0
7	H	1	0	0	0	0
7	I	6	0	0	0	0
7	J	8	0	0	0	0
All	All	12090	0	9603	234	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

The worst 5 of 234 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:I:125:DA:H2''	5:I:126:DG:H5''	1.23	1.12
6:J:273:DG:H2''	6:J:274:DT:H5''	1.22	1.10
3:G:1017:ARG:HH12	3:G:1031:HIS:HD2	1.09	0.99
5:I:58:DG:H4'	5:I:59:DG:H5'	1.48	0.94
5:I:125:DA:C2'	5:I:126:DG:H5''	1.99	0.92

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	95/98 (97%)	93 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
1	E	95/98 (97%)	93 (98%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	11	18
2	B	77/79 (98%)	75 (97%)	2 (3%)	0	100	100
2	F	77/79 (98%)	76 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
3	C	104/107 (97%)	99 (95%)	4 (4%)	1 (1%)	12	20
3	G	104/107 (97%)	101 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
4	D	91/93 (98%)	89 (98%)	1 (1%)	1 (1%)	11	18
4	H	91/93 (98%)	87 (96%)	3 (3%)	1 (1%)	11	18
All	All	734/754 (97%)	713 (97%)	17 (2%)	4 (0%)	24	37

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	D	1301	GLY

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	918	LYS
4	H	1501	GLY
1	E	734	ARG

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	84/84 (100%)	80 (95%)	4 (5%)	23	40
1	E	84/84 (100%)	84 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	64/64 (100%)	64 (100%)	0	100	100
2	F	64/64 (100%)	62 (97%)	2 (3%)	35	57
3	C	84/85 (99%)	79 (94%)	5 (6%)	17	31
3	G	84/85 (99%)	82 (98%)	2 (2%)	43	65
4	D	79/79 (100%)	79 (100%)	0	100	100
4	H	79/79 (100%)	76 (96%)	3 (4%)	29	49
All	All	622/624 (100%)	606 (97%)	16 (3%)	40	63

5 of 16 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	H	1503	LEU
4	H	1431	LYS
3	C	918	LYS
3	G	1088	ARG
3	C	881	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 12 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	G	1031	HIS
3	G	1038	ASN

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	H	1479	HIS
4	H	1444	GLN
4	D	1244	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	ALY	A	515	1	10,11,12	1.59	1 (10%)	7,12,14	1.99	1 (14%)
1	ALY	E	715	1	10,11,12	1.69	2 (20%)	7,12,14	4.05	2 (28%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	ALY	A	515	1	-	6/9/10/12	-
1	ALY	E	715	1	-	2/9/10/12	-

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	515	ALY	CH-NZ	3.79	1.44	1.34
1	E	715	ALY	CH-NZ	3.46	1.43	1.34
1	E	715	ALY	CE-NZ	3.14	1.53	1.46

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	E	715	ALY	CE-NZ-CH	-9.42	108.65	122.56
1	A	515	ALY	CE-NZ-CH	-5.17	114.92	122.56
1	E	715	ALY	CD-CE-NZ	-4.77	98.83	112.20

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	515	ALY	C-CA-CB-CG
1	A	515	ALY	CD-CE-NZ-CH
1	E	715	ALY	CA-CB-CG-CD
1	A	515	ALY	CE-CD-CG-CB
1	E	715	ALY	CE-CD-CG-CB

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 8 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	515	ALY	6	0
1	E	715	ALY	2	0

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ > 2			OWAB(Å ²)	Q < 0.9
1	A	97/98 (98%)	0.53	6 (6%)	26	23	24, 47, 84, 127	0
1	E	97/98 (98%)	0.27	6 (6%)	26	23	24, 40, 71, 144	0
2	B	79/79 (100%)	0.41	7 (8%)	15	12	36, 46, 68, 133	0
2	F	79/79 (100%)	0.27	3 (3%)	44	40	28, 39, 59, 106	0
3	C	106/107 (99%)	0.28	4 (3%)	44	40	28, 43, 75, 158	0
3	G	106/107 (99%)	0.60	9 (8%)	16	13	36, 52, 98, 164	0
4	D	93/93 (100%)	0.41	2 (2%)	62	58	33, 45, 72, 137	0
4	H	93/93 (100%)	0.67	5 (5%)	31	28	35, 51, 80, 149	0
5	I	147/147 (100%)	0.71	7 (4%)	35	32	46, 80, 112, 149	0
6	J	147/147 (100%)	0.62	2 (1%)	73	69	44, 83, 115, 143	0
All	All	1044/1048 (99%)	0.50	51 (4%)	35	31	24, 52, 106, 164	0

The worst 5 of 51 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	438	PRO	7.2
2	F	302	GLY	6.8
2	B	102	GLY	6.6
1	E	638	PRO	6.4
1	E	735	ALA	4.6

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
1	ALY	A	515	12/13	0.79	0.19	20,23,24,29	0
1	ALY	E	715	12/13	0.79	0.23	20,23,24,29	0

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.