



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2026 – 11:02 PM UTC

PDB ID : 8Y62 / pdb_00008y62
EMDB ID : EMD-38964
Title : Cryo-EM structure of the C16:0 ceramide-bound FPR2-Gi complex
Authors : Sun, J.P.; Jiang, C.T.; Kong, W.; Yu, X.; Cai, K.; Guo, L.L.
Deposited on : 2024-02-01
Resolution : 3.20 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

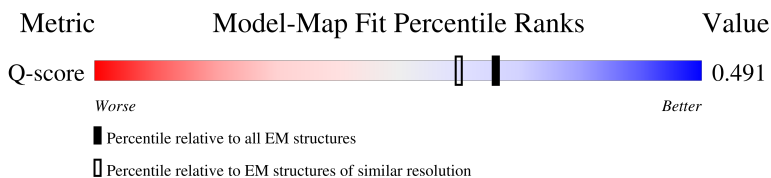
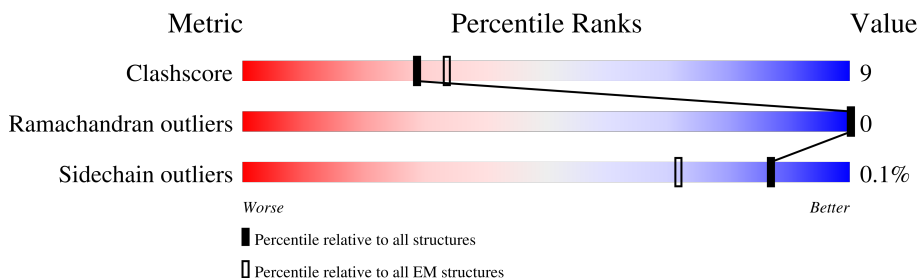
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	15020 (2.70 - 3.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	354	 53% 8% 39%
2	B	358	 70% 24% 6%
3	C	59	 78% 14% 8%
4	E	285	 62% 19% 19%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
5	R	351	 A horizontal bar chart showing the quality of chain R. The bar is divided into three segments: a green segment representing 69%, a yellow segment representing 14%, and a grey segment representing 17%. The percentages are labeled below the corresponding segments.

2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8160 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(i) subunit alpha-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	215	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1593	1026	268	288	11		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	336	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2474	1541	443	470	20		

There are 19 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	-17	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P62873
B	-16	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-15	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-14	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-13	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-12	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-11	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-10	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-9	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-8	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-7	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-6	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-5	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-4	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-3	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	0	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	C	54	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			337	217	58	59	3		

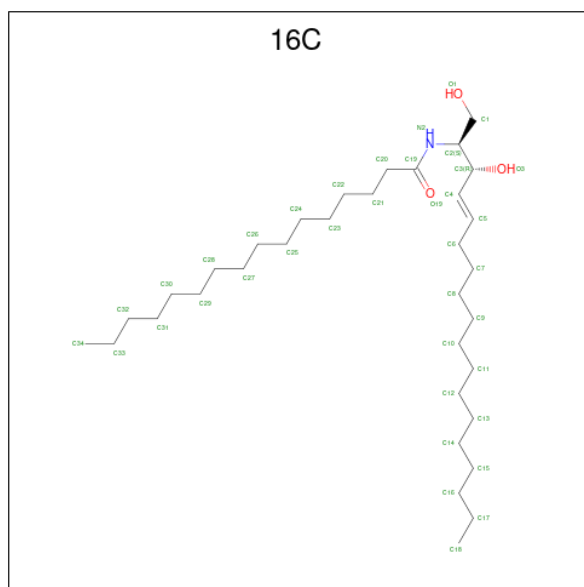
- Molecule 4 is a protein called scFv16.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	E	231	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1687	1078	281	318	10		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called N-formyl peptide receptor 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	R	292	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2031	1348	342	332	9		

- Molecule 6 is N-((E,2S,3R)-1,3-DIHYDROXYOCTADEC-4-EN-2-YL)PALMITAMIDE (CCD ID: 16C) (formula: C₃₄H₆₇NO₃) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

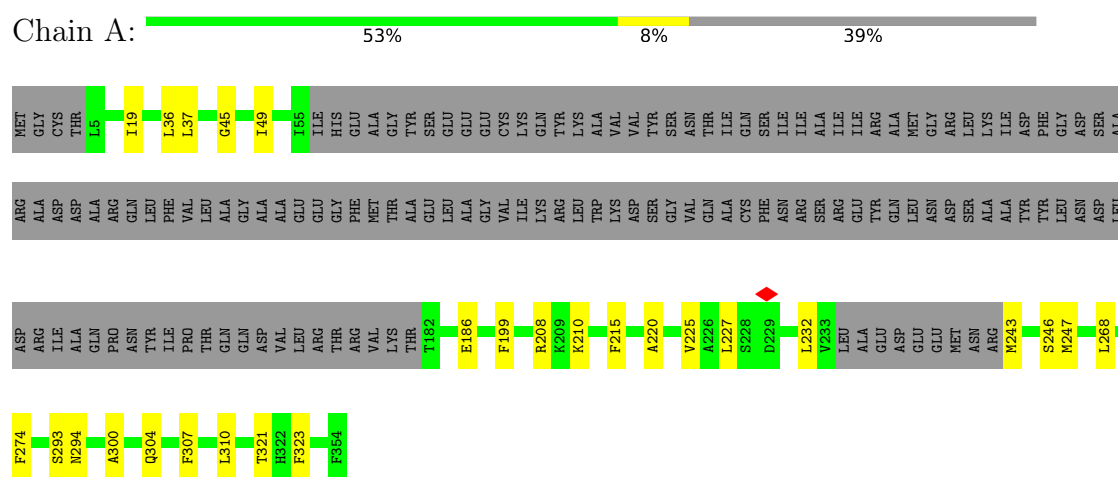


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
6	R	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			38	34	1	3	

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

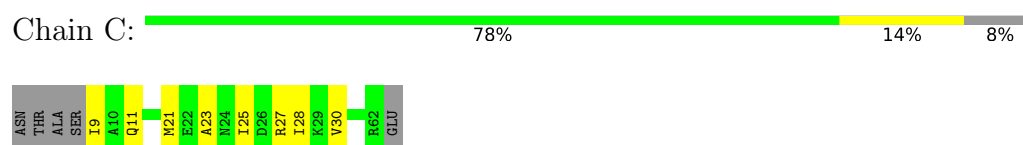
- Molecule 1: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(i) subunit alpha-1



- Molecule 2: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta-1



- Molecule 3: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2



- Molecule 4: scFv16

F177	G66	MET
L178	R67	LEU
P185	F68	LEU
L188	T69	VAL
I189	I70	ASN
	S71	GLN
	R72	SER
		HIS
L195	L79	GLN
	F80	GLY
S204	L81	PRO
	Q82	ASN
F212	T91	LYS
T213	A92	GLU
L214	M93	HIS
T215	Y94	THR
	Y95	SER
L219		LYS
	F108	MET
V224		VAL
Y227	W111	SER
Y228		ALA
C229	T118	ILE
M230	V119	VAL
Q231	S120	LEU
H232	ALA	TVR
L233	GLY	LEU
	GLY	LEU
	GLY	LEU
L245	GLY	ALA
E246	GLY	ALA
L247	SER	ALA
	GLY	HIS
	GLY	SER
	GLY	ALA
	GLY	PRO
	GLY	ALA
	GLY	V2
	GLY	R18
	SER	K19
	A136	
	Q142	M34
	V155	H35
	S156	V37
	I157	
	R160	W47
		V48
		A49
	H167	Y50
	S168	I51
	M169	S52
	G170	S53
	L174	A61
	H175	
	Y176	V64
		V65

Chain R: 69% 14% 17%

ARG	V155	MET
ALA	L156	THR
LEU	T157	ASN
SER	M171	PHE
ASP	GLY	SER
SER	ASP	THR
ALA	T174	LEU
PRO		ASN
THR	T186	GLU
ASN		TYR
ASP	E189	GLU
THR		GLU
ALA	I204	VAL
ALA	R205	SER
ASN	F206	TVR
SER	V207	GLU
ALA	I208	SER
SER	G209	ALA
PRO	F210	GLY
PRO		TYR
ALA	M214	THR
GLU		V24
THR	C220	
GLU	Y221	P29
LEU	I224	
GLN	A225	A51
ALA		
MET		R54
	I228	R57
	K231	T58
	G232	V59
	M233	T60
	F251	T61
		I62
	Q258	O63
		Y64
	A261	L65
		N66
	V266	
	W267	H102
	I279	V105
	I282	S112
	P286	L115
	F309	I116
		R123
	R312	C124
		I125
	L317	
PRO		I146
THR		L152
SER		A153
LEU		I154
GLU		

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	578458	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	1.875	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	600	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	1.851	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.004	Depositor
Average map value	0.005	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.049	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.1	Depositor
Map size ($\text{\AA}$)	211.99998, 211.99998, 211.99998	wwPDB
Map dimensions	200, 200, 200	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ($\text{\AA}$)	1.06, 1.06, 1.06	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 16C

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.27	0/1621	0.38	0/2195
2	B	0.25	0/2521	0.41	0/3431
3	C	0.19	0/342	0.39	0/473
4	E	0.30	0/1730	0.43	0/2358
5	R	0.24	0/2086	0.46	0/2871
All	All	0.26	0/8300	0.42	0/11328

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1593	0	1491	17	0
2	B	2474	0	2323	60	0
3	C	337	0	293	6	0
4	E	1687	0	1576	37	0
5	R	2031	0	1825	31	0
6	R	38	0	67	3	0
All	All	8160	0	7575	148	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including

hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (148) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:198:LEU:HD12	2:B:210:LEU:HD21	1.55	0.86
5:R:207:VAL:HG13	5:R:208:ILE:HG12	1.62	0.81
1:A:19:ILE:HD11	2:B:89:LYS:HB2	1.63	0.80
2:B:256:ARG:HB3	3:C:28:ILE:HD12	1.75	0.67
2:B:257:ALA:HB1	3:C:30:VAL:HG12	1.77	0.66
5:R:123:ARG:NH1	5:R:221:TYR:OH	2.29	0.66
2:B:183:HIS:CD2	2:B:185:GLY:H	2.15	0.65
2:B:290:ASP:HB2	2:B:314:ARG:HG2	1.79	0.64
5:R:205:ARG:HH21	5:R:261:ALA:HB1	1.60	0.64
1:A:227:LEU:HB3	1:A:274:PHE:CD1	2.35	0.62
2:B:183:HIS:NE2	2:B:203:ALA:HB3	2.15	0.62
2:B:110:ASN:HD22	2:B:127:LYS:HD2	1.65	0.61
5:R:58:THR:H	5:R:61:THR:HG22	1.68	0.59
5:R:186:THR:HG23	5:R:189:GLU:H	1.68	0.58
4:E:51:ILE:HD11	4:E:70:ILE:HG12	1.87	0.57
2:B:22:ARG:O	2:B:259:GLN:NE2	2.37	0.57
2:B:18:ILE:HD11	3:C:23:ALA:HA	1.87	0.56
2:B:86:THR:OG1	2:B:88:ASN:OD1	2.20	0.56
2:B:149:CYS:O	2:B:150:ARG:NH1	2.38	0.56
4:E:18:ARG:O	4:E:82:GLN:NE2	2.38	0.56
1:A:225:VAL:HG21	1:A:307:PHE:HE2	1.70	0.56
4:E:18:ARG:HD3	4:E:19:LYS:H	1.70	0.56
5:R:214:MET:HE1	5:R:251:PHE:HB2	1.87	0.56
4:E:93:MET:HE1	4:E:95:TYR:CZ	2.40	0.56
5:R:266:VAL:HG13	5:R:267:TRP:CD1	2.41	0.55
2:B:30:LEU:HD12	2:B:261:LEU:HD23	1.87	0.55
2:B:227:SER:OG	2:B:228:ASP:N	2.40	0.55
2:B:49:ARG:NH1	2:B:85:TYR:O	2.41	0.54
4:E:111:TRP:CE3	4:E:185:PRO:HG2	2.43	0.54
4:E:18:ARG:HG2	4:E:18:ARG:HH11	1.73	0.54
2:B:217:MET:HE3	3:C:21:MET:SD	2.48	0.54
4:E:53:SER:HA	4:E:72:ARG:HH12	1.74	0.53
4:E:108:PHE:CZ	4:E:230:MET:HE1	2.43	0.53
5:R:51:ALA:HB2	5:R:309:PHE:HE2	1.72	0.53
4:E:93:MET:HE1	4:E:95:TYR:OH	2.09	0.53
4:E:142:GLN:HE21	4:E:229:CYS:HB2	1.74	0.53
5:R:60:THR:HG22	5:R:64:TYR:CE2	2.43	0.53
5:R:279:ILE:HA	5:R:282:ILE:HG22	1.90	0.53

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:E:204:SER:OG	4:E:215:THR:OG1	2.27	0.53
2:B:210:LEU:HD13	2:B:255:LEU:HD11	1.91	0.52
2:B:18:ILE:O	2:B:22:ARG:HG2	2.09	0.52
2:B:187:VAL:HA	2:B:203:ALA:HB2	1.92	0.52
2:B:48:ARG:C	2:B:49:ARG:HD2	2.35	0.52
4:E:61:ALA:HB3	4:E:64:VAL:HG22	1.92	0.51
4:E:155:VAL:HG12	4:E:219:LEU:HD21	1.91	0.51
5:R:124:CYS:HB2	5:R:220:CYS:HB3	1.91	0.51
5:R:231:LYS:HB3	5:R:233:MET:HE1	1.93	0.51
1:A:304:GLN:HG3	1:A:321:THR:HG21	1.92	0.51
4:E:91:THR:HG23	4:E:118:THR:HA	1.93	0.51
5:R:59:VAL:O	5:R:62:ILE:HG22	2.10	0.51
2:B:158:VAL:HG21	2:B:192:LEU:HD11	1.92	0.50
2:B:136:SER:O	2:B:137:ARG:HD2	2.11	0.50
5:R:54:ARG:O	5:R:312:ARG:NH1	2.45	0.50
5:R:102:HIS:HA	5:R:105:VAL:HG12	1.94	0.50
4:E:65:LYS:HD2	4:E:66:GLY:H	1.77	0.49
5:R:29:PRO:HB3	5:R:286:PRO:HA	1.93	0.49
1:A:243:MET:O	1:A:246:SER:OG	2.27	0.49
4:E:70:ILE:HD12	4:E:81:LEU:HD13	1.94	0.49
5:R:204:ILE:HA	5:R:207:VAL:HG12	1.95	0.49
2:B:123:ILE:HG13	2:B:171:ILE:HD12	1.94	0.49
2:B:210:LEU:HD13	2:B:255:LEU:CD1	2.43	0.49
1:A:45:GLY:O	1:A:49:ILE:HG12	2.13	0.48
2:B:99:TRP:HB3	2:B:117:LEU:HD12	1.96	0.48
1:A:227:LEU:HD21	1:A:268:LEU:HB3	1.96	0.47
2:B:157:ILE:HG22	2:B:169:TRP:HB2	1.94	0.47
2:B:204:CYS:HA	2:B:228:ASP:HB2	1.95	0.47
4:E:231:GLN:OE1	4:E:233:LEU:N	2.44	0.47
4:E:47:TRP:NE1	4:E:49:ALA:O	2.47	0.47
5:R:66:ASN:OD1	5:R:146:ILE:HG12	2.14	0.47
2:B:152:LEU:HG	2:B:192:LEU:HD21	1.97	0.47
1:A:37:LEU:HD21	1:A:215:PHE:CG	2.50	0.47
2:B:271:CYS:HB2	2:B:290:ASP:OD1	2.15	0.47
1:A:36:LEU:HD22	1:A:220:ALA:HB3	1.97	0.46
4:E:36:TRP:CD1	4:E:70:ILE:HD11	2.50	0.46
4:E:51:ILE:HD13	4:E:79:LEU:HD11	1.96	0.46
1:A:210:LYS:NZ	2:B:228:ASP:OD2	2.35	0.46
4:E:119:VAL:HG13	4:E:119:VAL:O	2.16	0.46
4:E:189:ILE:HG22	4:E:195:LEU:HD23	1.96	0.46
2:B:187:VAL:HA	2:B:203:ALA:CB	2.45	0.46

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:137:ARG:NH2	2:B:172:GLU:O	2.49	0.46
6:R:401:16C:H121	6:R:401:16C:H151	1.43	0.46
5:R:220:CYS:O	5:R:224:ILE:HG23	2.15	0.46
1:A:210:LYS:HA	1:A:210:LYS:HD3	1.58	0.46
2:B:61:MET:HE2	2:B:336:LEU:HD11	1.96	0.46
5:R:225:ALA:HA	5:R:228:ILE:HG22	1.98	0.46
6:R:401:16C:H61	6:R:401:16C:H3	1.61	0.45
2:B:264:TYR:HB3	2:B:297:TRP:CE3	2.52	0.45
5:R:214:MET:CE	5:R:251:PHE:HB2	2.46	0.45
3:C:9:ILE:HG13	3:C:11:GLN:H	1.81	0.45
2:B:9:GLN:O	2:B:12:GLU:HG3	2.17	0.44
2:B:118:ASP:O	2:B:120:ILE:HG12	2.17	0.44
2:B:180:PHE:HB3	2:B:211:TRP:CZ3	2.52	0.44
4:E:174:LEU:HD22	4:E:212:PHE:CG	2.53	0.44
2:B:254:ASP:CG	2:B:261:LEU:HD11	2.43	0.44
2:B:233:CYS:SG	2:B:276:VAL:HG12	2.57	0.44
2:B:197:ARG:HH12	2:B:214:ARG:CZ	2.30	0.44
4:E:160:ARG:NH2	4:E:160:ARG:HB2	2.33	0.44
4:E:178:LEU:HD12	4:E:188:LEU:HD11	1.99	0.44
5:R:210:PHE:HB2	5:R:258:GLN:HG3	1.99	0.44
4:E:174:LEU:HD11	4:E:229:CYS:SG	2.58	0.43
4:E:18:ARG:HG2	4:E:18:ARG:NH1	2.33	0.43
2:B:274:THR:HG21	2:B:316:SER:HA	2.00	0.43
4:E:34:MET:HE2	4:E:34:MET:HB3	1.75	0.43
4:E:169:ASN:OD1	4:E:170:GLY:N	2.51	0.43
2:B:45:MET:SD	2:B:308:LEU:HD11	2.59	0.43
2:B:101:MET:HE2	2:B:101:MET:HB3	1.96	0.43
5:R:112:SER:O	5:R:116:ILE:HG12	2.19	0.43
4:E:64:VAL:HB	4:E:68:PHE:CD2	2.54	0.43
1:A:208:ARG:CZ	1:A:208:ARG:HB2	2.49	0.42
3:C:25:ILE:HG23	3:C:27:ARG:HG3	2.01	0.42
5:R:58:THR:H	5:R:61:THR:CG2	2.30	0.42
5:R:152:LEU:HD23	5:R:156:LEU:HD23	2.01	0.42
2:B:73:ALA:HB1	2:B:100:VAL:HG11	2.01	0.42
2:B:119:ASN:HA	2:B:146:LEU:HD13	2.01	0.42
4:E:157:ILE:HD12	4:E:227:TYR:HD2	1.83	0.42
2:B:224:GLY:O	2:B:251:ARG:NH1	2.53	0.42
5:R:51:ALA:HB2	5:R:309:PHE:CE2	2.53	0.42
5:R:231:LYS:O	5:R:231:LYS:HG2	2.20	0.42
1:A:293:SER:OG	1:A:294:ASN:N	2.52	0.42
2:B:10:GLU:O	2:B:14:LEU:HD23	2.19	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:325:MET:HE2	2:B:325:MET:HB3	1.96	0.42
5:R:115:LEU:HD23	5:R:115:LEU:HA	1.85	0.42
6:R:401:16C:H72	6:R:401:16C:H12	2.01	0.42
1:A:300:ALA:HB1	1:A:323:PHE:CE2	2.55	0.41
2:B:63:TRP:CD2	2:B:321:THR:HG22	2.55	0.41
2:B:183:HIS:CG	2:B:184:THR:H	2.37	0.41
5:R:57:ARG:HD3	5:R:57:ARG:HA	1.75	0.41
2:B:104:ALA:HB3	2:B:113:ALA:HB3	2.02	0.41
2:B:169:TRP:CZ3	2:B:176:GLN:HG3	2.55	0.41
4:E:204:SER:O	4:E:214:LEU:HD12	2.21	0.41
2:B:7:LEU:HA	2:B:10:GLU:OE2	2.21	0.41
1:A:247:MET:HE3	1:A:310:LEU:HD21	2.03	0.41
1:A:232:LEU:HD12	1:A:243:MET:N	2.36	0.41
2:B:22:ARG:NH2	2:B:221:THR:O	2.54	0.41
4:E:157:ILE:HD12	4:E:227:TYR:CD2	2.56	0.41
4:E:224:VAL:HG23	4:E:245:LEU:O	2.21	0.41
2:B:152:LEU:HD23	2:B:196:THR:HB	2.01	0.41
2:B:197:ARG:HH22	2:B:214:ARG:NH2	2.19	0.40
2:B:292:PHE:CE1	2:B:313:ASN:HA	2.56	0.40
4:E:176:TRP:CD1	4:E:189:ILE:HD11	2.57	0.40
5:R:154:LEU:HA	5:R:157:THR:HG22	2.02	0.40
1:A:186:GLU:HG2	1:A:199:PHE:HD1	1.86	0.40
2:B:18:ILE:HD13	2:B:18:ILE:HA	1.88	0.40
2:B:273:ILE:HG13	2:B:289:TYR:CE1	2.56	0.40
4:E:37:VAL:HG21	4:E:111:TRP:CZ3	2.57	0.40
2:B:271:CYS:SG	2:B:289:TYR:HB3	2.61	0.40
4:E:167:HIS:ND1	4:E:168:SER:N	2.70	0.40
5:R:125:ILE:HD13	5:R:125:ILE:HA	1.97	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	209/354 (59%)	202 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
2	B	334/358 (93%)	314 (94%)	20 (6%)	0	100	100
3	C	52/59 (88%)	50 (96%)	2 (4%)	0	100	100
4	E	227/285 (80%)	210 (92%)	17 (8%)	0	100	100
5	R	288/351 (82%)	278 (96%)	10 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	1110/1407 (79%)	1054 (95%)	56 (5%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	153/305 (50%)	153 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	248/298 (83%)	247 (100%)	1 (0%)	84	86
3	C	23/48 (48%)	23 (100%)	0	100	100
4	E	173/228 (76%)	173 (100%)	0	100	100
5	R	169/303 (56%)	169 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	766/1182 (65%)	765 (100%)	1 (0%)	87	91

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	142	HIS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (6) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	244	HIS
1	A	294	ASN
1	A	306	GLN
2	B	155	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	183	HIS
5	R	129	HIS

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
6	16C	R	401	-	36,37,37	1.11	2 (5%)	37,39,39	0.90	3 (8%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	16C	R	401	-	-	21/40/40/40	-

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	R	401	16C	C19-N2	5.42	1.45	1.34
6	R	401	16C	O19-C19	-2.19	1.18	1.23

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	R	401	16C	C20-C19-N2	2.54	120.33	115.86
6	R	401	16C	C2-N2-C19	-2.27	119.61	123.40
6	R	401	16C	C3-C4-C5	-2.22	120.09	124.69

There are no chirality outliers.

All (21) torsion outliers are listed below:

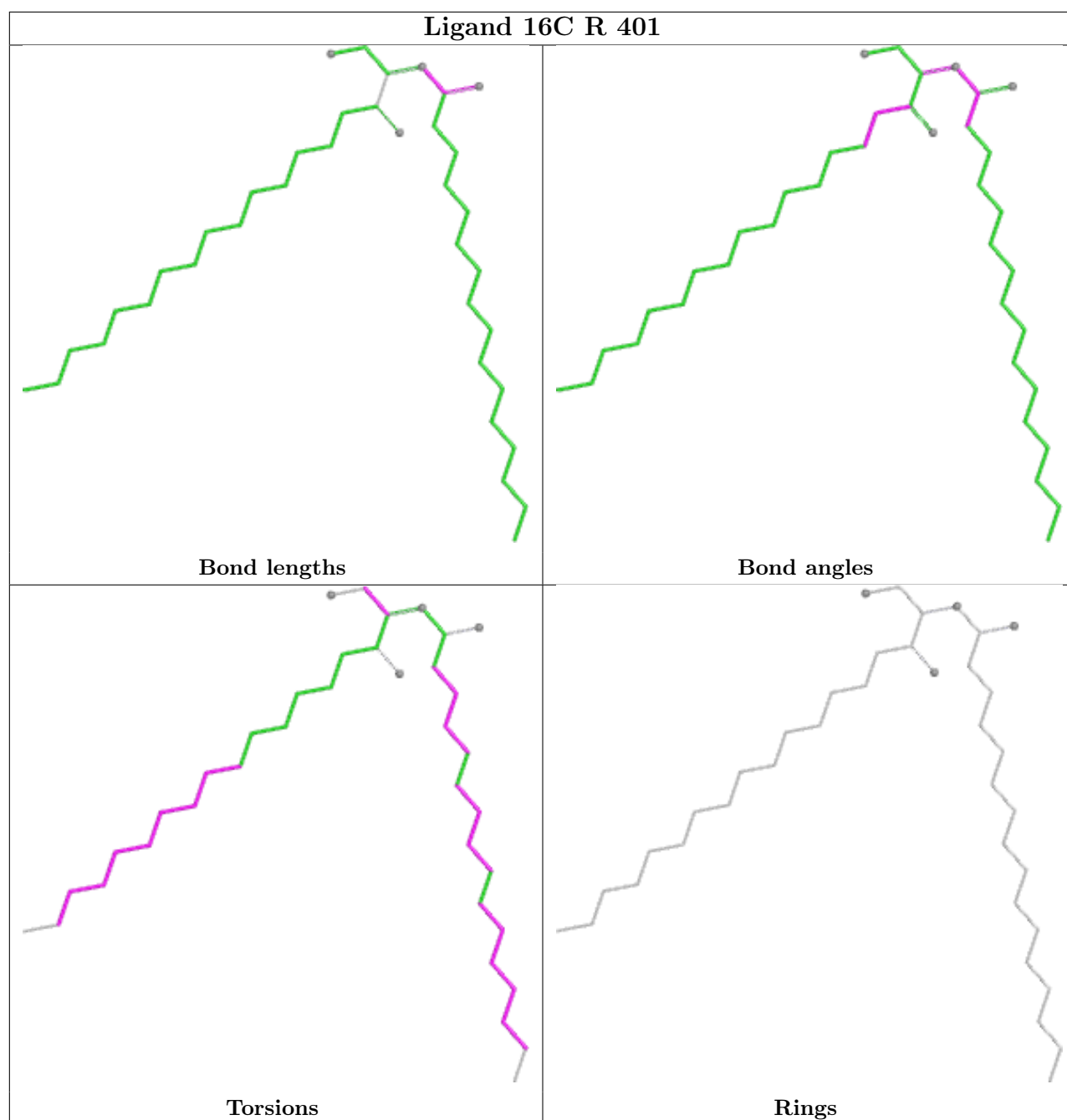
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	R	401	16C	O1-C1-C2-N2
6	R	401	16C	C19-C20-C21-C22
6	R	401	16C	C12-C13-C14-C15
6	R	401	16C	C21-C22-C23-C24
6	R	401	16C	C27-C28-C29-C30
6	R	401	16C	O1-C1-C2-C3
6	R	401	16C	C11-C10-C9-C8
6	R	401	16C	C28-C29-C30-C31
6	R	401	16C	C15-C16-C17-C18
6	R	401	16C	C30-C31-C32-C33
6	R	401	16C	C14-C15-C16-C17
6	R	401	16C	C9-C10-C11-C12
6	R	401	16C	C13-C14-C15-C16
6	R	401	16C	C31-C32-C33-C34
6	R	401	16C	C20-C21-C22-C23
6	R	401	16C	C23-C24-C25-C26
6	R	401	16C	C24-C25-C26-C27
6	R	401	16C	C11-C12-C13-C14
6	R	401	16C	C10-C11-C12-C13
6	R	401	16C	C25-C26-C27-C28
6	R	401	16C	C29-C30-C31-C32

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	R	401	16C	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

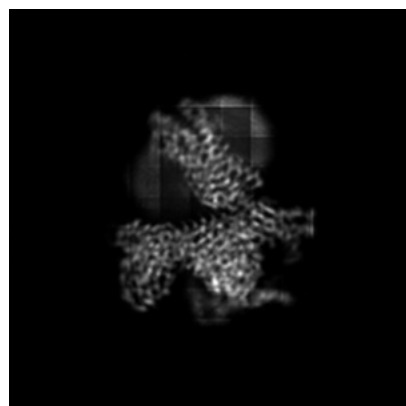
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-38964. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

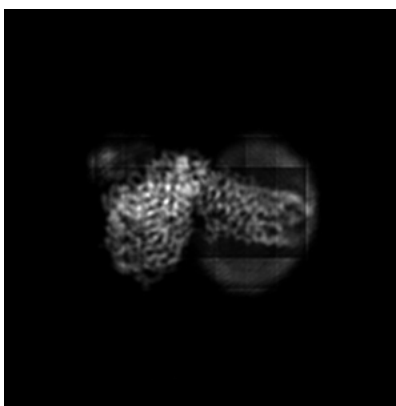
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

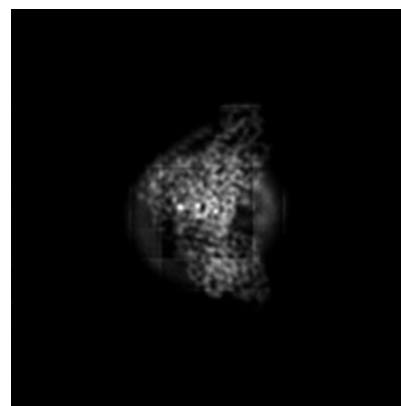
6.1.1 Primary map



X

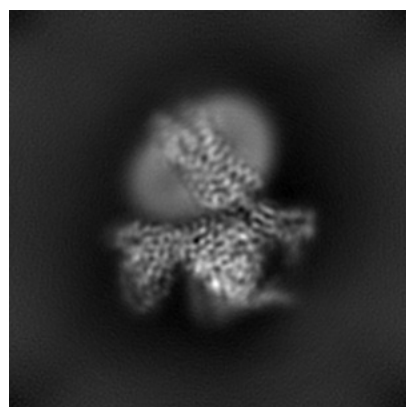


Y

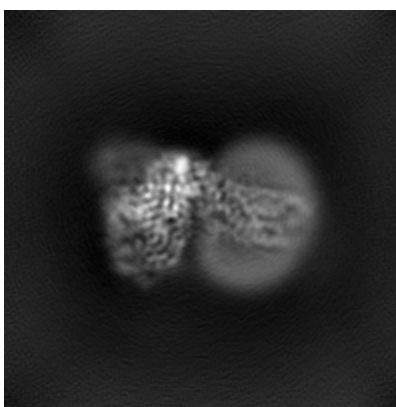


Z

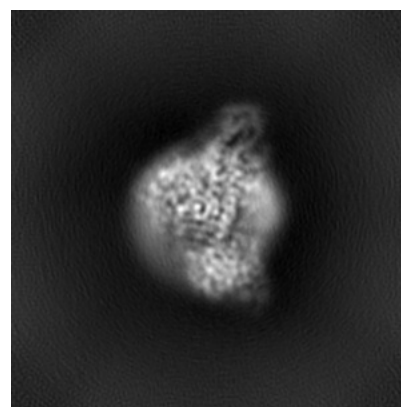
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

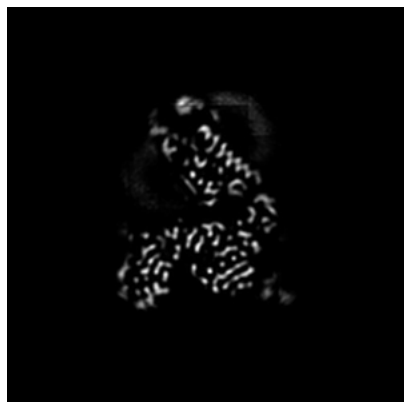


Z

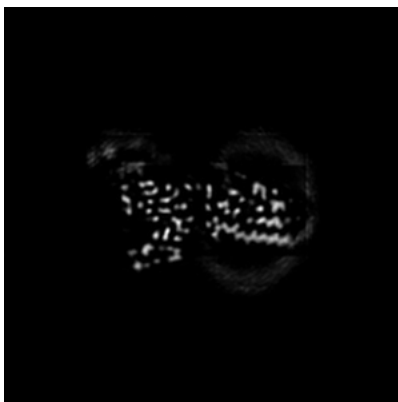
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 100

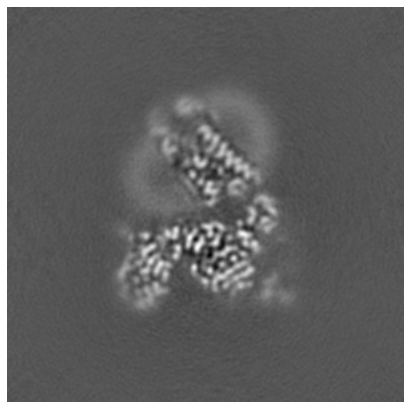


Y Index: 100

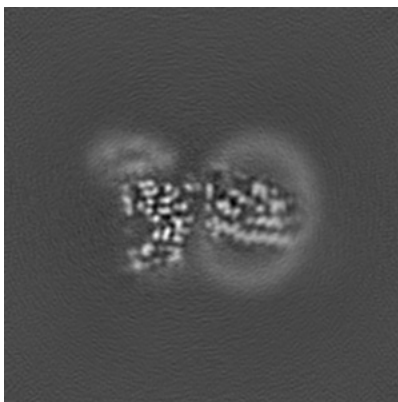


Z Index: 100

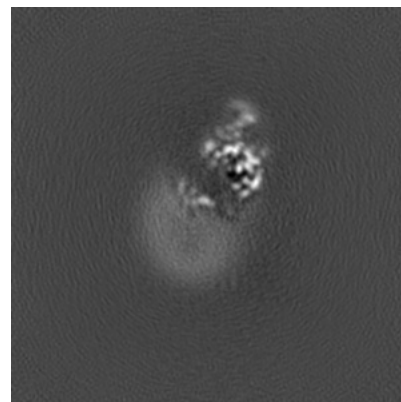
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 100



Y Index: 100

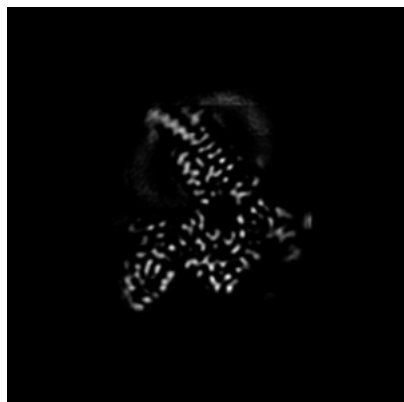


Z Index: 100

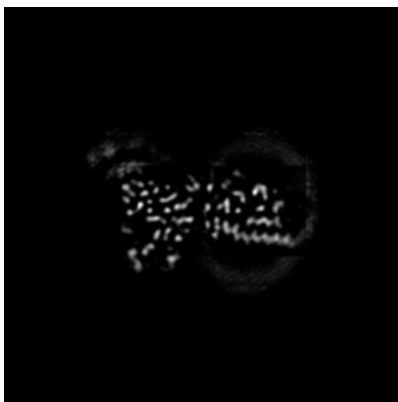
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 106

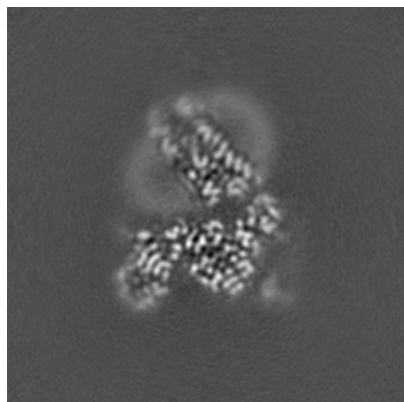


Y Index: 101

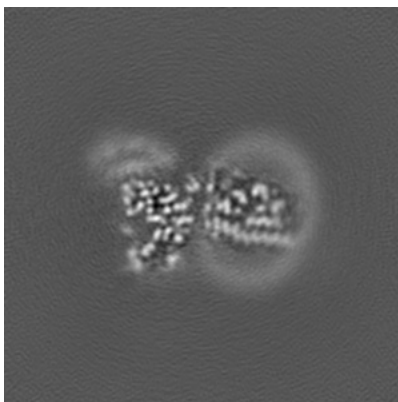


Z Index: 81

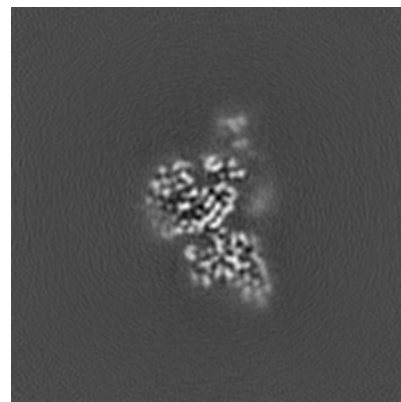
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 101



Y Index: 101

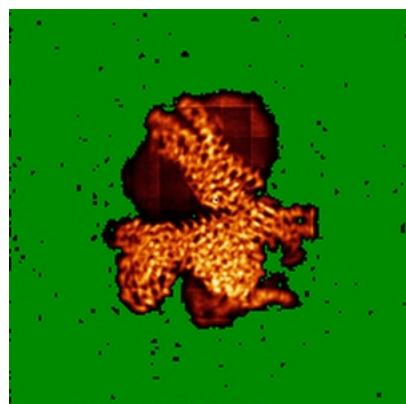


Z Index: 81

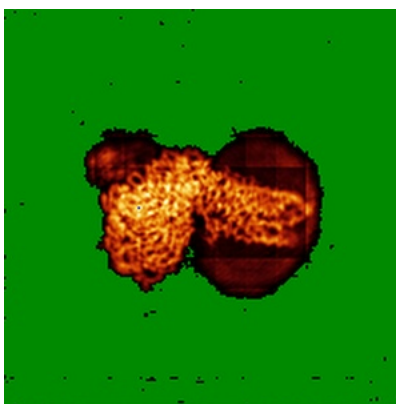
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

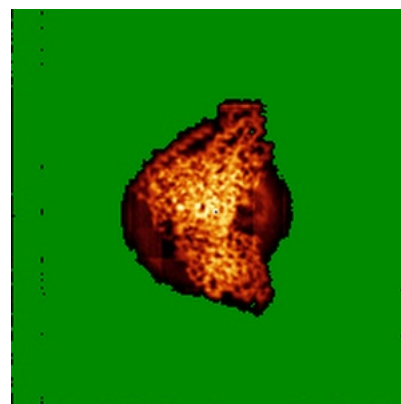
6.4.1 Primary map



X

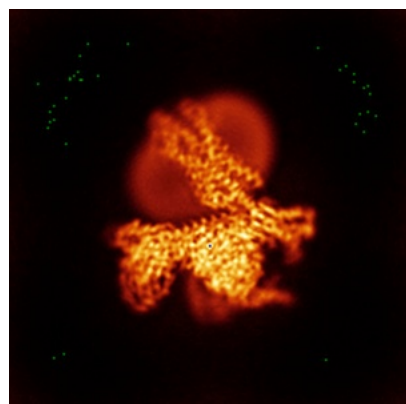


Y

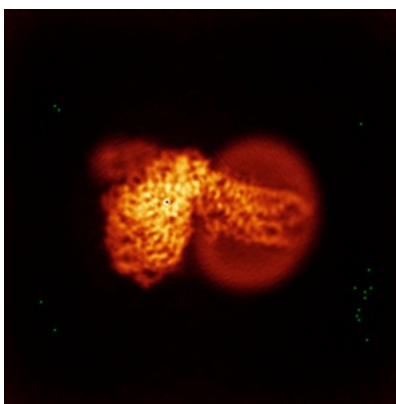


Z

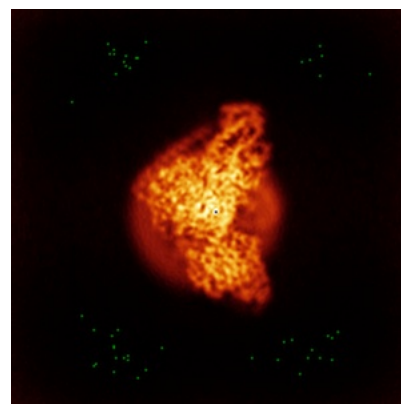
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

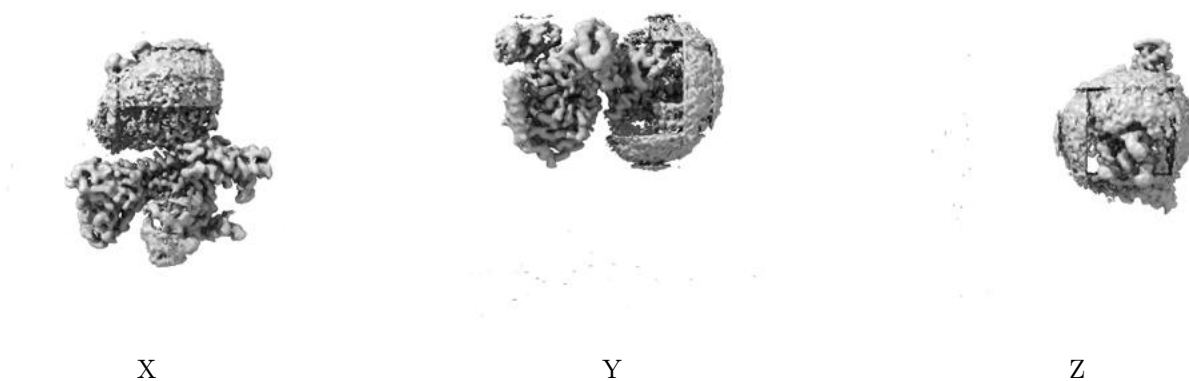


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

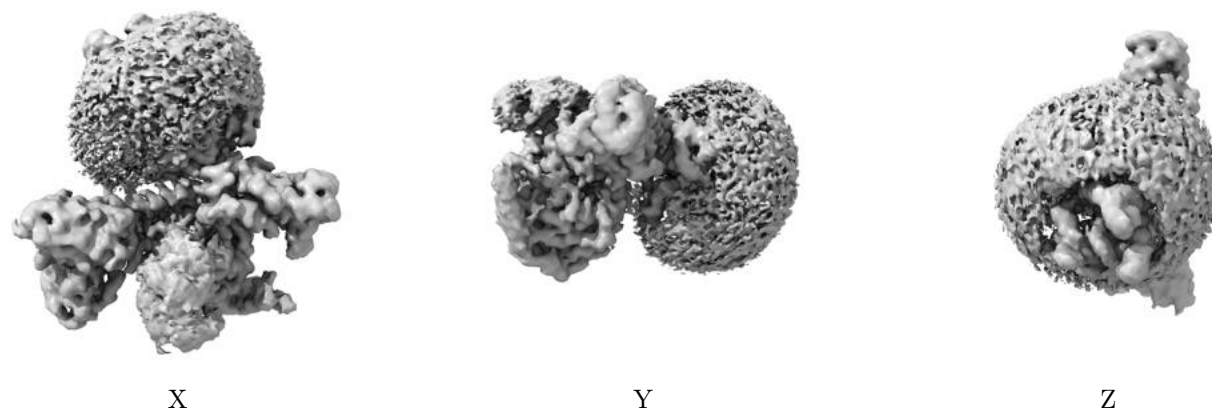
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.1. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

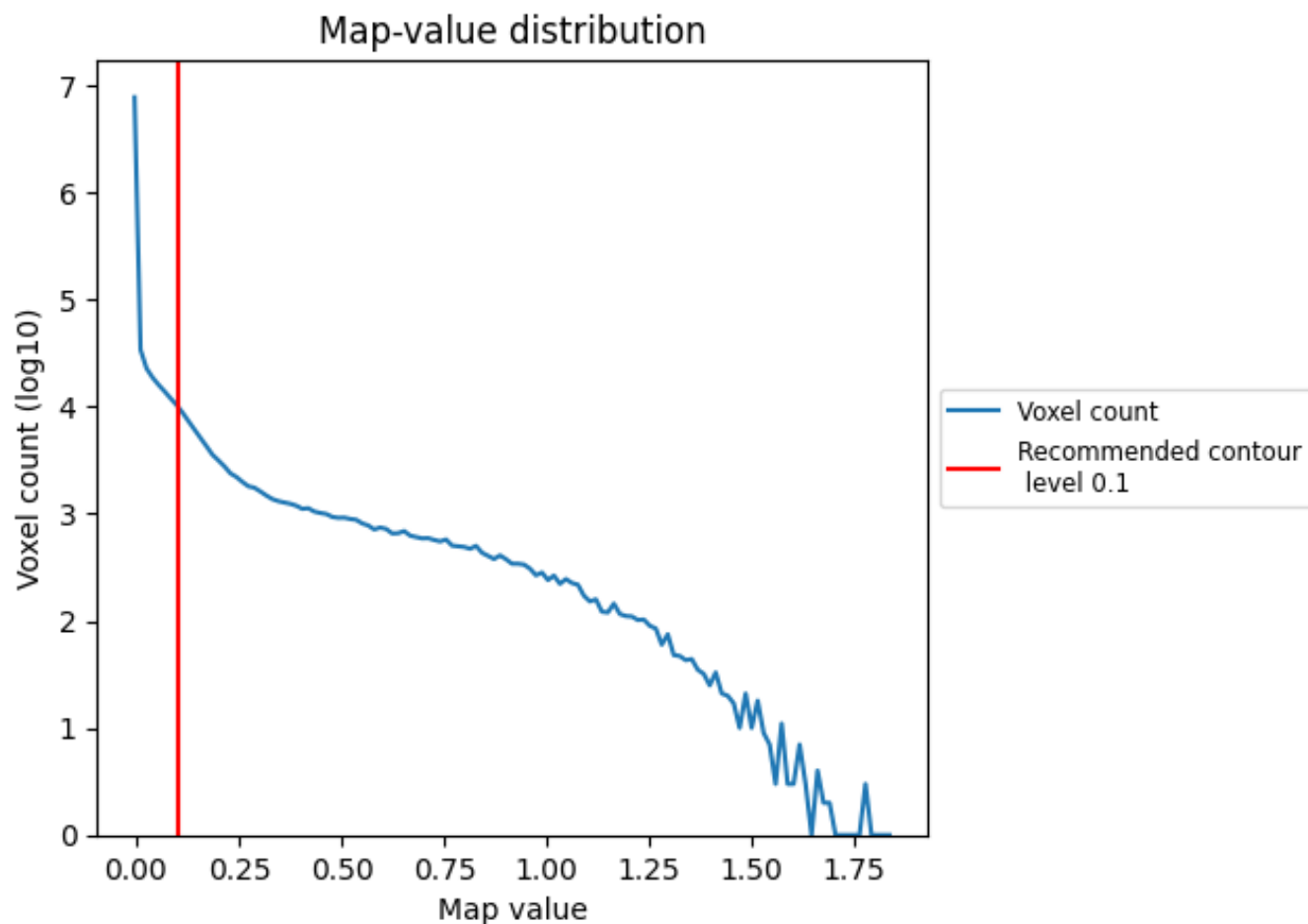
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

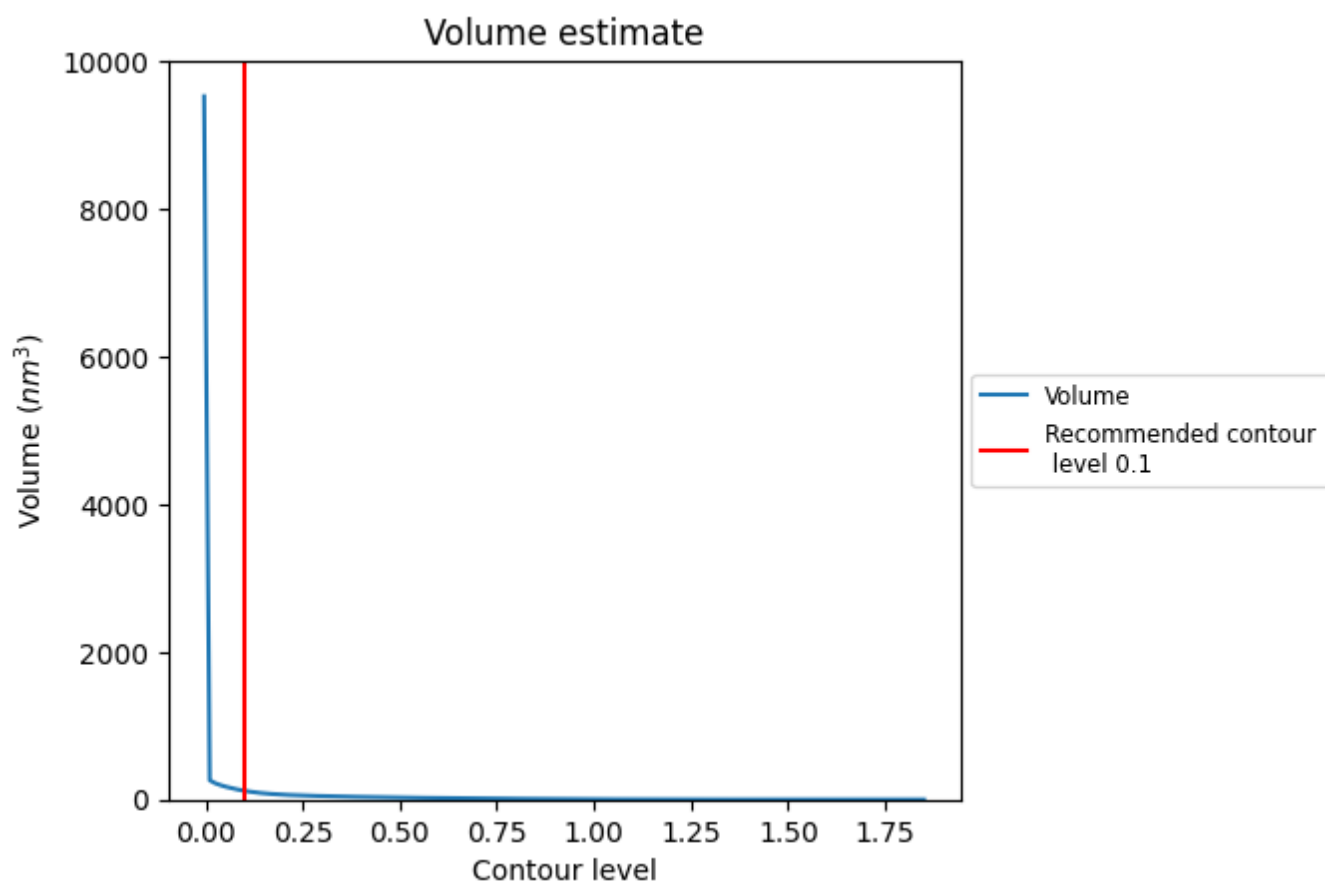
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

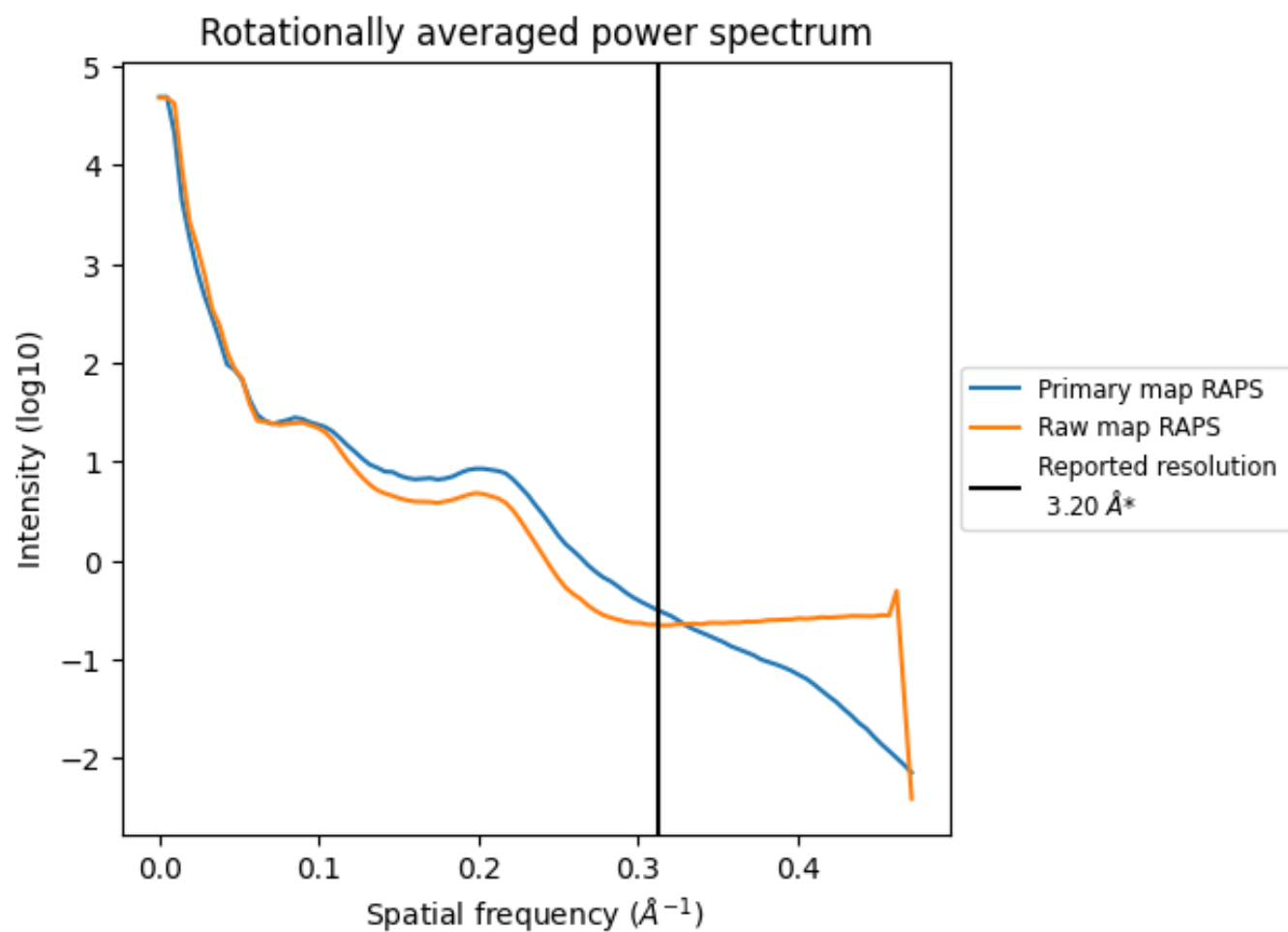
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 119 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 108 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

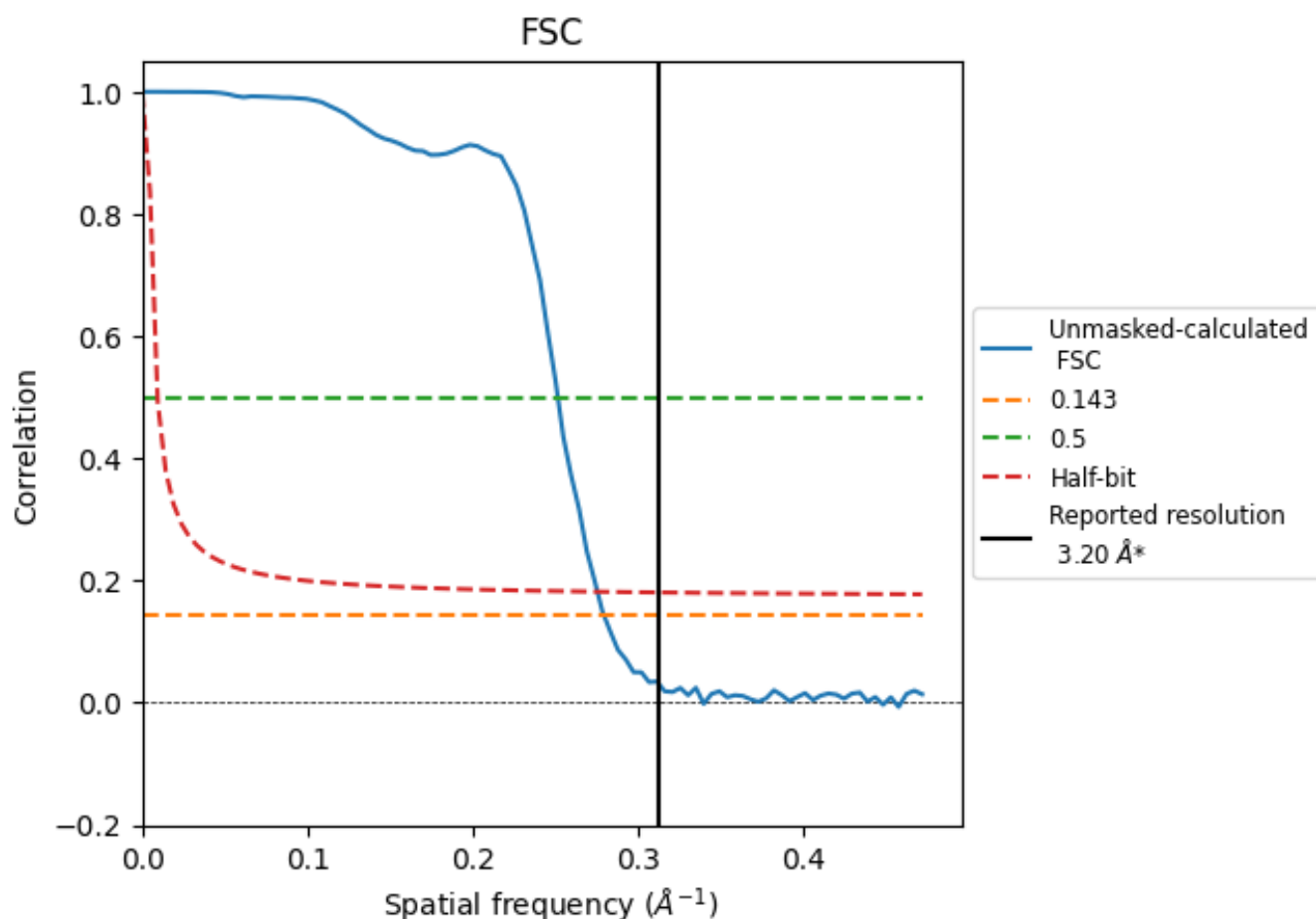


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of $0.312 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of $0.312 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

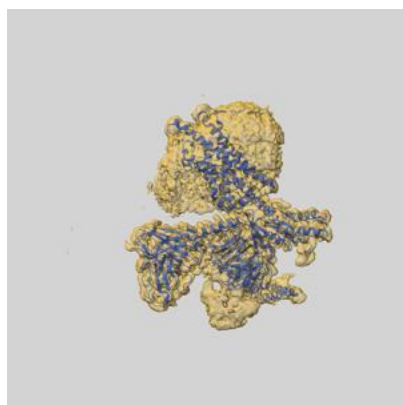
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.20	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	3.58	3.98	3.63

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.58 differs from the reported value 3.2 by more than 10 %

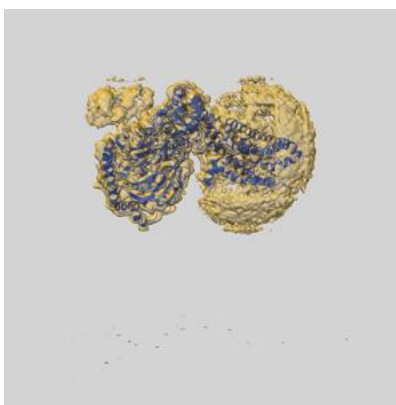
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-38964 and PDB model 8Y62. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 6](#).

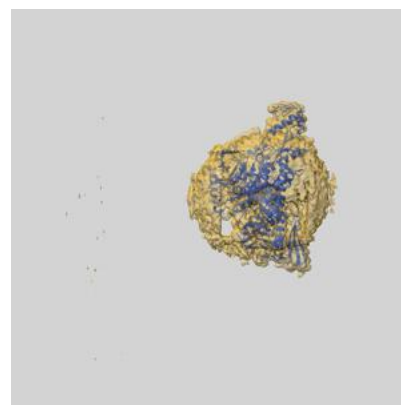
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



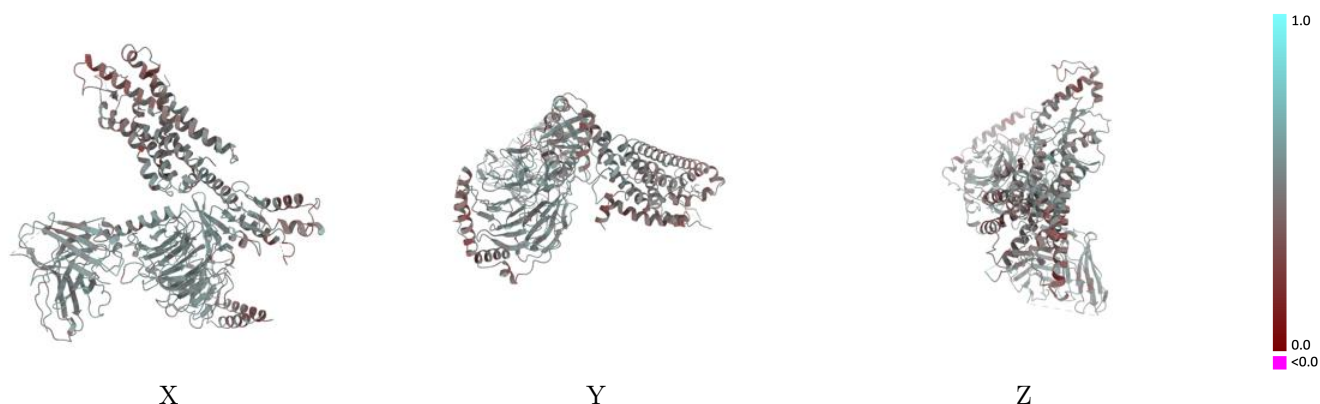
Y



Z

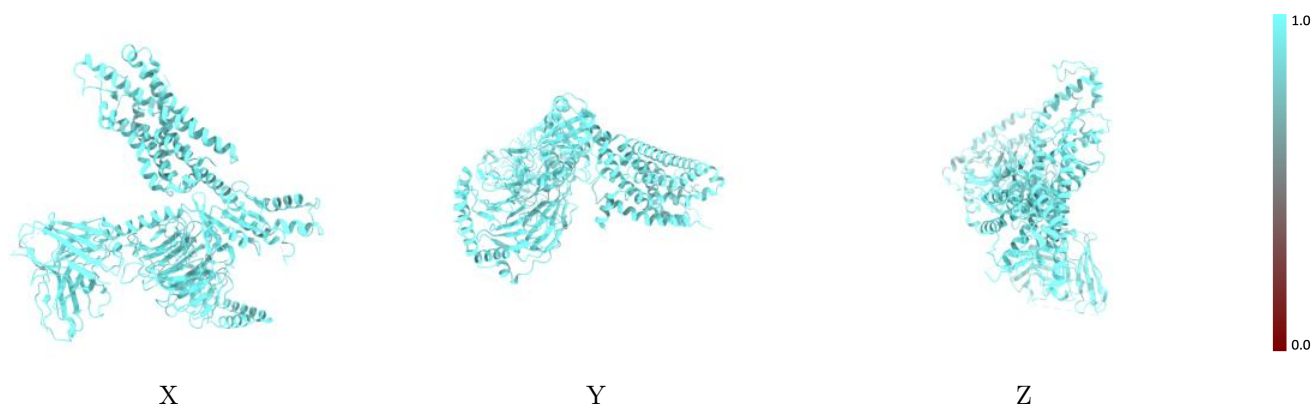
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.1 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



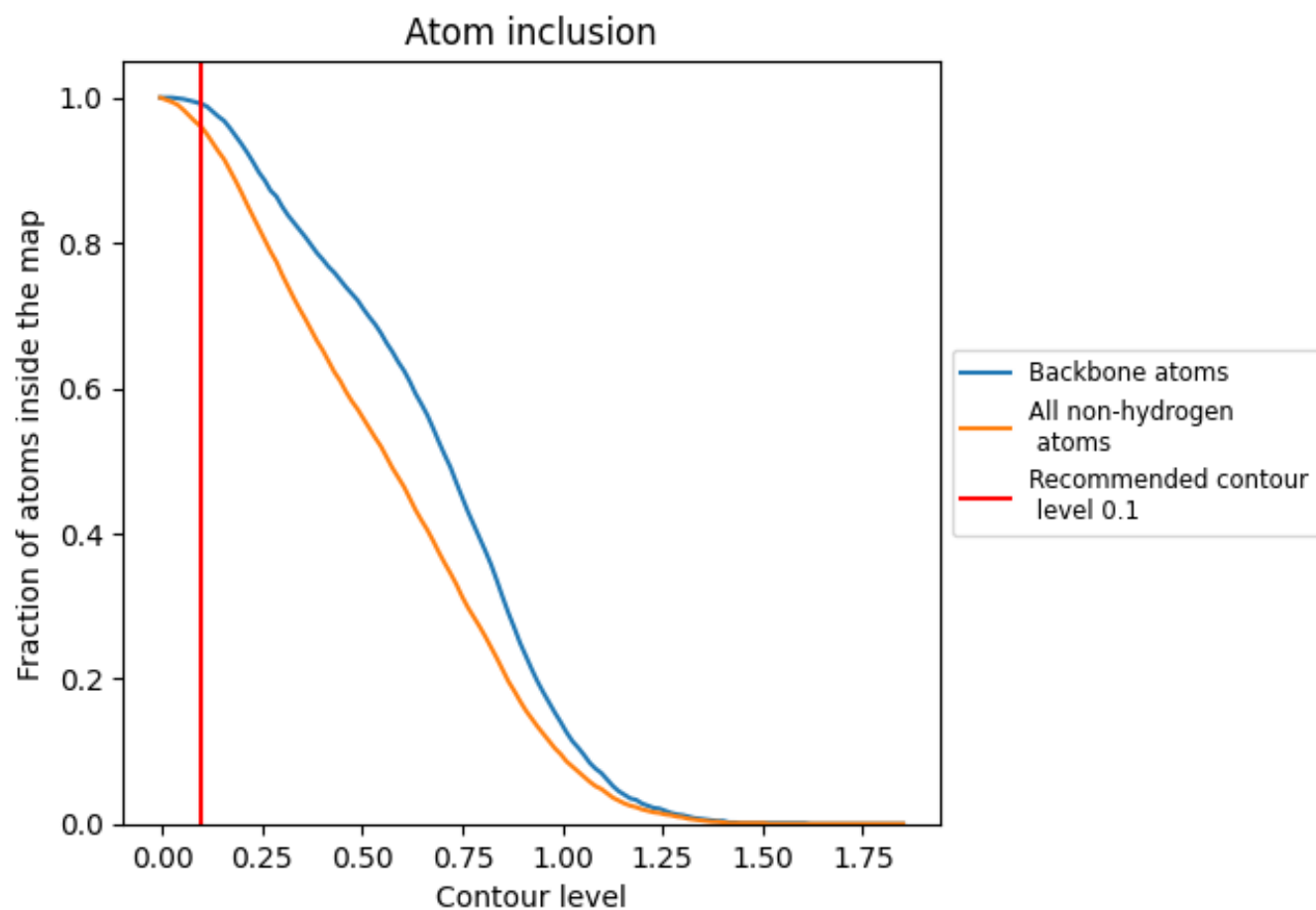
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.1).

9.4 Atom inclusion ⓘ



At the recommended contour level, 99% of all backbone atoms, 96% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.1) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.9590	0.4910
A	0.9490	0.4860
B	0.9650	0.5150
C	0.9790	0.4630
E	0.9600	0.5160
R	0.9550	0.4490

