



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 10, 2026 – 05:38 AM UTC

PDB ID : 1YVN / pdb_00001yvn
Title : THE YEAST ACTIN VAL 159 ASN MUTANT COMPLEX WITH HUMAN GELSOLIN SEGMENT 1.
Authors : Vorobiev, S.M.; Belmont, L.D.; Drubin, D.G.; Almo, S.C.
Deposited on : 1999-03-23
Resolution : 2.10 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	NOT EXECUTED
EDS	:	NOT EXECUTED
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

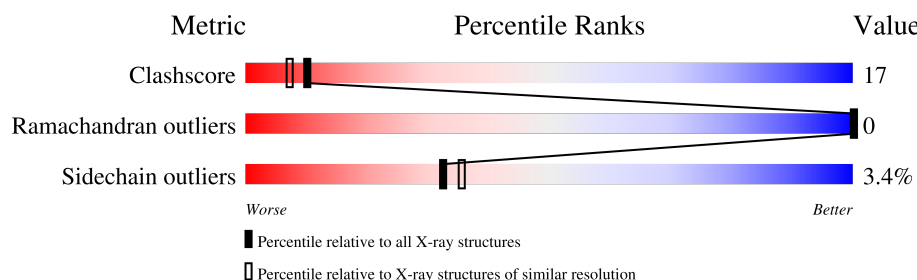
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	190562	7164 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	7099 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	187428	7100 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	375	
2	G	125	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	SO4	A	377	-	X	-	-

2 Entry composition

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4190 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called PROTEIN (ACTIN).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	372	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2876	1823	489	546	18			

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	159	ASN	VAL	engineered mutation	UNP P60010

- Molecule 2 is a protein called PROTEIN (GELSOLIN).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	G	125	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			993	642	164	185	2			

- Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg).

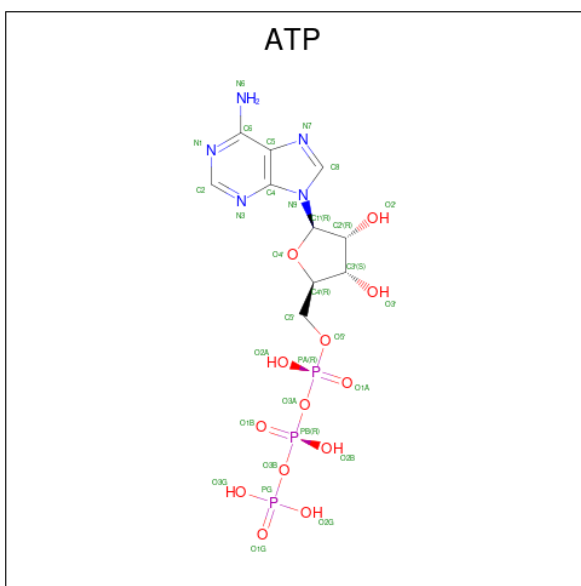
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 4 is SULFATE ION (CCD ID: SO4) (formula: O₄S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 5 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: ATP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	
			31	10	5	13	3	

- Molecule 6 is CALCIUM ION (CCD ID: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	G	1	Total 1	Ca 1	0	0

- Molecule 7 is water.

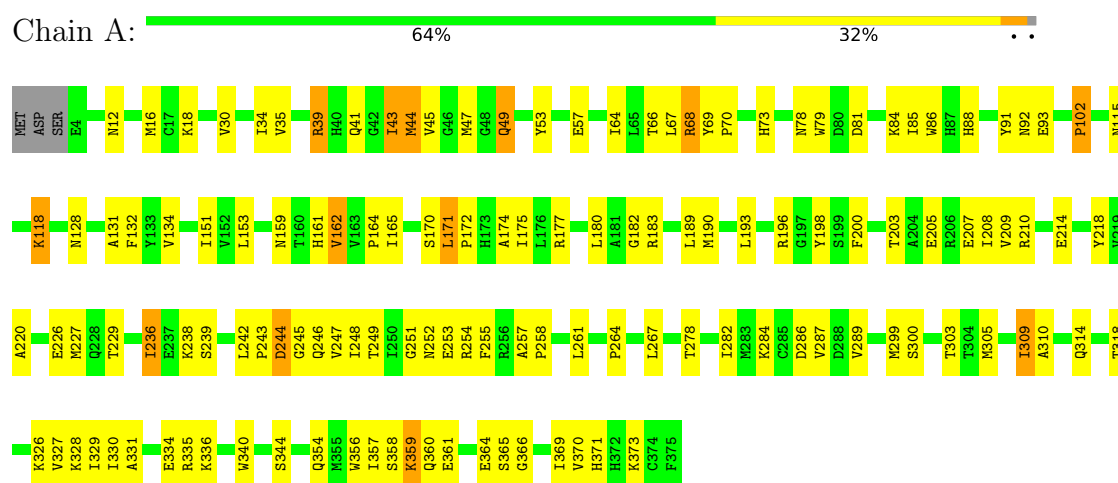
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	188	Total 188	O 188	0	0
7	G	95	Total 95	O 95	0	0

3 Residue-property plots

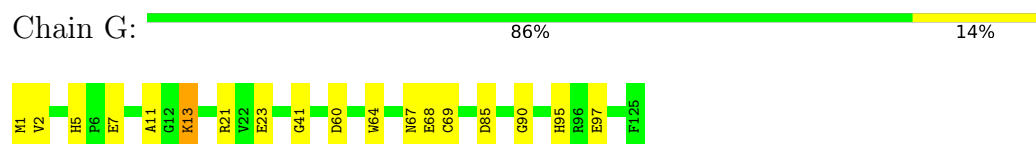
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: PROTEIN (ACTIN)



• Molecule 2: PROTEIN (GELSOLIN)



4 Data and refinement statistics

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	176.10Å 68.08Å 54.69Å 90.00° 102.24° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	25.00 – 2.10	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	84.4 (25.00-2.10)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.851	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.187 , 0.235	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	4190	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	22.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ATP, MG, SO4, CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.59	0/2940	1.00	9/3983 (0.2%)
2	G	0.59	0/1019	0.93	1/1378 (0.1%)
All	All	0.59	0/3959	0.99	10/5361 (0.2%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (10) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	91	TYR	N-CA-C	8.02	120.10	111.36
1	A	162	VAL	N-CA-C	-5.94	99.07	107.75
1	A	41	GLN	N-CA-C	5.82	117.83	110.33
1	A	359	LYS	N-CA-C	-5.75	105.10	111.71
1	A	267	LEU	N-CA-C	-5.67	106.17	112.57
2	G	11	ALA	N-CA-C	5.41	118.08	110.23
1	A	102	PRO	N-CA-C	-5.37	102.76	111.19
1	A	39	ARG	N-CA-C	-5.34	104.70	111.11
1	A	182	GLY	N-CA-C	5.16	118.88	112.64
1	A	357	ILE	N-CA-C	-5.11	100.98	108.54

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2876	0	2822	115	0
2	G	993	0	953	17	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	5	0	0	0	0
5	A	31	0	12	0	0
6	G	1	0	0	0	0
7	A	188	0	0	8	0
7	G	95	0	0	3	0
All	All	4190	0	3787	132	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 17.

All (132) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:196:ARG:HH21	1:A:249:THR:HG23	1.27	0.97
1:A:196:ARG:NH2	1:A:249:THR:HG23	1.80	0.96
1:A:172:PRO:HA	1:A:175:ILE:HD12	1.49	0.94
1:A:354:GLN:HG2	7:G:351:HOH:O	1.68	0.92
1:A:314:GLN:O	1:A:318:THR:HG23	1.74	0.88
1:A:43:ILE:HG13	1:A:44:MET:N	1.88	0.88
2:G:5:HIS:HD2	2:G:7:GLU:H	1.15	0.87
1:A:242:LEU:HB3	1:A:243:PRO:HD2	1.58	0.84
1:A:44:MET:HB2	1:A:47:MET:HG3	1.61	0.82
2:G:13:LYS:HE3	2:G:13:LYS:HA	1.63	0.79
1:A:118:LYS:HA	1:A:118:LYS:HZ3	1.51	0.75
2:G:5:HIS:CD2	2:G:7:GLU:H	2.03	0.75
1:A:102:PRO:HB3	1:A:131:ALA:HB3	1.67	0.75
1:A:299:MET:HE1	1:A:309:ILE:HG12	1.70	0.72
1:A:44:MET:HB2	1:A:47:MET:CG	2.17	0.72
1:A:257:ALA:HB3	1:A:258:PRO:HD3	1.72	0.71
1:A:88:HIS:CD2	1:A:92:ASN:HD22	2.10	0.69
1:A:68:ARG:HG3	1:A:81:ASP:OD2	1.93	0.68
2:G:2:VAL:HG23	7:G:395:HOH:O	1.95	0.66
1:A:190:MET:HG3	1:A:209:VAL:HG21	1.78	0.65
1:A:39:ARG:NH1	1:A:66:THR:HG22	2.12	0.64
1:A:305:MET:HA	1:A:335:ARG:NH2	2.13	0.64
1:A:287:VAL:HG23	7:A:520:HOH:O	1.98	0.63
1:A:12:ASN:HD21	1:A:86:TRP:HE1	1.43	0.63
1:A:369:ILE:O	1:A:373:LYS:HG2	1.99	0.63
1:A:53:TYR:CD2	1:A:57:GLU:HG2	2.34	0.62

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:35:VAL:O	1:A:68:ARG:HG2	2.01	0.61
1:A:151:ILE:HD11	1:A:162:VAL:CG1	2.30	0.61
1:A:358:SER:OG	1:A:361:GLU:HG2	2.00	0.61
1:A:88:HIS:HD2	1:A:92:ASN:HD22	1.46	0.61
1:A:16:MET:HE3	1:A:30:VAL:HG12	1.82	0.60
1:A:278:THR:O	1:A:282:ILE:HG13	2.02	0.60
1:A:359:LYS:HD3	7:A:507:HOH:O	2.02	0.60
1:A:318:THR:HG22	1:A:327:VAL:HB	1.84	0.59
1:A:242:LEU:HD12	1:A:246:GLN:HG3	1.84	0.59
1:A:314:GLN:HA	1:A:329:ILE:HD13	1.84	0.58
1:A:242:LEU:HB3	1:A:243:PRO:CD	2.31	0.58
1:A:151:ILE:HD11	1:A:162:VAL:HG12	1.85	0.58
1:A:180:LEU:HD23	1:A:264:PRO:HB3	1.86	0.58
1:A:196:ARG:HG3	1:A:196:ARG:HH11	1.67	0.57
2:G:21:ARG:HD3	2:G:23:GLU:HG2	1.86	0.57
1:A:88:HIS:HE1	1:A:93:GLU:OE2	1.88	0.57
2:G:2:VAL:HG12	2:G:2:VAL:O	2.04	0.57
1:A:286:ASP:O	1:A:289:VAL:HG22	2.05	0.57
1:A:196:ARG:HH11	1:A:196:ARG:CG	2.17	0.56
1:A:299:MET:CE	1:A:309:ILE:HG12	2.36	0.56
1:A:118:LYS:HZ3	1:A:118:LYS:CA	2.20	0.55
1:A:284:LYS:HE3	7:A:455:HOH:O	2.05	0.55
1:A:131:ALA:HB1	1:A:356:TRP:HB3	1.88	0.54
2:G:5:HIS:CD2	2:G:7:GLU:HB2	2.42	0.54
1:A:45:VAL:HA	1:A:49:GLN:HE22	1.72	0.53
1:A:79:TRP:CE2	1:A:118:LYS:HG2	2.43	0.53
1:A:252:ASN:HB2	1:A:255:PHE:CZ	2.43	0.53
1:A:220:ALA:HB1	1:A:226:GLU:HG3	1.89	0.53
1:A:53:TYR:HD2	1:A:57:GLU:HG2	1.73	0.53
1:A:328:LYS:HD3	1:A:330:ILE:HD11	1.90	0.52
2:G:21:ARG:HD3	2:G:23:GLU:OE2	2.08	0.52
1:A:193:LEU:O	1:A:198:TYR:HD1	1.93	0.52
2:G:5:HIS:HD2	2:G:7:GLU:N	1.95	0.51
1:A:78:ASN:HD22	1:A:78:ASN:C	2.17	0.51
2:G:41:GLY:O	2:G:69:CYS:HA	2.11	0.50
1:A:334:GLU:O	1:A:334:GLU:HG2	2.10	0.50
1:A:300:SER:HA	1:A:335:ARG:HB2	1.93	0.50
1:A:255:PHE:C	1:A:255:PHE:CD1	2.90	0.49
1:A:70:PRO:HG2	1:A:85:ILE:HD12	1.94	0.49
2:G:67:ASN:HB3	2:G:68:GLU:OE2	2.12	0.49
1:A:227:MET:HA	1:A:255:PHE:HZ	1.77	0.49

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:16:MET:CE	1:A:30:VAL:HG12	2.41	0.49
2:G:85:ASP:OD1	2:G:90:GLY:HA2	2.11	0.49
1:A:244:ASP:N	1:A:244:ASP:OD1	2.45	0.49
1:A:242:LEU:HD11	1:A:248:ILE:HG21	1.94	0.49
1:A:196:ARG:CG	1:A:196:ARG:NH1	2.76	0.48
1:A:243:PRO:C	1:A:245:GLY:H	2.21	0.48
1:A:34:ILE:HG12	1:A:69:TYR:CE2	2.48	0.48
1:A:171:LEU:CD1	1:A:171:LEU:N	2.76	0.48
1:A:366:GLY:O	1:A:369:ILE:HG12	2.13	0.48
1:A:210:ARG:O	1:A:214:GLU:HG3	2.14	0.47
1:A:196:ARG:HD2	1:A:253:GLU:OE2	2.14	0.47
1:A:132:PHE:CZ	1:A:134:VAL:HG22	2.50	0.47
1:A:43:ILE:O	1:A:49:GLN:HB3	2.15	0.47
1:A:189:LEU:HG	1:A:209:VAL:HG13	1.97	0.47
1:A:180:LEU:HD11	1:A:261:LEU:HD23	1.97	0.46
1:A:242:LEU:HD11	1:A:248:ILE:CG2	2.46	0.46
1:A:164:PRO:HG2	1:A:174:ALA:HB3	1.96	0.46
1:A:218:TYR:O	1:A:255:PHE:HA	2.15	0.46
1:A:365:SER:CB	1:A:369:ILE:HG21	2.46	0.46
1:A:18:LYS:N	1:A:18:LYS:HD3	2.31	0.45
1:A:84:LYS:HE2	1:A:84:LYS:HB2	1.78	0.45
2:G:64:TRP:HA	2:G:97:GLU:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:180:LEU:C	1:A:180:LEU:HD12	2.41	0.45
1:A:180:LEU:CD2	1:A:264:PRO:HB3	2.46	0.45
1:A:43:ILE:HG13	1:A:44:MET:HG2	1.98	0.45
1:A:243:PRO:C	1:A:245:GLY:N	2.75	0.45
1:A:303:THR:HG22	1:A:303:THR:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:161:HIS:CD2	1:A:177:ARG:HB2	2.52	0.45
1:A:115:ASN:HB3	7:A:433:HOH:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:305:MET:HA	1:A:335:ARG:HH21	1.82	0.45
1:A:84:LYS:HG3	7:A:460:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:200:PHE:HA	1:A:205:GLU:HB3	1.99	0.45
1:A:220:ALA:CB	1:A:226:GLU:HG3	2.47	0.44
1:A:153:LEU:HD13	1:A:162:VAL:HG22	1.99	0.44
1:A:365:SER:HB2	1:A:369:ILE:HG21	1.99	0.44
1:A:73:HIS:O	1:A:159:ASN:ND2	2.51	0.43
2:G:21:ARG:HD3	2:G:23:GLU:CG	2.48	0.43
1:A:203:THR:O	1:A:207:GLU:HG2	2.18	0.43
1:A:193:LEU:HD23	1:A:193:LEU:HA	1.86	0.43
1:A:370:VAL:HG13	1:A:371:HIS:N	2.33	0.43
1:A:88:HIS:CE1	1:A:93:GLU:OE2	2.71	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:49:GLN:H	1:A:49:GLN:HE21	1.67	0.42
1:A:207:GLU:HA	1:A:207:GLU:OE1	2.19	0.42
1:A:239:SER:HB3	1:A:247:VAL:CG1	2.49	0.42
1:A:251:GLY:O	1:A:254:ARG:HG3	2.20	0.42
1:A:218:TYR:O	1:A:258:PRO:HG2	2.19	0.42
1:A:69:TYR:CD1	1:A:69:TYR:N	2.88	0.42
1:A:340:TRP:CZ3	1:A:344:SER:HB2	2.55	0.42
2:G:1:MET:HB2	7:G:376:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:238:LYS:CG	1:A:254:ARG:NH1	2.83	0.42
1:A:309:ILE:HG23	1:A:310:ALA:N	2.34	0.42
1:A:165:ILE:HA	1:A:170:SER:HA	2.01	0.41
1:A:205:GLU:O	1:A:208:ILE:HB	2.20	0.41
1:A:360:GLN:O	1:A:364:GLU:HG2	2.20	0.41
1:A:34:ILE:CG2	1:A:67:LEU:HB3	2.50	0.41
1:A:170:SER:C	1:A:171:LEU:HD12	2.45	0.41
2:G:60:ASP:OD2	2:G:95:HIS:HE1	2.02	0.41
1:A:336:LYS:HB2	7:A:389:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:236:ILE:HD13	1:A:236:ILE:HA	1.80	0.41
1:A:172:PRO:HD2	7:A:517:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:236:ILE:O	1:A:254:ARG:NH1	2.54	0.41
1:A:299:MET:HG3	1:A:331:ALA:HB2	2.02	0.41
2:G:21:ARG:CD	2:G:23:GLU:OE2	2.68	0.40
1:A:44:MET:HB2	1:A:47:MET:HG2	2.02	0.40
1:A:128:ASN:HA	7:A:507:HOH:O	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	370/375 (99%)	351 (95%)	19 (5%)	0	100 100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	G	123/125 (98%)	122 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	493/500 (99%)	473 (96%)	20 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	309/320 (97%)	296 (96%)	13 (4%)	26	28
2	G	102/103 (99%)	101 (99%)	1 (1%)	68	76
All	All	411/423 (97%)	397 (97%)	14 (3%)	32	35

All (14) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	43	ILE
1	A	44	MET
1	A	49	GLN
1	A	64	ILE
1	A	68	ARG
1	A	118	LYS
1	A	171	LEU
1	A	183	ARG
1	A	229	THR
1	A	236	ILE
1	A	244	ASP
1	A	309	ILE
1	A	326	LYS
2	G	13	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (10) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	12	ASN
1	A	49	GLN
1	A	88	HIS
1	A	92	ASN
1	A	246	GLN
1	A	263	HIS
1	A	276	GLN
1	A	280	ASN
2	G	5	HIS
2	G	95	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
4	SO4	A	377	-	4,4,4	6.13	4 (100%)	6,6,6	3.09	5 (83%)
5	ATP	A	378	3	32,33,33	1.07	2 (6%)	48,52,52	1.28	7 (14%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral

centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	ATP	A	378	3	-	2/22/38/38	0/3/3/3

All (6) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	377	SO4	O2-S	7.86	1.91	1.44
4	A	377	SO4	O1-S	6.54	1.83	1.44
4	A	377	SO4	O3-S	5.24	1.91	1.48
4	A	377	SO4	O4-S	4.25	1.83	1.48
5	A	378	ATP	C2-N1	3.41	1.40	1.33
5	A	378	ATP	C4-N3	2.36	1.38	1.34

All (12) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	377	SO4	O4-S-O3	-3.63	88.54	108.54
4	A	377	SO4	O3-S-O1	3.39	127.28	109.56
4	A	377	SO4	O4-S-O2	3.38	127.21	109.56
4	A	377	SO4	O3-S-O2	3.14	125.98	109.56
4	A	377	SO4	O2-S-O1	-2.93	88.44	109.06
5	A	378	ATP	O2B-PB-O3B	2.80	114.84	107.27
5	A	378	ATP	O3G-PG-O1G	2.59	120.92	110.83
5	A	378	ATP	O2B-PB-O3A	2.57	114.21	107.27
5	A	378	ATP	O3B-PB-O1B	2.56	118.40	110.70
5	A	378	ATP	O2G-PG-O1G	-2.45	101.31	110.83
5	A	378	ATP	O4'-C1'-N9	2.43	112.76	108.09
5	A	378	ATP	O2B-PB-O1B	-2.38	101.36	112.44

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

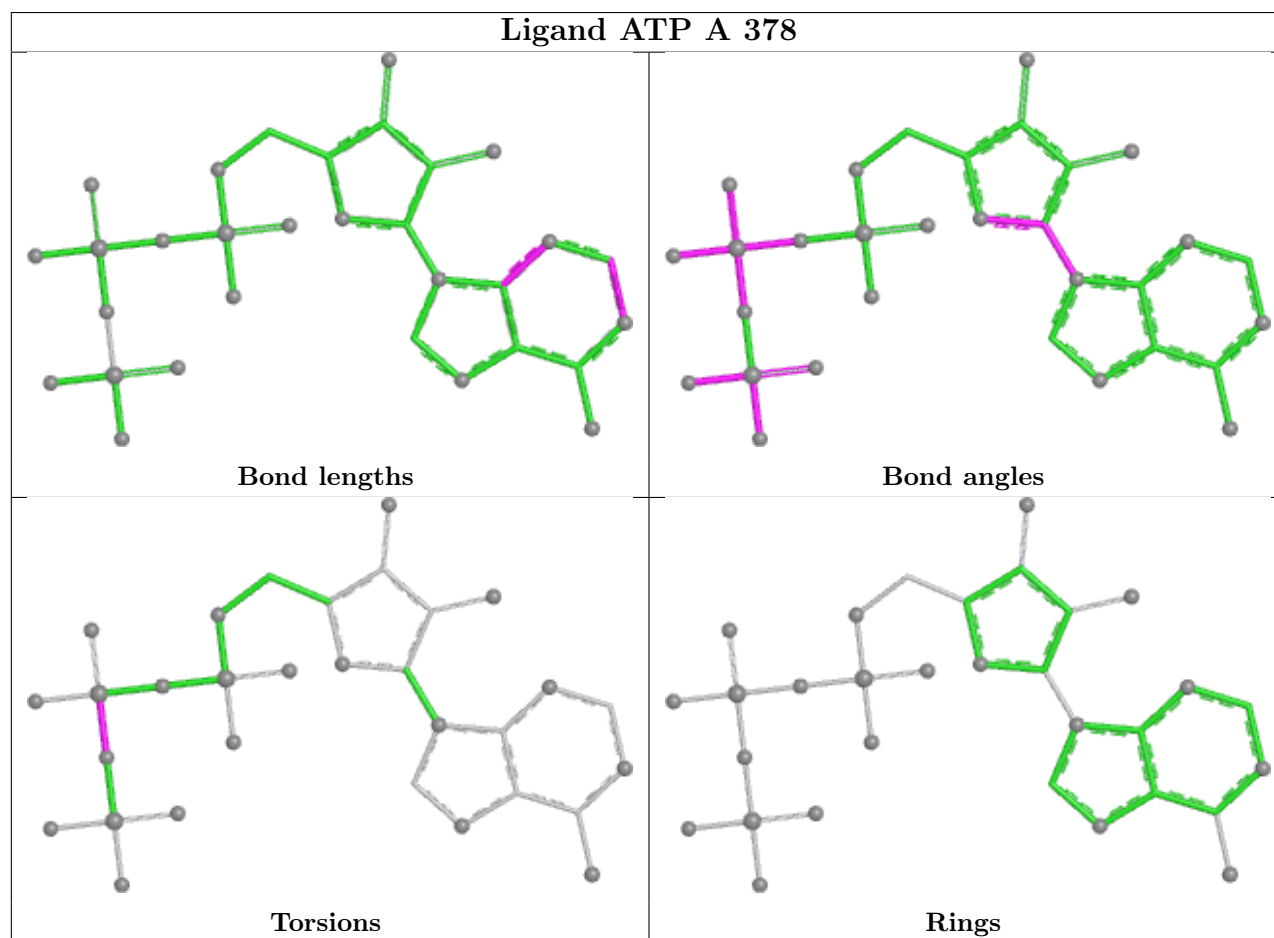
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	378	ATP	PG-O3B-PB-O1B
5	A	378	ATP	PG-O3B-PB-O2B

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths,

bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.