



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 30, 2026 – 03:03 PM UTC

PDB ID : 6ZBI / pdb_00006zbi
BMRB ID : 34521
Title : Ternary complex of Calmodulin bound to 2 molecules of NHE1
Authors : Prestel, A.; Kragelund, B.B.; Pedersen, E.S.; Pedersen, S.F.; Sjoegaard-Frich, L.M.
Deposited on : 2020-06-08

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A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

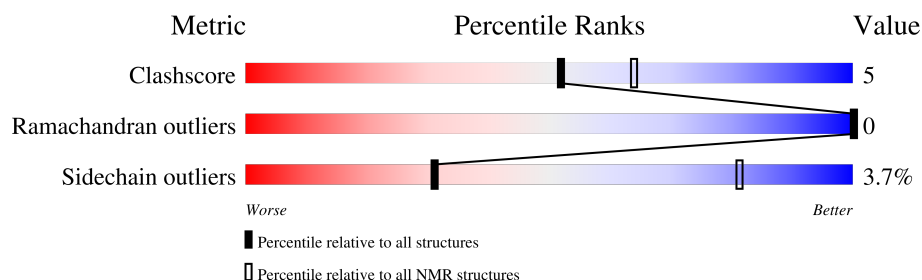
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 86%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424
Ramachandran outliers	224038	12848
Sidechain outliers	223484	12823

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	148	
2	B	36	
2	C	36	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 6 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:7-A:73, C:824-C:847 (91)	0.68	6
2	A:85-A:148, B:622-B:646 (89)	0.74	12

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	9, 13, 14, 16, 17, 20
2	1, 2, 5, 10, 11
3	6, 12, 18, 19
4	3, 4, 8
Single-model clusters	7; 15

3 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3537 atoms, of which 1749 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Calmodulin-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	148	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2261	714	1095	188	255	9	

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
2	B	36	Total	C	H	N	O	0
			636	187	327	65	57	
2	C	36	Total	C	H	N	O	0
			636	187	327	65	57	

- Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (CCD ID: CA) (formula: Ca).

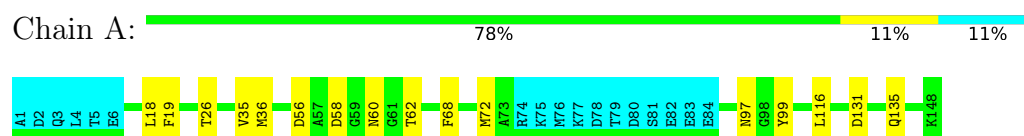
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
3	A	4	Total	Ca
			4	4

4 Residue-property plots

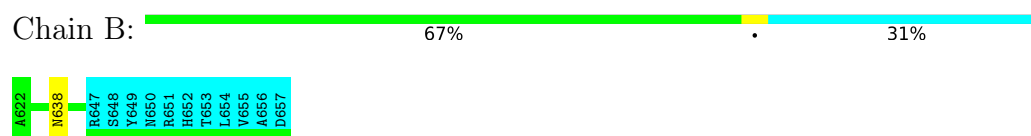
4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1



- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1



- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

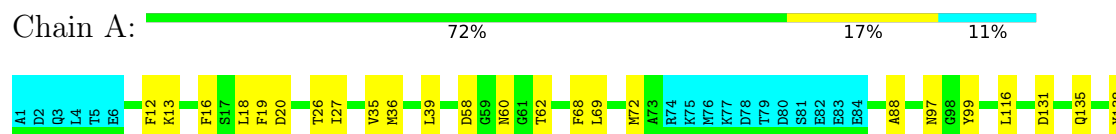


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1





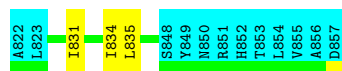
- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

Chain B: 67% 31%



- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

Chain C: 58% 8% 33%



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

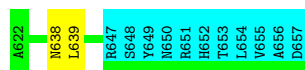
- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1

Chain A: 76% 12% 11%



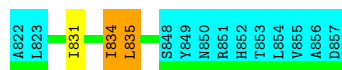
- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

Chain B: 64% 6% 31%



- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

Chain C: 58% 6% 33%



4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1

Chain A: 74% 14% 11%



K148

- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

Chain B:  67% 31%

A622 L623 R647 S648 Y649 N650 R651 H652 T653 L654 V655 A656 D657

- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

Chain C:  53% 8% 6% 33%

A822 L823 I831 I834 L835 N838 T842 S848 N850 R851 H852 T853 L854 V855 A856 D857

4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1

Chain A:  73% 16% 11%

A1 D2 Q3 L4 T5 E6 L18 F19 D22 T26 V35 K36 D56 N60 G61 T62 I63 D64 F65 P66 E67 F68 M71 M72 M73 R74 K75 M76 K77 D78 T79 D80 S81 E82 E83 E84 V91 F92 D93 N97 G98 Y99 L112 L116 D131 Q135

K148

- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

Chain B:  58% 11% 31%

A622 L623 R632 N638 L646 R647 S648 Y649 N650 R651 H652 T653 L654 V655 A656 D657

- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

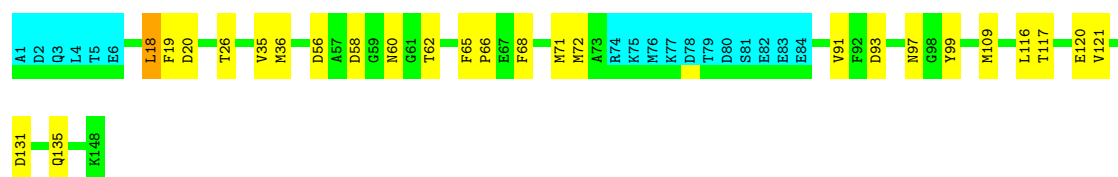
Chain C:  56% 6% 6% 33%

A822 L823 I831 I834 L835 N838 S848 Y849 N850 R851 H852 T853 L854 V855 A856 D857

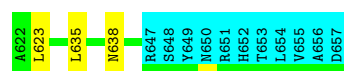
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1

Chain A:  71% 17% 11%



- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

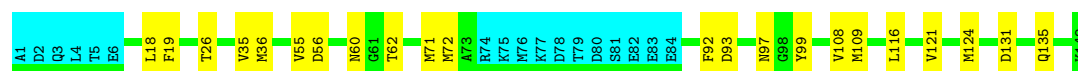


- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

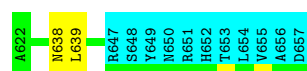


4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1



- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

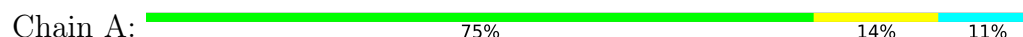


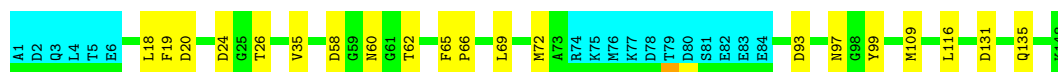
- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1



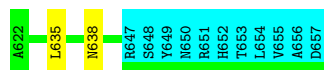
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1

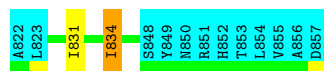




- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

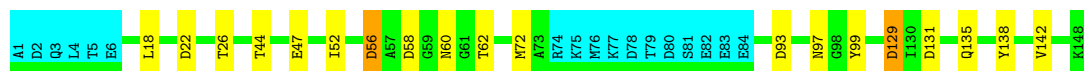


- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

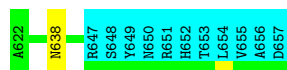


4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

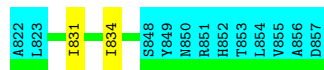
- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1



- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1



- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

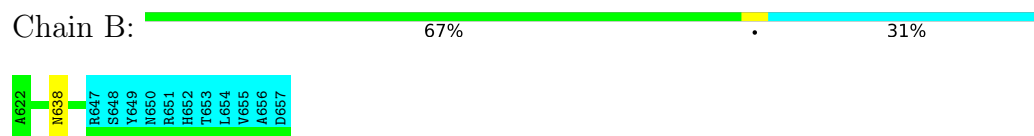


4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1



- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

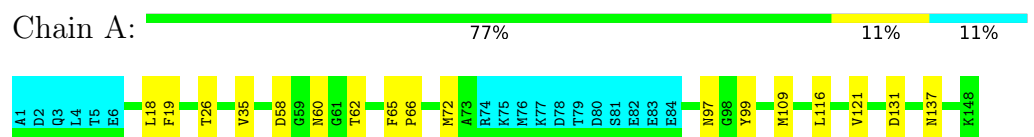


- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

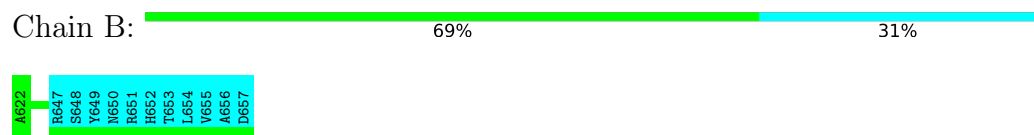


4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1



- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

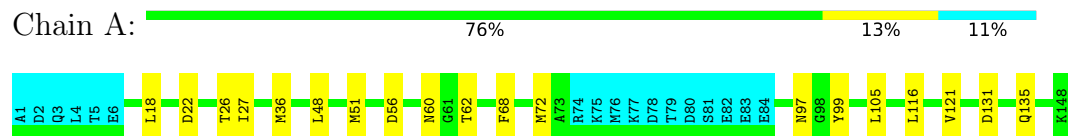


- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1



- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

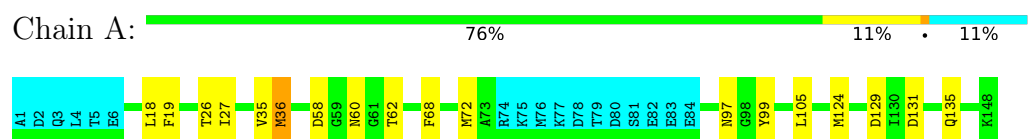


- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1



- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

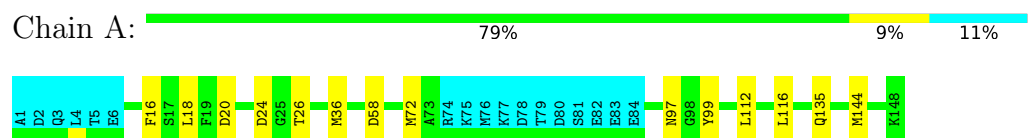


- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1



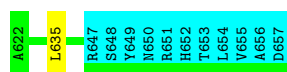
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1

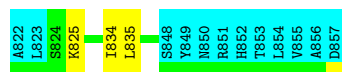


- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1





- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

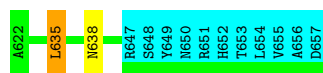


4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1



- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

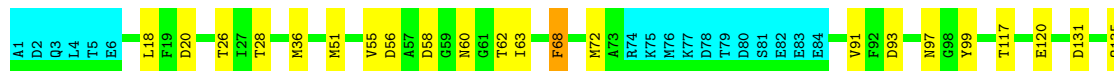


- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1



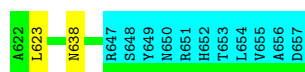
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1



- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1



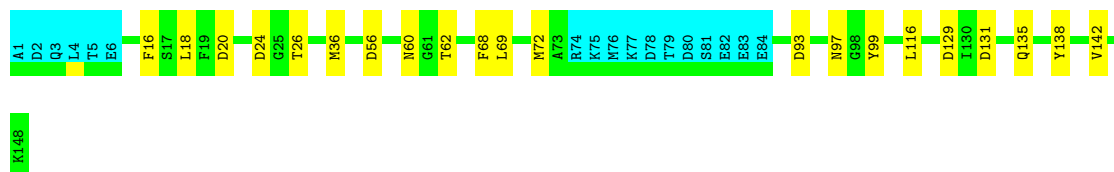


- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1



4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

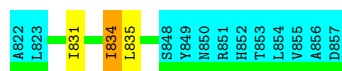
- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1



- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

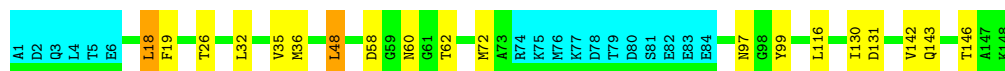
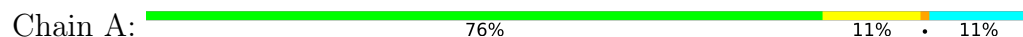


- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1



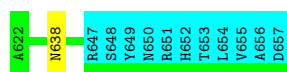
4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1

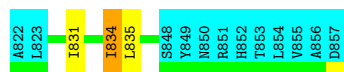


- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1



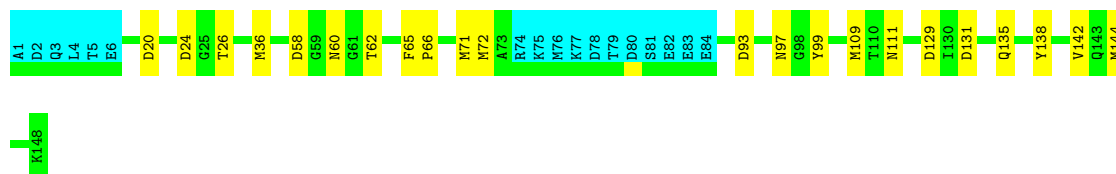


- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

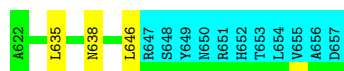


4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

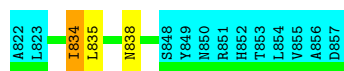
- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1



- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

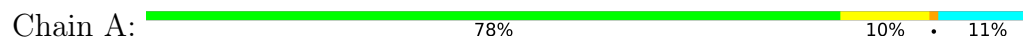


- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1



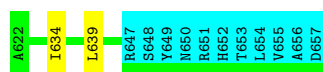
4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1

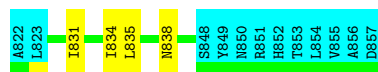


- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1



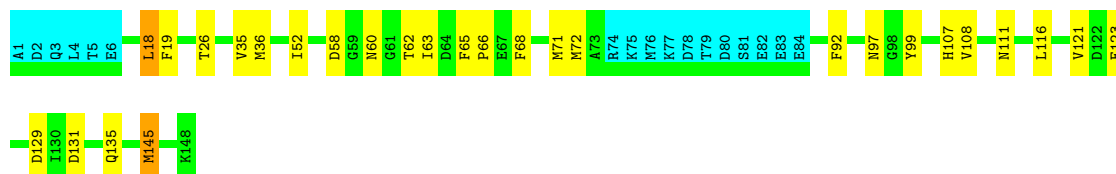


- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1

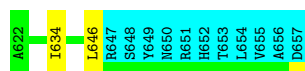


4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

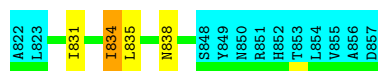
- Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1



- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1



- Molecule 2: Sodium/hydrogen exchanger 1



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR NIH	refinement	2.44
CYANA	structure calculation	3.98.5

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	3
Total number of shifts	2552
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2552
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	86%

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	1.06±0.00	0±0/1039 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.13±0.01	0±0/1395 (0.0± 0.0%)
2	B	1.24±0.01	0±0/215 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.10±0.01	0±0/284 (0.0± 0.0%)
2	C	1.27±0.01	0±0/213 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.16±0.02	0±0/280 (0.1± 0.1%)
All	All	1.12	0/29340 (0.0%)	1.13	3/39180 (0.0%)

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	C	831	ILE	CB-CA-C	-5.41	104.84	112.14	3	3

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1027	966	967	15±3
2	B	215	239	236	1±1
2	C	213	234	234	4±1
3	A	4	0	0	8±2
All	All	29180	28780	28740	311

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:116:LEU:HD23	1:A:121:VAL:HG22	0.72	1.62	20	5
1:A:18:LEU:HG	2:C:831:ILE:HD11	0.67	1.65	5	6
1:A:97:ASN:OD1	3:A:203:CA:CA	0.66	1.73	4	20
1:A:60:ASN:OD1	3:A:202:CA:CA	0.66	1.72	16	19
1:A:135:GLN:O	3:A:204:CA:CA	0.65	1.74	3	16
1:A:62:THR:O	3:A:202:CA:CA	0.64	1.75	11	19
1:A:55:VAL:HG11	1:A:71:MET:SD	0.64	2.32	19	1
1:A:26:THR:O	3:A:201:CA:CA	0.64	1.75	18	20
1:A:99:TYR:O	3:A:203:CA:CA	0.64	1.75	7	20
1:A:93:ASP:OD1	3:A:203:CA:CA	0.63	1.76	7	8
1:A:20:ASP:OD1	3:A:201:CA:CA	0.62	1.77	14	9
1:A:129:ASP:OD1	3:A:204:CA:CA	0.62	1.77	16	5
1:A:72:MET:HE2	2:C:834:ILE:CG2	0.62	2.25	19	13
1:A:24:ASP:OD1	3:A:201:CA:CA	0.62	1.77	7	7
1:A:72:MET:HE1	2:C:834:ILE:CG2	0.62	2.25	15	4
1:A:56:ASP:OD1	3:A:202:CA:CA	0.61	1.78	15	9
1:A:18:LEU:HB3	2:C:831:ILE:HD11	0.61	1.70	15	7
1:A:91:VAL:HG21	2:B:623:LEU:HD22	0.61	1.73	15	3
1:A:137:ASN:OD1	3:A:204:CA:CA	0.60	1.78	10	1
1:A:36:MET:HG2	2:C:835:LEU:HD13	0.60	1.72	1	7
1:A:109:MET:HE2	2:B:635:LEU:HD12	0.60	1.74	7	2
1:A:18:LEU:HD13	2:C:831:ILE:HD11	0.58	1.75	10	4
2:B:639:LEU:HD21	2:B:643:ARG:HE	0.57	1.59	12	1
1:A:27:ILE:HD12	1:A:68:PHE:CE1	0.56	2.34	1	3
1:A:19:PHE:HA	1:A:35:VAL:HG21	0.56	1.75	20	13
1:A:63:ILE:HG21	1:A:68:PHE:CE1	0.56	2.36	14	3
1:A:72:MET:HE1	2:C:834:ILE:HG23	0.54	1.78	16	1
1:A:116:LEU:HD13	2:B:639:LEU:HD11	0.53	1.80	2	1
1:A:109:MET:HE2	2:B:635:LEU:HD23	0.52	1.81	5	1
1:A:71:MET:HE3	2:C:838:ASN:ND2	0.51	2.20	5	7
1:A:36:MET:HE2	2:C:835:LEU:HD22	0.51	1.82	15	2
1:A:72:MET:HE2	2:C:834:ILE:HG23	0.50	1.82	4	2
1:A:36:MET:SD	2:C:835:LEU:HD13	0.50	2.47	15	5
1:A:32:LEU:HD22	1:A:48:LEU:HD11	0.49	1.85	17	1
1:A:44:THR:HG23	1:A:47:GLU:H	0.49	1.66	8	1
1:A:109:MET:CE	2:B:635:LEU:HD12	0.48	2.37	7	1
1:A:92:PHE:CD2	1:A:108:VAL:HG21	0.48	2.44	6	3
1:A:117:THR:HG23	1:A:120:GLU:H	0.48	1.69	5	2

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:12:PHE:CD2	1:A:69:LEU:HD12	0.48	2.44	1	1
1:A:105:LEU:HD23	1:A:121:VAL:HG13	0.48	1.86	11	1
1:A:142:VAL:O	1:A:146:THR:HG23	0.47	2.09	17	1
1:A:138:TYR:O	1:A:142:VAL:HG23	0.46	2.10	9	6
1:A:63:ILE:HG21	1:A:68:PHE:CD1	0.46	2.45	9	2
1:A:36:MET:HG3	2:C:835:LEU:HD13	0.46	1.86	12	1
1:A:91:VAL:HG21	2:B:623:LEU:HD11	0.45	1.88	5	1
1:A:107:HIS:CE1	1:A:111:ASN:HD21	0.45	2.29	20	1
1:A:144:MET:SD	2:B:635:LEU:HD21	0.45	2.52	18	2
1:A:145:MET:O	2:B:634:ILE:HD13	0.45	2.12	20	2
1:A:52:ILE:HG23	1:A:63:ILE:HD11	0.45	1.89	20	1
1:A:123:GLU:OE1	2:B:646:LEU:HD13	0.45	2.12	20	1
1:A:12:PHE:CE2	1:A:69:LEU:HD12	0.44	2.48	1	1
1:A:109:MET:HG2	1:A:116:LEU:HD22	0.44	1.88	6	1
1:A:51:MET:HG2	2:C:842:THR:HG21	0.44	1.90	15	4
1:A:18:LEU:HD23	2:C:831:ILE:HD11	0.44	1.89	9	1
1:A:88:ALA:HA	2:B:623:LEU:HD11	0.43	1.89	1	1
1:A:51:MET:O	1:A:55:VAL:HG23	0.43	2.12	3	2
1:A:72:MET:HE2	2:C:834:ILE:HG21	0.43	1.88	2	1
2:B:639:LEU:O	2:B:639:LEU:HD13	0.43	2.13	19	1
1:A:116:LEU:HD11	1:A:120:GLU:CD	0.43	2.37	5	1
1:A:47:GLU:CD	2:C:839:LEU:HD11	0.43	2.39	14	1
1:A:72:MET:CE	2:C:834:ILE:CG2	0.42	2.97	13	4
1:A:130:ILE:HD11	1:A:143:GLN:HG2	0.42	1.90	17	1
1:A:65:PHE:N	1:A:66:PRO:HD2	0.42	2.30	5	6
1:A:124:MET:HE1	2:B:639:LEU:HA	0.41	1.92	12	2
2:C:834:ILE:CG2	2:C:835:LEU:N	0.41	2.82	4	2
1:A:32:LEU:O	1:A:32:LEU:HD23	0.41	2.16	17	1
1:A:39:LEU:HD11	2:C:831:ILE:CG2	0.41	2.46	1	1
1:A:65:PHE:N	1:A:66:PRO:CD	0.41	2.84	20	2
1:A:55:VAL:HG11	1:A:71:MET:HE3	0.41	1.93	6	1
1:A:27:ILE:HD12	1:A:68:PHE:CD1	0.41	2.51	12	1
1:A:16:PHE:CD1	1:A:16:PHE:C	0.40	3.00	3	1
1:A:13:LYS:HA	1:A:16:PHE:CD1	0.40	2.51	1	1
1:A:109:MET:CE	2:B:635:LEU:HD23	0.40	2.45	5	1
1:A:112:LEU:HD22	2:B:632:ARG:HE	0.40	1.76	4	1

6.3 Torsion angles

6.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	130/148 (88%)	130±0 (100±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
2	B	24/36 (67%)	24±0 (100±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
2	C	24/36 (67%)	24±0 (100±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	3560/4400 (81%)	3560 (100%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	110/126 (87%)	106±1 (96±1%)	4±1 (4±1%)	31	81
2	B	24/34 (71%)	23±1 (96±3%)	1±1 (4±3%)	32	82
2	C	24/34 (71%)	23±1 (96±2%)	1±1 (4±2%)	30	81
All	All	3160/3880 (81%)	3044 (96%)	116 (4%)	31	81

All 29 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	131	ASP	17
2	C	834	ILE	15
1	A	58	ASP	13
2	B	638	ASN	13
1	A	116	LEU	10
1	A	18	LEU	7
1	A	22	ASP	4

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	68	PHE	4
1	A	72	MET	2
2	C	835	LEU	2
1	A	36	MET	2
2	B	646	LEU	2
1	A	69	LEU	2
1	A	56	ASP	2
1	A	129	ASP	2
1	A	109	MET	2
1	A	48	LEU	2
2	B	635	LEU	2
1	A	16	PHE	2
1	A	145	MET	2
1	A	52	ILE	1
1	A	12	PHE	1
1	A	51	MET	1
1	A	126	ARG	1
1	A	105	LEU	1
1	A	112	LEU	1
2	C	825	LYS	1
1	A	28	THR	1
1	A	111	ASN	1

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 86% for the well-defined parts and 84% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1663
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1663
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	142	-0.32 ± 0.09	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	130	0.17 ± 0.07	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	138	-0.63 ± 0.11	Should be applied
^{15}N	136	0.17 ± 0.36	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 60%, i.e. 1518 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2513. 0 out of 22 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	648/907 (71%)	264/369 (72%)	257/360 (71%)	127/178 (71%)
Sidechain	794/1502 (53%)	536/957 (56%)	248/470 (53%)	10/75 (13%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	76/104 (73%)	38/52 (73%)	38/52 (73%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	1518/2513 (60%)	838/1378 (61%)	543/882 (62%)	137/253 (54%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 54%, i.e. 1663 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 3056. 0 out of 28 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	703/1107 (64%)	287/449 (64%)	280/440 (64%)	136/218 (62%)
Sidechain	884/1815 (49%)	597/1156 (52%)	276/567 (49%)	11/92 (12%)
Aromatic	76/134 (57%)	38/68 (56%)	38/66 (58%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	1663/3056 (54%)	922/1673 (55%)	594/1073 (55%)	147/310 (47%)

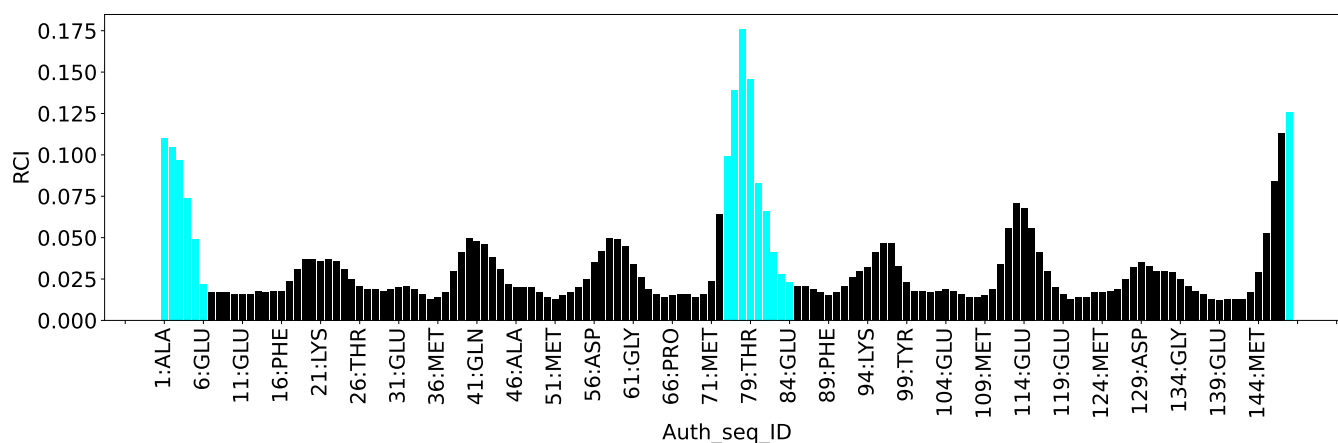
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



7.2 Chemical shift list 2

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1_2*

7.2.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	446
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	446
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.2.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	36	-0.87 ± 0.13	Should be checked
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	35	0.21 ± 0.14	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	29	-0.63 ± 0.13	Should be applied
^{15}N	31	-0.52 ± 0.26	Should be applied

7.2.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 13%, i.e. 321 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2513. 0 out of 22 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	118/907 (13%)	47/369 (13%)	48/360 (13%)	23/178 (13%)
Sidechain	203/1502 (14%)	137/957 (14%)	62/470 (13%)	4/75 (5%)
Aromatic	0/104 (0%)	0/52 (0%)	0/52 (0%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	321/2513 (13%)	184/1378 (13%)	110/882 (12%)	27/253 (11%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 15%, i.e. 446 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 3056. 0 out of 28 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	162/1107 (15%)	66/449 (15%)	65/440 (15%)	31/218 (14%)
Sidechain	272/1815 (15%)	184/1156 (16%)	83/567 (15%)	5/92 (5%)
Aromatic	12/134 (9%)	6/68 (9%)	6/66 (9%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	446/3056 (15%)	256/1673 (15%)	154/1073 (14%)	36/310 (12%)

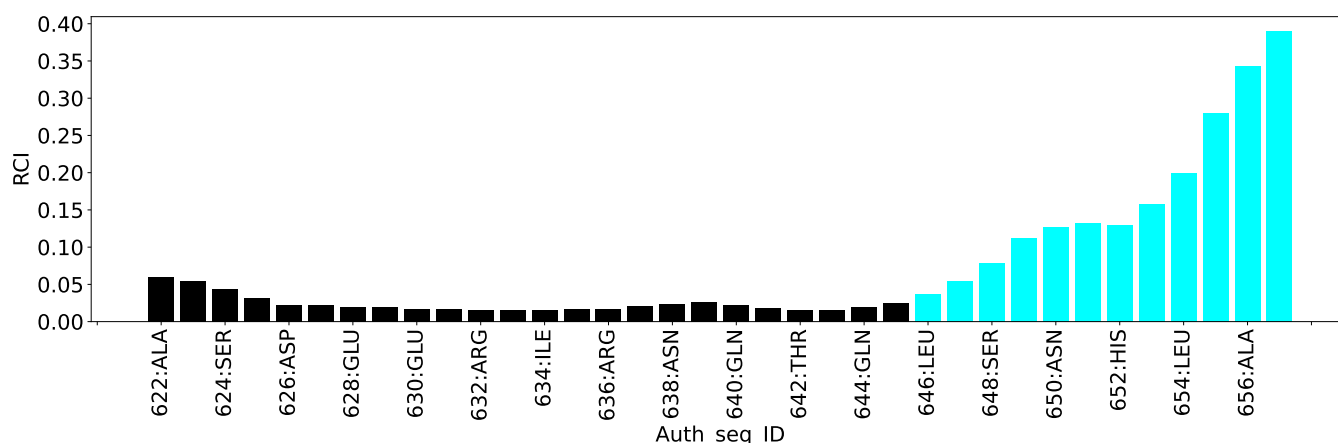
7.2.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.2.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain B:



7.3 Chemical shift list 3

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1_2_3*

7.3.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	443
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	443
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.3.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	36	-0.84 ± 0.13	Should be checked
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	35	0.19 ± 0.18	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	27	-0.65 ± 0.22	Should be applied
^{15}N	31	-0.60 ± 0.23	Should be applied

7.3.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 12%, i.e. 312 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2513. 0 out of 22 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	119/907 (13%)	48/369 (13%)	47/360 (13%)	24/178 (13%)
Sidechain	193/1502 (13%)	131/957 (14%)	58/470 (12%)	4/75 (5%)
Aromatic	0/104 (0%)	0/52 (0%)	0/52 (0%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	312/2513 (12%)	179/1378 (13%)	105/882 (12%)	28/253 (11%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 14%, i.e. 443 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 3056. 0 out of 28 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	161/1107 (15%)	67/449 (15%)	63/440 (14%)	31/218 (14%)
Sidechain	270/1815 (15%)	184/1156 (16%)	81/567 (14%)	5/92 (5%)
Aromatic	12/134 (9%)	6/68 (9%)	6/66 (9%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	443/3056 (14%)	257/1673 (15%)	150/1073 (14%)	36/310 (12%)

7.3.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.3.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain C:

