



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 18, 2026 – 07:10 AM UTC

PDB ID : 4ZI7 / pdb_00004zi7
Title : CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF TUBULIN-STATHMIN-TTL-HTI286 COMPLEX
Authors : Wang, Y.; Zhang, R.
Deposited on : 2015-04-27
Resolution : 2.51 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0
EDS : 3.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4 : 9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness : 1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

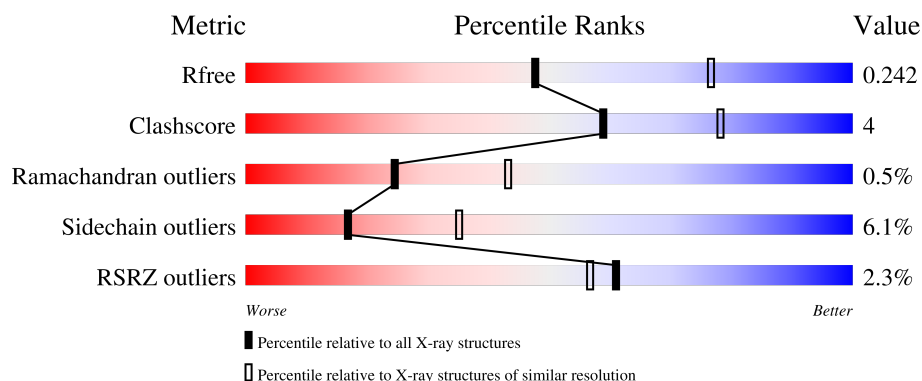
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.51 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	5829 (2.50-2.50)
Clashscore	190562	6492 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	6378 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	187428	6380 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	180081	5833 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	451	87% 10% .
1	C	451	84% 13% ..
2	B	445	82% 13% . .
2	D	445	78% 16% . 5%
3	E	143	73% 11% . 14%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
4	F	384	5% 74% 15% • 10%

2 Entry composition

There are 13 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 17939 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Tubulin alpha-1B chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	439	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			3436	2173	584	656	23			
1	C	440	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			3452	2183	586	660	23			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Tubulin beta chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	430	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			3387	2129	580	652	26			
2	D	422	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3311	2082	563	640	26			

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Stathmin-4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	E	123	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			1024	631	186	202	5			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
E	3	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P63043
E	4	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P63043

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Tubulin-Tyrosine Ligase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	F	346	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2849	1825	492	518	14			

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
F	379	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP E1BQ43
F	380	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP E1BQ43
F	381	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP E1BQ43
F	382	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP E1BQ43
F	383	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP E1BQ43
F	384	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP E1BQ43

- Molecule 5 is GUANOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: GTP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{14}P_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			32	10	5	14	3		
5	C	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			32	10	5	14	3		

- Molecule 6 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		
6	B	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		
6	C	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		
6	D	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 7 is CALCIUM ION (CCD ID: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total	Ca	0	0
			1	1		
7	B	1	Total	Ca	0	0
			1	1		
7	C	2	Total	Ca	0	0
			2	2		

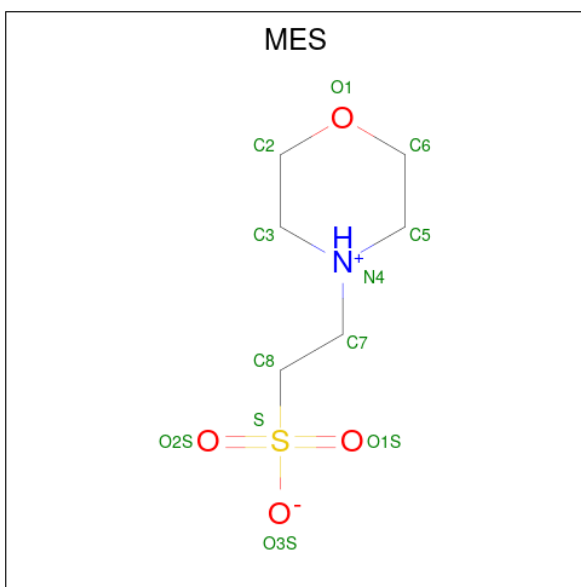
- Molecule 8 is GLYCEROL (CCD ID: GOL) (formula: C₃H₈O₃).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
8	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
8	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
8	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
8	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
8	C	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
8	C	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
8	F	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		

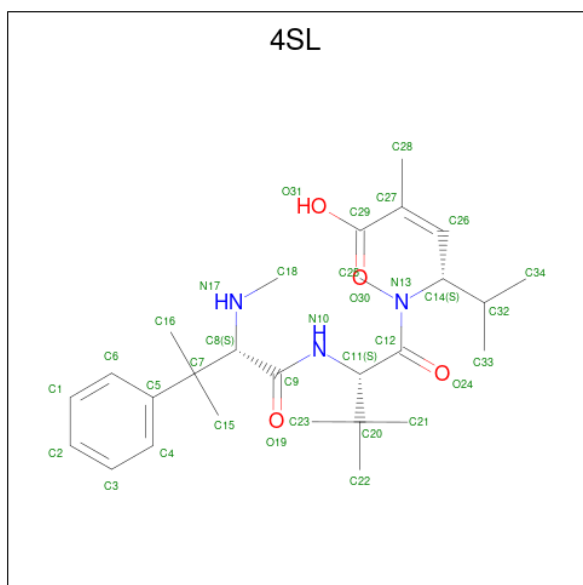
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- The image displays the chemical structure of GDP (Guanosine Diphosphate). It consists of a guanine base (a purine derivative) linked to a ribose sugar, which is in turn linked to two phosphate groups. The guanine base is shown with its characteristic fused ring system, including an amino group at the 2-position. The ribose sugar is a five-membered ring with hydroxyl groups at the 2' and 3' positions. The two phosphate groups are connected by a pyrophosphate linkage, with the second phosphate group being the terminal one. The structure is labeled with various atoms and bonds, including the guanine base, ribose sugar, and the two phosphate groups.

- Molecule 10 is 2-(N-MORPHOLINO)-ETHANESULFONIC ACID (CCD ID: MES) (formula: $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_4\text{S}$).



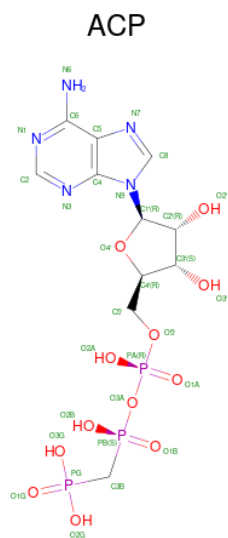
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	B	1	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			12	6	1	4	1		
10	B	1	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			12	6	1	4	1		

- Molecule 11 is N,beta,beta-trimethyl-L-phenylalanyl-N-[(3S,4Z)-5-carboxy-2-methylhex-4-en-3-yl]-N,3-dimethyl-L-valinamide (CCD ID: 4SL) (formula: $C_{27}H_{43}N_3O_4$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			34	27	3	4		

- Molecule 12 is PHOSPHOMETHYLPHOSPHONIC ACID ADENYLATE ESTER (CCD ID: ACP) (formula: $C_{11}H_{18}N_5O_{12}P_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
12	F	1	Total 31	C 11	N 5	O 12	P 3	0	0

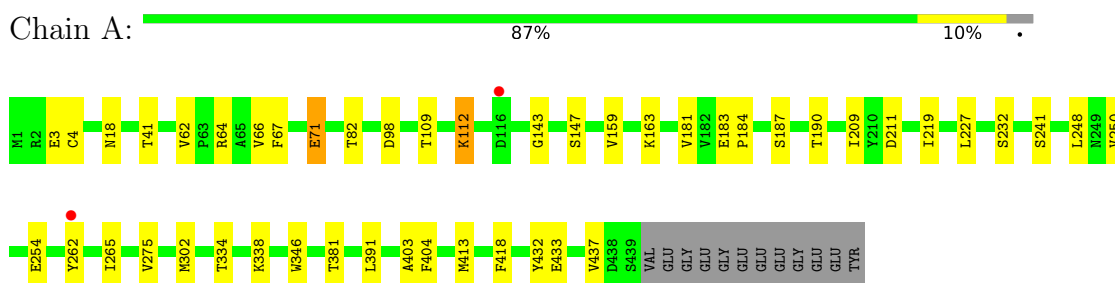
- Molecule 13 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
13	A	51	Total O 51 51	0	0
13	B	47	Total O 47 47	0	0
13	C	86	Total O 86 86	0	0
13	D	13	Total O 13 13	0	0
13	E	2	Total O 2 2	0	0
13	F	16	Total O 16 16	0	0

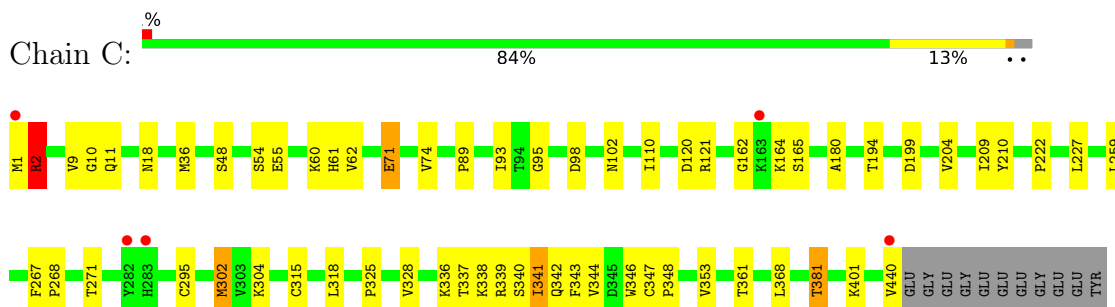
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

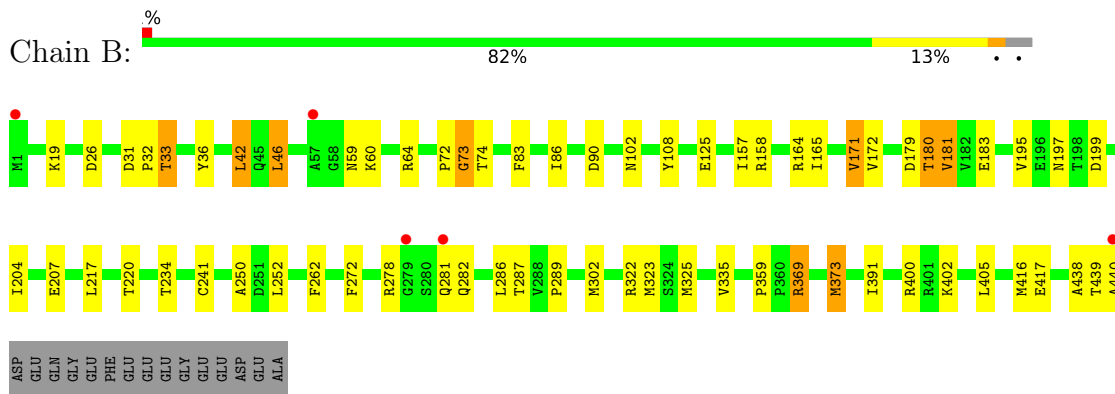
- Molecule 1: Tubulin alpha-1B chain



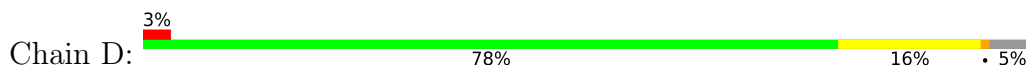
- Molecule 1: Tubulin alpha-1B chain

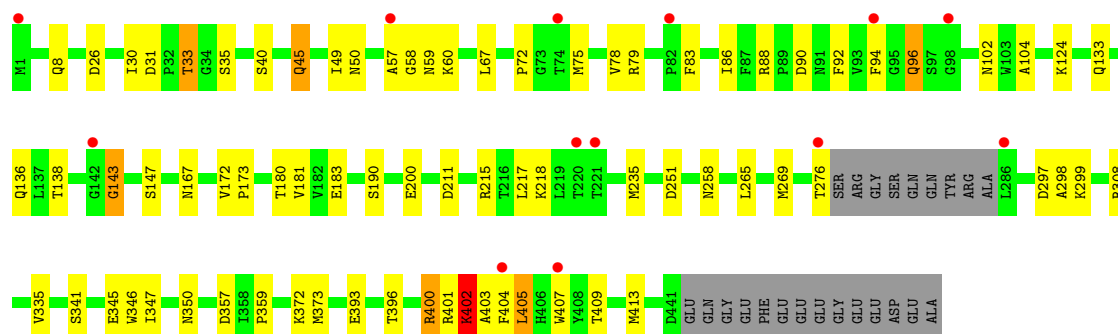


- Molecule 2: Tubulin beta chain

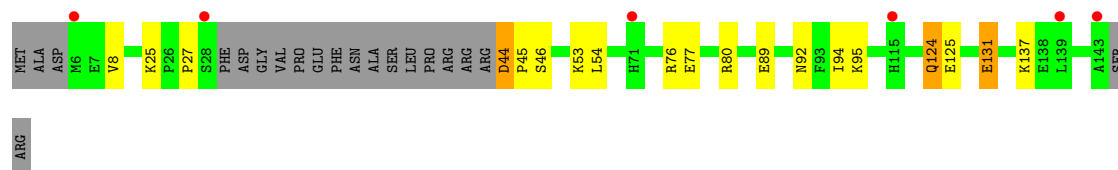
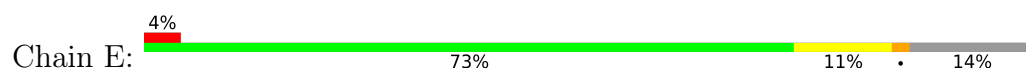


- Molecule 2: Tubulin beta chain

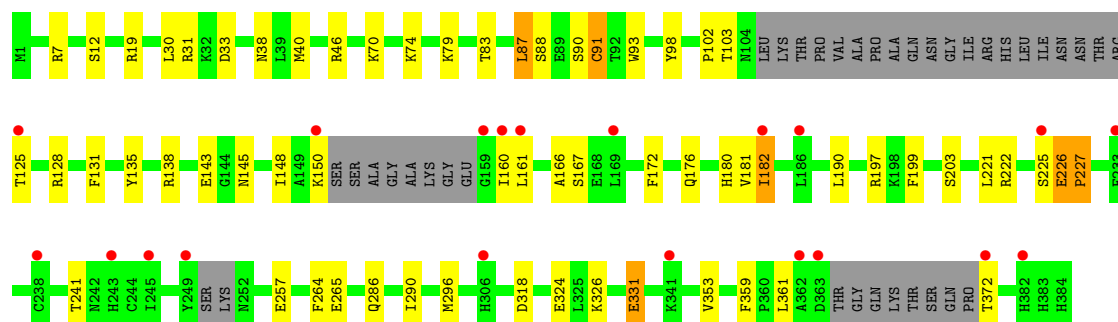
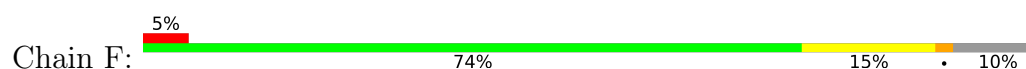




• Molecule 3: Stathmin-4



• Molecule 4: Tubulin-Tyrosine Ligase



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	105.37Å 157.34Å 181.96Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 – 2.51 50.00 – 2.51	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.6 (50.00-2.51) 99.8 (50.00-2.51)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.42 (at 2.51Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0049	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.183 , 0.239 0.191 , 0.242	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	5193 reflections (4.98%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	48.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.063	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.31 , 31.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	17939	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	55.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.61% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MES, 4SL, GTP, CA, GDP, MG, GOL, ACP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	1.06	0/3514	1.08	5/4770 (0.1%)
1	C	1.16	2/3530 (0.1%)	1.11	13/4794 (0.3%)
2	B	1.14	8/3463 (0.2%)	1.10	9/4692 (0.2%)
2	D	0.99	3/3384 (0.1%)	1.08	12/4586 (0.3%)
3	E	1.07	0/1033	1.17	4/1371 (0.3%)
4	F	0.83	0/2916	0.95	1/3940 (0.0%)
All	All	1.05	13/17840 (0.1%)	1.08	44/24153 (0.2%)

The worst 5 of 13 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	262	PHE	CA-C	-6.40	1.47	1.52
2	D	265	LEU	CA-C	-6.31	1.46	1.53
2	B	171	VAL	C-O	-6.24	1.17	1.24
2	B	172	VAL	C-N	6.24	1.40	1.33
1	C	268	PRO	N-CA	-6.17	1.40	1.46

The worst 5 of 44 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	D	359	PRO	O-C-N	8.99	125.38	121.15
1	C	36	MET	CA-C-N	6.99	128.58	119.84
1	C	36	MET	C-N-CA	6.99	128.58	119.84
2	D	269	MET	CA-C-N	-6.74	113.71	120.31
2	D	269	MET	C-N-CA	-6.74	113.71	120.31

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3436	0	3344	18	0
1	C	3452	0	3359	29	0
2	B	3387	0	3266	37	0
2	D	3311	0	3192	35	0
3	E	1024	0	1035	9	0
4	F	2849	0	2796	28	0
5	A	32	0	12	1	0
5	C	32	0	12	0	0
6	A	1	0	0	0	0
6	B	1	0	0	0	0
6	C	1	0	0	0	0
6	D	1	0	0	0	0
7	A	1	0	0	0	0
7	B	1	0	0	0	0
7	C	2	0	0	0	0
8	A	24	0	32	1	0
8	B	6	0	8	0	0
8	C	12	0	16	2	0
8	F	6	0	8	1	0
9	B	28	0	12	2	0
9	D	28	0	12	3	0
10	B	24	0	26	2	0
11	B	34	0	0	0	0
12	F	31	0	14	2	0
13	A	51	0	0	0	0
13	B	47	0	0	4	0
13	C	86	0	0	2	0
13	D	13	0	0	2	0
13	E	2	0	0	0	0
13	F	16	0	0	0	0
All	All	17939	0	17144	153	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 153 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:D:40:SER:O	2:D:45:GLN:HG3	1.60	1.02
2:D:33:THR:OG1	2:D:60:LYS:NZ	2.05	0.90
2:D:40:SER:O	2:D:45:GLN:CG	2.20	0.89
1:C:336:LYS:HE2	13:C:676:HOH:O	1.71	0.88
2:B:26:ASP:OD1	2:B:369:ARG:NH1	2.09	0.85

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	438/451 (97%)	422 (96%)	16 (4%)	0	100	100
1	C	440/451 (98%)	431 (98%)	8 (2%)	1 (0%)	43	63
2	B	429/445 (96%)	418 (97%)	9 (2%)	2 (0%)	24	43
2	D	418/445 (94%)	396 (95%)	19 (4%)	3 (1%)	18	34
3	E	120/143 (84%)	114 (95%)	5 (4%)	1 (1%)	16	31
4	F	336/384 (88%)	304 (90%)	29 (9%)	3 (1%)	14	27
All	All	2181/2319 (94%)	2085 (96%)	86 (4%)	10 (0%)	24	43

5 of 10 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	73	GLY
2	D	402	LYS
3	E	27	PRO
1	C	2	ARG
2	D	404	PHE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	371/379 (98%)	354 (95%)	17 (5%)	24	48
1	C	373/379 (98%)	355 (95%)	18 (5%)	23	46
2	B	370/381 (97%)	349 (94%)	21 (6%)	18	39
2	D	363/381 (95%)	336 (93%)	27 (7%)	13	27
3	E	111/127 (87%)	100 (90%)	11 (10%)	7	16
4	F	312/342 (91%)	291 (93%)	21 (7%)	15	31
All	All	1900/1989 (96%)	1785 (94%)	115 (6%)	17	35

5 of 115 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	26	ASP
4	F	326	LYS
2	D	299	LYS
4	F	324	GLU
4	F	103	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 19 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	E	124	GLN
4	F	183	GLN
4	F	260	ASN
4	F	136	ASN
1	C	11	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 24 ligands modelled in this entry, 8 are monoatomic - leaving 16 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	GTP	A	501	6	33,34,34	1.40	5 (15%)	50,54,54	1.69	11 (22%)
8	GOL	C	505	-	5,5,5	0.81	0	5,5,5	0.87	0
8	GOL	B	506	-	5,5,5	0.50	0	5,5,5	0.40	0
10	MES	B	505	-	12,12,12	2.35	1 (8%)	15,16,16	1.55	3 (20%)
8	GOL	A	507	-	5,5,5	0.77	0	5,5,5	1.04	0
8	GOL	F	402	-	5,5,5	0.82	0	5,5,5	0.48	0
8	GOL	A	504	-	5,5,5	0.40	0	5,5,5	0.09	0
10	MES	B	504	-	12,12,12	2.05	2 (16%)	15,16,16	5.68	10 (66%)
12	ACP	F	401	-	31,33,33	2.27	11 (35%)	47,52,52	1.66	8 (17%)
9	GDP	B	501	6	29,30,30	1.49	6 (20%)	45,47,47	1.80	10 (22%)
11	4SL	B	507	-	31,34,34	3.35	6 (19%)	43,50,50	1.43	8 (18%)
8	GOL	A	506	-	5,5,5	0.58	0	5,5,5	0.22	0
9	GDP	D	501	6	29,30,30	1.35	5 (17%)	45,47,47	1.94	13 (28%)
5	GTP	C	502	6	33,34,34	1.27	5 (15%)	50,54,54	1.76	12 (24%)
8	GOL	A	505	-	5,5,5	0.42	0	5,5,5	1.07	0
8	GOL	C	506	-	5,5,5	0.39	0	5,5,5	0.54	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.

'-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	GTP	A	501	6	-	3/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
8	GOL	C	505	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
8	GOL	B	506	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
10	MES	B	505	-	-	4/6/14/14	0/1/1/1
8	GOL	A	507	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
8	GOL	F	402	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
8	GOL	A	504	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
10	MES	B	504	-	-	4/6/14/14	0/1/1/1
12	ACP	F	401	-	-	3/19/38/38	0/3/3/3
9	GDP	B	501	6	-	4/16/32/32	0/3/3/3
11	4SL	B	507	-	-	7/52/52/52	0/1/1/1
8	GOL	A	506	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
9	GDP	D	501	6	-	4/16/32/32	0/3/3/3
5	GTP	C	502	6	-	7/22/38/38	0/3/3/3
8	GOL	A	505	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
8	GOL	C	506	-	-	2/4/4/4	-

The worst 5 of 41 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
11	B	507	4SL	C26-C27	14.54	1.52	1.33
11	B	507	4SL	C7-C5	-8.43	1.39	1.54
10	B	505	MES	C8-S	-7.46	1.67	1.77
12	F	401	ACP	PG-O1G	5.99	1.62	1.50
10	B	504	MES	C8-S	-5.77	1.69	1.77

The worst 5 of 75 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
10	B	504	MES	O3S-S-O1S	-12.51	80.09	111.40
10	B	504	MES	O3S-S-O2S	-11.17	83.45	111.40
10	B	504	MES	O2S-S-C8	7.86	118.61	106.73
10	B	504	MES	O1S-S-C8	7.09	117.45	106.73
10	B	504	MES	O3S-S-C8	-6.38	93.52	106.00

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 49 torsion outliers are listed below:

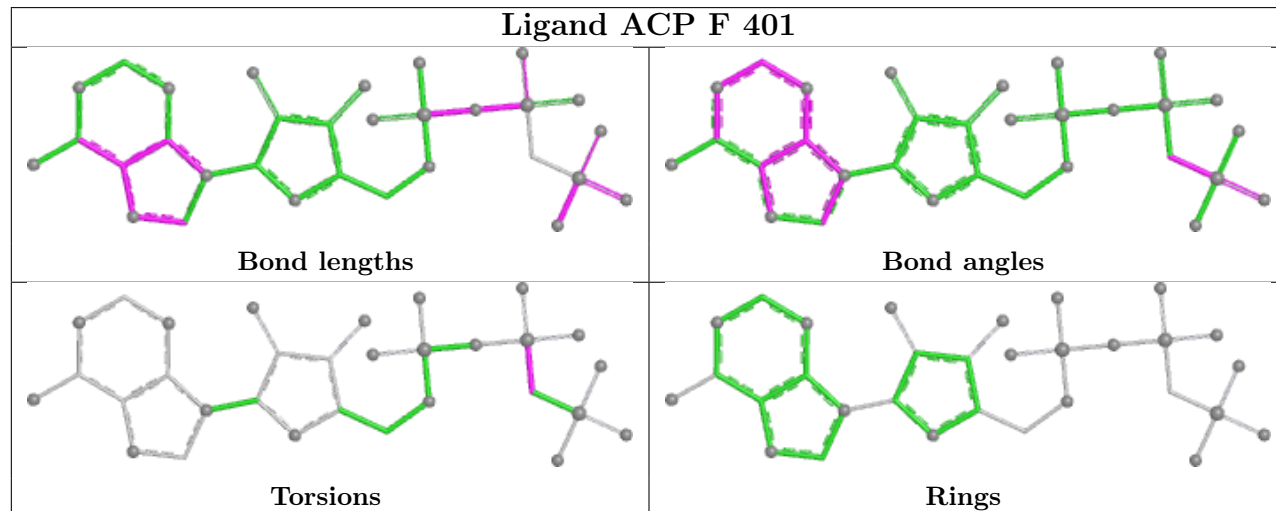
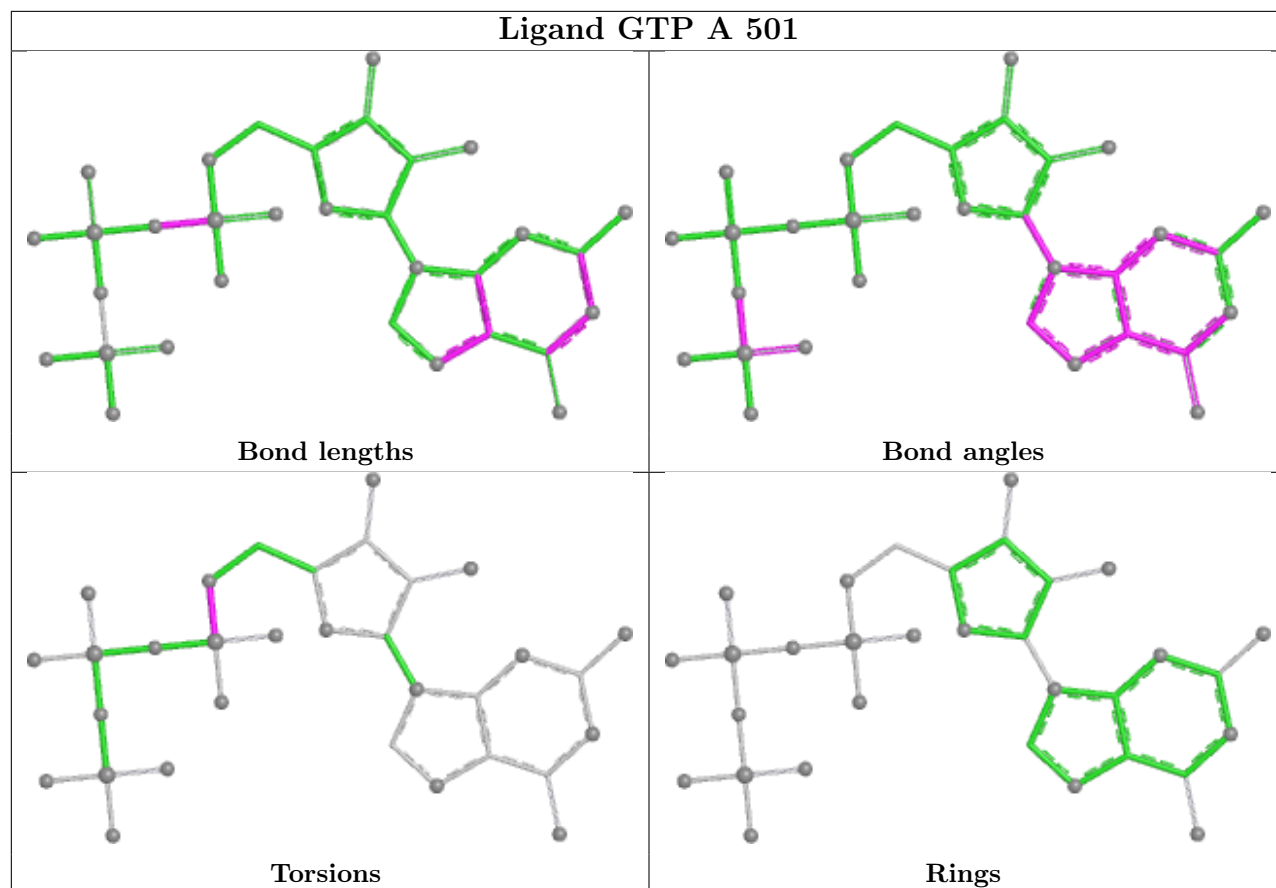
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	501	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
5	A	501	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
5	A	501	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
5	C	502	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
5	C	502	GTP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A

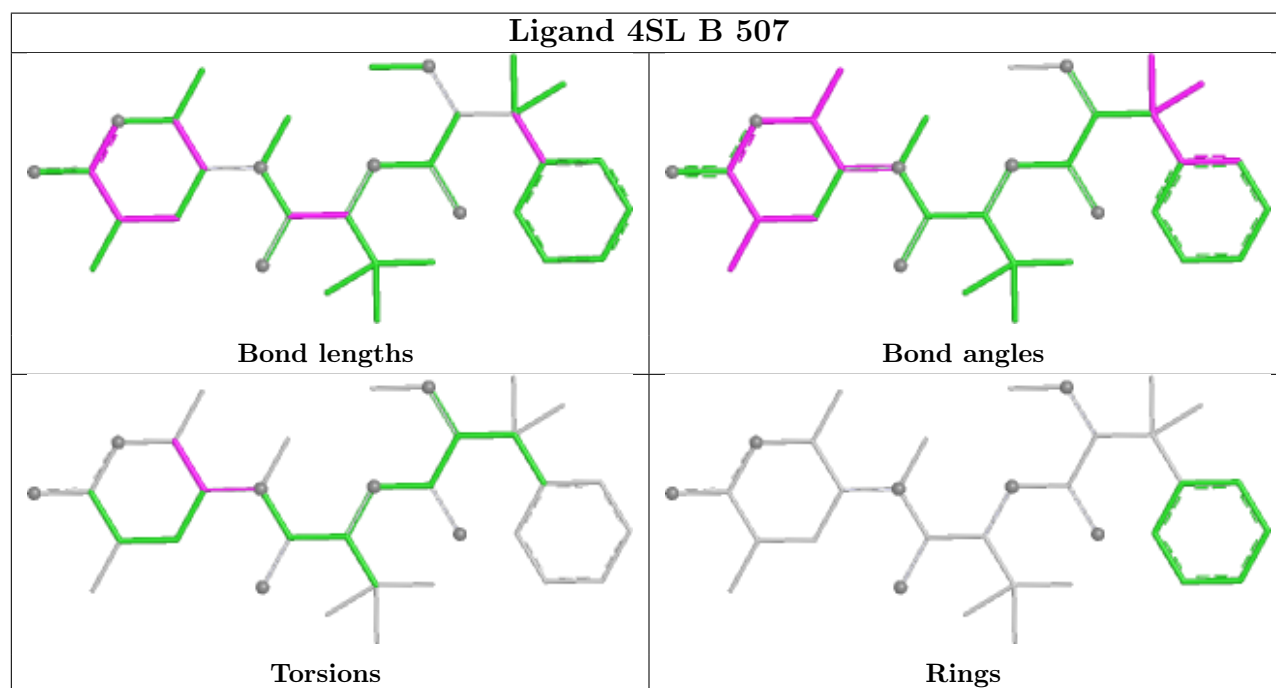
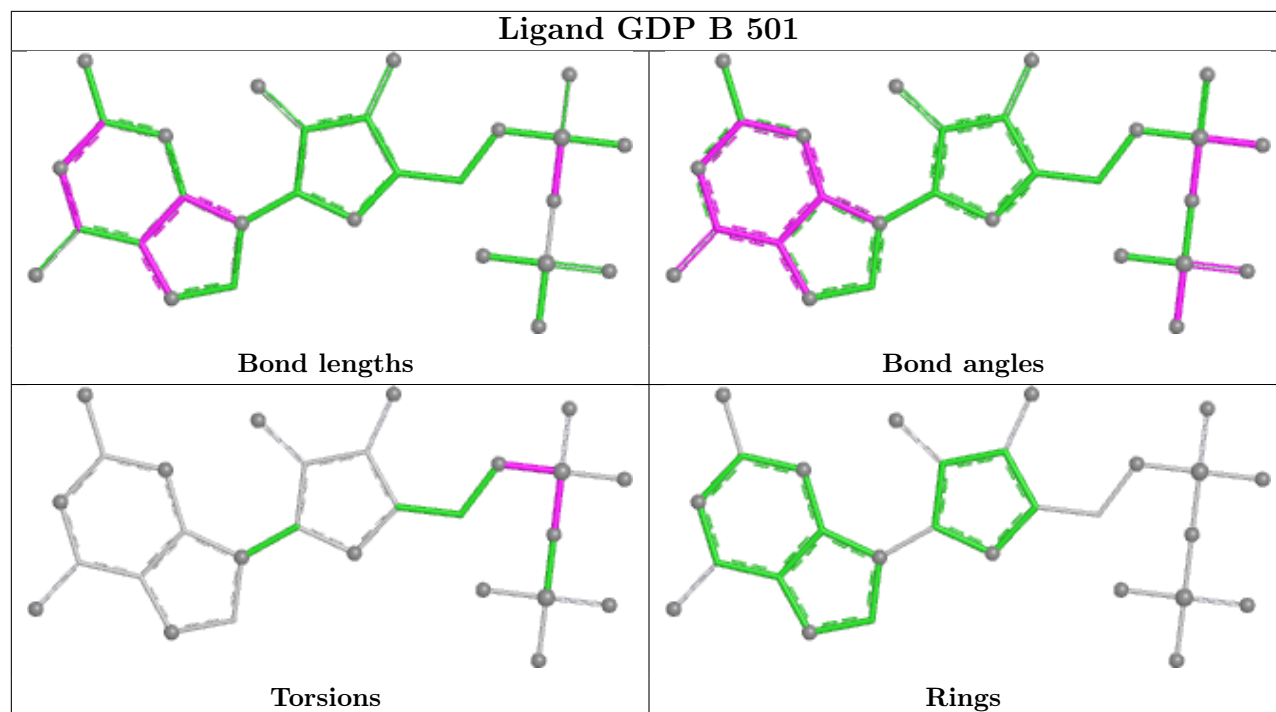
There are no ring outliers.

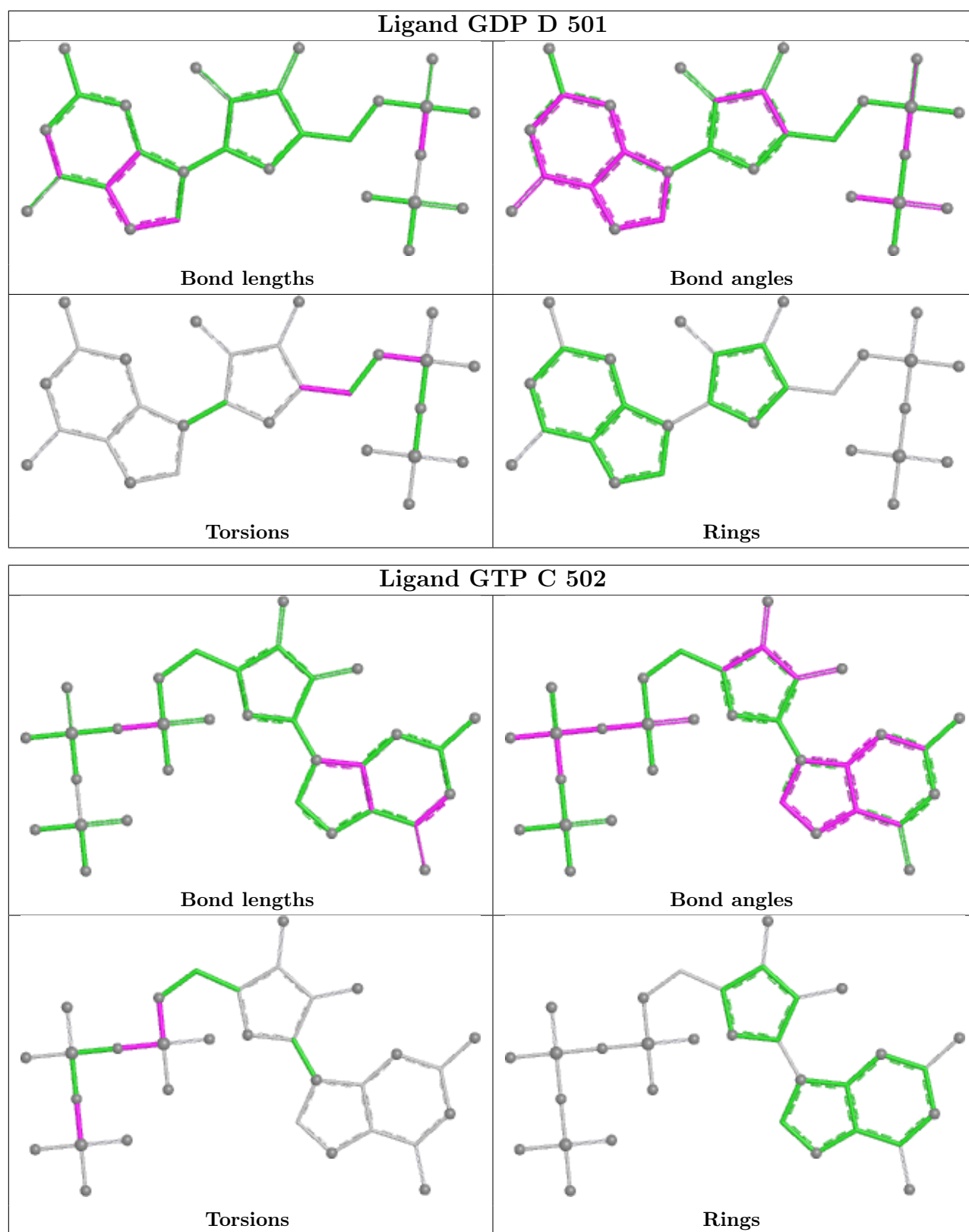
8 monomers are involved in 14 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	501	GTP	1	0
8	C	505	GOL	2	0
8	F	402	GOL	1	0
10	B	504	MES	2	0
12	F	401	ACP	2	0
9	B	501	GDP	2	0
9	D	501	GDP	3	0
8	A	505	GOL	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	439/451 (97%)	-0.17	2 (0%) 87 85	21, 46, 78, 114	1 (0%)
1	C	440/451 (97%)	-0.31	5 (1%) 78 75	23, 41, 66, 111	2 (0%)
2	B	430/445 (96%)	-0.16	5 (1%) 76 73	21, 43, 78, 117	1 (0%)
2	D	422/445 (94%)	0.31	13 (3%) 51 47	33, 59, 94, 117	0
3	E	123/143 (86%)	0.38	6 (4%) 35 31	24, 61, 98, 127	1 (0%)
4	F	346/384 (90%)	0.50	20 (5%) 29 25	33, 67, 127, 148	0
All	All	2200/2319 (94%)	0.03	51 (2%) 61 57	21, 51, 96, 148	5 (0%)

The worst 5 of 51 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	B	279	GLY	5.7
4	F	161	LEU	4.8
4	F	125	THR	4.0
4	F	245	ILE	3.7
1	C	163	LYS	3.7

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands ⓘ

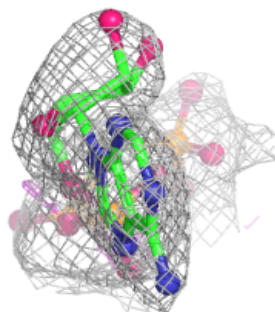
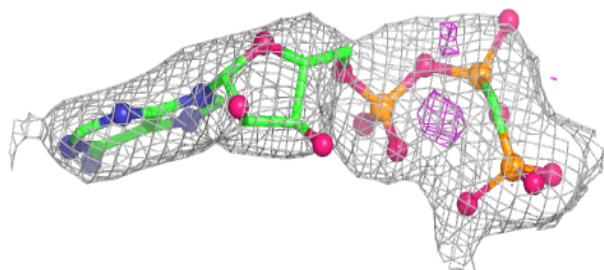
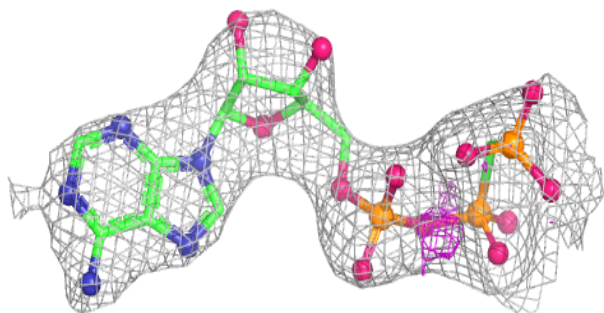
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
8	GOL	F	402	6/6	0.77	0.18	63,81,85,86	0
8	GOL	B	506	6/6	0.82	0.17	82,87,88,94	0
8	GOL	A	507	6/6	0.84	0.16	50,61,66,71	0
7	CA	C	501	1/1	0.86	0.18	96,96,96,96	0
8	GOL	A	504	6/6	0.87	0.15	89,98,101,104	0
7	CA	B	503	1/1	0.89	0.10	89,89,89,89	0
8	GOL	A	505	6/6	0.90	0.14	62,66,74,84	0
12	ACP	F	401	31/31	0.90	0.10	77,88,105,117	0
8	GOL	A	506	6/6	0.91	0.13	65,72,84,89	0
10	MES	B	504	12/12	0.92	0.12	55,68,82,83	0
8	GOL	C	505	6/6	0.92	0.14	54,69,71,76	0
6	MG	D	502	1/1	0.93	0.06	72,72,72,72	0
11	4SL	B	507	34/34	0.94	0.09	32,40,45,49	0
6	MG	B	502	1/1	0.94	0.11	57,57,57,57	0
9	GDP	D	501	28/28	0.95	0.07	40,49,60,66	0
10	MES	B	505	12/12	0.95	0.11	51,62,64,66	0
7	CA	A	503	1/1	0.96	0.05	62,62,62,62	0
8	GOL	C	506	6/6	0.97	0.07	47,51,56,62	0
5	GTP	C	502	32/32	0.98	0.05	27,30,34,36	0
9	GDP	B	501	28/28	0.99	0.04	26,32,34,38	0
5	GTP	A	501	32/32	0.99	0.04	26,31,33,37	0
7	CA	C	504	1/1	1.00	0.06	48,48,48,48	0
6	MG	A	502	1/1	1.00	0.03	35,35,35,35	0
6	MG	C	503	1/1	1.00	0.01	37,37,37,37	0

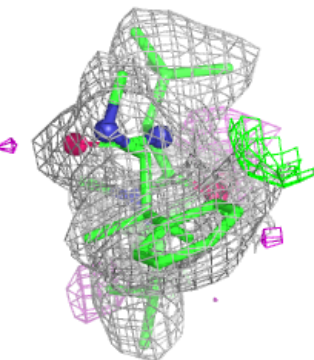
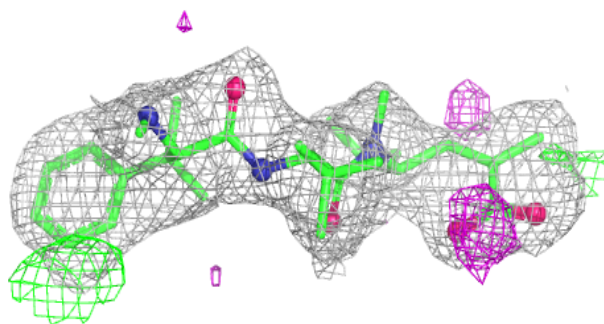
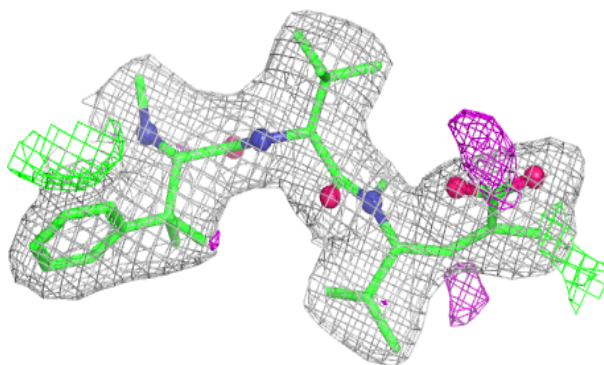
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around ACP F 401:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

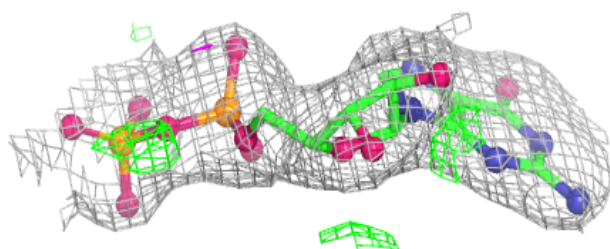
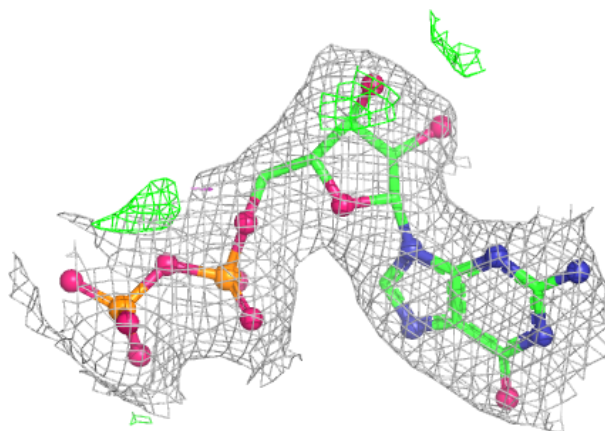
**Electron density around 4SL B 507:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



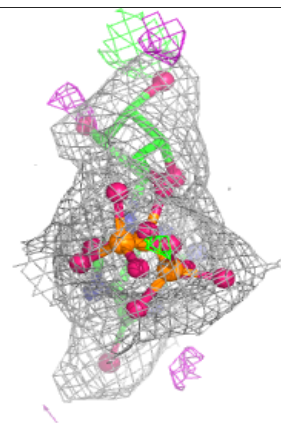
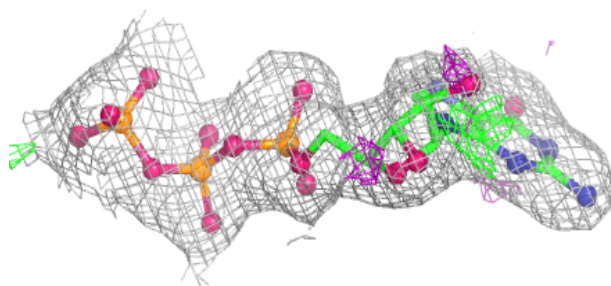
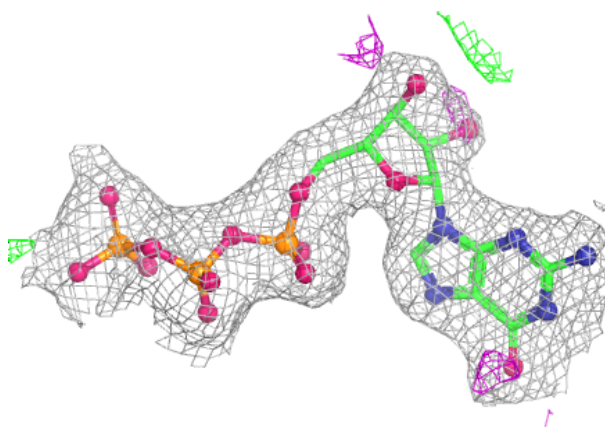
Electron density around GDP D 501:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

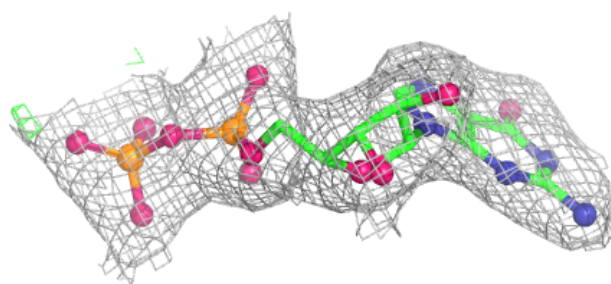
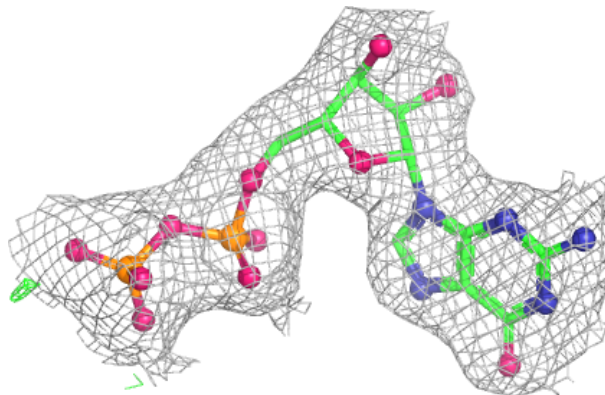


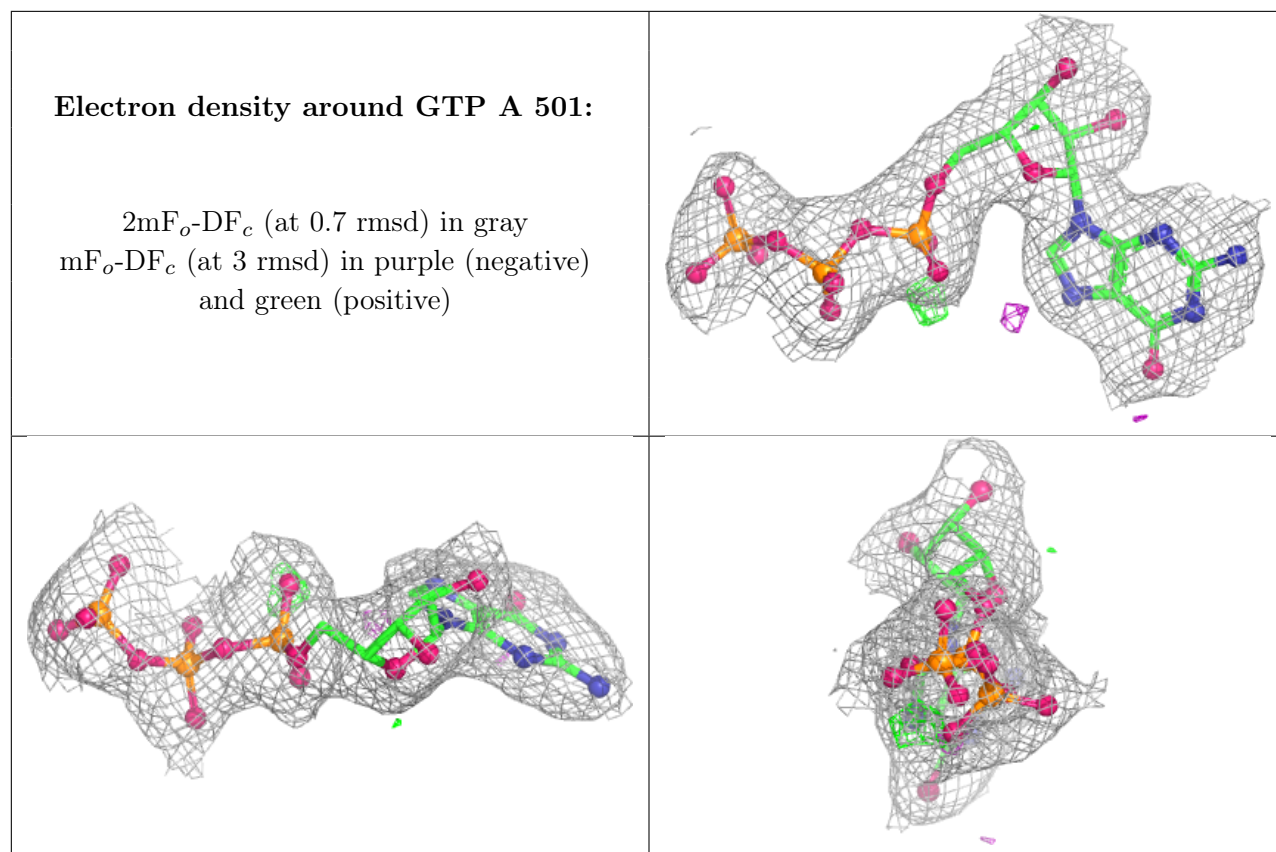
Electron density around GTP C 502:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

**Electron density around GDP B 501:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)





6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.